THE TAILY BYING THE CHAPTE PRINCIPLIFIA, PRINCIPLE SEPTIMBER 21, 1886.

ENTERTAINMENTS THIS EVENING.

MISS RICHINGS' BENEFIT.-To-night has been set apart at the Academy of Music, for the benefit of Miss Richngs, when the ever-popular osers of the Bohemian Girl will be presen ed. The cast is one of the strongest ever scoorded to the opera in this city, and includes, besides the name of the mir beneficiare, that of Edward Seguin, Mr. Castle, Mr. S. c. Campbell, Mr. Wylle, and Mrs. Arnold. With such a cast the opera will be performed in the most thorough and acceptable manner, and its rendition afford a musical treat of no ordinary character-Miss Richings' claims for a substantial token this evening at the hands of the Philadelphia public it is needless to dwell upon; but considering the met that mainly through her exertions are we enjoying a season of Eng ish Opera, and that the expensive enterprise, thus tar-to the discredit or Philadelphia be it spoken-has not been at all remonerative, those claims should not

be overlooked. In ordinary times an opera such as the Bohemian Girl, performed as it will be this evening, would be sufficient to crowd the house; but in the present instance the artists are unfortunately American, are resident with us, and rely on their own merits, and not on adventitious puffery, for success, Being thus criminal, their talents are not recognized as they should be, and they are left to struggle on as cest they may, "pocket" their losses, and learn by aid experience indeed, that "prophets are

without honor in their own country." Could the Richings troop for the nonce be transformed into Bawlinis, Squallinis, and Screechinis, and exert but half their talents in 'choice' Italian, the creme de la creme, the skimmed milk, and all other classes of American society would patronize them, and flatter themselves that they were doi.ga "blg thing" for "high ar!" by so doing! It is, indeed, mortifying that the acknowedged exponents of true art among us should find it so difficult to obtain a recognition of their merits, when all that is necessary to evoke it ad nauscum is to assume "toreign airs and graces," and sing in a language unintelligible even to the great majority of those who can endure (1) no other conveyance for the transmission of .'sweet sound .. "

We sincerely hope, however, for the credit of our fair city, that the genius, the extraordinary talent, and the indomitable perseverance or Miss Richings will receive a better acknowledgment at our hands, and that a crowded audience this evening, at the Academy, will testify its appreciation of her worth, not only as an artist, but also as a nigh-toned, exemplary lady.

NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.-Vestvall, for her benefit, play a "Marsaroni" in the drama of The Brigands, in which she sings the delightful serenade - ' Gentle Zitella." The Seina Finale, from Vaccai's Romes and Juliet, will introduce Vestvali as "Romeo," in which character she will bring into play, as prima donna on the occasion, the most melodious contraito voice of the age. The Orton specialty called Nursery Chickweed, will exhibit Miss Josie's vivacity and naire'e off to an advan-

AT THE WALNUT, Mr. J. S. Clarke takes his farewell benefit. He performs his great serio-comic role of "Asa Trenchard" in Our American Cousin, and for the first time here, ' Paul Pry in Philadeiphia' in a new local comedictta written expressly for Mr. Clarke by the late H. J. Conway. The laughable farce of the Happiest Day of Mg Lafe will also be given. This is certainly an attractive bill. To-morrow Mr. Clarke's last night, He gives the original "Timothy Toodles" for the farewell performance. On Monday the celebrated comedian dramatist, poet, wit, and philosopher, John Brougham,

appears for a brief engagement. AT THE ARCH Mrs. W. J. Florence takes a benefit, As the lady is immensely popular, it is only necessary for us to say that Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence will appear in ten characters in Irish Assurance and Yankee Modesty, The Young Accress, and The Happy Man. On Monday evening the bur esque entitled Nary-a-Br que

AT THE AMERICAN, the Worrell Sisters are still running Cindercila to very large audiences. Miss Jennie Worrell also place "Nan, the Good-for-nothing," and executes her wonderful clog-dance.

ROBERT DELLER.-Mr. Heller, at the Assembly Buildings, presents this week the sensation, "Playing with Ghosts," for the last; time. His piano soles and magic are of a high order. To-morrow afternoon he will have

CARDOROSS & DIXEY.-The Eleventh Street Opera House stul reigns, delighting its many visitors fwith Ethiopian eccentricities. Lewis Simmons, who has announced himself as a candidate for Governor, makes his oration nightly on political topics, being greatly assisted

## CAMDEN AFFAIRS.

ACCIDENT .- Joseph Read hurt himself very bacty yesterday morning at the machine shop of Furbush & Gage, situated on Cooper's creek, bout one mile from Camden. He attempted to left a lathe end, but it slipped and threw him backwards, injuring his head and breast. He was removed to his residence, in Second street, near Taylor's avenue.

STATE SENATOR .- Mr. Edward Bettle has been nominated to all the vacancy occasioned by the expiration of term of service of Hon. James M. Scovel.

## CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[ For Additional City Intelligence see Third Page.]

FLAG RAISING AT THE EPISCOPAL MISsion House.—A pleasant gathering took place yesterday afternoon at the Mission House of the Protestant Episcopal Churca, situated at the corner of Thirty sixth street and Lancaster avenue. West Philadelphia. The immediate occasion of the assemblage was the presentation of a large and beautiful flag to the Mission House by the Sabbath School of the Church of the Nativity. The exercises were under the general direction of Rev. Robert C. Matlack, Rector of the Church of the Nativity, and consisted of prayer by Rev. F. G. Maxwell, and brief and appropriate addresses by T. D. Thacher, Esq., THE FVENING TELEGRAPH, and the Rev. Robert J. Parvin; also the singing of several original hymns composed by some of the teachers the Nativity Sabbath School. After the ex ercises within the house were through with, the students of the Mission House, with Rev. J. G. Amer at their head, ascended to the top of the building, and first ran up upon the tall flag-staff the flag of the United States, saluting it with singing a verse from the national hymn, "My Country, 'tis of thee," etc. The flag was then lowered, and the Misslon House flag ran up in its stead. Several stanzas of the Missionary Hymn were then sung, three cheers given for he flag, and a brief speech of thanks made by Dr. Amer. The flag is a large and beautiful one, 12 teet by 20, of the best bunting, having a large red cross in the centre, surrounded by the words "Foreign Missions," and with four red stars in the four corners of the flag. The flag-staff is forcy feet high, and standing on top of the building, is visible by the entire neighbor-hood. Boin staff and flag were the gift of the Sunday Schools of the Church of the Nativity.

not be uninteresting to our readers. It is th only institution of its kind in the United States, though there are some in England and on the continent of Europe. It is a school for the continent of Europe. It is a school for the especial purpose of training missionaries. Its course of study covers a period of six years, embracing a ruli theological curriculum, and is shaped particularly with reference to making trained and afficient missionaries for the trained and efficient missionaries for the various foreign fields. Under the ordinary methods of procedure, many young men just entering the ninistry are led, by the earnest appeals of returned missionaries and others, to devote themselves to the missionary field without due thought and preparation, and oftentimes without that special adaptation to the work that is essential to success. The result is, that after a short and expensive trial they have to be withdrawn—frequently with prejudice to their future usefulness in the post of the ministry. The Mission School is intended to guard against this evil by long and tho ough training, with special reterence to the missionary work. If, after entering upon the course of study, a young man finds occasion to believe that he is better suited to some other field of effort, he can course from the Mission House without prejudice. No dis-tinction is made in the Mission House on account of nationality or race. The missionary work does not admit of the idea of case. At the present time there are in the House students rom this country, England, Germany, Austria,

of the Mission House itself a few words may

Switzerland, Ireland, Denmark, Poland, and |

Hayti.
This institution is under the care of the fol lowing officers:—President, Rev. Bishop Stevens, Vice-President, Rev. M. A. De Wolfe Howe, D. D.: Corresponding Secretary, Rev. Richard
Newton, D. D.; Recording Secretary, Andrew
Wheeler; Treasurer, Charles B. Durborrow;
Board of Managers for the year 1866;—Rev. J. W.
Claxton, Rev. E. W. Macy, Rev. D. D. Kellogg,
Jr., Rev. B. C. Matlack, Jay Cooke, Esq., and
N. B. Browne, Mag. B. Browne, Esq.

THE JEWISH HOLIDAYS-THE FEAST OF THE TABERNACLES--ITS PECULIAR OBSERVANCES.

The penitential feasts of Rosh Hashana and
Yom Kippur being now over, it is held by those of the Jewish fa th that the Great Ruler, as if to recompense man for the unusual privations undergone during the past three weeks, ordained a holiday, which calls for far less severe ceremonies than those which we have already described. This feast is the "Feast of the Tabernseles" or "succoih," commanded in Leviticus xiti, 34 to 43, as follows:-

xxiii, 34 to 43, as follows:

"Speak unto the children of Israel, saying: The fifteenth day of this seventh month shall be the reast of Tabernacles for seven days unto the Lord. On the first day shall be a holy convocation; ye shall do no servile work therein. Seven days ye shall offer an offering made by fire unto the Lord. On the eighth day shall be a holy convocation unto you, and ye shall offer an offering made by fire unto the Lord; it is a solemn assembly, and ye shall do no servile work therein. These are the feats of the Lord, which ye shall proclaim to be holy convoca-Lord, which ye shall proclaim to be holy convoca-tions to offer an offering made by fire unto the Lord, a buint offering and a meat offering; a sacrifice and drink offering, everything upon His day. Beside the Sabbaths of the Lord, and beside your gifts, and beside all your vows, and beside all gitts, and beside all your vows, and beside all your free-will offerings, which ye give unto the Lord. Also on the fifteenth day of the seventh month, when ye shall keep a least unto the Lord seven days; on the first day shall be a Sabbath, and on the eighth day shall be a Sabbath, and on the eighth day shall be a Sabbath, and on the girst day the iruits of goodly trees, branches of the palm trees, and the boughs of thick trees and willows of the heads and of goodly trees, branches of the paint trees, and the boughs of thick trees and willows of the brook, and ye shall rejoice before the Lord your God seven days. And ye shall keep it a feast unto the Lord seven days in the year; it shall be a statute torever in your generation; ye shall celebrate it in the seventh month. Ye shall dwell in booths seven days; all that are Israelites born shall dwell in booths. That your generations may know that I made the children of Israel dwell in booths, when I brought them out of the land of Egypt I am the Lord your God "

