# EUROPE.

By Atlantic Submarine Telegraph Cable.

DESPATCHES OF THURSDAY, FRI-DAY, AND SATURDAY.

A Great Peace Congress at Prague.

### **CONDITIONS ACREED UPON** AT VIENNA.

Reliable Accounts of Affairs.

AUSTRIA RESIGNS GERMANY.

Martial Law in Venetia.

FRANZ JOSEPH TO PAY FOR THE WAR.

Venetia Ceded to Italy-Schleswig-Holstein to Prussia.

### LATEST NEWS BY STEAMER.

Confirmation of Previous Cable Telegrams.

### PEACE PRELIMINARIES.

Details of the Great Reform Meeting in Hyde Park.

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Thur day's Telegrams by Atlantic Cable.

The following despatch is furnished by Cyrus W. Field: - Londor, August 2 - The steamship Teutonia,

From New York, has arrived at Southampton.

Consols closed dull at SS; Eric shares, 424 to 42].

Lo. Do N. August 2—The advices from the seat of war sate hat the Prustan troops have entered hinheim and Heidelberg. SIGNIFICANT

The French Ambassagor to England left for Vichy last night, by command, to see the Emperor,

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS. LIVERPOOL, Angust 2.- Fue Cotton Market has

any a teration in prices.

London, August 2—Consols closed to day at 88 for money; U = 5 20s, 69½; Illinois Central shares were quoted at 74½; Eric Railroad, 43.

### Friday's Telegrams POLITICAL.

LONDON, August 3. P. M .- There is no political news of real importance to-day.

LIVERPOOL, August 8 P. M .- The Cotton brokers circular reports the sales of cotton for the week ending August 2 at 74,000 bales. The sales to day were 7000 bales. Midding Uplands are quoted at 14d, per pound. Note—This is a decline of jd. from the last price received by the cable.

LONDON, Angust 3 P. M —Consols closed to-day at 877 for money. United States Five-t venties were quoted at the close of business to day at 59.

Saturday's Despatches. TELEGRAMS BETWEEN FIELD AND MILNE NEW YORK, August 4 - The following despatche have been transmitted over the Atlantic cable:-HEART'S CONTENT. August 2 -Yeslerday after

To Sir Alexander Mine, Admiralty, London:-1 should be very glad if you would allow the Terrible Captain Commerce, to accompany the Medway to lay the cable across the Gulf of St. Lawrence Her officers and men enter so fully into the spirit of our work that I am very desirous to have them with us, Please answer by cable. Kind regards to Lady CYRUS W. FIELD. this morning the following answer was

LONDON, August 3.—To Cyrus W. Field, New-foundand:—The Admiralty approve of the Terrible affording assistance by accompanying the Medway to sy the St. Lawrence cable. Be kind enough to make this known to Captain commerce as the Admiralty decision for his as the Admiratey (Signed), Sir A Milke, Admiralty.

NEW YORK August 4—An order for 4000 barrels of refined petroleum was received here yesterday from London per the cable. THE HABEAS CORPUS IN IRELAND.

LONDON, August 4 - The bill for a renewal of the was read a second time in the House of Commons last night. Mr. Gladstone, in a speech, supported the Government and warmly praised the treatment accorded to the Fennans by the American Government Mr. Magaw's resolutions against the bill were negatived by a vote or 105 against 31. COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 4 - Th re is no hing of interest in the political news to-day.

LIVERPOOL, August 4.—The Cotton market to-day was flat. Sales of 8000 bales middling Uplands at 14d.

London, August 3-Received in New York August 5 - Martial law has been proclaimed in Lower Austria, and also in Venuce The Peace Congress is to be held at Prague The reliminaries therete as agreed upon are as follows:

-Auriria is to withdraw from the German Confederation, and is to lose Venetia and her part of Scales-wig-Hoistein Austria is also to say ten millions of de llar, to her adversaries as the expenses of the war. The Ge man States north of the Main are to form a union under the surdance of Prussia, and these south of the Main are to form an independent

The Italian patriot Farini (Quere Mazzini) is dead.
In the Goodwood races, the Goodwood stakes were won by 'special," and the Goodwood cup by "Duke."

## LATEST BY STEAMER.

The "Germania" at New York-Great Reform Meeting in Hyde Park-Particulars of the Negotiation of Peace The Military Movements, Etc.

