SCHUGGLE AND TRIUMPH .- When I first intro coed the Nitrous Oxide Gas to the dental protesion at New York, in 1863, it was a long time sfore the public and the profession were coninced that we could actually extract teeth thout pain. But the new agent gained friends inily, and at the present writing we have exracted teeth for 14,126 patients, without the first failure or unpleasant effects from the gas, nor has any one said that he would have teeth drawn in any other way. All of these have signed our scroll, certifying that their teeth have been drawn without pain, or any unpleasant effects from the gas. In Philadelphia we have extracted teeth since the 12th of October last, for two thousand seven hundred and forty-five patients, with the same result in every case as in New York.

By employing the best dental skill for extracting (I pay one man for extracting \$50 per week), and exercising great care to extract no teeth that can and ought to be saved by filling, we have removed all opposition to the gas, and nearly half our business now comes from patients sent to us by the medical and dental professions.

All our patients have added their names to a scroll certifying that their teeth were drawn without pain. We invite the public to call and see the list. Opposite their names they have written sentences like the following:-"Very good," "A perfect miracle." "Never knew it." "Is it possible?" "No pain whatever." "A painful reality dispelled by a pleasant dream," 'Had a sweet dream; could not believe they were out."

One great advantage of the gas is, that it is entirely harmless, and can be breathed by the most delicate, nervous, and feeble patients without injury. Dr. Thomas, formerly of New York, who is to do the extracting for the future, is one of the most careful and successful operators in the profession, as all will testify who have been under his care. Dentists and members of the medical profession having patients destrous of having teeth extracted, are invited to call and witness operations.

G. Q. COLTON, No. 737 Walnut street, Philadelphta.

CITY INTELLIGENCE

For Additional Local Items see Third Page.

A GIGANTIC ENTERPRISE.-The man to whose of feil an elephant in a prize-drawing has become a instorical character. But he will soon be shorn of his laurels. In our eighth page will be found an advertisement to which the attention of our readers is called. It gives the details of a great gift enverprise, in which the premiums amount to nearly a million of dollars. The first prize is the celebrated Crosby Opera House of Chicago, one of the landsome-t and most commodious buildings of the kind on the continent. The person who secures

the kind on the continent. The person who secures
this as his premium will henceforth rank the elephant winner in a substancial manner.

Among the other prizes are Bierstadt's great painting or the "Yosemite Valley," California; Cropsey's

'American Autumn." Schussele's "Washington
trying and his Friends," and other productions by of the most distinguished artists of the This great scheme had its origin in the embarrass-

nents of Mr. Crosby, the builder and proprietor of he Opera House, who became financially involved by its construction to such an extent that he has sy its construction to such an extent that he has bund it necessary to part with the property. The whole enterprise is without a para led in the history of prize-drawings; one which, by its very magnitude, and the immense value of some of the prizes, will present a temptation which few persons can esist. The endorsement of ex-Lieutenant-Governor Hoffman, of Illinois, J. C. Dore, Esq., President of the Chicago Board of Trade, and others of the leading busines; men of Chicago, is a sufficient guarantee of the good faith of those who have the management of the enterprise. management of the enterprise.

THE SUCCESS of Dr. von Moschzisker in the treatment of Deatness and Bandness, Throat, Lung, Che-t diseases, and Catarrh, fully illustrates he progress of medical science in those branches, t shows what can be accomplished by one who de-ottes himself to special treatment of certain siseases. Dr von Moschzisker has not only given full proof by his published works how thoroughly he under lands these ma addes in all their forms, but by his ictual success established the fact that they can be stadicated if rightly treated. Some two years ago ne brought to the notice of the medical profession nis new system of treating Doafoess. Throat and Lung diseases, by the Aton Exit, constructed by him, and we find now that this method is spoken of in almost every medical periodical as being the only sure one; and when we refer to the list of citizens who have witnessed his skill, we feel assured that no one who needs his services will longer delay consider him. Numerous testimonials can be exictual success established the fact that they can be suiting him. Numerous testimonials can be examined at his office, No. 1031 Walnut street.

THE WEATHER OF THE WEEK .- The week which goes out to day has been one or the pleasantest of the season tour far. The days have not been scoreling hot, and as a general thing it has been possible for every one with a clear conclence to sleep o' nights. The thermometer at yourth and Chesnut streets has made the following respectable record:—

respectable record:	A. M.	12 M	8 P. M.	6 P. M.
Monday	85	85	87	85
Tuesday	79	82	86	86
Wednesday	82	85	88	84
Thursday	81 81	84	86	84
Friday	81	90	87	80
Saturday	9.1	90		0.00

THE GIPSIES .- Nelson Cooper, Samue Ceoper, Bendigo Palmer, and H. L. Palmer, four of the principal men attached to a band or gipsies were arrested yesterday morning. They had a ten-pitched on the side of the road in Blockley avenue below Vine street, in the neighborhood of Sixty-fifth street. They had pienty of money, and had in their possession quite a number of valuable horses. Thei annoyance to the neighbors by fighting and quar relling was the immediate cause of the arrest. The were held in \$300 bonds to keep the peace and fined

ARREST OF ANOTHER OF THE RIOTERS .-James Pailey, suspected to be one of the men er gaged in the late rior at Twenty-sixth and Sout gaged in the late riot at Twenty-sixth and South streets, was arrested yesterday at I wenty-fourth and Lombard streets. He was held in \$500 ball by Alderman Switt for a further hearing. The three other men, P. Devinney, I. Nuity, and John Monaghan had a hearing before Recorder Enen yesterday and were held in \$5000 each for riot, a sault and battery with intent to kill, and rescue of prisoners; and the two former in \$2000 additional for old offenses

AN IMPORTANT DECISION IN INTERNAL REVENUE —A decision of some importance to our crizens was made recently by Internal Revenue Commissioner Rollins. It is to the effect that when a tax for the grading or paying of streets is assessed by the municipal authorities, under municipal or other public laws, and the payment thereof is compulsory upon the persons against whom it is assessed, the amount actually paid by such persons should be allowed as a reduction from their respective incomes.