This testival, which commences on Sunday next at sundown, has, as will be seen above, several ceremonies quite peculiar in their character. First, the holy convocation or service in the synagogues; second, the sacrifice by fire of of meat and drink offerings, now made obsolete by the destruction of the Temple; third, the pro-hibition of servile work on the first two and last two days; fourth, the taking of four species from the vegetable kingdom; and lastly, the dwelling

The four species from the vegetable kingdom are the sprouts of goodly trees or "Esrog," a species of pitted lemon, grown in Corfu and the rian Desert; the Palmleat branches or "Lulaf," Myrtle branches, three in number, each of which must have seven times turee leaves standing down the stem, and the willows of the brook. These last three species are tied together in a peculiar manner, and every morning the "Lulaf," with the two kinds of boughs fied to it, is taken into the left hand and the "Esrog" in the right, and after a prayer for a prosperous season, waved three times each to the left, right, up and lown, backward and forward, as it to wave the heavenly blessing from all quarters. This is followed by the recitation of the prayer of Hallel or Psalms, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118.

A circuit in procession is daily made around the synagogue by those carrying "Zulais," preeded by the minister carrying the Holy Scroll. The dwelling in booths, though not strictly carried out to the very letter of the law in the changable climate of this country, is still followed to some extent. These booths or tabernacles, or 'Succoth," which give the festival the name, are to be built so that the canopy of heaven, the stars and moon, can be seen through the roof. This roof has to be constructed of lattice-work, covered with fresh leaves. Inside of the "Sucoth" splendid decorations are generally fixed, such as golden apples, peanuts, oranges, paper decorations, and pictures, while in the centre of most of them dangles a "Menouroh," or seven armed lamps, made of silver or brass, which,

when lighted, gives the whole a gay appearance. Almost every Jew, who has a back yard attached to his house, has a succoth erected on premises, in which he takes his meals with his family during the festival.

The first two days are strictly observed, while the five middle days are bait holidays, on which, of the morning, work is allowed. The fifth day of the half nolidays, or Hoshano Rabbo, which tradition has stamped as a day on which the Almighty fixes finally the doom of those who have shown a repenting mind, or Yom Kippur, but have not yet consummated the repentance, is ushered in by the faithful with reciting of words of learning and the psalms until the small bours of the morning. During the morning services small bunches of willows are taken into the synagogue, and the leaves beaten off with a prayer that God might clean man of his sins as the stem is cleaned of us leaves.

The eighth day, or "Shemini Olzereth," and the ninth day, "Simchath Thora," or joy of the land, are close holidays. On the even of the first-named the taithful quit the Succoth for the year amid prayers, while on the morning solemn prayers are uttered for copious rain and

prosperous crops.

The "Simchas Thera" is the day on which the Pentateuch, or five books of Moses, are read through, which is done by weekly instalments of several chapters each. On that day Deutero-nomy xxxiii and xxxiv is read in the synagogues. All the scrolls of the law are taken out of the ark and carried in joyful procession around the synagogue, accompanied by children dressed in their best, carrying baskets of flowers and flags. After the religious services, family and public entertainments close the series of testivals of the year.

The religious meaning of these festivals is plain. The Rosh Hashana inaugurates a series of penitential feasts, which are terminated with the Day of Atonement, and succeeded by the Feast of Tabernacies, the real and true importance of which is expressed in Deuteronomy xvi, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, where will be found a dictation to couple charity with the feast, so that if all these commands are obeyed man may rejoice in the "Joy of the Law" which awaits the faithful hereafter. The charitable Jewish institutions, the orphan asylums, and tree schools are the principal recipients of the charities which are collected in the synagogues.

THE FURF HOUSE .- It will undoubtedly be of interest to many of our readers to learn that that magnificent and popular hotel, the Sur' House, at Cape Island, still remains open, and will continue open for the reception of guests for some time vet.

It is the opinion of many that after the dog days the seaside becomes uninteresting and devoid of comfort. It is proper that the public hould be undeceived in so tallacious a doctrine. The butterfiles and jack-a-dandles who frequent the watering places during the hot summmonths, and make the pursuit of constitutional recuperation a cloak for dissipation, lose their nterest as the masquerade balls and bustle begin to wave. But those who wish to view the old ocean in its most beautiful and sublime phuses, and, moreover, to be tree from the noise and confusion of crowded hotels, can choose no better time than the present, and no better place to "hang out" than the Surt House,

"MUCH CRY AND LITTLE WOOL,"-An affair occurred last evening up town which illustrates the happy faculty which some people have of seeing what never existed. The affair occurred in Front street, above Green. One of the neighbors said she saw a boy on the roof of a house oposite. The story spread and gained in size, and an excited crowd gathered on the opposite side of the street, who imagined they saw thieves behind every chimney. After about an hour of excitement, during which time the police and others made a thorough search of the roofs of the row of buildings the thief was supposed to be on, and of one or two of the houses in which the thief was supposed to be, the crowd dis-persed. It is supposed that the thief seen was an aspiring cat.

MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.—The Union Re-Eighteenth Ward Boys in Blue meet this even-

og for a parade, weather being favorable. Eighteenth Ward Soldiers' and Sailors' Johnon Club meets to night, The National Union Association of Twentieth

Ward meets this evening. Union Republican Mass Meeting at National Hall to-night. A Torchlight Procession of the friends of

Leonard Myers to-night,
There will be a meeting of the Clymer-Johnson Campaign Club of the Second Ward this

Third Ward Conservative Mass Meeting to-night at Jefferson Hall, Sixth and Christian freets.
Fourth Ward Democratic Executive Committee will meet this evening.

Eleventh Ward Johnson-Clymer Association

neets this evening. Twelfth Ward Johnson Club meets this even-The Union Republican Citizens of the Thir-

Soldiers of the Fourteenth Ward favoring General Geary will meet this evening at Mechanics' Hall, Coates street, above Eleventh. Fifteenth Ward Johnson Club meets this

vening. Sixteenth Ward Democrats and Conservatives neet to-night.

THE COMING STATE FAIR.-Everything tends to show that no State Fair ever held in Pennsylvania will equal in splendor or extent the coming great exhibition at Easton, which commences on the 25th instant and continues for four days. During the days of the Fair Easton will be a sort of Mecca, and thousands of agricultural pilgrims will centre there to worship at the shrine of the great agricultural display. The Committee of Arrangements are straining every nerve to make the exhibition unequalled in attraction, and their endeavors will be crowned with success. The display of live stock of all kinds will be unusually fine, and a vast number of new and ingenious inventions will be exhibited. Mr. Longaker, the Secretary, is beset with applications for entries, and competition in the different departments will be very great. Over \$10,000 will be distri-buted in prizes. A number of first-class horses will be entered for trial of speed, among them the celebrated mares Mountain Maid and Fanny Allen. General Hartranit will have a feature at the Fair, consisting of his celebrated stock of fourteen thorough-bred Kentucky horses. These animals will be for sale on the last day of the Fair. The Floral Department will be beautiful, and present a scene of fairy-like enchantment. An immense tent has been erected for the floral display. The Horse department will be unexcelled, and as an ensemble the display will be something to be remembered. Railroads throughout the State will issue cheap excursion tickets, good for the continuance of the Fair.

AN INTERESTING MATCH GAME OF BASE BALL. - Those who are lovers of the manly game of base ball will have a splendid opportunity to-morrow afternoon, at the grounds of the "Olympic," at Twenty-fifth and Jefferson streets. This Club will play the "Excelsior," of Brooklyn, and from the well-known prowess of the Excelsior, who are aspiring for the championship of the United States, and the tried skill of the Olympics, we may look for a very interesting and exciting game. No expense has been spared by the Olympic Club to provide for the accommodation and comfort of spectators. Special seats have been provided for the gentler sex, whose presence always lends such interest to the game. This will be one of a series of match games which the Excelsiors are playing. In those between them and the "National" and the "Union," of Washington, and the "Pastime," of Baltimore, they were suc cessfel. It remains to be seen how they will fare in our city.

AN AGGRAVATED CASE, -James Casey, a New York thief with a plurality of aliases, was arrested vesterday on the charge of attempted obbery and assault and battery with intent to kill. The offense was committed some time ago, in a car of the morning train from Washington to New York. The prisoner had violently assaulted and attempted to rob two gentlemen, Mr. Evans and Dr. Otis. He struck Mr. Evans down with a blackjack, and then kicked him in the face very violently, inflicting severe wounds and contusions. Casev escaped at the time, and was arrested yesterday at Seventh and Chesnut streets, being recognizby Mr. Evans, who pointed him out to the Casey is a professional, and is well known to the police. He will have a nearing before the Mayor this morning.

FALSE PRETENSES .- There was rather a curious case of swindling occurred yesterday. A man giving the name of Frank Evans bought four horses from a man named T. T. Kingey, for which he gave a check for \$500 on the City Bank. Mr. Kingey went away in great good humor, thinking what a good bargain he had made for himself; but our readers may judge how his face lengthened when, on presenting the check to the teller of the bank, he was told that Frank Evans did not have any funds therein. Mr. Kingey, a sadder and wiser man, immediately put the affair in the hands of the police, and last night Frank Evans was captured at bleventh and Coates streets, and had to deliver over his plunder. He had a hearing before Alderman Hurley this morning, and was held in \$1000 bail to answer.

A BELLIGERENT .- Thomas Carr is one of those men in whom the bump of compativeness is quite largely developed, and upon which whisky has a swelling effect, something after the same manner which "Jack Easy's" governor use to experience. On Wednesday morning. Thomas got into an altercation with a quondam acquaintance, and soon came to the knockdown argument that caused considerable stir in the neighborhood of Centre street, where it occurred. Thomas was arrested for his sportive play, and Alderman Good held him in \$1000 bail to answer.

WHARF RAT,-One of these delectable ermin, named Elijah Morris, had the bad luck to be caught in the very midst of his depreda tions on Shippen street wharf last night. Taking advantage of the darkness, Elijah (what's in a name?) skulked down behind a crate of crockery, and opening it, soon had a goodly pile of nice new plates before his greedy eyes. As he was mentally calculating their value, the municipal uniform met his startled gaze, and all his visions of pain were swept away, and he was also—into the Station House. This morning Alderman Butler committed bim to answer.

