VOL. V .-- No. 126.

### IN THE YOUNG AND RISING GENERAtion, the vegetative powers of life are strong; but, in a few years, how often the pallid hue, the lack-lustre eye, and emeciated form, and the impossibility of appli-cation to mental effort, show its banctul influence! It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body. Consumption is talked of, and, perhaps, the youth is remeved from school and sent into the country. This is one of the worst movements. Removed from ordinary diversions of the ever-changing scenes of the city, the powers of the body too much enfeeb ed to give zest to healthful and rural exercise, thoughts are turned inwards upon themselves; the parent's heart bleeds in anxiety, and fancies the grave but waiting for its

Ains! incresse of appetite has grown by what it fed on-the energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged.

## Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

FOR WEAKNESS ARISING FROM EXESSES OR INDISCRETION.

Attended with the tollowing symptoms:-Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Death, Night Swests, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System. Often Fnormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Divness of the Skin. Pallid Countenance and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots fiving before the Eves, with Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness with Horror of Society, Nothing is more desirable to such Patients than Solltude, and nothing they more dread for Fear of Themselves, no Repose of Manner, no Euroestness, no Speculation, but a hurried Transition from one question to another.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on-which this Medicine invatiably removes-soon follow Loss of Power, Patuity, and Epileptic Fitz, in one of which the patient

During the Superintendence of Dr. Wilson, at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this sad result occurred in two patients; reason had for a time left them, and both died

Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those diretul diseases, INSANITY and CONSUMPTION? The records of the Instanc Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appear. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute-neither Mirth or Grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate

"With word measures wan Despair Low sulen sounds his griet begulied." Whilst we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptons we are prepared to offer an invaluable girt of chemistry for the removal of the consequences-

### HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID

EXTRACT OF BUCHU. THERE IS NO TONIC LIKE IT. It is an anchor o hope to the surgeon and patient; and this is the testi-

mony of all who have used or prescribed it. RELMBOLD'S FLUID EX RACT BUCHU for Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine. Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Culculus, Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings,

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EX RACT BUCHU, In affections peculiar to females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irreguacities, pain; ulness or suppre-sion of customary evacuations, Ulceration or Schrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhoa, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dis-ipation, imprudencies, or in the Decdine or Change of Life.

## HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

IMPROVED ROSE WASH Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from babits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet and no exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copalba and Mercury, in curing those unpleasant and DANGEROUS DISEASES.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU in all cases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is p'easant in taste and color, immediate in its action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron. Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate Consti-

tutions procure the remedy at once. The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above visease it is sure to affect the bodily a alth mental pewers, happiness, and that o posterity. Cur fiesh and blood are supported from these

## PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE!

We make no secret of the ingred ents. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHUIS commosed or Buchu, Catebs and Juniper Berries, selected with great care, and prepared in vscuo by H. T. HELMBOLD Druggist and Chemist of sixteen years' experience in the City of Philadelphia and which is now prescribed by the most eminent obysicians, has been admitted to use in the United states army, and is also in very general ase in State Rospitals and public sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

[Dr. Keysers is a physician of over twenty years' experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College, and of the University of Medicine and Surgery of Philadelphia.

medicale agent would be as to my opinion about Buchs, I would say that I have used and sold the asticle in various isome for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it I have not used or known to be used. In the various diseases where such medicate agent would be indicated. You are aware, as well as myse f. that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kinneys, and the reputation it has acquired in my judyment is warranted by the facts.

I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of

reputation it has acquired in my judgment is warranted by the facts.

I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of Buchn—the powdered loaves the simple decoction, tincture fluid extracts—and I am not cognizant of any preparation of that plant at all equat to yours. Twelve years' experience sught I think, to give me the right to ludge of its merits and without projudice or partiality I pive yours necedence ever all others. I do not value a thing according to its bulk, i'I did other Buchus would out-do yours; but I hold to the doctrine that bulk and quantity do not make up value—if they did, a copper cent would be worth more than a gold-doltar.

I whe your Buchu for his effect on patients. I have evered with it and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I have ever seen cured with any other Suchu, or any other proprietory compound of whatever name. Respectfully yours, etc., GE/RGE H. KEYSER, M. D., Xo. 140 Wood street, Pitrsburg, Pa.