FATAL RAILBOAD ACCIDENT—ANOTHER WARNING.—Bernaru McDevitt, of Philadelphia, in attempting to get on the excursion train for At'autic City, on Thursday morning, while the train was in motion, was thrown under the cars, which passed over his right lep, crushing it horribly, and otherwise injuring him, rendering amputation of the leg necessary, which was skilfully performed by Dr. H. Gene: Taylor. The unfortunate man died from his injuries, after lingering some hours.

A GOOD MOVEMENT-CADETS OF TEMPE-RANCE - During the past six weeks about one hundred young men have been added to the above organization, and have resolved themselves into a detective force. The good effects of this has already been seen, over one hundred persons having been brought to justice for violatius the Sunday laws in selling hours. Much credit is due Thomas Cochran. E-q , for his efforts in the cause of temperance in

A NEW CHURCH.—The corner-stone of the new Church of St. Anne, as Port Richmond, will be laid to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon at 31 o'clock. Bishop McGull, of Richmond, Va., will officiate on the occasion, assisted by a number of clergymeu, and the sermon will be preached by Very Rev. Dr. Morierty, O. S. A. The cars of the Union Passonger Railroad run within two squares of the ground.

INDIGNATION MEETING OF THE MER-CHANTS — PROTEST AGAINST THE RUNOVAL OF WILLIAM B. THOMAS, COLLECTOR OF THE PORT,— Last evening we published a call for a meeting of the leading merchants of the city, to protest awainst the removal of Colonel thomas from the Collector-ship of the Port of Philadelphia The call was sub-scribed by the following gen-lemer:—

scrived by the following gen lemer:

Start & Brother,
Alex. G. Cattell & Co.,
Hoffman & Kennedy,
Brooke & Pugh,
Throdon Wilson,
George Keck.
Tomlinson & Hill.
Etting & Co.,
William Duniap.
Siter, Price & 1.0.,
Wernwag & Co.,
Farnham, Kirkham & Co.,
Farnham, Kirkham & Co.,
Farnham, Kirkham & Co.,
This morning, at half-past cleven o'clock, the

This morning, at half-past eleven o'clock, the meeting was held at the rooms of the Board of Trade. It was largely attended, and was called to order by C. H. Cummings, Esq. S. Morrison Coates, E.q., was unanimously elected Scorelary.

order by C. H. Cummings, Esq.

S. Morrison Coates, Esq., was unanimously elected Secretary.

Alexander G. Cattell, Esq., in stating the objects of the mesting aliaded to the great satisfaction which Colonel Thomas' administration of the Custom House had always given the merchants of the city, and the public at large. In conclusion, he offered the following series of resolutions:—

Whereas, This meeting of merchants has heard with extreme regret that President Johnson has exabliced an intention to remove from the Collectorsh p of the Port of Philadelphia Colonel William B. Thomas, one of our most eftierprising, patriotic citizens, whose long residence here as an extensive business of the city, and the character of its business men, and put in his place one who has never resided among us.

Andush-reas. Colonel Thomas has exhibited a brave, intensely loyal, and largely self-sacrificing character during and before the Bebellion.

Andush-reas. Without being required so to do, he has honorably made good to the United S ares at a cost to himself of near one hundred the sand dollars, a loss which accrued by reason of the dishonesty of a Cashler in the department; and whereas the business of the Custom House has been transacted not withstandlass the greatly ingreased complication as difficulties arising by the west, with promptness, curriesy, despatch and honesty heretofore unsurpassed.

And the reas, the office of Collector ought not necessarily to be considered a political office. Therefore it is by the meeting of merchants and citizens of all classes and shades of political opinion, animated by a common desire for the public good.

Reserved. That we most carnestly and emphatically remonstrate against any change of abolitment to fill the important post of Collector of the Port of Philacephia.

Reserved. That the speedy information be conveyed.

de phia,

R. so ved. That the speedy information be conveyed to President Johnson, that in our judgment the removal of Colone: Thomas and substitution. I any other man as Collector of this port, is carnestly deprecated by a very large majority of the citizens of Philadeiphia interested in the operations of the Custom House.

Resolved, That the President of the United States and the Senate of the United States and the Senate of the United States and the senate of the United States, are hereby earnestly requested to invorthis community by continuing William B. Thomas Collector of the Port.

The reading of the resolutions was received with suplause, and a motion made and seconded to pass them.

Before the constitution was taken. Mr. Thomas

them.

Before the question was taken, Mr. Thomoson suggested an alteration, making the resolutions more emphatic as an expression of satisfaction on the part of the merchants. The resolutions were so modified, and then adopted unanimously.

A motion was made by E. D. Brooks, Eq., to appoint a committee of the Board of Trade to proceed to Washington and lay the resolutions adopted before the President and Congress. After considerable discussion the motion prevailed, the chairman

before the Fresident and Constress. After considera-ble discussion the motion prevailed, the chairman leing authorized to appoint as the committee such of the leading merchants, tirce in number, as were in a position to proceed at once to the Capital. The meeting then adjourned.

