CITY INTELLIGENCE

FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SHE INSIDE PAGES.

NAVY YARD AFFAIRS-LAUNCH OF THE STRAM BLOOP PUSHMATAHA—ARRIVAL FROM FORRIGM STATIONS—CHANGES, ETC. ETC.—The different departments of the Navy Yard have been more busily employed during the past two months than at any time since last November. The successive arrivals of the steamers Florida, Mackinaw, and De Seto, from the West Indies, the Juniais, from Brazil, and the sailing frigate Potomac. from Pepsacola, and the consequent transfer of stores, rigging, machinery, etc., and transfer of stores, rigging, machinery, etc., and the payment and discharge of the saliors and marines, have furnished work to all, and sus-tained an excitement quite like that of war

The Florida, Mackinaw, and Juniata were put out of commission, but the De Soto will re-turn to her squadron as soon as repaired, and the Potomac will relieve the Constellation as

the Potomac will relieve the Constellation as permanent receiving vessel at the Yard. The Constellation, after being overhauled, will be sent to Annapolis to join her noble sister, the Constitution, as a practice ship for midshipmen. The great event of the season will be the launch of the new steam sloop-of-war Pushmataha, which is expected to take place at high water on Wednesday, the 17th instant, under the supervision of Naval Constructor Pook. The public generally will be admitted to the Yard, but only a limited number will be allowed about the vessel, as crowded decks interfere materially with the duties of the workmen. As she is an immense screw steamer of 2400 tons, nearly twice as large as any steamer in the "Southern Mail Steamship Line," the sight, if the day be favorable, will be Line," the sight, if the day be favorable, will be magnificent. Miss Drake, daughter of the dis-tinguished Senator from Missouri, will have the honor of christening the noble craft. We are glad to see that our galiant naval officers are so impartial, and divide the compliments of their service with the ladies of the whole country. Miss Hull, a daughter of Commodore J. B. Hull, of Connecticut, named the Neshamony, the last versel launched here.

vessel launched here.

Among the personal changes at the Yard we notice the following:—Uaptain Lynch, detached from duty as Naval Storekeeper and ordered to Naval Asylum; Captain Rouckendorf, detached from command of the Constellation, and placed an waiting orders Surveon Acklay detached on waiting orders; Surgeon Ackley, detached from the Constellation, and ordered to the Quincebaug, at New York; Surgeon Lawber ordered to the Potomas; Lieutenant Haverstick, of Marine Garrison, ordered to Boston Barracks with a company of marines. The Naval General Court-Marshal, of which

The Naval General Court marshal, of which Admiral Latimer is President, is still at work on the cases of officers lately belonging to the United States steamer Florida, nearly all of whom have been brought to trial—a fact without precedent in the annals of the navy.

THE GULLIBILITY OF MAN-SHOWING HOW THE CULLIBILITY OF MAN—SHOWING HOW \$975 WERE EXCHANGED FOR A TRUNK OF STONES.—A case fully exemplifying the apparent dogmatic desire of man to become "gulled," has just been disclosed to the light of public observance. The case is as black as the parties are—they being of darkest hue. Daniel Barber resides in New Bedford. A few days since a "man and brother," by the name of Mitchell, waited upon him at his residence, and begged the pleasure of introducing him for and begged the pleasure of introducing him so a "fellow friend," named Austin, who, it was alleged, also resided in that thriving place— New Bedford. This latter individual confiden-tially disclosed to Barber the astounding fact that he possessed a large amount of gold—which he had obtained in the south diving the Rocket he had obtained in the south during the Rebel-lion—and which he was willing to dispose of for

Electrified with the thought that he could make such a profitable bargain—for could he but gain the "luore" at par, he could pocket \$340 as a bonus—he rolled his eyes with delight, clasped the other's hand, and scaled the bargain. It was arranged that he should bring his \$1000 in greenbacks to this city, which he did yesterday morning. He was met at the Kensington depot, and after some preliminary conversation, a man was despatched for the treasure, which appeared, contained in an old trunk, upon a huckstering cart. "Is you sure dat de gold is all right?" said Barber; and being so assured, he paid over \$975, demanding the box to be opened. "Not here!" "not here!" one and all cried; "too much danger." Austin proposed that Mitchell and himself find a place where it could most safely be opened. This being agreed to, they left. The minutes flew, an hour and a half passed, and no appearance of the parties, to the great anxiety of Barber. He took the trunk, containing the precious ore (i), which was very heavy Electrified with the thought that he could no appearance of the parties, to the great anxiety of Barber. He took the trunk, containing the precious ore (!), which was very heavy, and proceeded to a friend's house, and into a private room. Exultant with his great bargain, and the troopy of his business tact, wrenched the cover from the box—when lo! a lot of boulders and cobble stones met his view, all covered with dust and mud, instead of gitttering pieces of gold!

PROBABLE HOMICIDE - ATROCIOUS SHOOTING AFFRAY IN THE FIRST WARD .- A middle-aged man, infirm, and almost prostrated with long-continued sickness, named Thomas Rew, was making his way to the Almshouse, unable to work, having nothing to sustain him. He had once before been admitted to a place where he could be cared for. On Wednesday evening last he was strolling leisurely towards this place, intending to make a short visit. He had just been at the homes of some of his German friends, on Fifth street, above Morris, and was walking down Gravelstone lane, when, over-come with fatigue, he laid down at the side of

Being refreshed by water that a woman had given him, he was enabled to climb through a fence and lie down in the field. He was awakened by the coming of three men—John Potter, John Gorman, and the third unknown.

