THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILADELPHIA, WEDNEDAY, JULY 3, 1867.

VOL. VILL-No 3. DBOT WOM SI TMAL HET ME

PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1867.

DOUBLE SHEET-THREE CENTS.

MAXIMILIAN

THURLE STRUCK An Official Confirmation of

His Execution.

N DO DD, committee all the day Miramon and Mejia Share His Fate.

The Prince Shot with Ilis Face to the Front, the Mexicans in the Back.

Bis Last Words, "Poor Carlotta !"

Strong Protest of the Prussian Minister Against the Execution of the Imperial Captive,

Rejoicings Among the Mexicans.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc. W. CABBII

MATAMORAS. June 28, via New Orleans, July 2. -Official information of the death of Maximilian Miramon, and Mejia was received here yester day. The report of Escobedo says they were condemned on the night of the 14th, the sen-tence confirmed at headquarters on the 15th, and the 16th designated as the day of execution. Their execution was, however, suspended by order of Juarez until the 19th, on which day, at 7 o'clock A. M., the three were shot. On the morning of the 18th the Prussian Minister made another attempt to save them, but failed.

Maximilian was shot faced to the front. His last words were "Poor Carlotta!" Miramon and Mejia were reduced from their rank and shot in back. General Berriozabal immediately, communi-

cated the news to General Reynolds, in Browns-ville. There is great rejoicing in Mexico over the event.

Official information of the surrender of the capital to Diaz has also reached here. Marquez was deposed, and the city was surrendered by Bamon Tabera. It is thought here that Juarez has started for

the capital. Mexicans are jubriant, and foreigners are horror-stricken.

Letters from Juarcz received at headquarters here, and which your Commissioner has the privilege of perusing, state that Maximillan, Mejia, and Miramon were sentenced to be shot on the morning of June 16, the sentence being promulgated on the morning of June 14. Sub promutgated on the morning of June 14. Sub-sequently the execution was postponed for three days to give Maximilian time to arrange his affairs, and it was announced that the execution would positively take place on the morning of June 19, at 11 o'clock. The Prussian and British Ministers visited Juarez at San Luis Potost to endeavor to arrest the doom of the montheast build be a subunfortunate Prince; but their efforts were vain. Both had returned to Queretaro to take formal leave of Mexico when the Prince was executed.

Among Maximilian's papers found in Queretaro was a will, in case of his death, he appoints Theodosia Lanes, Jose Maria Lacunsea, and larquez regents of the empire. Portions of Maximilian's service plate are on exhibition as trophies at Matamoras.

The following is the telegram of Escobedo to

noble words just pronounced by Bares Duple. Not only does the Commber share his emotion, but all France feels as he does. The whole world knows sufficiently the sentiments of humanity and gene-rofily of our country to prevent any doubt on the subject being entertained. (Renewed approbation.) The minutes of the previous sitting were them adopted. Marshal Forcey, detailed at Sancy by the state of his health, excused himself for being absent from the sitting of the Senate.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN WAR.

Repuise of a Paraguayan Attack on the

Allied Camp-Riot in Rio Jameiro-Brazilian Order for American Small Arms.

RIO JANEIRO, June 8, via Lisbon and London, July 2.—The news received in Rio from the seat of war on the Parana is dated to the 30th of

July 2.—The news received in Rio from the seat of war on the Parana is dated to the 30th of May. On the list of May the Paraguayan troops attacked the allied camp, but were repulsed with great loss. There have been riots in the city of Rio. The population became indigmant at the conduct of three brothers, who, they alleged, had cruelly treated and imprisoned their own sister and her child. The people mustered in the streets, and the agitation pro-ceeded to such an extent that the troops were called out to disperse the crowd. The cavairy charged on the people, and several persons were killed. The city is now quiet. The Brazilian Government has sent an order to the United States for the purposes of the present war.

present war.

COLOMBIA.

COLOMBIA. Mosquera Captured—The Revolution at an End. Private information which we have received from New Grenada states that on the 19th of isst month the news reached Carthagena, from the Interior, that Mosquera had been taken prisoner at Bogots, and that his principal gene-ral was now in command of the troops. The revolution had been entirely quelled, and everything would soon be restored to the good order that existed before Mosquera's forcible usurpation of the Government.

The Last Soldier of the Hevolution. Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.

