THE DAILY STRAINS THAT ORAPE FEBRIORISMAN, STRAINS WILLY STATES

A RAMPANT IRESHMAN kicked up considerable excitement on Front street yesterday. Having drank much of a heavy distillation, whose simple odor would knock down any common individual at a distance of forty rods, thereby entering a state of personal satisfaction and pleasure, he proceeded down to Front street, where several women were hanging out their washing. This in "double-quick time" he jerked from the lines, scattering the various articles to the fonr winds, and finally got into a fight with at least four female opponents. Officer Smith, of the Fourth District, arriving, and attempting to arrest the bellicose individual, had his hands quite full, and it was not until repeated cudgellings, and two or three rough and tumbles, that the rampant Celt was sequestered in a cell. During last night the innal arrangements of this gloomy abode were pretty well damaged; benches torn up, panels broken, and chains snapped, while intermediate howlings and yoluminous anathemas were A RAMPANT IRISHMAN kicked up conside howlings and voluminous anathemas were launched against all officials. He gave his name as John Kelley, and says he keeps a shop at the corner of Sycamore street and Mount Ephraim pike, Camden. Alderman Godbon committed to answer for assault and battery. and mallelous mischief.

LARCENY AS BAILEE .- James E. Ballenger LARCENY AS BAILEE.—James R. Ballenger was before Recorder Eneu this morning charged with the larceny of \$200, as ballee, the property of Mrs. Steeling, residing in New Jersey. In July last the lady sold some real estate through Mr. Bowen, conveyancer and real estate agent in this city, for \$2100.

She sent her brother, after the bonds were executed to Mr. Bowen for the moreov. He had not become

outed, to Mr. Bowen for the money. He had not received it, Ballenger was in company with the brother at the time, and he gave an order to the brother at the time, and he gave an order to pay him (Ballenger) the money. The defendant being authorized to receive it, he went to Mr. Bowen and demanded two checks, one for \$200 and the other for \$1600. Instead of handing over both, he gave the lady the one for the latter amount, and it is alleged appropriated the other to his own use. He was arrested by Constable R. R. Smith, the Recorder heid him in \$600 ball to answer at Court the charge as specified above.

FAREWRIL TO THE IRISH DELEGATION .- The fareweil meeting this evening in the Academy of Music, to extend to Drs. Denham and Hall, of the Irish Presbyterian Church, the fareweil greetings of the Philadelphia churches, promises to be one of unusual interest. The reception tendered to these gentlemen on their arrival in this city was worthy of her name and tion tendered to these gentlemen on their arrival in this city was worthy of her name; and the impression made by their sermons and speeches in various parts of the country will doubtless draw many to see and hear them who have not enjoyed that privilege. This will be the last opportunity of hearing them, and those who have not secured their tickets may have an opportunity of obtaining them this evening at the door, as the few not disposed of will be distributed at that time. This will be the last opportunity of hearing these distinthe last opportunity of hearing these distin-guished strangers, who are about returning home. If there be room in the Academy, a few tickets may be had free at the door.

FURTHER AID.—This morning Mayor McMi-chael received the following donations, per Rev. William Brown

The total amount received by the Mayor, and paid over to the Treasurer of the Committee for the relief of the Sansom street sufferers, is \$13,781.34.

J Thum

THE HIBERNIA STRAM FIRE ENGINE .- The Hibernia team Fire Engine, which has been undergoing repairs at Neafle & Levy's machine

shop, for a week past, was housed yesterday, greatly improved, having received a new set of flues having the discharges made longer, and a new steam-gauge placed in position.

Dennis Kelley and John Nolen, who were wounded at the fire at the American Theatre, have almost entirely recovered from their injuries; the latter will be enabled to resume his business avocations in a few days.

FALSE PRETENSE .- John Givins was arrested last night, charged with false pretenses and embezzlement. He lately worked for Messrs. Bispham & Co., and while thus employed succeeded in obtaining various amounts of money upon false representations to a number of our business firms. He then decamped, and recuperated himself with his ill-gotten gains in Georgetown, D. C. Last evening he returned, and was arrested on Second, opposite Almond street. Alderman Tittermary committed him for a further hearing.

SEIZURE OF THE ARDENT .- About half-past 2 clock this morning the officers of the Second O'clock this morning the officers of the Second District seized five barrels of whisky, correctly marked, bu, supposed to have been stolen. They were being taken along Front street, near South, in a heavy vehicle, driven by one John Hughes. Alderman Tittermary held the latter, who goes before the United States Commis-sioner for a hearing.

SUMMER READING .- Mr. A. Winch, the wellknown periodical dealer, whose establishment is at No. 505 Chesnut street, has favored us with a capital budget of entertaining literature, em-bracing all of the latest English magazines and illustrated newspapers. Perhaps the most plea-sant of these are the London Illustrated News, Punch, Fun, All the Year Round, Once-a-Week, and Cassell's Family Paper.

A MERITED PROMOTION FOR GALLANT CON-A MERITED PROMOTION FOR CALLAST CON-DUCT.—An official document, lately received by Samuel Wrigley, made known to him his ap-pointment as major by brevet, for gallant ser-vice during the war on the Quaker road, Va. Mr. Wrigley was a detective during Mayor Henry's term, but resigned and entered the

A Pugilish Female, residing at Second and Thompson streets, and ramed Bridget Donabue, assacted a man last dight, and freely used a billy on his perso. She was arrested for this return and for carrying deadly weapons, and held by Alder han Eggleton in default of \$1000 bail to answer at Court.