New Your august 6.—The steamer Germania, from Scuthampton on the 25th vit., has arrived at this port.
A great reform demonstration took place in Hyde Park on the 28d. Eighteen hundred police and two companies of life and foot guards were called out.

In the House of Commons, on the 23d ult., Lord Stanley replied to Mr. White, acknowledging to the fullest extent the friendly and honorable conduct of the United States curing the Fenian raids, but he declined to give an opinion on the subject of submitting the A'abama claims to arbitration, as the discussion of these claims had been closed some time ago, and had not been renewed since the present Government came into office.

PRACE PRELIMINARIES, Austria has accepted the preliminaries of peace submitted by Prussia

The Plenipotentiaries had assembled at the Prussian beacquarters to negotiate au armitice Italy's definitive reply was expected. See has already ad-

mitted in principle the peace preliminaries.

The preliminaries of peace proposed by Prussia, and approved by France. are as tollows:—

Austria to recognize the di solution of the former

German Bund, the organization of a new Confedera-tion, from which Austria is excluded. Austria agrees to this. North Germany to form a union under Prussia's

Annexation of the Elbe duchies to Prussia, ex-cepting Danish Sch cawig.

Part payment by Austria of the war expenses.

Maintenance of Austria's Integrity, excepting

Venetia, Pru-sia intends annexing territory containing thre millions of people.

The Austrians repulsed a superior force of the Prossians at Brelmenan.

Prossions at Brelmenan.

Manineffe! insists on the immediate payment of twenty-five minion florins, threatening to deliver Frankfort up to pillage in the event of a non-compliance. The Bourse and warehouses were closed.

In Frankfort Chamber reinse to pay twenty-five milhous, preferring to submit to pillage.

The city has solicited the intervention of Napoleon and the English Cabinet.

The Paris Patric says:—"The terms of armistice, as regards Italy, sipulate for the occupation of Verona by the Italian troops."

A telegram from Brunn says:—
On marching from Brunn, the Prussian army discovered in front, in every direction, only the pickets

covered in front, in every direction, only the pickets of the enemy's cavalry, who retired as the Prussians advanceds

sians advanceds
The bridges over the Thaya and March were restored by the Frussians in twenty-four hours.
The Mondel Brigade which had intrenened itself in Lunderberg, has evacuated the town without making a show of resistance and proceeded youth.
During the new days preceding the occupation of Goding by the Frussians, thirty-nine trains, heavily loaced with troops, passed through the town for the South. The last six trains conveyed soldiers of the Saxon army.

Annval of the "Baltic." New York, August 6—The steamship Bullic, from Southampton on the 14th ult., has arrived. Her advices have been anticipated.

Murder in Newark. About one o'clock on Saturday morning a About one o'clock on Saturday morning a homicide was committed in Newask, under the following circumstances:—A man named Alfred Poole, familiarly known as "Bazz." who was partner with one Charles Hopper in the back business in Newark, was at the Market street depot, waiting, as was his custom, for the milnight train from this city. In company with two or three friends, Poole went to the Washington House, No. 3 Railroad avenue, and called for a dish of clams. Ira Munn, the barkeeper of the hotel, asked Poole if he had the money wherewith to pay for his meal. Poole responded by producing money to the amount of about \$100. The dish called for was placed upon the table, when Munn insisted upon immediate payment. Poole, made angry by this demand for payment before the food was eaten, rose from the table, and with his triends started to leave the room. Poole, as he reached the door, remarked that he should patronize no house where he received such treatment, whereat Munn plunged a jack-knile into Poole's left side, penetrating almost to the heart. Poole was carried out immediately by his companions, who were in the act of conveying him to a doctor's office, when he tell at the corner of Ferry tion consequent on excessive hamorrhage, The attention of an officer having been called to the occurrence, he proceeded to the hotel and secured Munn, after meeting with a vigorous resistance, he being obliged to break open the door, where he found the man he was in quest of lying on the floor, under a table in the diningroom. Poole was then taken by other officers back to the hotel, where medical attendance was procurred, while the accused was conveyed to the Station House. Poole expired at half-gast 11 in the forenoon. The instrument of his death is in the hands of the authorities, having been secured by the companions of the deceased having applied stimulants so far restored consciousness to the dying man that he was able to reply to the doctor's interrogatory in the brief sentence, "I was stabbed by Ira Munn." The deceased leaves a father, mother, and sister, sesiding in in Kinney street, was about twenty even years of age, and unmarried.