A DELIBERATE ROBBERY .- Geo. Linnen was arrested yesterday noon for stealing a box of turs, valued at ninety dollars, from a house in Third street, above Vine. He took advantage of the people in the house being at their dinner, and deliberately walked into the house, an going up stairs secured his booty, and was only letected as he was leaving the house by some the neighbors. He had a bearing before Alder man Toland, who neld him in \$1500 ball to an

MEETING AT NATIONAL HALL TO-NIGHT. There will be a large and important meetin, at the National Hall to-night, under the auspice of the Union League. Fine speakers have been selected, and the meeting promises to be of the most interesting character, as the most exciting and interesting questions of the day will be dicussed. It will n doubt be a most enthusiastic gathering, and well worth going to

STEALING SHORS .- Margaret McCormick whilst laboring under the influence of ba-spirits, undertook to relieve the owner of a short establishment, at Tenth and Vine streets, of number of pairs of shoes. Some children in the neighborhood saw her in the act, and informed on her, when she was arrested and taken before Alderman Massey, who held her in \$700 to

SAD ACCIDENT .- A young son of Wil liam B. Hood, Esq., who resides on Sixth street, opposite Washington Square, fell from the third-story window this morning, and was severely injured. One of the little fellow's legs was broken, but it will fortunately not result

CHOLERA—The number of cases reported to the Board of Health since our report of yesterday was eight. Of these there were none fatal, all of them being light attacks.

To DEALERS IN CLOTHING,—We have the largest and most complete assortment of Men's, Youths', and Boys' Cothing in Philadelphia. Our goods will be found apperior in style, make, and it to those usually offered at wholesa e, at prices equally low or lower. An examination respectfully invited.

Bennett & Co.

Towen Hall. No. 518 MARKET STREET.

No. 518 MARKET STREET.

IMPORTANT SALE OF CLOTHING TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER AT PUBLIC SALE—The understand will offer at public sale on the premises, by B Scott, Jr., Auctioneer, their surplus stock of fine Fashicanble Fall and Winter Clothing, consisting of several thousand garments, Ceats, Pants, Vests, and Overcoats, each article to be sold singly, commencing at 10 o'clock on Friday morning, September 2L and continuing at the same hour each day until the whole is disposed of. The goods will be open for examination on I hursday afternoon and early on Friday moreing. Those who intend procuring an outfit for themselves this fall will find it to their interest to attend this sale.

Page & Co.

No 803 Chesnut atreet, above Third.

N. B.—Every facility will be extended to purchasers in selecting garments of proper size before the sale.

August Seven-Thirties Converted into

> Five-Twenties. Apply to No. 34 South Third street.

A THRIFTY YOUNG MAN married a rosy young Irish cirl, quite to the horror of his mother and sis-ters, but gave this piece of logic as the reason;—"il ters, but gave the piece of logic as the reason:—"If a marry an American girl, I must hire an Irish girl to take care of her, and I can't afford to support both." Just so, if a man buys the cloth for his clothes, he has to take it to a tailor to make into a suit for him. How much more sensible it is to go at once to a ready-made clothing house, like Charles Stokes & Co's One Price, under the Continental, and get your clotnes atready made to your hands.

MATTRESSES AND BEDDING.—Special attention paid to this branch of our business by Mr. William Finley, long and invorably known in the above capacity in Philad-lubia. All bedding intrusted to our care will be finished in the best possible manner, our care will be finished in the best possible manner at W. HENRY PATTEN'S, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

BURNT ALMONDS, Rose Almonds, Iceland Moss Paste, Cream Chocolates, etc., can be had at all times of George W. Jenkins, Confectioner, No. 1087 Spring Garden street.

SPRING MATTRESSES overhauled, put in order, and made up anew, at Patten's Upholstery, No. 1408

TWELFTH AND CHESNUT is the place to purchase Cork Mattresses and Bedding, and to have your Furniture reupholstered, varnished, and repaired by practical workmen.

DON'T FAIL to take advantage of opportunity. Get your Photographs made at B. F. Reimer's Gallery, No. 624 Arch street.

FURNITURE MENDED, reupholstered, varnished, nd made up anew, at Patten's Upholstery, No. 1408

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES. 7 8-10 and 5-20 wanted. De Haven & Brother, No 40 S. Third St. GROVER & SAUTTLE, OR SEWING SEWING MACHINES, NO. 739 CHESSUT STREET. SUTTAND BE ELASTIC SFITCH
SEWING
MACHINES,
FOR
FAMILY USE.
THE ONLY
MACHINE
THATBOTH SEWS
PERFECTLY
AND
EMBROIDERS
PERFECTLY
GROVER
BAKER'S
HIGHEST
PREMIUM
SEWING
SEWING
CHPS NUT
STREET.

SUPERIOR STYLES OF READY-MADE CLOTHING. SUPERIOR STYLES OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, WANAMAKER & BROWN. POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE, OAK HALL

Southeast corner SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

MARRIED. HUMPHREY-ROESCH, On September 29, 1866, by the Rev. Dr. W. J. Mann. at the residence of the bride's nather. CR \*RLES F. HUMPHREY, Esq., M. D. of Bettelehem, Pa. to Miss CAROLINE ROESCH, of Phila-WILTBANK-OGBORN.-On the 20th instant, by the Rev Dr. Dieh', dr. PETER W. WILTBANK to Miss PHEBE OGBORN, both of this city.

