CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[*For Additional Local Items see Third Page.*]

AN UNSAFE SAVING FUND.

The Warfare Between the Depositors of the National Safety Trust Company and the Directors of that Institution—The Fight Grows Warm, and Begins to be Interesting—Only $941,320 Involved in the Dispute.

The National Safety and Trust Company was an institution which formerly did business at the southwest corner of Third and Walnut streets. The Board of Directors of the institution consisted of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. Henry L. Benner, Samuel K. Ashton, Joseph B. Barry, F. Carroll Brewster, Edward L. Carter, Robert Selfridge, C. Landreth Munns, Francis Lee, Joseph Yerkes, James L. Stephenson.

On the cover of the books given to depositors was printed the following paragraph:—

"This Saving Fund, by the provisions of its charter, invests all its money in *real estate, mortgages, ground rents*, and such first-class securities as must always *insure perfect security* to the depositors and *place beyond all risk* the permanency and stability of this institution."

The depositors, however, appear to have had some reason for doubting all these fair promises, as they are now engaged in litigating their claims against the Directors. The fight has been in progress some time, and bids fair to become amusing, if nothing more.

A meeting of the depositors, for the purpose of putting the legal machinery in motion, was held at Mechanics' Hall, on Tuesday evening, October 23, when Mr. James McGinley was called to the chair. On that occasion, this gentleman stated to those assembled that he had had an interview with Spencer Miller, Esq., who assured him that there was very little, if any, doubt about the final recovery of the deposits, and that he would undertake the matter and fight it to the bitter end for the depositors. He stated, also, that Mr. Miller proposed filing a bill in equity at once, as those now having charge of the present suit were evidently trying to push it off until April next, when the statute of limitation would expire, and with it all hope of ever recovering a penny of their deposits. It was proposed by the Chairman that the depositors contribute one-fourth of one per cent., or twenty-five cents on a hundred dollars, towards defraying the expenses of counsel, assuring them that he firmly believed that such action would finally be the means of their recovering the entire amount of their respective deposits. Other gentlemen addressed the meeting, and some of them were very bitter in their denunciation of their former counsel.

The result of the meeting was an interchange of views, and the adoption of a series of resolutions providing for the appointment of a committee of eleven depositors for the purpose of raising funds for the recovering by suit or otherwise the amounts due to the several depositors. The entire power of the depositors was vested for such purposes in this committee, which was made to consist of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. James McGinley, No. 1443 Fawn street, Jacob S. Fish, No. 1024 Melon street, Henry Leffman, No. 437 Green street, William T. James, No. 2125 Summer street, Thomas Atkinson, No. 1107 Pine street, Samuel Reiter, Central High School, William Bligh, No. 318 New Market street, William Meeser, *Sunday Mercury* office, H. McIntosh, No. 922 Chesnut street, Peter Sauerwein, No. 213 Coates street, John Elliott, Shamokin street, west of Twenty-second street.

Previous to adjournment, the Chairman further stated that he had lost over a thousand dollars in the concern, but that he was offered that day the entire amount of his loss if he would drop the suit he now proposed, in conjunction with his fellow-sufferers, to institute. He also gave the following statement of the liabilities of the institution when it "went up:"

Amount of deposits	$808,000
Interest due (5 per cent.)	40,400
Interest for 5½ years	222,200
Deduct interest on $80,800, paid two years ago	8,080
	$214,120
Deduct 10 per cent., paid two years ago	80,800
	133,320
Add principal	808,000
Amount now due	941,320

The Committee resolved to levy a tax of twenty-five cents on the one hundred dollars from each depositor, according to the amount of his or her claim. Last evening another meeting of the depositors was held, for the purpose of ascertaining what progress had been made in the matter. This meeting, like the former, was advertised to be held at Mechanics' Hall, but this was prevented by "some one going back on them," as one of the indignant gentlemen informed our reporter.

Mr. McGinley occupied the chair. One of the depositors, on the organization of the meeting, came forward and delivered himself of the following remarks:—

Mr. President:—Are you going to make any statement about the object of the meeting, and the plans which are about to be pursued? I don't know anything about it, as I have not been here before. We expect to hear something.

