Evening Telegraph

Is published every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at No. 108 S. Third street, Price, Three Cents Per Copy (Double Sheet), or Eighteen Cents Per Week, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars Per Annum; One Dollar and Fifty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period

To insure the Insertion of Advertisements in all of our Editions, they must be forwarded to our office not later than 10 o'clock each Morning.

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1866.

PERSONS LEAVING THE CITY DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS, CAN HAVE THE EVENING TELEGRAPH MAILED TO THEIR ADDRESS. TER.48, 75 CENTS PER MONTH.

Was Jefferson Davis Implicated in the Assassination?

THE Judiciary Committee of the House of Repre sentatives presented their report yesterday in regard to the complicity of JEFFERSON DAVIS in the plot to assassinate President Lincoln. The report is extremely votuminous, and treats of a number of subjects entirely irrelevant to the matter under consideration, extending to the treatment of Union prisoners, the conduct of CLAY, TUCKER, and others to free Confederate prisoners, and all topics in which the Rebeis violated the laws of nations or of Christianity. We have read the entire report, and confess that, while it proves that the cenduct of the leading traitors was in opposition to the dictates of humanity, yet, at the same time, it fails utterly to give any legal proof that JEFFERSON DAVIS assisted or knew of the plot to remove the President of the United States by the bullet of a murderer. We do not propose to look at that portion of the document which relates to any other charge than that of the assassination, and this will cut off all except the close of the document.

It would seem that the Rebels in Canada were ready to "pause at nothing to aid the cause," and there seems to be evidence that Mr. CLAY and others were in possession of the fact that an attempt was to be made, and that Boorn was to make it. The entry made on the official record of the Rebel War Department in reference to physician's pay, and immediately following it a reference to Dr. J. W. Boots, makes it probable that the physician's fund was partially, at least, paid to the murderer to keep him in the employ of the Confederacy. It might follow, by interence, that the President of the Confederacy was aware of the intention, but in a case of life and death, an inference can hardly be considered

In regard to the idea having been entertained by Davis, there can be no doubt. We have given us no less than three letters, each proposing to rid the South of its leading enemiessome by a species of infernal machine, another by a misterious agency, name not given, while a gigantic gunpowder plot was to send the bodies into the air, and the souls to heaven, of all our leading legislators. Davis, it seems, entertained these propositions, and did not oppose them, or, at least, his endorsement does not give us any clue to an opposition. The formal, stereotyped phrases are used, and the communications are respectfully referred to the honorable Secretary of War. But, while there is no opposition, there is also no approval hinted at. A reference merely is ordered, and that without comment, What may have occurred in the private interview between the Cabinet and the Rebel chief, none can tell; but, certainly, justice will not allow us to hold him responsible, when no ac count is given.

The most damaging testimony against Davis is afforded by his speech in which he merely remarked on hearing of the attempted murder-"Well, General, I do not know; if it were to be done at all, it were better that it were well done: and if the same had been done to ANDY JOHNson, the beast, and Secretary Stanton, the job would then be complete." The Committee naturally observe, "These are not the words of a man who was either grieved or surprised, but rather the unpremeditated declaration of one who realizes that a crime which he anticipated had been committed but in part only, at a moment too late to save a cause already rendered desperate by the conflicts and disasters of war."

From his own confession that it was doubtful whether it was not best, and the complete coolness displayed in the receipt of such astonishing intelligence, it may be inferred that he was at least cognizant that attempts were to be made, even if not aware of the special day on which the effort was to be consummated. But, as we have before remarked, it is merely an inference.

We must hence conclude that, so far as the Committee is concerned, they have not succeeded in throwing any new light upon the subject, but that, in fact, they have rather confouding the evidence heretofore given. It will be remembered that a number of witnesses filed affidavits in the War Department purporting to repeat the conversation held in Richmond between Davis, Benjamin, and John H. Sur-BATT, and that the affidavits agreed in all substantial particulars. The Committee, in search of further information, summoned these men before them, but in asking for bread they were given a stone. These witnesses trankly confessed that they had perjured themselves, that not a word was true that they had sworn to, and that all their declarat ons were utterly false. The Committee are naturally in a dilemma, unable to decide whether the falsehood was in the first or in the revised testimony. However, it is a matter of small legal consequence, as it is simply absurd to place any reliance on any statement of men who are willing to brand themselves as perjurers. Such evidence is received at zero, and count for nothing on a trial.

