

A brutal assault was committed in the Capitol this afternoon on the person of U. H. Painter, Clerk to the House Committee on Post Oillees and Post Roads. Mr. Painter was standing in one of the lower corridors near ta: House restaurant, in conversation with a friend, when three friends of Albert Sloansker, rejected candidate for Collector of Internal Revenue at Philadel phia, approached him, and a brief conversation ensued about the rejection of Sloanaker, Benjamin P. Beveridge, one of when when Benjamin P. Beveridge, one of the three persons mentioned, and a well-known Washington bully, called Mr. Painter a har, and added, with an oath, "Pve been laying for you; --- you, I'll kill von." He at once struck Mr. Painter a severe blow, which knocked him up against the wall; then knocked him down, and while down most unmercially kicked Lim in the face and body, injuring him so that he is likely to be laid up for some time. When the tracas commenced one of Basar device en the fracas commenced, one of Beveridge

who is a large and powerful man, and he then

fered, and the bully was dragged off and arrested.

but not until several policemen had arrived and

panied Beveridge, and afterwards raised his cane

was also taken into custo 1y. Mr. Panter was

brought to the notice of the House by Mr. Alley.

which was prompily passed; and the Speaker appointed Messrs. Alley, Farnsworth.

Trimble, J. L. Thomas, Jr., and Lalin. They will meet to-morro * and investigate at - nce Mr.

Painter's opposition to Sloanaker's continuation,

which was the cause of the assault, and these

bullies had but just parted company with Slean-

aker when they met Mr. Painter. This attair setties his matter conclusively. Beveridge, arrayed in a suit of white linen, was locked up

in the coal-hole under the rounds, with the

Anns, where he will be kept until the House chooses to act in his case. His prospects are

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

Company

Coal Sale at New York.

who reported hun severely

good for a lengthy stay.

con mittee to investigate the

Several gentlemen soon inter

bruised, but not

matter.

Farnsworth

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGBAPH, (Wednesday, July 18, 1866.

The Stock Market opened very dull this morning, but prices are without any material change. Government bonds, as we have noticed for some time past, continue in steady demand, New 5-20s sold at 1051, and 6s of 1881 at 1094; 99 was bid for 10 40s; 107 for old 5-20s; and 1044 for 7'30s. State and City loans are also in demand. Pennsylvania 5s sold at 921; New City 6s at 97; and municipal at 97.

In Railroad shares there is very little doing. Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 56; Minehill at 55; and Camden and Amboy at 133; 57 was bid for Norristown; 551 for Reading; 371 for North Pennsylvania; 62) for Lehigh Valley; 30 for Elmira common; 353 for Catawissa preferred; 31 for Philadelphia and Erie: and 441 for Northern

In City Passenger Railroad shares there is nething doing, 88 was bid for Second and Third; 55 for Tenth and Eleventh; 30 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 38 for Spruce and Pine; 181 for Hestonville; 13 for Ridge avenue; and 41 for Union. Bank shares are in good demand at full prices, but we hear of no sales. 225 was bid for North American; 1422 for Philadelphia; 1264 for Farmets' and Mechanics'; 54 for Commercial; 94 for Northern Liberties; 100 for Southwark; 53 for Girard; 80 for Western; 651 for City; and 40 for

Canal shares are firmly held. Susquehanna Canal at 15@15; an ad rance of 1. 27 was bid for Schuvlkill Navigation common; 351 for preferred do.; 571 for Lehigh Navigation; 120 for Morris Canal preferred; and 56 for Delaware Division. Quotations of Gold-10 A. M., 1501; 11 A. M., 149]; 12 M., 150]; 1 P. M., 150.

-The New York Herald this morning says :---"Judge Nelson has, a ter, as usual, long consideration, delivered another decision on the subject of the tax on brokers' sales. In the present case an injunction had been granted, as before, restating the Collector of Internal Revenue from collecting the tax on sales from parties holding a banker's license. We have not seen a copy of the decision in full, but from a telegraphic summary we learn that Judge Nelson holds that persons doing business under a banker's license may transact the business of both banker and broker under it, and that where the business of backer and broker is done, and purchases and sales of stocks are made by the broker for his own account, he is not liable to pay a tax upon such transactions; also, that a banker may advance money on stocks and sell them to reimburse his advance, and not be hable to the broker's (ax; furthermore, that a person doing business under a banker's license as a broker is liable to pay the broker's 'tax on all such transactions, and that purchasing stocks and setting the same in his own name without dis-closing the name of his customer and paying his own money for the stocks so purchased, ren-der him hable to the brokers' tax. It is difficult to reconcile the latter with the former part of the reported decision in the absence of a copy of it; bot at first sight it looks as if the Judge exempted all the bankers, although doing basiness as brokers, from the operation of the law. but that he has multiced the brokers pure and simple, whether holding a conker's license or not, in the tax. And who is to be the judge? We shall, however, discuss this more at length when a report in full comes to hand. Meanwhile the imperiect wording of the law and its inequality as construed by Judge Neison are