To all of which the Chairman responded in this wise:—

It is probable that there are some people here to-night who were not at the first meeting. It was held in the other hall. It would have been held there this evening, but some one went back on us. But we have the matter arranged all right. An individual is stationed at the door to tell the people to come over here. For the information of those who were not over there, we would just say that this matter is going on very well. [Satisfaction reigns on many countenances.] We have a lawyer engaged, and he is at work prosecuting our claims. We have raised considerable money, but we want a great deal more. [The aforesaid satisfaction suddenly gives way to looks of the opposite character.] It is always the custom for lawyers who undertake such a job as this to have something in advance. [Tokens of assent.] And our object in meeting here to-night is to collect as much money as possible. [Wagging of heads and dubious looks.] We would like to collect to-night $300. I suppose there are a number of persons present that understand all about that. [It was evident that the Chairman had made a mistake.] The reason why this thing was not settled was because there is a man in this town called ——, a Dutch Jew and a lawyer, who was employed to settle the matter. He started a suit against the Directors of this institution, and pretended that he was serving them in earnest, but we found afterwards that it was only a sham. He would give us no explanation when we applied to him for information in regard to it, and we appointed a committee, and sent them to find out about it. He said he had taken a note of some man in California by the name of Smiley. When we pushed him, he said that Smiley had went away to Mexico or to the devil. [Dreadfulness looks on the part of the audience at the mention of the latter individual's name.] That was all we could get out of him, and we came to the conclusion that he was a deceitful man and a traitor to his clients. He was a friend of the Directors and not of the depositors. [Tokens of resentment, evidenced by loud murmurs on the part of the said depositors.] Another reason why this matter was not attended to was because they promised to pay a dividend. They paid us a dividend of ten per cent., which amount was only two per cent. of the real interest due us, two and a half per cent remaining unpaid. [Further indignant murmurs heard.] We have made up our minds in this matter, and we have a good man to go ahead with it. [Half-suppressed] cheers for Spencer Miller.] We have united together, and we intend to fight this matter to the bitter end. [Tokens of approval and assent.] We are determined that these cold-hearted gentlemen shall not run away with our money. [Hear, hear.] I am glad to see so many people here to-night, and we hope all will be willing to pay their twenty-five cents on a hundred dollars. [Joy looks on the part of the audience.] Some, we hope, will pay more. [Wagging of heads.] The man who will give us ten dollars, or five, or two and a half, we want to come up now and get this thing started. [The man did not go up at once.] Money we want and must have, in order to push this thing through. "Money makes the mare go," you know. [Tokens of assent.] If we had three hundred dollars we could hand it to Mr. Miller, and he could get right through with it. [Tokens of astonishment at the marvellous effect of money on Mr. Spencer Miller's movements.] Another thing I would like to mention is, that we have a lawyer that we can rely upon. [More half-suppressed cheers for Spencer Miller, Esq.] There is not a blot or a blemish upon his character. He is an honorable man. He is fearless in the midst of opposition, and took hold of this thing when none of the other lawyers would touch it. The depositors will please step forward with their *pro ratas*.

A voice—How much do you expect of us? Twenty-five cents on a $100?

The Chairman—We have a lawyer to work, and he authorized me to tell the depositors that he is going to file a bill for the entire amount, which is about $941,000.

A voice [dubiously]—Then there is some little hope that he may recover it?

The Chairman [with wonderful emphasis]—Yes! yes!

A Depositor—As far as I understand it, the amount is about one million dollars.

The Chairman—All you have got to do is to give us your money, and we will settle it all right.

The Chairman then took his seat, and there was a great commotion, caused by depositors rushing forward to put down their cash.

In the midst of this, some one announced that Mr. Fish wished to make a few remarks. That gentleman immediately arose and said:—

I am one of those appointed, not at my own instance, but at the request of the depositors in this institution. I have collected some little money, but it appears to me that it is coming down to a very nice point if we are going to make it a business. There are some here who have $400 or $500 deposited, who look at this *pro rata* with a keen eye. [A great flashing of numerous keen eyes on the part of sundry depositors.] Many here are able to pay more. [The keen eyes suddenly cease their flashing.] I know they are, and I say to them, if they want to put this thing through, it is but in justice to themselves that they should give more than twenty-five cents. [It was evident that no one looked upon it in that light.] I would say to those who are able to give more, "You are able to give five dollars towards this; I know that you are." And when you give five dollars you do not give as much as that poor woman, or that poor man, or that poor girl, who, by giving twenty-five cents, gives more than you do if you give $10. [The countenances of the said poor woman, poor man, and poor girl suddenly brightened up.] We want to raise $500, with which we want to prosecute this case. We need not be backward in the matter. The Committee are going to endeavor to discharge thier duty with fidelity. I want no hing for my services. I will do all I can for the depositors of this institution, and I believe every other man in this Committee will. Give liberally, you who are able. There are those who are not able to give more than twenty-five cents. While that is the case with some, there are others who can give us fifty cents or one dollar, or three, or five, or even ten dollars. You must give us the facilities if you expect us to move the machine.

The speaker then resumed his seat.

At this stage of the proceedings an excited individual cried out:—We want some guarantee that all is right.

One of the Committee [indignantly]:—You can take my place if you want to. I am in it to the amount of $4000. We don't want your money if you are not disposed to give it.