### August 11, 1865.

FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

BIGHLY CONCENTRATED One bottle equivalent in strength to one gallon of the Syrup or Decection. It reaches the seat of the disease immediately, ex-

pelling all HUMORS OF THE BLOOD, and BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION! These articles, being of such strength, the dose is ex-

credingly small. From this fact it is used in the United States Army Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions shroughout the land.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS. HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 594 BEOADWAY, New York. AND

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT, No. 104 S. TENTH Street, below Chesnut, Philadelphia.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. ARE FOR HELMBOLD'S

## EUROPE.

STEAMER "SAXONIA" AT NEW YORK,

THREE DAYS' LATER NEWS.

MONETARY PANIC AT AN END.

No More Failures Reported.

THREATENING ASPECT OF AFFAIRS IN THE QUADRILATERAL.

Italy, Prussia, Austria, and the German States Ready for War.

### A COLLISION DEEMED IMMINENT.

Garibaldi Takes the Field

AN ALLIANCE BETWEEN ITALY AND PRUSSIA.

The Status of the Czar.

"REDISTRIBUTION OF SEATS" BILL

Cholera Raging at Liverpool.

PROPOSED EUROPEAN CONGRESS.

### Latest Financial Intelligence.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

NEW YORK, May 26 .- The steamship Sazonia has arrived, with Liverpool dates to the 15th inst. The steamer America, from Southampton on the 16th. has also arrived.

END OF THE PANIC. LONDON, May 14 .- The panic is over. No new failures are reported. The Bank has refused to make advances on Consols. Consols for money, 86 | 286]; Five-twenties, 651 266; French Rentes, 681. 85c. THE NEW REPORM MOVEMENT,

On the 14th Mr. Gladstone introduced the second reading of the Seats bill, and said it was the general wish of the House that the two bills be combined, and the Government acceded. On Mr. Bourcries motion the bill was read a second time.

THE CHOLERA AT LIVERPOOL, The Times says the number of deaths are increas ing. Dr. Ross, of the Helvetia, is dead. Three more emigrants are dead.

The cholera appeared at the new Depot, at Bank' hall, and five patients have been removed to the Workhouse.

THE WAR PROSPECTS. The war prospects are unchanged.

THE PROPOSED CONGRESS, The Congress question is again mooted. France will join it with perfect disinterestedness, without raising complications.

HEAVY DARMSTADT READY. The Darmstadt army is placed on a war footing, and the military preparations continue. War is considered imminent.

VIENNESE VOLUNTEERS. Patriotic appeals are made for contributions for the formation of volunteer corps at Vienna. WHAT THE PRUSSIAN AMBASSADOR WILL DO.

The Prussian Ambassador said he would leave immediately in consequence. ADVANCE OF THE AUSTRIANS, The Austrians occupied the Bohemian and Silesian

MEXICAN VOLUNTEERING STOPPED. The volunteer corps for Mexico has been dis-

banded. Cantonments have been erected at Lechfelde and Nuremburg for the Bavarian army.

HANOVER ARMING. It is reported that Prussia has summoned Hanover for making warlike preparations, and announced the intention of occupying her military roads.

PRUSSIA DECLINES ANOTHER AUSTRIAN OFFER, The Prussian reply to the Austrian note upon the Duchies question, presented on the settlement proposed by Austria, is declined.

# The Latest.

CONDITIONAL TREATY OF ALLIANCE BETWEEN

ITALY AND PRUSSIA. A despatch from Berlin dated the 14th says a conditional treaty of alliance was signed on Saturday between Italy and Prussia.

A despatch from Berlin on the 15th states that the Prussian note to Hanover, summoning an explanation of her warlike movements, threatens the military occupation of that kingdom, and demands that it shall observe the strictest neutrality.

The correspondence between the King of Prussia and the Czar is believed to have been connected with the creation of the Duchy of Warsaw, and it is declared that the Czar has not interfered in favor

A Vienna despatch of the 14th states that another Imperial ordinance is shortly to be published, declaring merchants' versels and cargoes not to be hable to capture by Austrian vessels of war, simply because they belong to a nation with which Austria

ITALY PREPARING FOR WAR. A Milan telegram states that 2000 Austrian sallors have arrived at Venice for the defense of the Lagunes, and orders have been issued to organize a body of 1200 boatmen for transporting soldiers to the Island of Lido. 22,000 Austrian troops passed

through the Metre. A Trieste telegram says the Italian squadron has

the Adriatic between Ancona and the Island of THE NATIONAL CAPITAL THE WORLD OF FASHION | FINANCE AND COMMERCE threatening Venice, Trieste, Pola, and Triune.

