THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. VII---No. 74

PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1867.

DOUBLE SHEET .-- THREE CENTS.

SECOND EDITION The Exposition will not be ready till May.

L'EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE.

Grand Opening at Paris Yesterday.

Welcome from the Emperor.

Brilliant Scenes Inside the Building.

Dresses	s of	fthe	D	isti	ngue.
Complete	Suc	ccess	of	the	Affair.
Telegrams	by	the	Atla	antic	Cables

Etc.,

Etc.,

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

PARIS, Monday, April 1,-The great Paris Universal Exposition was formally opened this morning. The day was observed as a holiday by the entire population of the city. The morning dawned cloudily, but the sky cleared at an early hour, and by 10 o'clock in the forenoon the weather was most beautiful, like that enjoyed on a fine day of May in New York. The state of the weather may be taken indeed as typical of the Exhibition building, which is now in great confusion, but when fully completed will be one of the wonders of the world.

Viewed at a distance the building resembles a mammoth gasometer dressed with flags, but when entered it is found to be in every way convenient.

At 11 o'clock A. M. the doors were opened. and by the time of the Emperor's arrival there were five thousand persons inside. Outside, along the banks of the river Seine, and on all the hills and roads for miles around Paris, at least one hundred thousand people had assembled. There were eight thousand policemen on duty, and the order was excellent. Every carriage in Paris seems to be employed in journeys to and from the building.

The grounds of and around the Exposition building are in a lamentable state of confusion. Wagons and workmen were busy carting away the rubbish when the Emperor arrived. Heaps of dirt and straw and packing cases lay around or were temporarily thrown into the unfinished harbors and fancy cottages. Inside the building was the same scene-everywhere debris; not one-tenth of goods opened or arranged, but the French department, of course, in the best order: next to that the Russian, and third the English; all the other departments not ready. The American department is one of the most incomplete, and the Commissioners, exhibitors, and Americans generally in the city are much dissatisfied with Commissioner Beckwith, who appears totally inefficient. The only department in operation is the restaurants, but even here the Americans are behindband. The only goods which have been damaged on the voyage are American. At 1 o'clock the invited guests assembled in the art gallery, where America made a fine show, many fine pictures being exhibited and well hung, but the English display was much greater. When the guests gathered, however, the superiority of the American ladies was conceded. They were the belles of the day. A brilliant company blazing with diamonds and orders filled the central hall to welcome the Emperor and Empress, who came precisely at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The crowd outside the building was good natured but not demonstrative towards them. No cheers greeted the imperial party. They drove up a long avenue covered with a velvet canopy of green and gold, decorated with flags and lined with soldiers. They alighted at a splendid pavilion specially built for the Emperor. The Emperor immediately reappeared; and gave his arm to the Empress, and proceeded on foot to the main door. During the imperial progress full bands played the national airs. The cheering now grew louder, the Americans and English present leading with hearty "hurrahs," and Turks, Japanese, Italians, Prussians, Germans, and French joining in the different styles peculiar to their several countries, The Emporor and Empress bowed repeatedly to the crowd as they ascended the platform which runs around the machine gallery. The Emperor wore a plain evening dress, with a scarf of the Legion of Honor, and carried a heavy cane. He looked smiling, but pale and fatigued. The Empress was robed in black silk. and looked in fine health. The Prince Imperial and Prince Napoleon were not present. The Princess Clothilde wore a brown velvet dress, powdered with gold.

One-half of all the space is allotted to France, and that is not complete. The English are very strong in machinery, beating the Americans in that department. England being near Paris acounts in a great measure for this. There is nothing like so many strangers here

as were expected. The number of Americans is not much greater than usual every season.

Prices have gone up fearfully. The hotels raise their prices fifty per cent. after this week. It is uscless to come to see the Exposition before May.

The Masons and the Paris Exhibition. The following circular has been issued by the Mastor Masons of the Grand Orient de France;--GRAND ORIENT DE FRANCE, SUPREME COUNCIL, FOR FRANCE AND THE FRENCH POSSESSIONS, PARIS, March 1, 187, --To the Foreign Masonic Powers, the Lodges placed under their direction, and the Lodges Ourresponding with the Grand Orient de France;--"Yance will this year celebrate the summer solution by a festival and a banquet, to take place on the 18th of June next. At that time the Master Masons or representatives from all the lodges contresponding with the Grand Orient of France, will hold a general assembly in Paris, as it is expected that the Inter-national Exhibition will bring to that city, from all quarters of the globe, a large num-ber of Freemasons. The Grand Orient of Frances sees in this exceptional circumstance a favor-able opportunity of strengthering the flex which unit the is exterptional circumstance is favor-able opportunity of strengthering the they which unit thinks that alongside of the fastival of industry it would be well to celebrate that of the fortherhood. I therefore invites Freemisens of every order to co-operate with it in giving to this festival a universal which the same soutiment - the sentiment of formation maneers and customs, but animated which the same soutiment - the sentiment of fortherhood - will, in truth, he a very im-poing spectacle. I have not the slightest doubt, very dear breatment, the due of the Grand Orient of France will be appreciated, and that Freemasons will come forward and respond to this appeal. The present will be appreciated, and that Freemasons will come forward and respond to this appeal. The present heir gathering the more numerous ull be pressing appeal ble. Accept the assortances of my streater their gathering the more numerous due the pressing appeal ble. Accept the assortances of my streater their gathering the more numerous will be pressing appeal ble. Accept the assortances of my an The Masons and the Paris Exhibition.

