THE DAILY ISLANDED TELECOPARE LEDGE AND LEGISLAND TREEDAY BANDARY SAY

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

For Additional Local Rems see Third Page.

LA COTERIE CARNIVAL .- Great prepara tions are being made by the subscribers to this grand fete. Dressmakers and costumers are ory completing their orders, an i a number of ery handsome costumes will be displayed upon the occasion. The directors are using every exertion to render the carnival a rival of the grand bals dopera of Paris. There, every manner of odd and eccentric characters and the stiffed and executive characters and the stiffed and executive are represented. beautiful and costly co-tumes are represented; and to afford an opportunity for the furtherance of their ideas, Messrs. Abel & Risley have secured the services of Mr. C. Buckheister, the celebrated costumer of New York, who has now opened his extensive masquerade wavdrobe at the atore of A. Rotne, No. 160 North Eighth street, below Bace; also, Messrs. Conway, No. 49 North Fourth street, who have just imported a case of five hundred of the most handsome and grotesque masques ever seen in this city. Since the closing of the subscription books, the tickets of admission to the carnival are held at a premium. The private boxes at the Academy have all been secured. The Prince of Wales' box will be occupied by the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams; and we learn that the gay and rollicking Irishman and his Yankee wife will endeavor to appear If such a thing be possible. Brougham, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Paul, and a number of other popular theatrical luminaries will be there. The secured seats in the balcony circle have all been sold, and, to prevent any mumderstanding, we have been requested to state that in no case whatever is the holder entitled to admission to the building, unless a red ticket is presented at the entrance door on Broad street at the same time.

INSURANCE COMPANIES-ELECTION OF Directors,-The following-named persons were elected as Directors yesterday afternoon:-

Delaware Mulual Safety Insurance Company. Thomas C. Hand, Joseph H. Seal, Edward Darlington, Edmund A. Souder, Theophilus Paulding, Hugh Craig, John C. Davis, James C. Hand, John R. Penrose, H. Jones Brooke, Paulding, Hugh Craig, John C. Davis, James C. Hand, John R. Penrose, H. Jones Brooke, Spencer McIlvaine, George G. Leiper, Henry Sloan, Samuel E. Stokes, James Traquair, James B. McFarland, William C. Ludwig, Jacob P. Jones, Joshua P. Eyre, William G. Boulton, Henry C. Dallett, Jr., John D. Taylor, Edward Lafourcade, Jacob Riegel, George W. Bernadou, D. T. Morgan, Pittsburg, John B. Semple, Pittsburg, A. B. Berger, Pittsburg.
The election of Directors for several of the City Banks this morning resulted as follows:—

Philadelphia National Bank.—Thomas Robins, Samuel Welsh, Marshall Hill, J. Livingston Erringer, Edward S. Clarke, Augustus Heaton, Richard Wood, John D. Taylor, Lewis R. Ash-hurst, N. Parker Shortridge, Edward Y. Townsend, Frank L. Bodine, Benjamin B. Comegys.

The Commonwealth National Bank,—Robert
Morris, Charles F. Norton, S. K. Ashton, H. N.
Burroughs, W. A. Rolin, H. W. Gray, E. P.
Mitchell, Paul P. Keller, John Wanamaker. Seventh National Bank.—George W. Hill, Charles S. Close, James M. Preston, J. W. Souder, John T. Bailey, Daniel Focht, Seville Schoffeld, Joseph Adamson, James Smyth.

First National Bank.—C. H. Clark, S. A. Caldwell, W. S. Russell, E. W. Clark, Jay Cooke, W. G. Moorhead, George F. Tyler, James A. Wright, Robert B. Cabeen. Central National Bank .- George M. Troutman, Charles Wheeler, John E. Graeff, John Milnes, Joseph Esherick. Samuel R. Shipley, David B. Ervin, Charles Smith, Matthew Baird,

George S. Repplier, Andrew Wheeler.

Western National Bank.—Joseph Patterson,
William Miller, Morris Patterson, H. L. Carson,
Isaac Jeanes, Benjamin S. Janney, Jr., George
A. Wood, A. McIntyre, Levi Knowles.

Penn National Bank.—Elijah Dallett, William C. Ludwig, Samuel Bispham, John H. Campbell, William P. Sharpless, Henry Budd, Gillies Dallett, John P. Steiner, Thomas P. Stotesbury. Tradesmen's National Bank.—Charles H. Rogers, George C. Thomas, J. B. Bloodgood, John Carrow, Robert Coane, James McCann,

and I. B. Baxter, Jr.
Union National Bank.—David Faust, William H. Sowers, Robert D. Work, M. J. Dohan, George W. Blabon, N. C. Musselman, Jesse Riegel, Peter Sieger, L. J. Leberman.

Southwork National Bank.—Francis P. Steel,
Thomas Sparks, Henry G. Freeman, William M.

Baird, John B. Austin, James Simpson, George W. Smith, Richard F. Loper, Samuel Castner. National Bank of the Republic,—William H. Rhawn, Joseph T. Bailey, Edward B. Orne, Nathan Hilles, William Ervien, Osgood Welsh, Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Samuel A. Bispham, Frederick A. Hoyt.