# The Coroner ca'led a jury at 4 o'clock on saturday alternoon, which viewed the body, and some testimony was taken, when the inquest was adjourned.—N. Y. Tribune. A Remarkable Case of Crim. Con

HUSBAND SUED BY HIS WIFE FOR THE SUPPOR OF THEIR ILLEGITIMATE CHILD. From the Chicago Tribune, August 8.

A very curious matrimonial problem comes up to be solved this morning before Justice Sum-merneld. The solution may be simple enough, but the case itself is certainly one of the mos extraordinary in the annals of domestic life. A woman suing her own husbana for the support of their illegitimate child, may seem at first sight a mere absurdity, yet such is the true statement of a little domestic difficulty which has recently arisen.

It appears that about five years ago Patrick Ward, an Irishman, who owns several houses and lots in this city, took to himself a wife whose name is Mary. By him she had two children, and the pair appear to have lived together in perfect amity and mutbal contentedness for long term of years. Business prospered with Patrick, and he grew rich. The children grew and flourished, and Mary was blest. About six months ago, however, a coldness sprung up the domestic circle, owing, as was alleged the husband, to Mary's over partiality for the bottle. Mrs. Ward left the city to visit some triends who resided in another State, and when she was gone Patrick tound life moving so smoothly with him in her absence, that he deter-

smoothly with him in her absence, that he determined to live alone for the luture. He sued for and obtained a divorce from the absent wife, allering in his bill, habitnal drunkganess.

When Mary returned, Pairick relenied somewhat, for his old affection for her revived, and, without telling her what had transpired while she was away, he welcomed her back to his bed and board. The result of the reunion was that and board. The result of the reunion was that a third little one was about to be added to the amily. As soon as he became alive to the probability of an increase, Patrick bethought bim self once more of his divorce, and informed Mary of the disagreeable fact that she was no longer his wife. The result was that the doubly wronged and injured wife and mother repaire esterday to the office of Justice Summerfield. and swore out a warrant against Patrick for the support of the child. The case will be examined this morning before the Justice.

-This is the way Mrs. Smith advertises her

husband:—
"Lost, Strayed, or Stolen.—An individual, whom I, in an urgent moment of loneliness, was thoughtless enough to adopt as my husband. He is a good-looking and feeble individual, knowing enough, however, to come in when it raises, unless some good-looking eirl offers him the shelter of her umbrella. Answers to the name of Jim. Was last seen in company with Julia Harris, walking with his arm around her walst, up the plank road, looking more like a fool, if possible, than ever. Anybody who will catch the poor tellow, and bring him carefully back, so that I can chastise him for running away, will be invited to stay to tea by "Many E. Surre."

## THE NEW ORLEANS RIOT.

Additional Details of the Massacre -Deaths-Effect of the Riot in Other Southern States, Etc. Etc. Etc.

New Orleans, August 5. - Dr. Doetle died to-day at 4 o'clock P. M. The Rev. Mr. Horton, the officiating minister at the late Convention, died this evening.

Result of the Massacre-Persecutions of Union Men in Alabama—Thousands of Loyalists Fleeing from the City-Assas-

sinution of a United States Officer. New Orleans, August 4.—A conservative gen-tleman, just arrived from Alabama, states that, emboldened by the roots in this city and the President's policy, the Rebels have commenced persecuting Union men, with the intention of forcing them to leave the State. Alluding to last Monday's massacre, the Times of to day's issue says that the sidewalk in front of the Mechanics' Institute ran in blood. Within the past three days over one thousand Union people have field to the North, and before the lapse of another week the number will have been greatly increased. The Rebels are exulting over what they have accomplished in breaking up the Convention and expelling the Union men. Lieutenant-Governor Voorhees tas, in connection with Mayor Monroe, chief of assassins and thougs, sent, at the President's request, a statement of the massacres of Monday. This evidence is objected to by Union men, inasmuch as there is ample sworn testimony to convict them both as active participants in the massacre of Monday, Hundreds of men have received notice to leave this evening. Major B. Rush Plumly was threat-ened with assassination within hearing of your correspondent, on the corner of St. Charles and Canal streets. Lieutenant Butts, of the Freed-men's Bureau, has been murdered and robbed in Jackson Parish .- New York Tribune.

