NUMBER CXXXII.

DIET FOR MENTAL DYSPEPTICS, AND A CURE FOR HY-POCHONDRIA, HY-POCRISY, OR ANY COMPLAINT OF A HY ORDER.

BY OUR SERIES EDITOR.

ALMANAC AND DIARY.

SHORT METRE-ILLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS FOR THE WEAK,

August. Monday, 5.—General Grant is attacked at Long Branch in force by one of the wings of the Republican party. He resisted the charge manfully, keeping up a continual fire (with his cigar), and telegraphed to Stanton that he would fight it out on that

line all summer. Tuesday, 6.—Breaking out of the Johnson-stanton epidemic at Washington. The virulence of the malady continued to in-crease, despite the prescriptions of the White House physicians and the proscrip-tions of the Attorney-General,

Wednesday, 7.—Arrival of Brooklyn firemen in the city, as guests of the Reliance Fire Company. Since their return, the tavern-keepers at Eleventh and Federal say there no Reliance to be placed in the Brooklyn Thursday, 8.—Bills against Alderman McMul-

lin for breach of the peace and inciting to riot "ignored." One other action is looked for by the citizens, that is, to "ignore" the existence of the Alderman himself.

Friday, 9.—Great Panic and heavy run upon the Banks, particularly those of the Schuylkill. The removal of deposits was so extensive as to cause many of them to break in the act of settling.

Saturday, 10.—SERIES COLUMN DAY. The President desires the Editor to send his Portfolio on to Washington. The Editor refuses, on account of it containing a number of jokes that have not yet been used. THE SERIES EDITOR AT A CABINET

MEETING! FULL DISCLOSURES!!

At the Cabinet meeting on Wednesday the President sent for me, saying that he wished a correct report of the proceedings taken down for publication, as the New York papers, as a rule, get their news of the Cabinet meetings from the different freedmen that wait around the White House, and were, consequently, wery highly colored and unreliable. Not feeling at liberty to decline an invitation so graciously given, and, moreover, being anxious to get the first reliable news from the seat of power, I took up my position, note-book in hand.



AT THE HEAD OF THE TABLE, alongside of the President, with the amiable Secretary of the Navy, in which position we supported Mr. Johnson in his trying circum stances. Mr. Stanton was not present. The President rose and said:-"A few days ago I wrote to the Secretary of War that I wished to secure harmony in our meetings, and as he was always disposed to vote nay when the rest of us voted yea, and yea when the rest of us voted nay, I thought he had better not have his feelings hurt by being obliged to sit here and see us all going contrary to his wishes. I sent word to this effect in a communication to him by the hands of Colonel

Moore, my private Secretary, but I have had no answer.

Mr. Seward here spoke up and said that perhaps he doesn't want any Moore communications from the President! (Great laughter by all but Mr. Welles.) "He," the President, " had since learned that Mr. Stanton was not at work, and was losing a great deal of time running to see Mr. Greeley and others, as to what he should do, while his pay was going on all the time. He would now move that the Cabinet 'dock him' for his lost time, as the only way of bringing him to a sense of his duty."

Mr. Welles here interposed, and wanted to know if docking the Secretary of War was the same as docking any other Man-of-war?

The President at this remark could hardly keep himself within proper bounds of dignity for laughter. He halloed over to Mr. Seward as to what he thought of that, and said to me in a low tone that that was the smartest thing he ever heard Mr .- "what's his name, the Secretary of the Navy ?" - say. The only one that did not understand what was going on was the Secretary of the Navy himself, who was unconscious of the joke, and after the confusion had a little subsided, began to explain that if the Secretary of War was to be "docked" he would have to be sent to Portsmouth, New Hampshire, as all of the other docks were occupied with larger craft. This, as the reader may conceive, made the thing no better, and the hilarity at the Secretary of the Navy's expense became general. Poor Mr. Welles' face got very red, which, under his white top-knot, looked very much like a wellfilled decanter with a tall stopper. I had to explain to the Secretary myself the meaning of the term "docking," as applied to employed men, before he could be toned down to his natural color. He said he had never heard of such a thing in Connecticut, and, besides, his mind had been for over six years running on ships, and he had got quite into their ways. The President here gave me a nudge, but I felt that I had better make no demonstration, considering the grey hairs of the venerable Secretary. Mr. Seward, I noticed, was also in a smiling humor.

The President again rose and said, "What



RESIGN HIS PORTFOLIO.

but as yet I have not seen it." I here interrupted the President myself, and asked him if it contained any sketches or water colors; as, if it did, I would like to see it myself when Mr. Stanton gave it up. The President said he knew it contained several colored views, and had no doubt I could find some in his porttolio. As he said this he gave Mr. Welles and myself both punches in the side. I saw the joke immediately. Mr. Welles didn't.