Potter, John Gorman, and the third unknown. When rising up, some person in the field raised his gun and discharged both barreis at him, loaded with buckshot, nearly all of which took effect in the body of Rew.

The murderous ruffian fied, while the men in the road ran and picked up Rew, and conveyed him speedily to the drug store of Dr. Allaband, corner of Second and McClelian streets. His body was there examined, and wounds were found upon his mouth, arm, side, hip, and thigh, while a large number, the greater part of the two loads of buckshot, was scattered over his body. Some, it is thought, have penetrated the stomach and other vital parts of the system. Should the fact be such, the wounds will doubtless prove fatal. He was taken to the Hospital.

SLIGHT FIRES .- About half-past 10 o'clock last evening, a slight fire occurred at Jones' milk depot, No. 808 Green street, caused by the burning of a window curtain.

Mr. Hookey's grocery store, on Richmond street, below Huntingdon, was damaged by fire

to the extent of \$50 last evening.

The cotton lap factory of John Wilcox, No. 1310 Lawrence street, was slightly damaged by fire yesterday afternoon.

About half past 7 o'clock this morning, a fire occurred at No. 1730 N. Seventh street, caused by the burning of some rags in the third story. FRANKLIN SQUARE TURNED INTO A COCK-PIT .-

This morning, about 9 o'clock, a scene occurred in Franklin Square not at all commendable to those who have it in charge—a cock-fight between two amateur and ambitious roosters was the order, enclosed within a circle of about one handred persons. No means seemed to be taken to stop this disgraceful scene in the Square, and no doubt the fight progressed until one orthe other of the notable fowis knocked

Lagton SELLERS IN DURBES .- The following persons were taken in custody for seiling liquo persons were taken in custody for seiting inquot on Suiday and keeping open saloon in defiance of the Sunday law:—Samuel Robinson and William Geffeny, who are established in Main street Frankford; Joseph Steppacher, Louis Tissot Charles Phonis, S. M. Smith, Thomas Wagoter, Charles Scattergood, and Mrs. Lake, who ceal forth the ardent at the Schuylkili Falls. All were held in ball to answer at Court.

THE EFFECTS OF A WAKE upon one Robert Dunn, were not of such a character as was eithersalutary or pleasant to certain persons. A funral train, of which it is said Robert was one of the mourners, was passing Chesnut Hill, when his rampant individual did pummel on the bad and about the ears another mourner name John Maher. For this inconsistent exhibitin, attended with such deleterious effects, Robet was held in \$10.0 ball to answer.

Ho POR THE SEASIDE !- People who wish to Ho For the Season !—People who wish to escap the dust and heat of the city for a day or two sould not forget that they can take the 2 o'clot P. M. train for Atlantic City to-morrow, by wich they will arrive at the seaside in preciseitwo hours. Those who cannot get away on Eurday afternoon can take the Sunday morros mail train, which leaves Vine street ferryat 7'80 o'clock

For CRUSHED.-Frederick Henrich, in juming from s car at Thirteenth and Market stree, had it jammed in the track and mashed He as taken to the Hospital, where the frac-turedimb will have to be amputated.

HEARING BEFORE UNITED STATES COMMIS- | HEARING BEFORE UNITED STATES COMMISSTONER HENRY PRILLIPS, Jr.—John Zeller was
charged with not cancelling the stamps on ale
barrels, as required by law. The defendant was
arrested by Deputy Marshal Sharkey.

James Gheegan sworn—I am a United States
Revenue Inspector, and whilst acting as such
on the 10th day of July, 1867, I found four halt
barrels, one quarter barrel, and one full barrel,
all containing fermented liquor, without having the United States Revenue stamps on them
cancelled as the law requires. The fermented

cancelled as the law requires. The fermented liquor was from the brewery of John Zeller, No. 942 N. Feventh street. Defrauding the Government is still continued by the defendant in the same way, I believe.

The defendant was held in \$600 bail to answer

John Campbell, residing at No. 213 South Front street, was arraigned upon the same charge. He was also arrested by Deputy Mar-shal Sharkey. James Gheegan testified that the stamp had

been taken from off the bung-hole and placed about five inches from it; the defendant, on being asked how it came there, said he was not home when the ale came, and that the driver must have put it there, as he tapped all his ale; went there the next day, and the stamp had disappeared all legacher. disappeared altogether The defendant was held in \$600 ball to appear

A Serious Accident .- A young man, re-A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A young man, residing at Norristown, and employed on the Philadelphia, Germantown, and Norristown Railroad, was at work yesterday on a building adjoining the Depot in Germantown. He fell from a ladder to the ground, fracturing his skull by the concussion, and is believed to be seriously injured internally. He was carried to the house of a brother work man, Otis Warner. the house of a brother workman, Otis Warner, on Bowman street, where he still lies in a low

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION OF ARSON,-Mike Hackey, the proprietor of the establishment at the corner of Richmond street and Huntingdon avenue, was arrested this morning on suspicion of having set fire to his building, which occurred about 3 o'clock A. M. He is held for a further heaving by Alarman Sonts. hearing by Alderman Senix.

