THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH .- PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1867.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

DAUGHTERS TO SELL.

6

BORD BY A LADY OF PASHION. Daughters to seil! Daughters to sell ! They cost more money than I can tell; Their education has been first rate; What wealthy young nobleman wants a mate ! They sing like nightingales; play as well; Daughters to sell ! Daughters to sell!

Here's my fine daughters, my daughters, oh ! German, Italian, and French they know, Dance like sylphides for grace and ease; Choose out your partner, whichever you please; Here's a nice wife for a rich young swell; Daughters to sell! Daughters to sell!

Beautiful daughters, dark and fair ! Each a treasure for a millionaire, Or fit to pair with any duke's heir At St. George's Church, by Hanover Square. Hey! you that in lordly mansions dwell, Daughters to sell! Daughters to sell!

But dear daughters ! Who wants a bride, That can give her a carviage and horses to ride. Stand an opera box for his fancy's queen. And no end of acres of crinoline?

Ever new furniture, jewels, and plate; All sorts of servants upon her to wait ! Visits to Parls, Vicuna, and Rome: In short, all she's been brought up to at home. Here are girls for your money-if you can sell. My daughters to sell ! My daughters to sell !

The Resignation of Minister Motley.

The Resignation of altristor story. The President vesterday sent to the Senate a reply to the resolution requesting him to com-municate to that body, if in his opticion not inconsistentiwith the public interest, any cor-respondence between the Department of State and Mr. Moticy, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pienipotentiary at Vienna, relating to bis reported resignation of his post. The fol-lowing is the correspondence – Mr. Seward to Mr. Motley.

Mr. Seward to Mr. Motley.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, Nov. 1, 1860. - Sir. - A chizen of the United States has 21. 1866. – Sir. – A citizen of the United States has addressed a letter to the President from Paris, in which he represents that he had traveled ex-tensively in Europe during the hast year, in the course of which he had occasion to see some-thing of our Ministers and Consults in various conntries; that most of those whom he met were bitterly hostile to the President and his were bitterly hostile to the President and his administration, and expressed that hostility in so open a manner as to astonish Americans and to leave a very bad impression on Europeans He adds, that you do not pretend to concea your disgust, as he says you style it, at the President's whole conduct: that you despise American Democracy, and loudly proclaim that an English gentleman is the model of human perfection; that the President has described his perfection; that the President has desorted his pledges and principles in common with Mr Seward, who, you say, is hoplessly degraded. Your denial or confirmation of the truth or these reports is requested, 1 am, sir, your obedient servant, (Signed) WILLIAM H. SEWARD, To I, Lothrop Motley, Esq.

Mr. Motley to Mr. Seward

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES, VIENNA, Dec. II, 1866.—Hon, William If, Soward, Scero-tary of State—Sir:—An hour or two ago I re-ceived a letter from you, dated 21st of Novem-ber, 1866, to which I hasten to reply. You in-form me that a citizen of the United States has addressed a letter to the President from Paris, stating that in the course of the last year "he had had occasion to see something of our Ministers and Consuls in various countries; that most of those whom he met were bilterly hostile to the President and his administration, and expressed that hostility in so open a manner as to estonish Americans, and to leave a very bad impression on Europeans."

With this opening paragraph, relating gene-rally to the United States Ministers and Consuls abroad, I have nothing especial to do. Other gentlemen are fully competent to answer for themselves. You proceed to say:-"He adds that you do not pretend to conceal your disgust. as he says you style it, at the President's whole conduct; that you despise American demo-cracy, and loudly proclaim that an English pentleman is the model of human perfection; inat the President has deserted his pledges and principles, in common with Mr. Seward, who, you say, is hopelessly degraded." You conclude by requesting me to deny or confirm the truth of these reports.

