

VOL. VI .--- No. 103.

PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1866.

DOUBLE SHEET ... THREE CENTS.

Colonel Campbell Sent as Minister to the Juarez Government-His Official Instructions - Napoleon Will Withdraw His Troops This Winter - The United States Will Support a Mexican Re-public-They Will Furnish a Force if it be Necessary-A Leading Army Officer to Accompany Minister Campbell-Large Territory Ceded to the United States by Mexico, Etc. Etc.

WASHINGTON, October 30.-Colonel Lewis D. Campbell, the United States Minister to Mexico, lett this city last evening, with credentials ad-dressed to the Juarez Government, and with full instructions, conforming in every respect with the tripartite arrangement, previously commu-nicated to you, between the United States France, and the republic of Mexico. Mr. Campbell will probably visit his home in Obio, en route for Mexico.

Ohio, en rou'e for Mexico. Under the arrangement now perfected, Napo-lean is to commence the withdrawal of the French army from Mexico next month, and although he has a year from that time to com plete the evacuation of Mexico, it is more than probable that the whole army will be withdrawn by or before the first of January next. Of course, with the withdrawal of the French

army, Maximilian takes his departure, and the farce of an empire on the North American contiment is ended.

It is proper to state that this determination of the political Government of Mexico has been attained through amicable negotiations with all parties interested.

In view of the great political changes antici-pated in Mexico under the adjustment of her governmental affairs brought about under this management, and the weakness of the Juarez Government, after the protracted wars that have been forced upon it, to maintain its exist-ence it has become imperative—in the interests of all mations of all nations concerned-that a stable Govern-ment should be guaranteed to her by some re-

sponsible power. It is possible that the term "guaranteed" is rather strong to express the relations assumed towards the Republic by the Government of the United States; but the administration undertakes to extend to the Juarez Government in Mexico a protectorate, which is to be opera-tive, however, only in case of an emergency. In plainer terms, our army on the Rio Grande and our fleet in the Guif are to be held in readiness to assist Juarez, should such assist-ance become necessary to him in catablishing ance become necessary to him in establishing his authority as President of the Republic, and in bringing to work in full vigor the machinery of a republican Government.

In order to an intelligent exercise of this posa military officer of high rank, eminent abilities, and sound indgment, clothed with power to act and sound indgment, clothed with power to act in the emergency referred to. Lieufenant-General W. T. Sherman is now spoken of in this connection, and also Major-General W. S. Han-cock. The responsible mission, it is strongly indicated, has been tendered to General Sher-man, and there is reason to believe that he will accept it; but should he decime, General Han-cock will undoubtedly be sent. It is no part of the plan to move any United States force into Mexico, until an occasion shall arise to render such a recort necessary. But it

arise to render such a re-ort necessary. But it is hoped that the attitude assumed by the United States thus publicly, in sending an officer to Mexico clothed with this nower, will be sufficient to overawe the various political leaders of

THE MEXICAN MATTER. Stitution of the republic. For the above reasons I deny that I have created or representative of the constitutional law of Mexico, to which intion, I repeat, belongs the right to decide its intion, I repeat, belongs the right to decide its internal questions. For the same reason that I represent the constitutional principles of Mexico, I have acted, during my residence in

Mexico, I have acted, during my residence in the United States, with the propriety and dis-cretion which my mission demands. The superior authorities of the United States have more than one proof of the truth of my assertion. I am determined to act always with the same propriety and discretion, and you may rest assured that I will not violate the neutrality results of a your communication. Those who spoken of in your communication. Those who support my claims have not even taken part in support my claims have not even taken part in the conspiracies which have been formed on the Rio Grande to subvert the present order of things on the Mexican side. In conclusion, I must state that the reason that Juarez has heretofore been considered as the head of the Liberal Government of Mexico, is owing to the fact of my necessary absence from that country, the evidence of which can be established by official documents that I have already published. I do not admit that your communication applies to me. Reasons of pub-lic policy, which I do not desire to meation, and are readily understood, affirm me in this belief; otherwise I would be more explicit, and protest against such communication in the protest against such communication in the name of the Mexican Republic, and of the laws of nations, appealing for justice, it necessary, to the wise and liberal laws of the United States. I have the honor to be your humble servant,

(Signed) J. G. ORTEGA.

Ortega, "the Buccancer," Anxious to know More About General Sheridan's Order-"he Imperial Buccancer Ready to Leave Vera Cruz-The Rio Grande "Buccaneers" Still Quarrelling Among Themselves-General Sheridan Said to Have Been Ordered to Washington, Etc. Etc.