HIRAMSBURG, Ohlo, June 22.-Having just visited John Grey, the last survivor of Wash-mgton's army, I desire through your columns to give the public some account of this interest-

to give the public some account of this interest-ing and solitary veteran. He was born at Fairfax Court House, Va., January 6, 1764, and is consequently now in his one hundred and fourth year. During the revo-lution he at one time worked on the Mount built of Washington and may that he

Vernon estate for Washington, and says that he worked with the slayes of General Washington.

worked with the slaves of General Washington. He always calls Washington "The Gin'L." Mr. Grey's tather fell at White Plains, in 1780, and soon after the son enlisted, with Spartan heroism, at the early age of sixteen, taking up the musket that had just fallen from the lifeless hands of his gallant father. He served until he close of the war, and was mustered out at Richmond, Virginia, soon after the surrender of Cornwallis. During his term of service he participated in an engagement at Williamsburg. besides several ekirmishes elsewhere, and was present at all the preliminary movements around Yorktown, and was finally at the me-

around Yorktown, and was finally at the me-morable surrender of Cornwallis. I took down a few of the old man's words when he was speaking of his service in the army. "I was," said he, 'a mighty tough kind of a boy in them days. I often saw big, heavy men give out on the march, but I never lagged a foot behind." He says he was married three times, twice in Virginia and once in Ohio. His last wice is now describe in the family compared last wife is now sleeping in the family cemetery. Mr. Grey has lived a sober. pious, and indus-trious life—a hard-working man and a Christian all his lite.

For seventy-eight years he has been a consistent member of the Methodist Church. There are old men living near him now who have known him for forty years, and who say that they never knew of his doing or saying a wrong thing, nor ever heard any one say that he did Few men have so pure and noble a record. Mu Mr. Grey's education is very limited, for he was always poor, and the poor in Virginia had but little chance to learn much. Congress last winter gave the old man a pension of \$500 perannum, obtained for him through the influence of Hon. John A. Bingham, a personal acquaintor Hon. John A. Bingham, a personal acquaint-ance of Mr. Grey. Little as it is, the old man seems well satisfied, although he is very poor. He is a zealous Republican, and hopes to live to vote once more. We bade the old hero good-by, and left him, feeling that we had met a noble specimen of a buried age.

NEWS FROM JAPAN. Advices from Yokohams to June 1-Wreck of a Spanish Coolie Ship-Murder of the Captain and Sack of the Ves-

sol-Shipments of Ten to New York. YOROHAMA, Japan, June I, via San Fran-isco, July L.-The ship Goiden Fleece, from Yokohama as above, arrived this morning. Nothing of great importance had occurred sub sequent to the departure of the Colorado. An English elerk in the employ of the Hong Koog and Shanghae Bank narrowly escaped assassi-nation by reason of persisting in living outside the foreigners' limits. He was shot while at dinner.

dinner. The Spanish ship Bua Galiega was wreeked on Polo Cercer de Moz, on May 3. She had coolie passengers. The captain was murdered by the coolies. She was doubtless bound for Havana. The ship was sacked by the coolies, who had succeeded in reaching the shore. The British ship Havelock clears for New York in a few days, with three hundred thon-sand pounds of tea, and the ship Benefactress follows with a full cargo of tea, also for New York.

York.

NEWS FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Refusal of the City Comptroller to Pay the Salaries of Officers Appointed by Governor Flanders - Arrest of an Alleged Murderer.

NEW ORLEANS, July 2.—An issue between the displaced officials of the city of New Orleans and General Sheridan has been made to day, in the refusal of the Comptroller of the city to pay the salaries of municipal officers appointed by

the salaries of municipal oncers appointed by Governor Flanders, the appointee of the mili-tary authoritles. The refusal is based upon the Attorney-General's opinion. Robert R. Jones, late Judge of the Superior Court, and one of the alleged murderers of Cyrus Skiffer, has been arrested and will be tried by military commission. A speedy capture of his brother and accomplice is predicted.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

The New Cabinet and New Knights-Action of the Viceroy in Forming the Government.

OTTAWA, July 2 - The following is a correct list of the ministry of the Dominion of Canada, which you receive in advance of the Canadian press:-

press:— Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., Minister of Justice, Hon, G. K. Cartier, C. B., Minister of Militia, Hon, M. T. Galt, C. B., Minister of Finance, Hon, W. Illiam Howiand, Minister of Contoms, Hon, W. McDougall, C. B., Minister of Pablic Works, Hon, W. McDougall, C. B., Minister of Pablic Works, Hon, Jean C. Chapali, Minister of Agriculture Hon, Jean C. Chapali, Minister of Agriculture Hon, Hector L, Langevin, Secretary for Canada, Hon, Adam J. Ferguson Bialr, President of the Youncil.

Hon, Mr. Kenny, Receiver-General.

The population of the dominion of Canada is about 3,800,000 souls, and the extent of territory 577,045 square miles. The public debt is some \$75,060,000, income about \$18,000,000, and thus the new State enters the political world

A Lady Fatally Injured by Burglars. From the Boston Traveller, July 1.

