# THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH .- PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1867.

# Evening Telegraph PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

# AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING.

# No. 108 S. Third Street.

Price, Three Cents Per Copy (Double Sheet), or Sighteen Cents Per Week, payable to the Carrier, and sailed to Sabscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars Fer Annum; One Dollar and Filty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

### TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1867.

### The New York Custom House Under Collector Smythe.

The report of the committee appointed to investigate the alleged frauds in the Custom House at New York reveals an astonishing state of facts. It seems that Collector Smythe, whose nomination was very highly lauded at the time as that of a high-toned business man, had hardly got warm in his seat before he farmed out the "general order" business of the port at the moderate price of forty thousand dollars. The contemplated distribution of this forty thousand dollars appears from the testimony of Mr. Smythe and other witnesses to have been as follows:-Ten thousand dollars to a political fund, of which he was to be sole almoner; five thousand dollars to Senator Doolittle; a like sum to Senator Patterson, a son-in-law of President Johnson; a like sum to Robert Johnson, the President's son; three theusand dollars to a Mrs. Perry, a friend of President Johnson's; and various sums to divers other parties. Indeed, the New York Custom House seems to have been a sort of general financial hospital for a large number of the President's friends, even such parties as ex-Mayor Berriet, of Washington, and ex-Governor Pratt, of Maryland, coming in for an occasional five hundred dollar check. The testimony of the Collector's private Secretary, Mr. Thomas Brown, on this point is quite interesting:-

G. When you say "politicians," whom do you mean by that designation 7 A. I know that ex-Mayor Ber-riet and ex-Governor Pratt, of Maryland, shared in certain remittances from the Custom House. I know that a \$600 check I give to the Collector one day he hald he was going to send to Governor Pratt, of Mary-land.

maid he was going to send to Governor Pratt, of Mary-land.
Q. Do you know how these gentlemen became ac-qualities with the Collector". A. They orought a let-ter from the Private Scoresary of the President. Mr., Edward Cooper, commending these gentlemen in most cordial terms to the Collector.
Q. Was it willten in bechair of the President? A. Yes in: I so understood it.
Q. Was it willten in bechair of the President? A. Yes inst twitten in bechair of the President? A. Yes inst is so understood it.
Q. Do you know, or have you reason to believe that sums have been paid either directly or indirectly to any of the President's family-to Mrs. Patterson or Mrs. Stover, by Collector Smythe? A. I do not know positively that any money has ever been paid to them, and yet I have no doubt of the fat.
Q. Did the Collector ever make any remarks to you that he had helped them or intended to heap them, or that would lease you to believe that he purposed to help the President's family by money of disrwis? A. About a formight ago there appeared in the Col-lector's room one morning just after its appearance, when he releved to it, and he remarked inthe Col-lector's room one morning that after its appearance, when he releved to it, and he remarked in the col-lector's norm do the and endertaken to help the President's family.

Various stories and rumors have prevailed about the influence of female pardon-brokers at Washington with the President. Whether this Mrs. Perry is one of that order of individuals or not, we have no means of knowing. The following testimony of Edward R. Phelps will show, however, that she was a person whom Mr. Johnson was extremely anxious to It was testified before the committee that bills of such "make up" could be multiplied almost ad infinitum.

The entire report of the committee reveals a most shameful state of affairs, and one which suggests the most unpleasant reflections in regard to the condition of the public service.

Are we in a State of War or Peace? One of the great differences between the President and Congress arises from the various answers given to the question whether to-day we are in a state of war or of peace. If the former, then the adoption of measures not strictly in accordance with the technicalities of civil law is justified; if, however, we be at peace, the law must resume its sway, and the Military bill is unnecessary, if not illegal. From the testimony which daily comes to us from all parts of the Southern States, we must conclude that the condition of the late Rebel sections is still a state of latent insurrection; and that the same steps are necessary to-day to protect the lives of Union men, black and white, as were needed three years ago. The Southern States form a subjugated country, and display a spirit similar to that of Grenada under Ferdinand-apparent passive submission, but really waiting only for an op-

portunity to be revenged on the conqueror. As we are told that the tales which come to us from the Rebel States are false, we select one which is sworn to by a United States Commissioner, and authenticated by Flake's Galveston Eulletin, and by two reliable names of resident citizens in the vicinity of the occurrence:-