M. THOMAS & SONS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, etc., at the Merchants' Ex-change to-day resulted as follows:— Change to-day resulted as follows:—
If shares Reliance Insurance Co.... 844 25 bid, not sold.
25 shares American Anti-Increstator Company. 856.
1 there Philadelphia Library Company. 8-7.
8 Mare Mercantile Library. 8-7.
100 shares Vulcan Mining Company. no bid.
3 shares Broad Mountain Mammeth Vela Coal 500 shares Bingham Mieing and Lumbering

Pew 49,midale stile rt. Stephen's church \$320,withde'n ro bid shares Tremont Coal Company no bid research the line shares Tremont Coal Company no bid research the line shares Tremont Coal Company no bid research the line shares Tremont Coal Company no bid research the line shares the research the resear

ATTEMPTED TILL-TAPPING,-About noon of yesterday, some of the residents of the neigh-borhood of Twelfth and Vine streets saw a couple of fellows jump over the fence yard of a building at the corner of Twelfth and Lyndal streets, the lower portion of which is occupied as a confectionery store. They entered the store, and one of them, named Henry Du Moulten, a young man about 17 years old, got behind the counter, and was opening the money drawer when the proprietor caught him at it, and arrested and handed him over to the police. The other managed to escape. Do Moulten was held for a hearing before Alderman Bertler. He did not manage to secure any-

FIGHT IN A BEER SALOON .- James Ellenger was arrested yesterday atternoon, on a charge of committing an assault and battery. It is charged that upon New Year's afternoon he went into a lager beer saloon at Front and Moore streets, and getting under the influence of hquor, he became quarretsome, and got into a fight. During the disturbance, he seized a lager beer glass and threw it at the proprietor, hitting him on the head, and cut-ting it pretty badly. Ellenger was arrested at and and Tasker streets, yesterday, and was held for a hearing by Alderman Beitler.

OBTAINING GOODS UNDER FALSE PRE-TENSES .- The public is not unfrequently edified by descriptions of the manner in which shrewd swindlers manage to get on the blind side of our business men. A man named Lewis Wolf, residing at No. 912 Coates street, undertook to play that game a day or two ago. He represented that he had a retail establishment, and bought a pretty large bill of goods. He was detected, however, and was arrested yesterday at his residence, and, after a hearing before Alderman Plankington, was held in \$1000 ball to answer.

LIGHT-FINGERED. - Two young fellows went toto Tim Nolen's place, at No. 439 N. Thirteenth street, last evening, under pretense to get a drink. Whilst engaging the proprietor in conversation, one of them managed to steal his pocket-book, containing \$35. As soon as the their was discovered the alarm was given, and one of the party, Andrew Loan, was arrested at Twelfth and Vine streets. He had a hearing before Alderman Massey, and was held n \$800 to answer the charge of larceny.

FRAUDS ON THE REVENUE-How THE WHISET DISTILLERS EVADE THE LAW-MANAGE-MENT OF THE DISTILLERIES. - Perhaps there is no branch of industry that presents greater attrac-tions to unprincipled men, or affords greater in ducements to enter into it in an illegal manner, than the distillation of whisky. There are con-stant and unblushing violations of the law by persons in this trade that are glaring and open to the public eye. It would almost seem that the law is a dead letter upon this point.

Just think of it; the law imposes a tax of two dollars a gallon upon whisky, and yet the market quotations are frequently given below the amount of the tax, and sometimes even as low as \$1.50 to \$1.60 per gallon, or 40 to 50 cents

a gallon less than the tax itself.

No one who has not been amongst the places where this illegal manufacture is carried on can be aware of its extent. The most strenuous exertions are being made to ferret out and arrest all who are engaged in it.

A number have been lately seized, and the offenders arrested. In consequence, there have been some rich developments in regard to the fraudulent distillers. With the object of looking into their modus operandi, our reporter re-cently visited, in company with one of the As-sessors of Internal Revenue, the distillery at No. 725 Jones street. In the first place, it had been running whisky

out of the distern into barrels in the absence of an Inspector, three barrels being run off with-out having the Inspector's mark upon them. In the second place, there was whisky in barrels, neither inspected, guaged, nor marked, on the ground floor. Third, A rectifying apparatus in the same premises in operation without a the same premises, in operation without a license. Fourth. No security in the Custom House, although it had a patent Government lock upon the door, yet with a screw-driver the Assessor opened the door by the removal of four screws, Fifth, The bonded warehouse he found in the same condition. Although it had a large patent lock, he opened the warehouse by the removal of the screws in the hinges. (This warehouse was by the side of the rectifying establishment.) Sixth. The key of the cistern-house lock was in possession of one of the workmen found there at 10 o'clock P. Seventh. The books were fraudulently kept imperfect in every particular, and no record kept at all for nearly a month, although run-ning day and night; and by these books it would be supposed there had been only three sales made—one barrel each to two persons and three barrels to another; in fact, but little done all this time, although operating all the time. No certificate was appended to the book, as is required, from the Assistant Assessor of that Division, who would appear to have been dere lict in his duty in not visiting the place and making his report regularly, as required by law. Upon the first point the law requires an Iu-

spector to be present at all times when the stills are running. Second. No spirits can remain on the premises a moment without being inspected, guaged, and marked immediately with the name of distiller, inspector, number of gallons, number of District, and serial numbers of the tax when paid, and then immediately removed to the bonded warehouse, under his eye, and put under lock and key, the latter of which he holds, and cannot be removed but upon certifi-cate from the Collector of the tax being paid.

and approved by the Assessor. Fourth. The cistern-house must be secured in every way, so that no one can get into it but the Inspector, who holds the key, and alone is

bound by law to open it. This house has to have two or more cisterns, each to be of sufficient capacity to hold all the spirits distilled during twenty-four hours, such cistern and the room to be in charge of and under the lock and seal of the Inspector, and the locks and seals to be provided by the Secretary of the Treasury. The keys to be always in custody of the Inspector, or officer in charge. This cistern-house is connected by a pipe with the worm-tub, which tub connects with the still, and the still, and the still, and the still the still, and the still the still the still. and through this the spirits flow into the cistern-house. From the cistern the spirits have to be drawn off under the eye of the Inspector and put into barrels, and immediately guaged inspected, and marked, and forthwith removed into bond. In this way the spirits never reach the hands of the distiller, from the time the mash is fermented until the spirits go into market for consumption.