From the Boston Traveller, July 1. About 1 o'clock on Saturday night two bur-giars entered the house of Mr. D. W. Whiting, on Main street, Melrose. Mr. Whiting was in New York, and the house was occupied by his wife and children. One of the latter, a son, heard a noise, and immediately got up and went into his mother's room for a light. He informed his mother's room for a light. He into the house, and found that she had heard the burglars, but supposed that he (the son) was up. She then started to go to her daughter's room to get a light, and in so doing had to pass the head of the flight of back stairs, the son in the meantime going down the front stairs. When Mrs. Whiting had arrived at the head of the meantime going down the front stairs. When Mrs. Whiting had arrived at the head of the back stairs and was about to pass along to her daughter's room, something struck her, and she was thrown down the whole flight of stairs, and was subsequently picked up wounded and bleeding, and in an insensible condition. As bleeding, and in an insensible condition. As the burglars did not pass through on the front stairs, it is supposed that they must have gone down the back stairs, stepping over the wounded lady, and jumped out of the back window. Mrs. Whiting was immediately cared for. It was ascertained that her head was badly in-jured; that one of her ribs had been fractured, and that she was injured internally. Her wounds are serious, and it is feared she cannot recover. Nothing has been missed in the house. recover. Nothing has been missed in the house, and it is thought the burglars failed to secure any booty.

SECOND EDITION FROM EUROPE BY THE CABLES,

NAPOLEON'S SPRECH.

NY DNE NY PRANK NY DNE NY DNE

British Opinion of Liberty in France. LONDON, July 2.—The London Herald and London Star newspapers published to day, ridi-culed Napoleon's idea of liberty in France, as ex-pressed by him in his speech in the Exuibition building yesterday, before the assembled people and primess. and princes.

THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

Imperial Honors to American Citizens. Imperial Honors to American Citizens. PARE, July 2.—Mr. Beckwith, Commissioner of the United States at the French Exhibition, has been created an officer of the Legion of Honor by the Emperor Napoleon. Messrs. Charles Perkins, Lawrence Smith, Samuel B. Ruggles, Godwin Birney, Elias Howe, Ken-redy, Mulat, and Chickering, have been created Knights of the Legion of Honor.

Gold Medal for a Philadelphian. PARIS, July 2.- Samuel S. White, of Philadel-phia, was awarded a *gold medal* on Saturday for improved artificial teeth.

MAXIMILIAN'S FATE.

British Sympathy with the Condemned Emperor-Juarez Denounced.

LONDON, July 2.—The London Times and Lon-don Post of this morning express, in their edi-torial columns, much pity for the fate of the ex-Emperor Maximilian, of Mexico, and de-nounce the crueity of President Juarez in order-

ing his execution.

THE PAPAL CONVOCATION.

THE PAPAL CONVOCATION. Episcopal Address to the Pope - The Towns of Italy Expressing Affection. ROME, July 2.-His Holiness Pope Plus the Ninth has just received an address, expressive of their veneration and affection, from four hundred and ninety Catholic prelates, arch-bishops, and bishops. Deputations have ar-rived in the city from one hundred of the towns of Italy with addresses to the Holy Father. There is a grand *jete* today at the Villa Bor-gness. gness.

ITALY.

Unfriendly Policy of the Neighboring Powers. FLORENCE, July 2.—In the session of the Legislative Chambers, of Italy on Monday, Deputy the Signor Boxlo said he knew that Austria, and some of the other powers, were preparing treaty clauses hostile to the policy of Italy.

THE WAR IN CANDIA.

Reinforcements and Supplies for the In-surgents-Omar Pasha Operating Ac-tively.

tively. ATHENS, June 29.—The Greek blockade-run-ner Arkadi has made her fourteenth voyage to Candia. She landed five hundred volunteer recruits for the Christian insurgent army, two thousand muskets, and also supplies of food and other necessaries for the insurrectionary forces. The Arkadi was chased by the war vessels of the Turkish fleet, but again succeeded in escaping their vigilance. Omar Pasha was preparing to make another attack on the Chis-lian position at Sphakis.

THE FENIANS.

Midnight Drillings and Arrests. DUBLIN, July 2.—The secret drillings of the peasantry, it is supposed by Fenian emissaries, are continued in many parts of the country. Last Sunday night a party of police came upon a crowd of men so employed in a lonely place near the county Wicklow, which adjoins the county Dublin. The police succeeded in arrest-ing six of the men with the leader or officer t ing six of the men, with the leader or officer in

brokers are offered more than they can use. Com-mercial paper is quoted at 6275 for best, and 628 for second grade. There is a noticeable increase in busi-ness among merchants, and in some branches the FROM WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON [EFECIAL DESPATOR TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.] WASHINGTON, July 3.

The Meeting of Congress - Illness of Judge Wayne, Etc.

Judge Wayne, Etc. At 12 o'clock to-day there was a majority of both Houses present at the Capitol of Republi-can members, and the Democrats having ascer-tained that fact, they did not attempt to defeat a quorum by absenting themselves at roll call. It is not likely that much business will be done in session to-day, and it is believed that a canons of Republican members will be held to-night to block out work for the sension. Judge Wayne, of the Supreme Court, is be-lieved to be dying to-day.