During the above remarks the depositors were crowded around the desk to such an extent that it was very uncomfortable for those who were giving receipts. Every effort proved ineffective for getting them to leave the neighborhood as soon as they were furnished with these documents. They would pay their money, and then keep up a loud conversation about the probabilities of getting it back again with an increase.

The amount raised at the two meetings will probably reach $500.

The meeting adjourned at about 9 o'clock.

THE LAUREL HILL CEMETERY—ITS PAST HISTORY AND FUTURE PROSPECTS.—It has been about thirty years since the Laurel Hill Cemetery Company was first organized and commenced operations. At that time it is believed that there was but one other institution of the kind in the world, the Mount Auburn Cemetery, near Boston, which dates its inauguration a few months previous to the one at Laurel Hill. The ground first taken up by the company was but twenty acres in extent, but by additions from time to time this has been increased to over one hundred and twenty acres, and we learn that the company has recently effected the purchase of fifty acres more, extending towards the Columbia Bridge, on which they will commence their projected improvements in the ensuing spring. The present time is, therefore, an appropriate one for calling the attention of the public to the subject.

There being but one rival cemetery in existence at the time that the Laurel Hill Company commenced their operations, and this one being then a mere experiment of a few months, the new undertaking encountered all the ridicule and opposition which is inseparable from the early history of every enterprise of a new and praiseworthy character. The clergy of the different denominations, in particular, directed their great influence against the movement, the principal objection urged by them being the time consumed in attendance upon funerals in the country. This opposition has long since been overcome, and now almost every Christian denomination lends its countenance and encouragement. The remains of the late Bishop Potter, of the Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania, have found their last resting-place here; and the following, among several of the city churches, have regular burying grounds within its limits:—The Fifth Baptist, St. Stephen's Episcopal, St. John's German Lutheran, and the Society of Friends. The different lot-holders now number over 8000, among whom are at least sixty clergymen of various denominations.

One of the most admirable features of this cemetery, and the one to which its great success has been due in a great measure, is its convenient and picturesque situation on the banks of the Schuylkill, which forms its western boundary for over a mile. In this respect it has an advantage of which neither Mount Auburn nor Greenwood, its two great rivals, can boast. Owing to its elevated position—one hundred and ten feet above the level of the Schuylkill—its soil, instead of being the moist clay usually found in lower localities, is composed of dry sand and gravel. Being distant only four miles from the business centre of the city, it enjoys likewise the combined advantage of being in the rural districts, and yet easily and readily accessible, without the necessity of crossing a river, either by bridge or ferry.

The general aspect of the grounds has been undergoing constant improvement in the way of draining, planting, and plotting. The beauty of its monuments has also been secured at an enormous outlay, the cost of the stone and marble used being estimated at over $2,000,000.

It is not likely that its present state will ever retrograde, as each purchaser of a lot is required, on the execution of his deed, to contribute a small sum, which is added to the permanent fund for keeping the grounds in general repair. This constantly increasing fund, which now amounts to nearly $70,000, is invested in the best class of city and State securities, and has been made over, in trust, to the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity, and Trust Company, which has a perpetual charter, and is one of the oldest and most secure in the country. As the price of lots in Laurel Hill is not above the average of those of other great cemeteries, cheapness is combined with the beauty of its scenery and the convenience of its location, to render it one of the most desirable institutions of the kind now in successful operation.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE STAMFORD (ENGLAND) BULL-RUNNING—HOW THE FUN WAS SPOILED BY THE "SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS."—One of the ancient traditionary customs of the town of Stamford, in Lincolnshire, England, was a ceremony termed Bull-running, which fell on the 13th of November.

The custom is said to have dated from the days of King John. One day, as William, Earl of Warren, was standing on the battlements of his castle, he witnessed a fight between two bulls in the meadow. Some butchers attempted to part the combatants, when one of the bulls created a furious uproar by rushing headlong through the town. The chivalric Earl thereupon mounted his horse and pursued the furious animal in high glee. So delighted with the sport was this valiant gentleman, that he bequeathed the meadow in which the combat began to the guild of butchers, on the condition that they should enable the townspeople to enjoy like sport once a year, by providing a bull for the purpose.

In the seventeenth century the sport was conducted in this fashion:—A bull was furnished by the butchers and placed in the stable of the Alderman over night. On the morning of the 13th the bell-man of the town perambulated the streets, commanding every one to close his shop-door and gate, and threatening with imprisonment all who were guilty of doing violence to strangers. As an additional precaution in this respect, a guard was appointed to conduct travellers through the town without harm. Those who intended to pursue the bull were likewise cautioned against placing any iron upon their clubs or staves. The proclamation being ended, the bull was turned loose at the Alderman's house; and then, according to the local historian, the following spectacle was presented:—

"Hivie-skivy, tag-rag, men, women, and children of all sorts and sizes, with all the dogs in town, running after him, spattering dirt in each others' faces, that one would think them to be so many furies started out of the infernal regions for the punishment of Cerberus, as when Theseus and Perilius conquered the place, as Ovid describes it:—

"'A ragged troop of boys and girls
Do follow him with stones,
With clubs, with whips, and many nips,
They part his skin from bones.'"

