mi datily menening teitgaraph-Philadeliphia, wednesday, January 2, 1867
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 Governor discusses the Constitutional ratincation by the Legisiature. He says that the proposition that the States lately in
rebellion, and not yet restored to their privileges by Congress, have a right to a volc
upon the adoption of this amendment, is a
knonstrous" one. The power to matce wir knonstrous" one. The power to make war
in the suppreesion of rebellion includes, he
sags, कौe power to dictate the termm of pace and restoration. He declares the late Rebel
Slates to ie without lawwul Goveraments,
and that it is the duty of the general Governnent to reconsruet them.
The Commonwealch is now supporting and
educating nearly three thousand ,orphans,
ctildren of deceneed soldiers. children of deceased soldiers. The Governo
highly commends this noble worlk, and recom mighly commends this noble work, and
mends that provision be also made
support of destitute maimed soldiers.
A ciange in the present method of select-
ling juries is recommended, whereby jury
commissioners shall be closen commissioners shall be chosen as inspector
of election are now chosen. Special legislation, where general lawa
might be pasee, is regarded with disfavor.
The Public School system works well, and Ls commended to the fostering care of the
Lequlature.
The State Military Agency at Washington bas prepared during the year past for our
soldiers four thousand six hundred and ninety claims, and has collected and trans
mitted to them, free of charge, 83111,703 . Lunatic Hospital is urged; also the purciane Lunatic Hospital is urged; also the purc'iase
of grounds for and the erection of a new
arsenal.
The Governor closes by a briet retrospect
of the past six years, during which he has wealth, and says that to have earned and
maintained the confldence and affection of the people and their reperesentatives is sumf-
clent to satisfy his highest ambition. Governor Curtin will carry with him from
the Executive chair a degree of popular respect and affection awarded to but few
Governors. He has fllled the oflice during a period of vast responsibility and trial, and
has done i ; well. His administration will shine couspicuously upon the pa
history of the Commonwealth. Tuse report of the Hon. Willism H. Kemcommendations it contains, turnishes evidence that the finances of the State are in a most
prosperous conditlon, and that we have a
and gentleman to manage them who
fitted for the post. The facts are most encouraging. The total indebtedness of the
State reaches $\$ 35,617,484$, of which $\$ 1,867,000$ have been paid during the past year. The
total recelpts, from all sources, amount to
$\$ 55,829.688$, of which $\$ 607,574$ was repald by $85,829,688$, of which 8667,574 was repald fy
the general Gorernment, in return for
money advanced by the State during the war money advanced by the State during the war
The arguments to be deduced from this encouraging exibit of our innanclal cond-
tiou need no series of logical syllogisms to
make them apparent. The State can afford make them apparent. The State can afford
In the future it have a sinking fund created
of $\$ 8,000,000$ a year. With this of $\$ 8,000,000$ a year. With this handsome
excess, shall our state allow her overdue bonds to remain on the market, selling
below par because their time of maturity is past? It is certainly no very great evidence
of the ability of Mr. Kemble's predecessors, to overrun its time, and not taike lt up by the The honor of a State is as sacred as the
honor of an individual, and any injury to the credit of either will produce a like result.
Suppose that one of our merchants should Suppose that one or our erece, what will be
allow his notes to be overde
the result? His notes will be protested, and we a a dissonored man. So it shoula be she is is in a position to escape a protest does
not lessen her shame. Is it not most clearly our duty to take up the old loan,
and secure ita paymmet by the immediate to be placed, with Missiseippi, among the repudlators, we hope that the timely sug-
gestions of Mr. Treasurer Kemble will be at taxing state loans is also a demand of lus tise
under great disadvantage and gross injustice. In the frat place they pald par value, and the bonds are to day at a discount. Agala, they paid gold, or tis equivaleat, and if they
receive back thelr tavestment to-day they recefve back thelr tivestment to-day they
will only receive paper; and on these double injuries to have a tax added which was not contemplated when they inveated in State
sikes, is certainiy the climax of injustlee. locens to us as though the stato was wilfolly day she lets the matured loan remain unpald nads to her diagrace. She is now fally able .
 We e woccura a thooroughly Treazures. Whenever
patriotic affloent, we throw the idea of rotation patriotic officer, we throw the idea of rotation
In office to the winds, and favor his retention as long as he can be of service to the State.
Mr. Kemble is such proved himself competent, honest, and de-
voted to our itierests. Let him, then, be
retained in the positton be so well retained in the positton be so well alls, and
let no change be made so long as he continues so usefual to the Commonwealth. - Beneath
his eye let the new loan be negotiated, and the staila on our honor wiped out.
Whisch Tuesday? SExaton PoLasd, of Vermont, with a de-
site to simpify the old system of electing
Senators, or tather, to give some system to
the wode of election, induced congress to
pass a law providing that on the second Tuesday aitter the meeting of
each Legisiature, the election thail be
held, at 12 ocelock M . As our law com. Tuesday of the present year, the question means the 8th or the 15 th of the month.
The general impresston seems to be that the second Tuesday aiter the meeting is the
15th of January, and that the Arst Tuesday
does not mean the day on which the House met, because they do not assemble until half
ot the day has passed. On the other hand, it tie onteaded that the ruling of the Court in
computing from a certain day always counta the day on which the act was done.
Under this ruling the election should be
held on Tuesday next. To rid themselves or the dilemma, a Committee of five was ap-
pointed by each House to find out what Sena tor Poland, really meant by his law. The
landable deire of the Senator to see everything made elear seems to have been de-
feand, and the question 18 about as well
fettled as whether the nineteenth century yeated, and the question is about as well
settled as whether the nineteenth century
begins on Jaanuary 1,1800 , or on January 1 ,
1801. Whichever way the question is deeided, it will, however, torm a
which will settle the discuasion in JUstice ro our Mabings,-Attention is
beginning to be directed to the fact that
while brevets are being showered on the Army and Navy offcers who served with fidelity during the war, the Marine Corps is
totally overlooked. This arm ot the service,
as old as the Covernment itself, has rendered as on as the Government itself, has rendere
eminent services throughout every war in which our land has been engaged, but being
a distinct organization--a sort of ampthibious army-lt needs special legislation to have its
merits rewarded. We hope that Congress
will at an early day, do luatice to the brave will, at an early day, do Justice to the brave
membero of this arm of the esvice, which has
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ hundred and siexty thousand dollars, while
her assets are sufficient to wipe out the debt,
and leave a surplus in the treatury. Her Superiotendent of Common Schools reports
54,720 children in the State between fve and
twenty-one gears of age. The value of school-houses is 8310,000 . The school-tax
amounts to $\$ 192.000$. There are 12 colleges academies, and universities, and 83 private
schools. Tuane is nothing whatever in the recen gan case, which at all sanctions the conser-
vative lost their status in the Union by reason or the Rebellion. On the contraty, there are
many indications that such is not the opinion

JUDez MAGBUDER, the man who thinke the State of Maryland saperior to the United States of America, has just been arrested o
two indictments found against him for vio lating the laws of the United Stat
he had solemaly sworn to support. The Faezases at the South very gene sary of the issuing of the Emancipation Pro
clgmation by the late President Lincoln. FINANCE AND COMMERCL
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