DIED PROM HAR INJURIES .- Mrs. Kirkpatrick, who, with M's. Johnson, was thrown out of a carriage new the railroad crossing on Diamond street, died in about one hour after the accident. Showas injured internally, and at the time way in very delicate health. WE TEY CASE .- John Lawler and a young

map named Hughes were before Commissioner Physips this morning, charged with removing wifsky to a place other than a bonded ware-house. They were beld for trial.

A MISTAKE.-The Liberty Cornet Band, announced to play at the Concert to be given this evening at Commissioners' Hail, West Philadelphia, will not do so, their name having been used without authority.

Nor THE MAN .- Reuben Cohen, who day before yesterday was arrested with others for a street fight, is not the Reuben Cohen, tobacco-nist, at No. 206 South street.

nist, at No. 206 South Street.

Linen Dosters, lorge assortment.
Light Cassimere, Cloth. Alpaca, Drap of Etc.
Duck and Linen Sack Coats.
Light Cassimere. White and Colored Duck, and
Liven Sketeton Vests.
Light Cassimere, White and Odored Duck, Drill, and
all kinds of Linen Pruts.
Men's, Youthe', and Boys' Clothing of all kinds suited
to the teason—the largest assortment in the city—replenished daily and sold at prices guaranted lower
than the lowest elsewhere, or the sale cancelled, and
money refunded.
Half tray between
FIFTH and
SIXTH Streets.
No. 518 MARKET STREET,
And No. 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CONGRESSMAN SCHENCE, of Ohio, Intro-

CONGRESSMAN SCHENCE, of Ohio, introduced a resolution into Congress to bestow a vote of thanks on Petroleum V. Nasby for the good he has done the country in general, and, we suppose. Mr. Schenck, in particular. We hope Congress, when it passes that vote, will also pass one of thanks to Charles Stokes & Co., the eminent Clothiers under the Continental, on account of the number of good habits it has apread through the country. spread through the country

SCHOMACKER & CO.'S CELEBRATED PIANOS .-Acknowledged superior in all respects to any made in this country, and sold on most reasonable terms. New and Second-hand Pianos constantly on hand for rent. Tuning, moving, and packing promptly attended to.

WAREBOOMS NO. 1103 CHESNUT STREET. SIX CARDS, or one large Photograph, \$1. B. F. Reimer's Gallery, No. 624 Arch street, is noted for cheap and fine pictures. Porceiain pictures, \$1.

LYONS' MAGNUTIC INSECT POWDER, for kill | ing Fless, Moths, Roaches, and Bugs. The original and only sure article. Sold by all remectable dealers.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND GINTMENT.—Palpi-tation of the heart is frequently caused by in-ligestion or relaxed state of the nervous system. A course of a few weeks of these invaluable medicines will diminish the irregular throbbing, and by removing the source, restore its natural pulsation. To assist the functions, not to force them, is the true secret of success. Holloway's medicines and treatment are based on the simple laws of nature—by annihilating the cause the effect disappears. Sold by all Druggists.

A FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY.—The lovers of fine Confections will find a superb assortment at George W. Jenkins', No. 1037 Spring Garden street. He has also a fine display of Foreign Fruits, Nuts, Almonds, etc. Call on Lenkins!

DEPOT FOR THE SALE Of Lash's Five-dollar Washing Machines, Clothes-Wringers, and Step Ladders, No. 727 Market street, Philadelphia. J. S. LASH & Co.

WATER-COOLERS FOR THE MILLION.—Refrige-rators, Moth-proof Chests, Ice-Oream Freezers, etc., at E. S. FARSON & Co.'s Manufactory, No. 220 Dock street

FIFTY different styles and sizes of Refrige rators, prices from \$7 upwards. E. S. FARSON & Co., Manufacturers, No. 230 Dock street, below

"MARCH TO THE SEA."

AS Via McIntire & Brother's,

AS Via McIntire & Brother's,

AS Via McIntire & Brother's,

AS No. 1635 Chesnut street.

THE TRAVELING SULTS-The White Duck Vests, The Oblored Inick Suits, The Alpaca Coats,
The Drop of Ric Sucts,
The Brop of Ric Sucts,
The Short Duck Sucks,
The Linen Dust Coats,
The Light Castimere Suits,
The Skeleton Sucks,

Are all popular at this time, because they are just the thing for this hot weather. Our styles are as elegant this hot weather. Our styles are as elegant as to tom establishment. Our prices are so taw, people

ny custom establishment. Our prices at a survey with great satisfaction.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE,

UAK HALK,

THE CORNER OF SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS. JONES & THACHER, Printers, 510 Minor St

MARRIED.

ELLIOTT-BAER.—In this city, on the 9th instant, by Rev. Clark B. Oakley, Mr. FRANK ELLIOTF to Miss GENEVA E. BAER, all of Philadelphia. GIRVIN-SAUNDERS.—On the 10th instant, at the residence of Rev. E. D. Saunders, D. D., West Philisdelphia, by the Rev. J. Addison Henry, ROBERT M. GIRVIN, M. D., to SUE H. SAUNDERS.

DIED. EVANS.—On Wednesday evening, the loth instant, HELEN, infant daughter of Franklin and Julia HICKLING—On the 18th instant, FRANCIS H.
HICKLING in the 38th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Vailey Green, Whitemarsh township, Montgomery county, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Saturday, Julyis.

HUGHES,—On the evening of the 10th instant,
MARY F., infant daughter of Thomas and Emily R.
Hughes, aged 7 months and 2 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited
to attend the funeral, from the residence of Samuel T.
Canby, No. 1001 Green street, on Friday afternoon at a
o'clock.

o'cleck.

REGN.—On the 19th instant, JOSEPHINE, daughter of Casper and Josephine Regn, aged 18 years 2 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents. No. 2074 S. Eighth street, on Saturday morning at 8% o'clock. SNYDER.—On the morning of the 9th instant, ELI ZABETH, wife of Jacob Snyder, in the 70th year o

her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 1138 Pear's treet, on Friday morning at 7% o'clock, without further notice.

