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HEAVY ROBBERY OF STOCKS.

A Confidential Clerk Runs off with Over \$100,000 Worth of Gold-Mining Stock Certificates-His Arrest Yesterday, after a Severe Struggle.

On Wednesday, the 28th of November, ultimo, Charles D. Cady, chief book-keeper and confidential clerk of the firm of Riker & Co., gold and silver-mining stock brokers, at No. 80 Broadway, saked permission to leave the city, for the purpose of spending Thanksgiving Day with some of his relatives and friends, a short distance in the country; and, inasmuch as he had generally been very attentive to his business, and had with great apparent zeal at all times studied the interest of his employers, his request was readily granted. On the Friday following, the other clerks and members of the firm were promptly on hand, and arrangements were being made to transact business as best they might without the assistance of the chief bookkeeper; but the keys of the safe could nowhere

Cady had charge of the keys of the safe, and the conclusion, under the circumstances, was that he had taken the keys with him when he left on Wednesday evening, and that, as soon as he should discover he had the keys with him, he would cut his vacation short and return to the office. Under this impression business was suspended during the entire day of Friday; but the anxiously expected one did not return. All hands became very uneasy; but they trusted that the next morning would find Cady at his post, and matters satisfactorily arranged. Saturday morning arrived, but it did not bring with it the missing clerk. Noon came, but still he arrived not. arrived not.

THE BOBBERY DISCOVERED. In sheer desperation, the services of the safe maker were called into requisition, and with great difficulty the safe door was blown open. An examination of the contents of the safe showed that certificates of mining stock and bonds, amounting in all to over one hundred thousand dollars, had been abstracted, and the cause of Mr. Cady's protracted absence was immediately divined. The members of the firm and the clerks were thunderstruck by this glaring proof of Cady's dishonesty, and a critical examination of the books and accounts which he had had charge of was instituted, and resulted in the discovery of discrepancies and evidences of peculations which Cady had indulged in at different times for months past. With these damning proofs of the favorite clerk's ingratitude and dishonesty, Mr. Riker called upon Inspector Dilks and related to him the facts in the case.

THE DETECTIVES ON THE TRACK.

The Inspector, seeing the importance of the affair, detailed Detective Officer Farley to "work up the case," and this gentleman, after a careful investigation into all the circumstances, laid his plans for the capture of Cady, and with what success will readily be perceived. On inquiry at the house in which Cady had been boarding, Mr. Farley ascertained that his man had left there on the Wednesday evening in a coach and there on the Wednesday evening in a coach, and that in all probability he had gone to New Brunswick, N. J., where he had been in the habit of visiting a young woman. He also learned that Cady and the young woman referred to had been in the habit of visiting together a young lady in this city, but the most diligent inquiry failed, tor the time being, to reveal the whereabouts of the fugitives, although it was strongly suspected for certain reasons. it was strongly suspected for certain reasons that Cady and this young woman bad gone in the direction of Boston. Mr. Farley opened communication with detectives in different parts of the country, but all to no avail. Yesterday morning Cady and his companion returned to this city, and so well were the plaus of the officer laid that within a few hours of the arrival of the pair their place of concealment in the city was known to Mr. Farley, and he instantly repaired to the establishment designated in his information, and succeeded in arresting Cady

A DESPERATE RESISTANCE.