DIED. BAIE 8—On the 14th instant, GEORGE BAIER, aged 5 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the uneral from his late residence, No. 218 Greenwich street, on Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. To proceed to Philadelphia Cemetery.

lelphia Cemetery.

BISHOP.—On Wednesday. September 19, Dr. C.

STANHOPE BISHOP, only son of the ate Rev. David
Bishop, of Easton, Pa., and brother-in-law of the late
Rev. Ninian Bannatyne, of Washington, D. C.

The relatives irlends, and members of the medical proresion are respectfully invited to attend the funeral,
from his late residence No. 334 N. Tenth street, at 34

velock in the affection. 'clock in the afternoon. September 22. Services at the entral Presbyterian Church, corner of Eighth and therry streets, at 4 o'clock.

Cherry streets, at 4 o'clock.

McINTYRE.—On the 20th instant, JOSEPH, the eldest son of Andrew and Hannah McIntyre, aged 14 years 8 months and 17 days

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the tuneral, from the residence of his parents, 8. W. corner of Twenty-eighth and Federal streets, on Sunday at 1 o'clock. Interment at Mt. Moriah Cemetery.

riah Cemetery.

MORRIS.—Suddenly, on Tuesday afternoon, September 18, KA: E MCCLELLAND, wite o' Samuel Morris.

The relatives and irlends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, No. 1234 N. Eighth street, on Saturday morning, September 22 at 10 o'clock, without further notice. WALTERS.—On the 16th instant, HENRY CLAY WALTERS, aged 23 years.
The relatives and triends of the tamily, and Shiffler Hose and Steam Fire Engine Company, also the Templar Lodge of I U. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his mother's residence, No. 120 Prime street, on Sunday afternoon next. as 2 o'clook.

COR A WOODEN OR TIN WEDDING GIFT repet and careet Sweeping Machine, which, by taking up the dust as fast as it sweeps does not grind it into the carpet like a broom. It therefore, saves your carpet and your time. Sold by

No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Nin-h. DLATED CALL BELLS AND TEA BELLS

of a variety of styles. For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 885 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth. RADUATED POCKET CALLIPERS FOR measuring inside or outside diameters without using a rule and which may be easily corrected when use or wear, hay made them maccurate, for sale, with various other patterns, by

No. 836 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Sinth HE THAT HATH EARS TO HEAR, LET BIM HEAR. "Instruments to assist the hearing at MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street below Chesnut

FASHIONABLE HATTER, No. 430 CHESNUT Street, Next door to Post Office. 9 155 NONE BUT THE BEST
SCHUYLKILL AND LEHIGH COAL,
CAREFULLY PREPARED,
AND AT LOWEST RATES.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
96 lm J EVANS, BROAD AD 1 FILBERT

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AW DEPARTMENT, UNIVERSITY OF PEWNSYLVANIA.

A term will commone on MONDAY, October 1. The introductory lecture will be delivered on the avening of that day, at 8 o'clock, at the NOATH COLLEGE, NINTH 6t., near Market, by Prof. MURRIS. [91] taset

# FOURTH EDITION

FROM WASHINGTON THIS P. M.

Discharge of Workmen from the Washington Arsenal-Pennsylvania Politicians Have an Interview with the President, Etc.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.] WASHINGTON, September 21. MOwing to want of work, some seventy of the workmen at Washington Arsenal were discharged yesterday, and there will be a general discharge on the first of September.

Hon. Samuel Randall and other Pennsylvania politicians had an interview with President Johnson yesterday. There seems to be some dissatisfaction amongst Administration men in Philadelphia in regard to recent Philadelphia appointments.

The Bank of Upper Canada.

TORONTO, September 21.—It is announced that the Bank of British North America will protest the letters of credit from English bankers on the Bank of Upper Canada. The directors of the Bank of Upper Canada have not decided what course to pursue, but it is thought the institution will be wound up by the assignces. The bills of the suspended bank are selling gat from 30 to 40 per cent, discount,

The Fenian Excitement in England. PORT AU BASQUE, September 21, 10 A. M .- A arge steamer, barque-rigged, is passing west, She is supposed to have British troops on board for Canada.

Arrival of the Edinburg. NEW YORK, September 21. - The steamer Edinburg arrived to-day from Liverpool.

New York, September 21.—Stocks are lower. Chicago and Rock Island, 111; Illinois Central scrip, 121; Michigan Southern, 854; New York Company, Latest Markets by Telegraph. cago and Rock Island, III; Illinois Central scrip, 1214; Michigan Southern, 854; New York Central, 1064; Reading, 114]; Hudson River, 120; Cauton, 54; Virginia 6s, 70; Erie, 75‡; Western Union Telegraph Company, 564; United States Conpons 1881, 1112; do. 1862, 1111; do. 1865, 1081; Ten-forties, 972; Trea-sury notes, 1062/1064; Gold, 1432.

#### EUROPE.

Pius the Ninth May Seek Shelter from England.