YEAGER.—On the 9th instant, Mr. JOHN GEORGE YEAGER, after a lingering filmss, aged 33 years. The relatives and Irlends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 1632 N. Fourth street, on Friday morning, the 12th instant, at 745 o'clock.

FINELY PULVERIZED ICE MAY BE I made at the rate of two quarts a minute, by using a Patent Ice Plane. This enables dealers to furnish cool beverages without delay. They are for sais by TRUMAN & SHAW. No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

THE OPERATION OF PACKER'S ICE THE OPERATION OF PACKER'S ICE rees acrape off the cream as fast as it congenis upon the surface of the can, and moves it towards the centre, while another portion of cream takes its place, becomes frozen and then removed; thus the contents being constantly in motion against the freezing surface, become of smooth and even consistency (as all good ice cream should be, and it is nearly double in quantity. Those freezers are sold by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

DEA-SHELLING, CHERRY-STONING, AND Raisin-seeding Machines greatly reduce the labor of these operations. For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 825 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

INSURE YOUR LIFE

AMERICAN Life Insurance Company,

IN THE

OF PHILADELPHIA. OFFICE, S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND WALNUT WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTIlated and Easy-fitting DRESS HATS (patented) in all the approved fashions of the season, CHESNUT Street, next door to the Post Office.

JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
FIRST Store above Chestnut street. [49]

FOSTER, PASHIONABLE HATTER, No. 7 S. SIXTH Street. 4 11 6m8p7

DEENCH CIRCULATING LIBRARY. FRENCH BOOKSELLER, STATIONER AND ENGRAVER,
No. 202 S. ELEVENTH Street

SADDLERY FOR CITY AND COUNTRY, AND S Wholesale and Retail,
Very Chesp.
Big Horse in the Door.
KNEASS,
No. 631 MARKET Street.

RODGERS'AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET ENIVES, Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish, RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOR. SCHEOORS of the finest quality.

Razors, Knives, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Polished at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 TENTH Street, below Chesnut.

28 5 10

DEAFNESS .- EVERY INSTRUMENT THAT bearing it every degree of deafness; also, Respirators; also, Crandall's Palent Crutches, superfor to any others in use, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 TENTH Street, below Chesnut.

TTO HOUSEKEEPERS AND INVALIDS .-The undersigned respectfully calls the attention of the public to the stock of Prime Cider and Pure Cider Vinegar for pickling and general family usualso, to his popular "Tonic Ais." free from all impurities, and endorsed by the medical faculty as a safe and wholesome beverage for weak and delicate constitutions.

Delivered free of charge to all parts of the city,
P. J. JORDAN,
No. 620 PEAR Street,
11 775y Below Third, and Walnut and Dock. 600 ARCH STREET. 600

TO CROQUET PLAYERS. GARLES \$7.50, \$10.00, AND \$12.00.

GRIFFITH & PAGE,

NO. 600 ARCH STREET. MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT LOANED UPON DIAMONES, WATCHES, JEWBELRY, PLATE, CLOTHING, ETC., at
JONES & CO.'S

OLD ESTABLISHED LOAN OFFICE,
Corner of THIRD and GASKILL Sirests,
Below Lomberd.

N. R.-IVIAMONDS WATCHES, JEWELBY, REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

op left by assertance a Salaran fit or two bulence of the figure largers.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Senate.

Washington, July II.—The journel having been read, Mr. Edmunds (Vt.) moved that the Senate take up the Reconstruction bill, and the motion was agreed to. The pending question was upon the following amendment, proposed by Mr. Howard (Mich.), to be added to the sixth section:—

ection:—
Provided, That the mere act of voting for an

Provided, That the mere act of voting for an ordinance of secession, so called, shall not of itself be deemed, under this act, engaging in rebellion against the United States, nor shall any person be deemed disqualific For registration under this act merely because of his having held or exercised the functions of a justice of the peace, notary public, trustee, officer

in his amendment. He would therefore with-

orawit, replying to some remarks in the de-bate of yesterday.

Mr. Howard said—"It was clear that the Boards of Registration had some discretion in the administration of the oats. For instance, if Jessers to a some such well-known

Rebel were to apply for registration, and offer to take the oath, it would be the duty of the Board to reject the application. In this particular, the opinion of the Attorney-General was

tion in Congress unless it shall contain in its Constitution a provision declaring that such State shall forever remain a member of the

State shall forever remain a member of the American Union; that every citizen owes paramount allegiance to the United States; and that no law shall be passed by the said State in contravention of the authority of the United States or in subversion of it.

Mr. Trumbull made the point of order that under the resolution of Friday no subject could be introduced not strictly pertaining to the Reconstruction bill as passed at the last session. This was a new subject.

Mr. Drake was addressing the Senate, when several Sepators objected that a point of order was not debatable.

Mr. Trumbull repeated his point, that a proosition involving a new plan of reconstruc-ion was not admissible. Mr. Drake said this was no new plan of re-

construction, and it was simply to provide that no state shall be admitted until its Constitu-tion shall be made to conform to the American

system of government.

Mr. Trumbull—Was that in the original bill?

Mr. Drake—If it was not, then I insist that
this Senate shall declare this amendment in

order by an affirmative vote. Do not let us go away and leave the miserable fooleries and hideous monstrosities of State's rights to return

again to plague us.

Mr. Bucksiew (Pa.), though opposed to the amendment, believed on the point of order that it was admissible.

The Chair decided the amendment out of

order under the resolution of Friday.

Mr. Drake appealed from the decision of the Chair, and addressed the Senate to show that

through a suspension of the rule of Friday.