Run Over .- An unknown man was run over and killed by the cars at the junction of the Trenton and Reading Railroads. The Coro-ner held an inquest. A man named Carr was run over and instantly killed by the cars of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the depot in West Philadelphia.

A ROBBERY OF WEARING APPAREL WAS COMmitted yesterday, between the hours of 12 and 1, in a dwelling at No. 1115 Spruce street, undergoing repairs. A shawl and various articles were appropriated.

INFANT FOUND .- A female infant, about four weeks old, was found at 12 o'clock last evening, in the yard of Frederick Urban, No. 1525 Mas-

LINEN DUSTERS, large assortment, different styles impervious to dust, fitting neatly at the neck, selling

Cheap,
Half way between
FIFTH and
SIXTH Streets.)
No. 518 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
And No. 808 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
All kinds of Summer Clothing at increasibly low prices.

THE WASHINGTON LIBRARY COMPANY gains credit and support every day. The sales of stock surpass all expectation, and the prospect is that the funds for the noble object will be secured even in advance of the time anticipated. The reason is obvious. The design is worthy, and creditable to the patriotic hearts who are laboring to reward a too much neglected class. The funds go into responsible hands, and the public have no fears that they will be misdirected. The plan adopted satisfies the scruples of the most conscientious, for it meets all the requirements of a carefully worded law, and has the endorsement of eminent legal authority in such matters. It is by its distinctive features entirely removed from the taint of catchpenny schemes which have so often been the means of imposing on the public. It gives to purchasers of its stock a full equivalent for the consideration paid. All its transactions are open and above board. It has no concealments, and the reputation of the managers is such that they cannot afford to be dishonest in this transaction.

The plan is to offer to the public an interest in the charitable institution by offering stock in shares of one dollarfor which a certificate is given, with an engraving fully worth the money paid. As a still further inducement to have the shares taken up rapidly, every stockholder is promised a present of some value in addition to his stock certificate and picture. The funds thus secured by the sales of stock are deposited with Messrs. George A. Cooke & Co., bankers, No. 33 S, Third street, to be by them applied to the object in view. A charitable public institution thus receives the benefit, and not a private individual. Commissioner Rollins, of the Internal Revenue Department, Washington, D. C., has exempted it from all tax, and the banking house of George A. Cooke & Co. signifies its confidence in the integrity of the trustees by publicly

accepting their trust as receivers. The means should be raised for such an object as educating the orphans of our gallant soldiers and sailors within one month. Let all who are able respond, and it might be done in a week. Let all who have no disposition for charity, but simply want pictures, and want to purchase where they can be had for the least money, buy of the Washington Library Company, and more than enough might be realized in a very short

time, It remains for the public to say whether this benevolent work shall drag its weary length along, or be pushed rapidly to a successful completion. We believe that a grateful public will continue to sustain the enterprise until its present bright prospects culminate in the triumphant completion of the Institute.

The Principal Office of the Company is at No. 1225 Chesnut street. The officers in attendance will cheerfully give any information desired, and if any additional checks or safeguards can be suggested, over and above those already. adopted, to insure fairness and confidence, they will be gladly received. It will be pleasant in after years to reflect that we had a hand in erecting such a noble monument to the memory of our departed soldiers and sailors,-From the Methodist Home Journal.

PHLEBOTOMY,-When Dr. Sangrado found his

patients weak he gave them water gruel. When they got weaker he bled them, and dosed them with calomel and jalap. Gil Blas tells us they almost invariably died. A good many people are killed that way yet. The world in general, however, has found out that, in cases of debility and premature decay, Hosterter's Stomach BITTERS is the true life-sustaining cordial. This tonic is a powerful and perfectly harmless restorative. But it does more than invigorate, It regulates and purifies. While it builds up the strength and infuses vitality into the blood, it brings all the secretions into harmony with the laws of health. The feebler sex find it invaluable in the various physical difficulties to which their organization renders them subject. In all hysterical and hypochondrical cases its effect is magical. The infirmities of age are alleviated by its use; and where the circulation is torpid, and there is a tendency to paralysis, Hoster-TER'S BITTERS are recommended as a means of reinvigorating the system and prolonging life.

At this season of the year particularly, when midsummer's scorening heat does so much towards reducing the vital energies of the body, this inestimable tonic and stomachic produces a wonderful effect. By it the strength is increased, the appetite preserved, and firmness and elasticity given to the system.

IMPORTANT CIRCULAR FROM THE VARIOUS | EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS TO ENGLAND IN REFERENCE TO THE FENIANS.

PARIS, July 4, 1867. The enclosed recommendation to her Maesty's Government of Great Britain and Ireland is respectfully submitted by us, whose signatures are hereto annexed, as a recommendation in the Interest of the peace of Europe, of which her Majesty's Government is one of strongest advocates.

We see with sorrow the Government of England disturbed by the democratic element-that element which has, in past times, given so much trouble to our Governments-and we, in august conference assembled, do, unsolicited, recommend to her Majesty's just and mild Government the establishment in Ireland of large institutions, under the patronage of the State, designed to meet the sources of discontent in that unhappy island.

From all that we can learn, Ireland, that land of romance, is literally in rags, and the inhabitants with no means to remedy the evil. We recommend that there be established, at convenient points, large Ready-made Clothing Houses, similar to those in America, of which Charles Stokes & Co.'s, under the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, is a sample. We are satisfled that the project will make that nation a contented and happy people.