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

The Anti-Negro Riot Last Night-Bad Policemen, Etc.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.] BALTIMORE, July 3.—The disturbance last evening between the negroes and whites in the western part of the city, near Howard and Centre streets, causes considerable excitement. There is much uncertainty as to its origin. The American says it was caused by the new Democratic police firing into crowds of colored men. The Colored Lincoln Zouave Companywas out to welcome Thad. Stevens and Mr. Colinx, and on returning were unprovokedly assaulted and on returning were unprovokedly assaulted by the whites and polloe. Several shots were fired, and one negro is reported wounded. No whites were injured.

Affairs in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—The weather is intensely hot, the thermometer indicating \$3 in the shade. The city is very healthy, there being much less sickness than is generally known at this

time of year. The Stephens Circle of the Fenian Brother-hood had a meeting to-night at Mozart Hall, and were addressed by John Savage, of New York, on Wolf Tone and English interest in Ireland.

There have been eight deaths by suicide in this city and immediate vicinity in the last four weeks, and three other attempts at self-murder

weeks, and three other attempts at self-murder that were not successful. There is on foot now an enterprise to connect Cincinnati and her nine existing street railroad lines by means of a road across the Suspension bridge and up Vine street. * There will be no general celebration of the Fourth of July here. The association of Protestant ministers of the city still hold meetings to express their indig-nation at the way people pass the first day of the week here. They are peculiarly bitter against Sunday newspapers and Sunday beer drinking. They are much incensed against Mayor Wilstach because he will not aid them.
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The Indian War. CHICAGO, JUly 3.- Denver papers of the 28th and 29th ult. stage that later arrivals from Santa Fe report that the Indian tribes are be-coming troublesome in New Mexico, carrying off stock, and had killed one man in St. Miogel county, in the early part of June. The Nava-joes and Apaches are especially hostile in their conduct towards the whites. Two coaches arrived at Denver on the 25th nt, over the Smoky Hill ronte. They encoun-tered no difficulties with the Indians, but were delayed on account of high water, which had gaused damage to the lands and to the Pacific Railway. Several streams were rendered im-passable.

Later advices say that the railway had been

A band of 200 Indians attacked Fort Wallace June 22, killing two soldiers, and wounding several others. Three Indians were known to have been killed.

The Salt Lake Vidette, of June 13, says that the Indians are driving off stock from the lower Beaver, in Utah.

Movements of Steamers.

New YORE, July 3.-Arrived, steamer Erin, from Liverpool. Her advices have been anti-cipated. Bosron, July 3.-The steamship Jura sailed

-We take pleasure in transferring to our columns, from a morning contemporary, the following just tribute to our able State Trea-surer, W. H. Kemble, Esq. :--

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY

Minister of War announcing the execution of Maximilian :--

of Maximilian:--San Lurs Porosr, June 19, 1867,--Clitzen Minister of Wai:--On the 14th Inst., at 11 e'elock at night, the Council of War condemned Maximilian, of Haos-burg, Miguel Miramon, and Thomas Mejia to suffar the extreme penality of the law. The sectence hav-ing been confirmed at these headquarters, it was or-dered to be carried into effect on the 18th. The exe-cution was suspended by order of the supreme govern-ment until to day. It is now seven o'clock in the moreing, at which time Maximilian has just been abot. Please communicate to the clitzen President of the Republic. ESOBEDD.

Immediately upon the receipt of the news General Berriozabal sent official information of it to General Reynolds, commanding the sub-district of the Rio Grande. The event is now being celebrated with great rejoicing, mani-fested by ringing of bells, music, and other emonstrations.

The Baron Magnas, Prussian Minister, arrived at Queretaro the day before the execution, and immediately transmitted by telegraph a formal protest to Juarez, which was received at halfast nine o'clock on the evening of the same day, and in reply to which the following was transmitted:-

San Luis Porosi, June 18-10'10 P. M.-To Baron A. SAN LUIS POTOSI, June 18-10-10 P. M.-TO Baron A.-V. Magunas, at Querelarce.-I am Sorry to say to you, in answer to your telegram which you have been pleased to send me this uh, ht, filst, as I had expressed to you day before yesterday, the President of the re-public is not of the opinion that it is possible to grant the pardon of Maximilian of Havaburg, consistent with the great considerations of justice and the neces-sity of Jusuring the future peace of the republic. I am, Baron, very respectibile your obselient servant, S. LUIDO DE TELADA.