Mr. Drake said he should make this motion, if deleated on his appeal from the chair.

Mr. Sumner contended that the amendment

in the Reconstruction bills, that the constituons of the Rebel States should be submitted

tions of the Rebel States should be submitted to Congress for approval.

Mr. Pomeroy said that meant the right to revise the constitutions to see if they were in accordance with the Reconstruction bills.

The question was then taken on Mr. Drake's appeal from the decision of the Chair, and the Chair was sustained.

House of Representatives.

qualified.
Mr. Robinson saw the point and withdrew

shall be paid to his helrs.

Mr. Fox (N. Y.) asked and obtained permission to record his vote against the Reconstruction bill passed last Tuesday.

Mr. Van Horn (N. Y.), on leave, introduced a resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to admit the examination of Maurice.

Rice Evans for admission to the Naval Academy

Rice Evans for admission to the Naval Academy in September next. He explained the object of the resolution, the point being that the young man when he passed his examination was not the legal age. The resolution passed.

Mr. Ward (N. Y.) presented a petition of nine hundred citizens of Maryland, asking Congress to pass a law abolishing all distinction in suffrage on account of race or color throughout the United States. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The House resumed the consideration of the concurrent resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Boutwell, providing for an adjournment until October. He said that, as the action of Congress

on the proposed impeachment of the President would stand, either for good or evil, as a prece-dent, it was due to the character of the House,

and to the high position of the person accused, that in this great proceeding, which must re-main in history after they had passed away, they should command all the time necessary for a fair and just judicial consideration of the

They should not let the mutter be involved in

Committee.

his amendment was in order.

was not debatable.

THE TRIAL OF JOHN & SURBATT.

Day cooos

WASHINGTON, July 11 .- The trial of John H. WASHINGTON, July II.—The trial of John H. Surratt was resumed this morning in the Driminal Court, Judge Fisher presiding. The testimony for the defense was continued.

Thomas W. Williams was sworn, and examined by Mr. Merrick—I reside in Washington on H street, and was born and raised here; know William E. Cleaver; his reputation is bad, and from his reputation I would not believe him under oath.

him under oath.

By Mr. Carrington—Have known Cleaver for ten or tweive years, and have had considerable intercourse with him; have never seen him on the course with him; have never seen him on the course with him; have never beard a sixth street, at Rainey's stable; have heard a a good many say lately that they would not believe Cleaver; have heard his character for truth before this trial, and before he was tried; heard his character assailed during the war, when he was Government Inspector of horses; I was told it was an easy matter to get horses through, as Cleaver was there; I putsome horses through.

through.
Q. Did you bribe Cleaver to put your horses through? The witness declined to answer.
Q. Why do you decline to answer?
Mr. Merrick objected, and the objection was

with the with the work of the contractors, I got the information from some of the contractors; I got the information that it was easy to put the horses through under Cleaver at my stables; don't recoilect who gave me that information; It has been four years since Cleaver was In-spector; have heard people say Cleaver was dis-honest, and that he was a liar, and that they would not believe him; have heard Mr. Shekal s,

would not believe him; have heard Mr. Shekal's, Mr. John C. Cooke, and a good many say they would not believe him: there were so many people spoke of Cleaver that I cannot remember their names.

By Mr. Pierrepont—The fact that Cleaver passed my horses and other horses, did enter into my judgment of his reputation for truth, and had some effect upon my judgment; I thought Cleaver's course in relation to the horses was demanding his reputation.

thought Cleaver's course in relation to the horses was damaging his reputation.

By Mr. Merrick—I can't recollect any one person who questioned Cleaver's character; I can't remember individual names.

Jackson Humphrey sworn, and examined by Mr. Merrick—I live in Washington, and have lived here fifty-three years; am a carpenter and builder; know Cleaver, and know his general reputation for truth, and it has been considered had: have known Cleaver twenty years. idered bad; have known Cleaver twenty year

sidered bad; have known Cleaver twenty years; twelve years ago my mother told me no confidence was to be placed in Cleaver's word; I would not believe him on oath.

By Mr. Plerrepont—Have lived here all my life; the conversation referred to with my brother related to dealing in horses; have bought and sold horses, and have found men dealing in horses very honest; I took part in the war on the Union side; I had three sons and advised them to so in the Union army and they vised them to go in the Union army, and they did so; my sympathies were with the North and are yet; my loyally has never been questioned in any particular; I was about to have dealings with Cleaver, and my brother advised me not

with Cleaver, and my brother advised me not to do so.

Taimadge J. Lambert was sworn, and examined by Mr. Merrick—I reside in H street, and am clerk in the Paymaster-General's office, and have been there since 1863; In 1865 resided on the south side of H street, between Fourth and Fifth, and was a square and three-quarters from the house No. 542 H street—Mrs. Surratt's; the house I lived in was a brick house, on the south side, three stories and a basement, and has steps going up to the door; to the west of the house was an open lot, and to the east a brick house.

By Mr. Pierrepont—The house I occupied is

has steps going up to the door; to the west of the house was an open lot, and to the east a brick house.

By Mr. Pierrepont—The house I occupied is east of Mrs. Surrati's; the house is of brick, with white marble sills; the house is now as it was in 1865; on entering the basement from the pavement you step down two steps, and on going to the parlor you goup steps.