(Signed)

NAPOLEON III, ALEXANDER, ABBUL AZIZ,

FRED. WILLIAM.

A GENTLEMAN of great medical knowledge says that a more genial, wholesome, and effectual tonic and appetizer than Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters was never discovered. He recommends it for Dyspepsia, for Liver Complaint, for Exhaustion, Weakness, for a Want of Appetite, and for Mental Depression. It is an agreeable stimulant, and is equally adapted to young and old. Persons of sedentary habits, like clergymen, lawyers, merchants, and delicate females, are particularly benefited by its use.

MAGNOLIA WATER.-A delightful tollet article-superior to Cologne and at half the

LYONS' MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER, for kill ing Fleas, Moths, Roaches, and Bugs. The original and only sure article. Sold by all respectable dealers.

PHOTOGRAPHS made in great perfection at B. F. Reimer's Gallery, No. 624 Arch street. Pictures in Oil, India Ink, and Water Colors. Ivorytyes and Porcelain Pictures. A miniature porcelain only \$1.

DEPOT FOR THE SALE of Lash's Five-dollar Washing Machines, Clothes-Wringers, and Step Ladders, No. 727 Market street, Philadelphia, J. S. Lash & Co.

WATER-COOLERS FOR THE MILLION.—Refrige-rators, Moth-proof Chests, Ice-Cream Freezers, etc., at E. S. FARSON & Co.'s Manufactory, No. 220 Dock street. FIFTY different styles and sizes of Refrige rators, prices from \$7 upwards. E. S. FARSON & Co., Manufacturers, No. 220 Dock street, below Walnut.

"March to the Sra,"

##Via McIntire & Brother's,

##Via McIntire & Brother's,

##Via McIntire & Brother's,

##Via McIntire & Brother's,

THE TRAVELING SUITSe Alpaca Coals, e Drap d'Ete Sacks, e Short Duck Sacks, Linen Dust Coats, Light Cassimere Suits,

The Skeleton Sacks,

Are all popular at this time, because they are just the thing for this hot weather. Our styles are as elegant as in any custom establishment. Our prices are so law, people ony custom establishments.
buy with great satisfaction.
WANAMAKER & BROWN.
WANAMAKER & BROWN.

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE, OAK HALK, THE CORNER OF SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS. JONES & THACHER, Printers, 510 Minor St

MARRIED.

ESSLINGER-KOCH .- On the 7th instant, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. J. G. Wiehle, Mr. CHARLES L. ESSLINGER, of Wurtemburg, to Miss LOUISA EMMA, eldest daughter of Lewis D. F. Koch, Esq., of this city. HALL-WARWICK.-On the 10th instant, by Rev. W. S. Perkins, LORONZO W. HALL, of Norfolk, Va., to RACHEL A. WARWICK, of Bristol, Pa.

DIED.

DETWEILER.—On the 11th instant, after a lingering illness, Mr. ELIAS DETWEILER, in the 65th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence. No. 1106 Ash street, below Girard avenue, on Sunday, the 14th instant, at 1 o'clock, without further notice.

EVANS.—On Wednesday evening, the 16th instant HELEN, infant daughter of Franklin and Julis HICKLING.—On the 10th instant, FRANCIS H. HICKLING, in the 38th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Valley Green, Whitemarsh township, Montgomery county, at 18 o'clock A. M., on Saturday, July18.

HILL, On the 16th instant, EMILIA STANLEY HILL, daughter of Eveline C, and the late Charles A. Hill, of this city, in the 23d year of her age. HOWLAND.—Suddenly, on the 5th instant, WIL-LIAM M. HOWLAND, in the 12th year of his age. The relatives and triends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents. S. E. corner of Passyunk road and Wharton street, on Sunday afternoon, the 14th instant, at 4 o'clock.

SiMON.—On the 9th instant, MARGARET, the wife of Mr. Henry Simon, in the 34th year of her age. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, No. 925 Reed street, above Ninth, on aday afternoon at 4 o'clock. To proceed to

REGN.—On the 13th instant, JOSEPHINE, daughter of Casper and Josephine Regn, aged 18 years 2 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 207; S. Eighth street, on Saturday morning at 5½ o'clock.

ROOK.—On the 11th instant, WILLIAM ROBIN-SON, son of James and Elizabeth Rook, aged 28 years. The relatives and friends of the family are respect-fully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father. No. 220 N. Front street, on Sunday atter-noon at 3 o'clock, without further notice. To proceed to Cedar Hill Cemetery. Frankford.

A NTI-FRICTION ROLLERS AND FIXTURES for Grindstones, for sale at the Hardware Store TRUMAN & SHAW.

No. 835 (Eight Thirty-Sive) Market St., below Ninth. NTI-FRICTION ROLLERS AND FIXTURES WATERING PLACES WILL PLEASE W Albahino Flaces Will Fleash
W most of their patrons by adding these Cakes to
their regular bill of fare: Printed receipts for making
the Wisconsin Cakes or Bran Muffins (which agree
with most dyspeptics), and also for the Corn Wisconain Cake, are furnished to purchasers of the pans.

TRUMAN & BHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

WHITE'S PATENT ICE PICKS HAVE VV all the advantages of a hammer and ice pick economizing the breakage of ice, combined in the kinds. kinds.