FIRE, AND GREAT DESTRUCTION OF PRO-PERTY BY EXCESSIVE USE OF WATER.—We have visited the seene of the late fire in Commerce street, v.sted the so-ne of the late fire in Commerce street, and find the destruction to be even greater than was supposed. The fire was supposed to be the work of an incendiary. The building was set on fire in two places. In the cellar a quantity of hav used in packing was set on fire, and burned the whole lower floor, precipitating it into the cellar.

In the third story, two or three barrels of kindling wood were lighted, and communicated to the shelving, and swept up the starrcases and along the on the first floor and in the basement, and by fire celling, burning at almost through. In this building.

celling, burning it almost through. In this building, occupied by Biddle & Co., the loss was chiefly by fire and water in the third, fourth, and fifth stories; the and water in the third, fourth, and fifth stories; the second story did not contain any stock of any account, being in course of preparation for storing. Biddle & Co's losses are roughly estimated at \$50 000 in stock alone, and about \$5000 on the building. They have insurance to the amount of \$90 000 on the stock and about \$26,000 on the building, distributed among a number of companies.

panies.

Heaton & Dencia, hardware, steel, etc., merchants, next door below, had their first-floor goods somewhat injured by the fire, which burned through, but their principal loss was by water in the cellar. They lost several thousand dollars. Covered by

W. A. Knight, hardware, lost about \$5000, principally, if not who ly, from the water. In-ured.

The rag and paper warehouse of Morgan, Stokes

Nixon had its stock injured by water to the
extent of \$6000. Covered by insurance. The fire was evidently the work or an incendiary.
The building was shut up securely, but the transons above the doors of the first floor were removed. Fire Marshal Blackburn was on the spot, making investigations. It is hoped the parties concerned in set ting this place on fire will be caught, and made an example of. The whole amount of loss is about \$110,000 at a rough estimate, and is fully covered by insurance. following are the insurances upon the pro-

perties damaged by the fire:—
On the stock of Messrs Biddle & Co.
 North American
 \$10,000

 American
 19,000

 Pennsylvania Fire
 19,000

Royal	10.00
Security. New York	5.00
Security, New York	5.00
Market, New York	B 00
Washington, New York	5 00
Washington, New York	000
I TILL BE SEED OF THE SEED OF	20,000,000
On the building :-	
Pin Association	96.00
Fire Association	10.0
Fire Association	Constant Avian
	#10 O/
Loss to stock	75.00
Loss to stock	10,0
On the stock of Mesers, Heaton & De	makin mhi
	dickin, wate
was badly damaged by water:— Pennsylvania Insurance Company	#15 N
Pennsylvania Insurance Company	10.00
America	10.0
North American	10,0
Liverpool and London	10.0
Then Hartford	10.0
Eins, Hartford	
Halawara Mutuai	5.0
Delaware Mutuai	5.0
Delaware Mutuai. Enterprise. Home, New York	5,0
Halawara Mutuai	5,0 5,0

Estimated loss, \$50,000.

THE WILBESBARRE COURT HOUSE .- WO learn from our exchanges that the Court House at Wilkesbarre has just been refitted, recoated, and retyrnished by Mr. I. E. Wainven, of No 718 Chesnut street, in a style which has given great satisfaction to the Judges of the Supreme Court. The construction of the court room was such shart the voices of the index were street unaufolds at the rootes. of the judges were a most anaudible, either to them selves or to the lawyers and spectators. This diffi-culty has been most artistically obviated, by cem-bining and arranging the draperies on the north and bining and arranging the draperies on the north and south walls, so that the sound of the voices of the judges reactive every corner of the room with perfect distinctness. The sapect of the court-room has been reactly improved by the new draperies, which are of the most elogant description, crimson and gold predominating. A large carle surmounts the canopy over the beach of the Chief Justice, and all the details are carried out with the atmost care. Mr. Walraven may well be proud of the achievement he has made at Walkesbarre.

House Robbery.—Yesterday afternoon two rescals named D. W. Pierce and J. E. Smith were arrested for entering a house No. 1745 North Eleventh street, and stealing therefrom dresses, jaweiry, and whatever valuables they could lay their hands on, during the temporary absence of the owner. When arrested, they had desposed of their plunder. Alderman Harris held them in \$1000 ball for a turther hearing next Monday.

FIRES.—The flour and feed store of James Dickney, No. 1428 Richmond street, was desire ed by fire testerday It was supposed to be the work of an incendiar. The damage amounted to 8650. The dwelling house, occupied by Mrs. McClain, corner of Richmond street and the Reading Railroad, was destroyed at the same time.

CHOLERA—There were five cases of cholera reported at the Board of Health offices since our report of yesterday. Of these three cases of death occurred. Thus far there does not appear to be any increase in the number of cases.

Shoving the Quren.—Yesterday James Logan was arrested for attempting to pass counterfeit fift cent bills, and the morning he had a hearing teiore United States Commissioner Hibler. The principal evidence in the case was that of Mrs. Antoinette Painter who, on being aworn, saidt—That she lives at No RS South Fifth street; that law evening she was in the store of Mrs. Steele No. 938 South Fifth street; another man came in while the defendant stood outside, and offered a note and passed it on Mrs. Steele; the defendant then came in and offered mother note, which was not taken, as she had no change.

Mrs. Painter then followed the defendant, and pointed him out to Officer Reyser, and he was arrested and searched, and counterest fifty-cent notes found on him.

