CITY INTELLIGENCE [For Additional Local Ilems see Third Page.]

THE GOOD TEMPLARS .- During the even-THE GOOD TEMPLARS.—During the evening session of yesterday the Order of Good Templars held their accussomed love feast. Addresses were limited to five minutes. Addresses were made by Revs. J. H. McMurray and Kirby, and John Burns the hero of Gettyeburz, the only man who shouldered his musket in the hour of danger. The demonstration of the audience overcame him, and tears more elequent than words flowed down his aged cheeks. The experiences of some of the reclaimed insbrintes, among whom was Blemer, of Mulersville, were touching in the extreme.

were touching in the extreme.

Brother Roberts, G. W. C. T. of the State of Delaware, made a very amusing and instructive speech. The progress in Delaware has been very rapid. It is absorbing a'l the other Orders. From 12 lodges and 600 members since last September, it has increased to 28 lodges and 2000 members.

Mr. Nicholess of Philadelphia tollowed Mr. Mr. Nicholson, of Philadelphia, tollowed Mr. Roberts, and a number of others.
On the whole, the meeting was one of great interest

In three counties, through the influence of the Order, all lager beer saloons have been closed.

The session open of at 10 A. M. this morning, Rev. J. F. Crouca, G. W. C. F., in the chair. Opened

with prayer.

Minutes of yesterday read and approved.

The places nominated for next meeting of Grand
Lodge were Carlisle. Williamsport. Greensburg. Allegheny, Scravton, and Chambersburg.

MEETING OF THE CORN EXCHANGE .- The Corn Exchange Association held a meeting this morning in reference to the passage of the League Island bill, by the House of Representatives. Mr. Charles H. Cummings presided Mr. E. Harpar Jeffries offered the following resolutions, which were adopted:—

Whereas, The Representatives in the Congress of

hereas, The Representatives in the Congress of the United States have accepted League Island as a gitt from the city of Philadelphia for a Navy Yard for ton c ad vessels, we the Corn Exchange Association of Philadelphia, constatulate the country and express our thanks to the members of the House of Representatives on the passage of the bill, and as it will seen be submitted to the United States Senate for their consideration, therefore be it

Fesolvea. That we respectfully urse upon the members of the Senate the great ments of Lengue Island, as represented by the members of Congress from our

city; and that we will hall the passage of the bill by them as an act worthy of the munificent gift of our citizens, in the location of this great navy yard at League Island. Resolved. That a committee of five be appointed.

to senda copy of these preamble and resolutions to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, and also to the Board of Trade, Board of Brokers, and the Coal Exchange, asking their concurrence and co-operation. Committee—E. Harper Jeffries, George L. Buzby, Andrew J. Catherwood, Samuel J. Christian, How-

A NEW INSTRUMENT.-Last evening Lad ner's summer garden, one of the appurtenances to Ladner's Mr Hary Hall, Third street, below Green, was open d for the season. During the day a lovelty in music is given. The instrument that makes this music is called the Orchestrion. The Orchestrion consists of a beautifully mushed and highly po ished case of walnut, twelve feet in height, containing about five hundred pipes, which represent nearly all the orchestral instruments, such as violins, flutes, oboes, clarionetes bassoons, trumpots, horns, trombones, etc. These pipes are placed above and around the most delicate machinery and scrupulously exact mechanism, which, together with a cylinder contains the "time." and, being put in motion by a gentic pressure on a spring, and supplied with power and the necessary wind by a weight of our hundred the necessary wind by a weight of four hundred pounds, it performs the grandest overtures, selections from operas, dance, and national music, which require from eight to ten minutes' time. As a parlor instrument it is inestimable, being an ornament to the drawing-room. The repertoire may be increased at pleasure, the manufacturer supplying the cylinders

DEATH OF A WELL KNOWN CITIZEN .-It is with feelings of the greatest regret that we announce the death of Casper M. Berry, which took place this morning at his residence, No. 418 Reed street. Mr. Berry served in the Mexican war, but owing to a failure in his health was obliged to out owing to a future in his health was obliged to return before the end of that campaign. From the formation of the Scoti Ligion he was one of its most prominent members, and for several years past has been the Vice-Fresident of that organization. At the breaking out of the Rebellion, Mr. Berry accepted the position of Major of the 26th P. V., but was aftewards transferred to the 65th as Ligitariant Colored. Lieutenant-Colosel. He was about forty five years of age, and was ex remely popular on account of the urbanity of his manners and his many noble traits of character. He was the proprietor of the "Marquee," in Six'h street, near Chesnut, a great resort for our returned soldiers. He was always ctive in every good work intender for his innumerable unostentations charities. He died of a pulmonary disease contracted while in the army

A special meeting of the Scott Legion will be held at the deadquaters, Sixth and Sansom streets, to take appropriate action upon his death.