Grand Master of the Masonic Order in France. The following general instructions are attached to the circular:-The proceedings in connection with the isstival will commence at 2 o'clock, and the banquet at half-past 6. Subscriptions, which have been fixed at twenty frances (sixteen shillings), to be sent to the Secretariat du Grand Orlent de France, rue Cadet 16, a Faris. These subscriptions will be received up till May 2 for the lodges of the Continent and Algeria, and May 15 for all other lodges. This is necessary in order to allow those who have charge of the arrange-ments to know how many subscribers may be ex-pected. Ordinary evening dress is de rigueur. N. B. -One of the balls of the Grand Orlent will be placed at the disposal of foreign Masons while the Exhibition continues, and every possible means will be taken to afford information to those brothren who may re-quire it.

WASHINGTON.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.] WASHINGTON, April 2.

Movement to Test the Constitutionality of the Military Reconstruction Act. of the Military Reconstruction Act. It is in contemplation by several Southern men, now in Washington, assisted by eminent legal advisers, to test the constitutionality of the Military Reconstruction act, by bringing an issue directly before the Supreme Court at its present term. The proper docu-ments have already been drawn up and have been duly signed by the petitioners, praying an injunction against General Pope, commanding one of the Southern Military Districts, and against Andrew Johnson, a citi-zen of Tennessee and President of the United States, restraining them from enforcing said act on the ground that it is unconstitutional, and therefore void and of no effect. It is not improbable that on Friday next, which is known as motion day in the Suknown as motion day in the Supreme Court, the application for injunction will be made, though counsel who have been applied to have this the counsel who have been applied to have not yet given their opinion as to the feasibility of the step. Reverdy Johnson mulniains that the motion for an injunction will be denied at once, on the ground that the Supreme Court has not original jurisdiction in such a case. In his opinion the case will have to come up from a lower tribunal on appeal before the highest cases in the lord can take corrigence of it urt in the land can take cognizance of it. court in the land can take control of a sames Other legal authority consulted to-day assumes Other legal authority consulted to-day assumes the ground that the injunction is asked for by citizens of the United States, and not by the State governments, and that, therefore, original jurisdic-tion in the case does not lie under section second, article third of the Constitution. Should there be a concurrence of opinion among constitutional lawyers against this question of jurisprudence, the gentlemen praying for the injunction may not present it to the Supreme Court, but will await a case new being made up in Alexandria, Virginia, which will come up through the District Court of this State on a regular appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States. All of the executives of the ten Southern States but three have been consulted, and give their consent to have been consulted, and give ther consent to any proceeding that will test the constitu-tionality of the Reconstruction act. Governor Fatton, of Alabama, however, declines to take any action in the premises, and is represented as being in favor of the law.

tor's desk, did not reach the President. The Missouri delegation having urged the President to sign it, the Cabinet will to morrow consider the novel question of the President's power to do so under these peculiar circumstances.

The Connecticut Election.

The Connecticut Election. Secretary Welles received a lengthy despatch from Coenecticut last night, giving the partica-iars and the figures of the election held yester-day in that State, to the effect that the Demo-crats had carried the Governor and three Con-gressmen, yiz, in the First, Second, and Fourth Districts, the Third being in doubt. One des-patch says Deming, Republican, is defeated by 200; another says P. T. Barnum is defeated by 105.

CONNECTICUT.

THE ELECTION YESTERDAY.

Complete Democratic Triumph-James E. English Chosen Governor-Three Democratic Congressmen Returned, Etc. Etc.

HARTFORD, April 2 .- The following are the names of the State officers and Congressmen elected yesterday :--STATE OFFICERS.

Governor-James E. English. Lieuienant-Governor-Ephraim H. Hyde. Secretary of State-Leverett F. Pease. Treasurer-Edward S. Mosele Comptroller-Jesse Olney.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

- District. 1. Richard D. Hubbard (Dem.)
- Julius Hotchkiss (Dem.).
 H. H. Starkweather (Rep.).
 William H. Barnum (Dem.).