Mr. Frederick R. Lambert sworn, and examined by Mr. Merrick—I live in Washington, and in 1865 lived in H street, between Fourth and Fifth, the house above described by the last wilness; I remember the night of the President's assassination, and was in that house above mentioned that night; between II and 12 o'clock that night I heard some one say indistinctly that the President was shot, and I went then to the front of the house to ascertain what was meant: I first intended to go on the portico, but it was too damp, and I then went to the parlor window; I spoke to the servant and said something about going into the damp; Margaret told me to go to the window, and I opened the window; I saw a soldier passing; the soldier I spoke to was with but one, and he said the soldiers that had passed were going to Camp Barry; a number of soldiers, about twelve, had passed previously; I asked what the soldiers were doing, and I was informed that they came to see a torchlight procession; I saw no guns; they told me they were soldiers, and I took no note of their dress; the soldiers manifested no excitement in passing; I came to testify of my own accord; I was reading an account of the trial, and a portion of the testimony struck me as similar to a conversation that I had with a soldier on that hight; I thought it a strange coincidence, at least, that such a similar conversation should

versation that I had with a soldier on that hight; I thought it a strange coincidence, at least, that such a similar conversation should have taken place; did not take particular notice of the dress; I read the testimony, perhaps five days ago; I read it and remarked that it was a strange coincidence, as the conversation certainly occurred at my house on that night; I do not recollect how long I waited at the window; I was at the window several times, and if we have the receipts, some moving hurriedly say others needing, some moving hurriedly

dow; I was at the window several times, and it saw others peeping, some moving hurriedly and others slowly; the soldiers were talking about the killing, but I asked no questions.

Margaret Williams (colored) sworn, and examined by Mr. Merrick—I live now with Mrs. Lambert, and lived with her when the President was killed on the trial. dent was killed; on that night Mrs. Lambert called for a shawl; we heard a loud talking outside, and Mrs. Lambert went to the parior window and raised it; a crowd of soldiers first passed and afterwards two soldiers passed, and Mrs. Lambert asked them what was the matter, and

Lembert asked them what was the matter, and they said Booth had shot the President.

By Mr. Pierrepont—Mrs. Lambert first went to the portico, and I told her to come in, as it was too damp, and she came in; it was a dark night; I know because I wanted to go to the theatre and Mrs. Lambert would not let me go. Mr. Phelps (Md.) asked leave to offer a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce
to inquire into the causes of the present collapse in the ship-building interest in America,
etc., but Mr. Allison (Iowa) objected.
On motion of Mr. Moorhead (Pa.) the Committee on Military Affairs was directed to inquire into the expediency of amending the
Bounty act of July 28, 1886, so as to provide that
in case of the death of the soldier after his discharge and before his receiving the bounty, it
shall be paid to his heirs.
Mr. Fox (N. Y.) asked and obtained permis-

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Cotton dull: 284c. Flour 10@ 20c. higher; State, \$7.8811.20; Ohio, \$10.000.318; Western, \$7.6212.30; Southern, \$9.000.16; sales of \$600 bbis. Wheat 262.5c. higher; sales of 10.000 bushels No. 2 at \$2.324; for white; California, \$3.006.8740. Oors heavy, and lo. lower: sales of \$6.000 bushels; mixed Western, \$1.05 (\$1.08. Oats firmer; State, \$25.; Western, \$25. Rye, 1626. lower: sales of \$500 bushels; mixed Western, \$1.05. Beef quiet and unchanged. Pork firm; new mess, \$22.506. Lard quiet; bbis. 11.4(\$173.6. Whisky quiet.

NEW YORK, July 11. — Stocks excited and very strong. Chicago and Rock Island, 98: Reading, 105%; Canton Company, 49%; Erie, 71%; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 99: Cleveland and Toledo, 20%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 102%; Michigan Southern, 81%; New York Central, 1985; Illinois Central, 122%; Comberland preferred, 40%; Missouri 68, 88%; Hudson River, 109%; United States Five-twenties of 1882, 112%; do, 1864, 169%; do, 1865, 109%; Ten-forties, 102%; Seven-thirlies, 1974 new Issue, 108%; all others, 108, Money, 5 per cent.; Exchange unchanged; Gold, 138%.

JOHNSTON & SELDEN Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Bankruptcy No. 434 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia. [6 19 Jun Kx-Gov. W. F. JOHNSTON. GEO. 8. SELDEN

THE

"EXCELSIOR" HAMS SELECTED FROM THE BEST CORN-PED

IHOGS, ARE OF STANDARD REPUTA. TION, AND THE BEST IN THE WORLD. J. H. MICHENER & CO.

GENERAL PROVISION DEALERS, AND CURERS OF THE CELEBRATED "EXCELSIOR"

SUGAR-CURED BANS, TONGUES, AND

REEF. Nos. 142 and 144 N. FRONT Street. None genuine unless branded "J. H. M. & Co., EX. GELSIOR."

The justly celebrated "EXCELSIOE" HAMS are cured by J. H. M. & Co. (in a style peculiar to themselves), expressly for FAM(LV USE; are of delicious flavor free from the unpleasant taste of valt, and are pronounced by epicures superior to any now othered foreals.

CET THE BEST.—THE HOLY BIBLE—HARDIng's Editions—Family, Pulpit and Pocket Ribles, in beautiful styles of Turkey Morocco and antique bindings. A new edition, arranged for photographic portraits of families.

WM. W. HARDING, Publisher,

22 No. 805 CHESNUT Street, below Fourth.

LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

[SPECIAL DESPATORES TO EVENING THINGRAPH.]

WASHINGTON, July 11. The Vacant Others. No nominations for vacant offices have been

No nominations for vacant offices have been sent into the Senate yet by the President. It is understood he will decide to lay whether to send in nominations or not at this session. If it is decided to make nominations, it is believed that removals for inefficiency and incompetency will be made in certain cases where the public interests are suffering from this cause.