In later days the sport was somewhat modified. The bull, having been turned into a street which was barricaded at either end with carts and wagons, was irritated by throwing hats at him. The barricades were then removed, and then the whole crowd—bull, men, boys, and dogs—rushed pell-mell through the streets. The great object was to "bridge the bull" by forcing him on the structure which spanned the Welland, and then he was roughly seized by as many as dared approach, and hurled bodily into the stream. The animal would then swim to the shore, when the race would be continued through the "Bull-meadow," many ludicrous mishaps happening to the pursuers from the miry state of the soil at that season of the year. When all were tired the bull was killed, and the day wound up with a general supper on bull-beef.

This ridiculous custom was long continued and greatly encouraged by the authorities. Even candidates for Parliament were accustomed to propitiate their constituents by furnishing bulls for extra entertainments of this kind. The Conservatives, in canvassing the borough in 1831, carried a banner bearing a representation of a rampant bull.

In 1833, however, the "Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" interfered, but at that time without success. In 1836 they made another effort, procuring the indictment of all who participated in the pastime. The sport was still kept up, leading to a collision between the military and the bull-mad populace. In 1839 a strong military force was on hand, and the bull being young and docile, he was taken captive. This was the end of it, as the good people that year found they had to foot a bill of £600 for the expenses of the military and extra police.

ELOPEMENT AND EMBEZZLEMENT.—Henry Lewis, who was employed as a clerk in the establishment of W. B. Sellers & Co., shoe dealers, left this city with about $525, which he is alleged to have stolen from his employers. Accompanying the prisoner was a very prepossessing young lady, who claimed to be his wife. Soon after they left the city, the authorities in Pittsburg were telegraphed to by Lieutenant Bulkley, of our detective force, and Lewis was arrested on the arrival of the train in that city. About $330 in money was found on him at the time of his arrest, and also the bank-book of the firm. The prisoner's wife was in great distress of mind at the arrest of the prisoner, and visited him repeatedly. Lewis is about nineteen years of age, of considerable intelligence, and might be called sharp and well posted. He is a brother-in-law to Mr. Sellers, and seems to have been his confidential clerk, handling most of the money of the firm. It seems that while he had in his possession the sum mentioned above he decamped, but had his enterprise nipped in the bud by his untimely arrest. He was remarkably reticent, and would give no account of himself whatever. On Sunday morning Captain Benjamin Levy, the Chief of the Detectives, took Lewis in charge, and came on to this city with him in the 3 o'clock train. The wife of the prisoner came on with him to this city.

NEW ROUTE TO THE SOUTH.—After a delay of several years, during the recent war, the indomitable railroad men of Delaware have succeeded in opening their new and direct railway route to the South and Southwest. This road runs direct from Philadelphia to Crisfield (Eastern Shore of Maryland) a town on the Chesapeake Bay, from which point passengers take passage in magnificent sea-going steamboats to Norfolk, where a connection is made with the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad for all points in the South and Southwest. This is the most direct and pleasant route to the Southern States, and we doubt not will soon become very popular. Further information and tickets may be obtained at No. 828 Chesnut street, or of H. F. Kenney, Esq., Superintendent of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, at the depot, Broad street and Washington avenue.

BOGUS JEWELRY.—A man was taken into custody at Second and Market streets yesterday afternoon, on the charge of selling bogus jewelry. When he was taken before Alderman Hurley he made such a piteous statement of his difficulties, and showed so clearly that he had been more sinned against than sinning, that he was discharged with a reprimand. It appeared, from the evidence elicited, that he had a family who were dependent upon him, and he had been set up in the business he was pursuing, not thinking there was any unlawfulness in so doing.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE.—Colonel W. A. Leech, late of the 90th Pennsylvania Regiment, is spoken of as a candidate for Collector of Internal Revenue, First District. Colonel Leech is said to be backed up by Congressman Samuel J. Randall.

LARCENIES.—A man by the name of William Hartman was arrested yesterday afternoon charged with robbing one of his companions of a little loose change. It appears they were all "jolly companions," together, and were annoying the peaceably disposed people in the neighborhood of Fifteenth and Carlton streets, when the police appeared on the scene and arrested Hartman and one or two others. One of his companions charged Hartman with having robbed him of a small quantity of change, and upon searching him it was found on his person. He had a hearing before Alderman Hutchinson, who held him in $800 bail to answer.