We are, therefore, compelled to conclude that, so far as legal evidence heretofore adduced is concerned, Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS was not implicated in the plot of assassination. We believe him sufficiently bad to join in any such scheme, but that he was engaged is not proven, and in common law no man is required to prove himself innocant. The Committee, however, give vent to the following significant sentence, which leads us to hope that what is now dark may be thoroughly revealed:-

"The evidence in possession of the Committee connecting JEFFERSON DAVIS with the assassination of President LINCOLN fustifies the Committee in saying that there is probable cause to believe that he was privy to the measures which led to the commission of the deed; but the inves- ability.

Department and by the Committee have not resulted in placing the Government in po session of all the facts in the case. It is probable, however, that the further prosecution of the investigation by the Committee and by the officers of the Government will result unally in a full development of the whole transaction."

The Last Hours of the XXXIXth Congress. Br the time the reader of our fourth edition shall see THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, the most important session of the Congress of the United States will have been concluded. At four o'clock this afternoon the National Legislature adjourns sine die. There is always something impressive in the death of a vast deliberative body. To think of the evil or the good which may flow from its action, and pause to examine its omissions and commissions is a good theme for the moralist. And now, as the Thirty-ninth Congress lies dying, let us glance at the events of its life. Coming into power at a time when the States of our Union were in a state of semirevolution, or at least in the act of undergoing a process of recrystallization, it undertook to mould the Rebel population into such a renewed relationship as would forever expunge all freason from their thoughts. With this mighty work before it, it has occupied months in taking testimony and in perfecting a plan o and the national good. That plan, a wise, practical, and judicious one, has been concluded and submitted to the various States. So far as reconstruction was concerned, it has done its whole duty.

The important question of bounties to our soldiers was taken up, and although every effort was made to so modify the idea that our defenders might be rewarded, yet the taxes not be increased, the fruition of the effort had not been reached up to four o'clock this morning.

The Tariff bill, after sustaining a defeat in its mongrel form, had been ordered to be postponed until next December, but late last night a temporary skeleton bill was sent to the Presi dent for his signature. It will do better than that apology for protection which came from the House some six weeks since.

The plan of funding the national debt has not received that action which its importance deserved, and was only adopted a few days since. In the form in which it was passed, it is doubtful whether it will be found suitable for a permanent form. We anticipate that a more definite and complete bill will be needed, and that in December it will once more come before the House. What is needed is a definite bond like British consols, with a distinct name, which the bill does not provide for.

The States have been reimbursed for moneys advanced. The neutrality laws have been properly modi-

A liberal Pension bill has been passed. The omnibus bi'l will probably be attended to to-day, and all matters which require immediate attention placed on such a footing that until next December nothing can occur, so far as the measures of Congress are concerned, to may our national harmony.

To its members can be said, "Good servants, well done." With a purity of purpose commendable, with a courage and a conscience seldom found in a representative body, they have acted their parts, nave fought a good 5ght, and performed their duty, as God has revealed it unto them. They now return to a gratified constituency, who will, in many cases, show its favor by placing once more its interests in the ands of those who have heretofore proved true to their trust.

LIVING ON £200 A YEAR .- We publish to-day, on our first page, the commencement of a spicy little novelette, which will be continued on Monday and Tuesday, and concluded on Wednesday afternoon. It originally appeared in Great Britain, where it had an immense sale, and has recently been republished in pamphlet form by I oring, of Boston. In order to give it a yet more extended and still cheaper form, we make place for it in our columns. It will be found most useful and instructive to young housekeepers, and at the same time is so pleasantly told as to avoid any appearance of dictatorial lecturing. It is for sale in our city by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, No. 306 Chesnu street, and G. W. PITCHER, No. 808 Chesnut

ONE of the inconveniences of the joint resolution in regard to the admission of members into either House occurred yesterday. The Senate was willing to admit Judge Patterson, but the House refused. When either House is willing to admit a member we consider that, as a matter of courtesy and of right, the other should concur. The sentiment of the Senate was so decided that we are surprised at the refusal of the lower Branch. Judge Patterson is an undoubted Unionist-a man of unswerving loyalty, and an abie gentleman. He held office only to save from persecution the oppressed, and now to be refused admittance seems to us worse than unjust-it is captious, it is tyrannical!