The following is a translation of the protest of

The following is a translation of the protect of Baron Magnas:-To his Excellency Senor Sebastian Lerdo de Tre-man and the prisoner condemnes on the 14th lest, world will consider it; for all their oreparations to ing a whole hour to be taken to the place whence they world will consider it; for all their oreparations to ing a whole hour to be taken to the place whence they world will consider it; for all their oreparations to ing a whole hour to be taken to the place whence they world will consider it; for all their oreparations to ing a whole hour to be taken to the place whence they world will consider it; for all their oreparations to ing a whole hour to be taken to the place whence they world will consider it; for all their oreparations to ing the execution of the sentence was communicated to them by means of the telegraph. The human is the morrow. In the name of humanity and of how or f confure you to order that their lives be not taken and 1 again repeat that I are certain that my we cowned heads of Europe united by the of tho part here to the Prince prisoner - his brother, the british norrible is conter-inclaw, the King of the his fings of listy and Sweden - will readily agree to the the british and the prince prisoner - his brother, the british norrible man bis brother-inclaw, the King of the his fings of listy and Sweden - will readily agree to be kings of listy and Sweden - will readily agree to be kings of the prince prisoner shalt again repeat to the brother here have the arrived as to the be britisher soll. A.V. MACNAS.

ou Mexican soil. A. V. MAGNAS. No authentic news has yet arrived as to the disposition of the body of Maximilian.

MAXIMILIAN'S FATE.

Movement in the French Senate-The United States Responsible.

United States Responsible. The French Senate held a sitting Toneday, June 18, M. Troplong in the chair. On the initiation of the last initiag being read. Baron Dupin asked to be allowed again to express the concurrence in the elequent language which the life trious Fresidentof the Senate has given utterance to in the preceding fitting, and by which he as well expressed the sentiments of the Senate and of all France on the occusion of the danger to which two Emperors had been exposed, one being the Emperate of the French. But he desired that, to the expression of these sent

or the Prench. The base of the second state of the basis of the second state of the s

Sickness of Jules Favre.

On the evening of June 16 the Parisian cafes were startled by a rumor that Jules Favre was lying at the point of death. The next morning it was ascertained that M. Favre had indeed been seized with a hemorrhage, which, for a time, gave the livehest alarm to his attendants. M. Nelaton was summoned in haste, and succeeded in mastering the hemorrhage, expressing, however, a fear that it might recur. So far, announces La France of June 17, this has not happened, and M. Favre, although much weakened, seems likely to recover.

He will hardly be strong enough. no wever, to undertake the defense of the young Pole, Be-rezowski, and it is understood that this duty devolves upon M. Grevy. It is equally impro-bable that he will be able to take part in the debates on the Government measures concerning the press and public meetings. His absence at this juncture will be lamented by the opposition.

Old Sporting Books.

At the recent sale of the library of M. N. Yemeniz, a Lyons bibliophile, a numerous col lection of old books on sporting of all kinds was lection of old books on sporting of all kinds was disposed of. A fine copy of "Arrian on Cours-ing," which had originally belonged to the famous Hugard, fetched £2; three copies of "Le Livre du Roy Modus et de la Reine Ratio" fetched £20, £32, and £27 each. A magnificent manuscript of Gaston Phœbus on "La Chasse," containing colored miniatures depicting the hunting costumes and hounds of the middle ages, was knocked down to Mr. Bohn, of Lonages, was knocked down to Mr. Bohn, of Lon-don, for £380. Mr. Bohn also bought Johan de Franchiere's work on hunting and falconry for £129. A very scarce work on goshawks and their traming, by P. de Gommer, Chalons, 1794, brought £13; Johan Trepperel's work on fal-conry, £129; and a curious little work on wolfhunting, written by a curate of Sanges, near Le Mans, in the seventeenth century, £12.

Aldermanic Wit in Worcester.

The Worcester (Mass.) Board of Aldermen are other a set of Shakespearian wags, or-the alternative is left open. In anticipation of the 'readent's recent passage through their town, officials met to "take action" se worthy the course to be pursued towards the Chief Exe cutive, and after a brief debate the following organishe and resolution were adopted: --

"Whenever, information has been received that the Provident of the United States will puss through Wor-seter on the route of his journey from Washington to Restor, and whereas, a sense of propriety might dis-nic that mome official action be taken in behalf of this city, in recommision of the presence of the chief officer of the mation:

only in recombine of the presence of the chief officer of the mation; "Equation: "That the Board of Aldermen, deem it in-expedient to the any action upon the matter," This is capital Dogberry himself never did anything better.

New Arrivals at Paris.

The Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin The Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin arrived, means on June 12. The Count and Countess of Planders came on the 12th. The Prince and Prince Boyal of Saxony came on the 14th. The Grand Edyal of Saxony came on the 14th. The Grand Duke of Saxe-Cobi 2-Fother are markenaly expected. The King of 1 warm, it's understood, has sent his regrets. A cargan bring himself to leave his swans, his qually analyments, and his Wagnet. Wagner.

CHANGING NAMES.

