Evening Telegraph

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1867.

Tenure of Office for Judges. THE admirable letter of Chief Justice Woodward, declining a renomination for the position that he now holds, contains some very excellent suggestions in regard to the tenure of office. The common opinion is that the longer a Judge has been upon the bench the abler and wiser he becomes, so that the mere fact that the term of office of our Supreme Court Judges is fifteen years, is a strong argument in many men's minds in favor of the renomination of any incumbent who has given general satisfaction in the performance of his duties. But Judge Woodward gives it as his opinion, based upon an observation of many years, that the public loses more by the infirmaties of advancing age, and the perfunctory routine into which judges fall, than is gained by tong experience." Hence, Judge Woodward concludes that, in reference to the re-election of a judge, "the question of the renewal of the lease ought to be considered, not so much in respect to present qualifications, as to continued competency." If his faculties fail not, "the tendency of long continuance in office is to careless habits of

We regard toese views as eminently sound and timely. A Judge should always be a man in the full vigor of his mind. While the principles of jurisprudence may be regarded as in a great measure fixed, yet their application to the numberless cases that arise in the daily affairs of men is a matter constantly demanding the exercise of the highest faculties of the intellect. In rare cases, vigor of mind appears to survive the gradual decay of the bodily powers attendant upon old age: but in the vast majority of instances, sufficient to thoroughly establish the rule, the mind sympathizes with the body, and fails with it. The capacity for patient and protracted thought grows less; the power of close analysis and careful discrimination becomes diminished; even the memory grows weak, and the whole tone of the mind is impaired. It is evident that a man in such a condition is not capable of grappling with the great questions which are liable at all times to come before the bench for settlement.

study and business."

Then there comes up the danger to which Judge Woodward ailudes, even in cases where the faculties do not tail, of "careless habits of study and business," and the "perfunctory routine" into which judges fall.

This is a grave evil, and one which there is every reason to believe pravails to a very great extent. The great tendency with men in all professions is to deteriorate, or, at least, not to advance after middle life. They content themselves with past studies, and lose that thirst for knowledge, that acquisitive desire of the mind, which may have characterized their earlier years. Great scholars guard against this by new and varied studies, which put their minds upon the stretch. Great statesmen are oftentimes held up by the exigencies of public affairs, which tax their powers to the utmost. But the judge on the bench is peculiarly liable to this habit of indolence. He lacks the stimulus possessed by the advocate who has his cause to gain. The temptation to a careless, perfunctory habit is strong; and instead of an original and critical examination of the cases before him, he defers almost wholly to precedent, and becomes a retailer of other men's opinions rather than an originator of his own.

We think that the cause of justice, and the true interests of the law itself, would be subserved by making judges ineligible to re-election where their terms of office are as long as in this State; and by fixing a limit of age in the case of those holding, like United States judges, during good behavior.

The opinion of a jurist like Judge Woodward, who retires in the full vigor of his powers, must carry with it great weight, and we hope his example in this respect will become a precedent for those who may succeed him.

The definite declination of Judge Woodward renders the election of some new man necessary next fall. We trust that both parties will select able and well-qualified candidates, so that the present high character of the judiciary of the State may be well maintained.

Something Peculiar in Reade's "Masterpiece."

MR. CHARLES READE'S "masterpiece," "Griffith Gaunt," having been subjected to coasiderable adverse criticism on both sides of the water, was in a fair way to be a pecuniary failure, when the author conceived the unique plan of advertising his work by calling every one who did not admire the production a "beast." As the number of the "beasts" was decidedly large, some of them have devoted their time to burrowing for the sources from which the "masterpiece" was derived, and the London Reader has uncovered some facts which cannot fail to be of interest. We do not venture to accuse Mr. Reade of plagiarism, lest we be called a "prurient prude" or a "grovelling swine," but then facts are facts, and in the present case the similarity of the thoughts of great men is striking. In 1856 a story appeared in Household Words called The Frenchman with Two Wives," and in

1859 Wilkie Collins wrote a sketch entitled "Brother Griffith," which was published at that time as part of the "Queen of Hearts." In 1866 Mr. Reade writes his "Griffith Gaunt." The plots of all three of these works are identical, in many places the language is the same. while the names are not even changed in several of the characters. The following rough drafts show some of the points of re-

GRIFFITH GAUNT;
GR. JEALOUST
1808.