The President continued, "The Secretary of War has views incompatible with the Constitution. In my late message, where I argued for the discharge of 'Coppy' and 'Knuckle Ben,' so called, who are now confined in the Capitol Prison for bounty jumping, murder of loyal citizens and counterfeiting-in my message, I there argued that the Government ought, in discharging 'Ben' and his pals, pay all of their debts contracted previous to their incarceration. To this Mr. Stanton voted nay, as you, gentlemen, and my young friend of THE PHILADELPHIA EVENING TELEGRAPH, all very well know; I, in that message, also argued, as did the Attorney-General, that as these men were deprived of the privileges of labor by the action of the Government, that their past debts ought not only to be assumed by the General Government, but they should be paid all they might have made if they had been properly employed during the time of their imprisonment. To this proposition the Secretary of War voted nay. I also said further, that these men contracted these debts previous to their difficulties with the police, consequently when no such a thing as an arrest was in prospect; and, as such, were debts which

think the Government, in discharging them from custody, are bound to pay. To this position of mine and the Attorney-General's, Mr. Stanton voted nay. Theses debt were shown to have been contracted by these parties in the laudable desire to improve their personal appearance and to develop their resources, and were in no wise created with a view mainly of cheating their creditors." To this proposition, also, Mr. Stanton voted nay. Gentlemen of the Cabinet and our guest from Philadelphia, I really believe that the Secretary of War voted nay to these propositions of the Government, because he saw that if he allowed the payment of these men's debts, or the assuming of them by the Government, and their pals, on their discharge from jail, he must, in like logic, allow the assumption of the debts of the Confederate States, so called, on our admitting them to any rights as part or parcel of the United States. (Symptoms of applause from Mr. Seward.) To be sure, if we assume these debts, it may in a measure impair the credit of the nation by adding to a debt already inconveniently large, as Mr. McCulloch tells me; but by repudiating them, it would appear to be a violation of faith to the holders of these old accounts, which are mostly held by hotel-keepers and

other loyal citizens of this city. Mr. Randall said the argument was exhausted, and he moved that the Secretary of War be requested to send in his portfolio as soon as the President could select another gentleman for the office, and he would take this opportunity to remind the President that the Great West had other men besides Mr. Stanton.

The President said he had in his trunk several recommendations of themselves from gentlemen in all parts of our great country, Southern as well as Western, and the recommendations are accompanied in many instances by



PHOTOGRAPHS OF GENTLEMEN WHO WOULD TAKE

MR. STANTON'S PLACE, and he would in no case be troubled as to successor. If the Cabinet were willing, he would move that Mr. Stanton be invited to send in his portfolio, just as it is,

Mr. Seward suggested that he tie it with red tape before he sends it in. Here the President gave me another punch under the ribs.

A long silence now pervaded the circle, and the members took the subject into consideration. We had what is called in White House language



but it was quite a different thing, so far as noise went, to what I was taught "a protracted meeting" was when I was a boy, as we used to have them every winter at the old white

meeting-house. I did not feel like sleep, so I

ook the opportunity to make a sketch of the

shall we do with Mr. Stanton J I have asked | Cabinet, as they were debating a vote on the importance of the Secretary of War sending his portfolio to the President, as it is evident the Secretary appreciates his portfolio, and the President on his part wants very much to look I would rather look in Mr. Darley's any

time, and afterwards told the President so; but he said he knew I was prejudiced. Before I left Washington I called on Mr.

Stanton, and he told me he was on the horns of a dilemma; but he did not tell me how he was going to get off.

The horns the President gets mixed up with are equally perplexing.

Note .- I would not have published an account of this meeting, but I see other papers are not observing the injunction of secresy in the matter. I therefore do not feel that further privacy of the proceedings is binding

P. P. S .- The latest news from Washington is that Mr. Stanton will or will not give up his portfolio by Monday noon, if he should feel so inclined. I have this on the best authority,

THE ENTENTE CORDIALE.

It is not often that the President does anything so weak as is implied by the above heading, he having long since banished "Cordial" from the Presidential sideboard, and supplanted it with "sterner stuff." But being overcome with a fullness of good feelings, he sent the following invitation, nicely engraved and printed on best No. 1 crystallized card, board, to the Secretary of War. What can be the meaning of this little attention in such an unexpected direction, we, perhaps, shall never know, as the recipient of the favor was unable to avail himself of the invitation. Let us hope, however, it did not mean pistols and coffee, but was only to discuss the evidence in the Surratt trial, or what disposition to make of General Grant, or something of

The cards of invitation and declination, however, we give below:-

President Johnson presents his compliments to
MR. SECRETARY STANTON, MR. SECREFARY STANTON, and solicits the pleasure of his company to a little gathering at the White House,
AUGUST 6, 1867.
N. B.—Bring your Portfolio with you.