News from Democrat c Sources. REJOICINGS OVER THE VICTORY-GREAT DEMON-STRATIONS IN NEW HAVEN-ENGLISH'S MAJO-

RITY 1000. New Haven, April 2-1 A. M. -Connecticut ... redeemed! There is a terrific crack in the ice-berg. New Haven is wild with excitement.

Chapel street is lit up with immense bonfires, and crowds are cheering on all sides. A great crowd remains in front of the Register office, and "won't go home till morning." The

radicals slunk away from their offices to their homes about 9 o'clock. One hundred guns will be fired as soon as the returns are complete. The streets, irom one end of the city to the other, resound with cheers.

The returns from every part of the State give almost invariable conservative gains. Every town of New London county thus far heard trom gives considerable conservative gains. It is the same all over the State. The tide is all

one way. English's majority will probably exceed one thousand. New Haven aid nobly in giving 1800 majority for English, and electing L. W. Sperry Mayor. Even the Second Ward, a Re-publican stronghold, was carried by the Democrats.

Democrats. Three Democratic Congressmen out of the four are elected. Deming, the present radical Congressman, Professor Northrop, and P. T. Barnum are defeated. Barnum has run away behind histicket. The Republicans lose in Fair-

beind his ticket. The hepublicans lose in Fair-field, where he lives, and in Bridgeport he runs 148 behind his ticket. The despatches from Fairfield and Litchfield counties are few and far between. They are silent and glum. Last year, when the news was different, we got abundant despatches from these counties. In Norwalk P. T. Barnum runs 51 behind Hawley. The Republicans are even willing to concede

that the Democrats have the State Senate.

The Vote for Congressmen.

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY.

This Morning's Commercial Advices-The Noon Report. By the Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, April 2 - Noon,-Consols for money,

91; Erie Railroad shares, 394; Illinois Central-78§; United States Five-twenties, 75. FRANKFORT, April 2-Noon,-U. S. Bouds, 78. LIVERPOOL April 2-Noon .- Cotton dull and inactive; the sales will be about \$000 bales; Middling Uplands, 13d.; Middling Orleans, 131d. Breadstuffs are unchanged. Provisions-Beef is firm at 125s ; other articles are unchanged. Produce-Ashes have declined to 33s. 6d. Pig Iron has advanced to 52s. No alteration in the quotations of other articles.

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

Arrest of Two Brothers Charged with Murdering a Knight Templar. SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH. BALTIMORE, April 2 .- Two brothers named Gorsuch have been arrested here, charged with murdering Knight Templar Welsh, of Washington city, on the evening after laying the corner stone of the Masonic Temple in this city. Circumstances are strong against them. One of them is a sergeant in the army,

junction case to prevent an election, on the ground that he had no jurisdiction.

Fire in Montgomery County. [SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.] NOBBISTOWN, April 2.-Last Sunday afternoon the barn attached to the County Poor House was burned to the ground. Twenty six cows and two yoke of oxen were burned to death, and the loss was otherwise heavy. The fire was

the work of an incendiary. Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph. New York, April 2.-Stocks excited, Five-twenties, of 1862, 10915; do. 1864, 10755; do. 1864, 10812; new issue, 10755; do. 1864, 10812; new issue, 10755; do. 1864, 10812; new issue, 10755; tenefrand pre-thirties, first issue, 106; all others, 10575; Gold, 13415; Canton Company, 4075; Cumberland pre-ferred, 3115; Western Union Te egraph, 4155; New York Central, 10575; Erie Railroad, 5775; Hudson River, 18615; Reading, 10215; Michigan Central, 10715; Michigan Southern, 7295; Illinois Central, 10575; Cleveland and Toledo, 128; Chicago and Rock Island, 9115; Northwestern, 3575; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 9135; Virginia 6s, 61; Missouri 6s, 9514.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The April term was commenced yesterday in all the Courts except the Supreme Court and Court of Common Pleas. The former adjourned yesterday for the season; in the latter the jury trials for the March term were taken up. The United States Circuit Court was to-day occu-pied with finiscellaneous motions, and will re-sume jury trials on Thursday. The Court of Quarter Sessions, after receiving the return of the Grand Jury yesterday, finding no cases ready for trial, adjourned until to-morrow. **District Court**, No. 1-Judge Stroud.-Al-though this conrt was well attended to-day, it was found rather difficuit to find a case ready for trial. In the course of the forenoon the foi-lowing was the only case disposed of;-Richard S, Mark Hill vs. James E. McCalla. An action on a book account. No defense. Verdict for plaintiff, §221-23. **District Court, No. 2**-Judge Sharswood. -The same difficult jn getting the business of the court started was found as in No. I. Joseph Gill vs. Henry Chapman. An action on a book account. No defense.

ittle delay as possible. In regard to the terms of admission, it is proposed to apply the principle adopted in the Lower Hall, and to admit to dealings in this new Government room various responsible firms which are unconnected with the Stock Ex-change."