citizens in the vicinity of the occurrence:— MIDDLATON, Leon County, Texas, February 20, 1867.—I, John H. Potts, of the county of Houston and State of Texas, and United States Commissioner for the Western District of said State, having visited the plantation of Mr. Green K. Cesna, which was oscupied by some fivedmen in his absence, and there found the most horrible sight that my eyes ever beheld. His dwelling-house, together with all his household furniture, and several cabins or out-houses, were burnt to ashes; one freed boy, about 17 years old, shot and murdered so near the house that his clothes were burned entirely up and his body horribly burned; a little boy, his bones found among the ashes; and ten years of age, burned to death in the house, his bones found among the ashes; and two freedmen were shot (and the physi-cians say mortally wounded) at the same time, by three lawless desperadoes, one of whom claims to be a resident of Leon county, the other two claim to be reidents of Kauff-man county. I will further certify that I be-prohend and bring those persons to justice, owing to the great prejudice that exists towards the freedmen and Union men of this section. It is true there are many who do not counte-nance this horrid act, but the? have already disqualined themselves as jurors by witnessing tisonalified themselves as jurors by witnessin; would further state that, for the security o the freedmen and loyal white men, and to pre-vent further outrages of like character by the hands of those murderers and house-burners, a small force of United States soldiers is greatly needed in this section. A few cavalry would strike terror to those prowling murderers and house-burners. Joun H. Porrs.

The same journal states that this is but one of a series of similar outrages which have occurred in that part of the State. With such evidence before us, and so often reiterated from all sections, can we doubt that the passage of the Military bill was the only action to save from death all our friends? Unless it operates as is desired, a law to which the present one is a mild admonition will crush out all opposition in the South.

# The Key to Fortune, or Accumulation

particular instance, was 66 cents per load, ; in the end, become strangely unbalanced Every vestige of the "Kingdom of Heaven" within will be monopolized by the kingdom of belt

> The miser is a sad example of the evil effects of an unwise policy. He begins by loving money for its uses, in view of a practical exercise of his love to God, in good works, and ends by bartering away his God and his inheritance for his gold. His faith in a future life is all swallowed up in his foolish fancies of an earthly eternity; and he lives for his gold, instead of making it the instrument of his happiness.

Thus it is more difficult for such "to enter into the kingdom of Heaven than for a camel to go through the eye of a needle;" for the kingdom aforesaid is declared to be within: and so completely has all its dominions been monopolized by selfishness that God and heaven are totally excluded.

Yet there is a safe, wholesome, legitimate money-getting, where use, and not possession, is the aim. But wealth should not be too anxiously coveted. Wo may permit it, and thus be prepared to combat all its contaminating advances and tendencies, and finally turn it to account as an agent of good. But to make it our constant goal is to disfranchise our selfhood, make us the final slave of that worst of masters, acarice, and bequeath us misery instead of happiness for our pains.

THE NEW DEMOCRATIC LEADER .- Mr. Brooks of New York, better known of old as "Booby" Brooks, made himself very conspicuous yesterday in the House of Representatives, denying that it was a legal body, and reciting the worn-out rigmarole of fanatics of his order generally. He finally concluded, however, to take the oath of office as a member of the illegal body, and, we presume, will not be squeamish about drawing his pay. If "Booby" Brooks thinks Congress is an illegal body, why does he have anything to do with it? Why don't he go home? Nobody compels him to stay at Washington and act with what he calls an illegal and revolutionary Congress.

After consuming the time of Congress with his impertinent platitudes, Mr. Brooks wanted the rules altered so as to more thoroughly protect the minority in free discussion. General Garfield suggested that Brooks had no right to complain of not enjoying freedom of speech after consuming three-fourths of the time of the House during the day, whereupon Brooks subsided. Jack Rogers' place is already filled.

THE SUPREME COURT .- Hon, George W Woodward leaves the Supreme Bench of our State with the close of the present year, and in the coming fall election his successor will be chosen. Prominent among the candidates mentioned, we notice the name of Hon. M. Russell Thayer, ex-member of Congress from the Fifth District. Should the choice of the Convention fall on him, we would secure a nominee possessing all the requisites for the position. He is an able lawyer, of large experience and undoubted loyalty. We do not desire to anticipate the choice of the Convention, but we know of no one whose selection would give more general satisfaction to the party than the gentleman who has so ably represented our city for the past four years.