Mr. Vallandigham's late letter speaks of Henry Wilson nee Jeremiah Colbaith, as a matter of reproach. We do not know the reasons for Mr. Wilson's change of name in early life; but it is remarked by an exchange that as it is very common in New Hampshire, where Mr. Wilson was born, to change names by act of Legislature, for various reasons, it is hardly necessary to say that Mr. Wilson had a perfect right to have his name lawfully changed. The pedantry of Mr. Vallandigham in using a foreign word, adopted by him deubtless from a show bill, without understanding its signification, is noted by the Cincinnati Gazette as fol-

"Mr. Wilson's name was changed from Jeremiah Colbaith, but he was not thereby changed from a emale, as the gender of Mr. Vallandigham's parti-iple nec signifies. In speaking of a masculine change of this sort it is necessary to use the masculine par-delpie ne, to avoid declaring the miracle of a change of sexes.

Apropos of the subject of changing names, we knew a gentleman in Louisville who had his name changed by the Kentucky Legislature on the ground that he could accomplish nothing with such a load to carry as that of Smith. He had a very pretty name pestowed instead, and had achieved some considerable reputation ere his death, which took place in the Union army while he was yet young.

The Cotton-Famine Fund,

An English paper says :- "As a very large balance remains in the hands of the treasurers to the Liverpool branch of the cotton-famine relief fund, it has been suggested that the best application of the money would be to found a convalescent hospital, in connection with the three hospitals already in existence, to which patients may be sent to gain strength for the operations, or to recover from them, or in which patients requiring purer air than they can get in the town can be accommodated. Subscribers representing an aggregate sum of £40,000 have consented to this appropriation, and as the Court of Chancery will have to sanc-tion the scheme, it has been arranged to hold a public meeting of the subscribers."

Mortality Among French Generals.

The almost simultaneous death of three French officers is announced; one of them, Baron An-

ris and Maneque, generals of division, General Morris for a long time commanded General Morris he cavalry of the Goard. During the last years of his life he served as inspector of the cavalry of the African Corps. General Maneque obtained his division by good conduct at Solferino. At the time of his death he was Inspector-General. Baron Anselme served for several years as chief of the general staff. During the last two years he has had a command at Orleans.

The Governorship of Sitks.

The New Haven Journal says:-The President has tendered the Governorship of our recent purchase from Russia to Hon. Benjamin Stark, of New London, Conn., lately a Democratic Senator from Oregon. Mr. Stark married, we believe, a Miss Moulthrop, of New Haven, and now lives in his native city, New London, on the wealth he sequired on the Pacific cost.

LABOR PRINES .- A collection of rare books and manuscripts sold in Paris last week produced the enormous sum of \$200,000.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

An Incendiary Fire at Portsmouth. An Incendiary Fire at Portainouth. FORTRESS MONROE, July 1.—On Sunday morn-ing, about 8 o'clock, a fire broke out in Ports-mouth, Va., in a large frame residence situated on the corner of Court and Glasgow streets, and before the flames could be checked three dwell-ing-houses were consumed. The house where the fire broke out was separated from the ad-joining destroyed property by a narrow open-ing about a foot wide, and in this slip an incen-diary threw in a quantity of combustible ma-terial. The firemen were on the ground in a short time after the alarm was given, but their efforts were unavailing. The houses destroyed efforts were unavailing. The houses destroyed were all frame, and the total loss amounts to six thousand dollars, partly insured in a New Haven Company.

Registration Affairs in Norfolk and

Registration Affairs in Norfolk and Portsmouth. The registration in Norfolk having been com-pleted and settled to the mutual satisfaction of both pollitical parties and the whiles and blacks, the public mind is now being agitated by the same work, which is rapidly progress, ing, in Portsmouth, so far as quietly and un-eventfully as characterized the registration days in Norfolk. In Jefferson Ward a lively and large cr. «ds gather around the polls, watching with intense interest the result as the hours pass by. The press of the city continue to urge upon the people the prime necessity of regis-tering, and of preventing themselves from being disfranchised when the morning of elec-tion arrives. In Jefferson Ward the blacks lead the whites by a considerable majority, and the result in Portsmouth will be the same as in Norfolk, and perhaps even a larger majo-ture of the blacks. Norfolk, and perhaps even a larger majority of the blacks,

Naval Intelligence.

Naval Intelligence. The steam revenue cutter Nemaba, Captain Thomas Sands, which has lately been fitted out and thoroughly overhauled at Norfolk pre-paratory to the usual summer's cruise, leaves the ship yard to morrow, and takes her station in the thesapeake Bay and Hampton Roads, to board all in-bound and outward-bound foreign vessels, and to protect the United States revenue laws. The cruising grounds of the Nemaba will extend from Cape Henry, New-port News, Hampton Roads to Cherrystone and Annapolis, making monthly trips to the latter station. The following is a list of the officers of the Nemaba:-Captain, Thomas Sands; First Lieutenant A. J. Meicher; Eogineer, H. Hen-shaw; First Assistant Engineer, Abner Green-leaf; Filot, P. Lyman, Her crew consists of 1 boaiswain. 1 gunner, 2 quartermasters, 18 satiors, and 5 firemen. 1 boatswain, 1 gunn satiors, and 5 firemen.