A USEFUL INSTITUTION .- St. Joseph's Hospital, under the charge of the Sisters of Charity at Sixteenth and Girard avegue, is now filled to the extent of the ability of the sisters to provide for the patients daily applying for relief. To the upper sec-tion of the city this hosp tal is absolutely indispention of the city this hosp tal is absolutely indispen-sable. The yearly appropriation made to the hospi-tal by the State Legislature was this year in some way overlooked, so that the managers are at present much stratened in their means as compared with former years. We learn that, with a view of add-ing to the usefulness of this institution, the risters have projected a lestival, to be held on their grounds to eay; contributions to which they solicit from these who are reveal by the same leve of humanic to eny; contributious to which they solicit from those who are moved by the same love of humanity

CONVALESCENCE OF OUR ABLE CHIEF OF Police.—Mr Samuel G. Ruggles the renowned Chief of Police of this city, has been for some days lying very low from a combined attack of congestion of the brain and bilious fever. It is with great pleasure that we are able to chronicle a decided improvement in his health, and to believe that within a short time he will be able to again assume the onerous duties he so thoroughly discharges. For sixteen years Chief Ruggles has filled his position most admirably, conscientionsly and modestly fulfilling the incessant duties so requisite for the preservation of peace in a great city.

THE FAIR AT NATIONAL GUARDS HALL—The Fair of Perseverance Encampment has closed, and we regret to say has not been so saccessrul as it should have been. One gold and two silver mounted sets of base ball implements were voted for. Pilgrim Base Ball Club took the first prize, Germantown Base Ball Club the second, and Intrepid the third. The 500 feet of steam forcing hose was awarded to the United States Hose Company. The vote stood—United States Hose, 3025; Fame Hose, 123 Several other articles were withdrawn to save considerable losses, but will be voted for at a future fair to be held in Germantown.

BENEFIT OF THE VAPOR BATH,-The penerit of the vapor Bath.—The vapor bath is a remedy for the following disases, those especially of a chronic nature, viz., in rhoumatism or gout; Neuralgia, facial and cranial neuralgia, catarrhs, chronic cutaceous diseases, dyspepsia. In asthma, piles, mercurial affectious, dropsy, scrofula, u cors on the limbs, and in cases of unusual dilatation of the veins, which attack many persons in the feet, especially those who stand much. The vapor operates by increasing the cheulation of The vapor operates by increasing the circulation of the blood that stagnates in the verns. Bathing often —dadly, and the human body divine may defy all epidemics for cleanliness is a host in itself.

SEA-SIDE SHAWLS .- These very beautiful fabrics are becoming extreme'y popular with those who contemplate stending the summer in the country or at fashionable watering places. They are very fine specimens of Philadelphia manufacture, and are to be procured at the establishment or Edwin Hall & Co., No. 28 s. Second street; John W. Thomas, No. 405 and 407 N. Second street; and others. Ladies who are at fair in matters of continuous propagates. who are an fait in matters of co-tume pronounce three sinwls perfect, both in taste and texture. We expect to see many on the beach at Cape May and Atlantic City curing the coming summer.

RESISTING THE POLICE. -On last Sunday a round of police officers of the Fifth District attempted to arrest a man named Morrisey at Twenty-fourth and Fine streets. They were attacked by a gang o roughs, and in the skirmish that ensued the officers were beaten off with stones and brickbats and the prisoner rescued from their hands. John Woods was one of this rark of desperadors. Yesterday he was arrested, and in default of \$2000 ball was committed by Alderman Patchel, to answer the charges of assault and batlery and rescuing a

CHARGED WITH STEALING HORSES .-Several days since Forence Scammel, a New Yorker, agreed to buy four horses from a man at the William Penn Hotel. West Phiadelphia. The animals were to be paid for before they were removed; but Scammel managed to conveniently forget this part of the arrangement, and privately absconded with the horses. He was arrested, and in order to give him another hearing, that he might be convinced of the error of his ways, Alderman Alien hold him in \$800 batt,

STOLEN GOODS RECOVERED. - Several STOLEN GOODS RECOVERED. — Several days since a number of articles were stolen by some unknown person from the House of Industry, at Catharine street, below Seventh. Yesterday Officer James McCulen, Jr., of the Second District, found in an alley in Seventh street, below Shippen, a value which contained many of these goods, but no evidence was obtained tending to implicate any one in the robberry.

NABROW ESCAPE OF A WOOLLEN MILL. -About three o'clock this morning Officers Quick & Grant discovered a smoke issuing from the woodlen mill No. 429 Mover street, Eighteenth Ward. They zealously searched out the cause and found that a balo of wool was in flames. The fire was speedly extinguished, and thus the destruction of the valuable works was prevented.

DECEASE OF A LIEUTENANT OF POLICE .-Joseph Patton, Lieutenant of the Sixth Police Dis-trict, died at a few minutes past 12 o'clock this morntriot, died at a tew minutes past 120 clock this morning. He was an able and efficient effect, and had discharged his responsible duties to the entire satisfaction of the authorities throughout his entire term of seven years service. He was forty-two years of age, and leaves a widow and five children.

NEW PERIODICALS.-A. Winch, No. 505 Che-nut street, has sent us the usual budget of foreign periodicals, embracing among others, Punch, Fun, All the Year Round, Once-a-Week, Cassell's Hinstrated Family Paper, and others.

Our thanks are due to Adams' Express Company for late Southern and Southwestern newspapers.