Fifth. The bonded warehouse is also required to be under lock and key of the Inspector. This must be a suitable building; "no door, window or other opening shall be permitted in the wall-thereof, leading to any other room, building, or into the distillery.

This warehouse of Wright's we find in the third story or the distillery, with door opening into the distillery, partitioned off in the upper room of the distillery, contrary to law, and open to illicit practices; and instead of being secured against any entrance except by key of the patent lock, the Assessor opened it with a screw-driver. In the absence of the Inspector there is nothing to prevent the distiller from having access to the warehouse and the cistern-house, and carrying off the spirits, as is alleged was done to a great extent.

Sixth. The key of the cistern-house was in custody of one of the workman, as shown by his evidence: a padlock he says was put on, as the key of the patent lock thad been lost for

several days.

Seventh. The books of the distiller must contain all the materials used for the purpose of producing spirits; the number of gallons of spirits distilled; number of gallons placed in warehouse and the proof thereo; number of gallons sold, with the proof thereof; name and place of business, or residence, of the person to whom sold; and tri-monthly an account taken from his books, and verified by oath, of all the facts occurring after the last day of account preceding, by whom made, and in the presence of the Assessor or Assistant Assessor, who shall append thereto his certificate of its execution.

The books of the above establishment had no entries in them of anything since the last of No vember, although operating nearly all the time, day and night. About three persons to whom whisky had been sold were recorded in pencil, amounting to about five barrels altogether for the whole period since he commenced-about 1st of October last till December 19, the day he s topped.

The law required the Assistant Assessor, who was in charge of that division, to swear the distiller or other person who should keep the accounts at the distillery, and append his certificate to the same. This, it seems, was never done. Then they had on the premises (in the distillery) a rectifying apparatus, which was in process of rectifying spirits when the Assessor went in. He had the spirits drawn off (which he saw there in a cask, and tasted and found to be such), although the proprietor swore there was none on the premises, and afterwards said it was only water in it; this was in operation then, and a few weeks previous, when the Assessor had called there; they were then filled with spirits, the tub having charcoal or what-ever material is used for rectifying, but he said nothing about it, until he found them rectifying on his last visit. The penalties for all the e vio lations of law are very severe, amounting, in a case like this, to many thousands of dollars. We will notice a number of the distilleries he has been the means of stopping. One in Cherry street was reached through a mineral water establishment, thence to a stable, and through stalls to a door which had a bar over i which, on opening, there was discovered a still ret warm, and on the premises was found hid under a hogshead a barrel of first-proof whisky —others had been carried off before the selzure. Another distillery, Twenty fourth and Lombard, was operaing without connections, and the cistern-Louise unfinished, and without an Inspector, and opening from the retail liquor shop, all of which was in violation of the Ex-cise law. A third distillers was found operat-ing without these connections being made; no fastenings upon the doors of cistern-house, or on the bonded warehouse; workmen drawing off spirits into the buckets and filling them into barrels, and no Inspector; this was in every particular in violation of law. A fourth was tound with no connections; spirits in barrels on the premises, neither marked, inspected, nor gauged, and no Inspector present. A fifth was found distilling with no distern-house completed, no door yet upon it; spirits in barrels on the premises—no Inspector, A

eixth was found with no custern-house com-pleted (two houses), each of which has no cis-tern in them, no fastening of any kind on either, or upon the bonded warehouses—no books kept. Seventh, The place was at the time of seizure. and had been for some time before, in the hands of the workmen; they were carrying out from the cistern-house the spirits; the lock was one of the patent Government locks, which had been tampered with, the two slides broke entirely off, and the key in possession of the workman who was to go on duty at night—no inspector. It seems in this case that the Inspector had resigned two weeks previously, and the distillery left in the hands of the workmen. Another bad a rectifying apparatus in the cellar of a retail liquor shop, where they had been illicitly rectifying for some time, having a place in the back yard to empty the spirits, through which it was conveyed in pipes to the celiar. We have detailed sufficient to show the condition of things in this District. Such great reforms have been accomplished in the short space of one month, besides the reassessment of all persons who distilled under the old law, amounting to about a hundred. Under the new law there are about antibree. Under the new law there are about forty-one distilleries. Of all these bot about two had taken out a license under the new law, and paid their tax, and that was insufficient. The Assessor noticed all to appear, and on examination tound only three of them licensed, and ascertained that but little, if any, attention had been given to these There were but few exceptions who had complied with the law in any particular.

another time, as the field for the correction of abuses we find is large. THE HORTICULTURAL HALL-AN EX-PLANATORY CARD FROM THE ARCHITECT .- Yeserday afternoon we gave currency to the rumor hat some of the walls of this new building, ad-

There are other matters which we will take up

jacent to the Academy of Music, were in an unsafe condition. We have received, and print with pleasure, an explanatory communication in reference to the subject, signed by Mr. Sloan, the architect, and Mr. King, Chairman of the Building Committee of the Horticultural Hall Association. By reference to the communica-tion in question, it will be seen that there is a defect in one of the walls, to the extent of a de-viation of five inches from the perpendicular.