L gan was committed in default of \$1500 to answer at Court.

A CURIOUS ACCIDENT,—We were witnesses to a very curious circumstance that happened yesterday on Eighth street, near Zane To put in the gas fixtures in one of the buildings, the workmen had dug down on both ades or the railroad, and extending underneath, so as lo allow the cars and other vehicles to pass. A gentleman accompanied by some ladies, in a carriage drawn by a pair of valuable horses, attempted to pass over, when one of the horses out sightened at the hole, and made a loap that took it clear into the hole on one side. Its haunches slipped so far under the road that men had to get to work with spade and shovel and dig it out. There were several hundred people flocking around the place of the occurrence, and by great exertions the animal was taken out of its very unpleasant predicament without being A CURIOUS ACCIDENT.-We were witunpleasant predicament without

BOYS IN BLUE TAKE NOTICE.-There are a great many claims against the Government by those who were in the service during the war. toat, owing to a little informality, are rather obscure, and thighly vexations to get settled, unless in the bands of some vexations to get settled, unless in the bands of some tried and experienced person who has made it his busines; ro attend to such matters. Our noble brayes who left their homes, their business, and every home attachment behind them for the field, certainly deserve all, and more than will ever be given them. We notice in the news from Washington that a bill has been passed i for the equalization of bounties; and in this connection would recommend all those having claims on the secount to call on our friends Owens & Co. Mr. Owens, the principal of the firm, was connected with the War Department during the war for several years, and the valuable experience gained while there enables him to facilitate the collection or all claims of whatever kind against the Government. Our returned soldiers and sallors will always find him obliging and ready to give any information on theses ubjects at their office, No. 527 Chesnut street.

Excelent Clothing Excelent Clo

Reasonable Prices.
Reasonable Prices.
Reasonable Prices.
Reasonable Prices.

ble Prices

Wanamaker & Brown,

Wanamaker & Brown,

Oak Hall,

Oak Hall, S. E. CORNER SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

THE LEAST EFFICIENT CLOTHESave its cost in coothing, time, and labor. But above
all others we confidently recommend the purchase of
those baving cog-whole a to the rollers, because we know
them to be the most durable They are for sale, with
other kinds, by
TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

TOPPER TACKS, BEST SWEDES IRON. and common quality of Carpet Tacks, Leatherhead and Tinned Tacks, Glmp Tacks. Brushmakers:
Tacks, Hungarian and Shoe Nails, French Wire Nails,
tc. For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St. below Ninth.

COR IMMEDIATELY COOLING A GLASS of Soda Water, Lemonade, or other drinks, the
Patent Ice Plane will be found most useful, as the loe
is in such fine pieces as almost instantaneously to melt.
For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 885 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Nirth.

A DESIRABLE

UNITED STATES INVESTMENT.

United States Thirty-Year Registered Six Per Cent. Bonds,

FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW PRICE.

These Bonds cannot be paid off before 1896. CALL, OR ADDRESS.

DREXEL & CO., No. 34 South THIRD Street. 7 23 6t5p

SHIRTS, FURNISHING GOODS, &c

W. SCOTT & CO. SHIRT MANUFACTURERS

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, No. 814 CHESNUT Street,

AND DEALERS IN

FOUR DOORS BELOW THE "CONTINENTAL. 8 26 SEP

PATENT SHOULDER-SEAM SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice. All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS in full variety.

WINCHESTER & CO., No. 706 CHESNUT Street

BIOKRENE,

OR LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK-YOUTH TO THE AGED This preparation is unequalled as a rejuvenator and restorer of wasted and fiert functions.

The receive, the aged and all those who have in any way impaired their vitality by excessive mental or physical application, will find the Biokrene to be what its name implies—a lite-rejuvenator, which, while it builds up the shattered constitution, will also impart to the feelings the brishness and energy which belong to youth.

No matter by what cause any organ has become enree bled in its functions this superb preparation will remove that cause aronce and forever.

HIGK HENE cures Constal Debility Impotency, Nervous incapacity. Dyspepsia, Depression Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Imbeculity Mental Indoence, Emaclation, Ennul It has a most delightful, desurable, and novel effect upon the nervous system, and a! who are it any way prostayed by nervous disabilities are carnestly adviced to seek a cure in this most excel out and unequalled preparation. equalled preparation, equalled preparation, and the Despair-Blokki.NE.—The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purcose.

TO FEMALES,—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kin is, as it will resters the wasted strength with weader all permanence.

It is also a grand Tonic, and will give releft in Dyspep sia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will tenovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. Seld by Druggists generally. Sent by express anywhere by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLYER Proprietors, Seld by Sold by JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN. No 23 North SIXTH Street.

4 19 thstu5mrp No. 232 N SECOND St. THE AMERICAN BUREAU OF MINES No. 64 BROADWAY. Mines, Mineral Lands, and Ores examined and reported

upon. Competent Engineers furnished to Mining Com-Consultations afforded on all Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Questions, at the office of the Bureau, GEO. D. H. GILLESPIE, President. DRAKE DE KAY, Secretary. 3 10 tuths rp

PARASOLS AT \$1-25, \$1-50, \$1-75, AND \$2. Silk Sun Umbrelias, \$1-40, \$1-50, \$1-75, AND II. DIXON 4 18wfm | No. 21 S. EIGHTR Str.

FOURTH EDITION

FROM ASPY BAY, N. S.