OUT TO-DAY .- Peterson's excellent Bank Note Detector for June 15 has been laid upon our table. In addition to the usual amount of valuable information, we observe an ably written article upon the subject of the "State Bank Tax." which will repay a perusal, and is worth the price of the

ARREST FOR LARCENY. - Yesterday, Officer Piniock airested George James on Ridge avenue, above Wood street, for the larceny of a black suk sacque and a ot of vest patterns. The police had been on the lookout for this indvidual, and Alderman Beitler held him in \$2000 bail

RUN OVER.-Charles Wilson and A. G. Fredericks, members of the Dhigent Hose Com-pany, were run over by their carriage about mid-night of Wedbesday. Wilson was but slightly injured, but Fredericks was seciously hurt about

ON EXHIBITION .- A bat and ball, valued at \$250, to be voted for at the Methodist Fair now open at Concert Hall, will be on exhibition to-morrow morning at the store of Messrs, Clark & Biddle, jewelers No. 712 Chesnut street.

A Body Recognized.-The body of the woman who fell dead at Seventh and Arch streets, last evening, has been recognized as Mrs. Phebe A. Burt, residing at No. 1051 N. Twelfth street. "A WISE PHYSICIAN, skilled on wonders to heal,

is more than armies to the public weal." So said Homer, three thousand years ago. A wise physician, in our day, will present the medicines which experience has shown to be efficacious. Especially in seasons of epidemic, he will be slow to try experiments upon his patients; to the credit of the great body of the professors; we record that they recommend and prescribe MARSDEN'S ASIATIC CHOLERA CURE to their patients. The formula, according to which it is prepared, commends itself to their reason a priori, and experience proves a poster ori-tant its operation is just what was to have been anticipated and was desired. Depot, No. 487 Broadway, New York. For sale by all drug-

DRINKING THE SCHUYLKILL DRY .-It seems that Schuy kil.'s mighty tide Can't keep our citizens supplied With 'Adam's ale." So fast we grow, that from our track The very river nymphs shrink back, Aghast and pale! And, to provide us with attire, Of course we must a mart require On a grand scale-Such as at Bennett's you admire !

WE HAVE—
All-woot Fancy Cassimere Pants, as low as.....84 (6) Advancing from these rates we have goods of all rades, up to the very finest fabrics, at prices reduced preportion—Men's, Youths', and Boys'. Thouon preportion-Men's, rouns, and boys. The

THAT WE ARE ACTUALLY SELLING GOOD, SERVICE-ABLE GOODS AT THE PRICES NAMED. BENNETT & Co., No. 518 MARKET STREET

HYGIENIC WINE -

A WINE, grown on the sunny slopes of Spain-the genuine juice of the grape in all its purity, as bestowed upon us by the beneficent GIVER, and such as ir, alone, consistent with Christian teachingsnot intoxicating in the least-will supply a want greatly felt in this country.

SUCH IS HYGIENIC WINE,

the Great Imported Tonic, Aromatic. It is conscientiously recommended to LADIES, as it will soothe the nerves, renew the blood, and gently stimulate and invigorate the system.

All of sedate habits-ministers, lawyers, and professional men, possessing constitutions more delicate than others of less confining labors-those who expend a great deal of vita'ity in brain-work, will at once acknowledge the superiority of this restorative. REMEMBER, it leaves behind none of the baneful influences of alcoholic preparations.

IT CREATES A HEALTHY APPETITE. We warrant that, upon tria', HYGIRNIC WINE will be found to be the finest, most delicious, and HEALTHFUL Tonic known. Try it to be convinced. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

> FRENCH, RICHARDS & Co., Agents for Pennsylvania.

N. B .- HYGIENIC WINE is an IMPORTED Tonic; t has the approval of the "IMPERIAL SCHOOL OF MEDICINE OF PARIS," and was tested by the Committee on Chemistry of the American Medical Asso. ciation which assembled in Baltimore, May 1, 1886 and indersed by fifty-six prominent members with their sugnatures.

PURIFY THE BLOOD .- It is an established fact that a very large class of disorders can only be cured by such remedies as will enter into the blood and circu-late with it through every portion of the body; for by this means only can the remedy be brought into late with it through every perion of the Body; for by this means only can the remedy be brought into immediate contact with the disease. To obtain this desirable end, no preparation has ever been so uniformly successful as Dr. Jayne's Alteratvo. Scrofula, King's Eyil, Cancer and Cancerous Tumors, White Swellings, Enlargement of the Bones, Chronic Rheumatism and Gout. Fruptive Diseases of the Skin, O d and Indolent Ulcers, Goitrous Swellings or the Threat, etc., are cured with a certainty which has astonished every beholder. It is, besides, one of the most pleasant articles that can be taken into the stomach; operating as a fonic, it removes Dyspepsia and Nervous Affections, and imparts a glow of animation and health unequalied by anything in the whole Materia Medica. Propared only at No. 212

Ho! FOR THE COUNTRY !- But if you go be careful to emit nothing which can contribute to your health and enjoyment. Without health and vigor there can be no real erjoyment. If, therefore, your system shows signs of relaxation, be sure to use MARS-DEN'S CALISAYA TONIC, which will restore the vital forces to their proper tone and action. The Calisava Bark is pur excellence. The Tonic, and this preparation, is confessedly the best made from that renowned remedy. Depot, No. 487 Broadway, New York. For sale by all druggists.