[Griffith Gaunt, a gentleman with out tortune, marries Rate I ey ton, who has just inherited Hermanw Castle and Bolton Grange, in Cumberland.]

Grange, in Cumberland.]

Mrs. Nocross died:

M

but well-connect—a widow, who
od—a gentieman brought him an
by birth and education."

"As for the vil"At last he graw [Mrs. Gauntand Father Leonard. a young priest and her concessor, not le neach other the only cougenial to me part of the neighborhood affores and an invess could think to me part of the neighborhood affores and an invess could think to me part of the neighborhood affores and an invess could think to make the neighborhood affores and an invess could think to come to prise to use to the chalcau freshold the neighborhood affores and an invess collect the chall and whe saw little that the chall charles the neighborhood and wide saw little was a single when he found hat the prior condition. Mrs. Meeke (who was dieadfully trightened by my mass tor's violent language and rough chose to suppose ways) very setting the chall except when he found my missress was alone there.

He (Smith) grew At last he graw

my missress was alone there.

He (Smith) grew sulky, rude, ansary, and at last do enright jealous of Mr aceke.

The ruder rer husband was to Mr. Meeke, the more kindly she behaved to him This led to serious disputes and thence in time to a violent quarrel." "Then I say that "He replied by

"Then I say that priest shall never darken my doors bernever to open the doors again to Mr. Mee-e; she on yours: and that holw man the my menever he will."

(Griffith atter threatening to drag Father Lee nard through the pair waking tose; ther, as he supposes, planninghis disnonor. Having chastised the priest in Mrs. Gaunt's proses, planninghis disnonor. Having chastised the priest in Mrs. Gaunt's proses, planninghis disnonor. Having chastised the priest in Mrs. Gaunt's proses, planninghis disnonor. Having chastised the priest in Mrs. Gaunt's proses, planninghis disnonor. Having chastised the stable-yard sprans. With the se sonce]:

"He darted to the stable-yard sprans to me is horse. and galloped a w sy trom Hernshaw Casile."

[Griffith rides into another counts, and stopping ti ed. at sn into another counts, and stopping ti ed. at sn into meets MercyVint. Course of his was spite. With the saparit when the funkeeper's dering about the daughter.] "He town his attentation," when his attentation had been at the word of well with timed a very pret y girl at his gates of the town of Aux morning young iracted to a deer not won his attentation," it was a buxon blooming young iracted to a deer not won his attentation, when the priest in the two his attentation, it was a buxon blooming young iracted to a deer not won his attentation, when the priest were worked to a deer not won his attentation, when the priest were to be only a very pret y girl and y curiosity sitting at work at upon him "He the parior won-hurse him i her forms a continuation of the parior won-hurse him." He town at the forms of the forms of the parior won-hurse him." He town at the forms of the parior won-hurse him." He town at the parior won-hurse him." He town at the forms of the parior won-hurse him." He town at the forms of the parior won-hurse him." He forms of the parior won-hurse him." He town at the forms of the parior won-hurse him." He town at the parior won-hurse him. He forms a parior won-hurse him. He forms a parior won-hurse him he was

ilke e y e s that let by the sight of and y curvosity sitting at work at upon him " [He falls sick, and she nurses him.]

[Griffith is sharply by the sight of a very break y giri and y curvosity sitting at work at upon him " [He falls sick, and she hurses him.]

[Griffith is sharply by the policy of the girl may be be effected with years that he ruin be effected with years in the girl may be effected with shall become his mistress and finally marries ber under the name of Tremas Leicester (that of his baster (that of his baster) that he had to agree to any undertaken no thing but homorphic him he lim-keeping.

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money he ob-(The real Thomas Leicester visiting the lim during frill visits an anonymouslet ceived a letter ing Griffith's allow learned from the procultions her husband's second rear of the Parcelina on his return learns his scert and they part tained from his met."

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(Mrs. Smith have the proculting the part of the Parcelina on his return learns his secret and they part of the part of the Parcelina on his first wite. In detail by the opened her eves investigation of the same day, to his first wite. Leicester reaching Hernsbaw itst. Leis of Griffith's bigamous marstigation of On the same day.