The establishment which the guilty parties had chosen as their temporary residence was the Tontine Hotel, and an inquiry at the office of the hotel satisfied Mr. Farley that the man he wanted was in the house, registered Charles Graham, and occupying room No. 23. The officer was shown up to the room, and knocked very gently at the door, which was immediately opened by a young man, whom the officer recognized as the man so earnestly sought for. Mr. Farley asked if Mr. Graham was m, and was informed that Mr. Graham had left the city the previous effective of the company of the city the previous effective of the city the previous effective or the city the company of the city the company of the city the city the company of the city the ci left the city the previous afternoon, but where he had gone to, or whether he would soon re turn, the young man really could not tell. During this colloquy, the young man had been tolding the door slightly ajar, but the officer, in the most genteel manner possible, had managed to glide by the occupant of the room, and before the latter could thoroughly understand the position, bad shut the door, locked it, and put the key in his pocket. The young man, who was no other than the fugitive, with a good show of indignation informed Mr. Farley that he thought that was a decidedly cool operation, and that for a stranger he was remarkably familiar. He was informed that such was one of the characteristics of the stranger, but that, as he had called upon business, the quicker it was settled the better it would be for all parties. He was told by the officer that he had been anxiously sought for, and was wanted immediately at the "Marble Halls" 300 Mulberry street. The young man desired an explanation. "You are Mr. Cady, I believe," remarked the officer. "Mr. Cady? Mr. Cady? You are mistaken, sir," replied the young man in apparent surprise. But this would not do; he had the wrong man to trifle with, and was ordered peremptorily to put on his coat and hat and accompany his visitor to the Central Police Station. Mr. Farley showed his shield, and urged on Mr. Cady the necessity of exercising utmost despatch. Mr. Cady finding that he had no chance for escape, proceeded to don his coat and hat very coolly and deliberately, the officer meanwhile searching the drawers recesses in the room to a sure himself that nothing would be left behind that might subse-quently be wanted. When Cady put on his overcoat, Mr. Farley, seeing that the collar was awry, assisted in adjusting it, and noticed while doing so that Cady was fumbling rather nervously in the side pocket of the coat. Suspecting that there was something mischievous in the pocket, Mr. Farley, with a strong sudden jerk drew the hand from the pocket, and discovered that Cady had been attempting to insert his fingers in a villanous-looking set of iron knuckles, with which he immediately struck at the officer in a wicked manner, but the latter managed to avoid the blows so generously tendered, and by a well-directed blow with his clenched fist knocked the ruffian prostrate on the first knocked the ruffian prostrate on the floor, and adminis-tered to him a sound drubbing, being obliged to keep his knee on Cady's breast to hold him down. The other inmates of the house, attracted by the noise and confusion in the room, had assemaled at the door and were clamoring for admis sion, and the officer, thinking that he had sum-ciently chastised Cady, turned to unlock the door, but no sooner had he released him than Cady again flew at the officer, and received tor so doing another "knockdown blow," where apon he acknowledged himself vanquishe l, and surrendered. The state of affairs was explainus to the crowd at the room door, and the offices with his charge, repaired to Police head

A LARGE AMOUNT OF PROPERTY RECOVERED. On arriving at the Central Office the prisoner was searched, and in his possession were found the missing keys of the sate, together with

certificates of stock, money, and checks, amounting to about a hundred and ten or fifteen thousand dollars. Finding himself cornered. Cady stated that he had arranged to dispose of the stock in a few days and decamp to New Orleans, but his plans were frustrated, as above described. He was locked up at head-quarters, and will be brought before the Justice at the Tombs Police Court this morning for trial .- N. Y. Herald.

MASSACHUSETTS.

General Butler Receives the Certificate of his Election - Robbery of a Fur-Store-Closing Exercises of the American Church Missionary Society.

Boston, December 6 .- A certificate of election has been given to General B. F. Butler, as the representative to the next Congress from the Fifth Congressional District of this State. doubts had been entertained as to General But-ler's eligibility, on the ground that he was not a permanent resident of the district, having his residence at Lowell, in another district, and a summer cottage at Gloucester, which is in the

To test that question, William D. Northend the defeated candidate, addressed a letter to his Excellency Governor Bullock, in which he said that General Butler never had been a resident of the district within the meaning of the statute. The letter was submitted to Attorney-General Reed, who has answered fully the questions propounded by Mr. Northend. In answer to the question as to what constitutes an inhabi-tant within the meaning of the statute which rescribes the being an inhabitant of a disprescribes the being an inhabitant of a district as a qualification for a member of Congress from such district, the statutes of the United States and of this State are quoted, and the case of Harvard College vs. Gove, which held that in order to be an inhabitant, within the meaning of the law, a person must be a citizen of the United States; also that every person shall be considered as an inhabitant for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office or place within this State in that town, district, or plantation wherein he dwelleth or bath his bome. Secondly, the State law requires that the Governor and Council shall examine the returns of votes, and shall give certificates of election to such persons as shall ap-pear to be chosen members of Congress. The Govpear to be chosen members of Congress. The Governor's duty is merely ministerial, and be cannot go behind the returns to inquire into the qualifications of such persons. All these questions are to be determined by some other tribunal. The Governor is not, therefore, the judge of the elections of members of Congress. The returns in this case show that General B. F. Butler, of Gloucester, received the largest number of votes, and therefore he is entitled to a certificate of election. The decision gives general satis-

George N. Rowe, of the Fourth Police, is charged with breaking open and entering the fur store of Oliver N. Sage, Nos. 542 and 546 Washington street, on the 24th of November, and robbing it of a large quantity of furs. The matter was hushed up at the time, and he was discharged from the force; however, in the Municipal Court he was bound over to-day for trial.

The trial of Frank W. Rounds for the murder of Adolph Prager, a few months since, on Wash-ington street, has been continued to February. The closing exercises of the American Church Missionary Society to-day were unusually inte-resting, the whole subject of Missions and Evanknowledge being fully discussed by the Right Rev. gentlemen who were present from New York, Philadelphia, and Delaware.

THE TRINITY CHURCH PROPERTY.