How they Treat the Soldiers in Indiana .-The Indianopolis Journal says:-"Let any State in the Union beat this ticket of the Republican Union party of Indiana!

FOR STATE TREASURER. Major-General NATHAN KIMBALL.

FOR CONGRESS. First District-Major-Gen. WILLIAM HARROW Second-Maj.-Gen. WALTER QUINTUS GRESHAM. Third-Major General Monton C. Hunter. Fourth-Brigadier-General Ina G. GROVER. Fifth—Hon, George Washington Julian, Sixth—Major-General John Coburn, Seventh—Major-Gen, Henry C. Washburne. Ninth-Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX.

WE ARE SORBY to see that the House had not nerve enough to vote to increase its own salary. Its rejection by so decided a majority looks like sycophancy to the howl which has been raised by certain journals who delight in straining at a gnat and swallowing a camel. We think Messis, Cooper, Jenckes, and Randall deserve great credit for their manty effort to have themselves paid what is in justice demanded. The opposition does not come from the public, but from those demagogues who cry economs when thousands are involved, but argue for liberality when millions are needed to perfect a

SECRETARY HARLAN has left the Cabinet, and will take his seat in the Senate at the commencement of the Fortieth Congress. His successor is the Hon, ORVILLE H. BROWNING, late Senstor from Illinois, and a gentleman of decided

tigations which have been made by the War | FROM WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON. | FINANCE AND COMMERC [SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.] WASHINGTON, July 28.

Senate Confirmation. The Senate, some time last night confirmed the nomination of Mr. Browning to be Secretary of the Interior. The I resident, and a I the members of his Cabinet are at the Capitol to-day, in the Vice-President's room, attending to business in connection with the bills which require their examination, and the signature of the President,

Murder in Maryland. Charles Clements, a butcher of this city, was ki led by a boy in a store in Prince George's County,

Paris Exposition. The following named gentlemen have been appointed as Commissioners for the United States to

the Paris Exposition :-Louis Agassiz, of Mas-achusetts; Henry D Aleany, of Machican; Henry Farling, of Oregon; James H Bowen, of Hilmons; Samuel B. Rugwies, of New York; John T. Kennedy, of Marviand; J. Lawrence Smith, of Kenincky; John Ericsson, of New York; William Slade, of Ohio.

Jefferson Davis and the Assassination Plot. The Committee on the Judiciary have made a report, in which they say it is notorious that Jefferson Davis was suilty of the crime of treason, according to the Constitution and laws of the United States; and the Committee are of opinion that there are no obstacles to a speedy and impartial trial which can be removed by legislation. They say the evidence in possession of the Committee connecting Jefferson Davis with the assassination of President Lincoln justifies them in saying that there is probable cause to believe that he was privy to the measures which led to the commission of the deed; but the investigations which have been made by the War Department and by the Committee, have not resulted in placing the Government in posses. sion of all the facts in the case. It is probable, however, that the further prosecution of the investigation by the Committee, and by the officers of the Government, will result finally in a development of the whole transaction The capture of the Rebel archives has put the Government in possession of a mass of letter, papers, and documents of various kinds, only a portion of which has as yet been ex-

Sales of Railroads. It appears from a statement made by the War Department, relative to the sa'e of railroads and railroad stocks in Southern States by the Quartermaster-General, that the amount of such sales for cash was \$3 403 402 22 and for credit \$7,416,962 30 General McCullam says, the greater portion of this proper y had been on hand and in use a long time. and though the prices obtained were below the cost with some exceptions, they are believed to be very favorable to the Government. The sales on credit were better than those for cash. In order to secure the payment for sales on credit, companies purchasing were required to give bonds in double the amount of property transferred to them. Inese bonds are all on file in the War Department. They give the Government a hen upon the property, and require prompt payments or all installments of purchase money. A great number of companies have failed to comply strictly with the terms or their bonds, but owing to the prostrate condition of the roads, and the expense of repairing them, it is believed they are actually unable to meet their obligations. It is thought that an attempt to enforce ammediate payment would arrest the operation of the roads and defeat the very purpose had in view in making credit sales. Toe roads all manifest a willingness to meet their engagements, and a large proportion of the payments a ready made have been cash. All moneys accruing to their credit for transportation of troops, supplies, and the mails, are stopped against them and applied in liquidation of their incebtedness, and it is confidently believed that in this manner the whole amount will ultimately be secured.