Heavy cannonsding had been heard on the

afternoon of the 7th, in the direction of Konigsgratz. It was supposed that the Prussians were attacking the fortcess.

The steamship Palmyra, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the Stb.

The Paris Temps announces that Prussia and Italy have accepted the armistice on the following conditions: - The Prussians to retain their present positions; the troops to be supported by the countries occupied; Austria not to increase her armies in the field; Italy to occupy one fortress in the Quadrilateral.

Italy, in reply, demanded the occupation of two fortresses in the Quadrilateral. A Venna telegram says there is a good pros.

pect of an armistice for six weeks. Hostilities

her journey to Am cos, and Drouyn de Lhuys, also soon appeared. The interview lasted till halt-past 10 o'clock at night. It is stated that when Frince Metternich and M. Drouyn de Lhuys took leave of their Majestics the Emperor turning to the Empress, said:-"Eugenie, this was a good day for France; you at Amiens, I at Paris, have done to-day a good work.

The night was employed in transmitting to the Kings of Prussia and Italy the proposition of an armistice. THE NECOTIATIONS.

La France, of Paris, of July 5, says .- We have received the following information of the incidents that preceded the great news of this morning:-

It was in the night, from the 3d to the 4th o July, that the Emperor of Austria became fully informed of the final result of the battle of Sudowa. Yesterday, in the forenoon, there was a constant exchange of numerous telegrams between the Courts of Vienna and the Tuilertes.

lowing details: -- The Prussians attacked, yester-day morning, the Austrian army concentra ed on the right bank of the Elbe, between Koniggratz and Joseph-tadt, at Sudowa. The battle, up to 10 o'clock in the morning, was favorable to the Austrians; the Prussians then outflaaked the Au-trians, and the principal action was con-centrated between Sudowa and Horzitze. The entire Saxon army wis engaged, with General Gablenz and the 8th Corps. A telegram from the commandant of Josephstadt states that at 4 o'clock the left wing of the Austrian army was completely routed. No Lews from the right wing or the centre. The Archduke William was wounded.

CONSEQUENCES TO THE AUSTRIAN GENERALS. A despatch from Vienna of July 5 says :-- It is announced that General Clam-Gallas, in command of the 1st Corps of the Army of the North, Field Marshal Baron Heniksteem, Chief of the

THE ASSAULT ON MR. PAINTER.



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USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For all affections and discusses f these organs, whether EXISTING N SLAUE OS FEWALS From whatever cause originating, and no matter how long standing. Discusses of these organs rejuire the aid or stime to

E a clure lo. H: L - bOLD'S EXTR : CT BUCHU IS TH : GREAT DITLE' IC and it is certain to have the desired effect m all diseases for which it is recommended.

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BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD! HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CON'ENTRA IED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SALE APAULICA. For parifying the B cool and removing all carconic con-nt tuitonal discasses arising from an imoure s site of the Blood and the only to take and effectual known rome by for he cure of Scrotala, ca d lead Salt Race in Pains and Sweilings of the Bones Ulcerations of the Throat and Leas, Blotches, Finples on the Face, Tetter, Ery-sipelas, and sit scary Eriptors of the Skin. "AD BE-AU IPYI G THE COMPLEXION. Two tablespoonfuls of the Extact of Narsaparilla addeu to a pla of water is equa to a gallon of the byrup of Sarsaparills, or the decoction as usually made. 00000 000000_

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HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