Action of Heirs of Aneka Jans in Troy Troy, December 5, -The heirs of Aneka Jans. residing in this city, held a meeting last evening, and appointed a committee, consisting Judge E. F. Bullard, John M. Bogardus, and Sergeant Perry Bogardus, of the Capital Police, to proceed to New York, and investigate the claims of said heirs to a portion of the estates of Trinity Church.

There are quite a number of the descendants of Aneka living in Troy, including Mrs. Marion Bogardus, the widow of John L. Bogardus, a great grandson of the Rev. Everardus Bogar ius, the husband of Aueka Jans. John L. Bogardus was of New York, and was a lawyer of considerable promise in this city forty years ago. He it was who instituted the third suit brought by the heirs of Aneka Jans to recover their alleged property rights of Trinity.

The widow, residing here, has a receipt in the handwriting of Daniel Webster, acknowledging a retaining fee of \$5000 from Mr. Bogardus, curing Mr. Webster's professional services in the suit in behalf of the beirs against Trinity is dated December 22, 1837. Mr. Bogardus died in New York some twenty years ago; but some years before that time had come a resident of Peorta, Illinois, where his remains were taken for interment.

The Rev. Everardus Bogardus, the husband of Aneka, was pastor of the Dutch Church in New York in the latter part of the sixteenth century. He was lost at sea, while on a business voyage to Holland. Soon after that event his widow removed to Beaverwyck, now Albany and died there. Her remains now rest beneath the Hudson Street Dutch Church of this city.

Swindling Operation in Chicago. CHICAGO, December 6.—Jerome B. Champlin, a prominent member of the Board of Trade of his city, who had always had the confidence of the mercantile community, bought very heavily on Tuesday last from various parties, and as an equivalent gave checks endorsed by himself on various banks in this city, payable on the following day. The value of his signature was never questioned for a moment, and thus he sacceeded in purchasing grain variously estimated at from \$20,000 to \$40,000, but \$30,000 will probably approximate to the amount. When these checks vere presented yesterday they were, to the no little astonishment of the holders, refused, and the parties were politely informed that Mr. Champlia, the endorser, had nothing to his credit at their establishment. In the meantime Mr. Champlin had absconded. The heaviest losers are said to be Messrs. Munn, Norton & Scott, grain merchants, of whom he purchased large quantities of wheat. He also bought 2000 barrels of pork on option last month from Mr.

B. P. Hutchinson, payment on which fell due Pork since this transaction has met with neavy decline, and the difference is estimated at The above, however, are only a part of

this successful swindling toperation.

Personal Intelligence. Mr. N. P. Willis' health, we are glad to learn s not so bad as was reported, and there is no truth in the rumor that he "had a stroke of paralysis on Saturday last," A letter dated at Idlewild, December 4, says:—"Mr. Willis passed a comfortable night, and is feeling much better

-Dr. Isaac I. Hayes, the Arctic voyager, has n press a new volume, entitled "The Open Polar Sea; a Narrative of a Voyage of Discovery Towayes the North Pole, Made in the Years 1860 ct, in the schooner United States," This work will be illustrated from designs by Darley, Wilde, Fenn, and others, after the authors Fenn, and others, after the author

—Miss Anna F. Dick'nson, who was to lecture at Rockford, Ill., ou Friday night, is quite seriously ill, and will probably not be able to fill her engagements for several days to come. -Hon. J. C. Maguire, editor of the Cork (fre-

land) Ezaminer, and Representative in Parliament from that city, is now in Chicago. -A colored poet is giving readings in Cincin-

EUROPE.

THE FENIAN AGITATION.

The Excitement Increasing in London— Three Iron-Clads and Two More Regi-ments Sent to Ireland. LONDON, December 6 .- The excitement about the condition of affairs in Ireland is increasing. No actual outbreak has is yet occurred, but the military and naval authorities are making every preparation to meet the emergency whea-

In addition to the numerous men-of-war already sent to Queenstown and Beliast, the Lords of the Admiralty have to-day ordered the despatch of three more iron-clads to Ireland. The military authorities have also directed the departure of two additional regiments of regulars to the same quarter.

Great Military Activity in Dublin. DUBLIN, December 6.—The military here are very actively engaged in efforts to discover and arrest all Fenians. The Pigeon-House Fort, commanding the entrance to the harbor, is being strongly garrisoned and supplied with Armstrong engage.

FRANCE AND MEXICO.

Maximilian Expected at Gibraltar. Lonpon, December 6—Evening.—It is reported here to-day that the Emperor Maximilian has telegraphed by the Atlantic cable that he will soon land at Gibraltar.

GALLICIA Austria About to Concentrate Troops in Gallicia.

BERLIN, December 6 .- It is positively declared that Austria will concentrate troops in Galileia, in spite of former denials of her intention not to

LOUISIANA.