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on his way to the
chaceau, expecting to surprise his
wife and the
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on before him, he
mason, anxious 'o bigamous riage.] mar-

mason, anxious to

prevent a crime, informs them of his approach.] The entire scene on Griffith's return, which follows the last paragraph quoted, is identical in Reade's "masterpiece" and "The Frenchman." The resemblance of the trials is also striking, while the terminations, however, differ, inasmuch as both the previous renditions surpass "Griffith" in the probability, or at least the symmetry of their conclusions. In "The Frenchman" the husband lives in seclusion, the first wife dies, the second marries again and has many children; in "Brother Griffith's Story" the first wife lives in seclusion, the husband living abroad with the second; in "Griffith Gaunt" the husband lives again with the first wife, the second marries

again, and has nine children. The article in the Reader thus sums up the

points of resemblance between the two "Grijfiths" in its concluding paragraph :-

"In 'Griffith Gaunt' and 'Brother Griffith's Story'—but not in 'The Frenchman'—are the passionate temper of the husband, and the lack of congenial tastes between him and his wife; the quarrel between man and wife in the practice." sence of the priest; the revengent servact maid ta favorite character with Collins), whom the mistress (the first wife) strives to propidate by gifts of clothing; the servant listening at the door; the circumstantial evidence of the hus-band's death; the fainting of the real wife; the sympathetic lawyer and magistrate; the interview of the first wife's emissary with the second wife; the employment of the priest's housekeeper as co-between by the innocent wife; and the visit of the latter to the prest's house. In fine, from the time or Griffith's marriage to Kate to the conclusion of the trial, the only essential features peculiar to 'Griffith Gaunt' are Ryder's love of Griffith, and the personal resemblance between Griffith and Thomas Leicester, his bastard brother; and the introduction of these serves to do away with—if it was not intended to meet—notably weak places in the construc-tion of the two other versions of the plot. It is to be noted that it is only within these limits— from the time of the marriage to the close of the trial—that the construction of 'Griffith Gaunt' has escaped censure from its most favorable critics; what precedes and what follows have been nearly unanimously pronounced artistically talse."

When a writer calls all who dare to examine his work "beasts," we must hereafter think that he has some skeleton in the closet of authorship which investigation will reveal. Mr. Reade stands to-day before the literary world in the attitude of a detected thief. He has stolen the plot of his work; he has sought to impose his adopted child upon the public as his "masterpiece," and now finds that his game of bluß' will not work. It is not improbable that his other works, which, in the author's scale of merit, are inferior to his "masterpiece," are also derived from some friendly magazine, and it is probable that in some obsolcte periodical a condensed form of "Very Hard Cash" and "Never Too Late to Mend" may be found.

This literary charlatan, lacking manners, originality, and common sense, who attacks all critics as "anonymous scribblers," while he is foisting his stolen goods upon the public, may be held up as a warning to all authors whose tempers are inclined to give way be-tore a candid examination of the merits of their works.

An Important Bill.

The most important matter in Congress yesterday was the introduction of a bill in the House by Mr. Williams, of this State, providing that-

"In all cases of writs of error from and appeals to the Supreme Court of the United States, wherein is drawn in question the validity of any statute or other authority of the United States, or the construction of any clause of the Constitution, or the validity of a statute of or an authority exercised under any State on the ground of repugnancy to the Constitution or laws of the United States, the hearing shall be had only before a full bench of the judges of such court, and no judgment rendered or decree given against the valually of any statute or any authority exercised by the United States, shall be binding unless with the concurrence of all the judges of such court,"

The evidently political character of some of the late decisions of the Supreme Court, and the plain tendency of the judges to go beyond the record and make political speeches to the people under the torm of obiter dicta, renders some restriction of their power necessary.

Objections having been made to the introduction of the bill, the yeas and nays upon that question resulted as follows-yeas 107, 30, and the bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Cretan Affairs.

THE interest of the public in the Candian insurrection will be increased by the news from Athens on the 19th instant, that the Cretans have achieved another victory in battle over the Turks, and that the Cretan Assembly has invited the powers of Europe to send agents to Candia to report concerning the real condition of that country.