Mr. Edwin F. Stanton presents his compliments to MR, PRESIDENT JOHNSON, and regrets that he will be prevented from attending the little party at the White House, on account of the unsettled state of the weather. "Ever of thou."

AMUSEMENTS.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE,
REPAINTED AND REDECORATED.
WILL OPEN
ON MONDAY EVENING, August 12, 1867,
with Shakespeare's Play, in five acts, of
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
produced at an outlay of \$35,000. New Scenery and
Panorama by Telbin, of London: the Jewels and
ornsmental materials selected from the Paris Exposition: the Drisses designed and made by the principal
costumers of Europe: Armors, Banners, and Grecian
Accoutrements by the celebrated LE BLANC GRANGER, of Paris: the elaborate transformation scene
(from a model by Gates, of London), painted in Philadelphia by CHARLES WITHAM and Assistants; its
intricate machinery manufactured in this city under
the circution of Mr. FURZE; the finished and effective
Moldings and Properties by Mr. CONNELLAN, from
the London Theatres: Menedelssohn's Music, under the
direction of SIMON HASSLER; a numerous and efficient Chorus and Ballet.
BOX BOOK NOW OPEN. 89 3t

TI O! FOR SMITH'S ISLAND! FRESH AIR O! FOR SMITH'S ISLAND! FRESH AIR.

EXERCISE—THE BATH—ENTERTAINMENT OF
THE EAST KIND.

MRS MARY LAKEMEYER
respectfully informs her friends and the public generally, that she will open the beautiful Island Pleasure
Ground known as
SMITH'S ISLAND,
on SUNDAY pext, May 5. She invites all to come and enjoy with her the delights of this favorite summer resort.

430tf

EXCURSIONS.

N. B.—Mann's Express Company have arranged to attend to baggage, will check baggage through to hotels, cottages, etc.; also sell Tickets at their Office, No. 105 S, F1FTH Street.

FARE TO WILMINGTON, 15 On and alter MONDAY, July 8, the steamer ARIEL will leave CHESNUT Street wharf at 945 A. M. and 1245 P. M. Returning, leaves Wilmington at 645 A. M. and 1245 P. M. Fare to Wilmington, 15 ceots; excursion tickets, cents. Fare to Chester or Hook, 10 cents.

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO WIL 

EXCURSIONS UPTHE RIVER.—
The splendid steamboat JOHN A.
WARNER makes daily Afternoon Excursions to
Burlington and Bristol, stopping at Riverton, Torresdaie, Andalusia, and Beverly, each way. These
excursions leave CHESNUT STREET WHARF at
2 o'clock in the Afternoon. Returning, leave Bristol
at 4 o'clock, arriving in the city at 6 o'clock P. M.
FARE—Excursion, 46 cts. Each way, 25c. [5 25 5m

SPLENDID MUSIC IN THE
EVERY AFTERNOON, commencing MONDAY,
July 29.

LOST.

LOST OR STOLEN—A CERTIFICATE OF CIFY LOAN for \$200, No. 848, in favor of Joshua Martin. A reward will be paid if left at No. 1701 N. FRONT Street.

BEDDING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT

REDUCED PRICES. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

NO. 922 BIDGE AVENUE NEAR VINE ST J. G. FULLER.

POVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE

AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, BAGS, ET If you want an extra Awning very cheap, let om awning makers take the measure, and make it from a lot of 1800 hospital tents, lately purchased by us many of which are entirely new, and of the best if ounce duck. Also, Government Saddles and Harness of all kinds, etc.

6 28m Nos. 337 and 539 Nort FRONT Street. FINANCIAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE PURCHASED THE

SIX PER CENT. REGISTERED LOAN OF THE

LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGA-TION COMPANY, DUE IN 1897.

INTEREST PAYABLE QUARTERLY, FREE OF UNITED STATES AND STATE TAXES,

AND OFFER IT FOR SALE AT THE LOW PRICE OF

NINETY-TWO.

ACCRUED INTEREST FROM AUGUST 1, This LOAN is secured by a first mortgage on the Company's Rallroad, constructed and to be constructed, extending from the southern boundary of the borough of Mauch Chunk to the Delaware Iver at Easton, including their bridge across the saidriver now in process of construction, together with all the Company's rights, libertless, and franchises appertaining to the said Railroad and Bridge.