of these reports. My first impulse on reading the letter was to content myself with a flat denial of their truth. On a little further reflection, however, I do not wish that there should be doubt as to my poliwish that there should be doubt as to my pol-tical sentiments. As a representative of the foreign policy of the Government I have done my best faithfully to discharge my duties in strict conformity with my instructions. In the conflict of opinions in regard to home ques tions, especially that of reconstruction, my views have never been asked for by the United States Government, and I should have consi-States Government, and I should have consi-dered it unbecoming and superfluous to volun-teer a public declaration of them; as certainly I should have deemed it my duty to express them frankly whenever they were officially demanded. I do not understand that I am even now directly questioned on the subject, but after reading your latter, I owe it to myself to say a few words. I have always believed it necessary that strong guaranties should be taken against the recurrence of the Rebeilton, and the re-estab-lishment of some form of slavery, before the seeded States should be readmitted to repre-sentation in Congress. Latterly I have in-clined to the opinion that the noblest and the safest course would be by amendment to the Constitution, prohibiting distinction of race or color in regard to the attainment of the fran-chise, together with a general amnesty to be pronounced by the President. These opinions, in the privacy of my own household, and to occasional American visitors, I have not con-cealed. The great question now presenting itself for solution demands the conscientious seruiny of every American who loves his country, and believes in the human progress of which that country is one of the foremet co. dered it unbecoming and superfluous to voluncountry, and believes in the human progr which that country is one of the foremost re-presentatives. I have never thought, during my residence at Vienna, that because I have the bonor of being a public servant of the American people, I am deprived of the right of discussing, within my own walls, the grave subjects that can interest freemen. A minister of the United States does not cease to be a citizen of the United States does not cease to be a citizen of the United States, as deeply interested as others in all that effects the welfare of his contry. In conversation with such of my colleagues or members of the Government here, as were interested in our politics. I have uniformly stated that the conflict of opinions now pre-valing in the United States, was inevitable in a free country; that such discussions were the very evidences of our freedom and of our capa-city to govern ourselves; that to silence discus-sion belonged to descuss which that country is one of the foremost recity to govern ourselves; that to silence discus-sion belonged to despots, not to a republican government like ours, and that I had entire faith that the American people would ulti-mately settle all disputed questions with jus-tice. I have always been cautious, however, in such considerations to avoid any entered mately settle all disputed questions with jus-tice. I have always been cautious, however, in such considerations, to avoid any expressions of disrespect towards the President and his Ca-binet. I have uniformly stated that in our own country the people were not only theoretically but practically sovereign; and that when great political questions were to be solved, appeal was made to the ballot-box. I have steadily expressed the opinion that the President and Congress would be reconciled after the people should have pronounced their solemn verdict, and I have added that all par-ties in the United States, as I belleved, honestly desired and required the re-establishment of the Union, however they might differ as to the wisest means of securing it. This is the way in which I have been in the habit of speaking, officially or semi-officially; and this is my reply to the charges contained in your letter, so far as they regard in any way the President of the United States. That "I despise American de-mocracy, and londy proclaim that an English gentileman is the model of human perfection," is so pittful a fabrication that I biush while I Any one personally acquainted with mean Is so plitted a moreation that I biush while I denounce it. Any one personally acquainted with me, or who has taken the trouble to read my writings, whether official or historical, must know that a more fervent believer in American democracy than I am does not exist in the world. My ex-pressions of reverence for the American people during these five heroic years have erred if at all on the side of enthusiasm, and have offen seemed to the skeptical somewhatexravagant. I scorn to dwell longer on the contemptible charge. That I have called "Mr. Seward hopelessiy degraded" is a vile calumny, and it wounds me deeply that you could listen for a moment to such a falsehood. In conclusion, I have only to add, that I beg herewith respectfully to resign The my post as United States Minister at Vienna. I am, sir, your obedient servant.

Newspaper Gossip. Newspaper Gossip. & Anong new journals that have started re-renily are the Oil City Daily Remster; the Woonsocket (E. I.) Work'y Pairioi; the Boston Night Owl, which is published on Saturday only; the Philadelphia Home Journal, a Methodist weekly; the Richmond Sunday Ledger, a lite-rary periodical, edited by W. H. Wade and H. C. Tinsley; the Chicago Temperance Advocate, published weekly, and edited by Rev. J. C. Stouchien; the St. Louis Hesperian, a literary weekly: the Daily (Colorado) Times, the first Stouched the St. Louis Hesperian, a literary weekly: the Daity (Colorado) Times, the first daily published in that Territory, located at Eluck Hawk, and edited by O. J. Goldrick: the Chicago New Republic, an organ of the Good Templars, edited by Rev. W. E. Christopher and G. S. Phillips, "January Searle:" and the Pro-testant Churchman, a new weekly started in New York. New dailing of Lanceratic collision are York. New dailies of Democratic politics are predicted as soon to appear in Boston Mil-waukee, Dayton, and Columbus. The Cincinnati National Union and the Dayton (Ohio) Caronicle have suspended, by reason of pecuniary em barrassments.

em barræsments. Among recent improvements in our ex-changes we notice the new typographical dress of the New York Tribune, the culargement and new type of the Chicago Republican, the new dresses of the Dayton Union and Moore's Rural New Yorker, and the enlargement of the Scientific American, the Cincinnati Masonic Beriew, the Racine Advocate, and the stark County (Ohio) Republican. The Wisconsin Farmer has Conto's Republican. The Wisconsin Farmer has been changed from a weekly to a monthly. The Springheld *bepublican* has reduced its price of subscription to eight dollars a year. The Mis-subscription of commissioners for Foreign Missions, will be greatly improved during the year. Mr. Charles Hatchins, a graduate of Brown Univer-sity will be charge of the weblichus description. sity, will be in charge of the publishing depart-ment. The Liberal Christian is the new name given to the new series just commenced of the Unitarian paper heretolore known as the Caris-tion Inquirer. It is published in New York, and proposes now to occupy a wider field, as its bronder title implies, and to enlist fresh contilbutors in adults n to the old writers. Among the former we notice Rev. Dr. Chapin and other prominent Universalists.