In this country the movement in aid of the Cretans increases, and Dr. Howe, of Bostons will soon have raised far more than the twenty thousand dollars which he originally proposed as the sum which he was willing to carry personally to the struggling patriots of

THE OPERA HOUSE EXCITEMENT IN OUR CITY .- In accordance with the announcement made in all the morning papers of vesterday, that THE EVENING TELEGRAPH had perfected arrangements with Messrs. Crosby and Pugh so that the books of the Opera House enterprise would be at the office of this paper during the afternoon, considerable excitement occurred around the neighborhood of Third and Chesuut streets. By despatching a special correspondent to Chicago, who secured the telegraph lines, we were enabled to announce the result as soon as the successful number was read to the audience in the Opera House. As there were 27,500 residents in our city who had invested in the enterprise, and as each one was solacing himself with the reflection that his chance of success was as good as any other man's, the interest felt drew together a dense crowd, which thronged our office, and were insatiable in their demands for news and extras. As we were the only Eastern paper whose correspondent was enabled to penetrate the snow-banks and reach Chicago, we had a decided advantage over our contemporaries, and were the only Philadelphia journal which received a line of telegraphic despatch before 10 o'clock last night. While we congratulate ourselves upon our success in monopolizing all the news, yet we regret that the rapidly printed extras, which flew without inte mssion from our presses until 7 o'clock, caused disappointment to 27,484 Philadelphians, and caused joy to

only sixteen. GOLD BILL PASSED THE HOUSE, -The House of Representatives vesterday passed a bill regulating the sale of gold from the Treasury of the United States. It provides that whenever any coin is to be sold at least six days notice of the same by advertisement shall be given, and sealed proposals invited. None but the highest bid shall be accepted, and at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury all bids may be rejected.

This bill, or something similar thereto, will doubtless become a law.

The League Island Bill.

THE thanks of our people are due to Senator Cattell for his able and triumphant advocacy of the League Island Naval bill, before the Senate Committee. That Committee agreed to report the bill yesterday. We trust that this great measure, so long demanded by the best interests of the country, is likely to become a law.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING, -JOY. COE & CO., Agents for the "TELEGRAPH." and Newspaper Press of the whole country, have RE-MOVED from FIFTH and CHESNUT to No. 144 8. SIXTH S treet, second door above W ALBUT.

OFFICES: No. 144 S. SIXTH Street Philadelphia
TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, New York. 730 940 FRENCH.

GERMAN, LATIN.

> ELOCUTION. MUSIC, E c. Etc.

RHETORIC.

Young Men wishing to study the above branches, and to enjoy the advantages of the LYCEUM

SCIENTIFIC LECTURES.

GRAND CONCERTS. May do so by applying for Membership in the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION. This all Young Men over toutteen years of age may do.

Annual dues, \$1 00. Caids, admitting to all the above privileges, free to embers. For surther in ormation, apply to the secretary, at the ROOMS, No. 1210 CHESNUT Street. For notice of first concert see amusement column. It

GAME.—THE ASSOCIATION FOR THE PROTECTION OF GAME hereby give notice to a 1 persons, and particularly to hotel and restamant keepers and dealers in game that the law will be strictly en oried on and after the lat day of February, 1867. Any information of violation of the law recorted to our Solici or Wardalle G. Mcallister, No. 1858. SIXTH Street, will be promptly attended to.

H. B. TATHAM, President, No. 508 S. WHARVES.

James B. Chandler, Secretary, No. 386 CHESTOT Street.

CONCERT OF SACRED MUSIC. -FIFTH REFORMED CHURCH, GREES STREET, BELOW SIXTEENTH,

GREEN STREET, BELOW SIXTEENTH,
ON
THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24, 1861.
EOLOISTS-Mrs. BENRIETTE BEGITERNS.
Miss CARDLINE MCCAFFREY.
Professor : HO MAS BISHOP,
Mr. JAMES PEARCE,
Organist, St. Mark's.
Ticklets, One Dollas.
Ticklets, One Dollas.
To be had at
C. W. 4. Trumoler's. Seventh and Chesau streets.
W H Boner's. No. 1102 Chesaut street, and at
Book Store Reformed Church, No. 34 N. Sixth street.