Change "PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO DAY

 HILADEDPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO DAY

 Reported by Dehaven & Bro., No. 40 S, Third street

 \$400 5-206, '02, CP., stm.100

 \$400 0, 5, 206, '02, CP., stm.100

 \$400 0, 01d, ..., 973, 100

 \$500 0, 00, 01d, ..., 973, 100

 \$100 0, 01d, ..., 974, 100

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-Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of ex-change to-day at 1 P. M.:-U. S. 6s of 1881, 109 @1091; do., 1862,1001@1091; do., 1864, 1074@1071; do., 1865, 108@1081; do., 1865, new, 1074@1071; do. 5s, 10-40s, 977@981; do. 7'30*, August, 1054 do. 58, 10-403, 97[@984; do. 7'308, August, 1064
@1064; do., June, 1054@1054; do., July, 1054@
1064; Compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 18
@184; do., July, 1864, 174@174; do., August, 1864,
17@174; do., October, 1864, 16@164; do., December, 1864, 15@154; do., May, 1865, 124@124;
do., August, 1865, 114@114; do., September, 1865,
104@114; do., October, 1865, 104@104; Gold,
1344@1344.

-Messrs, William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 South Third street, report the following rates of exchange to day at 12 o'clock:--U. S. 68, 1881, or exchange to day at 12 o'clock :---O. S. 68, 1884, coupou, 100@1094; U. S. 5-208, coupon, 1862, 1094@1094; do., 1864, 1074@1074; do., 1865, 108 @1064; do. new, 1074@1074; 58, 10-408, coupon, 974@984; U. S. 7'308, 1st series, 1054@106; do., 2d series, 1954@1054; 3d series, 1054@1065; Compounds, December, 1864, 144@154, Gold, 1244@1344 1344@1344.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

TUESDAY, April 2 .- There is a steady demand for Cloverseed at full prices; sales of new at \$10:50@11 % 64 lbs. Timothy ranges from \$3.25 to \$3.56. Flaxseed is wanted by the crushers at \$3@8.05.

No. 1 Quercitron Bark is scarce and in fair request; we quote at \$40 % ton.

There is not much doing in Flour, there being no demand except from the home consumers, who operate very cautiously; sales of 4@500 bbls., including superfine at \$8.25@9, extras at \$9.50@10.50, Northwestern extra family at \$11.50 @13.50, Pennsylvania and Ohio extra family at

© 13°50, Pennsylvania and Ohio extra family at \$11'75@14'25, and fancy brands at \$14'50@17'50, according to quality. Rye Flour is quiet, with small sales at \$7'25@7'50. Nothing doing in Corn Meal, and prices are nominal. The market is very poorly supplied with wheat, and prime lots are in good demand, but common grades are not much inquired after: sales of 500 bushels Pennsylvania red at \$3'15@ 3'25; and 2000 bushels California on private terms. Rye raoges from \$1'45 to \$1'50. Coru is in moderate request, and prices are rather weak; sales of 3000 bushels in store and from the cars at \$1'10; and 5500 bushels afloat at \$1'11. Onts are quiet; small sales at 68@70c, for Penn-sylvania.

vlvania. Whisky-The "contraband" article is seiling 1 \$1@1.20

A MONTANA REGIMENT.—A regiment of mounted rifles will soon be organized in Mon-tana, under the immediate auspices and encouragement of General Meagher, to be known as the Mountain Mounted Rifles. It is the purpose of General Meagher to turn over to the Mounted Rifles the fine stand of arms and the large supply of ammunition delivered to him last fall by Colonel Sawyer. The regi-ment will be thoroughly organized and ment will equipped.

THE RICH AND THE POOR .- The Bishop of London is endeavoring to organize a visi

GRAND WALL STREET OPERATION.

Recent Arrest of Noted Brokers-Leonard Huyck and Joseph B. Stewart in Limbo -They Are Charged With Conspiring to Defraud the United States Government-The Erle Stock Pools -The Sequel to the Collapse of the Merchants' Bank of Washington, Etc. Etc.

From the N. Y. Papers.