SPECIAL NOTICES. GOLD AND SILVER MINING. THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE IN-SURANCE COMPANY, MARCH 4, 1567.-Thu Directors have this day declared a divideod of SEVEN DULLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share on the Stock of the Company for the last six months, which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, after the Jath inst. JEW WM, G. CROWELL, Beerstary. **RICHEST GOLD REGION** IN THE WORLD. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HIGH-WAYS, OPFICE OF CHIEF COMMIS-SIONER, FIFTH Street, west aide, below Cheminit. PHILABELPHIA, March 2, 18-7, NOTICE TO OWNISER OF CARTS, WAGONS, AND BARROWS, The annual License due the Cuty will be received, and renewal of the same until April 1st. 1807, at the above office, daily from 9 o'clock A. M. annu 2 o'clock P. M. MONTANA TERRITORY. Credited Production last year, \$18,000,000 in Gold. P. M. Penalty for neglect of renewal of License three dol-lars each time any vehicle may be used. THOMAS M. TRIOL, License Clerk. Actual Production last year, \$\$3,000,000 in Gold. DYSPEPSIA.-THERE IS NO DIS-EXCEEDING CALIFORNIA, NEVADA, esse which as perience has an amply proved to be remediable by the PERUVIAN SURUP (a protected solu-COLORADO, AUSTRALIA, Etc. tion of the Protoxide of Iron) as Dyspepsia. The most inveterate forms of this disease have been completely cured by this medicine, as ample testimeny of some of our first officens proves. The attention of capitalists and others is

FROM THE VENERABLE ABCHDEAGON SCOTT, D. D. DUNHAW, Canada Elest. · "I am an invetorate Dyspeptic of more than \* \* '1 am an invelorate Dyspeptic of more than twenty-five years' standing." \* \* '1 have been so wonderfully benefited in the three short weeks during which 1 have used the Peruvian Symp, that I can scarce y persusde myself of the reality People who have known me are astonished at the change. I am widely known, and can but recommend to others that which has done so much for me." \* \* \*

ANOTHER CLERGYMAN WRITES AS FOLLOWS :-

"My voyage to Europe is indefinitely pastponed. I have discovered the 'Fountain of Health' on this side of the Atlantic. Three bottles of Ferux.an Symp have rescued inc from the fangs of the fiend Dyspepsia."

A pamphlet of 32 pages, containing a history of this remarkable remedy, with a treatise on ' lion as a modi-cine," will be sent free to any aldress.

# Hubbell and Patton Gold and Silver Company.

statement of the

Company.

stock.

ectors.

cold.

\$5000.

Of the City of Philadelphia, State of Ponna, Offering greater inducements, free from risk, than any other corporated Company ever organized.

The genuine has "Peruvian Syrup" blown in the glass. J. P. DINSMORE. Proprietor, No. 36 Day street, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

### ACROSTIC.

G ently it penetrates through every pore, c fileving suffer ris from each angry sore;
 c fileving suffer ris from each angry sore;
 c fileving suffer ris from each angry sore;
 c fileving suffer ris from the second sore and the second is
 c fileving suffer ris from the second sore;
 c fileving sore;
 <lic filev

S ALVE, such as GRACE'S, every one should buy, 1 ito its wondrous merits testify, et these who doubt a single box but try,— erly, then, fis true deserts 'twould have: ven unbelievers would laud GRACE'S SALVE!

123 84 24

DON'T BE ALARMED-IF YOU HAVE DON'T BE ALARMED-IF YOU HAVE THE ITCH-TETTER-SALT BHEUM-ANY SEIN DISEASE, ITCH-TETTER-SALT RHEUM-ANY SEIN DISEASE, SWATNE'S OLISTMENT SWATNE'S OLISTMENT is warranted a quick and sure care. It aliays all fiching at occe, is purely vegetable; can be used on the most tender inlant.

"SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" Cures Bren! ITCH! ITCH!

WAYNE'S GINTMENT WAYNE'S GINTMENT Cures TETTER! WAYNE'S OINTMENT Cures SALT RHEIM? VAYNE'S OINTMENT' VAYNE'S OINTMENT' Cures ITCHING PILES!

WAYNE'S OINTMENT' WAYNE'S UINTMENT' WAYNE'S OINTMENT' WAYNE'S OINTMENT' CUIPS SCALD HEAD!