HFLMEOLU'S ROSE WASH. An excellent Lotion used in connection with the EX-TRACTS BUCK: and SARAP BILLA in such dis-eases as resommended. Evidence of the most response be and remable character will accompany the meale has also, explicit directions for use, or its hand, its of the st ands of living witnesses, and upwards of 30.001 unsoit cited certificates and recommenda ory letters many of which are iron the highest sources, itschaling eminent 1 hysicians Chersymen, Statesmen etc. The Proprietor has never resorted to their publics ion in the news-papers the does not d this from the fact that his articles inch as Standard Preparations and do not need to be proper up by certificates. The science of Melfsme. Ike the Doric column, standas the is the fact having Fact for its basis, Induc-tion for its phing, and Trath slone for its Capital. LLL

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By Extract Sarsapardia is a Birod Purifler; my Ex-met Buchu is a Diuretle, and will not as such in all

Sares. Both are prepared on purely scientific principles-in encour-and are he most active of etner that can be made. A ready and concusive test will be a compari-son of their properties with those set sorth in the follow-DE MORKSI

ks :-ispensatory of the United states, it icasor DEWERS' valuable works on the Practice

See remarks made by the celebrated Dr Physic, Phi-

ade phia dee remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM MCDOWRL, a celebra ed Physician and Memorer of the Royal College of Burgeons, ire and, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal. See Medicer Chitrurhcal Review, published by BERJA-MIN LAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons. See most of late stantard works on Medicine. Distribution



SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. Address letters for information in confidence, to H. T. HELMBOLD, CHEMIST.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS: HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, No. 894 BROADWAY, New York; OB TO

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT, No. 104 South TENTH Street, Philadelphia. Beware of Countertella, Ask for Heimbold's! Take najother i

have not been resumed. The Austrian Army of the North continued to retreat without molescation. The Prussians have advanced further into Bo-

hemia. The King of Prussia has ordered the release of

all the Austrian prisoners giving their parole not to serve again during the war. Severe fighting is reported on the frontiers of

Venetia and Tyrol. The reports are contradictory as to the results.

The shore end of the Atlantic cable was successfully laid on the 6th. The old cable was tested and found in a perfect condition.

The foregoing advices are the very latest via Oceanstown.

The following are the advices received by the steamer direct from Liverpool, and are not so late.

On the morning of the 7th the Prussians continued victorious. They had defeated the Bavarians at Dirmback and occupied the town. The conclusion of an armistice was then considered improbable. Public opinion in Prussia and Italy was strongly adverse to it.

Napoleon had recived no acceptance of the proposition, and it was thought not unlikely

that Prussia would dictate terms at Vienna.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, July 7 .- The cotton market is dull, and the improvement of Friday was lost. Sales 7000 bales. The decline was caused by a reported failure of the peace negotiations. Midding Uplands are quoted at about 14d. Breadstuff- dimer. Provisious inactive. Consels were quoted at 894@374: U. S. Fivetwenties, 661@67; Erie shares, 38@381; Illinois

Central, 75s@76h. In the Liverpool Breadstuffs Market on the 6th Flour was heavy, and 3@4d. lower. Wheat very dull, and 4@6d lower. Corn inactive, and 1s.@1s. 6d. lower.

THE NEWS BY THE "PEREIRE."

Prussia and Italy Refuse the Franco-Austrian Armistice-Venice Decared French Territory and Free-Its Surrender Complete and Uncon automai-Napoleon Orders a French Squadron to Hoist his Flag at all Points of the Coast-Great Rejoicings in Paris- the Imperial Mes-sage to Eugenie: "You and I Have Done a Good Day's Work"- The Austrians Retire Good Day's Work — The Austrians Resire from Lomoardy—Francis Joseph to Fight Prus-sia to the Last – Marsiai Benedek Superseded – Imazion or Bavaria by the Prussians—More Fighting in Bohemia—Prussian Inreals to the Cilies of Frankfort and Hamburg-Garibaldi's Position and Wound.

Napoleon's Armistice Refused by Italy and Prussia.

Our despatches from Paris and Brest, of July 7, report the following very important events:-The Couris of Prossia and Italy have refused the armi-tice asked by Austria.