NO NEWS FROM THE ATLANTIC CABLE

ASPY BAY, N. S., July 28 - We have had no communication with Newfoundland since the 21st inst., the news yacht hav ng been held in waiting at Cape Ray, Newfoundland, by order of the Superintenden of the Newfound and line, for the purpose of despatching the car test possible intelligence of the arrival of the Great Eastern at Heart's Content where she is now fully due.

CONGRESS.

[Continued from our Third Edition.]

Senate. WASHINGTON, July 28.

The Senate resumed its session at 10 A. M. Mr. Sprague renewed his monon to take up the bill in relation to the awards for the capture of the

Pending the consideration of the above, Mr. Fessenden called up the resolution postponing the time of adjournment until i P. M. Passed.

The consideration of the bill for the distribution of the awards for the capture of Jeff. Davis and the

of the awards for the capture of Jeff. Davis and the assessins of the late President was continued. On motion, that portion of the bill relating to the capture of Jeff. Davis was stricken out.

Mr. Davis (Ky.) said he would like to have satisfactory evidence that Booth was killed He had never seen any. He had heard nothing out rumor, he would much prefer if Booth had been captured alive Perhaps he was dead, but there was in his (Lavis') mind as inexplicable mystery about it. He die not think Baker had any right to any reward. He (saker) was a worse man than any he was pursuing, and it would be just like him to have gotten up a 'alse Booth. The body ought to have been identified.

The bill was then ipassed as amended, and sent

The bill was then passed as amended, and sent back to the biouse for concurrence in the amend-Mr. Johnson (Md.), at 11 o'cleck, moved that Mr. Patterson, Senator elect from Tennessee, be sworn

Mr. Patterson came forward to the Vice-President's desk and took the oath of office. House of Representatives.

The House reassembled at 11 A. M.
Mr. Stevens said he had been lying down as eep
this morning when the vote was taken on the conference report on the Civil Appropriation bid. He did not like to appear as evading responsibility, and therefore meved to suspend the rules that his vote might be recorded.

mesh be recorded.

The rules were suspended, and Mr. Stevens had his vote recorded in the affirmative.

Mr. Rollins had his vote recorded in the negative.

The Speaker presented a communication from the Secretary of War, in answer to the House resolution calling for the report of the number of Union and Retrel soldiers whe died while held as prisoners of

Retel soldiers whe died while held as prisoners of war. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed. The speaker stated to the House that he was in-formed by the enrolling committee and engrossing

formed by the enrolling communes and engressing clerks, that it wou'd require two hours and a halt to have the important bils which were passed last night, engressed and compared. Final fact had be encommunicated informally to the Senate, which body would probably agree to the concurrent resolution extending the session till 41 P. M. There being no business before the House.

Mr. Stevens availed himself of the opportunity to deliver a speech, which he had prepared upon the bill to enable the Southern. States to regain too'r position in the Union. He said it might be the last effort he could make to do some good to his fellowmen. While he was speaking the Secretary or the Senate appeared at the bar and aunounced that the Senate had concurred an the resolution extending the session until 4:30 P. M.

Mi. Randall (Pa.) offered the following resolution, Mr. Raymond being in the Chair, and moved the previous question:—

Resolved. That the thanks of the members of the House of Representatives are emmently due to the

House of Repre-entstives are emmently due to the Hon. Schuyler Collax for the dignified, impartial, and decorous manner in which he has, during the present session of Cougress, discarged the duties of the position, and a truthful recognition of such ser-vices is herewith given. Adopted unanimously. Mr Rosers, from the Judiciary Committee, pre-

s nied a minority report in the case of the alleged complicity of Jefferson Davis in the assassination of President Lincoln. The Senate amendments to the House bill for the distribution of rewards for the capturing of Jefferson Dayls, were taken up and copenred in Mr Ancons (Pa) offered a resolution to print ten thousand copies of the acts of the recent session for the use of the House. Referred to the Committee

on Printing.

The Committee of the Whole was discharged from the consideration of the bill reported a day or two since, by Mr. Ancona, from the Military Committee, for refunding \$300 to persons dratted twice within one year, and who commuted, furnished substitutes, or served, and the bill came before the House and The rules were suspended to allow Mr. Spalding

and Mr. Williams to have their votes recorded in the affirmative on the Conference report on the Civil Appropriation bill, and the votes were so re-Mr. Delano moved to suspend the rules, to have his vote recorded in the negative, but the rules were

not suspended.

Mr. Rice (Me.), from the Committee on Territories. Mr. Rice (Mc.), from the Committee on Ferritories, reported a bill setting asside certain proceeds from the Internal Revenue for the erection of prisons in the Territories, which was passed.

The Speaker announced the following select Committee on the Ventilation of the Hall:

Messrs. Raymond, Stevens, Dawes, Delauo, and Nicholass.

The Speaker also announced Mr. Garfield as a member of the joint committee of two to codify, during the recess, the laws relative to the collection of customs.
Mr. Hubbard (Conn.), from the Committee on Patents, reported a bill to allow R. A. Veavalen, S. 6. Reynolds, John L. White and Horace L. Emory to apply for extensions of their several patents. Read ree times, and passed. Mr. Schofield said if he had been in the Hall when

the conference report on the Civil bill was voted on, he would have voted no. The House at 12 o'clock took a recess till 3 o'clock. Confirmations by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 28 -The Senate, during last ight, confirmed the following nominations:-Orville H. Browning, of Illinois, to be Secretary of the Interior on and after the 1st day of Septem-

ber. 1868, at which date the resignation of the Hon.

James Harlan is to take offect,

John A. Dix, of New York, Minister Resident at
the Hague, in place of Daniel E. Sickles, declined.