But as this defect is to be instantly remedied, we have no doubt that when the building is completed, it will be one of the strongest and safest, as well as one of the most beautiful and commodious in the city. The letter from Messrs. Sloan & King reads as follows:— To the Editor of The Evening Telegraph:-

Sir:-The notice which appeared in your portorial columns of yesterday in regard to this building has both surprised and pained those who have been engaged in its erection, and ou their behalf we hasten to lay before your readers he following facts, which, we doubt not, wif satisfy the public mind that every care has been taken in its erection, to make this building not merely as strong, but, as we believe, far stronger than any edifice of a similar kind in Philadelphia. The reputation of the architect (Samuel Sloan, Esq.), together with the following detailed description of the building, will, it is confidently expected, be a sufficient guarantee of the truth of this assertion:—

The lowest foundations, or "footings," as they are technically called, are three feet six inches

thick, the remainder of the stone basement wallthirty-three inches thick, and all the outer brick walls thirty one inches thick, and the back or gable wall thirty inches, with foundations four feet thick. All these walls were built of the best materials and by experienced mechanics. The "shores" or supports, to which your reporter refers, on the south side, were merely of a precautionary character, such as every prudent mechanic would consider necesary in a building of this immense size (two hundred feet in length), until the rafters were raised, and all these supports have been removed since the rafters were raised. All the brick walls in the building are of great strength (nearly a million of bricks having been used in their erection), and are perfectly perpendicular. The only defect in the whole building, and that a very slight one, is in the back or gable wall, which is a mere partition wall, and has neither floor nor roof to sustain. The whole of this wall, at the time of its erection, and three-fourths of it at the present time, is perfectly perpendicular; out a small portion of it, owing to unequal drying and setting, has deviated five inches from the perpen dicutar. This, in a thirty inch partition wall, is scarcely perceptible, and could hardly be considered unsafe; but as the building committee desired to have the building without a blemish of any kind, they, of their own accord, sent for the Building Inspectors, and, after a careful and critical examination, it was decided that this sight defect should be remedied as soon as practicable. At the same time the building inspectors expressed their unqualified admiration the great strength of the other parts of the building.

In conclusion, the committee having charge of this building have no object in view but to furnish the public with not only a very handsome and commodious, but a perfectly safe hall for their use; and in doing this neither pains nor expense shall be spared, as they feel quite as much as their fellow-citizens can possibly do, the great importance of having such a building not only perfectly safe, but beyond suspicion. We give below the written opinion of the archi-Mr. Samuel Sloan, and now leave this

matter to a generous public:—
The whole building has been arranged and constructed with a view of making it one of the most substantial of the kind erected; and I think and trust that my experience in such matters will assure the public that the building can be relied on as perfectly safe in every par-SAM. SLOAN, Architect.

On behalf of the Building Committee. D. RODNRY KING, Chairman.

A MUSICAL THIEF-HE PURLOINS \$1200 WORTH OF MELODY. - Last night the music establishment of Marsh & Bubna, No. 1029 Chesnut street, was entered by burglars, and thoroughly ransacked. Appearances indicate that they entered by the hall door, passed through the hall, and entered the store by a side door. The office chair was found placed against the front door to prevent its being opened. After entering the music rooms they completely went through every desk and drawer, taking there from all valuable papers. Note-books, containng valuable documents, were completely

Their next attempt was the entrance of the safe door. Appearances show that they were either inexperienced in that species of work-man-hip, or were without tools. They tore of he iron sheeting of the door with an wedge used to pry open boxes: then, knocking out the intervening fire proof plaster work, got at the look, opened the door, and rausacked every drawer, box, and document therein. Being not very successful in their search, the appropriated to themselves some of the musical instruments in the store, also all of a late importation of violin strings. A can'tle, which had been out of use and laid upon a she't, gave light for their operations. The loss is about \$1200. No clue has as yet been obtained

to the burglars. PICKPOCKETS .- Two of this illustrious fra ternity, named Samuel Wilkens and William Gorman, whilst in the vicinity of Twelfth and Race streets, yesterday, undertook to relieve a quiet citizen of his pocket-book. Cautiously advancing upon their intended prey, they were to intent upon their little game that they did not notice that a couple of citizens were watching their movements. Too two latter, seeing the they were each held in \$500 ball to answer.

PETTY LABOURY CASES.-Sarah J. Gray robbed a man of the amount of 70 cents by talse prefense last evening, at Front and Noble streets. preferse last evening, at Front and Noble streets.
Notwithstanding the smallness of the aum, the
man deemed that justice was worth more than
70 cents, and had Sarah arrested. He averred
that she one cuticed him up stairs to look at a
begus ring, and get 70 cents from him for it.
After a bearing before Alderman Toland, she
was held in \$500 ball to answer.

ASNIVERSARY OF THE BATILS OF NEW ORLEANS-HOW THE VETERANS OF 1812 CHLR REATED IT THIS MORNING.—As all the world snows, General Jackson raised himself to the pinacle of military glory by the victory which he gained over the British forces, commanded by General Archambault, at New Orleans, on the 8th of Jackson 1988.

the 8th of January, 1815.

The American people in general, and the Democratic party in particular, from that day to this, have regarded the 8th of January with the thing which sway feelings somewhat akin to those which sway the heart on the 4th of July and the 22d of Feb-

The regular recurrence of the day is usually celebrated with more or less energy, although in this respect New York city and New Orleans bear off the palm. The venerable sachems and aborigines of smaller fry who congregate in the former city in Tammany Hall, are accustomed to engage in one of their most bousterous powows on this occasion.