Venice Free-Vapoleon Preparing to Take Possession as of French ferritory. La Presse (semi-official), of Paris, of July 7, says:-King Victor Emanuel has not at once saysi- and to the armistice proposed through France. He alleges as a reason that he has to consult with his ally, the King of Prussia. In consequence the Italian Government has been not fied that it will have to cease immediately

every act of hostility against Venice, it being French territory. A French Commissioner is going at once to Venetia to assume its government in the name of the Emperor. Orders have been issued to the French squadron in the Medi terranean immediately to repair to Venice, and

M. Drouyn de Lhuys was many times called to the Tuileries, where, it may be said, he passed most of the day. In the evening, towards 8 o'clock, Prince Metternich came to see the In the evening, towards 8 Emperor, and met with M. Drouyn de Lhuys. The Austrian Ambassador had, by telegraph received full powers to negotiate. It was in consequence of this last interview that the note published this morning was sent to the Monuteur.

THE AUSTRIAN ARMY.

The Augsburg Gazette suys that Benedek has demanded tourty thousand reinforcements.

The same paper has a report that the Arch dake Albert has been appointed to supersede Beneaek. The tortifications of Vienna were being in-

creased, and nye hundred guns are now in position.

A fight occurred at Meiningen on the 4th, between a Bavarian corps and a Prussian army under General Falkenstein. No particulars are given.

THE NEW COMMANDER OF THE AUSTRIAN ARMY. La Presse of July 7 says :- Benedek has already been deposed from his command. If the war continues-which God forbid !-it will be by the young Archauke Albert, who has left Venice with a hundred thousand tresh troops and a hundred thousand new recruits for the Army of the North.

THE PRUSSIAN ARMY.

A despatch from Gitschin, dated July 3, 8 o'clock P. M., says :- The Prussian army gained another brilliant victory over the Austrians near Sudowa, and one and a half miles south of Miletin.

Another despatch from Gitschin, dated July 4, morning, says :- After the brilliant victory gained yesterday the Prussians continued their pursuit of the Austrian army without delay.

A despatch from Horzitz, near Gitschin, of July 3 (11 P. M.), says:-The Prussian army won a complete victory to-day over the Austrian army near Konigsgratz, between the Elbe and Bristritz. The battle lasted eight hours. No estimate has yet been formed of the loss of the Austrians, or of the number of trophies cap-tured. Twenty guns fell into the hands of the Prussians. All the eight Prussian army corps were engaged, and suffered great loss.

A despatch from Berlin, of July 4, savs:-The victory of the Prussians yesterday in resh Bohemia was announced here this morning by salvos of artillery. The Queen appeared at a balcony and graciously saluted the crowd. The victory gained by the Prussians has produced great enthusiasm. The statue of Frederic II was covered with laurels.

A Berlin de-patch of July 4 says :- Count Recke Wolmerstein has issued a notice to the public, announcing that an office for the earolment of volunteers has been opened at No. 17 Unter den Linden, in accordance with the authorization granted him by the Minister of War to form corps of volunteers. A committee has been appointed to superintend the enrolments, and has announced that the formation of the corps has already commenced, and that it is ready to receive contributions in money towards their equipment.

WAR IN BAVARIA.

A despatch from Eisenach, of July 5, says :-The army under Falkenstein has commenced operations against the Bavarians. "The Gomen division has had, near Neidthar-

thansen, several successful skirmishes of advanced posts.

"The division Beyer has driven from Hensfield some detachments of Bavarian cavairy and artillery.

La Liberte, of Paris, of the 7th of July, says:-The Prussians, debouching from the Electorate of Hesse, have invaded Bavaria.

It appears that their army is divided into two columns. The left marches on the railroad lead-

maniez brought before a coarts-martial.

Count de Mensdorff has left for headquarters. The Paris Paus of July 5 says:-In Austria peop e are so dismayed by the success of the Prussians that some are found sufficiently lose to all sense of propriety as to designate as a fled upstairs. traitor General Von Gablenz, whose corps was threatened to cut him do cu it he did not sub destroyed at Trautenah-Gablenz, the billiant, the audacious hero of the war with Denmark. mit. A man named Edward Powers, who accomwho, not long since, could not be sufficiently on a policeman in defense of his companion. feted; a man who is chivalr c lovally personified. His mistortune was that a division of the Prustaken into the committee room, and Dr. Van Aernam, member for New York, was summoned, sian Guard, by dint of forced marches, Wits enabled to fall on his flank. Originally a command in Italy was offered him; but he demanded to serve in Bohemia, that he miant have an seriously injured. The affair was promotion opportunity to take his revenge on the Prisof the Post-Office Commutee, who intro-duced a resolution to appoint a special ians, who chased him from Holstien, and who have now so completely conquered him.