A young fellow named Benjamin Jenkins undertook to relieve the drawer of a store at Fifteenth and Willow streets of a quantity of spare cash, but did not succeed, owing to the watchfulness of the attendants. He attempted to escape, but was arrested and taken before Alderman Hutchinson, who held him in $500 bail to answer.

ONE OF THE INCORRIGIBLES.—G. W. Eddis, better known as "Wash." Eddis, was arrested at Second street and Germantown avenue on a charge of malicious mischief. It is said that Eddis was concerned in the murder of a German a year or two ago. In company with others, he was present, aided, and abetted. The principal in the affair was hung, and Eddis was sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary. Last Thursday he was pardoned at the solicitation of many influential citizens. Since his pardon he has been riding a high horse, and in fact, has been on a "bender" of great magnitude. Last night, whilst laboring under an attack of strychnine whisky, he went into the lager beer saloon of Mr. Burche, at Second and Canal streets, and acted in a very disorderly manner. Not satisfied with raising a disturbance, he commenced to smash the glassware and other articles of furniture, right and left, when he was arrested. He had a hearing before Alderman Shoemaker, who committed him to answer in default of $500 bail.

A CONSPIRACY CASE.—Ann McCormack, a married woman about forty years old, was arrested, at the instance of the Trustees of the House of Refuge on the above charge. It appears that she had a daughter in that institution, whom she and a man named Wolf had got out on a false pretense, and had compelled the child to unlawful practices. The unnatural mother showed a hardness and criminal intent that justified Alderman Godbou, before whom the case was heard, in holding her to bail in the sum of $500, to answer the charge of conspiracy.

LIGHT-FINGERED.—Caroline Guyger, an enterprising young female, fell in love with a couple of pairs of well-made shoes, which were exposed in a tempting manner in front of a shoe store in Vine street, below Ninth, yesterday afternoon, and, clasping them to her bosom, fled. A watchful eye had been bent upon her, however, and she was promptly arrested, and her ill-gotten plunder disgorged. She had a hearing before Alderman Jones, and not being able to convince that gentleman that she was laboring under a fit of insanity when she did the nefarious act, she was held in $300 bail to answer the charge of larceny.

A VICIOUS DOG.—Last evening as a lady was passing along Frankford road, a ferocious dog rushed out at her and made a furious onslaught upon her; but, thanks to the much-abused crinoline, the animal could not reach her, and vented his spite by tearing the skirt of her dress in shreds. With a parting snarl of defiance at the titter, the brute vanished. This morning the lady had the owner of the savage dog, Mrs. Slicker, arrested. She had a hearing before Alderman Clouds, who held her in $400 bail to answer at court.

A DISHONEST LODGER.—Thomas Johnson has been for some time boarding at No. 1707 Market street. Thomas' wardrobe has not been as extensive as his ambitious desires would have it, and he cast envious eyes upon the raiment of a fellow-boarder. He coveted them, and then broke the eighth commandment, and stole several articles of apparel. He was detected in his little adventure, however, and was arrested, and being escorted to the office of Alderman Jones, that gentleman listened to the facts of his case, and then held him in $800 bail to answer for the crime of larceny.

CONNUBIAL FELICITY.—Richard McCartney was arrested yesterday afternoon at his residence, Mascher and Thompson streets, on the charge of assault and battery upon his wife. It is alleged that Richard is in the habit of indulging much and often, and on such occasions is in the habit of applying the rod of correction to the wife of his bosom. The neighbors did not like such proceedings, and he was arrested as stated, and taken before Alderman Wilkins, who committed him in default of $500 bail.

RECKLESS DRIVER.—On the complaint of the Directors of the Fire Department, Robert Magee, the driver of the Hand-in-Hand steam fire engine, was arrested for driving his engine up Eleventh street at a furious rate of speed last Sunday evening. Fortunately there was no accident. It is remarkable that there are not more casualties from this source than there are. Magee had a hearing before Alderman Fitch, who held him in $500 bail.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—ON Sunday morning, whilst a family residing in Sixteenth street, below Shippen, were at church, the house was entered by means of a skeleton-key, and about $700 in money stolen, mostly in greenbacks. The thieves, although entering at the front door, were not suspected by any person to be otherwise than legitimate callers. They evidently possessed a thorough knowledge of the premises, as there was no ransacking.

STEALING A COAT.—William Witteman, not having the fear of the law before his eyes, took unlawful possession of a coat from a house in Sepviva street, below Cumberland avenue. He sold the coat for a trifling sum, when the owner came across the man to whom he had sold it, and had Witteman arrested this morning in Frankford road. He had a hearing before Alderman Clouds, who held him in $500 bail to answer.