Suits Brought Against United States, Officers—Ruling of Judge Heard.

New Obleans, December 6.—Judge Heard, of the Fourth District Court of New Orleans, to-day overruled an application to transfer to the United States Circuit Court suits brought in his court against officers of the United States for acts done in their official capacity. The application was made under an act of Congress approved March 3, 1863, amended May 11, 1866, the provisions of which are as follows:—

The fifth section of the act of 1863 provides that if sny out or prosecution, civil or criminal, has been or shall be commenced in any State Court against any officer, civil or mritary, or against other persons, for any arrest or imprisonment made on other trespasses or action done or committed, or any act omitted to be done at any time during the present Rebellion, by virtue or under color of authority derived from of exercised by or under the President of the United States, or any act of Congress, and the defendant shall, at the time of his enjering his appearance in such Court, file a petition stating the facts, and verified by affidavi, for the removal of the case for trial at the next Circuit Court then it shall be the duty of the State Court to proceed no further in the case. The fifth section of the act of 1863 provides that if

These suits were ordered dismissed by General Canby in April last, and are now renewed, since General Order No. 3, War Department, to since General Order No. 3, war Department, to prevent improper suits against officers of the Government in the insurrectionary States, was annulled. Judge Campbell, late of the United States Supreme Bench, argued the unconstitutionality of the act. This is creating a profound sensation in the city, and the court-room was densely crowded during the discussion.

Illness of Miss Dickinson,

We find the following in the Wisconsin State Journal regarding the severe illness of Miss Anna E. Dickinson, which has been briefly an-nounced by telegraph:—"Miss Dickinson is con-fined with pneumonia at Rockford. The attack was brought on by her being obliged, on the day she left Madison, to ride from Caledonia to Belvidere, a distance of nine miles, in such vehicle that she was constantly exposed to draft of that wolfish prairie blast, which all will remember, on Thanksgiving Day. Though far from well on leaving here, and all the while growing worse, she persi ted in keeping her next appointment, and so lectured in Belvidere. Possibly she was the more scrupulous about it as, on the Monday previous, she had failed to come to time in Ripon. But she had no sooner arrived in Rock ford, on the next afternoon, than she was compelled to succumb, and has not

"On Saturday her left lung was congested and acutely painful, nor was she able to raise her left arm. Her face was flushed with fever, and her hands felt feverish. And, to one who had so recently heard her voice ringing through our City Hall, it was most pitiable to see her whispering, as unable to utter a word aloud. she seemed to think less of herself than of the disappointment of those who had come from far, in bad weather and ways, to hear her. Though among strangers she has found a home, and is nursed by a Quaker matron not unknown to her on former visits."

Visit to the Condemned Fenians-How they Await their Execution, Etc.

Tononic, December 6, .- This morning, through the courtesy of the Sheriff, I paid a visit to the old jail, where a great deal of anxiety is manifested as to the fate of the prisoners under sentence of death. Lynch appears in excellent spirits, and says that if he has to die he can do so like a man.

He appears, however, to be of opinion that his sentence, as well as that of McMahon and Sievin, has been commuted, and hints that he has received official notification to that effect The Rev. Mr. McMahon devotes most of his time to religious exercises, and it is said he is writing a history of his life. Slevin appears gaite despondent, and maintains that he innocent of any guilty intention in coming to Canada. Heriden, Quin, McGrath, and the other condemned prisoners bear their sentence with much resignation, although it is evident that they do not think their executions will be

Memorial to a Grammarian. -The New Haven Pal'adium says that Prefessor William D. Whitney, of Yale College, is about to send to Ger-many the American offerings for the "Bopp-Stiftung," instituted in memorial of the publiation of Bopp's "Comparative Grammar." intended to form a fund to advance the study of comparative philology.

Conviction of the Murderers of Rev. J. C. Rich mond.—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, held in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on Tuesday, the jury in the case of Bichard Lewis, charged with killing Rev. J. C. Richmond, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, whereupon Judge Gilbert scutenced him to be hung on Friday, January between the hours of 9 A. M. and 11 A. M.

Odd Fellows of New Hampshire -- It is stated that this benevolent Order has 20 lodges in the State of New Hampshire, containing in all 2303 During the year past 322 have been initiated in the Order, and 25 have died. Amount paid for the relief of brothers, \$3854.80; for widowed families, \$242; for burying the dead.

Great Congregation.—On Sunday last, about three hundred citizens of African descent took the cars from the Danville (Va.) depot, bound to a great baptizing at Coalfield Station. The services were very impressive, and ninety-six colored individuals went under the waters of

Falling creek. The French Senate .- It has been remarked that nearly every profession but that of medicine has been represented in the French Senate This anomaly has struck the Emperor, it would appear, as the *Ecenement* announces that his physician, Dr. Conneau, is to be promoted to a seat at the Luxembourg.