Or editorial personal gossip there is but little current at this time. In New York, Mr. Croly is new managing editor of the World, and Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Hurlbut are among the writer., Mr. Nordhoff and Mr. Mayerick are editing the Post, Mr. Dewey, Mr. Dodworth, Mr. Judd, and Mr. Carey are leading writers upon the *Commercial Advertiser*, Mr. Prime and Mr. Stone are the editors of the Journal of Commerce. In the Herald office great changes have been recently made on account of the discovery of a "ring" formed to sell special news to Western papers, which was broken up by the discharge of its leaders. Dr. Hosmer is now managing editor, and Charles H. Farrell city editor, H. Millard, of Buffalo, has become one of the editors of the *Turf*, *Field*, and *Farm*. The *Heraid's* staif is numerically the largest.

the *i ribure's* the most thoroughly organized, the *Times* doing its work with fewer hands. The *Heraid* enjoys the reputation of being the most liberal to its casual contributors and cor-respondents; the *Times* pays contributors well, furnishes the best law reports, and uses its exchanges diligently, but lacks enterprise in the matter of foreign correspondence. The Tribune, on the other hand, is megaraly to its contribu-tors, but liberal to its foreign correspondents, of whom it has a most efficient corps. The other morning papers—the World, Journal of Com-merce, and Daily News—are conducted more economically, the Journal of Commerce being, perhaps, the only one that can be called profita-ble. The expenses of the evening papers are

light in comparison. J. L. McCreery, late of the Dubuque Times, has become agent of the Northwestern Press at Chicago. Rev. Jalius H. Ward, the biographer of Percival, is to take the editorial chair of the Connecticut Churchmon. W. R. Halioway has become one of the editors of the Indianapolis Journal, General Dan Macauley has resigned the editorial chair of the Indianapotis Gazette, Jennie June" has become the fashion pondent at New York of several of the Western journals. W. H. Burleigh is at present New York correspondent of the Chicago Post. Dor-sey Gardner writes the literary notes of the Round Table, and Eugene Schuyler for the Nation. Lieutenant Geoige A. Marden, of New Hampshire, has accepted a position upon the

editorial staff of the Boston Advertiser. The Exangetist says Mr. H. C. Bowen is not sole proprietor of the Independent. Albert Pike, it is said, has become associated with the editorial department of the Memphis Appeal. W. R. Ellis has retired from his editorial connection with the Lafayette (Ind.) Journal. Daniel W. Fiske, of the Syracuse Journal and formerly of the Astor Library, has become editor of the Hartford Courant and Press. W. Dexter Smith, Jr., of Boston, is to assume the editorial charge of the Orpheus, a monthly musical journal, pub-lished by Russell & Co., of that city. Mr. Smith is quite well known as the author of several popular songs. The publishers of the Cincinnati Commercia recently purchased the manuscript of a new novel by Anthony Trollope, to be published in the Sunday Commercial, They Daid \$10,000 for it, The New York Tribune has negotiated with Charles Dickens to furnish a novel for that paper for \$25,000. The Tribune has also given Thomas Carlyle one hundred and fifty guineas in gold to write an essay to fill one page of the A New York Herald reporter's thirst for news has led him to commit a telony. In the trul of the Fenlans at Sweetsburg, Canada, on the 10th instant, Mr. Devlin, of the counsel for the prisoners, stated that he had prepared seventy pleas to the thirty-five indictments; but that, pleas to the thirdy-live infortunates, of that, unfortunately, he was then only able to file five or six of them, the remainder having been ab-stracted from his drawer. The trial was, there-fore, suspended for one day. Meantime, Consul-General Averill, at Montreal, was telegraphed to to cause the arrest of the Herald reporter, who was known to be on the way thither. The arrest was accordingly made, and upon a search of the enterprising reporter's baggage, the miss-ing documents were recovered. The most extraordinary newspaper success of the age is the Paris *Evenement*, which in ten months has attained a circulation of 48,000 copies. In these ten months it is calculated that \$100,000 have been paid for paper, and that \$30,000 have been spent among publishers for books given as premiums to subscribers. Twenty-eight thousand dollars have been paid to the different writers engaged on the paper: 161 persons are employed in the office of the paper and in the printing department. There are 26 compositors, 2 correctors, 6 stereotypers, 31 pressmen, 45 carries. 20 clerks, 56 folders, and 5 porters. Taking, in addition to the above, the different people who, in Paris and the provinces, are more or less/dependent on the paper, it supposed that it finds a living for not less than 3000 individuals. - Detroit Tribune.