The House Agrees to take a Recess until November 13th. There has been a sharp struggle in the House to-day upon the question of an adjournment to October or November, the impeacuers favoring the adjournment to October. The motion to strike out October 18th and insert November 13th has prevailed by a vote of ayes 93; noes, 50. This indicates that the House is not inclined to hold a special session to take up the question of impeachment, as proposed by the resolution of Mr. Boutwell.

Mr. Pike, in making the motion to insert November 18th, and 18t

ing held or exercised the functions of a justice of the peace, notary public, trustee, officer or agent of an institute of learning; commissioners of banks, railroads, canals, roads and bridges, or highways; trustees of churches, religious associations, or schools; ministers, priests, or other persons vested with the authority to solemnize marriage; State commissioners, or agents for taking acknowledgments of deeds, conveyances, depositions, or affidavits. Mr. Pike, in making the motion to meert No-vember, stated distinctly that he did not pro-pose the meeting at that time for impeachment purposes, believing the impeachment move-ment to be a President-making scheme: or affidavits.

Mr. Howard took the floor in explanation of his amendment, and at the conclusion of his amendment, and at the conclusion of his remarks said, that as there was a large share of judicial powers left in the hands of the District Commanders, it would perhaps be as well to leave them to determine the matter contained to his amendment. He would therefore with-

HEARING BEFORE UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER SERGEANT. - Albert C. Bonson was be fore the above Commissioner upon the charge of distilling without a license. Edward Heisland sworp—Amgeneral inspec-

tor and gauger; reside at Lancaster, Pa.; Bonson resides at Columbia; visited his premises on the 29th of June; he is a manufacturer of ale and 29th of June; he is a manufacturer of ale and mineral water; they were manufactured in Mr. Groves' building adjoining; found the still on Bobson's premises; had a conversation with defendant, and he told me he manufactured the ale and mineral water; Groves lives in a house fronting on a street, and directly in the rear fronting on another street. Bonson resides; the still I found was in the celiar; it was walled up, and had apparently been used; I don't know whether the defendant had a special license; the defendant stated to me that he had used the still for the purpose of remanufacturing sour ale; he said he had never made any spirits; the worm was there; I do not know

lar, the opinion of the Attorney-General was very faulty to say the least."

Mr. Howard withdrew his amendment.

Mr. Hower (Wis.) moved to amend the fourth section by adding a proviso that any person heretofore appointed by the District Commanders to exercise the functions of a civil office, may be removed by the District Commanders or by the Commanding General of the Armies.

Mr. Howe said that without this proviso it might be thought that the District Commanders had no power to remove a man once appointed.

Mr. Trumbuli (Ill.) did not see the pecessity spirits; the worm was there; I do not know anything about the distillation of spirits.

William C. Pinkerton sworn—Reside in Lancaster; am clerk in A. C. Filnn's, who is a furniture dealer; in the copper business, plumbers and gas fitters, etc.; I have seen defendant bepointed.

Mr. Trumbull (Ill.) did not see the necessity for this amendment, although he did not think it would do any harm.

Mr. Edmunds (Vt.) called attention to the fact that the proviso related only to appointments heretofore made.

Mr. Howe said it was appended to the fourth fore; he called at our place; he said there was a still being made there, and wanted to know still being made there, and wanted to know how it was getting along; told me at the same time he was engaged in the mineral water business, and wanted the still to make syrups; the still was of copper of 40 or 50 gallons capacity; the bill was made out blank for syrup kettles; Mr. Groves patd the bill, telling me to receipt it in his name, as he bought it for another party; \$159.75 was paid for it; the charge in the book was to "John Cash;" It was taken away about a week after being paid for I do not remember when it was section, which related only to appointments heretofore made.

Mr. Edmunds moved to amend by adding after word heretofore the words "or hereafter."

The amendment as thus amended was Mr. Drake (Mo.) moved to amend by adding an additional section, to the effect that none of the Rebel States shall be entitled to representa-

It was taken away about a week after being paid for; I do not remember when it was.

Charles Groves sworn—Reside in Columbia; am in the wholesale liquor business; know the defendant; I have seen the previous witness before; I paid him some money for a syrup kettle; that was mentioned in the receipt; I have seen the previous witness before; I paid him some money for a syrup kettle; that was mentioned in the receipt; I have made out in the pame of "Canto". ketle; that was mentioned in the receipt; It think it was made out in the name of "Cash;" Mr. Bonson handed me the money to pay for it; I don't know that it was for a still; I understood from the defendant that it was to manufacture syraps in; I formerly carried on the mineral water business, and sold out to him on the let of January last.

Defendant was held in \$1000 ball to answer.

John K. Barr and A. N. Cassel, of Mount Joy, Pa., were charged with removing twenty-three barrels of whisky to a place other than a bonded

Henry Ely sworn-Know Mr. Barr; he is a Henry Ely sworn—Know Mr. Barr, he is a neighbor of mine; I reside near Mount Joy; Barr is a farmer; Heistand & Stone's warehouse is about a mile from where I live, on the Pennsylvania Railroad; I know his team; I have seen whisky hauled in it about dusk in the evening; I have seen the defendants about a car on the railroad marked "Cassel & Barr's Market Car;" I saw four or six barrels once in each of two teams belonging to barr and his brother; this was about of May 23, a week or two before the seizure; Mr. Barr told me he was a wholesale

whisky dealer.

Jacob Hiestand sworn—Live near Salanga, Ps.; know the defendants; I own this ware-house on the railroad; these detendants own a car; I know of whisky baing put on this car; I saw a five-horse team bring ten barrels of whisky to the ear on our sideling on the 23d of ty to the ear on our sideling on the 23d of twenty barrels were loaded altogether that day; they had the Inspector's (Sutton) name on, but no marks of tax paid, nor no bonded warehouse marks on them The defendants were held in \$2500 each for a

Mr. Pomeroy (Kan.) did not believe this amendment was admissible. He was in favor of it, and thought the best way to reach it was Philada, Stock Exchange Sales, July 11 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S, Third street Mr. Summer contended that the amendment was in order. In the course of his remarks he said he reserved to himself the right to require such guarantees as he thought necessary to secure a republican form of government.