CRYSTAL MEDALLIONS. OIL PAINTINGS, AND PASTELS.—The collection of finepaintings belonging to the American Art Gallery, and which will be sold on next Friday, Saturday, and Monday, June 15, 16, and 18, by B. Scott, Jr., No. 1020 Cheanut street, are worthy the attention of all buyers of fine pictures. This collection is extensive, numbering some 250. We notice works by some of our most talented living American artists.

HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR COLORING. HEIMSTREET'S INSITIABLE HARE COLORING.—
This admirable article for the air is not a dye, but a simple, off ctive coloring. It restores grey hair to its original color by gradual absorption, in a most remarkable manner, and at the same time is a delightful bair dressing. It is sold in two signs—50 cents and SI—by all dealers.

HER MIRROR MAY SATISFY A LADY THAT HER dress is faultiese—that all that can fascinate the eye is combined in her cos ume—but yet she will not consider herself presistible until she has added the the crowning charm to her attractions, by sprinkling Phalon's 'Night-Blooming Cereus' on her lace bandkerchief.—Portland Press

MISS FREDRIKA BREMER, and she ought to know, says it's with batcheors as with old wood: it's hard to get them s ar ed, but when they do take fire they burn productionally. Backslors have besucce-s when clothed in suits from Charle Stokes & Co's one-price under the Continental.

DUTCHER'S DEAD SHOT FOR BEDBUGS .- Kills upon touch, curls them up as fire does a leaf, and remains of permanent effect. Try it, and sleep in peace. Sold by all live druggists.

A RAKE CHANCE.—Decorate your parlors with brantiful protures, oil paintings, for sale at Reimer's Gallery, No. 624 Arch street. Works of an eminent artist about visiting Europe.

FIMALE TRUSCES, Braces, Supporters, Elastic Police and Stockings, light and elegant in finish, adjusted by a lady, at Needles', Iwelith street, first

GEOVER & BAKER'S Highest Premium Elastic Stitch and Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines. No. 730 Chesnut street.

"inbricative packing for steam engines,-for terms see 723 chesnust, phila., and 26 devst., new york. CONGRESS CAKE, made and sold only by G. Byron 7 50s, 5-20s, 1881s, 10-40s, Compound Interest Notes,

and Gold and Silver bought and so'd by
DREXEL & Co.,
No. 34 S. FRIRD Street. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, 7 8:10 and 5:20s wanted. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 S. Tnird St.

POPULAR TAILORING .-READY-MADE CLOTHING. AND

> FINE CUSTOM WORK. WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAR HALL, Southeast corner Sixth and Market Streets.

FONDEY-ENDRAELS.—On the 11th instant, by Frank L Robbins, Pastor of Green Hill Pre-byte-rian Church, JOHN FONDEY, M. D., to Miss AUGUSTA V. ENDRAELS. LLOYD—GITHENS.—On the 12th instant, at St. Paul's Church, by Rev. Bichard Newton, D. D. CLEMENT E. LLOYD to IRENE E., e'dest daughter of William M. Githens, all of this city. No

DIED.

ARMSTRONG.—On Esturday, the 9th instant, GEORGE ARMSTRONG, aged 32 years.
His family and triends, and the members of the Constitution Lodge, No. 15, A.P. A., are respectively invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 128 S. Second street, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. To proceed to Mount Moriah Cemetery. BAIRD.—On Sunday afternoon, the 10th instant, AMANDA MALVINA, the beloved wife of Thomas R. Baird, and sister of Hon, John S. Bradford, Mayor of the city of Springfield, Illinois, aged 55 The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday (to-merrow) afternoon, the 15th instant, at 2 o'clock,

from the residence of her husband, No. 832 N Tenth street. Funeral to proceed to Odd Fellows

A. P. A.—CONSHITUTION LODGE, No. 15—The members of the Lodge are invited to mest at the Hall, LOCUST Street, this afternoon at 3) o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late Brother GEORGE ARMSTRONG. Members of the Order are respectfully invited. [\*] JOHN CRAIG, R.S. TWO. THREE, AND FOUR TUMBLER

Drawer; Closet and Chest Locks, with a variety of the regular kinds, for sale by ne regular kinds, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW.

No. 835 (Eight Thirty five) MARKET St. below Ninth

THESE FOR WASH-DAY!—COATES'
Patent Holders for Smoothing Irons, which are protected from burning up metal straps; the Clothes
sprinkler, for evenly dampening the w shed clothes for
ironing; and twelve styles of Clothes Wringers for you
to choose from.

TRUMAN & SHAW.
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth. S UMMER BATHS ARE VERY PLEASANT.

provided they are not received in your midnight slumbers by leaks through a defective root. Suca leaks in your reet, or around chimney or tran doors or in gutters may be easily repaired by yourself, by using stead's Elastic Cement. Sold by the Agents.

TRUMAN & SHAW.

No. 855 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

GENUINE MACKINAW SUNDOWNS

FOR LADIES, IN GREAT VARIETY, TO BE HAD OF THEO. H. MCCALLA, At his Old Established Hat and Cap Emporlum No. 801 CHESNUT Street. UNADULTERATED L1QUORS ONLY.

RICHARD PENISTAN'S
STORE AND VAULTS.
No. 420 CHESNUF STREET,
Nearly Opposite the Post Office,
PHILADELPHIA.
Families supplied. Orders from the Country promotily attended to.