But in the Quaker City we have no such ologs; perhaps because we have no Tammany fall. The surviving veterans of the war of 1812, however, are accustomed to assemble in a quiet way, and observe becomingly the anniver-

To-day being the 8th of the month, at 10 o'clock this morning they congregated to the number of thirty or forty in Independence Hall. In the absence of Peter Hay, President, was called to the chair, and John H. Krick extended. Frick acted as Secretary. Among the others present were the following gentlemen, all of whom marched so the tap of the drum in the ast war with our British cousing John Robinson

Benry Nicholas, Henry Beagle, Cornelius Stagers, W. T. Eiden, W. B. Beccie Michael Sheizline, J. J. Lewis, W. Adair, John Thompson, W. Stoever, W. Stoever, Joseph P. LeCiere William Etuwechier, Joseph Cook, James C. Erwin,

n cousing:
George Wile,
Joseph Ruckel,
John Forbe,
R. S. Hubbard,
John Beshart,
John Stargis,
Aaron Bockins,
William Beck,
John Biddie,
George Clymer George Clymer Richard Gardiner. B. Johnsen, George J. Waber, Basil Wood.

In the course of the meeting Colonel John S. Warner read a historical account of the Star-Spangled Banner, which he prepared for the Pennsylvania Historical Society, which was received with great applause.

A committee was then instructed to procure appropriate badges for the members of the Asso. ciatton, when an adjournment took place until the 22d of February next.

THE THIEF OF TIME.-Kate Mastison, a young woman employed as a domestic in a family residing in Eleventh street, below Shippen, merits the above appellation. It appears that a gentleman, who employed her, went into his bath-room to take a bath, leaving his watch on the table in the outer room. When he went to dress himself he missed his watch, and going to the window, he saw the defendant going across the lot with his watch in her possession He got out a warrant against her as soon as h could, and had her arrested yesterday afternoon at Juniper and Shippen streets. The watch had been spirited away, and was not recovered. Kate was committed to answer the charge of larceny by Alderman Morrow,

MORE IMPROVEMENTS .- The well-known news-tand at the N. E. corner of Fifth and Chesnut will remove, in a tew days, to the southeast corner, under the management of Charles Murath the old director, where, he wishes to inform the public, they can be suppiled with all the daily and weekly papers; also, THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, done up in wrappers. or mailing, the New York dailies and weeklies envelopes, writing paper, etc.

LARCENY OF A PUSH-CABT. - Michael Orisay was arrested in Fitzwater street, above sixth, yesterday morning, on a charge of stealing a push-cart from the front of a wheelwright on the 16th of last month, and a warrant was issued by Alderman Tittermary for his arrest. After a hearing yesterday he was committed to

STEALING HARNESS,-Francis Harris was arrested shortly after midnight, at Tenth and Latasette streets, for having a quantity of harness in his possession which he could not ac-count for. It proved to have been stolen from a stable in the vicinity. Harris had a prelimnary examination before Alderman Beitler, and was beld for a further hearing. INDIA RUBBER GOODS,-We desire all

attention to the extensive manufacturing agency of India Rubber goods, situate No. 708 Chesnut street. The stock consists of an endless variety for family, druggists', stationer's, or manufac-turers' use. Castomers will find it to their advantage to visit this mammoth establishment

SLIGHT FIRE .- A slight fire occurred this morning in a trimming store, on Seventh street above Cherry. Loss about \$50. CLOTHING AT REDUCED PRICES .-

Having purchased recently many lots of choice goods at much less than cost, from which we have fully replenished our stock, and having reduced all o'd goods to proportionate prices, we offer by far the largest and best assortment of Men's, Youths', and Boys' Clothing in Philadelphia, which we are determined to close out, and are selling rapidly at, in many cases, but half the prices at waich the same goods were sold last year, we in all cases guaranteeing the prices to be lower than the lowest elsewhere, or the money will be re-

HALF-WAY BETWEEN BENNETT & CO.,
FIFTH AND
SIXTH STS. 518 WARRST STREET.

FLORAL DEVELOPMENT AND SCIENTIFIC DISTILLATION.—One of the most attractive goddesses of heather mythologic worship was the fair and blooming Flora, who was invested with immortal and celestial lovelness: beneath whose fest young flowers and budding mosses sprang into life. Her white brow was encircled by wreaths of dazzing roses and spotless lilies. She carried a basket overflowing with rare and magnificent buds and blossoms. She was the patroness and doity of those splendid and attractive productions of nature which we denominate flowers. We are speaking of plant flowers, with silken leaves and rainbow colors, the sarilest of Flora's gerns, the far famed cactus—'Sweet Opoponax of Mexico." But it is at this season of the year, that, denuded of leaves, the stately framework of trees strikes us. There they stand, with encircled limbs and bare trunks, though the germ of life is vital in their heart, like a brave but oppressed people. Only wast till the timthe germ of life is vital in their heart, like a brave but oppressed people. Only wait till the time arrives, when they may unfold their vigor. But 'Sweet Opoponax of Mexico' smiles and perfumes all the year round, and we understand the enterpring young firm of E. T Smith & Co, who are manufacturers of the "Floral Perfumery." No 171 Duane street, New York, have distinct an extraction this rare and celebrated flewer, to the delight of our American ladies. It is exquisite in its rarikend durability. We hope they will all try the amend satisfy themselves. It is for sale in all fashionable stores.