Etc. Etc. WASHINGTON, October 29.—A plan has been considered between parties competent to act, by which the United States will reap from Mexico all the benefits of annexation without any of its aunoyances and inconveniences. The commercial people of this country will be afforded peculiar privileges by the Liberal Gov-ernment of Mexico, and such privileges as will put it beyond the power of persons in the same line of business in Europe to compete with them. with them.

THE VESSEL TO CARRY MAXIMILIAN HOME ALREADY AT VEBA CHUZ.

There appears to be some mistake in the des-patch dated Paris, October 26, referring to an Austrian frigate having been sent from Trieste Austrian frigate having been sent from Trieste by the Emperor Francis Joseph to take Maxi-milian away from Mexico, as the Austrian cor-vetic Dandalo has been for two months past lying off Vera Cruz, fitted up to receive the pseudo Emperor, and to sall at a moment's warning. If a vessel has been sent from Trieste to take Maximilian away, it can only be ac-counted for on the ground that the Dandalo was not considered large enough to hold the whole imperial establishment, or, in other words, the grand body of Imperialists who will have to take the back track with "His Majesty." MAXIMILIAN'S CROWN JEWELS ALREADY IN EUROPE. The Vera Cruz Oriterio states that Maximilian as to go to Vera Cruz to meet the Empress on her return about the end of the month. But the latter report is ridiculed by the majority of the Mexican press, as it is well known that all the imperial valuables and jewels were taken to Europe by Carlotta.

General Sheridan Said to Have Been Ordered to Washington. New Onleans, October 29.—It is reliably stated that General Sheridan has been ordered to report to Washington. It is understood that the order originates from the present condition of our Mexican relations. Ortega is still here. Yesterday the department commander enclosed the official copy of his instructions to General Sedgwick for the information of Ortega, without any letter of explanation. It is understood that the departapproved at Washing on; that the order was

WASHINGTON.

Secretary Stanton's Successor-General Grant Desires the Appointment of General Sherman-The Nomination of General Steedman Not Improbable.

WASHINGTON, October 29.—The impression that General Grant objects to the appointment of General Sherman as Acting Secretary of War is entirely erroneous. On the contrary, when the retirement of Mr. Stanton was determined upon, the President, anxious to have harmony between the Commander-in-Chief and the War Department, consulted with General Grant as 'o whom he should appoint. General Grant has had reason to regret a want

General Grant has had reason to regret a want of harmony between himself and Secretary Stanton, and was anxious to remedy the evil, and avoid the difficulties resulting therefrom. He desired the appointment of General Sher-man to the position, because satisfied of his hearty co-operation in the important work of reorganizing the army. At his request General Sherman was sent for. There is also no ques-tion of rank in the matter. General Sherman can only be Acting Secretary of War unless he

tion of rank in the matter. General Sherman can only be Acting Secretary of War unless he resigns his Lieutenant-Generalcy, which he has not the remotest idea of doing. Indeed, it is said that he will not accept the post *ad inferim*, but is to return immediately to the West. In case of Sherman's declination, General Grant will, it is believed, ask for the appoint-ment of General James B. Steedman. General Grant and the latter have compared notes on the subject of the respective duties of the Secre-tary of War and Commander-in-Chief, andfthe former is satisfied that he would have the co-operation of General Steedman if appointed operation of General Steedmen if appointed Scoretary of War. The latter has been for some time past strongly urged upon Mr. Johnson. He is a positive man, of fine administrative abilities, and would be an excellent successor to the present Successor to the present Secretary.

DISBURSEMENTS OF THE TREASURY.

The following are the disbursements of the Treasury Department, for the week ending Saturday, October 27:--

THE PRESIDENT OPPOSED TO THE REDUCTION OF

PAY IN THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT. A committee consisting of the employes in

the Quartermaster's Department waited upon the President this morning, for the purpose of obtaining from him a reply to their petition re-lative to the reduction of their pay. The Pre-sident dissents from the reasons of the Quarter-master-General for the reduction, and in a com-munication to the Secretary of War, requests him at once to designate competent officers as a board to make inquiries, and report to the War Department the rates which should be allowed. This order, he adds, will apply to the two peti-tions accompanying the application to which these instructions refer, and will for the prosent overate against any reduction of the wages of the employes in whose interest they have been presented.-N. Y. Herald. Quartermaster's Department waited upon

THE RECENT GALE ON THE LAKES.

The Storm on Lake Huron-Disasters-Probable Loss of a Tug with all on Board.