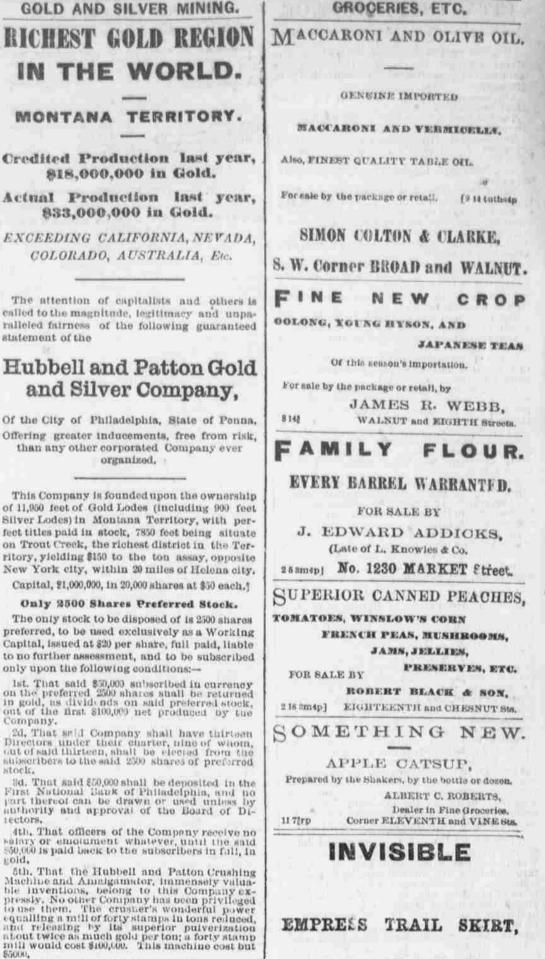
Cures BANNER'S ITCH! SWAYNE'S CINTMENT SWAYNE'S CINTMENT SWAYNE'S CINTMENT SWAYNE'S CINTMENT Cures RING WORMS!

CUISS ALL SKIN DISEASES!

"SWAYNE'S OUNTAILINE" | Cures ALL SKIN DISEASES! 'SWAYNE'S OUNTAILINE" | Cures ALL SKIN DISEASES! 'CURES ITCH IN FROM 12 TO 48 HOURS. A great variety of cases yield to the wonderful heal-ing properities of this Olutiment, even the most obsti-nate and protracted in curracter, eruptions covering the whole surface of the body, that put at definace every other mode of treatment which the mind or man could invent, have been permanently cored. Fries is cents a hox. By mak, fürgents. Over thirty years have "Dr. Sconnes Menteines" been in constant use in all parts of the world, and their increasing popularity is certainly proof of their great po er to heat.

areat io er to heat. This valuable Olutiment is prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, No. 330 N. SINTH Street, above Vine, Philadi Sold by druggists,