THIRD EDITION

ALABAMA.

IMPORTANT MESSAGE OF THE COVERNOR.

The Adoption of the Constitutional Amendment Recommended.

By the New York Associated Press. MOBILE, December 6 .- A special despatch to

the Advertiser and Register, from Montgomery, dated to-day, says: -

The Governor sent a message to both Houses of the Legislature to day, stating that events of the most vital character are now transpiring with reference to our relations in the Union, and he expresses the apprehension that the stability of our affairs may be suddenly broken up. The radicals are determined at all hazards to enforce their terms of restoration, and threaten to reverse our progress towards tranquillity. The cardinal principle of restoration seems to be favorable action on the Constitutional amendment. He thinks its ratification necessary, and suggests that our full restoration may

The Senate referred the message to the Committee on Federal Relations, but the House adjourned pending its consideration.

The contents of the message caused much excitement, as the majority of both Houses are opposed to ratification.

Judge Busteed has decided that payments of debts in Confederate money are void.

Another Account. From the New York Times.

Washington, December 6. - The following special despatch has been received from your correspondent, dated Montgomery, Ala , Decom-

In a special message to day Governor Pation recommends the passage of the Constitutional amendment by the Legislature. He says that events now transpiring bear with peculiar force upon Alabama and its relations to the Union. upon Alabama and its relations to the Union. To these events we cannot be indifferent. They are of so vital a character that we should give them calm and del berate consideration. As the Chief Executive of the State, he deems it his duty to express his apprehension lest the stability of affairs be suddenly broken up. There is an unmistakable purpose among those who control Congress to enforce, at all hazards, their own terms of restoration. The measures they propose will reverse the present progress towards the establishment of perfect tranquility, and augment the distress which now exists, and inaugurate a confusion the end of which no human prescience can forcee. To-day the cardinal principle of restoration seems to be the favorable action on the Constitutional amendment. Upon the merits of the amendment bis views are already known, of the amendment his views are already known, and are founded on principle. The necessities of the case, I am now constrained to think, are different. We should look our condition full in the face, I therefore recommend your consideration this measure in the light in which it now presents itself, or such other measure as your wisdom may suggest Should you see proper to ratity the same, and restoration follow, we may trust to and the influence of our representatives to miti-gate its barshness. If, on the other hand, ad-mission is delayed, the warning to our sister States may be relied upon to prevent that concurrence on their part which alone can give the measure practical effect. Having done all, we may then commit our cause to a just God.

The Message was then referred in both Houses

to the Committee on Federal Relations.

By the New York Associated Press.

Montgomery, Ala., December 6 .- The papers of the State generally oppose the recent posi-tion taken by Judge Busteed in favor of the adoption of the Congressional amendment, and charge him with having abandoned the true interests of the people whom he professes to

The Wreck of the Steamer "Suwanes." By the New York Associated Press.

WILMINGTON, N. C., December 7 .- The steamer sucanee, from New York, bound to Brazos de Santiago, with a cargo of arms and ammunition or the republic of Mexico, foundered at sea off Frying Pan Shoals on the morning of the 4th justant. The Captain, passengers, and crew took to the life-boats a few minutes before the

The following persons were saved-J. W Catharine, Captain, wife, and two children; A. P. Smith, Second Assistant Engineer; James N. White, First Steward; W. N. Brooks and John mith, seamen; James Gill and James Murphy, firemen; James Shay, coal-passer, and another of the crew, name unknown; Dr. Hadden, of Jersey City, Joseph Ferrier, Mexican merchant and Frank Badger, passengers.

The following are missing:—Robert Pickens, Jr., first officer; Charles F. Fry, second officer; Henry Wafles, first engineer; W. H. Crawford. hest assistant engineer; Henry Beaston, second steward; William Brown and John Norman, eaman; George Kirk, otler; Thomas Martin. coal - passer: Hugh Simpson, fireman; F. R. Shultz, supercargo, and two cooks and two

seamen, names unknown. The Sucance was owned by Messrs. Simons & Corry, of Philadelphia, and Elijah Cattell, of

New Jersey.
The steamship C. W. Lord encountered the same gale on the morning of the 4th, and lay in a dangerous position for some time, when, reairing her sails and steering gear, she reached port without material damage.

By the New York Associated Press.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 6 -The accounts f the cotton crop from this State are less avorable, although some of the planters are widely at variance in their statements. The majority, however, express great disappointment at the result of the yield, which turned out far less than they anticipated before the

The Consecration of a Bishop. By the New York Associated Press.