The Detroit Advertiser of Friday says:-"By the arrival of vessels from Lakes Huron, Superior, and Michigan, we have been enabled to obtain some information concerning the gale of Sunday last, which was undoubtedly the of Sunday last, which was undoubtedly the severest that has occurred on the lakes for years. Captains who have sailed almost from their boyhood agree in stating that the storm was tearful, and they are of the opinion that the losses have been very heavy. "The schooner *Piover*, of Cleveland, with a cargo of iron ore from Escanaba, bound for Erie, Pa., arrived this morning about 2 o'clock and

ELECTION INTELLIGENCE. Pennsylvania. The whole vote cast in 1864 was: for Curtin,

The whole vote cast in 1864 was: for Curtin, 269,496; for Woodward, 264,171; total, 529,667; majority for Curtin, 15,325. The vote this year is as follows:—For Geary, 308,250; for Clymer, J90,054; total, 598,284; Geary's majority, 18,216. Full Assembly returns from the Lycoming, Union, and Snyder Assembly Districts, show it at on account of a local fend, C. D. Foust, Democrat, is elected by two majority over James Marshall, Union. The two other Union members of the District are elected. This change makes the House stand 62 Union to 38 Democrats; the Seaate stands 24 Union and 12 Democrat—making 36 Union majority on joint ballot.

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The official vote cast in 1864 and 1866 is stated as fellows:-

Morton's majority 20,883 1866-.

West Virginia.

The following are additional county majorities:-Un. Dem. 150

North Carolina.

OFFICIA	L VOIE	FOR GOVERNOR.		
Counties. Worth	Dockery	Counties Worth.	Dock	cet
210 H MARS 111		meckienb'g334		
1 incoln		Guiliord 882		48
Iredell	109	Orange916		-8
Cumberland 590	17	Davie 476		5
Davidson735	208	Franklin		
Cabarrus	25	Northamp'n 458		1.
Surry	153	Chowan 124		6
Alamance563	120	Washington 208		17
Warren 883	7	Nash		1
Wayne792	59	Pitt 297		- 4
Columbus., 2:9	9	Hertford 128		
John-ton 189	280	Union432		5
Yaokin 486	459	Burke		05
Richmond250	113	Buncombe., 582		33
Person, 479	8	Stanly 407		18
Caswell 842	80			3
Ansos	9	Rutherford . 332		64
Chatham 804	213	Binden		12
N Hanover 498		Brunswick 835		- 0
Reckingham616		Barnett		
Gaston 252	258	Carteret 325		$\dot{\tau}$
Catawba 449	178	Beaufort,418	1.1	17
A exander 893	31	Greene 179		$\tilde{12}$
Clerveland 618	88	Haywood		19
Robeson 309	69	McDowell440		10
Stokes	216	Wilkes		$\tilde{2}\tilde{0}$
Martin130	2	Onslow		1

ues, in which the vote for Governor Worth amounts to 22,336; for Dockery, 5718. The latter carries only two counties as far as heard from, viz., Randolph and Johnston. The vote of Randolph being 564 for Worth, and 773 for Dockery; of Johnston, 189 for Worth, and 280 Dockery. The *Sentinel* thinks that there will not be over 20 Radicals in the next General Assembly.

Assembly, Explanation of the small vote for Deckery is standard, in regard to the small vote for Deckery is given by a correspondent of the Raleigh Standard, in regard to the election in Beaufort county. We quote—"The candidates for the Senate drew the lines distinctly as between Union and secession. The vote was thin. All the members elect stand pledged for the Howard amendment in case the President's plan fails amendment, in case the President's plan fails. The county proper is at least 500 Union ma-jority strong. It was generally understood that Dockery was not a candidate, consequently there was no interest sett in his behalt."

Tennessee.

THIRD EDITION FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

THE FENIANS.

Meetings Last Evening at Buffalo and Cincinnati.

BUFFALO, October 30 .- In spite of the heavy

rain last night, there was another big meeting at

the old Court House. The Fenian Senator, Mr.

Morrison, and others spoke, creating great en-

thusiasm among the audience. The Irish mili-

tary organizations are recruiting men, and

money is being collected. Even the women are

said to be at work, and the war spirit is rampant. CINCINNATI, October 30 .- The Fenians of this

city assembled in large numbers at the Armory

last evening, and great excitement was manifested over the news from Toronto and Wash-

ington. Many of those who participated in the

Buffalo expedition were present. Head Centre

Fitzgerald mustered into the service four full companies of men, and arrangements were made

for uniforming and arming as many as may be

The Campaign Over the River,

[EVENING TELEGRAPH SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

The prospects in our State are all that the

most enthusiastic Republican could desire. The

camp-fires are burning brightly, and everything

promises for us a glorious victory. Meetings

are being held in all portions of the State. The

canvass in Camden county is being most vigor-

ously conducted. Among those hard at work

there are General G. M. Robeson and T. D.