From the Faris Monde (Ultramontane Organ), Sep. 4. It is extremely doubtful whether Pius IX can live in Rome with Victor Emanuer. The primi-tive Church is cited as an example. But the example shows the impossibility of the joint habitation of the martyrdom of so many Popes or three hundred years, and by the voluntary exile of Constantine to Byzantium. And it is in the name of liberty that persecution is offered as an ideal to the Church. If it be a part of the arrangements of Victor Emanuel to leave the Pope a portion of Rome, that portion will be essened every day, and Pius IX would be about as free in the Vatican as Louis XVI in the Tuileries or the tower of the Temple. A residence at Malta would secure to both him and his cardi-

nals more complete liberty.

The Pope will consult the interest of the Church alone, but should be ask France to keep her troops at Rome for a year or two longer, it is probable that France will refuse, were it only to dispet the dark cloud which the exite of Pius IX would east over the exposition of 1867. \* \* \* We cannot see indeed what is to prevent the Italian revolution from ascending the capitol. France abandons Rome: Austria makes advances to King Victor Emanuel; all the Catholic powers become more and more entangled in revolutionary embarrassments under the pretext of caping from that of the Roman question. Christian princes seem more disposed to ally themselves with the revolution than to rise in defense of the Holy Father and the Catholic Church.

Rome, then, for one reason or another is really abandoned by men. It is quite natural, therefore, that the Cialdinis, Ricasolis, and Garibaldis should prepare their moral means for taking possession of it. The only power which the revolution has now to fear is God But what is God in the eyes of certain persons who are in the high places of power? A child's scarecrow. All this is horrible, but it is true.

The French Cabinet-The Appointment of the Marquis de Moustier as Foreign Minister—Its Diplomatic Tendency and Significance.

Paris (Sept. 4) Correspondence of London Times. The Temps thinks it rather difficult to penetrate the motives which rendered necessary the resignation of M. Drouyn de Lhuys, and to assign a significance to the choice of M. de Moustier as his successor. In 1855 M. Drouyn de Lhuys resigned, after the rupture of Vienna Conference, and the following year he also withdrew from the Senate. He returne to office in 1862. The negotiations relating to the affairs of Poland and Schleswig-Holstein, the September Convention, the evacuation of Mexico, are the most remarkable acts of his last period of office. The Temps sums up as follows the conjectures

and remarks that have been current among the and remarks that have been current among the public during the last two days:—"The opinion has lately spread that M. Drouyn de Lhuys advocated energetic representations with respect to the aggrandizement of Prussia, and would have pushed them pretty far. Nevertheless, it would perhaps be hazardous to consider the change of men just accomplished as the indication of improved relations with Prussia. We must not forget that the Constitution admits of must not forget that the Constitution admits of

no ministerial responsibility.

M. Drouyn de Lhuys, who puts his name to the Convention of the 15th of September, was certainly not, personally, an adversary of the Holy See, nor even of the French occupation of Rome. The Marquis de Moustier was formerly Minister of France in Prussia, where he was replaced by the Prince of La Tour d'Auverane. Has his old connection with the Court of Berlin anything to do with the choice made of him as Minister of Foreign Affairs? Does his experi-ence of the affairs of the East give value to his assistance in the anticipated event of a revival of the Eastern question? We ask these ques-tions, but we do not pretend to answer them.

It is not surprising that people should make rather far-fetched conjectures as to the motive of M. de Moustier's appointment, for of all the French diplomatists now occupying important posts, he is, perhaps, the one of whom the world has heard least; but he is said to be a man of intelligence, and perhaps it is only want of opportunity that has prevented his particularly distinguishing himself. He was not a popular man in Berlin, where he was resident from March, 1853, to the end of 1859. He was then accredited to Vienna, remained there less than two years, was replaced by the Duke de Grammont, and went to Constantinople. It is not surprising that people should make mont, and west to Constantinople.

History of a Drinking Club.-Some years ago. in a large town in the west of Scotlond, there existed a drinking club of upwards of twenty members, all of whom belonged to the middle classes of society. The club had a great influence in municipal affairs, and several of its members were alested to ful neets in the form members were elected to fiil posts in the town council. The drinking was carried on to a fearcouncil. The drinking was carried on to a fearfu, extent in the tavern where they met. The
members were to be found often in the clubroom at all hours of night and day Taeir drinking was often connected with such noisy mirth
as to attract the attention of the passers-by.
The club was broken up. Two of its members
were sent to a lunatic asylum. One jumped
from a window and killed himself; one waiked
or fell into the water and was drowned; one or fell into the wa'er and was drowned; one was found dead in a public house; one died of delirium tremens; upwards of ten became bank rupt; four died ere they had lived half their days.

### CANADA.

The Great Review in Honor of General Meads and Staff on the Champs de Mars-How the Canadians Expect to Make General Meade an Anti-Fenian.

MONTREAL, C. E., September 19 .- To-day all the regular force in this city was ordered to pre-pare for review, the design being to do General Meade bonor for the faithful execution of his duties during the late attack upon the province. The ground chosen for the review is the old Champs de Mars, which, one hundred years ago

or more, was used by the French as their parade ground. It is about four hundred yards long, by one hundred and fifty wide, and lies in the heart of the city, forming a little plateau on the year along of the rear slope of the first one of the two cotes which, with the hollow between them, constitute the site of their city. There are two banks, the one stepping as it were from Notre Dame street to the Champs, and the other from the ground to Craig street. On the first bank nave been laid steps, which can serve as seats for the people who come to look upon any military pageant

who come to look upon any military pageant such as that of to-day.