WE COPY the following meritorious notice from the Sunday Transcript:—California Wines.— The growth of native wines is gradually bee mine an important branch of American agriculture, and countries the general introduction of these purwines will do much to prevent the increase of drunk-nness and of the diseases ari ing from the exten enness and of the diseases ari ing from the extensive use of adultorated inquors. The celebrated California wines offered for sale by Mr. E. C. Cauffman. No 21 South Fourth street, are warranted to be the jure juice of the grape, wishou a particle of any foreign substance in them. The vineyards of Sonoma, Los Angelos, and Waps California, furnish the grapes from whence the fine brands, Angelica, Sherry, Hock Muscaiel Catswba, Claret, Port, Champagne, and Brandy are made. These wines are pure, of a delicate stavor, and possess a fine aroma, with a full, generous body. They are recommended by all who have tried them for family use and for medicinal purposes. I housands who poison themselves with higher daily will find in these halive wines health-giving properties of the most valuable character. Give the California wines a trial, if you wish a fir-t-class article.

Universal Supphage is the subject on which

Liniversal Supplies is the subject on which the Rev Henry Ward Beecher proposes to lecture on Thursday evening, 10th instant, at our Academy or Rusic. We conjess that this subject is one on which considerable thought is necessary. Beccher will present, no doubt, a clear and foreible statement of his views of what is right and proper as regards the quession. We would advise all who can to hear him, as they will not fair of being well entertained, if they do not receive same instruction and guidance on the vegations question of which he proposes to troat.

BILLIUS DISORDERS, LIVER COMPLAINT, COSTINCINES, DYSPERSIA, otc., are specific removed by Dr. D. Jayne's Sanative Fils. The test of thirty years' one has proved incm superior to all other remedies for the ourse of the various diseases for which they are recommended. In their action they are mild and certain, and may be taken at any time without risk from exposure. Prepared only at No. 242 Cheanut street. 242 Chemut street.

THE YAOHTERS COMING HOME. By a private telegram we learn that some of the yachtsmen are on their way home, diagnisted, it is employed, at the sciat accorded to Mr. Bennett, probably on account of his appearing on all public occa fons dressed in the ciothes he purchased at Charles Stokes & Co.'s Clothing House, under the Commental in, this city. This is important, if true. I his is important, if true,

THY IT Serenth and Chesnut Streets.

BEFORE the imitators of Lubin's Extracts can persuade the American public to adopt their spurious preparations, two miracles must be accomplished. The manufacture of Phaton's "Night-Booming Cereus" must be stopped, and the nation deprived of its sense of smell. While both exist, the former will continue to produce the states. continue to enchant the latter .- Triusville

No Cure No Par!—Positively No Cure No Par.—Dr. Fitler's Remedy cared C. F. Clothier of Rheumatism, No. 28 North Water street. Used inwardly. Advice gratis, 10 to 1. Office, No., 29 South Fourth street.

FOR FINE confections, fruits, and delicacies, go to G. W. JENKINS,

No. 1087 Spring Garden street. ELLIPTIC SEWING MACHINE COMPANY'S FIRST FREMIUM LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES,—In-comparably the best for family use. Highest Pre-miums (Gold Medal), Fair Maryland Institute, New York and Pennsylvania State Fairs, 1935. Ko. 928 Chaspar street.

FIRE FURS.—B. Scott, Jr., will seil at his Art Gallery, No. 1020 Chesnut street, to-morrow morn-ing, at il o'clock, a large assertment of ladies' and misses' furs, in sets, manufactured expressly for city retail trade. Now open for examination.

HAINES BROS, PIANOS, HAINES BROS, Planos,

Gould, Seventh and Chesnut Streets, LADIES, GO TO G. BYRON MORSE & CO., No. 902 and 904 Aich street, for your Fried Oysters, Chicken Salad, Coffee and Woffles.

Public Notion—E. G. Whitman & Co., No 318 Chesnut street, are now ready to supply their choice and pure Confections, put up in neat boxes. Also, a large assortment of Imported Boxes, Sur-prises, and Knick-knacks, for Trees.

A CURE OF RHEUMATISM WORTH SEEING.—S. Kilpatrick, No. 1744 Olive street, cured by Dr. Fitier's Remedy. Warranted no cure no pay. BUY YOUR Black Cake, the best in the world, of Morse & Co., Nov. 902 and 904 Arch street.

MASON & HAMLIN'S
Cabinet organs, only at
E. Gould's, Seventh and Chesnut Streets. X GOLD COUPONS,

Due January 1st. Wanted by No. 34 S. Third Street.

A CARD. BELLEVING THAT THE OUT, QUALITY AT F NOT UNWORTHY THE SCRUTINY AND CON B F SIDERATION OF PRUDENT MEN, WE INVITE B B A CAREFUL EXAMINATION OF OUR

SUPERB STOCK OF WINTER READY MADE CLOTHING, B EMBRACING EVERY VARIETY OF DRESS, AND STREET SUITS. PRICES AT ALL REDUCED SINCE TAKING ACCOUNT OF A STOCK. WASAMAKER & BROWN,

POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE, OAK HALL, Southeast corner SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

DONGES-RENAUD.—On the 22d ultimo, by the Rev. D. Conseirat, J. W. DONGES, M. D., from Dona'dson Pa. to Miss R MARGUERITE RENAUD, from Philacelphia. MARRIED. McVEAGH-CAMERON.-At Hartisburg, Pa., De-cember 27, 1888, WAYNE McVEAGH, Esq. to Miss VIRGINIA ROLETTE CAMEBON, youngest daughter