Thatcher, Esq., of your city. With equal fervor are our friends in Salem striving. Judge Moore,

Republican nomince for Congress, and Lewis

Waln Smith, Esq., of Philadelphia, are speaking

there every night until the election. In Cape

May county a like vigor is noticeable. Governor

Pollock, of Philadelphia, Hon. John T. Nixon,

and Colonel Fitzgerald are on the stump in that

region. A grand meeting will be held at the

Court House on Friday night, when a number of eloquent speakers will be found. Similar

energy is diffused over all the State, and the result will be a triumph for the Republican

SALEM, October 30.

mustered here.

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cause.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Tuesday, October 30, TS66. The Stock Market opened very dull this morn-ing, but prices, with one or two exceptions, were steady. Government bonds were in fair demand. 10-40's sold at 100; 6s or 1881 at 1134; old 5-20s at 1144; and June 7:30s at 1064. City loans were unchanged; the new issue sold at 1014. at 1014.

Totals were unchanged; the new issue sold at 1012. Railroad shares continue the most active on the list. Catawissa preferred sold at 273, a de-cline of 1 on the closing price last evening; Pennsylvania Railroad at 58, no change; Read-ing at 584, no change; Northern Central at 494, no change; and Lebigh Valley at 67, an advance of 4. 129 was bid for Camden and Amboy; 866 for Norristown; 58 for Minehill; 394 for North Pennsylvania; 42 for Elmira preferred; and 324 for Philadelphia and Erie. City Passenger Railroad shares were dull. Hestonville sold at 14@15, closing at the former rate—a decline of 14. 885 was bid for Second and Third: 204 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 544 for Chesnut and Walnut; and 31 for Green and Coales.

⁵⁴ for Chesnut and Walnut; and 31 for Green and Coater.
Bank shares were firmly held at full prices, but we hear of no sales. 111 was bid for Sixth National; 103 for Seventh National; 226 for North America; 150 for Philadelphia; 136 for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 58 for Commercial; 96 for Northern Libertnes; 334 for Mechanics'; 100 for Southwark; 674 for Penn Township; 59 for Girard; 334 for Manufacturers' and Mechanics'; 100 for Southwark; 676 for Corn Exchange; 66 for Union; and 125 for Central National.
Canal shares were inactive. Delaware Division sold at 574. 274 was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common; 364 for preferred do.; 684 for Lehigh Navigation; 123 for Morris Canal preferred; 15 for Susquehanna Canal; and 564 for Wyoming Valley Canal. 2
Quotations of Gold-104 A. M., 1464; 11 A. M., 1465; 12 M., 1464; 1 P. M., 1464.
"The New York Tribune this morning says:-""

-The New York Tribune this morning says:-"Money on calls among brokers is 5 per cent., and leading houses get round amounts at 3@4 per cent. Commercial paper, when short, sells readily at 5@6 per cent. Long paper is more abundant, and is not in favor with buyers. The bank statement shows a decrease in all the items except specie, which shows a gain of \$476,752. The decrease of \$4,410,340 in loans has made no perceptible change in the rate for money, so far as borrowers at call are conmoney, so far as borrowers at call are con-

money, so far as borrowers at call are con-cerned." —The Chicago Tribune of Friday (P. M.) says: —"There was a more active demand for money to-day at most of the discount houses, and the market was working proportionately closer, bordering on stringency. This necessitated a narrow scratiny on all paper presented for dis-count, and few beyond those who were abso-lately entitled to it received accommodation. There was no change in the bank rate. In the open market business paper is negotiated at 12@18 per cent., according to quality. There was a decided scarcity of exchange to-day, and under an active demand the market was decidedly firmer. There is comparatively little exchange being made, owing to the scarcity of freight-room on the railroads, and the high rates of lake freights cause ship-pers to hold off, compelling the banks to carry the property until it can be forwarded on better terms. Round lots of exchange were placed be-tween bankers at 50c. discount to 50c. premium —closing with more buyers than sellers at the upper figure. Some of the banks say they will be compelled to ship currency if the present stringency continues much longer. There was no change in counter rates -110@1 discount bay-ing, and par selling—mostly at the unite gurden figures. Buffalo and Oswego sight were taken 4 @d discount."

A SCENE IN WALL STREET. Fight Between Two Brokers-A Sharp Encounter-A Telegraph Boy Gets \$500 for Finding a Diamond Pin Lost in the Encounter.

"Play with a bull and you'll feel his horns" is an old adage, and has lost none of its force an old adage, and has lost none of its force through having been bandled from mouth to ear for the last—ever so long. It was to have been supposed that everybody had heard it, and un-derstanding its adaptability, had ceased froligk-ing with the creature. But the sequel will show how little ground there often is for form-ing conclusions upon evidence entirely pre-sumptive.