F. B. Hutching, of Wisconsin, onsul at Brindisl.

E. Perkins Smith, of New York, Examiner of

To be Collectors of Customs—John Cross, for the District of Marbiehead, Massachusetts, and Patrick Conner, for the District of Montana and Idaho. To be Surveyor of Customs—W. E. Wagely, for the port of Velasco, Texas. To be Collector of Internal Revenue—Frederick

A. Sawyer, of Charleston
To be Supervisory Inspector of Steamboats—
James V. Guthrie. sor of Internal Revenue - Melanethon W. lubbell, of Toledo, for the Tenth Collection Distric Thomas T. Eckert as Assistant Secretary of War.

Duted States Marsha :— Andrew Hickenioper, for the Southern District of Onto, and C. W. Kane, for the Northern District of California. Caleb Cushing of Massachusetts; Charles P. James, of the District of Columbia; and William Johnson, or Ohio, to be Commissioners under the act of Congress to provide for the revision and con-so idation of the statute laws of the United States Among a large number of confirmations of Post-

Malicha and Malich

Another Fenian Scare-Movements of General Sherman.

BUFFALO, July 28.—There was another Fenian scare at Fort Erie hat evening It was reported that the Fenians were in force two miles above, on the Canadian shore, and later in the evening it was stated that a number of Fenians had crossed from here. In whole thing is a numbur.

Licutenant-General Sherman arrived here this morning, and is now having a reception at the Beard of Trade rooms. He leaves this evening for Cleveland.

Departure of Steamers for Europe. New York, July 28.—The steamers Pereire. City of Paris, Allemannia and Herrmann called for Europe to-day, with \$624,889 in specie.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

New York, July 28.—Cotton steady. Floar firm but unchanged. Sales of 3000 bbls. at \$5.00.00 75 for State; Southern unchanged, 300 bbls. sold; Canada scarce and firm at \$8.40.012. Wheat firm but quest. Corn steady; sales at 35.000 bushels at \$4.005c. Beef quiet. Pork steady at \$31.62; for mess. Lard at Whisky unchanged.

New York, July 28.—Stocks—Chicage and Rock Island, 100; Cumberland preterred, 46; illinois Central, 121; Michigan Southern, 34; New York Central, 104; Reading, 111; Cauton Company, 58; Missouri Cel. E.; Eric, 65; Galena and Chicago, 86; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 101; Western Union, 56; United States Registered 6s, 1868, 124; United States Coupons 1862, 107;; do. 1864, 1065; do. 1865, 1055; Ten-forties, 98; Treasury 7.30s, 103; 20104; Gold, 150; Sterling Exchange quiet; sight draits, 10; per c. nt. premium.

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, July 28 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

AFTER FIR	ST BOARD.
\$3000 U S 7-30a June104	ST BOARD. 300 sh una bl 88
\$10000 do	100 an do as 38
100 sh 18th & 15th b30 211	100 sh Reading b30 55
46 80 do	500 sh do 5
12 sh Leh Val 2d 64	100 an do b80.05+6
62 ah do 641	100 sh doc. 55
100 eh b5 65	200 sh do 55
5 -h N Penna 88	200 sh Spr & Pine 38
26 sh Leh. Nav 58	30 sh Fenn R 50

THE SARATOGA RACES.

SARATOGA, July 27.—The attendance was equally as numerous and fasmonable as on the preceding days. The weather was highly propinous, and the track in excellent order,

THE PIRST BACK was a selling race for a purse of \$300, 14 mile dash, for horses of all ages, with allowances of weight, according to the praces for which they were entered to be sold. The entries were Fordham, Bine Flag, and Arimston gelding. The first, entered for \$1000, to carry 107 pounds; Blue Flag, entered for \$300, to carry 81 pounds; and Arimston, entered for \$300, to carry 81 pounds.

carry 81 pounds; and Arington, entered for \$300, to carry 97 pounds.

In the pools Blue Flag sold for \$500. Fordham \$100, and Arington \$76. Blue Flag, with the advantage of her light weight, made the running from the stirt, was never headed, and won easily by four-lengths; Arington second. Fordham, ridden by Gilpatriok, never tried in any part of the race, and general indignation was expressed that this lockey, who hitherto has enjoyed a high reputation on the turf as a lockey, should have allowed himself to be connected with so barefaced a swindle on the public, for Fordham was heavily backed to beat the Arington colt in the race. He never was allowed by his rider a chance of doing so. So glaring a case of pulling by a lockey—acting, doubtless, under the instructions of the unprincipled party in whose hands Fordham has now latten, ought to be brought before the notice of the associations. The time was 2 427. time was 2 421.

SUMMARY.

was three mile heats, for a purse of \$1900. The only competitors were Morris Coffee's b. h. B.-acon, and i. Dulord's ch. c. Onward. \$100 to \$50 was bet on Beacon before the start.

First Heat.—Onward took the lead, and made the running for the first two and a quarter miles. Here Beacon went up, but Onward shock him off, never allowed himself to be approached, and won

cieverly by two lengths. Time, 5 33].

SECOND HEAT,—Betting, one hundred to fitteen on Onward. Onward, who loreed the running from the start, was a neck in front at the quarter pole, a clear length at the polo, and fully four lengths as they passed the stand on the first rule. Rounding the turn, Onware, when four engths ahead, suddenly boiled across the track and refused to move a step, setzedgwith a fit of sulks The greatest excitement prevailed among his

backers, when it was seen he would not be induced to make snother effort. In the meantime Beacon passed him, galloped twice round the course unopposed, and distancing his opponent, won the race, aim tremendous cheering from his backers.