Evasion of Revenue Laws. The act of Congress, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to remit certain lines on the payment Collectors of Customs, valued at less than \$1000, for violation or evasion of the Revenue laws, has had the effect to precipitate a vast amount of labor on the Department. It is rapidly becoming a branch of business of great importance to the coentry, affecting as it does some very fine technical points. It is estimated that cases involving over \$15,000 are being received daily, and properly adjudicated.

Nomination Bejected. The Senate has rejected J. Stokes, of Washington, appointed Internal Revenue Collector for the Fourth District of Pennsylvan'a. An attempt was made last night in Executive session to reconsider the vote by which Sloanaker was rejected as Collector of Internal Revenue in the First Pennsylvania District. but it failed. The Senate Committee on Commerce have agreed to report adversely upon the nomination of ex-Governor Johnston, of Pittsburg, to be Collector of Customs at Philadelphia.

-The articles entitled "Memoirs of the Confederate War for Independence, by Heros Von Boteke, Cnief of the Staff to General J. E. B. Stuart," which have appeared in Blackwood's Magazine, have been collected and published at Edinburgh, in two volumes, with a map. The real author of these Memoirs is said to be Mr. John R. Thompson, formerly editor of The Southern Literary Messenger.

-A serial story seems to be recognized now-s days as something which no periodical should be without, and Messrs, Ticknor & Fields have accordingly added one to their popular Every Saturday. The current number contains the first part of Henry Kingsley's new story, "Silcote of Silcotes," reprinted from advance sheets of Macmillan's Magazine.

-Maurice Lenigan, an Irish writer, has just given to the world, in one volume, royal 8vo, 'Limerick: its History and Antiquities, Eccles: astical, Civil, and Mi itary, from the Earliest Ages; with copious Historical, Archaeological, Topographical, Genealogical Notes and Illustrations; Maps, Plates, etc."

-A New York paper, speaking of the copyright bill recently introduced into the British Parliament by Lord Lyttelton, says that it secures to the author of a work of fiction the exclusive privilege of dramatizing his own novel "during his life, and for seven years after his

-Major-General L. Thomas, Adjutant-General U. S. A., is contributing a series of articles of General Scott to the Philadelphia City Rem. General Tuomas gives many facts which have never before been related, and his articles are exceedingly interesting.

-Lord Stratiord de Redeliffe, famous a few vears ago in the diplomatic world as Sir Strat-ford Canning, has published a volume of verses, entitled "Shadows or the Past." The veteran poet is 78 years old.

-Miss Freer, author of "The Married Life of Anne of Austria," has announced the History of her Regency, during the youth of Louis the Fourteenth, from published and unpublished

-Biclock & Co. announce "In Vinculis, or the Diary of a Rebel Prisoner of War in North-ern Prisons," by A. M. Kelly; and "Our Retugee Household," by Mrs. Louise Black. Dr. Madden, biographer of Lady Blessington, and author of "The United Irishmen, their Laves and Times," announces a History of Irish

Periodical Literature. -The ladies of Cedar Falls Iowa, are indignant over a report that a peddler, who recently visited that town, selling corsets, and fitting them on the bodies of customers, etc., has since turned out to be a men dressed in femining

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Saturday, July 28, 1866. The Stock Market was dull this morning with the exception of Government bonds, wh are in demand at full prices. 7.30s sold large st 103;@103f. and 10-40s at 98); 107; was for old 5-20s, and 109# for 6s of 1881. (loans are firmly held; the new issue sold at 9 and old do, at 941.