INSURANCE COMPANIES. DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSU-RANCE COMPANY, Incorporated by the Legis-inture of Pennsylvania, 1835. Office, S. E. Corner THIRD and WALNUT Streets, MARINA INSURANCES on vensels, Cargeo, and Incight, o all parts of the world. INLAND INSURANCES on goeds by fiver, canal, lake, and land carriage, to all parts of the Union. FIRE INSURANCES on merchandise generally. on merchandise generally. On Stores, Dwelling Houses, Etc. ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1996. \$160,600 United States 5 Per Cent. Loan, 9114.000-120,000 United States 6 Per Cent. Loan, 190.000 United States 6 Per Cent. Loan, 1901.
200.000 United States 7 310 Per cent. Loan, Treasury Notes.
120.000 City of Philade phia six Per cent. Loan (exempts).
54.000 State of Pennsylvania Six Per Cent. Loan.
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20,000 Pennsylvania Mairoad, let Mort-gage, Six Per Cent. Bonds.
25,000 Pennsylvania Rauroad, 20 Mert-gage Six Per Cent. Bonds.
25,000 Westein Pennsylvanias Balfroad Six Per Cent. Bonds (Penna, R. R. guarantees).
30 060 State of Tennessee Five Fes Cent. Loan. 50,758-00 20,500 08 24,250.00 20,750-00 18,000.00 7.0:0 2 taie of Tennessee Six PergCent-5,640.00 15,000 00 8,208 25 3,950.00 0,500.00 195,900.00 \$1 045,050 par.

41.54 \$1,407,321.55 *This being a new en the market value. Thomas C. Hand, John C. Davis, Edmund A Sonder. TheophBus Paulding, John M. Penrose, James Traquair, Henry C. ballett, Jr., James C. Hand, William C. Ludwig, Joseph H. Seal, George G. Achper, Hugh Craug, John D. Taylor, Jacob Riegel, THOM. "This being a new enterprise, the Par is assumed as Samuel E. Stokes, Henry Sloan. William G. Boulton, Edward Darlington, H. Jones Brooke, Edward Laiourcade, Jacob P. Jones, James B. McFarland, Joshua P. Fyre, Spencer McIlvaine, J. B. Semple, Pittsburg A. B. Berger, Geoige W. Bernardon, H. H.M., Pressdont Jacob Riegel, THOMAS C. HAND, Piceident, JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice President, BENEY LYLEURS, Secretary 18 5 1829-CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Franklin Fire Insurance Co. PHILADELPHIA. Assets on January 1, 1866.

\$2,506,851.96. Capitai Accuue, surplus Premiums UNSETTLED CLAIMS, all 467 53. Account for the second se 011,467 53. 0310,000. LOSSES PAID SINCE 1829 OVER \$5,000,000. Perpetuas and Tem porary Policies on Liberal Terms DIRECTORS. DIRECTORS. Charles & Bancker, Samuel Grant, LisaacLea, CHARLES & SanCKER, President, EDWARD C. DALE, Vice-President, JAS. W. MCALLISTEE, Secretary protem. 11 5

FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY 61 PHILADELPHIA. Statement of the Assets of the Company on January 1, 1867. Published in conformity with the provisions of the Sixth Section of the Act of Amembly of April 5th, 1842; -On property valued at over \$4,000.000 being First Mortgages on Real ristate in the city and county of Philadelphia, ex-cept \$31, 829 84 in the neighboring counties, \$4,001,724:21 MORTGAGES. and weight REAL ESTATE. Purchased at Sherid's Sales, under Mori-gate Claims, viz. :---Eight houses and lot. R. W. corner Chesnut and beventeenth streets. A house and lot, north side of Spruce street, west of Eleventh street. Hote, and lot, S. E. corner Chesnut and Eegech streets. Pive houses and lot, north side of George street, west of Ashton street. Seven houses and lot, east side of Breach street, south of Chesnut street, east of winth street. Pive houses and lot, north side of Filbert street, west of Ashton street. A house and lot, Filzwater street, east of winth street. Pive houses and lots, north side of Filbert street, west of Eighth street. A house and lot, west side of Bread street, south of Race street. A house and lot, west side of Filbert street, west of Eighth street. A house and lot, set side of Frankford road, south of Auburn street. A house and lot, aburn street. A house and lot, aburn street. A house and lot, set side of Frankford road, south of Auburn street. A to of ground, south side of Lombard street, west of Yaund, south side of Street street. A to of ground, south side of Lombard street. Man of Street St REAL ESTATE. pounds per ream. Cost \$87,951.68 LOANS. Temporary Loans on Stocks as Collateral Security (valued at \$162,676.56), \$83,669.75 STOCKS. 845.000 U. S. Bonds, 1881.
840 100 U. S. 10-40 Registered Bonds.
875.000 U. S. 5-20 Year Registered Bonds.
832.700 Philadelphia City Loans, not tax., abic.
89.000 Pennsylvania State Six per cent. Loan. May, 1861.
8 0.000 North Pennsylvania R. R. Bonds.
89.0 North Pennsylvania R. R. coupou serip. Notes and Bills Receivable . . . 3,821.84 Revenue Stamps 48.50 Total Cash 42,763.40 \$2,493,001.38 JAS. W. MCALLISTER, Secretary protect. 115 PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST COMPANY NO. 111 South FOURTH Street. INCORPORATED 30 MONTH, 224, 1865. CAPITAL, \$160,000, PAID IN. Insurance on Lives, by Yearly Premiums: or by 5,10, or 20 year Fremiums, Non-formiture. Endowments, payable at a luture age, or on prior both classes Non forfeiture. Annuites granted on horselt terms. Term Policies. Children's Endowments. This Company, while giving the insured the security of a paid-up Capital, will divice the entire profits of the Life business among its Pohey holders. Moneys received at interest, and paid on demand. Authorized by charter to execute Trunts, and to actis Executor or Administrator, Assignee or Guardian, so in other fouriary capacities under appointment of any Court of this Commonwealth or of any person or sec-sons, or bodies politic or corporate. SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY, RICHARD CADBURY. REAL ESTATE. ington, D. C. \$22,082.60 \$38,142.15 Losses Paid during the Year 1866, \$112,187.32 BY ORDER OF THE BOARD. CHARLES N. BANCKER, PRESIDENT. ----ATTEST-JAMES W. MCALLISTER. SECRETARY PRO TEM. DIRECTORS. CHAS. N. BANCKER, GEORGE FALES. TOBIAS W GNER. ALFRED FITLER. SAMUEL ORANT, FRAS. W. LEWIS, M. D. GEORGE W. RICHAEDS, PETER MCCALL WM. A. BLANCHARD ISAAC LEA, CHAS. N. BANCKER, President. 123 wfm8t GEORGE FALES, Vice-President. JAMES W. MCALLISTER, Secretary pro tem, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY Capital and Assets, \$16,000,000. Invested in United States, \$1,500,000. Total Premiums Received by the Company in 1865, \$4,947,175. Total Losses Paid in 1865, \$4,018,250 All Leases promptly adjusted without reference t England ATWOOD SMITH. General Agent for Pennsylvania. OFFICE, No. 6 Merchants' Exchange FHILADELPHIA. **NSURANCE COMPANY** 0F NORTH AMERICA. OFFICE. NO. 222 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA. INCORPORATED 1794. CHARTER PERPETUAL. CAPTTAL, \$500 000. Assets, January 8, 1867, \$1,763,267 33. INSURES MARINE. INLAND TRANSPORTATION and FIRE RISKS. Arthur C. Coffin, Samuel W. Jotes, John A. Brown, Charles Taylor, Ambrose White, Richard D. Wood, William Weish, B. Morris Wain, John Mason. DIRECTORS. George L. Harrison, Francis R. Cope, Edward H. Trotter, Edward B. Clarke, William Cummings, T. Chariton Henry, Altred D. Jessup, John P. White, Louis C. Mädelra, John Mason, ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President CHARLES PLATT, Secretary.

PROPOSALS PROPOSALS. PROFESALS FOR PAPER FOR THE FUBLIC TRANSPORTA

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 QUARTINGTON, D. C. JAMMATY 15 1967.

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 March 21 20 'clock M., on the 28th of February, 1867.

 March 21 20 'clock M., on the 28th of February 1867.