From the N.Y. Papers. The announcement that Daniel Drew, the noted Wall street stock operator, had been ar-rested on the previous day, as the suit of Joseph B. Stewart, and held to bail in the sum of a quarter of a million dollars, created consider-ally comment among the "bulk and bears" of the various menageries in the neighborhood of Frinty. Church and the Custom House. James Fisk, Jr., and William Delden, orokers, were also arrested at the same time, and held in the sum of \$60,000 each. The complaint contains also the names of Emmett D. Burr. Leonard Huyck, Andrew McKmley, George W. Wiley, H. Henry Baster, Henry Cohen, William C. Dornn, and Samuel W. Bocock as co-delen-dants, and sets forth that on the 9th day of Jamury, 1567. Joseph R. Stewart obtained a not \$177,597-69, as the amount of certain deal-ing genet against Leonard Huyck for the sum of \$177,597-69, as the amount of certain deal-ing and transactions between them. Up on this judgment an execution was issued against they chourd in the county of New York. The transections out of which the Habity arcose emount due it is claimed by Stewart that in the personal and real property belonging to Huyck but was returned by the Sheriff unsatis-ted, as no property belonging to Huyck could be found in the county of New York. The transections out of which the Habity arcose emount due it is claimed by Stewart that intrusted to the latter gentlemen's safe-rested prior to November, 1865, and of the appropriation of certain securities in-trusted to the latter gentlemen's safe-rester, Dornin, and Bocck, for the formation of a "pool" in Eric, and by the terms of this date margement was effected between Barr, Drew, McKinley, Wiley, Cohen, Huyck, Sater, Dornin, and Bocck, for the formation of a "pool" in Eric, and by the terms of this appropriation of stock bought and befor dupon the amount of stock bought and befor dupon the amount of stock bought and befor the parts of budy or sell, or both, as the eromand shares: Cohen and Baxter, one moder as brows, which is The announcement that Daniel Drew, the The and not deceitfully and fraudulently." carried on as an integral portion of that coveinvested. Huyck became a party to all these transactions under the agreements; and it is committing to Drew the control of Huyck's inthe secret contracts entered into by Drew and the others. Burr and Drew made large sales and purchases of the stock of the Erie Rail. way Company on account of the parties interested under the first agreement, as their brokers, the result of which is not exactly known, but tributed by him and the profits accruing therefrom. As appears by the complaint, on or about the 29th of January, 1866, Drew took under his control all the shares of Erie stock, and accord-ing to the provisions of the second agreement, manipulated them in the market for sixty trary, Drew caused the sales and purchase elect coterie all his gains and operations under the agreements; and it is further claimed that Drew never furnished the 18,900 shares according to the terms of the second compact, although he represented that he had done so, solely for the purpose of obtaining the control of the was standing at about \$96.50 per share, Drew caused Burr, who was a man of ne pecuniary means or responsibility, and was in the em-ployment of Drew, but to whose orders the business done by Fisk and Belden under that agreement was subject, to absent himself from the city upon some pretended business for seve-ral days, during which time Drew interfered to agreed the stock and engaged prevent any sale of the stock, and engaged largely in operations in Erle, for the purpose of

of 18,900 shares of the same stock. Drew was to buy and sell, or both, as the state of the market would warrant, for sixty days, the other parties to share, pro rala, in the profits or losses the transactions in proportion as the 9300 shares might bear to the 18,900, other parties owning 8000 shares or less to be admitted inte the venture and participate equally with the others in the results. Either or any of the parties, except Drew, were to be at liberty to buy and sell Eric on his own account outside of the common operation, and Burr was also re-lieved from all responsibility in the management of the "pool" existing under the first agreement. No "other parties" were ever adnitted into the scheme, and it was confined to the parties named. It is alleged that the working of the first agreement, prior to the organization of project No. 2, had resulted in heavy profits to the persons in the "ring," and that "if Drew and Burr had conducted the operations and transactions honestly and fairly, these gains would have been largely in excess of what they were; that Fisk and Belden were then aware of the fraudulent and deceitful acts of Drew and Burr in reference to that agreement; and that Drew, with the knowledge and consent of Fisk, Burr, and Belden, for the purpose of inducing the parties to the first agreement to enter the second operation, made a private written contract with Baxter, agreeing to refund to him all his stock and interest in the enterprise, and guarantee him against any loss which might thereafter arise. The complaint also shows that there was no adjustment of the transactions under the first agreement, but that all the sales, purchases, and operations of that concern were merged into scheme No. 2, and nant, the parties participating in the re-sults according to their proportions of stock stated that Fisk and Belden, for the purpose of terests, concealed from him all knowledge of Stewart charges that these operations were all profitable and successful, and that Huyck, on the 29th of January, 1866, was justly entitled to the moneys which had been advanced by him, as well as the twenty five hundred shares condays, meeting with no losses whatever, and realizing handsome profits by the operations, but not, as bound by the contract, em-ploying Fisk and Beiden to act as the brokers for the purpose of keeping the accounts of the transactions; on the conto be conducted and carried on by other brokers and dealers in this city, keeping the accounts in fictitious names and concealing from Huyck and the others who formed this prise of the smaller fry, and appro-priating to himself a proportion of the profits thereby realized. A further allegation is that while the stock held under the first agreement was standing at about \$96.50 per share, Drew

Judge Martin this morning dismissed the in-

A distinguished party of Senators and Minis ers formed an escort for the Imperial party. Prince Leuchtenburg represented Russia.

The members of the Diplomatic Corps ac credited to the French Court, clothed in uniform, had special seats reserved for them at the opening scene, but they were completely hidden from view.