Railroad shares are in tair demand. Ca wissa preferred sold at 38, no change; Camd and Amboy at 122, no change; Norristown 584, no change: Reading at 552, an advance 4: Minebill at 554, no change: Philadelphia s Erie at 314, a decline of 2; North Pennsylva at 38, a decline of 4; and Lehigh Valley at 6 no change; 122 was bid for Camden and Ambi 564 for Pennsylvania Railroad; and 56 for Ph delphia and Baltimore.

City Passenger Railroad shares continue de Thirteenth and Fifteenth sold at 211@211; was bid for Spruce and Pine; 53 for Ches and Walnut; and 18; for Hestonville,

In Canal shares there is very little moveme 27 was bid for Schuylkill Navigation comme 35 for Schuylkill Navigation preferred; 574 Lehigh Navigation; and 115 for Morris Ca

Bank shares are firmly held at full prices, we hear of no sales. 140 was bid for First tional; 225 for North America; 143 for Philad phia; 128 for Farmers' and Mechanics': 54 Commercial; 94 for Northern Liberties; for Penn Township; 55 for Girard; 83 for V tern; 32 for Manufacturers' and Mechanics'; for City; and 651 for Corn Exchange.

Quotations of Gold-10 A. M., 1504: 11 A. 1508: 12 M., 1504: 1 P. M., 1504. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO

E SECRESIA ESTIGNATION OF A COMM. AND	PARTIE AND ALLERS TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
Reported by De Haven & L	ro., No. 40 S. Third street
FIRST	BOARD.
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\$10000 do 984	100 sh 18th & 15th 21
\$2000 tity 68, old 94	

-Mesers, DeHaven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day at 1 P. M.:-

otes:—
June, 1864. 134
July, 1864. 125
August, 1864. 125
October, 1864. 114
Dec., 1864. 105
May 1865. 64
August, 1865. 64
Sept., 1865. 55
October 1865. 55

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, July 28 .- Cotton is very quiet Small sales or Middlings at 35c., for Upland. The market is nearly bare of this quality the bunk of the stock here consisting ot low Midd ing and under.

There is but ittle Quercitron Bark here. The last sale Coffee is held very firmly. Small sales of Laguayra at 27% c. and Blo at 25% @28 cents. In Sugar and Molasses

27%c. and Blo at 25%@28 cents. In Sugar and Molasses no change.

The slour Market is extremely quiet but prices remain without essential change. About 1999 ib. were disposed of in lots at \$6.87.5% 7.25 per barrel for superfine; \$8.68.859 for extra; new wheat do at 1: Northwestern extra family at \$9.60.059; Onlo do at \$11; and annoy at \$12.50.614 as in quality. Rye Flour and Corn Meal revery quiet. Smell sales of the former at \$5.75.66. Frices of *orn Meal are nominal.

The offerings of Wheat are smell and it is held firmly. Sales of \$3000 bushels new Southern red at \$2.70.28 bushel. In white nothing doing. Rye is steady at \$1. Corn has advanced one cents. Sales of \$3000 bushels at \$9. cents for mixed. Oats are steady. "ales of 1200 bushels new De aware at \$5.00 cents. Which we delice that the smell sales at \$2.00 bushels. Onto the steady at \$1. Corn has advanced one cents for mixed. Oats are steady. "ales of 1200 bushels new De aware at \$5.00 cents. Which we delice the smell sales at \$2.00 bushels. Ohio at \$60.00 cents. cents.
Whisky is dull. Small sa'es of Pennsylvania at \$2 23 662 24, and Ohio at \$2 29.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

WEST ARCH STREET PRESBYTE-RIAN CHURCH. corner of EIGHTEENTH Street-Preaching To-morrow 10% A. M., by Rev. N. M. PRICE. Subject. "Who is my Friend?" REV. N. M. PRICE, PASTOR OF THE

Lutherbaum. Twe fith and Oxford Streets will preach in WEST ARCH STREET CHURCH. LIGHTEENTH and ARCH, To-merrow morning at 10 o'clock. Come—all some SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. SEVENTH Street, below Arch.—Dr. CATTELL President of Latayette College, will preach To-morrow morning and evening at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M.