Mr. Pomeroy did not believe that Congress could ask any additional guarantees.

Mr. Summer said it was distinctly announced in the Reconstruction hills that the constitu-

SALE OF

RAILROAD PROPERTY

AND FRANCHISES.

Messrs. Hubbard and Barnum, of Connecti-cut, appeared and took their seats as members. Mr. Robinson (N. Y.) moved to suspend the rules to enable Mr. Barnum to record his vote on the passage of the Reconstruction bill last Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree of the supreme Court of Pennsylvania, we will expose to sale at Public Auction, The Speaker suggested that there was no pre-cedent for a member voting before he had been

AT THE PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE. In the City of Philadelphia, State of Penusylvania

15TH DAY OF OCTOBER,

A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock, noon, of that day, all and singular the RAILROADS AND RAILWAYS, LANDS, TRACKS, LINES, RAILS, CROSSTICS, CHAIRS, SPIKES, FROGS, SWITCHES, and other RRON, BRIDGES, WAYS and RIGHTS OF WAY, MATERIALS, HOUSES, BUILDINGS, SHOPS, PIERS, WHARVES, ERECTIONS, FENCES, WALLS, FIXTURES, DEPOTS, RIGHTS AND INTERESTS, and all and every other property and entate, real, personal, and mixed, of, belonging or appertaining to the RENO OIL CREEK AND PITHOLE RAILWAY COMPANY, and all the corporate rights, franchises, and privileges of, or belong appertaining to the RENO OIL CREEK AND FITHOLE RAILWAY COMPANY, and all the corporate rights, franchises, and privileges of, or belonging to the said Company, together with all and singular the Locomotives and other Engines, Tenders, Cars, Machinery, Tools, Materials, and Implements, as well as materials for constructing, repairing, replaining, using and operating said Railroad and Railway. All of which said property is situate in Venango County, in the State of Peunsylvania, and being the same property, rights, privileges, and franchises which said Company, by indenture of mortgage, dated the 23d day of May, A. D. 1866, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Venango County aforesaid, in Mortgage Book No. 2, page 366, etc., on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1866, granted and conveyed to the undersigned John S. Sauzade, in trust, to secure certain bonds therein mantioned.

And which the said Company by indenture of mortgage, dated Aprils, 1866, and duly recorded in the office of said Recorder of Deeds of Venango County, aforesaid, in Mortgage Book No. 2, page 374, etc., on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1866, granted and conveyed to the said Recorder of Deeds of Venango County, aforesaid, in Mortgage Book No. 2, page 374, etc., on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1866, granted and conveyed to Morris R. Jessup, and the undersigned William J. Barr, in trust to secure certain debts therein mentioned. This sale will be made under, and in pursuance of a decree entered by the said Supreme Court, of the State of Pennsylvania on the 38 day of July, A. D. 1867, in a cause peading in equity in said court, upon a hill filed by the said John S. Sauzade, Trustee, against the said Company, and the said Morris K. Jessup and William J. Barr, defendants, praving inter alia, for a decree of sale of the said mortgaged premises. The terms and conditions of sale will be as follows:—

The mortgaged premises will be sold in one and will be struck off to the highest and best prins. I and will be struck off to the highest and best bidder for cash.

Second: Five per cent, of the purchase money shall be paid to the undersigned at the time of the sais by the purchaser, and he must also sign the terms and conditions of sais, otherwise, the said pramises will be immediately resold.

Third. The balance of the purchase money shall be paid to the undersigned, at the Banking House of Drexel & Co., No. 3s S. Third street, Philadelphia, within thirty days from and after the day of sale. They should not let the matter be involved in the measures of party warfare which would exist during the next six months. They should see that the time was free from all controversy about other matters.

Mr. Pike asked Mr. Boutwell to let an amendment be offered for an adjournment until Wednesday, November 18.

Mr. Routwell declined to do so.

Mr. Pike said he proposed that amendment without any reference to the quostion of impeachment. He did not believe the House should hasten its session one day in reference to that question. He did not believe that the country desired to be involved in that question. The country wanted peace. It wanted time to recover from the effects of war. So far as concerned the punishment of the person in the White House, it seemed to him that after having destroyed him politically, the only question now was whether they should mangle the corpse. (Laughter.)

PHILADELPHIA, July 5, 1867.
M. THOMAS & HONS, Auctioneers.
7 2018 1018

TRITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS .-Principal Depot, No 304 CHESNUP street.
Central Depot, No. 101 South FIFTH Street, one doo
bulow Chesnut. Established 1802.
Bayesus Stamps of every description constantifyst hand in any amount.
Officer by Mall or Express oromptly attended to.

FIF TH EDIT

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Two o'clock Marks, Report.

By Atlantic Cable.

Lowdon, July 11-2 P. M.—Convols, 94 15-16. Eric Railrond advanced to 45%. Liverpool, July 11-7 P. M.—Cotton I-16d. lower. Refined Petroleum declined to is. 3d. Bacon advanced to 42s 6d. Other articles unchanges.
Quaensrown, July 11.—The steamship Queen, from New York June 29, arrived here to day.

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

General Summary of the Doings of Cougress-The Prospects of Recenstruction and of the Next Session, Etc.