A consolidation of steamship interests has lately been brought about by an arrangement which was effected between the Old Line Steam-ship Company of New York, comprising the steamers Saratoga and Niagara and the New Line, comprising the steamers Albemaric and the steamers for the steamers albemaric and Haterse, rival companies, by which the latter company purchases the former steamers, and now possesses the exclusive monopoly of the trade between New York, Norfolk, and Rich-mond, Va.

mond, Va. Commander Richard L. Law, commanding the United States receiving ship New Hamp-chire, has been relieved by Commander William E. Frizbugh, U. S. N. The British steamship Melita is expected to arrive at Norfolk on Threader to arrive at Norfolk on Threader to a state of the state of

The British steamship Melita is expected to arrive at Norfolk on Thursday next, and will be loaded direct for Liverpool with a cargo of cotton, tobacco, and naval stores. To-day was the hottest day experienced in Norfolk this senson - the thermometer at 11 o'clock A. M. standing 93 degrees in the shade. The steamer Niagara arrived at Norfolk to-day from New York, and the steamer Hatteras yesterday, from the same place. The steamor McClellan, for Boston, sailed yesterday with a large cargo of truck from Norfolk.

Distinguished Visitors.

General Schoffeld is here on a short visit to his family at the Chesapeaks Seminary, de-signing to spond a few days of the heated terch. General Grant and family are expected at the Beminary shortly, and preparations have been made to receive them accordingly.

this forencon, with 143 passengers for Liver-pool, and 25 for Halitax. She also takes out \$185,000 in specie.

Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph. New Yoax, July 3.-Stocks excited and active. Chicago and Kock Island, 975; Reading, 1095; Cantou Company, 47; Eric, 675; Cleveland and Touedo, 1215; Pittaburg and Fort Wayne, 1005; Michigan Central, 105; Michigan Southern, 795; New York Contral, 103; Hilipola Central, 1215; Cumberland preferred, 875; Hudson River, 1105; United States Five-twentles, 1862, 1105; A. 60, 1864, 1675; Onted States Five-twentles, 1862; Seven-thirtles, 1005; Money, 6 per cent. Sterling Ex-change, 1105; at sight, 11032. Gold, 1885;

TRAGEDY IN A COAL MINE .- The Journal de Lidge says that the men engaged in reopening and repairing the works of the coal mine of Bow Buyeur at Jemeppe, after reaching a depth of nearly 160 metres, have, at the end of four months, come upon a gallery communi-cating with the lower ladders; there they discovered seven bodies of the unfortunate workmen who were there imprisoned while making their way to the surface. The bodies are com pletely mummified, the shrivelled flesh adhering to the bones. This phenomenon is attributed to the abundant exhalations of carbonic acid gas. The bodies lay on their backs, one after the other, the hands being crossed under the head. Two were found locked in a close embrace. No satisfactory conclusion has as yet been arrived at as to the cause of the death of these men, whether from the inhala-tion of carbonic acid or from want of food, being thus entombed. The gallery was unsafe at the time the discovery was made, but care is being taken to ventilate it, and to bear away the bodies safely. The work of reparation is yet likely to be tedious, for much injury has been done, and the work requires to be set about with great caution.

-The steamer R. E. Lee recently made the trip between Memphis and Cairo, 240 miles, in 16 hours and 30 minutes, against a four mile current.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Wednesday, July 3, 1867. There was more disposition to operate stocks this morning, and prices were rather firmer. Government bonds continue in fair demand. July, '65, 5-20s sold at 1064, and '65 5-20s at 1064-no change. 1064 was bid for 6s of 1881: 1104 for '62 5-20s, and 1064@1064 for June and August 7'30s. City loans were unchanged; the

August 7:50s. City loans were unchanged; the new issue sold at 994@994. Railroad shares continue the most active on the list. Reading sold largely at from 544@ 544, a slight advance; Pennsylvania Railroad at 53, no change; Catawissa preferred at 29@294, an advance of 1; and Minebill at 564, ex-divi-dend. 130 was bid for Camdeu and Amboy; 294 for being for Market States and Amboy; 294 for Little Schuylkill; 358 for North Pennsylvania; 29 for Elmira common; 40 for preferred do.; and 28 for Philadelphia and Eric.