GERMAN STREET PRESBYTERIAN July 29, by Rev. WILLIAM E LUCKENBACK. SPRING GARDEN BAPTIST CHURCH mg To-moriow at 10 A. M. by Bev. HENRY D. MOORE

THE BEV. M. CHAPIN WILL preach in the CENTRAL CHURCH. corner of EIGHTH and CHERRY streets, on Sabbath morning. UNION M. E. CHURCH, - REV. JAMES NEILL, 10% A. M. Rev. Dr. CARBOW at 8 P. M. RICHMOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.-Rev. A. PAULL To morrow at 10%

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[See the Second Page for additional Special Notices.] MUJAVIRO.—WE COPY THE FOLLOW ing meritorious notice or this most delicious perfume from Forney's Press:-

MIJAVIRO. - This delicious new perfume for the handkerchier, is without a rival for delicacy, durability and richness. In fact, of all perfumes the tragrant Mujaviro (of Russian origin) may be called the quintes sence. For sale by all the principal druggists. [7146m4p PHILADELPHIA, JULY 26, 1866. -At a meeting of the gextlemen engaged in Shi Building which was held at the residence of Mr. Pres ton Brearley, No 1043 I each street, Mr John W. Lynn was chosen President, and Mr. Preston Brearley & Secretary

Was chosen Fresident, and all Fresidents seated seated as weekensy.

Whereas Having learned with feelings of deep reviet of the death of one of our traternity Mr. JAME's H. USE, we hereby lesire to express our heartfelt sympathy with his inmit and triends in this their trying receavement; therefore, be it Resolved that while we bow with submission to the decrees of Divine Providence, we feel that we have lost a true gnd faithful brother and Ship Carpenter, and the community an estimable and enterprising citizen, and we a true friend.

we a true friend.

Reso ved, That we attend his funeral m a body, on (this) Saturday morning, at 10 o'c ook.

O. MORRIS DOUGHTY,

O. MORRIS DOUGHTY,

1t PRESION BREABLEY, NEW PERFUME FOR THE HAS DEERCHIEF

"Night Blooming Cereus." Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus." Phalon's

"Night Blooming Cereus.

"Night Blooming Coreus." Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus." Phalon's

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfums distilled from the rare and neantiful flower from which it takes its name. Mat utactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York. BEWARE OF COUNTERPEITS. ASE FOR PHALON'S-TAKE NO OTHER.

E.	SPECIAL NOTICES.	
	PORTLAND RELIEF	FUND
	Previously acknowledged by the Excentive	ST PARTY OF
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but	Charles Richardson	
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	Haddock, Read & Co.	60
del-	Haddock, Reed & Co. Mareta ! Hill Mellor, Barnes & Melior. H. P & W. P Smith.	25
for	Mellor, Barnes & Mellor	. 25
524	B. P & W. P. Smith	. 25
Ves-	Jessup & Moore	100
-	Charles Megarge & Co	
651	Samuel Bradford	90
	Carp. Hacker & Cook	50
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James B. Rodgers.
Cash (J. A. B. & Co.).
Cash (L. B. & Co.).
Cash (W. & I.). \$15,229 50 G. A. WOOD, Chairman,
No. 237 S. EIGHTEEN TH Street,
C. W. CUSHMAN, Freasurer,
No. 128 S. DELA WARE Avenue.

DIVIDEND NOTICE .-

PHILADEVPHIA AND TRENTON BAILBOAD COM-PANY.
Office, No. 224 South Delaware avenue.
PHILADELPHIA July 20th, 1866.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a Divi-dend of 11Vs. PER CENT., clear of tax, payable on and after July 31st 1865.
7.21 lbt.
J. PARKER NORRIS, Treasurer.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

OFFICIAL EDITION OF THE

NEW STAMP LAW, Which Takes Effect August 1, 1866,

FOR SALE AT STAMP AGENCY, No. 304 CHESNUT Street

No. 103 South FIFTH Street. DUBLISHED THIS DAY.

Felix Halt, the Radical, by the author of Adam sixteen new and elegant Card Photographs; plain 10 cents; colored, 29 cents each.

All the New Books Photographs, and Photo-Albums at less than publishers' prices. G. W. PITCHER. No. 808 CHESNUT Street.

WANTS.

WANTED-A PURCHASER, OR FIRM TO VV purchase, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND BUSH-ELS CHARCOAL, to be delivered in Philadelphia or New 1 ork this tall.