the Field of Sudowa-Situation, Ownership, and Historical Reminiscences of the Scene of the Defeat of the Austrians. The name of the village where the great bat-

le between the Prussians and Austrians took stace on the 3d of July, is Sudowa,

It is a small place between the town of Horic (pronounced Horschitz, i. e., Fireplace) and the ortress of Konigsgratz, five miles distant from the latter city, and eight miles from Joseph-Horic is the seat of the Bohemian calico stadt. manufactory, and the great produce market of the Russengebirge (Giant Mountains). It has seven thousand inhabitants, of whom two thousand five hundred are occupied in the calico

factories. In the neighborhood of Sudowa is the renowned castle and park of Count Harrach, one of the Twenty D-aths Yesterday from Sun-Stroke-Thermometer 103 richest noblemen of Austria. The castle is a real wonderwork of historic curiosity and artis-[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.] the splendor. It is built in close mutation of BALTIMORE, July 18 .- There were over twenty Windsor Castle, in England, in the mid-t of a deaths yesterday from sunstroke, prominent park and old forest of twenty-seven square miles among which were Mr. Richardson, Chief Teller The large hall, called the Kaisersaal (the Hali of Emperors), is remarkable for its spleador. It Farmers' and Planters' Bank, and Mr. Luckett, contains the portraits of all Emperors of Aus property agent. The thermometer ranged from tria, painted by the first masters of Germany 95 to 103 in the shade. Most of the cases were and Italy. The walls are frescoed in Pompeiian from exposure and drinking coli water. To-day style. The floor represents, by inlaid woodwork most costly kind, the renowned painting of is very hot, but we have some breeze, "The Hunncuschlacht" (the battle Kaulbach, of the Huns). Every piece of furniture is of ebony wood inlaid with ivory and solid gold. European and North American Railway Another hall is called King Edward II Hall. [SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

The furniture was brought over from the Castle BANGOR, MAINE, July 17 -At the annual meetof Carnatvon, and is the identical furniture used by the renewned English king. The during ing of the European and North American Bailsaloon is called the Hirschaal (the Deerhall). way Company, to-Jay, the following gentlemen The chairs, tables, goblets, doors and floor are made of deer born. The door of this splendid were elected directors :-- H m. G. K. Jarrett, room has cost 5000 florins, or \$2500. To give, in Hon. C. J. Gilmen, John A. Poor, J. T. Rowe, short, an idea of the costliness of the whole, it S. H. Dare, and - Enery, of Maine, J. E may suffice to state that Count Harrach devoted Thomson, of Philadelphia, and Hon. P. C. during twelve years, the income of twenty two Brinck, of New Jersey ; Hon. G. K. Jarrett, of his estates for the building and decorating of this castle, called "Schloss Hradek." President.

Count Harrach himself is not only a nobleman of the highest standing, but also a manufacturing lord. The great Bohemian glass manufactory at Neuwald, an immense iron work, numerous cotton mills, linen spinneries, and coal mines, and vast estates in Bohemia, Moravia, and S vris, give him an income of nearly 2,000,000 dotins (\$1,000,000). The Prussian army, there ore, will find a splendlid comping place in the large deer park of the Count, and the Prussian commanders splendid headquarters in the Castle of Hradek.

The Hanoverian Avmy-Lusses in Battle before its Surrender.

The Official Gazette, of Hanover, gives the following as the losses of the Hanoverian troops in the late encounter with the Prussians:-

Wounded-78 officers, 966 non-commissioned officers and soldiers, and 72 horses.

commissioned officers and soldiers. Probably | pany \$500,000.

companions, a man named Hemple, and a door clear enough." keeper in the house, made a teeble attempt to interfere, but was soon set aside by Beveridge

-The New York Tribune this morning says:-"Money continues abundant to stock houses at 5 per cent., and the amount of idle capital continues to accummulate. Commercial paper continues very quiet, and is quoted at 5@6 per cent. for first-class names.

"Sterling Exchange is stronger. The news by the Pereire has had the effect of strengthening exchange. Sterling bills are negoti the at 2001 per cent, above the rates offered vesterday. The ollowing are the prevailing quotations:-London, prime bankers, 60 days, 109@1091; London, prime bankers, sight, '101@1101; Paris, bankers, long, 5¹14@5¹10; Paris, bankers, short, 5⁰7; Antwerp, 5¹5@5¹2¹; Swss, 5¹5@5¹2¹; Ham-burg, 3⁷4@3⁷; Amsterdam, 41²42; Frankfort, 43@431; Bremen, 79@791; Berlin, 741@741."