Sumptive. Yesterday, about noon, the big crowd which congregates daily in front of the Stock Ex-change, on Broad street, blocking the passage and bringing oaths from persons forced to de-tour from the shortest line, was at its thickest. Upon every little chance of elevation was perched a crowd: and as usual that was @] discount." -The Cincinnati Gazette of Friday says:-"There is a good supply of currency in the money market, and all legitimate demands are The Memphis Post, of October 24, says:-"We have information from several elections held to perched a crowd; and, as usual, they were jostling and throwing up their hands in frantic-seeming efforts, while the day was made hideous with their cries. Each seemed doing readily supplied at 8@10 @ cent. interest on prime paper. The market jules easy. The re-ceipts of exchange are in excess of the demand, his utmost to attract to himself the attention of and dealers were indifferent purchasers to day at par, while the selling rate was weak at 1-10 all the others. The hubbub created by the swarm of "coaches," who besiege the landing after the premium, and concessions of 25 cents were arrival of an Albany passenger boat, was but a weak mimicry of this seething caldron of crafty speculators. As usual, small boys were made in some cases." PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro , No. 40 S. Third street round the outskirts, while anon one fiyins BEFORE BOARDS. 100 sh Reading ... 55 58; 100 sh Reading .. 530 58; 100 sh do 50 58; 600 sh do 530 58; 100 sh do 530 58; would disappear, diving apparently, like a har-lequin, into the stomach of some excited being, and landing in the very centre of the brawling mass. Amongst this very unhappy family, all busy with hands and mouth, were two gentlemen, partners of rival houses. Both were of high social and commercial standing. One was Mr. H., of the firm of H. & Co., doing business in Broad street. The other, named G., was of the house of G., H. & Co., whose office is very near the same place. For awhile all went harmo-100 sh do....s5wn 58 200 sh Ocean....lots 4# -Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of ex-change to-day at 1 P. M.:-American gold, 146# @146#; Silver & and & 139; Compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 16#; do., July, 1864, 16#; do., August, 1864, 16#; do., October, 1864, 14#; do., December, 1864, 15#; do., May, 1865, 11#; do., Aneust, 1865, 11#; do., September, 1865, 9#; do., October, 1865, 9#; do., the same place. For awhile all went harmo-niously; that is, no goring or scratching had occurred. Presently, however, an attercation seemed to be brewing in the vicinity where were nosted Messrs. H. & G. Then come loud, angry Words, G. exclaiming, with emphasis, "You're a thief, sir; you're a thief. You stole from me one thousand shares of -..." Just here things be-came rather mixed up, fike unto a fight of tom-cate surcharged with electricity. Next seen way Mr. H bring compositely and a October, 1865, 94.
Messrs. William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 South Third street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock:-U.S. 68, 1881, coupon, 113f@114; U. S. 5-20s, coupon, 1862, 114; @114; do., 1864, 1103@111; do., 1865, 1104; @1114; do., 1865, 108; @104;; U. S. 104/08, coupon, 995@1004; U. S. 7-30s, 1st series, 1064@1064; do., 2d series, 1054@1054; do., 3d series, 1054@1054; do., 3d series, 1054@1054; lo., 3d series, 1864, 134@14. Next seen was Mr. H. lying comfortably under a cart in the mud-gutter. In an instant one of his triends is seen flying in an opposite direction down the hard granite steps of the Stock Ex-change, while another shows his heels as he the great crowd disperses, revealing the triumphant G. glaring defauity around him, hke a very angry bull, indeed. Soon the crowd, seeing that no further hosthities were meditated, gathered around the new pacified G., when rapid explanations fol-Philadelphia Trade Report. TUESDAY, October 83 -There is quite an active lowed, only the general outline of which your demand for Flour for home consumption, and some business transactions had occurred holders are firm in their views, but there is no inbetween the two houses, and Mr. G., believing houself to have been wronged, attacked H. w in the epithets quoted above, when that genquiry for shipment, as presentjextreme pricess leave no margin for exportation to any point. About 1300 barrels were taken, principally Northwestern tleman, intending to vindicate his honor, ran into the house of the bull. That's the way he Har extra family at \$18@14 the latter an advance of 25c, including Pennsylvania and Ohio extra got into the gutter. Two friends pitching ia were, too, very quickly pitched out as described. H. now called the attention of the assemblage family at \$14@15; old stock and fresh ground extra at 89@12, and superfine at \$8@9 Rye Flour may to himself by removing his hat and announcing in vociferous tones, "Five hundred dollars rebe quoted at \$7 75 @ bbl. No transactions in Corn in vociferous tones, "Five hundred dollars re-ward to any one who will return me my diamond pin lost in the melce." Quietly steals up to him one of the telegraph barlequins, and in a smail, squeaking voice answers: "Hee it is, sir, come down with your soap." "Come to my office and get it," says Mr. H., and led the way, while the fortunate little fellow, Mills by name, and scarcely higher than a pair of top boots follows nimbly at his heels, whistling "It is an ill wind that blows no good." Mcal were reported. The Wheat Markot continues to be characterized by much firminess, and there is a sieudy demand for the arisele, but the stocks are extremely small. Sales of fair and choice Pennsylvania and Southern of at \$32325, and 500 bubbels Amber at \$325. White ranges from \$335 to \$340. Rys is in good request, and prices are 5c. P oushel higher. Sales of 1000 bushels Western at \$145, and Pennsylvania at \$150. Corn is scarce, and holders have advanced theor views 5c. P bushel. Sales of yellow at \$150. Oats are higher, with sales of 4000 bushels Southern at 65c, and Penns, Ivania at 66c. Cloverseed comes forward slowly, avd commande \$529 \$0 64 lbs. Timothy rances trom \$55 to \$360, and Flazseed from \$315 to \$820. W hisky is unchanged. 50 barrels Ohio sold at \$2434 \$244 and Pennsylvania at \$541 \$242 \$2. Mcal were reported. It is understood that Mr. rs was seen in New street hunting out a was dat, but through the interference of friers: the whole matter was finally adjusted. - Y. World. A Ch-p Newspaper .-- A new daily journal has an cared in Vienne, price one-fifth of a penny. REEVE L. KNIGHT & SON It is a Government organ, intended for distribu-tion an ong the people, is printed on good paper, and contains eight quarto pages. No. 807 CHESNUT Street. The Italian Monasteries .- Several officers of the HAVE NOW OFEN Italian Ecclesiastical Commission have received A WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF an order to start for Palermo, charged to take