### REPORTED HEAVY DEFALCATION

The New York Steam Sugar Refinery said to be Victimized to the Extent of \$120,000-The Defaulter said to have Cone to California.

It was discovered on Wednesday last, if rumor be correct (though for some reason cost known to themselves the officers of the institution victimized refuse to extend any information to the porters concerning it), that a heavy defalca-tion, or rather misappropriation of funds, had taken place among the employes of the New York Steam Sugar Retining Comoany. The party impli-cated is said to be Mr. Isaac W. Dean, of No. 141 We't Twenty-first street. Mr. Dean was the Wall street salesman of the Company, and, it rumor speaks truly, has been for some time appropriating to his own use large amounts of be funds that were intrusted to his care. The sum total of these peculations is variously estimated at from \$85,000 to \$120,000. With a portion of the money thus obtained, it is said, e left this city on Wednesday last, per steamer, for California. The defaults are reported to have been brought about in this manner:—

The party in question has been in the employment of the Company for many years, and in ordering sugar from the refinery for customers, was in the habit of making his order for the goods much larger than was needed, disposing of the surplus on his own individual account. The secret of these netarious operations is said have leaked out in this wise. agar was purchased from the salesman by the east side of the city, the agregrocer on ment being that it should be sold on a credit of thirty days. The reported delauter, however, is said, subsequently induced the grocer to cash his own bill at a very liberal discount. which the grocer did forth with, taking a proper voucher therefore. When the o'll came to maturity a collector went from the Company other to procure the funds, when the whole transaction between the grocer and the sales man was brought to light. The grocer's state ment was, of course, carried to the Company office, and the salesman was at once upbraided with the affar by the head buyer of the estab-

He acknowledged the truth of their statement but carnestly implored them not to inform the President of the Company with regard to it, stating that he would make the matter all right the next day (Thursday last). In consequence of this promise they gave no information to the President, supposing that the money would be forthcoming. It was not, however, and the tacts in the case were made known to the President, Mr. Moller, of No. 319 Fifth avenue. Rumor has it that no sooner had Mr. Dean left the buyer and confidential clerk on Wednesday, jumped into a coach, visited his res dence, and, after hastily packing a trunk, was driven to the pier from which the California steamer sailed. This statement comes from the coachmar, though many believe that he was co sbrewd to have gone in a direction where notice of his alleged peculation would have been given by telegraph long before he could et foot on the shores of the Pacific slope. ne has gone to some foreign port, or that he yet secreted in and about the city, seems much more probable in many minds. Fift thousand dol!ars is about the reported amount he is said to have taken away with him, wher

ever he may be.
Mr. Moller, the President of the Company says that no definite information can be given with regard to Dean's operations, or his where frauded the Company to the extent of \$120,000 or \$80,000, as bad been reported, or that he took away with him any considerable amount of the Company's lunds. On the contrary, Mr. Moller stated that, according to his information, Dean borrowed money from his friends with which to pay his passage from the country, and he pro te-ts that the Company are in blissful ignorance concerning any facts connected with the mat Whether the President's statement or mon rumor be correct, of course time will tell Mr. Dean leaves behind him a very interesting family, consisting of a wite and five children.-N. Y. Daily News.

# The Late Major-General Lysander Cutler.

ORDER OF GOVERNOR PAIRCHILD. STATE OF WISCONSIN, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Madison, July 31, 1866.—The people of Wis-consin will hear with deep regret the announcement of the death of Brevet Major-General Lysander Cutler, at Milwaukie, on Monday, the oth instant.

General Cutler was among the most efficient and best beloved of the soldiers from this State. Distinguished for his services, covered with honorable scars, filled with years and glory, he-goes to his grave deeply mourned by the entire people of a sorrowing State. As a testimony of respect the flag upon the State Capitol will be displayed at half-mast

from sunrise until sunset, on Tuesday, 31st July The Quartermaster order, the execution of this order, Louis Fairchild, The Quartermaster-General is charged with

CHARLES FAIRCHILD, Military Secretary.