STEALING SHOES.—Some time ago a shoe dealer named A. Bernstein was, it is said, entrusted with some thirty-six pairs of shoes. After the lapse of a considerable time payment was demanded for them, and was refused. Bernstein, who keeps a place in Front street, above Poplar, was arrested last evening, and had a hearing before Alderman Butler. A pretty strong case was made out against him, and he was committed in default of $500 bail to answer at Court.

THE ELLIPTIC LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINE with all the latest improvements and attachments, *incomparably the best for Family Use.*
ELLIPTIC S. M. CO.
Agents wanted, No. 923 Chesnut street, Phila.

LUXURY HAS ITS GREAT STAPLES.—Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus" is one of them. It is as salable as bread—as current as coin. Fashionable society endorses it. The people approve it. It has no equal, and, save the charlatans who try in vain to imitate it, no enemies.—*Vinton Eagle.*

SIX PHOTOGRAPH CARD GEMS FOR $1.—Life-size Photographs in Oil from $25 upwards. Christmas presents should be got under way; so delay not to resort to B. F. Reimer, No. 624 Arch street.

WAS HE INSANE?—
Doctors were called to make it plain
Whether a prisoner was insane,
Who was for murder tried.
Says one:—'The wildest thing he did,
He paid my bill e'er he was bid."
Another testified:—
"He seemed quite a cunning fellow,
And never brought back an umbrella."
But when a third replied:—
"He'd never go to Power Hall!"
His craziness was owned by all.

WE HAVE
Good style Cassimere Suits to match as low as $15 00
Finest French Cassimere Suits to match up to 50 00
And all intervening grades.

WE HAVE
Good all-wool Black Suits as low as .. $22 00
Finest Black French Cloth and Cassimere Suits up to 55 00
And all intervening grades.

WE HAVE
The largest, best assorted, and most complete stock of Men's, Youths', and Boys' Clothing in Philadelphia—equal to any in the city in style, make, and fit—comprising all kinds, styles, sizes, and qualities, adapted to the wants of all, and sold at lower prices than the lowest elsewhere, or the money refunded

Half way between FIFTH AND SIXTH STS. { BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, 518 MARKET STREET.

☞ *All our prices are lower than for several years.*

HAINES BROS.' PIANOS.
Moderate in price, and as durable as any piano made.
Gould, Seventh and Chesnut Streets.

MRS. ELIZABETH CADY STANTON had eight votes for Congress—eight gallant fellows who would rather have Elizabeth, familiarly known as "Betz," to represent them than John Morrissey. We do not know the physical proportion of Betsy, but we suppose she is of some size, as the New York papers were continually reiterating before the election "that heavy Betz would change hands in the issue." If Elizabeth would succeed in the political arena, we would recommend a change of dress, such as is sold at Charles Stokes & Co's one-price, under the Continental.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC.—We would call the attention of the trade to the sale of stationery, blank books, etc., to take place on the premises, No. 29 South Sixth street, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. The stock comprises the full and general assortment of James J. Martin, and will positively be sold, without reserve, by B. Scott, Jr., Auctioneer.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?—This is the question almost everybody is asking about the Snow Powder. The answer generally is, yes. People have not only tried, but have adopted it. It is a household necessity and no mistake.

SILVERINE is the best Silver Cleaner ever used. It does not scratch the finest surface, and produces a lustre equalled only by that found on new ware.

MASON & HAMLIN'S Cabinet organs, only at J. E. O. Gould's, Seventh and Chesnut Streets.

LADIES, GO TO G. BYRON MORSE & CO., No. 902 and 904 Arch street, for your Fried Oysters, Chicken Salad, Coffee and Waffles.

Five-Twenty Coupons,
Due November 1,
Wanted by
DREXEL & CO.,
No. 34 South Third street.

GEORGE W. JENKINS, No. 1057 Spring Garden street, keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of Candies and Fruits.

GEO. STECK & CO.'S PIANOS, At Gould's, Seventh and Chesnut Streets.

TWELFTH AND CHESNUT is the place to purchase Cork Mattresses and Bedding, and to have your Furniture reupholstered, varnished, and repaired by practical workmen.

FRENCH COCOANUT CAKE, original with Morse & Co., Nos. 902 and 904 Arch street.

SUPERIOR STYLES OF READY-MADE CLOTHING.
SUPERIOR STYLES OF READY-MADE CLOTHING.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE,
OAK HALL,
Southeast corner SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

MARRIED.

COX—STEVENSON.—On the 18th September inst. by Rev. George A. Durborow, at his residence No. 409 N. Twenty-second street, Mr. SAMUEL G. COX to Miss SARAH J. STEVENSON, both of this city.