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TRANSPARENT WASHINGTON, July 11. The Supplementary Reconstruction bill was taken up in the Senate to-day as being first in order, Senator Howard, of Michigan, having the

Mr. Howard addressed the Senate is a short speech in reply to charges made against him yesterday by Mr. Trumbull, that the oath which was incorporated in the Beconstruction bill passed last session, on motion of Mr. Howard, was the principal ground on which the Attorney-General based his opinion, excluding large numbers from disqualification in the Rebel States, and was one of the main causes of the present session. At the consistsion of his remarks Mr. Howard withdrew his amendment, deciaring that the mere act of voting for an ordinance of secssion at a popular election does not work disqualification.

Mr. Howe, of Wisconsin, proposed to ampad by adding at the end of section four a provise that any person hereforere or hereafter appointed to office by District Commanders may be removed by them as by the General commanding the army. The amendment in the form of an additional section, requiring that no State should be acmitted to representation in Congress unless its Constitution declares that it would forever remains State in the Union; that it owed its first allegiance to the General Government; and that no act Mr. Howard addressed the Senate in a short

the Union; that it owed its first allegiance to the General Government; and that no act passed by a State-Government in contravention thereof is valid. This was opposed by Mr. Trumbull, and a sharp details arose between Messrs. Trumbull and Drake. The Chair decided that the amendment did not come within the meaning of the resolution requiring the legislation to be confined during the session to removing the obtacles to reconstruction. Mr. Drake appealed from the decision of the chair, and the chair was sustained by a vote of 24 to 13.

The House up to the present has been en-The House up to the present has been engaged in discussing propositions to adjourn, and some sharp exchanges have occurred between Messrs. Pike of Maine, on the one side, and Messrs. Stevens and Lawrence, on the other. Mr. Pike declared the imposehment business a scheme for President making in advance of the regular time, and moved that when the House adjourns it be till November 13th. This was amended by Mr. Spalding, and the previous question called. Mr. Pike's resolution subsequently passed. quently passed.

Trial of John H. Surratt.

Continued from Fourth Edition

Continued from Fourth Edition.

On the parlor Mrs. Lambert looked out the window, and I stood behind her; I don't remember whether the soldiers had guns or not; the soldiers seemed to be in a hurry; before they passed we heard lend talking; we were upstairs when we first heard the loud talking; Mrs. Lambert was preparing for bed; I heard a loud voice say the President was shot: we then came down stairs; the first I heard of it was in the back room, as the soldiers went by; I heard them talk about the President being killed.

By Mr. Merrick—I was present the other day when Mrs. Lambert read from the paper the conversation referred to.

Mrs. Lambert was recalled, and examined by Mr. Merrick—I am certain the conversation was between II and I2 o'clock in the evening.

John J. Hollahan sworn, and examined by Mr. Bradley—In 1865 I lived at Mrs Surrati's on H street; I went to board there in February, 1865; besides myself and family, Lawis J. Welchman and Miss Dean and Miss Fitzpatrick boarded there, Miss Jenkins stopped there about a week; I know Welchman; he was boarding at Mrs. Surrati's before I went there; I knew of Atzerott coming to the house; Welchman and Atzerott appeared to be very intimate; I have frequently seen them coming together; one day I met Atzerott with Welchman's coat and cap on; Welchman's room was back of mine; I have seen Atzerott in Welchman's room; I never saw Harold at the house; I have Atzerott, Booth, and Welchman, sli in company; on the night of April 3.1865, I was in my room, and saw but the prisoner, John Surratt, that night; I had not seen him for ten days previously; at a few minutes of 9 o'clock on April 3. I went to bed, and a rapeame o'clock on April 3, I went to bed, and a rap came to my door, and the prisoner was outside, and said he wanted to see me; I went into Welchman's room, and Surratt asked me if I had any money, and I said I had, and loaned him \$60; I then turned and opened the door, when he handed me two twenty dollar geld pieces, which he insisted upon my taking, and I took them; Weichman was present at the time.

Mr. Bradley proposed to show by this witness that Weichman acknowledged that he knew where Surratt had gone, and also proposed to show that Weighman was as deep in this as

The evidence was ruled out, as Welchman had not been questioned on the subject.

The witness resumed—I went home at 9 o'clock on the night of the assassination; Mrs. Surratt had returned from Surrattsville; I did not see John Surratt that night; during the night I was aroused by the detectives, and when I opened the door, McDevitt and Clarvoe were in the entry; I asked what was the matter, and one of them repiled, "Don't you know the President has been assassinated?" I said I did not, and afterwards they searched the house; they went to the room over the one occupied by Mr. Boughter: I saw Clarvoe go to the servants door, but I am not satisfied that Clarvoe went in; on the morning of April 15 I met Welchman at the Patent Office, and we went to Mrs. Surratt's to breakfast; from that moment I was in company with Welchman until be was placed in custody; breakfast was nearly over when Miss Annie Surratt came in; Mr. Welchman did not state to me that morving that he had his suspicions about the matter, and was going to make them known to the Government; he did not say he knew Booth and his associates, and was going to give their names to the authorities.

Q. Was anything said to you by Welchman, about his suspicions? A. If you will allow me, I will make a statement as to what took place at the breakfast table.

Objected to.

Judge Fisher said—You can testify as to what The evidence was ruled out, as Welchman

Objected 10.
Judge Fisher said—You can testify as to whate
Weichman said about his suspicious.
Witness—He said nothing about his suspi-

Arrival of Specie. NEW YORK, July 11.—The steamer Arizona brings \$700,113 in specie from Aspinwall.

FRENCH STEAM SCOURING.

ALBEDYLL MARX & CO.

NO. 132 SOUTH ELEVENTH STREET

NO. 510 HACE STREET. Stomwi

F. H. WILLIAMS,

Seventeenth and Spring Garden. BUILDING LUMBER

AND HARD WOODS, 15 15 WHIRE