5 315

CLOTHING.



H. T. OF F. C. F. F. C

CLOTHING !!! HICKS' TEMPLE OF FASHION,

Celebrated For Fine Fashionable Clothing.

WILLIAM HICKS, No. 902 MARKET Street, 512.2m PHILADELPHIA.

STATES UNION CLOTHING HALL MARKET Street, 606

Visitors will find a large and varied assortment or the very best READY-MADE CLOTHING at the lowest early prices.

Suits, centaining Coats, Pants, and Vest, from \$12.00. Dusters, 82 25. Pants from \$3.00 and higher. Come and convince yourselves.

\$35 TO \$45 FOR A SUIT OF BLACK OF o. in style unsurpassed. 478mrp FARR, No. 19 NINTH St., above Chesnet.

# FOURTH EDITION

#### WASHINGTON.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH ]

WASHINGTON, June 14. Suicide.

Samuel Hanson, a Washingtonian of respecta ble family, who went South at the outbreak of the Rebellion, and was connected with the Rebel Post Office Department, committed suicide in this city this morning.

Fever at the Jail. A malignant fever has broken out at the District jail, and Washington workhouse, of so fatal a type, that commitments or prisoners have been stopped.

Adjournment of Congress. It is now believed that Congress will adjourn about the 20th of July. Quite a number of the members, however, will leave Washington before that time, Alabama Crops.

The Government has encouraging reports of the food crop in Alabama. Governor Patton, of that State, is about leaving for St. Louis and Chicago to purchase a large supply of corn to be used until the new crop comes in, Lobbying.

General Alfred Pleasonton was on the floor of the House vesterday, privately urging the passage of the Senate Army bill,

#### CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 14.

Senate. A bill was passed authorizing appointments in the pay department of the Navy to be selected from Acting Assistant Paymasters who have served two years.

Mr. Morgan (N. Y.) presented the memorial of the Chamber of Commerce of New York in favor of the passage of the Bankrupt bill. Reserved to the Judi-Clary Committee.

A bill to define the number and acguiate the an

A bill to define the number and legitate the appointment of officers in the Navy was taken up. It provides that the officers of the Navy shall be one Admiral, one Vice-Admiral, ton Rear-Admirals, twenty-five Commodores, fifty Captains, sincely Commanders, one hundred and eighty Lie utenant-Commanders, onethundred and sixty Masters, and of al other grades the number now allowed by iaw. The pay of the Admiral shall be \$10,000 per annum.

Mr. Lawrence (Pa ) introduced a bill for the creation of a National Bureau of Insurance, and to pro-House of Representatives: vide for funding the indebtedness of the United States. Read twice, and reserved to the Committee

on Ways and Means.

Mr. Schencz (Ohio) from the Committee on Millitary Affairs, reported back a substitute for the House bill for the reorganization of the army. Ordered to be printed, and postponed till Incada

Mr Paine (Wis ) introduced a bill to create the collection district of Corpus Caristi. Rend twic. and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The senate bill to authorize the Commissioner of Patents to pay those employed as examiners and assistant examiners the salaries fixed by law for the onties performed by them, which was before the House at its adjournment yesterday, came up in

order. Mr. Harding (Ky.) withdrew his motion to lay the bill on the table
After some discussion, in which Mr Wentworth (III.) informed Mr. Jenekes, who had charge of the bill, that after getting a bankrupt law through the House, he now wanted to bankrupt the freasury, the bill was passed by a vote of 55 year to 41 nays. Mr. Wha'ey (W. Va.) presented the cr-dentials of Lewis Haines, claiming to be elected to Congress from the Fith Congressional District of North Carolina Referred to the Committee on Recor

Mr. Eldridge (Wis ) made the objection that that Committee had made its final report, and conse quently was discharged.

The Speaker overrued the objection, stating that the Committee had, to been discharged; that various matters had been referred to it on which it had not reported; and that at all events the House had the right to reier a matter to it.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill

Pertland, Oregon, and to discontinue the branch mints at Da las City, Oregon, Charlotte, N. C., and

### IMPORTANT DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENCE.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

SHIPMENT OF AUSTRIAN TROOPS TO MEXICO.

MINISTER MOTLEY'S CORRESPOND ENCE WITH COUNT MENSDORFF.

#### REPLY OF THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

The following is the text of the correspondence which passed between the Honorabie J. Lothrop Mot ey, United States Minister to Austria, and the Count Mensdorff:-ME. J. LOTHROP MOTLEY TO COUNT MENSDORF

VIENNA, May 6, 1866 .- It will doubtless be within your Excellency's recollection that, on the 7th of April, I had the honor to lay before you for confidential perusal a despatch of my own to Mr. Seward, Secretary of State of the United States.

Seward, Secretary of State of the United States.

This paper was in answer to a communication from the Secretary of State, instructing me to make as earnest and emphatic protest as was compatible with the protoundest respect entertained by the United States for the Imperial Royal Government, against the departure of any auditional soldiers from Austra for Mexico.

United States for the Imperial Royal Government, against the departure of any additional solders from Austria for Mexico.