DETROIT, December 7 .- Rev. W. E. Armitage of this city, was to-day consecrated the Assistant Bishop of Wisconsin, at the Episcopal Church, with imposing ceremonies. There were in attendance twelve bishops and seventy

German Reformed Church.

By the New York Associated Press. DAYTON, Ohio, Becember 7. - The General Synod of the German Reformed Church adjourned sine die last evening. The question upon the adoption of the majority report, recommending the optional use of the revised Liturgy, was carried in the affirmative by a vote

FROM CANADA.

Letter of a Companion of John H. Surratt-The Tenor of the Assassin's Coufession.

By the New York Associated Press.

quarters.

OTTAWA, December 7 .- Hon. Messrs. Campbell, Cockburn, and Chapais left for Montreal last evening. The Executive Council will meet in that city, and it is understood that the Governor-General will be present at the meeting. All of our steamers are going into winter

About ten tons of specimens from the Geological Department is to be sent to the Paris Exhibition this week. Drs. Hunter and Richardson are in charge. Sir William Logan will attend the Exhibition.

Great efforts are being made to procure the best specimens of minerals, etc., that Canada

can produce. The Bank of Montreal, upon closing its Chicago agency, is to make arrangements to afford the necessary facilities for the transaction of Canadian business there.

The Herald of this city publishes extracts from letters written by a citizen of Montreal, who served in the American army and afterwards was in the Papal service. When in the South he became acquainted with John H. Surratt, whom he identified in Italy serving in the Zouaves. This person informed the Ameri, can Amba-sador at Rome, who sent for instructions to Seward. In conversation Surratt is reported to have said that the assassination of President Lincoln was planned at Richmond, and with the assent of Jeff. Davis. This informant against Surrait is now on his way to Washington,

Large Fire at New Haven. By the United States Associated Press.

New Haven, December 7 .- About 3 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the establishment of the Plants Manu acturing Company, on Grand street. The main building, a large wooden structure, was entirely consumed, with

wooden structure, was entirely consumed, with several small buildings attached.

The upper story was occupied as a pistol manufactory. Seventy hands have been thrown out of employment. The loss is \$200,000, with an insurance of \$100,000, by the following agents: — Blaskiee and North New Haven, \$14,500; Seely & Parsons, New York, about \$80,000. The origin of the fire was accidental.

Movements of Steamers.

By the United States Associated Press. HALIFAX, December 7 .- The steamship Africa, rom Boston, arrived at 8:30 last evening, and sailed again at 10:15 for Liverpool.

New York, December 7.—The steamer Europa, from Brest, has arrived. Her advices have been anticipated.

Accident to the Steamer "Katahdin."

By the United States Associated Press. Boston, December 7.-The steamship Katahlin, from Bangor, has arrived here, and reports

that she struck a rock near Camden last even-ing, and knocked a hole in her bottom. She is

From Florida. By the New York Associated Press. TALLABASSEP, December 6 -The House of Representatives of this State have taken up the report of the Committee to whom the Constitutional amendment was referred, and by a unani-

mous vote agreed to that report. The report, it will be remembered, recommended the rejection of the amendment.

Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, December 7.—The following are the quotations of stocks at 10°30 o'clock call this morning. Pacific Mail, 171½ bid, 171½ asked; Aranho Mail, 103½ bid, 104 asked; Canton, 45 bid, 46 asked; Cumberland, 68 bid, 70 asked; Quicksilver, 44 bid, 44½ asked; Mariposa, 12½ bid, 13 asked; New York Central, 110½ bid; Erie Railroad, 71 bid; Hudson River Railroad, 120½ bid, 121 asked; Reacing, 110½ bid, 110½ asked; Illinois Central, 117½ bid, 117½ asked; Western Union Telegraph, 46½ bid; Boston Water Power, 30½ bid, 30½ asked; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 83½ bid, 83½ asked; Rock Island, 103½ bid, 103½ asked.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES. U. S. 6s of 1881, 112% bid, 113 a-ked; 5-20s of 1862, 108% bid, 108% asked; do 1864, 106% bid, 106% asked; do, 1865 107 bid, 107% asked; U. S. 1049s, 100 bid, 100% asked; U. S. 7-30s, 1st series, 105% bid, 105% asked; 2d series, 105% bid, 105% asked; 3d series, 105% bid, 105% asked.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Perce. Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Perce.—
Prison cases are still before the Court. The room
every day is densely crowded with prosecutors,
defendants, and witnesses. And while the Court is
working hard and fast to dispose of business, the
Grand Jury is equally busy in acting upon and presenting bills. At this particular time the Quarter
Sessions presents a truly busy scene. The dock
this morning presented what might be called a miscellaneous appearance—white men, black men, and
women. CONCERNING ANOTHER BENDER

Emerick Bender was convicted of a charge of the isrceny of five hats, valued at \$10, the property of Morris Carpenter, Second street, below Nob'e, Bender stole the hats from the store door, and was going around selling them for ten cents apiece when arrested. Sentenced to the County Prision for four months.