that country, and the numerous rival factions that beset the land, and lead to a unanimous submission to and support of the only Government that has any pretensions to regularity and constitutionality, or any ability to establish and maintain itself.

In consideration of the friendly offices thus assumed by the Government of this country towards Mexico, the Government of that country, which is thus recognized and established, agree to cede to the United States the territory as heretofore communicated to you. The precise boundary of the territory thus to be ceded, is not possible at this time to give. But the future southwestern boundary line of the United States will probably leave the Rio Grande at or near the point where it now does; but taking a more southerly course, will run in a straight line to the Gulf of California, striking that Gulf at a point south of Guaymas, so as to include that important seaport within the limits of the United States. We thus gain the whole of the valuable portions of the States of Sonora and Chihuabua, with all their immensely rich de-posits of precious metals, the undisturbed naviaction of the Gulf of California, and a much shorter and more practicable route to the Pacific Coast.

A Communication from General Ortega to General Sheridan.

NEW ORLEANS, October 29 .-- General:-- On my arrival in this city I read in the newspapers an official communication, signed by you, and addressed to the commander of the sub-district of the Rio Grande, Brownsville, Texas. communication touches and decides, in a military manner, international questions of a grave import concerning the neutrality laws, which are violated the moment you promise the heartiest support to the adherents of Senor Juarez, and denominate a faction the uphoiders legitimate Government of Mexico. of the

This, sir, although indirectly, is an attempt to impose on that nation a government sgainst its will and against its constitutional laws. It is also an attempt to interfere in the internal questions of the Republic of Mexico, which she alone has the right to decide. The Government of the United States has not heretofore taken any part in them. I at ørst could not understand your communication: but mature reflection convinced me at last that it did not concern me.

Such was my impression: and the day before yesterday I called at your residence to have the honor of paying you my respects, in testimony of the good relations existing between the United States and the Mexican Republic, which

I heartily desire to preserve. Yesterday, however, two officials of your staff handed me a copy of the above mentioned do-cument, without ante-communication, for me, cument, without ante-communication, for me, and only with my name written on the enve-lope, as a sign that it was addressed to me. I once more read its contents, and could not be persuaded that it concerned we at all, or what you meant by transmitting its me in such a manner, for reasons to which it is at present not necessary to refer, but which are weatknown to your Government and to a great portion of the inhabitants of the United States.

the inhabitants of the United States. I have been residing in New York, and left that city on the 25th inst. on the way to my native country, traversing the territory of this native sountry, traversing the ternitory of this illustrious nation, under the safeguard and pro-tection of its laws. It is not ignored in the United States that I am the Constitutional Pre-sident of the Mexican Republic; that such posi-tion requires of me the performance of great and painful duties, from which no one, un-less violating the laws, can divert me but the same supreme national will that granted me that votes.