6th. That said 2500 shares preferred stock, with its dividend, is a better security than a tirst mortgage on the immensely valuable mines and machinery of the Company. BEAUTIFUL HAIR.-CHEVALIER'S 7th. The mines of this Company, from ascer-tained facts, as to width and riceness of the LIFE FOR THE HAIR positively restores lodes of ores, are estimated to contain, to the depth of only 1000 feet, at least 1,327,777 cubic yards of ore, which will yield about \$200 per yard, amounting to \$265,555,400. grey bair to its original color and youthful beauty; imparts life and strength to the weakest hair; stops its fallingout at once: keeps the head clean; is unparalleled SPRING, 1867. as a hair-dressing, sold by all druggists and fashionible hair-dressers, and at my office, No. 1123 RROAD. SUBSCRIPTION OFFICE. WAY, N. Y. 35 tuths (M1 SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D. NO. 20 SOUTH THIRD STREET, IN BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE. THE BEST IN THE WORLD. Harmless, reliable, instantancous. The only per-ect dye. No disappointment, ao ridicalous tints, out 100 Where all information will be furnished. 227 irue to nature, black or brown. GENUINEISSIGNED WILLIAM APBATCHELOR ALSO, Regenerating Extract of Millefleurs restores, pre-erves, and beautifies the hair, provents baldness, Sold by all Druggists, Street, New York, Street, New York, Street, New York, Street Street, S J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic W.H. SHOW III NOT GROVE. CASES. 4번ST. (OR DOUBLE SPRING). HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS, -WATSON & TALLMAN'S TOTLET EMPORIUM, NO. 161 North EIGHTH Street. Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer, Ring's Ambrosia, Bur-neut's Coccalue, London Hair Color Restorer, Tebbett's Hair Regenerator, Sterling's Ambrosia, Montgomery's Hair Regenerator, Sterling's Ambrosia, Montgomery's Hair Restorer, Phalon's Cochin, Gourand's Oriental tream, Laird's Bioom of Youth, Email de Parcs, Enamei of America. In fact all preparations requisite to the toilet at [2 2stuth2mip] BEVERAGE OF HEALTH. SKIRTS. Is recommended to weak persons generally, and for indies of delicate constitution especially (also to ladies pursing, or after exhausting sickness); and as a proof of its efficacy, we publish extracts of a few letters to Mr. Hoffi-Mr. Honi-NEW YORK, January 26, 1867. Dear Sir:--\* \* \* I thank you for the wonderful ef-fects of your Malt Extract. Since six years I suffered strailly from general weakness, but the pourishing matters of your Beverage of Health have given me new strength. Please to send, etc. KARLINE SCHADE, No. 106 Ludlow street. STEINWAY & SONS The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. (See all the fashion magazines.) At Retail by all first-class stores who sell "TEINWAY & SONS direct special attention to heir newly invented "Upright" Planos, with their "Fatest hesonutor" and double Iron France, patented inne 5, 1868, which, by their volume and exquisite pushity of tone, have elicited the unqualified admi-ration of the musical profession and all who have been them. Skirts. NEW YORK, January 25, 1867. Mr. Hoff.—\* \* \* I am obliged to say that my indy in ready benefited by the use of your Mail Extract. It ind only a very pleasant beverage, but also a very fleations one, and strengthens the stomach, as well a the nerves and the whole system At Wholesale by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in this city. Also by sole owners of patent and exclusive manufacturers. the nerves and the whole system. C. P. WAGNER, No. 273 Ninth avenue. Sold by all Druggists, at \$6 per dozen or 60 cents per bottle. No. 1006 CHESNUT Street, Philada WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY. THE PIANOS WHICH WE MANU-WHOLESALE AGENT, WARD J. CAFFEE No. 97 CHAMBERS St. 2 23 stuthet] S. E. Cor. FRONT and CHESNUT Sm MACHINE STUCK NEEDLES 32 stuth2m NEW YORK. UCUST FARMER SEVENTHIRTY NOTES. THE LATEST NOVELTIES. CONVERTED WITHOUT CHARGE 0. INTO THE EO. IUIIIIII ü NEW FIVE-TWENTY GOLD INTEREST BONDS. Open Paper showing how Needles are Arranged. STATIONERS AND ENGRAVERS, Large Bonds delivered at once, Small Bonds fur-NO. 913 ARCH STREET. nished as soon as received from Washington. CYU JAY COOKE & CO., SHOULD BUY THEM. 3411 No. 114 S. THIRD STREET. OF THE BEST QUALITY, You profit by superior quality, You profit by freedom from loss, You profit by finding at once the exact size you 7 3'108 ---- SEVEN - THIRTY NOTES You profit by having the choice fof one size, or ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER. CONVERTED WITHOUT CHARGE INTO mixed sizes in each paper. THE NEW FOR SALE AT THE PRINCIPAL TRIM. MING AND DRY GOODS STORES THROUGHOUT THE CITY AND STATE. 5-20s. AND BY ALL THE LEADING JOBBING HOUSES. [22stuthim BONDS DELIVERED AT ONCE. MANUFACTURERS' AGENCY. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES wanted at highest BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS, market rates. NO. 28 BANK STREET, PHILADELPHIA, STATIONERS AND PRINTERS. WM. PAINTER & CO., NO. 65 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK. NO. 30 NOUTH THISD ST. NO. 913 ABCH STREET 12 26 3111



THE NEW SHAPE FOR

'provide for:"--

Q. Did you have any negotiation in reference to the general order business before or after Mr. Smythobe-came Collector. A. Yes. Q. State with whom that was, A. Myself and The mas J. Earr, of New York, decided on applying to the President, through a Mrs. Perry of Chelannal, for the general order business from Pier No. 59, N. R. to in the president.