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & bro. No. 40 S. Third street.

BEFORE BOARDS. 100 sh Reading Railroad.

I		1001
l	FIRST BOARD	
l	\$5000 U S 6s 95.coup1051 \$1000 Read m 6s 44.	00
	\$5000 U S 10-40s coup 39 10 sh W Branch Cn	
	\$5000 do 99 50 sh Penna R	
l	\$1000 Pa 5s 021 33 sh Miuchill	
	\$1000 City 6s n. k . o 97 50 sh Susq Can	15
I	\$1000 do., bounty 97 59 sh do.	15
l	\$2000 Pittsb'g 4s 70i 40 sh 2d & 3d	
	\$10000 Leh Nav 6s 84s 86?	~~
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thermometer at ninety-five, by the Sergeant at--Messrs, DeHaven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day at 1 P. M. :-

American Go American Silv Compound In	rer. is a	nd #		150	Selling. 1501
11		June.	1884	18	101
44	68	July.	19/4	191	101
44		August,	1864	10	101
	44	October,		17	141
		Dec.,	1864	10	101
64		May.	18/05	18	101
44	8.4	August.	1805	61	61
**		Sept.	1995	a.	61
**	**	October.	18/15	51	67

Philadelphia Trade Report.

WEDNESDAY, Juiv 18-The inertia which has prevailed in trade generally, as well as in the Flour Market, for some time past, stul continues. There is a total absence of any demand for shipment, and only a tew hundred barre's were taken by the home consumers at \$7 5008 25 \$7 bul. for superfine; \$8 50 @9.25 for extras; \$10@11 for Northwestern extra tamily; \$11@12 for Pennsylvania and Ohio do.; and at aigher rates for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour is dull, and cannot be quoted over \$6 25. In the absonce of sales we quote Corn Mea. at \$6.25.

The offerings of Wheat continue small, but there is not much demand and pr ces are dicooning. Sales of 500 tuen, new Delaware red at \$2.80. The marker at SI (5. Com meet: with a limited inquiry, and rices have again decimed. Sa es of velow at 98@ 94c., and 2500 bush Western mixed at 91@92c. Oats mixed process with all so 1100 bush beneficier.

bid. and 2600 bush Western mixed at 91@92c. Oats notice irrest, with sales of 1100 bush Pennas Ivania at 62@62c. and 12 000 bush Western at 51@53c.
Frovisions are quiet, but firm Sales of new Mess Pork at 80275@56 Bacon is selling at 21@266 for bia n and fancy canvassed Banns, and 17j@17jc. for Shou ders.
w bisky is dull Small sales of Pennsylvania at \$2.28@2.29

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of eight write of sale by the Hon. JOHN CADW ALADER Judge of the Disrict Court of the United states in and for the Rastern District of Fenn-sy vania, to me directed will be so d at public sale, to the highest and best bloder, for cash, at the store of FOW ELL SEIGER & t O. No 127 N FRONT Street, on Wednesday, August 1, 1966 at 11 o'clock A. M 1-00 Barrels of Whisky, in 16ts of one up to fourisen barres.

barres. also 6 Stills and 3 bhds of Mo'asses. And at 3 o'clock P. M. same date, at the Eighteenth Ward Police Station House, TRESTON Avenue, near Dauphin street. 100 Empty Molasses hhds P. C. ELLMAKER.

7 18 wim6tj U. S. Marshal, E. D of Pennsylvania

Killed-22 officers, 208 non-commissioned officers and soldiers, and 176 horses.

Besides which there are missing 812

NEW YORK, July 18,-At the coal sale to-day of the Pittston Coal Company, 70,000 tons were sold in eighteen minutes, as follows, showing

rather higher prices:-

10,000 tons of Grate Coal at. 5 000 tons of Egg Coal at. 8 000 tons of Stove Coal at. 3 000 tons of Chesnat Coal at. 80,000 tons of Lump Coal at.

From Cincinnati.

6 10

CINCINNATI, July 18 .- The weather still continnes hot. Two fatal cases of sunstroke took

place yesterday. The stockholders of the Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroad, at a meeting yesterday,

agreed to increase the capital stock of the Com-