Preceded by the Chamberlain, the party passed round the entire gallery, nearly a mile long. The different national commissions stood on a platform over the sections allotted to their countries. Turks, Japanese, Russians, Moors. Tunislans, and Persians wore their full national costumes.

The Emperor spoke a few words to each commission, but at the American department he stopped with the Empress and bowed to the crowd, who were cheering heartily. Half an hour was consumed in this tour. Then the cortege descended and passed through the art and a few other galleries, and at 3 o'clock returned to the palace.

The Russian American Treaty.

The Russo-American treaty for the convey-ance of the Russian American and the Russian Archipelago to the United States Government was extensively discussed in the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations yesterday, but no conclusion was reached thereon. The Commit-tee will probably report on the subject on Wedtee will probably report on the subject on Wed-nesday. The action of the Senate is problem-atical. Being a piece of Mr. Seward's diplo-mocy gives it no particular favor in that body, though a number of leading Radi-cals, including Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, favor the project. There are not wanting those, however, who promptly assail it as a "job." But they are principally persons who, if it really was a "job." would scramble and quar-rel over their share of plunder. The great com-mercial advantages are universally admitted, and shrewd diplomats and financiers regard it as of great importance to this country that. and shrewd diplomats and manifers result in as of great importance to this country that, having substantially lost the commerce of the Atlantic, it should promptly selze all the com-mercial resources of the Pacific. As far as heard from, no member of the British or any other Legation has yet committed suicide because of the development of this plan,

Personal.

Hon. Sylvester Mowry, of Arizona, is in Washington, looking after Arizona and Mexi-can affairs.

Registration of Colored Voters.

The registry of voters in the Third Ward commenced yesterday. In this, as in the First and Second Wards, the registered blacks largely preponderate over the whites, thus affording unmistakable indications that, owing to the apathy of the whites, the blacks will control the next municipal election. the next municipal election

The Public Debt.

The monthly debt statement for April 1 will be issued at the close of the present week. It will show a reduction in the aggregate amount of the national debt of \$15,000,000. It will also of the national debt of \$15,000,000. It will also show that the conversions of seven-thirties for the month have been very heavy, and that the coin balance in the Treasury will be even slightly increased, notwithstanding the sales and heavy interest payments during the month. The amount of contraction is not determined when the Secretary. upon by the Secretary.

The Union Pacific Railway.

The investigation ordered by the House on Saturday last regarding the Union Pacific Rail-way Company is based upon the memorial of Edward Larned, Esq., of New York, and relates entirely to that branch of the read known as the Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division, and formaria as the Lawanworth Paves the Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division, and formerly as the Leavenworth, Pawnee, and Western Bailroad Company. The Omaha line is in no manner affected by it.

A Bill Not Signed.

The only bill which was not signed by the The only bill which was not signed by the President was a bill placing certain regiments of Missouri troops on the same footing, as regards bounty, etc., with other volunteers. It was passed in time, but being mislaid in a Sena-

The returns for Congressmen are incomplete but estimating the vote of each District by the figures at hand the result is as follows:-

ngures at mand				
	FIRST D1 1807		1865,	
County, Hub Hartford	9285	Deming (R.) 8936 338	Dem. 637.9 1654	Rep. 8306 2413
Total. Majority for H	9631 ubbard, 257	9274	8033	10619
	SECOND D	INTRICT. 1867.	1865,	
County. Middlesex		Rep. 1 1018	Dem. 2278 7248	Rep. 3001 8282
Total		9509 513,	9521	11,236
SEMMUS.	THIRD D.	ISTRICT.		
County, New London Windham Total Majority for S	70 1655	4 Stark- weather (R) 2034 1283 2347 27, 1692,		Rep. 5158 3411 8366
		1807.	1865,	
County Fairneid Litchfield	W. H. Bar num (D.). 3627 985		Dem. 5.134 1778	Rep 686 488
Total	. H. Barnu	4025	9112	11,74

eight Democrats and thirteen Republicans; this year the Democrats have elected nine members sure, and possibly eleven, the result in the Twelfth and Sixteenth Districts being doubtful. Subjoined are the names of the Senators elected :-

Democrats.

Republicans... The returns of the vote for members of the House of Representatives are quite meagre, but they will show, without doubt, substantial Democratic gains, and probably a Democratic majority.

THE ELECTION IN OHIO.

Republican Gains in Cincinnati and Dayton.

CINCINNATI, April 2 .- The full returns from all the wards give Charles F. Wilsbock (Union) for Mayor, 4400 majority. The average majority for the whole Republican ticket is about 5000. showing a Republican gain of about 1500 over the last fall election for Council.

The returns show that fourteen Republicans and five Democrats are elected, showing a gain of one Democratic Councilman.

The new Council will stand twenty-six Unionists and ten Democrats. The total vote of the city is about 24,000, or 6000 less than last fall.