KNOWLES—JOHNSON.—On the 10th instant, at the Parsonage of Summerfield M. E. Church, No. 718 Dauphin street, by Rev. Vaughan Smith, Mr. EDWARD H. KNOWLES to Miss JOSEPHINE JOHNSON.

DIED.

BLATCHFORD.—Suddenly, of apoplexy, WILLIAM BLATCHFORD, aged 69 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 534 N. Fortieth street, on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

BUTLER.—On the 11th instant, JAMES, son of Philip and Kate Butler, aged 3 years and 3 months.

"Suffer little children to come unto me, and I will give them rest."

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, Manayunk road, Lower Merion, on Wednesday, the 14th instant, at 1 o'clock. Funeral to proceed to Blockley Baptist Church.

HART.—On the 10th instant, at Hartsville, Bucks county, Pa., Mrs. MARY O., wife of Joseph Hart.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday morning, the 14th instant, at 11 o'clock.

KEIM.—November 9, at Bristol, Bucks county, Pa., THOMAS SHEWELL KEIM, son of Daniel M. and Mary L. Keim, in the 33d year of his age.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from the house of Mrs. D. E. B. Keim, No. 525 Marshall street, on Thursday morning, the 15th instant, at 10 o'clock. To proceed to the Family Burial Ground.

SUTHERLAND.—In Washington, D. C., on the 12th instant, KATE B., wife of Dr. Charles Sutherland, United States Army, and daughter of the late Judge Brewer, of Annapolis, Md.

BITTER COLD WEATHER ADDS ITS additional discomforts to those which always belong to a washing-day. All these are ameliorated and abridged, and a saving of clothing, temper, and time effected by the use of a Clothes-Wringer. We keep several kinds for sale, but particularly recommend those having cog-wheels as having proved themselves to be the most durable. TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

RAT—TAT—TAT!—WE HAVE VARIOUS patterns of Door Knockers, and some very heavy ones suitable for gates. TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

THE PATENT AROMA-SAVING COFFEE Roaster and several other styles, and various patterns of Coffee Mills, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth

WARBURTON,
FASHIONABLE HATTER,
No. 430 CHESNUT Street,
9 15s Next door to Post Office.

JORDAN'S CELEBRATED TONIC ALE.—This truly healthful and nutritious beverage, now in use by thousands—invalids and others—has established a character for quality of material and purity of manufacture which stands unrivalled. It is recommended by physicians of this and other places as a superior tonic, and requires but a trial to convince the most skeptical of its great merit. To be had, wholesale and retail, of P. J. JORDAN, No. 220 PEAR Street. [11 7s

BARBER'S IMPROVED PERISCOPIC SPECTACLES, superior to all others. They excite the wonder and admiration of all who use them. Manufactory and sales-rooms, No. 246 N. EIGHTH Street, Phila., Pa.
OPERA GLASSES,
Assortment large and varied Prices low 9 24 3m

THE NEW YORK DYEING AND PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
STATEN ISLAND,
No. 40 North EIGHTH Street (West side),
Also known as the
STATEN ISLAND DYEING ESTABLISHMENT,
Being the LARGEST in the UNITED STATES, and THIRTY YEARS OLDER than any other on STATEN ISLAND, is prepared, with the most improved and extensive Machinery (to which they are making constant additions), to
DYE, CLEANSE, AND FINISH
every variety of GOODS AND GARMENTS, in a manner UNEQUALLED in this country.
No. 40 North EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia.
No. 92 DUANE Street, New York.
No. 732 BROADWAY, New York.
No. 106 PIERREPONT Street, Brooklyn.
SAMUEL MARSH, President.
J. T. YOUNG, Secretary. 11 12 1mrp

HENRY C. FOX,
PRACTICAL
Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter,
S. W. CORNER THIRTEENTH AND FILBERT STS.
PHILADELPHIA. [11 6 1mrp

CLOAKS AND FURS
NOW OPEN.
PARIS CLOAKS.
EXCLUSIVE STYLES,
(WHICH WILL NOT BE COPIED),
IN GREAT VARIETY OF
MATERIAL AND DESIGN
ALSO
PARIS STYLE CLOAKS,
OUR OWN MANUFACTURE,
IN GREAT ABUNDANCE.
NEW CLOAKING CLOTHS
IN GREAT VARIETY.
ALSO
SUPERIOR BLACK SILKS FOR DRESSES, ETC.,
FROM THE BEST MANUFACTURERS.
AND CUT IN ANY LENGTH.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
1017 1mrp No. 920 CHESNUT St.