No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE AMERICAN

Life Insurance Company,

OF PHILADELPHIA. OFFICE, S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND WALNUT

LATEST EUROPEAN ADVICES.

Financial and Commercial Report to Noon To-day.

By the Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, July 12—Noon.—Consols for money.

95; Erie R. R., 46; U. S. Five-twenties, 78½; Illinois Central, 80½.

LIVERPOOL, July 12—Noon.—Cotton firm; sales to-day will reach 10,000 bales. Middling uplands, 10½d.; Orleans, 10½d.

The Brokers' Circular gives the sales of the week at 56,000 bales, including 12,000 bales for export and 1000 bales for speculation. The stock in port is 749,000 bales, including 484,000 American.

Breadstuffs are quiet. Provisions and produce unchanged. LONDON, July 12-Noon,—The markets are

ANTWERP, July 12.—Petroleum, 42 francs.
QUEENSTOWN, July 12.—The steamship China,
from Boston July 3, arrived to-day, on her way to Liverpool. FROM WASHINGTON THIS P. M.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.] A New Recenstruction Bill Agreed Upon.
The House Reconstruction Committee this
morning agreed upon a bill to be reported today by Mr. Stevens, in place of the Senate bill. It consists of fourteen sections, and embodies the features of both the Senate and House bills, and is satisfactory to the more radical members of both Houses,

CRIME.

Wholesale Poisoning on Staten Island—An Old Lady and Two Men Believed to have been Poisoned to Death by a Woman—Arsente Found in One of the Bodies—Arrest of the Supposed Murderess and Her Husband.

A great sensation prevails on Staten Island, caused by the discovery of a dreadful poisoning case at the farm-house of J. K. Jessup, in the town of Westfield, near Eltonville station, on the Staten Island Railroad. If the details as given to us are correct (and we have them from the highest authorities in the county), three the highest authorities in the county) the highest authorities in the county), three persons, one an aged lady, have recently been poisoned to death by a woman named Margaret Grant. J. K. Jessup is a wealthy farmer residing in the town of Westfield. Among his large force of farm hands recently were two young men named Archibald McClusky and John Dougherty; and among his help about the house and garden were a Mr. Grant and his wife Margaret. Mr. and Mrs. Grant, who are both aged about were a Mr. Grant and his wife Margaret. Mr. and Mrs. Grant, who are both aged about twenty-five years, had been in the service of Mr. Jessup for a long time, for which reason they had frequently received little favors from him that the others did not. This, it seemed, had the effect to create an envious feeling among some of the hands, which resulted in occasional quarreis; and at one time, it is alleged, Mrs. Grant, in a fit of passion, threatened to take their lives, adding that she would ened to take their lives, adding that she would "fix them." This occurred about two months ago. In the latter part of the month of May McClusky was taken suddenly ill, and despite the best medical aid, died in a short time. The threat of Mrs. Grant had almost been forgotten. and no one thought for a moment that she had been instrumental in causing his death. But a few days ago another incident occurred which been instrumental in causing his death. But a few days ago another incident occurred which aroused everybody's suspicions. Young Dougherty arose one morning in his usual good health, partook of a hearty breakfast, and started to commence his day's work at a mill some distance from the house. He had proceeded only a short distance when he became so thirsty that he was compelled to drink from a brook near by. The water did not slake his thirst in the least; and he continued to drink until prostrated by pain, when he was discovered and conveyed back to the house, and there died on the same day; his symptoms throughout being very conclusive, and just before he breathed his last he said he had been killed by Mrs. Grant, who had poisoned his coffee at breakfast; at the same time making a request that his body be opened and examined after his death. To add to this tragic state of affairs, an aged lady in the same house had died suddenly two days previous under similar circumstances. The date of McClusky's death was May the 19th. The lady, whose name has not been ascertained, died June 15th, and Dougherty died on the 17th ult. The facts of the case have not been published before, in order to give the officers of the law a better chance to bring the case into form for prosecution. A Coroner's inquest was held over the remains of Dougherty, which resulted in the holding of Coroner's inquest was held over the remains of Dougherty, which resulted in the holding of both Mr. and Mrs. Grant to bail, and meantime the body of Dougherty was to be sent to New York for analysis. But when the circumstances attending the death of McClusky and that of the lady were remembered, there remained no doubt that all were depatched by the same hand; and the woman Grant and her husband were re-arrested, and they are now secured in the Richmond county jail, and will not be balled on any considerations. The chemist who has the body of Dougherty yesterday reported to the autho-rities that poison had been discovered, and the other bodies will be immediately exhumed and undergo a similar analysis. A further exami-nation of the prisoners will take place to-mornation of the prisoners will take place to-mor-row afternoon, before Justice Vaughn, at Clif-ton, S. I. The prisoners are what would be called a rough looking pair; and when they were conveyed to the jall in the constable's car-riage, their appearance was so bad as to cause remark by every one who saw them. Margaret

is particularly uncouth in appearance, and her features very irregular and repulsive. She is downcast since her last arrest, and begins to manifest deep anxiety. The tragic affair is the main topic of conversation throughout the breadth of the Island.—N. Y. Herold. Attempt to Murder an Actress.