That it is not the de facto Government of Juszez, the only one friendly to the United States, but that the great Liberal party of my country is also friendly, and Juszez ceased to represent it from the day he violated the Con-

nuthorized by the Government. Ortega to-day sent an official letter to the commander in answer to his order.

I am semi-officially informed that Ortega can proceed as lar as Brownsville, but if he attempto cross he will be arrested.

Troops are being concentrated on the Texas frontier, not on account of Mexican complica-tions, but in expectation of an Indian attack.

NEWS FROM THE FAR WEST.

Surrender of a Band of Utah Indians in Colorado – The Body of Lieutenant Rhodes Recovered – Arrival of Gov-ernor Green Clay Smith at Virginia City, M. T.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, October 29. - The Denver News of the 20th instant publishes the following :-

following:-FORT GARLAND, Cal., October 11.-The Mo-huach band of Utahs have all come in and surrendered to General Carson. The News thinks that the Indians will keep quiet until their presents are used up, when they will resume hostilities.

The Sante Fe Mexican, of the 13th inst., states that the body of Lieutenant Bhodes, who mysieriously disappeared several weeks ago, was found recently six miles from town, and was brought in by the Sheriff. It is said that he was shot in the stomach. There is no clue to the murderer. After being shot his body had apparently been carried to where it was found and thrown into cedar brush, whence it was dragged by wolves, who partially devoured one arm.

The Montana Post of the 6th inst. says that Governor Green Clay Smith arrived at Virginia City on the 4th, and met with an enthusiastic reception, all parties uniting in his welcome.

Atrocities in Colorado and New Mexico.

LEAVENWORTH, October 29 .- The Denver papers publish atrocities committed by the Utes, among them a Mr. Cotts whom they killed, severing his head from his body, and carrying it with them tied to a saddle. No estimate is yet made of the number of head of cat-tle, horses, and mules shot down and drove off not yet recovered, but the number is very great. From New Mexico we learn that the Indians are carrying on with a bigh hand. They at-tacked the herd at Fort McRae, and ran off alter killing two of the guards. A party of negro troops sent in pursuit did not succeed in recapturing the stock. These Indians have drove off herds from Camp Membres and Fort Cummings, and complete their work by doing the same at Fort McRae. At the Membres and Fort Cummings they not only ran off the sheep and beef herds, but also the horses of the cavalry companies stationed there. In not one single instance were they overtaken, although pursuit was invariable, at Fort McRae as well as at other places The herd was stolen from within "eht of the post.

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-A hopeful young lawyer says that any young lady who possesses one thousand acres of land presents sufficient grounds for attachment.

now lays at the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway

dock, with marked evidences of the storm, "The schooner Milan also encountered the gale near the head of Lake Huron, and went ashore, sustaining some slight losses. Several thousand bushels of grain were thrown over-board, and she was got off. She arrived down

during the night. "The bark P. S. Sherman is ashore on the head of Bois Blanc Island, near Mackinaw, but it is believed will be got off without serious damage. A tug, with the necessary apparatus,

has been sent to her relief from this city. "Several vessels arrived during the night, having met with some slight losses. The schooner *Summit* lost her foresall, staysall, and the *Monteagle* is minus her mainsail. The barque H. C. Winslow lost her foresall, mainsail, and topsall; her rigging is badly torn.

"The steamer Clara this morning started to the relief of the barque Sam Ward, which craft is schore at the Claybanks, near the mouth of the Detriot river. She took down a steam-pump. "The propeller Fountain City arrived here this morning, and reports that, bet seen Northport and Mackinaw, on Wednesday, she passed a large quantity of flour floating in the lake, sup-posed to have been thrown overboard during posed to have been thrown overboard during the gale.

"It is currently reported that the propeller-tug A. J. Norway, of Milan, Ohio, is lost, and it is feared that she has gone down with all on board. She had three lumber barges in tow and was on Lake Huron during the gale. We are informed that several barges have drifted on the Canada shore, and it may be that they were those that were being towed by the Norway. So far as the loss of the propeller is concerned i s merely a rumor, but as nothing has been heard from her, since the storm, fears are enterained for her safety.

"The barque Bridgewater was dismasted ou Lake Erie, near Bulla o, and subsequently towed into that port. She also lost both anchors and

a cortion of her chains. "The Port Huron Commercial says that it is understood a large number of vessels were driven on the Canada shore.

"The propeller Norman, of the Chicago and Lake Erle line, which recently went ashore in Lake Michigar, has been g it off and is now in dry dock at Chicago. Her injuries are trifling. "The Milwaukee Sentinel says it is reported that the revenue cutter John A. Dix is ashore off Grand Island, Lake Superior."