-A woman in St. Louis poisoned her daughter and then committed suicide, because her busband did not get home one night as early as —A new "order" is to be established in France, to be bestowed solely on women who have dis-played courage and devotion. The order is to be called "Eugenie."

### LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS-Judge Pierce. This day was the first of the August term of this

The business of the June term being pretty well finished, and the weather being exceedingly warm-indeed, so warm as to render it very d ngerous to continue sitting in this close court-roon —the Court adjourned several weeks ago. and did not meet again until last Saturday, when the usual business of the last day of every term was carried on.
But few others than jurors for the present term

were in attendance this morning.

The Grand Jury, all who were present, were sworn. Mr. Job Rickards was appointed

His Honor Judge Pierce then gave the Grand

Jory a brief but sound instruction. His Honor Judge Ludlow will hold the remainder or the term. The Court said it would not be in session generally during the week; but that it the Grand Jury should, in the meantime, have any bills to

present, on Friday at 1 o'clock the Court would sit to receive them. The list of petit jurors was then called, and the pleas for exemption, which were, of course, most numerous, were heard, considered and acted upon.

The juries being empanelled, were discharged until next Monday.

The regular business of the day being concluded, the Court gave attention to the case of Munro and Anthony Sully, of Washington.

They were charged with conspiracy to cheat and defraud Weir & Co., or Third street.

About two months ago these men came on here, representing to our merchants that they were extensive business men, having stores in Washington, Alexandria, and several other places. By these representations they were enabled to obtain goods from the aforesaid merchants to the amount of near \$900.

In due time the bids were sent to Washington,

but the Sullys refused to pay them. Application was then made to the Governor, who granted a requisition for their arrest, and deputed Marcus F. Givens to receive and convey these men to this city.
Mr. Givens promptly performed his duty, suc-

ceeding in arresting the parnes, and brought them on here last Saturday night. To day they were delivered over to the jurisdiction of this Court for commitment. The burt fixed 'he bail at \$2000 each.

William Watts, charged with having stabbed Peter Kins, was heard on habeas corpus, remanded for trial, and admitted to enter bail in The Court adjourned, and will meet no more

# The Robbery of Quartermaster Emmerson, at Nashville, Fenn.

for a week or so.

ARREST OF MOLBURN, THE BURGLAR-RECOVERY OF NEARLY ALL OF THE STOLEN MONEY, ETC.

From the Nashvile Dispatch of Friday.
We mentioned in yesterday's Dispatch the capture of private Molburn, atlas Maloney, alias Johnson, etc., who, about toree weeks ago, robbed the sale of Major Emmerson, paymaster in this city, of nearly eight thousand dollars. We yesterday succeeded in obtaining the particulars of the arrest of the robber, who has been brought to Nashville for trial.

After securing the money Molburn pro-ceded into the country, directing his way northward, but shunning the towns on the railroad, and keeping as much as possible away from the largely travelled highways. After three or tour cass he purchased a horse and buggy, and proceeded leisurely on his way through Ken ucky. At Louisville he passed over into Indiana, still keep ng as much as while in the vicinity or Louisville that Officers Slater, Gallagher, and Bligh, of that city, who had been on the lookout, got wind of the robber, and started at once in pursuit, morning they took the cars for Memphis Indiana, where they obtained a wagon, and started out through the country, which in this , ort on of the State is very rough and broken, serrated with valleys and piled up into hills. It is rather a sparsely settled region, and likely to attract the attention of one de-irous to escape the prying eyes of the public at large. After a wearlsome trip the three detectives reached a point between Memphis and Henryviile, and some distance from the New Albany and Chicago Railroad, where they found one Joseph Smith, situated in a secluded retreat, his house surrounded by high hills. Here they found the object of their search, and took him

quietly into their custody. Molourn, on arriving at this out-of-the-way having decided upon seitling there, and living upon the money which he had stolen. In a short time, either through his looks, graceful manners, or the influence of his money, probaby the latter, he ingratiated himself into the good feelings of Miss Fraver, and after a courthip of three days the two were married on las Friday, so that their honeymoon was suddenly interrupted by the appearance of the officers, and the arrest of the groom. So sudden was the escent of the detectives on the party, that they were taken entirely by surprise. Upon the peron of Molburn was found \$2335, and in the bedtick of his bride was found \$2000 more, making in all \$4335, which the officers recovered in money. This, with the three nuc horses and the buggy, which were purchased by Motburn while on his way up from Nashville, will make up nearly the entire amount stolen.