At a late hour last night an attempt was made to murder Miss Florence Temple, an

equestrienne actress, in her apartments in the boarding house No. 133 Bieecker street, which boarding house No. 183 Bleecker street, which was only frustrated by the remarkable presence of mind of the intended victim. The would-be murderer is Thomas J. Carr, a letter-carrier, attached to station "C," located at the junction of West Twelfth and Fourth streets. It appears that Carr had been for some time paying attentions of "Miss" Florence Temple, who although tions to "Miss" Florence Temple, who, although she rejoices in the spinster appellation, is a widow, and has two children who are living with her. Miss Temple, it is stated, had formerly lived with Carr, in Broome street, but about eight months ago started on a starring expedition through the Eastern and Western States, and only returned to this city on Wednesday, after appearing on that night as "Dick Turpin, the Highwayman." at Walden's Opera House, in Paterson, N. J., with her trained steed Firefly. On her arrival in this city, Carr called on her, with the evident intention of renewing his former intimacy, btu it would seem tions to "Miss" Florence Temple, who, although called on her, with the evident intention of re-newing his former intimacy, btu it would seem that Miss Temple did not appreciate his kind intentions, and treated him very coolly. This gave rise to jealousy in Carr's mind, and he de-termined he would not be supplanted by any man. He called on Miss Temple at a late hour last night, and had an interview with Miss Tem-le in her room, which is situated on the thin. man. He called on Miss Temple at a late bour last night, and had an interview with Miss Temple in her room, which is situated on the third floor of the bouse. Miss Frances Temple, aged 18 years, a daughter of "Miss" Temple, was in the room at the time. Some conversation ensued between the equestrienne and the enraged letter carrier, which resulted in the woman leaving her seat and taking a seat in another part of the room. This so excited Carr, who had been odrinking rather freely, that he got up from his seat, and, drawing a large Colt's revolver from his pocket, advanced threateningly towards the woman, remarking, nonchalantly, "No other man shall have you, for I'll shoot you," he cocked the pistol and fired. The woman, becoming aware of his murderous design, sprang from her seat, and, striking the muzzle of the pistol with her right hand, gave the weapon a downward inclination, and the ball from the pistol entered her left leg just above the knee, and, passing through, caused a very severe and painful, though not dangerous wound. This occurred between II and 12 o'clock, and in a moment after Odicer Bolger, of the Eighth Precinct, who happened to be standing on the opposite corner of Bieecker and Laurens street, attracted by the shooting, ran into the house, and ascending to the room arrested Carr, who made no resi tance. In a few moments after Capitalu Caffrey and Officer Orser, of the Fifteenth Precinct, were in the house. By direction of the Capitalu, Dr. Doran was summoned, who, after probing the wound, pronounced it not a dangerous one. Carr was conveyed to the Eighth Precinct Station House by Officer Bolger and locked up for the night. He is twenty-four years of age, and a native of the United States. He made no statement in regard to the affair. Miss Temple. Carr will be taken before Justice Dodge to deal misself rather officious in problating himself as a friend of Miss Temple. Carr will be taken before Justice Dodge proclaiming himself as a friend of Miss Temple, Carr will be taken before Justice Dodge

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Senate. Washington, July 12—Mr. Dixon (Conn.), rising after the reading of the journal, said he was accidentally absent yesterday when the yote was taken on the Reconstruction bill. Had the bill, for the same reason that he voted against the measures to which it was supple

Mr. Chandler (Mich.) asked to call up the resolution offered by him a few days since, direct-ing the Committee on Foreign Relations to in-quire how many Mexican prisoners of war had been shot after capture, under the decree of Maximilian of October, 1865. Mr. Chandler ad-dressed the Senate on the subject of his resolu-tion. It was well known, he said, that the indressed the Senate on the subject of his resolution. It was well known, he said, that the invasion of Mexico was in reality a part and parcel of our Rebellion. Had the United States
Government been at peace, no one believes that
such an attempt would have been made to
establish an empire in the Republic of Mexico.
Had Maximilian gone to Mexico as other fillbusters go, as Lopez went, as the son of Henry
Clay went, and as others had gone, with their
lives in their hands, in pursuit of a crown to
win, no remark would have been made. He
would have staked his head, and would have
won a crown or lost his head, But Maximilian
claimed to be something more than an adventurer or a filibuster. He claimed to have
been elected by the Mexican people to occupy
the Mexican throne.

Having recited the circumstances of the election of
Maximilian, Mr. Chandler said it was the intention of
Napoleon, having once fixed Maximilian on the
throne of Mexico, to assist the Rebels from that
place. The decree of 1855 would then have been executed upon Union soldlers and officers captured while
definiting the Union. Maximilian signed his own
death-warrant when he signed the decree. The Mexicaps made a mistake as to the mode of Maximilian's
death. The man capable of issuing that decree ought
not to have died by the builet. The officer who captured him should have hung him to the first tree.
That this was not done showed the Mexicans to be a
chivalrous people.