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 March 21 20 'clock M. C. Pherson or from Fort Laramies how or may be established in the Territory of New Assesses of longitude 182 deg., in the Ferritory of March 200 and the of secture 44 deg , and territory of Idaho, routh of secture 44 deg , and territory of Idaho, routh of secture 44 deg , and territory of Colorado and the ferritory of the ferritory of March 200 and the ferritory of the ferritory of Colorado, south of secture and the ferritory of Colorado, south of secture and the ferritory of Colorado, south of secture and th OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC PRINTING CLASS 1. - UNCALENDERED PRINTING 22,000 reams of fine Frinting Paper, uncalendered, measuring 24x38 inches, and weighing forty-five pounds to the ream of 500 sheets. CLASS 2.—CALENDERED PRINTING PAPER. 5000 reams of superfine calendered Printing Paper, measuring 24x38 inches, and weighing filty-three pounds to the ream of 500 sheets. CLASS 3.-SIZED AND CALENDERED PRINT-ING PAPER. 1000 reams superfine Printing Paper, hard-sized and super-calendered, measuring 24x82 inches, and weighing forly-five pounds to the ream of 500 sheets. route. CLASS 4.-MAP PAPER. 1000 reams superfine map paper, sized and callen-dered, of such size as may be required, correspond-ing in weight with paper measuring 19x24 inches, and weighing twents-one pounds to the ream of 500 shorts. degrees. ROUTE No. 4. From St. Paul, Minnesota, to such posts as are now or may be established in the state of Minnesona

500 cheets.
CLASS 5.-WRITING PAPERS (IO BE OF ANY REQUIRED WEIGHT).
3000 reams Quarto Post, 10x16 inches.
3000 reams Flatcap, 18x16 j, or 14x17 inches.
2009 reams Double Cap, 163x26, or 17x28 inches.
2009 reams Double Demy, 201x82 inches.
2000 reams Fo.io Post, 17x22 inches.
2000 reams Pouble Folio Post, 21x34 inches.
2000 reams medium 18x28 inches.
2000 reams royal, 19x24 inches.
1000 reams imperiat, 223x31 inches.
500 reams of any required size not enumerated above, and not exceeding 21x40 inches.
CLASS 6-PAPER FOR POST OFFICE BLANKS CLASS 6-PAPER FOR POST OFFICE BLANKS (ENGINE SIZED), 400 repms measuring 22x34 inches, weighing 40 pounds per ream. 1700 reams measuring 20x32 inches, weighing 46 1200 reams measuring 25x36 inches, weighing 52 100 reams measuring 18x18 menes, weighing 22 the following amounts :--Founds per ream. 400 reams measuring 18x21 inches, weighing 24 pounds per ream. Proposals will be received for the whole quantity or any portion, not less than one thousand reams, of the papers designated in Classes 1 and 2, and for the whole quantity or any portion of the papers designated in Classes 5 and 6, being not less than one-fourth. Samples of the quantities or all the papers, in all the classes, will be furnished upon application at this office, and the successful bidders required. will be required rigidly to conform to the sample Fach c ass will be considered separately, and be contract

Fach c ass will be considered separately, and be subject to a separate contract, but bidders may offer for one or more of the classes in the same proposal. No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a guarantee that the bidder or bidders, if his or their proposal shall be accepted, will enter into an obligation, with good and sufficient sureties, to fur-nish the articles proposed for; and each proposal must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence that the person or persons making said proposal are manufacturers of or dealers in the description of paper which he or they propose to furnish. All the paper in the several classes must be dopaper which he or they propose to furnish. All the paper in the several classes must be do-livered at the Government Printing Office. In the city of Washington (except class 6, which must be defivered at Buffalo, N. Y.), in good order, free from all and every extra charge or expense, and subject to the inspection, count, weight, and mea-surement of the Superintendent, and be in all respects satisfactory.

respects satisfactory. The supplying of an inferior article in any of the classes, or a failure to supply the quantity required at any time, will be considered a violation of the