RESULTS OF WAR. -A learned German, M. laussener, has just published some statistics from which we extract the following:wars which have been waged from 1815 to 1864 have caused the death of 2,762,000 men, of whom ,148,000 were Europeans, and 614,000 from other quarters of the globe, which gives an average of 13,800 per annum. These agures do not include the deaths caused by epidemics resulting from war. The most sanguinary hostilities of that period are these:-The Eastern war of 1856, in which 508,600 men fell, in the following propor tions: -256,000 Russ ans, 98,800 Tarks, 107,000 French, 45,000 English, and 2600 Italians. In the Caucasus (1829-60) 330,000 men lost their lives. The revolt in India (1857-59) cost 196,000 lives. The Russo-Turkish war (1820-29) 193,000. The Polish insurrection (1831), 470,000. The whole of the French campaigns in Africa (1830-59),146,000. The Hungarian insurrection, 142,000. The Italian war, 129,870, of whom 96,874 died on the field or from their wounds; and 33,000 from various diseases. The total number of lives lost n Europe during the wars from 1792 to 1815 amounted to 5,530,000, which gives for the twenty-three years an average of 240,434 deaths

-Is the Empress Eugenie to be envied? The French country papers just now, for want of knowing a cetter way of pleasing, onter into details which are making the Paris public stare. her Majesty, and praises her piecemeal. "The solor of her Majesty's hair is of the most exquisite uncertainty," says one; "it is neither bro-n, nor golden, nor orange, but a mixture of all three," "Who has not beheld the angels can fancy their expression on poboldic. them dissects the whole appearance of can fancy their extression on beholding her Majesty's smile—nothing more heavenly ever seen on this side of the clouds," At lons every reference was made to her Majesty's cholera patients at Amiens, and on one of the triumphal arches was beheld the in Charity, the good Angel of France." And this Sister of Charity advanced attired in what is called "an exquisite follet." A white muslin that the control of called "an exquisite tollet." A white muslin with a long train embro dered in Naucy satin titch (which made her Majesty declare that the annexation of Lorraine was in reality a blessing for France), a chapeau lamballe adorned with a crown of lilies of the valley and a pea-green peplune embroidered in pearls.

### FROM WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.] WASHINGTON, August 6.

Personal.

Major-General James B. Steedman has arrived at the National Hotel, registered as from Augusta, Ga. General Fullerton arrived three days since, and is busy compiling the results of his tour. He will return to his former position as private Secretary to President Johnson. Although subpoenas have been issued by the Bureau Court-Martial at Raleigh for the appearance of these gentlemen, there is no expectation on their part of responding. The case of Colonel Whittlesey, in which they were necessary either for the detense or prosecution, has been closed, and the other cases are reported as rapidly winding up. Specific charges will be brought against the Inspectors for conduct unbecoming officers and gentlemen, by c tizens of the South, and a trial casue which will develop much that is interesting and peculiar in the conduct of this

### Prize Property.

A large and advantageous sale of captured prize property belonging to the Navy Department took place on Fr.day, at the Gosport Navy Yard, netting a handsome revenue to the Government. One item, scrap iron, at 1; to 2 c. per lb., realized over \$8000. Several hundred hogsheads of confiscated Virginia leaf tobacco will be sold by Colonel Loomis, Treasury Agent at Richmond, the last week of the present month.

### Heirs of Deceased Soldiers.

The Commissary-General has decided that commutation of rations for soldiers, while confined in Rebel prisons, shall be allowed only to them, and not to their heirs.

### J. ff. Davis.

Charles O'Conor left for New York last night. He had a meeting to-day with Attorney-General Stanbery and Judge Holt. The results of the interview are not known.

### Conscience Letters.

The following characteristic conscience letters are taken from the many daily received at the Treasury Department, returning ill-gotten gains: MR. SECRETARY .- SIT:-This \$50 belongs to the

Government for revenue tax.

Mrs. JEFF Davis. HON. H. MCCULLOCH .- Sir:-Inclosed you will and \$15, which is due Uncie Sam. Yours, truly,

### Financial.

The fractional currency printed the past week was as follows;-Ten-cent notes, \$34,600; twentyfive cent notes, \$169,500; fifty-cent notes, \$123,000; total, \$357,000. Fractional currency destroyed, \$592,667.60.