NOW OPEN,
FURS OF ALL NATIONS.
RUSSIAN SABLE FURS,
HUDSON BAY SABLE FURS,
FINE DARK MINK SABLES
ROYAL ERMINE AND CHINCHILLA,
DARK SIBERIAN SQUIRREL,
PERSIAN LAMB,
ASTRACAN, ETC. ETC.
For Ladies, Misses, and Children.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
1017 1mrp No. 920 CHESNUT St.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.
HEADQUARTERS FOR CLOAKS.
The cheapest Cloak Store in the city.
Small profits and quick sales.
THE OLD STAND,
WATKINS',
NINTH and CHERRY Streets.
SEE THE PRICES.
Waterproof Cloaks, only $5.
Waterproof Cloaks, only $5.
Waterproof Cloaks, only $5.
Heavy Beaver Sacques, trimmed, $6 50.
Heavy Beaver Basques, trimmed, $6 50.
The old Original Cheapest Cloak Store in the city.
DAVID WATKINS,
No. 131 N. NINTH Street,
N. E. corner NINTH and CHERRY.
The Ridge Avenue and Union Line Cars pass the Store every two minutes 10 2 tuths2m

CURTAINS, SHADES, ETC.
I. E. WALRAVEN,
(MASONIC HALL,)
No. 719 CHESNUT STREET,
ELEGANT CURTAINS FOR PARLORS.
LIBRARIES,
Dining and Sleeping Rooms,
In Brocatelle,
Satin Damaska,
Terry,
Reps,
Swiss Lace, and
Nottingham Lace
WINDOW SHADES
OF THE NEWEST DESIGNS.
Am now offering the most complete assortment of the above goods of my own importation. [10 26 tuths
B. J. WILLIAMS,
No. 16 North SIXTH Street,
MANUFACTURER OF
VENETIAN BLINDS
AND
WINDOW SHADES.
The largest and finest assortment in the city at the lowest prices. [10 26 2m
STORE SHADES MADE AND LETTERED.

AUCTION SALES.

PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUCTIONEERS,
5188 No. 240 MARKET Street.
LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF 800 LOTS AMERICAN AND IMPORTED DRY GOODS, RIBBONS, MILLINERY GOODS, NOTIONS, LINEN GOODS, ETC., by Catalogue.
On Wednesday,
November 14, commencing at 10 o'clock, Included will be found a large and attractive assortment of desirable and seasonable goods.

FIRST LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF FINE IMPORTED AND AMERICAN FURS.
We will sell by catalogue,
On Wednesday,
November 14, at 10 o'clock, a very large and attractive assortment of fine Furs, consisting in part of sets and single pieces of fine real Mink, Sable, Superior Squirrel, Russian Sable, French Mink, American Fitch, American Mink, etc.
Also, full assortment of Ermine and Squirrel Furs, for children and misses. 11 12 2t

B. SCOTT, JR., AUCTIONEER,
No. 1020 CHESNUT STREET. 21½

CARD.—We are now prepared to make arrangements for special sales of Oil Paintings, Statuary, or any other Works of Art. Our location being in the centre of the most fashionable thoroughfare of our city, makes it a desirable resort for connoisseurs and lovers of art in general.
N. B.—Sales of merchandise in general solicited. Personal attention given to out-door sales. B. SCOTT, Jr.

Sale at No. 29 S. Sixth street.
STOCK OF A WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BLANK BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
On Wednesday Morning,
14th instant, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, No. 29 S. Sixth street, the entire stock of stationery of James J. Martin, comprising Blank Books, Memorandum and Pass do., Tucks, Note, Bill, and Letter Paper, large and small Envelopes, Faber's Lead Pencils, David's Ink, Inkstands, etc., comprising a full and general assortment.
Also Fixtures, Glass Show-case, Fire Proof and lease of premises for three years. 11 12 2t

SALE OF MODERN OIL PAINTINGS,
On Wednesday Evening,
14th instant, at 7½ o'clock, at Scott's Art Gallery, will be sold a collection of Modern Oil Paintings of varied and pleasing subjects, comprising Landscapes, River and Mountain Scenery, etc.
Now open for examination. 11 12 2t

WRITTEN AND VERBAL DESCRIPTIONS of character, with advice on business, health, education, etc., given daily, by
J. L. CAPEN
9 1 stuths3mrp] at No. 722 CHESNUT Street.

ROCKHILL & WILSON,
FINE CLOTHING HOUSE,
Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT St., Phila.
COACHMEN'S COATS.
COACHMEN'S COATS.
HUNTING COATS.
HUNTING COATS.

ROCKHILL & WILSON,
FINE CLOTHING HOUSE,
Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT St., Phila.
Foreign and Domestic Fabrics Made to Order, Reasonable, Serviceable, and Fashionable!

ROCKHILL & WILSON,
FINE CLOTHING HOUSE,
Nos 603 and 605