The reading of the lower and discuss that the

House of Representatives. The reading of the journal having been dispensed with, the Speaker presented a communication from Governor Bullook of Massachusetts, received after the recess last session, announcing the ratification by that Commonwealth, of the Constitutional Amend-

the recess last session, announcing the ratification by that Commonwealth, of the Constitutional Amendment
Laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.
Mr. Julian (Ind.) asked leave to introduce a resolution directing the Committee on Reconstruction to report a bill declaring forfeited to the United States all the lands granted by Congress, in 1855, to States in the South, for railroad purposes, which have expired by limitation.
Mr. Wood (N. Y.) objected.
Mr. Julian moved to suspend the rules, and stated that there were 5,00,000 acres of the best land in the South laid up in the hands of Rebei corporations, at the expense of poor men, white and black, who should have them for homesteads.
Mr. Chanler (N. Y.), as a member of the Select Committee on Southera Ealfroads, stated that the question of the relation of these roads to the Government was still under investigation, and argued that the action proposed by the resolution would be premature.
Mr. Julian expressed his willingness to make the resolution one of inquiry only.
Mr. Chanler argued that this was a special question, and that it should be referred to the Special Committee having that matter in charge.
Mr. Williams (Pa.) inquired of Mr. Chanler whether there was any pretense that loyal men were interested in these roads?
Mr. Chanler replied in the affirmative, and stated that the action proposed would jeopardize the vested

In these roads?

Mr. Chanler replied in the affirmative, and stated that the action proposed would jeopardize the vested rights of citizens who had been toyal throughout the whole war.

rights of clinens who had been loyal throughout the whole war.

Mr. Wood argued that three-fourths of the railroads in the South and in the West had been built by Northern capitalists, and that the proposed measure would be a measure of confiscation of Northern capital, because it had been invested in Southern roads. In conclusion, he made the point of order that the Committee on Reconstruction having been raised for a specific purpose, could take no cognizance of this matter.

specific purpose, could take no cognizance of this matter.

The Speaker overruled the point of order, on the ground that a like subject had been already referred to that committee.

The rules were suspended, 99 to 35, and the resolution modified so as to confine its operation to Mississippi, Alabama, Florida. Arkansas, and Louislana, and the motion o refer to the Select Committee on Southern Railroads was adopted.

Mr. Butier (Mass.) asked leave to offer an elaborate preamble and resolutions, reciting that the Government of Louislana has been declared illegal and void, and that therefore no efficient means can be taken by the authorities for repairing levees or issuing bonds to pay for the same; and therefore resolving that the District Commander shall have power to issue bonds to the amount of four millions dollars at 7-30 per cent., and that the assumption of such mission of the State.

Mr. Wood (N. Y.) objected.

mission of the State.

Mr. Wood (N. Y.) objected.

Mr. Butler moved to suspend the rules.

The rules were not suspended, there being only 24 votes in the affirmative.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.), from the Committee on Reconstruction, reported back the Senate Reconstruction bill, with several amendments, mostly of a verbal character.

bill, with several amendments, mostly of a verbal character.
There is a substitute for the first section, declaring the true intent and meaning of the act of 2d March, 1857, to have been that the Governments tone existing in the Rebel States were illegal, and that, therefore, such Governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders and to the authority of Congress.

Among the rew sections reported is one directing that none of the officers of registration shall pay any regard to the decision or directions of the Attorney-General or any other officer of the Government, except as directed by Congress.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.) moved to recommit the bill, so as to retain control over it, while he did not wish to cut off debate.

Mr. Wood, while admitting that the bill as now reported was an improvement on the original bill of the

ported was an improvement on the original bill of the House, criticized the details of some of the sections, and urged that the language should be more precise, so that it would be so clear, precise, and definite that so that it would be so clear, precise, and definite that there would be no misunderstanding its intent and purpose. But he regarded the Senate bill, though equally objectionable in principle, infinitely preferable to this, because its language was plain, simple, and not to be misunderstood.

Mr. Eldredge suggested that Mr. Wood should offer an amendment that would cover the whole case conclusively, namely, an amendment abolishing the Constitution of the United States, the laws of the Constitution of the constitutions of such of the South. United States, the constitutions of each of ern States, and the laws of each of them.

THE TRIAL OF JOHN H. SURRATT

Wasmington, July 12.—The trial of John H. Sur-ratt was resumed this morning in the Criminal Court, Judge Fisher presiding, and the testimony for the detence was continued. Judge Fisher presiding, and the testimony for the defense was continued.

Detective J. A. W. Clarvoe was recalled, and examined by Mr. Bradley. On April 15, after we arrived at the house of Mrs. Surratt, it was agreed that McDevitt and myneifshould enter the house: I rapped at the door, and a young man in shirt-sleeves, barefooted and halless, opened the door, he gave his name as Lewis J. Welchman; I asked for John Surratt, and Welchman said John was not in town; I then asked for Mrs. Surratt, and Welchman rapped at Mrs. Surratt's door, and I asked Mrs. Surratt where John was, and she said she did not know.

Mr. Pierrepont objected to witness testifying to his conversation with Mrs. Surrat.

Mr. Bradley said Welchman had been asked as to the conversation, and this evidence was for the purpose of contradicting him.

Judge Fisher said the witness could be asked reistive to any conversation testified to by Welchman, if

tive to any conversation testified to by Welchman, if the conversation occurred in Welchman's presence, Witness—Welchman was standing by my side. Mr. Pierrepont said that Welchman was not asked whether Mrs. Surratt said anything about John being in town.

Mr. Pierrepont said that Welchman was not asked whether Mrs. Surratt said anything about John being in town.

The testimony of Welchman was referred to, and Mr. Bradley said they proposed to show that the conversations did not occur as detailed by Welchman.