## Appointments.

Ex-Governor W. F. Johnston was on Saturday appointed Collector of Castoms at Philadelpnia; Peter A. Keyser, Assistant Assessor, has been appointed Assessor Third Pennsylvania District, vice that official resigned.

The following appointments are announced for the Territory of Dakota: -- Governor, Andrew l. Faulk, vice Edmunds; Associate Justice, John W. Boyle; Receiver of the Land Office, George

## The Heath of Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, August 6 .- At a special meeting of the Board of Health of this city, held on Saturday, the Health Officer reported 330 deaths in July. Among which were twelve from choleraj (so called "Asiatic"). The first case occurred July 11. He also reports, August 1, four deaths from cholera; August 2, three deaths; August 3, ten deaths: August 4, eleven deatas; and yesterday, August 5, twenty-four deaths. The large number of deaths within the last few days is probably owing to the sudden chan e in the weather. The thermometer to-day in licating a temperature of only 64 degrees.

## From Forcess Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 4.- A are broke out at midnight, in Norfolk, in a building at the corner of William and Talbot streets, which spread to the hall of the Norfolk Light Artillery Blues, and consumed both buildings.

Robert W. Shea was last night elected Chie Engineer of the Norfolk Fire Department. Active measures to improve the sanitary con-

dition of Noriolk have been inaugurated by the authorities and citizens. While some negroes were in the act of break ng up a loaded shell on the beach near this place, for the purpose of selling it for old iron,

# FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

it exploded, and seriously wounded two of thein,

he others making narrow escapes.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH,

Monday, August 6, 1866. The Stock Market continues very dull, but prices are steady. In Government bonds there is no material change to notice. Old 5-20s sold at 108/; and 7.30s at 104/; 99/ for 10-40s; and 107# for 6s of 1881. City loans are without change; the new issue sold at 981, and old do.

Railroad shares, as we have noticed for some time past, continue the most active on the list. Philadelphia and Erie sold at 324, no change; Camden and Amboy at 1242@125, the former rate a decline of 4; Reading at 552, a decline of 4: Lebigh Valley at 65, no change: Catawissa preferred at 37%, a slight decline; and Pennsylvania Railroad at 574, an advance of 4; 374 was bid for Little Schuylkill; 55] for Minehill; 39 for North Pennsylvania; 42 Elmira preferred; and 46 for Northern Central.

City Passenger Railway shares are dull, and we hear of no sales. 87 was bid for Se cond and Third; 441 for Fifth and Sixth; 214 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 65 for West Philadelphia; and 18f for Hestonville.

Bank shares continue in good demand for investment at full prices, but we hear of no sales. 225 was bid for North America; 140 for Philadelphia; 128 for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 544 for Commercial; 94 for Northern Liberties; 53 for Penn Township; 55 for Girard; 65# tor City; and 65 for Corn Exchange.

In Canal shares there is very little movement,

THIRD EDITION Lehigh Navigation sold at 574@574, the former rate a decline of it and Specialistic rate a decline of 4; and Susquebanna Canal at 15@15t, a slight advance. 26f was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common: 351 for Schuylkill Navigation preferred; and 118 for Morris Canal preferred.

> Oil shares are dull and neglected. A small lot of Caldwell sold at 1.

Quotations of Gold-101 A. M., 1473; 11 A. M., 147+; 12 M., 147+: 1 P. M., 147+.

The Cincinnsti Enquirer says:—
"Nothing has transpired since our last to indicate any change in the discount market. The receipts or currency are tair, and most of the houses report balances slowly increasing. The applications for loans are on a moderte scale only, and the supply of currency being ample for all legitimate purposes, the market is in a comfortable working condition. Rates of interest are steady at 8@10 per cent. for first class signatures, and 12 per cent. for good mercantile paper. Outside parties are still, in many cases, obliged to seek accommodations on the street, where 15 per cent. is the ruling rate, as this class of borrowers meet with but little encouragement at the regular discount houses. There is I ttle or no paper of a speculative character offering, as there is no animation in our

-The Chicago Republican says:-There is no essential leature of change to note in the character or condition of the money market. Owing to the quie t which so generally prevails in commercial circles, there is but a very moderate demand for loans, and the banks readily accommodate all good paper at the legal rate of interest. Eastern exchange is still in very light supply, and the market is firm at par buying and 1-10 of one per cent. premium

general markets."