BUMMARY. Three mile dash for \$1000. THE THIRD RACE

was for a purse of \$500, mile and three quarter dash. The horses entered were Arcola Luther Julius, Nannie Butler, and Seel Ward, Knight of St. George filly. The latter was withdrawn from lameness. In the pools Arcola sole for \$3100, Luther \$400, Julius \$2:0 and Annule Butler \$100. Julius made the running after Arcola resigned ic. After going three-quariers of a mile, Julius was never atterwards headed, and after the most magnificent finish ever seen at Saratoga, won the beating Arco a by a neck; Luther three and I last, both a long way behind Time, 3 104

The betting men lost tremendously on this race. as they all went to a man for Arcola, regarding winning as a certainty. SUMMARY. Mile and three-quarter dash for a purse of \$500:--

Julius. 1 Arcola. 2 Seel Ward..... Nannie Butler. Time-8 10]. -N, Y, News,

EXECUTION.

Hanging of George P. Chase at Jollet, III.-The Condemned was a Penttentiary Convict, and Murdered one of the Wardens of the State Prison-His Speech at the Gallows-He Declared Bimself Innocent, Etc.

Curcago, July 27 .- The execution of George P. Chase for the murder of Joseph F. Clark took place to-day at Joliet, in the county jail of Will county, lilinois, in the presence of the Shoriff, jury, and a lew spectators permitted to be present by the statutes of our State.

The murder was committed within the penitentiary

of this State, located at Jolief, and the murdered man, Clark, was a Deputy Warden of that institution. Chase was there serving out a sentence for larceny committed at Chicago. For some violation of prison discipline Clark called him from his cell, when Chase aprang towards him and atruck him a terrible how wight the left terrible. terrible blow upon the left temple with a stone which he had previously concealed in his cell. The blow fractured the skull, and Clark died from the wound after lingering for some days in great

would after lingering for some days in great sufficing.

Upon the trial the defense was Insanity, a very common defense in Illinois murder trials, and the plea was ably and forcibly urged by his counsel, but it proved of no avail, and he was convicted.

After conviction the case went to the Supreme Court, and the judgment was confirmed. Chase was a man of about five feet seven inches in height, of strong and muscular build, light complexion, sandy hair, blue eyes, and with a very malign and victors expression of countenance.

victous expression of countenance.

For some time previous to his execution, under the teachings of his spiritual advisers, he had pre-

the teachings of his spiritual advisers, he had professed to have experienced a change of heart, and
pretended to have become deeply religious, and expressed supreme satisfaction with the manner of his
tenny taken off, as he was confident it would afford
him an immediate passport to the better world.

At a quarter to 1 o'c ock Chase, having partaken
of the sacrament, was brought out of his cell. He
displayed no unusual feeling, but looked around with
a britial, stolid air. The shroud and cap were adjusted by the Sheriff, and his arms were junioned.
Prayer was then offered by the attending clergyman, during which Chase looked with a fixed and
apparently unconcerned stare at the floor of the gallows, which was arranged with the drop weight inows, which was arranged with the drop weight inead of the customary trap.

This was the first execution ever had in Will

This was the first execution ever had in Will county, and was especially important from its expected effect upon the prison discipline of the State. Upon being asked if he had any remarks to make, Chase said 'None to my knowledge. I don't think I am guilty of the crime you charge me with. I don't see any proof that I murdered the man. I don't see that I am guilty. I think I have as good as explanation of that as you have." When his hands were being pinioned, he said "You don't seem to appreciate a man's feelings, when you tie me to tight."

When the cap was being drawn down over his face he said:—'I am not ready for that yet. I was as innecent as any of them. I was as innocent as any man in the United States. I admit that hanging is justice. I suppose it is; but hanging for a thing a man im't guilty of, and can't prove I'm guity of, is another thing, and isn't justice."

The Sheriff asked him if he was ready, to which he replied, "Ready, at."

At half-past one the drop fell, and the misorable

the Shoris asked oim if he was ready, to which he replied, "Ready, sir."

At half-past one the drop fell, and the miserable man had expiated, as far as earth was concerned, his terrible deed. His death was very easy, his neck being instantly broken. After hanging a few minutes he was taken down, and the attending phy

sicians pronounced life extinct.

AMERICAN GUM PAINT.

ECONOMY IN PAINT.

The American Gum Paint Co.

GET THE BEST.

WHITE LEAD WORKS, FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

BUTCHER'S PATENT INDIA RUBBER PAINT.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

PAINTS OF EVERY COLOR.

FROM THE FINEST WHITE TO THE DEEPEST BLACK.

Ground in Pure Linseed Oil and Dissolved Rubber.

MANUFACTORY.

S. E. CORNER TWENTIETH AND FILBERT ST&

PHILADELPHIA. OFFICE.

No. 44 S. THIRD Street.

The superiority of the Rubber Paint over all others consists in its great durability, owing to the presence of dissolved Rubber in its composition. Dealers win find it to their advantage to buy this paint, as it possesses superior merits, and is, at the same time, as chose as other makes, and when once introduced will be generally preferred. An improvement in paint has long been needed, and we feel contident that when fully understood, the Rubber Paint will become the great

The attention of the public is particularly called to the following evidences of the peculiar merits of the Rubber Paint, and its superiority over the old article for the finest work, and especially for exposed surfaces of shipping, depots, cottages, roofs, damp walls, bridges

rubber, namely, superior durability, elasticity, and great resisting power to water, and even acids. While supe rior in many respects, IT COSTS NO MORE THAN OTHER PAINTS.