The language of the protest which I was thus instructed to make was quoted at length in the despatch which I had the honor of submitting to your perusal before sending it to Washington. In returning that despatch I understood your Excellency to observe that it contained a just and explicit statement of the position of the Austrian Government in regard to affairs in Mexico, and that you had no further observations to make upon it.

Since for warding that paper to Washington I have received despatches of a grave nature from my Government in regard to the same subject.

The instructions just received by me from Mr. Seward are in answer to my statement to him under date or the 27th March last, that the mistary supplementary convention between the Austrian Government and the Government of Mexico, recognized here as the legitimate one, had been signed on the Hith of March, and it was expected that about one thousand younteers would be shipped soon from Trieste to Vern Cruz, and at least as many more in the antium.

An imperative duty is now placed upon me of

Trieste to Vera Cruz, and at least as many more in the antume.

An imperative duty is now placed upon me of again most respectivity calling your Excellency's attention to the general and prowing uneasiness throughout the Unived States on the subject of foreign troops in Mexico. In so doing I wish to use the most courieous and becoming terms that are compatible with the faithful execution of the task just committed to me by my Government.

Recognizing the right of one independent nation, for reasons deemed sufficient by itself, to make war upon another independent nation, and not being called upon to be a judge of the quarrel between the beligerents, the United States have scrappilously maintained neutrality in the war existing during the past few years between the empire of France and the republic of Mexico, with which power the United States Government has not ceased to maintain friendly relations.

United States Government has not ceased to maintain friendly relations

This preservation of neutrality has been rendered the more difficult in proportion to the growth of the conviction among the people of the United states that the war began by France for the purpose of redrecking grievances, and with a disclaimer of all political intention on the part of France, was continued, as it were indefinitely, for the purpose of establishing and perpetuating on the borders of our own territory a foreign importal Government by caus of European troops.

It is boped that at last an arrangement has been effected by which the French troops, hereto-fore preventing a full expression of the national will in Mexico, are to be withdrawn.

The appearance of French troops arriving from Austria at exactly this moment, therefore, would almost inevitably increase the general excitement in the United States which the recent understanding with the French Government had begun to alay.

to allay.

It would be thought—erroneous as such a supposiIt would be thought—erroneous as such a supposition really is—that the Government of Austria was about to succeed that of France in an armed and protective alliance with the new Government which it wishes to see established in Mexico.

A thousand volunteers, many of them, perkaps, veterans, having served their time in the Austrian army, will be reparded as the procursors of an inde-

army, will be reparded as the procursors of an inde-finite number, sufficient to supply the void left by the rething French forces and to overawe, for a period of years, the free action of the Maxican people in repard to their form of Government. The United States Government has from the be-ginning neither acquiesced in nor intimated the possibility of a future acquiescence in the sub-stitution of an imperial forcien and military Government in the place of the national Repub-lic of Maxico, unless it should satisfy itself that such was unqueriforably the will of the Mexi-can people. That will, in the opinion of the United States Government, can never be mani-fested in the presence of foreign flacts and armies. It has therefore, during its very pro-racted diplo fested in the piesence of foreign flacing and a third lit has therefore, during its very pro-racted diplo made correspondence with the French Imperial Government, been unable to admit the validity of the revolution supposed to have been effected in the Government of Mexico chiefly by the means of

Government of Mexico chiefly by the means of European forces.

In its last note addressed to the French Government it expressed itself as understanding the Emperor of the French to announce to the United States has immediate purpose to bring to an end the services of his armies in Mexico, to withdraw them, and in good faith to fall back, without stipulation or condition on the part of the United States, upon the principle of non-intervention, as to which he is henceforth agreed with the United States.

The practice of the United States Government, says the Secretary of State, is from its beginning a

says the Secretary of State, is from its beginning a guarantee to all nations of the respect of the Ameri-can people for the free sovereignty of the people in every other Sia'e. It is the chief element of foreign intercourse in our history. Thus much of information I have thought it not

superfluous to give of the latest expression by the United States Government to that of France of its sen iments in regard to the affairs of Mexico

I am now instructed to say to the Imperial Royal everyment of Austria that in the opinion of the United States the time seems to have arrived when the position of their Government in relation to Mexico should frankly and distinctly be made known to the Imperial Royal Government and to all others whom it may directly concern
The United States, for r asons which seem to
them to be just and to have their foundation in the

laws of nations, maintain that the domestic republican Government is the only legitimate one existing in Mexico. They cannot, in view of the character of their own political institutions, their proximity and intimate relations toward Mexico, and their just influence in the affairs of the American continent consent to the subversion of that Government by oreign armies.

Having urged upon the French Government their strong, and, as they think, reaso nable desire for the withdrawal of the French troops engaged in that ect onable invasion, it now becomes proper the United States to snuounce that they are no less opposed to military intervention for political objects hereafter in Mexico, with the sanction of the Aus-trian Government, than they are opposed to any further intervention of the came character in tha

I am according y instructed to state that th United States sincerely desire that Austria may find it just and expedient to conleupon the ground of non-intervention in Mexico, which is maintained by the United States, and to which they have invited France. They could not but regard as a matter of serious concein the despatch of any troops from Austra for Yexico while the subject waich I am thus directed to present to the Austrian Govern-

ment remains under consideration.