AN OCEAN YACHT RACE.

The Greatest Match Ever Made-A Race from New York to Cowes.

Americans are ever in the van in projecting startling enterprises; but we doubt if any event in the sporting world has created more of a sensation than will the announcement of the match which has just been made up between the owners of three rival yachts of the New York squadron. This match is to be an ocean race, between New York and Cowes, Isle of Wight, England, for a purse of \$90,000, the start to be made during the second week of December. The toilowing vachts arc now entered for this great race:-Mr. Os-good's *Fleetwing*, Mr. Bennett's *Henrietta*, and Mr. Lorillard's *Vesta*. All of these vessels have tested their qualities, as our columns have testi-fied. The Henrietta and Vesta recently ran an ocean race of 200 miles through a gale which compelled steamers and merchantmen to put into port for shelter, and proved their staugch-ness by that best of all tests. Further particu-lars in regard to this great match will be made known in due time.—N. F. Tribune

No Hanging .- In the duchy of Nassau no case of capital punishment has occurred since 1849.

-L'Africaine has been produced in Melbourne

-Madame George Sand has published a new Comedy entitled Le Lis du Japon.

fill vacancies in the Legislature, under the late proclamation of the Governor. Smith county is reported o have elected Col. W. J. Cleveland, a thoroughly loyal man, and Bedford county elects George W. Thompson, a man equally loyal. Schmidt, reported elected in Dickson, and Laughmiller, in Warren, are considered

rebel Conservatives in their sympathies. Henry county is said to have elected L. Thorp over Porter, a bolter. Brien, elected in Nash-ville, is a notorious opposer of the State Gov-ernment. It is expected that these, and the elections to be heard from, will leave the working majority in the House about the same. notice a proclamation of the Governor calling an election in Nashville by the resignation of Judge Lewis. A Revel Conservative will un doubtedly be elected to his place."

TRAGEDY IN MISSOURI.

Young Lady Elopes with One of Two Rival Suitors—The Favored Man Bru-tally Murdered by the Rejected One. From Special (St. Louis, October 25) Correspondence of the Cincinnati Inquirer.

A dreadful tragedy occurred on the highway near Otterville, Cooper county, in this State, a few days ago Two young men, named Wilson and Harper, had been paying their addresses to a Miss Brown. Wilson was the envied recipient of the lady's favor, but the parents were strenuously opposed to her choice, and favored Harper. On Sunday, the 14th, Wilson and Miss Brown determined to make an end of the matter by cetting married; and, starting for Otterville, they arrived at that place about 11 or 12 o'clock that night, and proceeded to the residence of Equire Dempsey, who, after some hese ancy, performed the marriage ceremony. The couple en returned to the house of a friend, some two

and a half miles distant. The next day Harper followed them. Arriv-ing in town, he learned that they were married, and determined on vengeance. After drinking until evening, he left Otterville in the direction Wilson and his wife had gone. When about two miles distant from town, he met them on their way to a relative both using one house. Here way to a relative, both riding one horse. per rode up to them, and, drawing his revolver on Wilson, remarked, "You are a dead man." H s pistol snapped three times, during which Wilson, being unarmed, junped off his horse at d ran to the brush, followed by Harper. Wilson was wounded and overtaken several

Lundred yards from the road, and after being shot down, was beaten over the head with a re volver until life was extinct. The head and features were wofully mutilated, and presented, on he discovery of the body the next morning, a n ost heart-rending spectacle of in human bar-barity. Harper's whereabouts cannot be discovered. The horse rode by Harper belonged to Mr. Brown, father of the young lady. Mr. Brown has been arrested as accessory to the murder of Wilson, and released on ball.

-Mr. George Alfred Townsend, now in Eu-rope, has recently become the father of a beau-tiful little girl, who has been poetically christened Genevieve Almadine.

-There is a demand for 20,000 houses in New York for families.

-Adah Isaacs Menken is astonishing the Parisians.

-A daughter of Emerson Etheridge be taken the veil.

-London contains 19,000 miles et gas-pipes. -Tom Thunb's income for 1955 was \$2876. -Patti is paid \$40,000 for seven months. -Miss Sallie St. Clair, the actress, is insane. -The Gottachalk furore continues in Santiago. -Gail Hamilton is travelling in the West. -Whaling steamships are said to be a success. -The Keans are in Giangow.

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH CARPETINGS. OIL CLOTHS. COCOA MATTINGS, DRUGGETS, EUGS, RTC. 10 9wimmiss

immediate possession of the principal religious

foot in Berlin to establish an asylum for the children of soldiers killed or disabled in the late war. It is proposed that the institution shall bear the name of the "Bismark Foundation."

A "Bismark Foundation."-A movement is on