CORN EXCHANGE ASSOCIATION. The Annual Meeting of the CORN EXCHANGE AS-OCIATION will be held on tUESDAY, January 29, 1887.
The Annual Report of the Board of Managers will be read at 11 o'clock
The polls will be open from 10 A. M. until 3 P. M., for the exciton of officers to serve for the ensuing year.
1277.
108EPH S. PEROT Secretary.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON COLLEGE — The graduates and former students of Washington or Jefferson College, Ponnsylvania was may be in this city or vicinity, are invited to a reamion nor matual acquaintance, and to meet the President of the institution, at the lecture Room or WE T RUB STREET HURCH, corner of the Hand EIGHTEENTH STREET, on TUESDAY LYENING next, 32d inst. at 7% o'clock P. M.

"OUR NEW HOUSE: OR, PLEASURES
OF HOUSE-BUNTING."—Lecture by Rev. T.
DE WITT TALMAGE, at NATIONAL HALL, TUSKDAY EVENING, JANuary 29 at 8 o'clock froceeds
of a bereve on chieft DAY EVENING January 29 at 8 o'clock Frocessor a benevo-cart object
Tichets, 75 cents; for sale at Trumpler's, Seventh and Chesnut streets; Bower's, Sixth and Green streets; Kennedy's, Seventh and Brown streets; Evans', Sixth and Poplar, Matlack's No. 904 Market street; Baptist Publication Office, Arch street, near Sixth, and at the Door.

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, Omco. No. 424 WALNUT Street.

"HILADRIPHIA January 21, 1887.

The INTEREST IN COLD on the sirst Morigage
Bonds of the UNIO PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION, dus Fabruary I, will be
paid on bresentation of the compons at the Banking
House of Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co., New York, on and
a ter that Gate.

WILLIAM S., PALM SE Treesures

FRIENDS ASYLUM FOR THE IN-SANE, near Frankford, Twenty third Ward, Philadelphia, Dr. J. H. WORTHINGTON, Superintendent application for the admission of patients may be made of the supermiendent, at the Asvium, or to either of be undernamed MANAGERS:
samuel Beitie, No. 149 S. Fenth street.
Charles Ellis, N. E. corner Seventh and Market treet.

reets.
Wilham Bettle, No. 428 N. Sixth street.
Wilham Bettle, No. 428 N. Sixth street.
John C. Alen, No. 335 S. Firth street.
John Carler, No. 339 S. Tweitth street.
John M. Whitali, No. 410 Race street.
Mark Balderston, No. 340 N. Sixth street.
Hicherd Richardson, No. 527 Arch street.
Hicherd Richardson, No. 527 Arch street.
Wistar Morils, No. 200 4 Third street.
Samuel Morils, near Olney.
Elliston P. Morris, Germantown, and No. 805 Marcet street.

Nathan Hilles, Frankford, David Scali, No. 815 Arch street, William Kinsey, S. W., corner of Third and Vine resis. William B. Cooper, near Camdon, New Jersey. Samuer Emlen, Germantown, and No. 627 Market Greet. Howard Yarnail, No. 922 Mount Vernon street. Howard Francis B. Coje, Germantown, and No. 1 Walnut 1 163m

WALNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA JAMES 10, 1867.

WALNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA JAMES 10, 1867. The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the 1st earnings, in Scrip, bearing no interest, and convertible into the Feven-eer cent Mortgage Bonds of the Company, in sums of Five Hundred Dollars, or and after MAY 1, 1867, on presentation at the Office of the Company. The Scrip so issued will be delivered to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 1st of FEBEUARY next.

The Transfer Books of the Company will close at 3 o'clock this P. M., and remain closed until the 21st instant.

WILLIAM WIFTER, 115 Im

OFFICE OF THE MUTUAL FIRE IN-SURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, FIRST MOSTH 18, 186 At an election held on the 14th instant the following named persens were elected DIRECTORS of this

Company:—
Caleb Clothier.
Penjamin Ma one.
Thomas Mathe.
7. Eliwood (hapman,
simeou Matlack
Aaron W. Gaskill,
And at a meeting of the Directors, held this day the following officers were ananimously re elected, vz:
(AL* B (LACTHIER Presi en: HEAD, MALONE Vice President; THOS, MATHER, Treasurer; and TELLWOOD CHAPMAN Secretary. OFFICE OF THE INSURANCE COM-

The Directors have the day declared a semi-annual Dividence of SIX PER CENT. excusive of taxes payable on demand.