I have now faithfully laid before your Excellency, as briefly as the importante of the subject would permit, the position of the United States in regard to Mexico. Until recently I have been instructed by my Gov

ernment to abstain from formal political discussions here of the important events occurring in this ountry.
On repeated occasions, however, I have felt it apcountry. propriate to express in courteous language, without formulity, but in all sincerity, the opinions of the Finited States Government and people as to the at-tempt to establish a foreign and Imperial Govern-ment by means of European military forces upon the ruins of an American Republic. Those opinions have been so secret to those with whom I have had the honor of conversing, but is only now that I am instructed by my Government to speak in its name and with the whole weight of whatever influence i may be thought to possess over the general senti

ment of the world. There has been no doubt, I suppose, as to the almost unaumous opinion of the American people on the subject. From time to time it has been my duty to place before the Imperial royal Government documents emanating from the Cabinet at Washington relating to the affairs of Mex.co. The diplomatic correspondence of the United States Government correspondence of the United States Government
with that of France, from the beginning of the hostile expeditions against Mexico down to a very
secent period, has been regularly printed, and is
within the reach of all who wish to read it.

Public seniment in the United States as to intervention on the part of European Governments and
soldiers for the purpose of revolutionizing the

soldiers for the purpose of revolutionizing the polity, subverting the existing institutions and con-troiling the destray of American republics, has been manifested in every way in which it was possible to make it known—by solemn resolutions of Congress, by the utterances of great public meetings, without distinction of party, and by the general voice of the

American press.
The feeling of the American people and its successive Administrations, as exhibited through the whole of their national career and publicly maniwhole of their national career and publicly mani-lested on manny solemn occasions, in regard to to torcible and armed interference by European powers with the established institutions on the Western Continent are, whether they may be deemed reasonable or not, and whatever weight may be attached to them by European opinion, a matter of history and known to mankind.

of history and known to mankind.

Such interference was long ago proclaimed, on
the highest official authority, as of necessity to be
considered a manifestation of an unfriendly disposition towards the United States.

It is hardly expedient, therefore, on this occasion,
to consume more or your Excellency's time by the
exposition of a subject so familiar to you.

I beg your Excellency to believe that the !rankness and sincerty with which I have thus set forth,
in obedience to the instructions of the President,
the sentiments of the Government which I have the
honor to represent at the court of his Imperial

the sentiments of the Government which I have the
honor to represent at the court of his Imperial
royal Majesty, are not incompatible with the most
entire respect for the Imperial royal Government
and the Austrian nation, and with the warmest and
most sincere desire for their welfare.

In conclusion, I feel it my duty in this most grave
aspect of affairs to repeat the carnest hope that it

aspect of affairs to repeat the earnest nope that it may yet be found expedient to postpone the departure of fresh troops from Austra to Mexico until such answer to this communication as your Excellency may be pleased to make shall have been candidly and deliberately considered by the United States Government at Washington.

In the meantime, I pray your Excellency, etc.

J. LOTHROP MOTLEY.

COUNT MENDDORFF TO MR. J. LOTHROP MOTLEY (Translated from the German.)

VIENNA, May 20, 1866 -The undersigned has had the honor to receive the note addressed to turn by Mr. Motley, under date of the 5th instant, which contains the representations his Government has felt itself called upon to make in reference to the volunteers enlisted in the Austrian States for Austrian military service is Mexico.

The undersigned has already had, repeatedly, occasion to give Mr. Motley verbal explanations as to casion to give Mr. Motley verbal explanations as to the nature and bearing as well as to the very fimited scale of the e culistments, to be made only during a very short period. The object of these explanations was to dispel every possible doubt that could arise in the mind of the Federal Government as to the intentions of the Austrian Government in this affair. It appears, however, from Mr. Motley's latest communication that these explanations have not as yet bad the effect of setting at rest the apprehensions of the United States Government, who seem to perceive

in these enlistments an interference in the internal affairs of Mexico which might induce the United States to abandon the neutral attitude which they have hitnerto observed, and which might further be considered by the public opinion of the United States as an unfriendly proceeding against them, a proceeding which would be entirely at variance with the feelings of the Imperial Government.

The undersigned, although not sharing all the points of view developed in Mr. Motley's note, is, nevertheless, in a position to announce to him that, in consequence of the above-mentioned considerations, the necessary measures have been taken to suspend the departure of the newly enlisted volunteers for Mexico.

In the firm conviction that the Cabine) at Washington will see, in this proceeding of the Imperial Government, a further motive to persevere in its neutral attitude towards Mexico, as well as a new proof of the shoere desire of the imperial Government to keep off all that could not unfavocably on the relations of both countries, the undersigned avails himself, etc. avails himself, etc.

### LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

District Court im Banc-President Judge Sharswood, Judges Strond and Hare.—The Court was this morning engaged with the argument list on third calling.

Court of Common Pleas—President Judge Allison and Judge Ludlow.—The Certiorari list was before the Court this morning. As usual, the largest number were landlord and tenant cases. A Supreme Court at Nist Prins will be held on Saturday morning.

Court of Quarter Bessions—Judge Pierce.— James Jeffreys pleaded guilty to a charge of obtaining money unser talse pretenses. He represented himself to be connected with the Shiffler Hose Com-

himself to be connected with the Shiffler Hose Company, and collected money in the name of the company, but always kept the money.