at any time, will be considered a violation of the contract Blank proposals will be furnished upon applica-tion at the office, and no proposal will be considered which does not conform exactly therewrith. Proposals will be endorsed on the envelope "Pro-posals for Paper," and addressed to the Joint Com-mittee on Puttle Printing, either to the care of Hon. H. B. Anthony, Chairman of the Senate Com-mittee on Printine; Hon. A. H. Laffin, Chairman of the House Committee on Printing; or C. Wendell, Esq., Superintendent of the Public Printing, Wash-ington, D. C. Brevet Coionel and Assistant Quartermaster, U.S.A. PROPOSALS FOR CONTINUING DELA-WARE BREAKWATER. UNITED STATES ENGINERE OFFICE, No. 209 South citxth STREET. PHILADELFHIA, January 7, 1807. Scaled Proposals, in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until the 21st of February, 1807, for stone to the amount of \$67,000 (sixty-seven thousand dol-lars), for the Delaware Break water. The stone to be of the hardest and most durable ction of the Joint Committee of Congress The stone to be of the hardest and most durable quality; the delivery to commence on or about the 15th of May, and to be completed by the 15th of on Public Printing. C WENDELL, 1 21 20t Superintendent of Public Printing. as possible uniform G OVERNMENT SALE. Of the total amount of stone, four-fifths are re-quired to be in blocks of not less than two tony, and one-fifth in blocks of upwards of one-fourth of a The property known as the GOVERNMENT TANNERY AND STEAM SAW MILL, with seventy-five acres of land, near SAN AN FONIO ton. The stones will be subject to rigid inspection, and The stones will be subject to right inspection, and will be received or not, as the Engineer, or his agents, shall find them to accord, or not, as to quality and size, with the above description. Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible, persons, whose signatures should be appended to the guarantee, and who should be certified to as being good and sufficient security, by the United States District Judge, Attorney, or Collector, or other public officer. with seventy-live acres of land, near SAN ANTONIO-Texas. Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received up to the first day of March, 1867, for the purchase of 75 acres of .ano, more or less, togother with the buildings erected thereon, and the appurtenances appertaning, that is to say:--One Tannery, containing twelve stone lime vats, flity-two wooden vats, seven stone pools, and capable of tanning 15.000 hides per annum. One Steam Saw Mill, capable of sawing 3000 feet of lumber daily. other public officer. A reservation of ten per centum on partial pay-ments will be made during the delivery of the One steam Saw anii, capable of sawing 3000 feet of lumber daily. One small Stone Building. The above property is situated about two miles above San Antonio, on the San Antonio river, and the water is conducted to the establishment by a race of hewn stone, laid in cement. The land was purchased and improvements made stone.
 Envelopes to be endorsed, "Proposals for Stone for Delaware Breakwater."
 Bids will be opened at 12 o'clock M., on THURS-DAY, the 21st of February, 1867, and bidders are invited to be present nvited to be present. For further information, apply at this office, C. SEAFORTH STEWART, 18 tuths 6w Maj. Eng. and Byt. Lt.-Col. The land was purchased and improvements made by the late so-called Confederate Government, and are estimated to have cost \$150.000 in gold. The property has been under lease for the year 1866, at a monthly rent of \$500, payable in advance. A secured title in fee simple will be given by the United States Government. Proposals will be marked, "Proposals for Govern-ment Tannery and Saw Mill," and addressed to By't Mail-Gen, Asst Com'n, Bureau R. F. and A COAL. R. W. PATRICK & CO., By't Maj.-Gen. Asst Com'n, Bureau R. F. and A. NO. 304 N. BROAD ST., L., Galveston, lexas. 1117w N AVY SEPPLIES DEALERS IN NAVY DEPARTMENT, BURFAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING, January 12, 1807. Separate Proposals, scaled and endorsed "Propo-sals for Navy Supplies," will be received at this Bureau until 2 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 12th day of February next, for funishing and delivering at the United States Navy Yards at New York and Boston, on or before the 1st day of April next, the quantities of the different articles specified in the tolowing list; two-thirds to be delivered at New York and one-third at Boston, viz :--New Navy Beef, 3000 barrels, per barrel. LEHIGH AND SCHUYLKILL COAL HAZLETON, MAHANOY, EAGLE VEIN, AND RE-BROKEN STOVE, Always on hand, under cover, and free from DIBT and BLATE. [825 snwsm COAL! COAL! COAL! York and one-third at Boston, viz. :--New Navy Beel, 3000 barrels, per barrel. New Navy Pork, 6000 barrels, per barrel. Rice, 100,000 pounds, per pound. Dried Apples, 100,000 pounds, per pound. Sugar, 2:0,000 pounds, per pound. Coffee, 100,000 pounds, per pound. Coffee, 100,000 pounds, per pound. Beans, 5000 bushels, per bushel. Molasses, 20,000 gallons, per gallon. Vinegar, 20,000 gallons, per gallon. Bids will be received for one-tourth. ouc-ha'f, three-fourths, or the whole of the quantities named. J. A. WILSON'S (Successor to W. L. Foulk,) LEHIGH AND SCHUYLKILL FAMILY COAL YARD, No. 1517 CALLOWHILL St., Phila. Attention is called to my HONEY BEOOK LEHIGE and HE-EECKEN SCHUYLKILL, both superior and and those only will be accepted which are considered for the advantage of the Government. All the articles contained in the above list must be equal to the Navy standard, and pass the usual Coal and Freparations best in the city 9 25 6m For a description of the articles and the packages INDIA RUBBER GOODS contain them, bidders are referred to the sample at the said Navy Yards; and for information as to the laws and regulations (in pamphlet form) resard-ing contracts, to the offices of the Commandants and WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, Paymasters of the several Navy Yards. Imported articles will be received in bond free from auty, and no internal revenue tax will be OF ALL KINDS, FOR 1 AMILY, DRUGGISTS', STATIONERS', OR the bidder or bidders will, it his or their bid be achieved and sufficient survives. MANUFACTURERS' USE, Can be obtained direct at the MANUFACTORY AGENCY, supplies proposed; the competency of the guarantee to be certified by the Paymaster, District Attorney, or Collector of the Customs. No Fronosal will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee, and by satisfactory evidence that the bidder is a regular dealer in the articles, and has No. 708 CHESNUT Street. Customers will find it to their advantage to dea the license required by the Act of Courress. H. BRIDGE, 1 14 m4t Chief of Burean. 18 tm here.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,