The rubber is first dissolved and then ground into the

paint imparting to it ail the well-known virtues of the

The American Gum Paint Company's Cottage Colors These Colors are especially prepared for Cottages and

Country Seats. They are numbered from I to I6, and put up in cans, from I pound upwards. They are ground in pure Linseed Oil and Dissolved Rubber, and cannot be equalled for durability. The great advantage of these Colors over other makes is in their superior resisting power to soids and the weather. The soaps used for washing paint are composed of acids and ive, and will ofitimes destroy ordinary paints; hence the necessity of procuring an article which will resist all such influences.

FOR PRESERVING DAMP WALLS THIS PAINT HAS NO EQUAL.

IT WILL PREVENT THE ABSORPTION OF WATER, AND KEEP THE HOUSE DRY

BEFERENCES

J. PATTERSON, Painter, No. 1826 Spruce street.
J. GIBSON, Painter, No. 125 S. Eleventh street.
A. H. HUNTER, Painter, No. 2 S. Tweith street.
HOOD & GAABLE, Painter, No. 126 S. Tweith street.
HOOD & GAABLE, Painters, Philadelphia.
MATTHEWS & MOORE, Machinists, Philadelphia.
A. W. RUSSELL, Lancaster, P.
A. W. R. BOGGS, Pittsburg, Pa.
A. KING, Harrisburg, Pa.
G. W. KEPLEF, Altoona, Pa.
J. KENNARD, Hestonville, Pa.
J. KENNARD, Hestonville, Pa.
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D. W. SINGERY, Salem, Ohio.
KERR & MARVIN, Shelby, Ohio.
J. FUNK, Galion, Ohio.
FAY & BROTHER Painters, No. 47 South Third streetens of the Street Street, Cleve, and, Ohio.
PRICE & CULBERTSON, Allance, Ohio.
WOOLSTON & BENNETT, Cape Island, N. J.
GUIMBY & FRAZIER, Vinsland, N. J.
SULL & SON, Bridgeton, N. J.
J. R. LIPPINCOTT, Salem.
STIFILEY & BROTHERS, Hestonville Oil Works, GRIMSHAW'S INDUSTRIAL OIL WORKS, Thirtieba and Hamilton streets.
HOWERS & KETCHUM, Oll Works, Hestonville. REFERENCES

and Hamilton streets.

HOWERS & KETCHUM, Oil Works, Hestonville.
HESTONVILLE R. R. CO.
CATAWISSA B. R. CO.
READING R. B. CO. READING R R CO.
(ENTRAL OHIO R R CO.
(COLUMBUS and INDIANAPOLIS R. R. CO.
LITTLE MIAMI R. R. CO.
WEST CHESTER R. R. CO.

PHILADELPHIA, October 17, 1865.

To the American Gum Paint Company—Gents:—I have given your india Eubber Paint a full trial, and find it to possess a superior body; it flows smoothly, and when dry makes a closs common to no other paint. I have used jour colors on the finest work for both house and sign cainting, and they have given entire satisfaction. Your white Lead is equal to any in the market. I shall continue to use and recommend them to all who desire a superior article.

Truly yours,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 2 S. Tweith street.

PULLADELPHIA, October 19, 1865.

To the American Gum Paint Company—Gen s:—It gives me great pleasure to say that I have caused further's Patent Rubber Paint to be used upon work done for me, and it has given great satisfaction. I believe it to be the best and most durable paint for metallic roofs, or indeed for any work in which the object is to resist dampness.

Respectfully,

PHILADELPHIA. January 25 1965

To the American Gum Paint Company—Gents:—I have used several thousand dollars' worth of your Faint on bridges, passenger stations, freight houses, etc. etc. I believe it secures metallic surfaces from oxidation and can be recommend especially when the works requiring it are extensive. I shall continue to use it, believing it to be to my advantage to do so RICHARD B. OSBORNE, Civil Engineer.

To the American Gum Psint Company—Gentlemen;—Having made use of your Patent Rubber Paint more or less for the last tour years, upon different kinds on me all as well as wood where it has been in constact with water. I find it all I could wish, and recommens it to others, who wish a psint that will at and the action of air and water, and is dumble.

I remain yours, etc.,

No. 82 Fulton atreet.

No. 62 Fulton street. New York, July 26, 1860.

New York, July 28, 1389.

To the American Gum Faint Company—Gentlemen:
— For many years we have been anxious to secure a paint that would effectually resist the action of air on fron and prevent corrosion. We have tried many recommended for this purpose, but have jound them worthness After testing your India Rubber Paint, we are confident of its superiority, and shall continue to use it at our works. We consider it invaluable.

MOIGAN, ORR & CO.

Engine and Boller Builders,
No. 1119 Callowhii street.

No. 1119 Callowhit street.

To the American Gum Paint Company —Gents: —We have used various paints imanufactured for coaling from surfaces and machiners. But have tound some to equal your Rubber Paint. It effectually resists the action of air and dampness.

KREIDER, ZINDGRAF & CO., Machiniats, No. 1620 Germantown road.

I have used the Incha Rubber Paint on the roof of my dwelling and bath tahs. I believe it to be admirably adapted to cutside and inside painting, preventing oradation, and at the same time durable and seconomical For such purposes there is no better paint in the market.

Dir ctor United Stanes M.at.

Outober 19, 1866.