114 Tw

DIV. DEAD NOTICE. - OFFICE OF THE PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON BAIL-ROAD COMPANY, No. 224 S. DELAWARE AVERUE. The Directors have this day declared a semi annua Dividend of FIVE (5) P.R. CENT clear of taxes, our of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 31st instant.

The transfer back with the control of the control o

The transier books will be closed until February 1. DIVIDEND NUTRE E .- THE JOINT

DIVIDEND NUTICE,—THE JOINT Board of Directors of the De aware and Ravitan Canal and the Cambe and Ambov Railroad and Trans portation Companies have this day declared a semi-an mail Dividend of FIVE PER (ENT, on the Caulta Stock, and THREE and ON THE TRED PER CENT on the steeples of the first instalment, paid septemper 1 1868, tree of Government ax. payable at the Office of the Companies in New York and Philadelphia on and after January 31, 1867.

The Firster books of wtock and Instalment Receipts will be closed until *ebruary 1, from this date January 18.

RICH RD STOCK FON, Treasurer, Princeton, N. J., Jan. 17, 1867.

PRINCED DO. N. J., Jan. 17, 1867.

RATCHEL ORDER HALR, D. V. S.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE
THE BEST IN THE WOALD
Harmless reliable instantaneous the only perfect
dye. No disaupointment no ridiculous thus, but true
to nature b'ack or brown,
GENUINE IS SIGNED WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR,
ALSO
Ergenerating Fatract of Milledeurs restores, preserves,
and beautifes the hair, prevents baldness. Sold by all
Druggists. Factory No. 81 BARCLAY 82. N. Y. 833

FINANCIAL.

BANKING HOUSE

AY COOKE & CO.

112 and 114 So, THIRDST. PHILAD'A.

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OLD 5-20s WANTED

A LIBERAL DIFFERENCE ALLOWED.

IN EXCHANGE FOR NEW.

Compound Interest Notes Wanted! INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSIT,

Collections made. Stocks bought and sold on Com-12 243m4p Specia business accommodations reserved for ladies.

7-30s.

JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST.

CONVERTED INTO

5-20s WITHOUT CHARGE.

5-20s Delivered at Once. DREXEL & CO.

FIRST-CLASS SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS. North Missouri First Mortgage Sevan Par Cent.

Bonds for sale at 85.

All information cheerfully given.

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STOCK BROKERS, No. 2183 WALNUT STREET

STOCKS AND LOANS bought and sold on Com-IRUST FUNDS invested in City, State, or Govern-

WILLIAM H. BACON. REAL ESTATE BROKER, No. 218; WALNUT Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, Nos. 809 and 811 CHESNUT Street PHILADELPHIA. CAPITAL \$500,000, FULL PAID.

DIRECTORS Jos. T. Bailey. Wm. Ervien, Sam. A. Bisphan. Edw. B. Orne, Osgood Welsh, Fred. A. Hoyt, Natha Hilles, Ben. Rowlang, Jr. Wm. II Ehawn PRESIDENT, WILLIAM H. RHAWN.

CASHIER, JOSEPH P. MUMFORD. (10 31 3m FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' NATIONAL

PARMERS' AND MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK.

PRILADELPHIA, January 11, 1861.

At an election heid on the 9th of Januar, 1867, the following named Sickholders were elected Directors of this Bank:—

Of this Bank:—

Of this Bank:—

EDWIN M. LEWIS,

8. A. MERCER.

JOHN ASHHURST,

ANTHONY J. ANTELO,

BENJAMIN A. FARNHAM,

JAMES R. CAMPBELL,

FRANCIS TETL.

LINDLEY SMYTH.

RICHARD C. DALE,

FEMBERTON S. HUTCHINSON,

JGSBUAB LIPPINCOIT,

J. EDWARD FARNUM.

GEORGE W. FARR JR.

And at a meeting of the Directors this day, S. A.

Microci, Eso., having declined a re-election on account of his heath FDWIN M. LEWIS, Esq., was unsufficiently elected President.

W. RUSHTON, JR.

W. RUSHTON, JR.

W. RUSHTON, JR., Cashier.

EVENING PARTIES.

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