Q. Did you meet her at the President's house ? A. I did meet her there several times in the months of February and March, we went there at oue time on an appointment mane by the President; the President requested us to call there at 6 o'clock in the evening, appointment made by the Presness the tweeting, requested as to call there at a o'clock in the evening, when he would see us alone: we went, and had an in-lerview with him, and he assured me that Phelps and Barr should have the general order business, as above stated, they bringing proper technonials. He remarked that he gave this to Barr and Phelps as much for the benefit of Mrs. Perry as for their bendit, be any he wished to help her; he said, "I suppose that you will make it all right with Mrs. Perry," and I went on to state the arrangement, and he said, "Never mind—you need not tell me all that." Q. Was it not then determined what portion she was to have of this business." A. She fold Mr. Johnson the arrangement or interest she was to have and Mr. Johnson then replied he was statistic if she was.

H she was, Q. What was the portion she was to have? A. She was to have one-third of the net profits. Q. Did you produce the testimonials required? A.

9. What was the portion will was produced the set of ther idea of it.

The method by which these large sums were realized was the very simple one of robbing the merchants of New York, having goods stored under general order, by overcharges. A specimen of "how to do it" was furnished in the case of Landman & Kemp, who had twenty cases of quinine in Johnson's warehouse, the legal rates and figures on which would be as follows :---

20 cases, storage 10c, each..... 20 cases, labor, 10c, each..... 20 cases, cartage..... 142 \$5.32 The bill rendered was as follows:-.\$10.00 20 cases, storage, 50c. each. 20 cases, labor, 50c. each. 20 cases, cartage, 50c. each. 10.00

These cases weighed 80 pounds each, Total. total 1600 pounds. A legal cart load is 1200 pounds. The legal price per distance, in this in constant exercise of the selfish organs, will,

Made Easy.

As but little can be obtained without money, so the desire to secure it is universal. It has been declared to be "the root of all evil;" but is it not rather the source of every good? In a word, money is the golden key to the temple of true happiness. Thus it is that men love it, toil for it, suffer to obtain it, and too often seek to acquire it by fraud. What endurance, deprivation, pain, and even contunnely, men suffer to secure it!-and yet few there are who rightly appreciate it as the agent of good.

The folly of follies is hope anchored in mere ossession. Wealth is nothing only in view of its uses. Money is representative, Gold is but the bridge over which we pass to the Canaan of true enjoyment. Unwisely gained or improperly gicen, it is too often a "bridge of sighs," leading to a dreary imprisonment of man's highest, most God-like faculties.

It requires a large amount of practical philosophy to make money, but infinitely more, to appropriate it to its legitimate uses. To know where to stop requires a greater amount of resolution and moral courage than the whole labor of acquiring.

The dangers of avarice are like those in certain manufacturing operations, where the wages are great, but the risks, from poisonous inhalations, are a severe tax upon the constitution of the laborer. Yet there is no scarcity of applicants for such positions. Masks are offtimes used in such cases, which in part alleviate their direful consequences. The fortunehunter should learn wisdom here . There is a mask of true practical philosophy of head and heart, which, if practised, will prove a genuine safeguard against the advances of avarice, and the miserly evils which follow in her train.

As the smith's right arm grows stronger with the increased taxation of its powers, so with the mental faculties. Every thoughtful effort is, in some degree, an increase of the organ of thought. Thus a constant drain upon one set to the neglect of another will in time produce mental deformity, which will carry with it a deplorable consequence upon the individual's fature.

A constant exercise of the virtues is the only rue safeguard in successful money-getting, and the only sure introduction into the temple of true enjoyment.

Theologians have taught that the road to wealth is parallel with the road to perdition. A proper analization of Christ's doctrine on this head will show a reasonable discrimination in the case.

To secure great riches requires, generally, an excessive exercise of the sensual organs, and the result is a proportionate sectional growth. Thus, an evenly developed head in the start, by over-exertion in one direction and

DR. BEADLE'S LECTURE ON "MOLLUSCS," an abstract of which will be found on our sixth page to-day, will well repay perusal. It has already been delivered twice in this city, as well as elsewhere, and is deservedly popular with those who have been so fortunate as to hear it.

# SPECIAL NOTICES.

2 P. M.

Der"

2 22 121

1987

Europe.

35 tuthstidp