John Hartman was convicted of a charge of the arceny of eggs, turnips, mutton, etc., valued at \$8.76, the property of James Evans. Mr. Evans laving bought his marketing, met Hartman at econd and South streets; and engaged him to take the tasket to his house. But Hartman, instead of going to Mr. Evans' house, stonged at a little shade. going to Mr. Evans' house, stopped at a little shady bower, and becoming happy over delicious three-cenny rum, forgot all about his message, and lost he basket and contents.] Sentenced to four months

n the County Prison. BILLIARDS CRIMINALLY CONSIDERED. Nathan Giow pleaded guilty to a charge of the larceny of billiard-balls, money, and other articles belonging to L. Dow. He went into Mr. Dow's place while the clerk was out, and stole these things Sentenced to the County Prison for one year.

A BLACK RUFFIAN. David Lee pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery upon Robert Johnson, and was convicted of assault and battery with intent to kill the same person. On Oc ober 10 as Mr. Johnson was walking out Lombard street, smoking a charginis man Lee asked him for a chew of tobacco. Mr. Johnson said he had none. Lee said—"You white son of a b—, I'll kill you." He struck Mr. Johnson, and cut his hand with a kpife. Mr. Johnson ran, and was pursued by Lee who in-Johnson ran, and was pursued by Lee, who in-dicted several severe stabs in Mr Johnson's side. All this without the slightest provocation. Sentenced to two years in the County Prison.

BUG-JUICE. Lawrence Kelly pleaded guilty to a charge of the larceny of a barrel of whisky, valued at \$190, the property of Gibson & Co Kelly said that he had been drinking, and, like the miser the more he got the more he wished for until he got too much, wanted too much, and stole a barrel too much. Sentenced to the Gounty Prison for one year.

Peter Jackson, colored, was convicted of a charge of the larceny of clothing, valued at \$19, the property of John Van Brackle, hentenced to the County Prison for n'ne months. County Prison for n'ne months.

HEAVY ROBBERY, William Jones pleaded suilty to a charge of the larceny of iron rails, valued at \$1833, belonging to the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company. Sentenced to the County Prison for two years and six months,

And Samuel Tait was convicted of the same charge.

In October, Detective Taggart received info mation that this non was at Gray's Ferry. Upon nurther information Mr. layer twent to Arch street wharf and there found a furniture car leaded with the iron. From a description received from the driver Mr. Taggart arrested Jones. Tait sold five tons o the iron to a dealer in 1700 on Front street, by whom he was identified in Court. Sentenced to the County Prison for three years. for three years.

DISHONEST PEMALE CLERK.

DISHONEST FRMALE CLERK.

Ellen Kabe was convicted of a charge of lare ry of goods valued at \$51, the property of Anna Wiss The swoman attended store for Mrs Wiss, in Second street, below South. She stole a great many valuable articles from the store, among which was a fine watch chain. When she was arrested, it was discovered that she was a perfect walking dry goods store, for articles were found fastened all about her person, beneath her dress, Sentenced to the County Prison for two years.

William Jones, colored, was acquitted of a charge of assault and battery upon Charles Young.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Office of the Evening Telegraph, Friday, December 7, 1866.

The Stock Market was very dull this morning, and prices were unsettled and drooping. In Government bonds there was very little doing. August 7:30s sold at 105), a slight decline; 1083 was bid for old 5-20s; 113 for 6s of 1881; and 100 for 10.40s. Cuts loops were unschanged; the new

60 for Norristown; 284 for Elmira common; 42 for preferred do.; and 58 for Philadelphia and

City Passenger Railway shares were dull. Chesnut and Walnut sold at 54, a slight advance; and Hestonville at 14\(\frac{1}{2}\), no change. 90 was bid for Second and Third; 19\(\frac{1}{2}\) for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 74\(\frac{1}{2}\) for West Philadelphia; and 30 for Creen and Coates.

Green and Coates.

Bank shares were firmly held at full prices.

North America sold at 230; and Girard at 57.

139 was bid for First National; 101 for Seventh National; 150 for Philadelphia; 134 for Farmera's and Mechanics'; 554 for Commercial; 324 for Mechanics'; 100 for Kensington; 90 for Western; 100 for Tradesmen's; 41 for Consolidation; 684 for Corn Exchange; 62½ for Union; and 122 for Central National

Central National.

In Canal shares there was little or nothing doing. 25½ was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common; 34½ for preferred do.; 56½ for Lehigh Navigation; 14 for Susquehanna Canal; 56 for Delaware Division; and 54 for Wyoming Valley Canal.