DAYTON, OHIO, April 2 .- The whole Republican ticket was elected in this city. The average majority is four hundred, being a Republican gain, but the Democrats gain two Councilmen.

- The Freedmen's Bureau thus far has expended about \$10,000,000. Add to this the army pay of its officials and the Government stores used, and the institution has cost about \$12,000,000.

Joseph Gill vs. Henry Chapman. An action on a book account. No defense. Verdict for plaintiff. \$208.81. John McDowell vs. Gillender & Bennett. An action of trover and conversion. The allega-tion was that plaintiff leased to defendants a nickel factory in Kensington. At the time of the leasing the plaintiff left on the premises a lot of machinery and manufacturing material valued at \$5225; and when he made a demand upon the defendants for these articles, they refused to give them up. On trial. Court of Common Pleas-Judge Peirce.-

The City of Philadelphia, to use, vs. Burgin, An action to recover for paving alleged to have been done in front of defendant's property. Defense, that the wrong property was notified, as that of defendant was not indebted to the city for paving. On trial.

Guarantee for an Actress's Engagements.

Before UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Judge Betts.—Mark Smith and Lewis Baker vs. R. E. Brewster.—The plaintiffs claim that the defendant, a resident of California, is indebted to them in the sum of \$4295.48, as surety or gua rantee upon a contract, in writing, entered into between the plaintiff and one Miss Sallie A. Hinckley, for the performance by her of an agreement by which she was indebted to the plaintiffs in that sum; that the said Sallie A. Hinckley has left the State of New York and cone to the State of California, and has refused to fulfil her agreement to pay said indebtedness. The defendant Brewster was arrested on a warrant of *ne exect*, and was yesterday after-noon brought before Judge Betts, who com-mitted him for examination.-N. Y. World,

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Tuesday, April 2, 1867.

The Stock Market was very dull this morning, and prices were weak and unsettled. In Government bonds there was no material change to notice. 1074 was bid for July, 1865, 5-20s; 1094 for 1862 5-20s; 109 for 6s of 1881; 98 for 10-40s; and 1054@1054 for June and August 7:30s. City loans were in fair demand: the new issue sold 1014, and old do. at 974, no change.

Railroad shares were inactive. Reading sold at 514, a slight decline; Pennsylvania Bailroad at 554@554, a slight decline; Lehigh Valley at 59, interest off, no change; and Northern Central at 45, no change; 321 was bid for North Pennsylvania; 30 for Elmira common; 40 for preterred do.; 30# for Catawissa pre-ferred; 54# for Philadelphia and Baltimore; and 284 for Philadelphia and Erie.

In City Passenger Railroad shares there was nething doing. 65 was bid for Tenth and Eleventh; 20 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 28 tor Spruce and Pine; 72 for West Philadelphia; and 141 for Hestonville.

Canal shares were firmly held. 22 was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common; 53} for Lehigh Navigation; 120 for Morris Canal preferred; and 15# for Susquehanna Canal.

Bank shares were in good demand for investment at full prices. 103 was bid for Seventh National; 153 for Philadelphia; 1361 for Farmere' National; 155 for Philadelphia; 1364 for Farmers' and Mechanics': 56 for Commercial; 100 for Northern Liberties; 100 for Southwark; 1064 for Kensington; 93 for Western; 324 for Manu-facturers'; 100 for Tradesmen's; and 684 for City. Quotations of Gold-104 A. M., 1344; 11 A. M., 1344; 12 M., 1346; 1 P. M., 134), an advance of 4 on the closing price last evening.

-At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Franklin Fire Insurance Company, held yes-terday, a semi-annual dividend of six per cent., and an extra dividend of ten per cent. was de-clared on the capital stock, payable to the stockholders or their representatives on and after the 11th inst.

-The New York Tribune this morning says:-

"Money continues in active demand at 7 per cent, and this rate is freely paid on Government stocks for large amounts. In commercial paper little doing, and full rates are paid. Best bills are quoted 7075, and second grade 8 and 10 per cent. "At the Board to-day a resolution was passed pro-viding for a continuous call of Government securi-ties. This call is to be held in a separate room in the Stock Exchange Building. A committee awas ap-pointed to set the new plan in operation with as

of the poor by the aristocracy of London. Telegraph pays a tribute to the women who visited the hospitals during the cholera epidemic last summer. It says:-"Ministers wives, peers' daughters, and ladies of high degree, coming from safe luxurious homes, went among the dving and the dead, and in great measure stayed the plague by their presence. The Bishop says he does not know what should have been done without those admirable helpmates."

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA APRIL 2.

For additional Marine News see Third Page.