Judge Fisher said the witness could state what conversation he had with Welchman at the door, and also the conversation with Mrs. Surratt after searching the house.

The witness resumed—Welchman was stauding by my side when Mrs. Surratt and I were conversing: I could near what was said, and I suppose he could; Welchman had bad a conversation with Mrs. Surratt before that.

The Court ruled that the witness could not detail any conversation with Mrs. Sarratt that took place prior to the search of the bouse.

The defense noted an exception.

Witness resumed—I saked Welchman if he belonged to be house, and he said he did; I told him I must search his room; upon arriving at his room I saked him if a trunk in the room was nis; he said it was he then asked me what all this meant, and I asked him where he had been all night, and if he had not heard that the President had been assassinated; Welchman replied, "My God! I see it all now:" I then pulled out an end of a pocket handkerchlef saturated with blood, and said it was the President's blood; after a while we came down stairs, and Welchman was with me: Wesoman came down behind me; Mrs. Surratt was standing is his room; I did not hear Welchman say to Mrs. Surratt, "What do you think! President Lincoln has been assassinated;" on coming down stairs I had a couversation with Mrs. Surratt was standing is his room; I did not hear Welchman followed me down, but I do not recollect whether Welchman was present at the conversation: when Welchman; I went to Mrs. Surratt and told her to be particular about answering my questions; Lasked her when she saw Booth, and she said at 2 o'clock that day; she said also had not neen John Surratt for two weeks; she said he was in Canada and she had got a letter from him or heard from him

went and searched the young ladies' room; there was necolored woman there. I then went down stales into the basement; going down the staleway I met Lieutenant Shippen, and at the door of the kitchen I met a colored woman and asked her for John Surratt, and she said she had not seen Surrett for two weeks; I then went up atairs, and after a scarch left the house; I saw Weichman next morning at is o'clock, in front of our office, and dollahan was with him; when Weichman opened the door on the morning referred to, I did not say I came to search the house.

Ship News. FORTHESS MONROE, July 12—Arrived, brig Echo, from the West Indies for Baltimore.

Gold in New York. New York, July 12,-The price of gold here is

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

New York, July 12.—Cotton duil; Middling uplands, 25%c. Flour 15@320c. higher: 11,000 barrels sold; State, 4710@11752 Obio, 81070@18725; Western, 8710@11750 choice, 811@12760; Southern, 8975@16725. Wheat 36%5c. higher: 12.000 bushels sold; No. 2 Chicago Spring, 8223%; No. 27Milwaukee Club, 82.25; California, 82.25. Rye quiet. Barley duil. Corn firm and scarce; 45.000 bushels sold; mixed Western, 8106@108 % bushel; small lots of choice at \$1000/60170. Oats firmer; 4500 bushels sold; Ohio, 92%c.; Western, 83c. Beef quiet; plaip Mess, \$18524 for new; extra Mess, \$136/28 for new. Pork firm: 2500 lbs. new mess at \$27226/2275. Lard quiet at; 114/6012%c. Whisky quiet.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Stocks duil. Chicago and Rock Inland, 97%; Brie, 71; Canton Company, 48%; Reading, 16%; Cheveland and Toledo, 12%; Cleveland and Pitaburg, 50%; Pittaburg and Fort Wayne, 102; Michigan Central, 180%; Michigan Southern, 80%; New York Central, 180%; Illinois Central, 123%; Cumberland preferred, 40; Missouri a, 88%; Hudson River, 100; United States Five-twentes of 1882, 112 do, 1884 109%; do, 1968, 100%; do, new issue, 106%; Ten-forties, 102%; Seventhirties, first leave, 106%; Ten-forties, 102%; Seventhirties, first leave, 106%; Ten-forties, 108; Money, 56% per cent.; Exchange unchanged; Gold, 18%/\$118%. Latest Markets by Telegraph.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- Before Alderman Beitler, at 2 o'clock to day, Samuel Elkins was charged with larceny from, and committing an assault and battery on, his father. He was held in \$1500 ball for a further

father. He was held in \$1500 ball for a further hearing.

Michael Haughey, a laborer, residing at No. 1254 Richmond street, and Rosanna Haughey, his wife, were charged with arson.

Fire Marshal Blackburn testified that he directed the arrest of the defendants upon the charge of setting fire to a small grocery store, which they kept at No. 1254 Richmond street, and with attempt to defraud the Royal, of Liverpool, and Reliance, of Philadelphia, in which companies the building, which is owned by the defendants, was insured.

Officer Tryon testified that the fire occurred near the door, coal oil was scattered all over the floor, and a number of rags also; the window frame and counter was burned; the whole of the stock is not worth \$200; no one was on the premises when the door was broken in; the defendants were found in a shed back of the house.

Officer Oaks testified that he threw two buckets of water on the fire, which extingished it; there was a candlestick and a box of matches on the counter; the latter had the brimstone ends hurned off rags were around matches on the counter; the latter had the brimstone ends burned off; rags were around an oil-can; the boxes on the shelves were all empty; there were a few cakes, a few pounds of

oap, a barrel of fish and a barrel of molass the premises.
Marshal Blackburn stated that the building and stock was insured for \$3000, while the stock wasn't worth \$200; the furniture was very plain and not much of it.

The defendants were held for trial, Philada, Stock Exchange Sales, July 12

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