Charles Kimmer and Ehzabeth Kimmer were acquitted of a charge of the larceny of a cow, valued at \$75, and a calf valued at \$20, the property of Wm. Y. Leader. Mr. Leader was in the habit of keeping the cow and calf in his lawn before the house, and, as he testified, he supposed his gate had been left open, and the cow and calf had wandered on to the place of defendants. However, after search he jound open, and the cow and eait had wandered on to the place of defendants. However, after search he found the cow and call were found tied in the yard of defendants. He demanded them, but defendants rejused to give them up until they had been paid five dollars for keeping them. He then issued a search-warrant and obtained his property. He said he had no wish to prosecute the party, as he did not think they intended to steal the cow and call.

Henry Leader was acquitted of a charge of assault and battery upon George Kimmer. It grew out of the cow case.

the cow case.

Emma Anderson and Albert Thompson, colored, were charged with k-cping a very disorderly house in Barciay street, near Sixth. Witnesses testified that they were continually annoyed by the noise of drunken men and women at all hours of the night. One witress said that the defendants were in the habit of carryine on a wholsale robbery; that Emma would entice men into the house, while A bert would rob them, and kick them down stairs. E mma, in the meanwhile, amusing herself by throwing bottles at them. The jury, of course, rendered a vergict of culty.

lict of guilty.
William Rebinson, colored, was acquitted of a charge of the larceny, as balles, of \$6, the property of Littleton Maurice, colored. Maurice gave Robinson some filt to sell, and Robinson kept the money. It was such an old affair that Maurice did not wish to have Robinson convicted. The bill was therefore so have Robinson convicted. The evidence submitted to the jury without any evidence webshired and Kinsey Weish, colored, James Washington and Kinsey Welsh, colored, were convicted of a charge of the larcony of a push-cart, valued at \$20, fae property of John Cole.

William Cowley was acquitted of a charge of as-sault and battery upon Susan Pottinger. Prosecutrix did not appear, and the bill was submitted with out evidence.

Joseph Baker was convicted of a charge of assault and battery upon James McKinney. Baker asked McKinney to show him the way to a lady's house, and McKinney did so: arrived there, McKinney and McKinney did so: arrived there, McKinney asked if he lady was at home, and received a negative answer. He to'd Baker that the lady was not

at home. Baker then commenced to beat him unmercifully James Furgerson was acquitted of a charge of the larceny of a watch, value i at \$20.00, the property of James Spinnach. Spinnach testified that while he was at a ball at the Sansom Street Hall, some one struck him, and Fulperson grabbed his watch, and handed it to a man named O'Hara. But there was

John Burns and Gilbert Connor were each con-John Burns and Gilbert Connor were each con-victed on a cross-bill of assault and battery. Burns was kicked out of a house by Connor, and when on the street, Burns kicked Connor into the street. Sentenced to pay costs of prosecution. Hannah Scurry and Daniel Dunn were acquitted i a charge of assault and battery upon Francis Wil iam McDonald was chargen with perjury in swearing before Alderman White that his house had

swearing before Alderman White that his house had been entered, and that goods to the value of about \$1000 had been taken away, and that he had reason to suspect that the goods were placed in a certain house, No 1286 South Sixth street, thus obtaining a search warrant with which he searched the house; whereas he had in truth lost no goods by theft.

The goods were found in the house, but witnessed testified that they had been placed there by defendant himself; that defendant was about to move, and obtained parmission from the occupant of the

obtained permission from the occupant of the house to place these things there temporarily; that defendant of on came to visit the house, and look after the goods; that he even took tea with him on the very day that the search-warrant was But it was alleged by the defense that some of these goods were placed there during the absence of defendant; that they were taken there without the knowledge of defendant, and that it was for these goods that he made search. Still on trial.

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, June 14 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street,

BEIWEEN BOARDS. \$15000 U S 6s '81. reg. 103 100 sh l'h & E. . . . 308 \$1120 Morris C'l b l. 90 100 sh do . . . b5wn 304 \$2000 Leh Nav 6s, 84s 88 100 sh do . . . . 308 SECOND BOARD

\$3000 Phil. & E 6s... 90 100 sh Cat pf...... 251
3 sh Cam. & A.... 1291 50 sh do..... 26
100 sh Phil & Erie ... 301
100 sh do..... b80 305

Latest Markets by Telegraph. NEW YORK, June 14—Stocks are heavy. Chicago and Rock Island, 91; Hilmois Central, 121; New York Central, 98; Reading, 109; Missouri Sixes, 79; Frie, 59; Western Union Telegraph Company 56; United States Coupons, 1881, 110; do. 1862, 102; do. 1864, 102; do. 1865, 102; do. 1868, 127; Treasury Seven-thirties, 102; (202); Gold, 147. BALTIMORE, June 14.—Flour is quiet. Wheat film. Corn active at \$1 10@1 12 for white, and 95c. for yellow. Provisions firm. Mess Pork, \$32 25. Supar steady. Coffee quiet. Whisky dull at \$2.291

-Advice to Canada-deal gently with the

-Patti is engaged all next season to Bagier.

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advised to seek a care in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

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