CLEARED THIS MORNING, Barque A. M. Gray, Genn, Marseilles, Warren Gregg

A. Horay, Condy, Marsenles, Warren Gragg & Morris,
 Barque Adelaide, Conover, Marseilles, L. Wester-gaarde & Co.
 Brig Haze, Hall, Portland, Captain,
 Schr Ködash, Travers, Alexandria, J. F. Justus,
 Schr Kört, Higgins, Gloucester, J. E. Barley & Co.
 Schr J. T. Long, Tunnell, Frankfort, J. L. Bewley & Co.
 Schr Onward, Evans, dog do,
 Schr D. S. Merriman, Tracy, Indian River, Bacon Collins & Co.

chir D. S. Merriman, Tracy, Indian River, Bacon Collins & Co. chir E. E. Pecker, Sherman, Boston, Mershon J

Schr Mechanic, Cook, Salem, A. G. Cattell & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamship Chase, Harding, 36 hours from Provi-dence, with mdse. to Lathbury, Wickersham & Co. Below the Brandywine exchanged signals with a herm, brigs showing white burgee, with small red border, with letters Mary C, bound up, between the Ledge and Pea Patch, bassed one ship, two barques, and nine brigs at anchor, supposed all bound to Phila-uelphia.

elphia. Brig Abby Ellen, Foss, 8 days from Savannah, with

umber to captain. Br. brig Aima Jane, Flynn, from St. Martins, via Br, brig Aima Jane, Fiynn, from St. Matrins, via Bermuda, with sait and sulphur to Madelra & Cabada. Schr A. E. Valentine, Hutchinson, 15 days from Trinidad, with sugar and molasses to S. W. Weish. Schr B. C. Scribner, Burgess, 17 days from Trinidad, with molasses to S. & W. Weish. Steamer S. C. Walker, Sherin, 1 day from New York, with mdse, to W. M. Baird & Co.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange. LEWES, Del., April 1.—The pilot-boat Moses H. Grin nell reports the following vessels having passed in the Capes, for Philadelphia:—Ship Admirai. from Balti-more; barque Glasgow, from London; brig Despatch, from Messina; and brig Isabel. The sobr J. S. and L. C. Adams, from Philadelphia for Sagua, want to say variated av. Wind W.

for Sagua, went to sea yesterday. Wind W. JOSEPH LAFETRA.

MEMORANDA. Steamship Peruvian, Glover, from Liverpool for Puliadelphia, sailed from Boston this morning. Barques Tubal Cain, Durkee, and Union, Heard, for Philadelphia, were loading at Tribidad 22d ult. Brig Cheviot, Whitney: Fidelia, Stone, and E. Allen, Allen, for Philadelphia, were loading at Tribidad 22d ultimo.

ig S. V. Merrick, Norden, for Philadelphia, sailed

m Cardenas 23d ult. Brig J. R. Kirby, Outerbridge, hence, at Trinidad

d uit, Schrs B. F. Folsom, Orlando, and M. G. Farr, Moloy, r Philadelphia, were loading at Trinidad 22d uit, Schr W. N. Thomas, hence, at Key West 22d uit, Schr Gilbert Green, Westcott, hence, at Pawtucket

Schr J. Baxter, Baxter, for Philadelphia, sailed from Portland 29th ult.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

FORTHESS MONBOE, April 2.-Arrived, steamship frenada, towing the disabled steamship Sea Guil, rom Charleston for Baltimore. The Grenada sailed or New York this morning.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

DOMESTIC PORTS. NEW YORK, April 1.— Arrived, steamship Saxonia, Haack, from Hamburg. Steamship R. Chauncey, Gray, from Aspinwall. Steamship Rapidan, Eaton, from New Orleans. Steamship Gen, Grant, Coucch, from New Orleans. Steamship Nightingale, from New Orleans. Steamship Nightingale, from New Orleans. Stip Charger, Hatch, from Hong Kong. Ship Panther, Johnson, from Manila, Ship Colorado, Freeman, from Calcuita, Ship D. Brown, Nichols, from Calcuita, Ship D. Brown, Nichols, from Calaso, Ship Freedom, Bradley, from London, Barque Guilla, Pedone, from Palermo, Brig S. Brown, Matthewa, from Havre. Rourned, ship Brewster, Collina, for Sano Francisco, rearned leaky. Cleared, steamships Coata Rica, Furber, Shanghas: New York, Maury, Aspinwali, ships Curestjee Pur-dooujee, Norman, Liverpool; Fleetwood, Stover; San Francisco; Barque Euluila, Westerhund, Hamburg,

The State Logislature. The Sepate elected last year was composed of

Dist.
Dist.
Robert B. Morrison, D.
Robert B. Morrison, D.
Robert B. Morrison, D.
Annes Gallagher, D.
Isaac T. Rogers, D
Whitney Ediloit, R.
Rensmus D. Avery, R.
E. D. Brockway, R.
C. Charles R. Clarke, D.
Peter B. Cornen, D.
HecoaPtruLATION. RECAPITULATION.