Copies of the mortgage may be had on application at the office of the Company, or o either of the undersigned,

DREXEL & CO. E. W. CLARK & CO. JAY COOKE & CO. W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AERTSEN

BANKING HOUSE

## JAY COOKE & (O.

112 and 114 So. THIRD ST. PHILAD'A

Dealers in all Government Securities,

OLD 5.20s WANTED

A LIBERAL DIFFERENCE ALLOWED.

Compound Interest Notes Wanted,

IN EXCHANGE FOR NEW.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Collections made. Stocks bought and sold on Special business accommodations reserved for ladies.

7 3-10s,

ALL SERIES,

CONVERTED INTO

Five-Twenties of 1865, JANUARY AND JULY,

WITHOUT CHARGE. BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

DE HAVEN & BROTHER NO, 46 S. THIRD STREET.

S. SECURITIES

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO., BANKERS AND BROKERS,

A SPECIALTY.

NO.16 S THIRD ST., NO. S NASSAU ST., PHILADELPHIA.

ORDERS FOR STOCKS AND GOLD EXE CUTED IN PHILADELPHIA AND NEW

NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD

FIRST MORTGAGE

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.

Having purchased \$600,000 of the FIRST MORT-GAGE COUPON BONDS OF THE NORTH MIS-SOURI RAILROAD COMPANY, BEARING SEVEN PER CENT INTEREST, having 20 years to run, we are now prepared to sell the same at the low rate of

85, And the secrued interest from this date, thus paying the investor over 8 per cent. interest, which is payable semi-annually.

This Loan is secured by a First Mortgage upon the Company's Railroad, 171 miles aiready constructed and in running order, and 52 miles additional to be completed by the first of October next, extending from the city of St. Louis into Northern and Central Missouri.

Full particulars will be given on application to either of the undersigned. E. W. CLARK & CO.

DREXEL & CO. P. S.—Parties holding other securities, and wishing to change them for this Loan, can do so at the market lates. 7 15 im

JAY COOKE & CO.

HOLDERS OF

AUGUST SEVEN-THIRTIES

Should bear in mind that after the 15th of this month they will be worth only par.

They may be converted into FIVE/TWENTIES without delay, by applying to

WM. PAINTER & CO., Dealers in Government Securities, NO. SO SOUTH THIRD STREET.

TO THE HOLDERS

THE COMMONWEALTH

OF PENNSYLVANIA:

DUE AFTER JULY 1, 1856, AND BEFORE JULY 2, 1860.

Holders of the following LOANS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA are requested to present them for payment (Principal and Interest) at

Whe Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia.

Loan of March 30, 1830, due March 4, 1858.

February 16, 1833, due July 1, 1858.

March 27, 1833, due July 1, 1858. January 26, 1839, due July 1, 1859,

June 7, 1839, due August 1, 1859. March 30, 1832, due July 1, 1860, April 5, 1832, due July 1, 1860.

Also, all BANK CHARTER LOANS due prior to July 2, 1860. All of the above LOANS will cease to draw

interest after August 15, 1867. JOHN W. GEARY,

> JOHN F. HARTRANFT, AUDITOR-GENERAL

WILLIAM H. KEMBLE, 6 15 stuth t8 15 STATE TREASURER.

HARRISBURG, JUNE 29, 1867.

OF THE

LOANS

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

DUE JULY 1, 1868.

OF THE

DUE JULY 1, 1868.;

Holders will address their proposals to the

FRANCIS JORDAN,

JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

WILLIAM B. KEMBLE,

BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.

809 and 811 CHESNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

DIRECTORS.

THE INTEREST IN GOLD

ON THE

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,

EASTERN DIVISION,

DUE AUGUST 1, 1867,

Will be raid, on presentation of the Coupons

NO. 53 EXC. ANGE PLACE, NEW YORK

On and after that date.

NEY, MOBGAN & CO.,

WM. J. PALMER,

therefor, the BANKING HOUSE OF

SECRETARY OF STATE.

AUDITOR-GENERAL

STATE TREASURER.

William Ervien, Osgood Weish, Frederick A. Heyt, Wm. H. Rhawn.

Late Cushier of the Central National Bank

Late of the Philadelphia National Bank

.81,000,000

OF 1868,"

72 tuthst9

CAPITAL

NATIONAL

Joseph T. Balley, Nathan Hilles, Benj. Rowland, Jr., Samuel A. Bispham, Edward B. Orne,

7 28 tuths10t

WM. H. RHAWN, President,

JOS. P. MUMFORD Cashier,

SIX PER CENT.