City Passenger Railroad shares were firmly held. 70 was bid for Second an I Third; 43 for Chesuut and Walnut; 121 for Hestonville; 30 for Green and Coates; and 35 for Union. Bask shares were in good demand for invest-

ment at full prices, but we hear of no sales, 1394 was bid for First National; 140 for Parmers' and Mechanics'; 55 for Commercial; 31 for Me-chanics'; 58 for Penn Township; 57 for Girard;

chantos'; 58 for Penn Township; 57 for the second and 95 for Western. In Canal shares there was very little move-ment. Lehigh Navigation sold at 47, no change; 193 was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common; 30 for preferred do.; 56 for Morris Canal; 118; for Morris Canal preferred; and 162 for Susque-

hanna Canal. Quotations of Gold—10] A. M., 1383; 11 A. M., 1364; 12 M., 1388; 1 P. M., 1384, an advance of i on the closing price last evening. —The N. Y. Triburie this morning says:— "Money on call in shundant at 960 per cent, and

-Messrs. William Painter & Co., bankers, No 36 South Third street, report the follow-ing rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock:-U. S. 6s, 1861, 1081@1094; U. S. 5-208, 1862, 1104@1103; do. 1864, 1074@1071; do., 1866, 1073@108; do. new, 1064@1064; 5s, 10-408, 1003@ 101; U. S. 7'308, 1st series, 1064@1066; do., 2d series, 1064@1066; 3d series, 1064@1066; do., pound Interest Notes, December, 1964, 117; May, 1865, 1164; do. August, 1865, 1154; do. September, 1865, 1144; do. October, 1865, 1144.

1059; Composing interest Notes, June, 1864, 119'40; do., July, 1864, 118;@119; do. August, 1864, 118;@118; do., October, 1864, 112;@1171; do., December, 1864, 116;@1171; do., May, 1805, 116; @1161; do., Aug., 1865, 115;@1151; do., Septem-der, 1865, 115@1151; October, 1865, 1141@115; Gold, 138;@138]. Silver, 1314@133.

-Messrs, William Painter & Co., bankers, No

Philadelphia Trade Report. - **A**

WEDNESDAY, July 3 .- The Flour Market is almost at a stand, and our quotations are merely nominal. The home consumers seem merely nominal. The nome consumers seem to have no confidence in present values, there-fore they purchase only from hand to mouth; sales of a few hundred barrels at \$5:85:50 w bbl. for superfine, \$9:9975 for extras, \$9:75:31:50 for Northwestern extra family, \$10:312 for Pennayl-vania and Ohio do. do., and \$15:316 for fancy brands, according to quality. Bye Flour-The Inst sale was at \$7 w bbl. Nothing doing in Corn Meal.

Meal. The receipts and stocks of Wheat continue exceedingly small, but they are fully ample for the demand. Small sales of Pennsylvania red at \$2256275. Rye ranges from \$150 to 155 w bushel: for Western and Pennsylvania. Corn-The offerings are small, and the demand is mo-derate. Sales of 1000 bushels Western mixed, in the cars, at \$1.11@1.22, and 500 bushels yellow. In the cars, at \$1.12. Oats are scarce. Sales of 2000 bushels at \$16262c. Nothing doing in either Barley or Malt. Barley or Mail. Whisky-100 barrels sold in bond on secret

terms.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Third Page.

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Schr Mary Price, Gay, Plymouth, Lathbury, Wicker-sham & Co. Schr Vickaburz, McCormick, Castine, Day, Huddell & Co. chr Two Marys, Willetts, Newport, Blakiston,Graeff

ARRIVED THIS MORNING, Echr Eclipse. Stont, 5 days from Wilmington, N. C., with naval stores to captain.

MEMORANDA. Brig Abbie C. Tiicomb, bence, at Portland lst inst. Schr Active, Matthews, for Philadelphis, sailed from Portsmouth 28th uit. Schr Goddess, Kelley, bence, at Pawtucket ist inst. Schr Northern Light, Ireland: I. C. Runyon, Ma-this; G. Horton, Jameson; and Geo. False, Nickerson, bence, at Providence ist inst. Schr Decatur Oskes, Berry, bence, at Warren 1st Instant.

schr Geo, B. Conover, Robinson, hence, at Newport

ist inst. Schr Lamartine. Butler, hence, at New Bedford 25th

Behrs R. H. Daly, Baunders, and Cosan Wave, Baker, hence, at Newport 20th dis.
Behrs R. H. Daly, Baunders, and Cosan Wave, Baker, hence for Boston: and Trade Wind, Hoffman, do, for Fortsmouth, at Holmes' Hole lat inst., and salled again.
Behr Reading BR, No. 50, Corson, hence, at Stoning-ton 20th nit.
Bohr Hamburg, Sprague, for Philadsiphia or George-town, ashed trom Newport 23th dis.
Schr Feontain, Tripn, hence at Fall River 20th nit. Behr S. L. Crocker, Presbrey, honce, at Dignion 20th ultimo.

altimo. Schrs Grace Girdler, Smith; C. A. Jones, Goodspeed; and L. and M. Reed, Steelman, from Boston for Phila-deiphia, and Leoness, Hourd, from Rockland for do., at Roines' Hole 20th ult. Schr Col. Eddy, Coombs, for Philadelphia, cleared at

DOMRETIC FORTH Fraw Form, July E-Arrived, steamship Ville do Paris, Bormout, from Harre. Barque &, Mentefors, Golubovich, from Cardiff. Barque A, Ganther, Zetticsen, from Bremen.