route, ROUTE No. 3. From Fort Union or such other depot as may to established in the Territory of New Mexico, to an posts or stations that are or may be established in that Territory, and to such posts or station as may te designated in the Territory of Arizona and in the Scale of Teves were of hensitide ho and in the Sinte of Texas west of longitude 10

now or may be examined in the State of Minneson and in that portion of Dakotah Territory iving east of the Missouri river. The weight to be transported during the year will not exceed, on Route No. 1, 30,000,000 pounds; on Route No. 2, 20,000,000 pounds; on Route No 3 8,000,000 pounds; and on Route No. 4, 8,500,000 pounds.

8.060.000 pounds; and on Rulle No. 4, 5.000,000 pounds. Proposals will be made for each route separately. Bidders will state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles, at which they will transport the stores it each month of the year, beginning April 1, 1867, and ending March 31, 1868. Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their places of residence, and each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand, §50,000) dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guarantoeing that in case a contract is awarded for the route meatioued in the proposal to the party proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and rull be accepted and entered into, and good and sum the terms of this advertisement. ance with the terms of this advertisement. The contractor will be required to give bonds in

On	Route	No	1,	\$250,000.
On	Route	No.	2.	\$200.000.
OB	Route	No.	3.	\$100,000.

On Route No. 4, \$50,000. Satisfactory evidence of the lovalty and solvency a each bidder and person offered as security will be

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. 1. 2, 8, or 4," as the case may be, and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with the requirements of this ad-

The party to whom an award is made must be pre-pared to execute the contract at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of

The right to reject any and all bids that may be flered is reserved.

offered is reserved. The contractors on each route must be in readi-ness tor service by the 1st day of April, 1867, and will be required to have a place of business or ascency at which he may be communicated with prompily and readily for Route No. 1 at Omaha, N. T.; tor Route No. 2 at Fort Riley. Kansas; tor Route No. 4 at Saint Paul, Minnesota, or at such other point for each of the several routes as may be indicated as the starting point of the route. Blank forms showing the conditions of the con-tract to be entered into for each route can be had on

Blank forms showing the conditions of the con-tract to be entered into for each route can be had on application at this office, or at the office of the Quar-termaster at New York, Saint Louis, Fort Leaven-worth, Omaha, Santa Fe, and Fort Snelling, and must accompany and be a part of the proposal. By order of the Quar.ermaster-General. 1 19(F25) ALEXANDER BLISS, Brevet Colonel and Assistant Quartermaster, U.S.A.

am, sir, your obedient servant, J. LATHROP MOTLEY.

-Mr. L. S. Gouverneur, of Maryland, a grandson of President Monroe, is about publishing a work addressed by that distinguished statesman to his countrymen, and written after his retire ment from public life.

-A widow in St. Louis recovered samages against a man who sold her a stove that would not bake.

DYEING, SCOURING, ETC. FRENCH STEAM SCOURING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 510 RACE Street.

We beg leave to draw your particular attention, lo our new French Steam Scouring Establishment, the first and only one of its kind in this city. We do not dye, but by a chemical process reasons Ladies', Gentiemen's, an' Uhidren's Garments to their original states, without injuring them in the least, while great experience and the best machinery from France enable as to warmin perfect subsidiation to all who may favor us with their perfect subsidiation to all who may favor us with their perfect subsidiation to all who may favor us with their of without Trimming's, are cleaned and finished without being taken apart, whether the color be genume or not.

or not Opera Cioake and Mantillas, Curtains, Table Oovers, Carpets, Veivel, Ribbons, Kid Gioves, etc., cleaned and rennished in the best manner. Gentlemen's Summer and Winter Clothing cleaned to perfection without in-jury to the stud. Also Fiags and Banners. All kinds of stains removed without cleaning the whole. All orders are executed under our immediate supervision, and satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. A call and examination of our process is respectively solicited.

ALBEDYLL & MARX. 9 10 mw15 No. 510 RACE Street.

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