At 10 o'clock the troops began to march into the Champs, and intwenty minutes they were all there. The force consisted of two batteries (twelve guns), breech-loaders, and three battalions, namely, the 23d Royal Welsh Fusileers, 25th King's Own Borderers (regiment of the ince), and the 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade. The newly arrived troops were not present. The newly arrived troops were not present. The whole made a force of about eighteen hundred men. On reaching the ground they were formed into contiguous columns of battalions, and awaited the

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL MEADS.

who came on the ground a few minutes later. He was mounted on the Brigade Major's horse, tut his two aids came on look. As the General pproached the right of the line, band after l and struck up, and when he got opposite to General Lindsay, that officer and his stall saluted him. General Lindsay then, after a few words with the distinguished visitor, proposed o defile the whole force before him in slow time. It was put on march, and corps after corps passed before the General, the officers saluting, and he returning the salute as he was wont to do with the divisions of the Army of the Potomac. This over, the troops dealed in quick time, and then in double quick, the three bands of the infantry being united and standing in the centre of the Champs.

As the two batteries went by him, General Meade expressed to General Lindsay his admiration of their efficiency and the perfection of their appointments. It was with this arm and the rifle battalion that he seemed to be most battalion that he seemed to be most struck. After the defilement the 23d Regment was put through the bayonet exercise, which the men performed very well, though, as I have before observed, there are too many thrusts and parries—more than would be used in warfare. With this exhibition of good drill General Meade seemed to be well satisfied, and at the end of every movement trankly gave his praise of the drill and steadiness shown by the men.

There were about four thousand people upon the ground, and at the bayonet drill they gave a cheer and made plaudus with their hands, at which the men of the 23d were gratified. After this an Armstrong gun of one of the two batteries was shown General Meade, and as he walked over to it his two aids were also led

by one of General Landsay's staff to examine by one of General Lindsay's stall to examine the gun. Every explanation was given by General Lindsay and Colonel Pipon. It was worked by its gunners in the presence of the three American officers, who looked on and watched the gun with attention. This gun torms the best part of a British torce. It is a very good one, and as long as it would continue in good order it would be very destructive, to in good order it would be very destructive to an enemy. The riffing of the gan is fine, and, to avoid injuring the grooves, rings of lead are placed on the shell, that the part which reels against the bore may be softer metal than uself. This renders the ammunition expensive and not easily to be replaced.

After the examination of the breech-loading gun was over, General Meade returned to the saluting point and looked on at a number of manœuvres made by the torce, all of which were executed with the precision and steadness that denote the soldiers of the British army. This over, the General left the ground, apparently well pleased with the exercises in his

The weather was not all that could have been desired, the sky being lowering. Drops of rain fell at intervals. It was also cold, and the day was more like one in the end of the fall than one in September-but at this season the weather seems "out of joint."

This atternoon General Meade will hold a reception, and all those who desire to pay their respects to him will have an occasion to do se at the St. Lawrence Hall. All this attention is shown to General Meade

in the hope that it will dispose him well towards the Canadians, and render him anti-Fenian. General Meade intends leaving to-morrow for Plattsburg. - New York Herald.

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, Sept. 21 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street. BETWEEN BOARDS.

\$2000 Sch Nav 6s 72. 90s 29 sh Cam & Amb. 1284 5000 Fhit is.new. 99 10 sh 2d & 3d R R. 88 100 sh Union Bk. 65 600 sh Green Mt. 25 3 20 sh do. 65 100 sh Susq Can. 30 14 100 sh Susq Can 20 sh Union Bk 65 600 sh Green Mt. 25 32 20 sh do 65 100 sh Susq Can 30 14 50 sh Ocean 42 100 sh Cata pt sl0 294 SECOND BOARD. \$1500 City 6s new. 994 \$10:0 do...... 994 \$50:00 War & Fra 7s. 804

Women Sent to Australia -- Miss Rye, the English agent for female emigration, has just sent out to Melbourne one thousand young women, the majority of whom are English, a considerable number Irish, and a few Scotch. They are all girls avalised by physical health and moral character to take positions as servants of various

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CHEAP DRY GOODS, CARPETS, OIL Cloths Druggets, and Window Shades. V. E. ARCHAMBAULT, N. E. corner of ELEVENTH and MARKET Streets opened this morning, from asotton, English Tapestry Brussels Carpets, only \$1.90; Three-Ply Imperial Carpets only \$2 15; all wool lagrains. Sic. \$1, 81 28, 81 37, and \$1.50; wool filling Ingrains. 50, 62, and 75 cts; Entry and stair Carpets, 25a, to 87c; He np Carpets 37c; Rag Carpets, 56c; Woolfen Druggets, \$1.71; Floor Oil Lioths, 62c; Window Shades, 81 50; He np Carpets, 55 to 810; Hanselles Quilts. \$5 to 610; Table Linens, \$2c up; Flaunels, 37c, up. Cheaplwhaleane and Retail Store, N. E. corner ELEVENTH and MARKET Streets.

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