WANTED-A PARTNER IN THE WOOD SAND CHARCOAL BUSINESS, with three thousand dollars capital.

W ANTED—A PARTNER IN THE LUMBER and dollars capital—all on Eastern shore, Marylanz. For further particulars or an interview with the advertiser, address "H. D.." Room 45, Jones' Exchangeliotel. Dock street, Philadelphia, or this office, after our 123 at

VISITING AND WEDDING CARDS. WRITTEN, ENGRAVED, AND PRINTED.

The Latest London and Paris Styles INITIALS, MONOGRAMS, CRESTS, ARMS, ETC. STAMPED ON PAPER AND ENVELOPES. IN COLORS, GRATIS.

The Finest English, French, and American Paper and Envelopes.

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, CRESTS, Designed and Et graved. WRITING DESKS, TRAVELLING CASES, PORT-FOLIOS, POCKET-BOOKS, KNIVES, BACKGAM-MON BOARDS, and a very large stock of

> FINE STATIONERY. R. HOSKINS & CO.

STATIONERS AND CARD ENGRAVERS. No. 913 ARCH Street.

EVANS & WATSON HAVE REMOVED THEIR

WAREROOMS

FROM

No. 16 South FOURTH Street,

No. 811 CHESNUT St.

Where they have en hand a large assortment of their celebrated FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES. for bank, mercanti e or dwelling house use. They are secured by the best locks, are furnished with wrought fron inside doors, are guaranteed free from dampness

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6:6 LOTS ENGLISH AND AMERICAN WHITE GRANTE AND C. C. WARE: TABLE GLASS. WARE: FRUIT PRESERVING JAMS, ETC. On Tuesday Morning.
At 8 o'clock sharp in lots sultable for city and country retail storekeeners. A large assortment.

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An invoice of 6 yal Tea Traps, assorted. 738 25

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At 50 Cents Per Yard.

These Goods are CHOICE STYLES, and WAR-RANTED ALL LINEN. Also, a choice assortment of goods suitable for

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Ladies about leaving the City for the Sea Shore or Watering Places would do well to inspect my stock, as it is offered on a basis of Gold at 30 per cent. [7 23 1214p

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IMPORTERS OF TEAS.

Have taken the Store NO. 932 ARCH STREET, NO. 932 ARCH STREET, NO. 932 ARCH STREET.

Clapman's former store, where they have opened as in mense stock of the purest TEAS, COFFEES, AND SPICES.

Which they will sell at the very lowest market prices, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Only the best and purest goods sold. TAKE NOTICE. POSITIVELY NO MISBEPRESENTATION Of an article under any circumstances.

ALL OUR COFFEES ROASTED Without water, lard, or arease, The best \$1.00 and \$1.25 Colong Teas in the country. 1ry the Tes Mixture of the American Tea Company, the most delicious in the country, at \$1 25.

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Coffee in the country. Orders received, and sent free to all parts of the city and country.

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FINE HARMONY SHERRY WINE. ALSO, FINEST QUALITY CROWN SHERRY. For sale by the cask or demlishn.

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THE FINEST BLACK TEA IN THE UNITED States for sale at WILSON'S Tea Warehouse, No. 236 CHESNUT Street. Price \$1 69 per pound. OUR \$1.60 BLACK TEA IS CONSIDERED by old East Indian merchants, and other experienced judges, to be the finest specimen of Tea that has been imported into this country for nearly nineteen cars. Address orders to WILSON'S Tea Warenouse, No 236 CHESNUT Street.

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20 CENTS.—ROASTED COFFEE, A LUTTLE broken, but very good, at WILSON'S. BEST ROASTED COFFEES-20, 30, 35, AND 40 cents, at W. LSON'S.

IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO GET GOOD TEA TF YOU WANT TO TASTE PURE OLD JAVA

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N. B.—We have no objection to supplying those of our Philadelphia Tea Dearers who hay for cash, with our pood Teas with the single exception of our \$1:60 Black, as that Tea. when sold cannot be replaced for any money. We shall reserve that for our own regular retait trade. It is like throwing pearls before swine to sell such magnificent Tea as that to people who cannot appreciate it Address WILSON'S OLD ESTABLISHED.

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