Caval.
Quotations of Gold—10\(\) A. M., 138\(\frac{1}{4}\); 11 A. M.,
139; 12 M., 138\(\frac{1}{4}\); 1 P. M., 138\(\frac{1}{4}\).
—The National Banks have been notified by
the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that they are no longer to be required to pay a license-tax upon a greater sum than their char-tered capital. Phose institutions which have been assessed for surplus profits can now obtain

an abatement.

-The New York Tribune this morning says:—
"Meney on call is active at 7 per cent., and the rate is freely paid on Government collaterals. Some loans are left at less than 7, but new business pays this rate. Commercial bills show no improvement. Best short date are quoted 6½@7, but the latter is the prevailing rate."

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro , No. 40 S. Third street FIRST BOARD.

\$6000 Pa R 2d mg 6s 97\;
2000 Sch Nav 6s 72. 90
1300 Leh 6s. 84. 91\;
500 N Pa R 6s. 92
100 sh do ...55 sh
60 U S 730s Aug.105\;
1 sh N Amer Bk. 230
5 sh Penn R. 54\;
20 sh do ...com 54\;
600 sh Clinton C.its 56-100

-Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of ex-Change to-day at 1 P. M.:—American gold, 138½ @139; Silver & and & 133; Compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 16; do., July, 1864, 15½; do., August, 1864, 15; do., October, 1864, 14; do., December, 1864, 13; do., May, 1865, 11½; do., August, 1865, 104; do., September, 1865, 91; do.,

October, 1865, 94. —Messrs. William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 South Third street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock:—U. S. 68, 1881, coupon, 1124@1134; U. S. 5-20s, coupon, 1862, 108 @1084; do., 1864, 1064@1062; do., 1865, 1064@ 1074; do., new, 1865, 1084@109; U. S. 10-40s, coupon, 994@1004; U. S. 7·30s, 1st series, 1054 @1054; do., 2d series, 1054@1054; 3d series, 1054 @1054; Compounds, December, 1864, 13@134.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

FRIDAY, December 7 .- There was a firm feeling in the Flour Market, but not much doing, there being no demand, except from the home consumers, who purchased only enough to supply their imme diate wants. Sales of 600 barrels, principally Northwestern extra family, at \$11@12.25, including Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do. at \$12@13.50; extraslat 69@10:50; superfine at \$8@8:50; and family brands at \$146:16, according to quality. Rye Flour is selling at \$7 25@7 50 P barrel. Nothing doing in Corn

The Wheat Market continues excessively dull and in the absence of sales we quote at \$2.60@2.86 for Fennsylvania red; \$2.90@3.10 for Southern do., and \$3.15@3.30 for white. Mye may be quoted at \$1.35@1.40 for Western and Pennsylvania. Corn comes forward slowly, and the article is in moderate request, with sales of 3000 bushess eld yellow at \$1.18@115; 1000 bushess mixed do at \$1, and new at 900 @\$1. Oats are dull, with sales of 1000 bushels Southern at 57c. No sales were reported in

Cloverseed is selling at \$9.50@10.25 P 64 lbs. Timothy commands \$3.25@3.75 P bushel, and Flax-seed \$3.05@3.15. Whisky is dull, with small sales at \$2.48 for Ohio. Pennsylvania is held at \$2.80@2.87.

The Movements of Cotton.-According to instructions from the Freedmen's Bureau, the authorities in Texas are stopping the transit of cotton to the markets until all claims of the freed people engaged in its production have been paid and adjusted. This order creates consider-able excitement and vexation. Cotton loaded on the cars and on boats at Houston, and ready to move, has beeen detained by orders of this

Tallyrand's Snuff-Box — It was double, two snuff-boxes joined together by a common bottom. The one was politely offered to an acquaintance; the other, never to be politted by the finger and thumb of another person, was reserved for himself the common of self. Here we recognize the diplomatist, so eternally on his guard, that, when a lady requested his autograph, he wrote his name

the very top of the sheet of paper handed to him. Ohancery.—The resignation of Sir J. L. Knight Bruce as Lord Justice of Appeal caused the first bange which has taken place in the Chancery Court in England for fourteen years; but the Times understands that several further changes will be made during next year, when the two junior vice-chancellors will complete the afteen years' service which entitles them to their

A Babe in the Wood.-Two or three mouths A Babe in the Wood.—I'wo or three mouths since, some children who were gathering berries on the Welsh mountains between Blaina and Cwmtillery, found an infant, much emaciated, which had evidently been deserted there by its mother. The iniant shortly afterwards died, and the mother, who was apprehended in Monmouth. has been committed for trial on a charge of