#CLAGHOBN.—On Sunday alternoon, January 6, ED-WAED H. CLAGHORN, son of John W. Claghora.
His male friends are invited to attend his nuneral from the residence of his tather, No. 1009 Arch street, on Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

PETTERMAN.—On the 5th Instant, Mr. CHARLES
PETTERMAN, aged 63 years.
The relatives and friends of the tamily are respectfully
invited to attend the funeral, from the residence or his
son, Jacob Petterman, Whitemarsh, Montgomery
county. Pa.. on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Cars
teave Ninth and Green streets at 8 o'clock for Chesnut
Hill, where carriages will be in waiting to convey friends
to the tuneral

SIMPSON —Suddenly, on the 6th instaut, JOHN W. SIMPSON, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and iriends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence. No. 355 Jarvis Street, below Reed, on Thursday afternoon at 20'clock.

WORRELU.—On the evening of the 5th instant, ELIZA, widow of the late Robert Worrell, Jr., in the 67th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of William H. Rhawn, Frankford, on Wednesday, the 9th instant, at 1½ o'clock P. M. To process to Cadar Hill Cemetery.

CAS PLYERS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS' USE, by which the nipples of gas burners may be unscrewed and cleaned out, for sale by TROMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

CUTLERY .- IVORY AND INDIA RUBBER UTLERY, --IVORY AND INDIA RUBBER Handle Table Cuttery and Carvers, Children's Knives and Forks, Pecket Knives, Scissors Razors, Plated Spoons and Forks of the best "ulckel siver, with double and treble pisting. Plated Biode Ivory Tea and Table Knives, Real Silver Blade Pocket Fruit knives for saie at TRUMAN & SHAW'S. No. 825 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St. below Ninth,

RESOLVE FOR THE NEW YEAR. A mong those which you now make we I will be to buy your Hardware and Cutlery of TRUMAN & SHAW No 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St , below No

WARBURTON,
FASHIONABLE HATTER,
No. 430 CHESNUT Street,
Next door to Post Office.

SKATING PARKS.

SKATORIAL QUEEN AT THE WEST PHILADELPHIA SKATING PARK. THIRTY-FIRST and WALNUT Streets.

MISS CARRIE AUGUSTA MOORE, THE SKATO-SIAL QUEEN, the greatest Lady Skater of the ago, will appear at this Park to-day. Park open until 10 o'clock at night. Note—All skatars a'lowed on the ice. ICE PLANED PERFECTLY SMOOTH. Admission, 25 cents. Take the Market and

Walnut street cars. KATING! SKATING! SKATING!

BERKS Street, between Second and Front streets.

Cars of the Fifth and Sixth streets, Union, and Second and Ired to the Park.

The Ice is in the condition for ska ing, and the Park

The Ice is in the condition by the second of the public is epen to the public in the UNSURPASSED ACCOUMODATIONS, THE UNSURPASSED ACCOUMODATIONS, BELLIANTLY ILLUMIN VIED PARK, CONVENIENCE TO THE CARS.

AND A FULL BAND OF MUSIC, recommend the HARRISON PARK as one of the best in the city, hearon tickets, \$3; single admission, 25 cents.

J. C. HOFFN AN, superintendent.

THE KEYSTONE PARK. The sudden cold man and the flooding has given it an excellent mirror like surface.

A large number of expert skaters visited the Park during the past week, to the pratification or The - ater on the Park is quite shallow, and therefore

per cettly safe.
The choice selections of music by the Band add to the The Park is open during the day and evening. It's PEMOVAL. -- JOY. COE. & CO. S. ADVEB-Firth and Chesnut streets to No. 144 S. Six cit St. est second door > boy Walnut, about b.ilf a square below the new 'Lodger' Building.

THE NEWS-STAND, S. W. CORNER Streets and CHESNOT Streets in open daily until 3 P. M., for the sale of the leading Morning. Evening, Weekly, Stinday, and Illustrated Sewspapers of this city; together with the New York dailes. Weeklies etc.

FOURTH EDITION

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Senate.

Washington, January 8.—The Chair laid before the Senate the memorial of officers of the army on the retired list to be allowed the longevity ration. Referred to the hillitary Committee.

Mr. Morgan (N. Y.) presented the memorials spainst increased duty on steel. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Sherman (O.) presented the petition of woelerowers for an increased fariff. Reserved to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Howe (Wis.) presented a similar petition, which was referred to the same Committee.

Mr. Chandler (Rich.) presented a petition for an appropriation for the repair of the Missisnapi loves. Renered to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Sumner (Mass.) presented the remonstrance of colored citizens of Massachusetts against the admission of Neorasan with a constitution restricting suffrage to white citizens. Ordered to he on the table.

Mr. Edmunds (Vi.) presented a patition against

ing suffrage to white citizens. Ordered to he on the table.

Mr. Edmunds (Vt.) presented a petition against the curtailment of the currency, or immediate return to specie payments by act of Congress.

In presenting it Mr. Edmunds said he did not agree with the views of the petitioners. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Williams (Oregon) reported from the Finance Committee a resolution appropriating \$15,000 to deiray the expenses of the Joint Committee on Reconstruction, which was passed.

Mr. Williams offered a resolution, which was adopted, and the President if any violation of the Civil Rights bill had come to his knowledge, and is so what steps had been taken to punish the offenders.

offenders.