GOVERNOR.

Free from all Taxes, City, State and TO THE HOLDERS United States For further information cal lat

C. T. YERKES, JR., & CO.,

Interest at the rate of

No. 20 S. THIRD Street,

FINANCIAL.

PHYSICARC PROPERTY AND NO.

THE NEW SIX PER CEN

STATE LOAN.

Free from all State, Count

and Municipal Taxation.

Will be furnished in sums to suit, on appli-

WE OFFER FOR SALE

UNION PASSENGER RAILWAY BON

NINETY-ONE

And Accrued Interest from July!

These BONDS are a FIRST-CLASS INVEST

MENT, being secured by a FIRST MORTGAGE of the Road and Franchises of the Company, and bes

JAY COOKE & CO.

E. W. CLARK & CO.

DREXEL & CO.,

tion to either of the undersigned-

STATE LOA

PROPOSALS.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE DES MOINES

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE,

DAVENPORT, IOWA, July 24, 1857.)

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 12 M., WEDNESDAY
September 4, 1867, for excavating the prism and constructing the embankment wall of the Canal for the improvement of the navigation of the Mississippi river at the Des Moine Rapids.

of the Mississippi river at the Des Moins Rapids.

The Canal is to be about 734 (seven and on half) miles long, extending from Nashville a Keokuk, lowa. The width at the water surfacinside the canal to be 300 (three hundred) he in embankment, and 250 (two hundred and fifty) feet in excavation, and in low water to be 5 (five) feet deep. All the material excavate forms the prism of the canal to be used in build in embankment, and 250 (two hundred as fifty) feet in excavation, and in low water to be 5 (five) feet deep. All the material excavate from the prism of the canal to be used in bulk ing the embankment. The latter throughout the greater part of the distance will be about the greater part of the distance will be about the canal will have a slope of 1½ (one and one half) inches to the mile. The embankment to be built of earth clay and rock; to be 10 (ter feet wide on top, including the rip-rap covering; to be 2 (two) feet, above high-water mark with slopes of 1½ (one and one half) base to (one) vertical. The average thickness of the rip-rap protection to be 2½ (two and one half feet on the river side, 2 (two) feet on the cass side, and 1 (one) foot on top.

All propositions must state the price at which each and every kind of work specified in the proposal is to be done, and no bid will be any sidered that is not definite in this respect.

The Government reserves the right to recany and all bids.

A printed copy of this advertisement must attached to each proposal.

Each bid must contain a written or print guarantee signed by two responsible persons.

Blanks for proposals of the form required with form of guarantee, will be furnished this office on application.

The price or prices in the contract will be considered as including the expense of furnishin all the materials and performing all the work seconding to the plans and specifications exhibited at the letting.

The entire cost of the canal is estimated as 22,088,345 (two million sixty-eight thousand three hundred and forty-five). The amount appropriated by Congress is \$700,000 (seven hundred thousand dollars)—the contract can only be made to cover this amount.

Fifteen (15) per cent, of the smount of any work done or materials furnished, at the contract can only be work done or materials furnished, at the contract can only be work done or materials furnished, at the contract can only be work done or materials furnished, at the contract can only be made to cov THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND WILL RECEIVE PROPOSALS UNTIL SEPTEMBER 3, 1867, FOR THE REDEMP-ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS Loans of this Commonwealth

Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and endorsed "PROPO-SALS FOR THE REDEMPTION OF LOANS

INTERNAL REVENUE"

REVENUE STAMP FOR SALE AT THE

PRINCIPAL AGENCY.

NO. 57 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHIL

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT ALLOWED. Ordersfor Stamped Checks received, and delivered

with despatch Orders by mail or express promptly attended to.

JACOB E. RIDGWAY. TAMES E. EVANS, GUN-MAKER, SOUTH

Street, above second, would call the strendso of sportamen to the choice selection of BUBG ES TROUGAND BASS KOES (a new assortment), Files, and all the usual selection of FIRHING TACKLE in all it various branches.

HAND MUZZLE LOADING GUNS altered to BREECH-LOADERS in the best manner, at the lowest rates.

P.W. B. THE PET OF THE HOUSEHOLD PARIS' PATENT WINDOW BOWER.
Every bousekseper should have them to their sheers they supermede the old fashioned ribbons. Fr
Twenty-live comes per pair. Sold everywhere, wholesale and rotal by
1.5 lm
No. 37 S. THIRD SEE

we know up I describe that I deal of the formation I am format of