-The European circular of L. P. Morton & Co. makes the following allusion to the prosrects of the cotton crop:-

"The prospect of the growing crop, we think, has improved within the past thirty days. From an actual inspection of the growth, and a personal investigation of the condition of labor, we incline to the belief that 2,000,000 bales may be made. Should the present month prove wet and windy, or should the frost be unseasonably early, this will not, in all probability, be reached, extremes of judgment now appear to be 1,800,000 bales and 2,000,000 bales, in view of the above contingencies,"

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & bro. No. 40 S. Third street.

FIRST BOARD. \$0000 US 5-286220001055 100 sh Ph & E.... 322 200 sh do...lots. 322 100 sh do...s5 323 400 sn do.iots. 55 323 400 sh do...s5wn 322 100 sh do...c 322

-Messrs, DeHaven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day at 1 P. M. :-

August, 1865.... Sept., 1865.... " October 1895.... 5% Philadelphia Trade Report.

MONDAY, August 6 -A small lot of No. 1 Querciron Bark sold at \$35 P ton. The Flour market continues fnactive, but with continued light receipts and extremely small stocks, prices are steady. There is no demand for shipment, and the home trade purchase sparingly. Sales of a few hundred barrels at \$9 50@10 50 for North western extra family, and \$10 50@11 50 for old Penn. sylvania and Ohio do do, including small lots a f \$6.87 j@7 50 P bb! for superfine; \$5 50@8 50 for old

stock extra; \$10.75@11 for iresh-ground new wheat

do.; and \$12@14 for fancy brands, as in quality. In Rye Flour and Corn Meal nothing doing. There is not much Wheat coming forward, and prime quality is in moderate demand at an advance of 10c per bushel. Sales of 1200 bushels fair new red at \$2 60@2 65; nothing doing in white. Rye is unchanged; we quote Western at 90c., and Pennsylvania at \$1. Corn is not muc : inquired after; sales or 1000 bushe's at 90c for yellow and 88c. for Westers mixed. Oats are dull and have a downward tendence; small sales of new Delaware at 50c., but buyers now refuse to pay this figure.

Whisky is inactive Small sa es of Pennsylvania at #2 28@2 24, and Ohio at \$2 29.

### Philadelphia Cattle Market. MONDAY, August 6 .- The Cattle Market, as we

have noticed for several weeks past, continues dall; but prices are unchanged. About 1500 head arrived and sold at from 17@18c. for extra; lo@16jc. for fair to good; and 12@14c. P pound for common, as to quality. The following are the particulars of the

79 " J. Se domri ge Western, 16@17] 26 " G. Shembers, Pennsylvania 7@9, gross, Cows are unchansed 200 head sold at \$50@89 for springers, and \$60@100 P head for Cow and Calf.
Sheep are in fair demand. 8000 head sold at from
6 to 6 to P pound gross, as to quality.
Hogs—Prices have advanced. 1100 head so'd at Hogs-Prices have advanced. 1100 head so'd at e different yards at from \$14.50 to \$15 the 100

-The grass tree (Xanthorea) is to be found in nearly all parts of Australia. Up to a tew months ago it was supposed only to be a useless growth, encumbering the land. A few knew from the blacks that it contained a very tenacious gum—the blacks used it as give for join-ing parts of their weapons; but it is only within the last few months that the following valuable articles have been obtained by a Mr. Dodd. The root is the portion used in these experiments and usually weighs from ten pounds to fifty pounds. The root is composed of the stems growing in a close mass around the inner por-tion or kernal. From the outer portion of the root gum shellac in large quantities is obtainable; the refuse contains a large quantity of gas, and can be made available for lighting the works. From the inner portion is extracted, by pressing or distilling, a spirit equal to the best brandy: after distilling, a quantity of saccha-rine matter remains, from which sugar can be extracted. The present supply of grass tree in the neighborhood of St. Ronan's is computed to be equal to a supply of six hundred tons per week for the next ten years.—Melbourne Heraid.

—A young Schenectady lady has become in-sane in consequence of the opposition of her friends to a match upon which she had set her