Mr. Cragin called up the bill in relation to the

Mr. Cragin called up the bill in relation to the appointment of Pension Agents.

The bill was passed by the Senate on the 10th of January, 1866. During the present accion it was passed by the Honse, with amendments; returned to the Senate; referred to the Judiciary Committee; and reported with amendments to the House amendments, on as to read as follows:—

That the President of the United States shall be and he is hereby authorized to establish agendes for the payment of pensions granted by the United States wherever in his judgment the public interests and the convenience of the pensionars require, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to appoint all pension agents, who shall hold their offices for the term of four years, and until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified, and who shall give bond, with good and sufficient sureties for such amount and in such form as the Secretary of the Interior may approve; provided that the number of pension agencies in any State or Ferritory shall in no case be increased hereafter so as to exceed three, and that no such agency shall be established in addition to those now existing in any State or Territory in which the whole amount of pensions pa'd during the fiscal year next preceding shall not have exceeded the sum of \$500,000; and provided further, that the term of office of all pension agents when successors shall be appointed as from the passage of this act, and of all other pension agents when successors shall be appointed in their places.

Mr. Lane (Ind.) explained the bill. He said he was free to conics; that one on his objects was to vacate the offices of men appointed during the past

was free to coniess that one or his objects was to vacate the offices of men appointed during the past summer, to take the places of those whom the President had removed for supporting the Union party.

Mr. Hendricks (Md.) said that this was the first
time Congress provided by legislation for partisan motives. Congress was now giving some attention to bread and butter. So far as he could speak, he knew of very few changes that had been made in Indiana for political reasons. He was opposed to the restricting the number of agencies in a State to

three. Pending the consideration of the bill, the morning hour expired, and the subject went over till to-

Mr. Lane (Ind.) presented a memorial from the Soldiers' and Sailors' Union of Washington, D. C., representing that in the Government Printing Office soldiers and sailors have been, and are now, Office soldiers and salors have been, and are now, subject to dismissal in preference to men who never rendered the Republic service, and in preference, as is reported, to men who plotted against the national cause, and who, during the war, refused to take the test each; and petitioning that Congress cause an investigation of the allegations set forth, and remedy the injustice mentioned.

The memorial is accompanied by affidavits verliving the charges. Referred to the Committee on Printing

Printing
Mr. Sherman (Ohio), from the Finance Com-Mr. Sherhan (Onio), from the Finance Committee, reported favorably a bill providing for the refunding in gold to the Winous and St Peter's Railroad Company the sum of \$3424'28 being the additional duty paid by them on Railroad iron under the joint resolution of April, 18 64, increasing

House of Representatives.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, the Secretary of the Senate delivered a message announcing the passage of the District Negro Suffrage bill over the President's veto.

Mr. Nibuck (Ind.) moved that, as this was the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, a day whose many on his side regarded as a holiday, the House adjourn He added that Congress usually adjourned

over this anniversary.

Mr. Ashley (Ohio) remarked that that was played Mr. Finck (Ohio) called for the yeas and nays, but the House refused to order them. The Democrats not being able to muster more than 21 votes, iless than one-fifth of those present, the motion was re-

motion of Mr. Randall (Ky.) the Committee on On motion of Mr. Randall (Ky.) the Committee on Indian Affairs was instructed to inquire into the circumstances of the reported massacre of three officers and ninety men at Fort Phil, Kearney, on the 21st of December, and whether the continued commission of outrages by indians is in consequence of mismanagement, or the improper conduct by Government officials and citizens; also to inquire into the expediency of providing for an immediate or early transfer of the Superintendency of Indian Affairs to the War Department.

the War Department.
On motion of Mr. Lynch (Me.), the Committee of
Ways and Means was instructed to inquire into the
expediency of allowing the drawback of all duties and taxes on articles used in the construction of steam and salling vessels.

The Speaker presented the Veto Message of the President on the District Suffrage bill, and the Clerk preceded to read the Message. nd taxes on articles used in the construction of

FROM WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON.

[SPECIAL PEFPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.] WASHINGTON, January 8. Mr. Stevens' Letter.

Mr. Stevens' letter to Harry White, in regard to the Senatorship, is considered by his triends here as rather injudicious, and calculated to drive votos from him. The Impeachment. The Judiciary Committee have decided to enter at once upon the investigation directed by Mr. Ashley's impeachment resolution.

Mr. Ash'ey has been summoned to appear before the Committee, to give evidence, at 10 o'clock to-

Rebels Elected to Office. The Georgetown City Councils last night turned out the Union town officials, and elected men of the accesh stripe throughout the District.

Matters at Harrisburg.

Matters at Harrisburg.

Manusburg, Pa., January S.—Both Houses of the Legislature meet at 3 o'clock. The Standing Committees of the Senate will be announced to-day, but Colonel Glass, Speaker of the House, is desirous of having every section of the State represented on the most important committees, and for the purpose of adjusting this properly, will not announce the House Committees until the end-of-the week. The Committee to arrange the Governor's inauguration have prepared cards of invitation to be sent to prominent military officers and divillans throughout the State, and very full attendance is expected. at the State, and very full attendance is expected.

The Radical Arkansas Delegation. Washington, January 8.—The delegation from the Arkansas Legislature came to Washington, as has already been stated, to prevent the abolishment of the present government of that tate. Following close upon them is a radical delegation, who seek to effect that object, who have a memorial to carry out their different views, including loyal suffrage, irrespective of

color, excepting Indians not taxed. Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, Jan. 8 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street SECOND BOARD.