A Frankfort telegram states that a motion will shortly be introduced in the Diet for the mobilization of the Federal army. It will also be proposed that a natia and Prassia be called on to withdraw the troops from the Fortresses of Menitz and Rastiant that they may be occupied by Federal Torces. A Vienna tele, ram states the the traitions for war continue and patriotic movements were taking place in the different towns of Austria.

THE CONGRESS OF NATIONS. La France says that many diplomatic communications have been exchanged between the Capinets and the idea or a Congress, limited to the considera-tion of pending questions, is again taken up,

RUSSIAN VICTORY. The Russians have descated the Emir of Bokhara

MONEY PARIC AT BARCELONA. A telegram from Barcelona on the 14th reports a prest run on the banks there for the exchange of notes and withdrawal of decests. Some suspensions had occurred and others were expected. GARIBALDI TARES THE FIELD.

A telegram, dated Florence, says Garibaldi has accepted the command of the volunteers, decaring accepted the command of the volunteers, declaring that he hope soon to be able to co-operate with the glorious army of Italy in accomplishing the destricts of the nation; also that a royal decree has been issued ordering all soldiers of the second category of 1844 to be forthwith incorporated with the regular army. They have already been called together for two months' drill. The seriate has approved, by a vote of 70 to 6, the bill granting exclusive and extraordinary powers to provide for the pablic safety.

The Opinione thinks if a formal proposal should be made for a European Congress Italy should accept it upon two conditions, viz: That she may remain armed and that the cossion of Venetia be included in the programme of the Congress. These conditions

in the programme of the Congress. These conditions

The departure of the Vienna garrison for Bohe-ma has commenced, and the substitution money for military exemption is applished The steamers Alemannia from New York, arrived at Cowes 12:50 P. M. of the 15th and the Hermann, from New York, arrived at Cowes at 9:30 the same

The Times of Tuesday says, editorially, that the wonted feeling of security has almost returned. Its money gridee says great anxiety continues to pre-vail; but no fresh failures nave occurred, which, considering that the pressure for money has not mitigated, and that the most extraordinary rates have been paid in the Stock Exchange, is very avorable.
The Globe of Tuesday evening reports a decided

The Globe of Tuesday evening reports a decided improvement in the Stock Exchange, and foreign stocks are especially buoyant. Consols for money were quoted at 86 @865, at 25 o'clock P. M.

A telegram from Milan, dated the 15th, states that regiments of Croats continue to arrive. Six thousand were expected altogether, and will be ecueloned from Friuli to Fadua.

Depots for the Austrian military service in Venetia have been established at Gretz, and a considerable force is stationed in the Lyrol

The garrison of Venice is to be raised to 24,000.

derable force is stationed in the l'yrol.

The garrison of Venice is to be raised to 24,000. Gunboats have been stationed and heavy torpedoes sunk in the inner harbor of Venice.

The Rinderpest has appeared in County Down, Ireland. Several cattle have been killed.

Several French journals have received warning for representing that the Government is provoking war.

LIVERPOOL, May 14.—Cotton sales yesterday 10,000 bales; prices unchanged, with a demand for all descriptions at full previous quotations; sales to speculators and exporters, 1500 bates. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. No markets since the salling of the Cuba.

Provisions dull. Lard dull but steady, Tallow firm Ashes inactive. Sugar quiet. Coffee, no sales. Rice, no sales Linseed oi, dult. Rosin, no sales pints Turpentine dult. Petroleum quiet and ominal, London, May 14.—Consols, 864@364; Five-twen-les, 654@98; Illinois Cential, 76@77; Erie Railroad,

LONDON, May 15 -Consols 861@861; Five-twenties, 65; Erie Hairoad, 46.
LIVERPOOL, May 15.—Cotton sales to-day 8000 bales, including 1500 bales to speculators and exporters. The market closed quiet and unchanged.

SUIT AGAINST THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE -His ger-in-Chief of the British army, has got into hot water with an officer of the Colds ream Guards, who has commenced a suit against his royal chief for illegal deposition from his position in the army. It appears that Lieutenant-Colonel Dawkins, commanding a battalion of the Guards, whose record is undisputed, and a hero of the Crimea, feeling aggrieved at the overbearing conduct of Lord Roke-ley, a Major-General in the army, refused the latter his hand on parade. Lord Rokeley not relishing his hand on parade. Lord Rokeley not relighing
this independence on the part of a commoner and
a subordinate, determined to "crush him out;"
and to do so invoked the supreme power of the
army in the person of the Duke of Cambridge, who
summarily dismissed Col. Dawkins, or whatis equivalent to it, reduced him to half pay and "retired" him. Colonel Dawkins, who is only two and thirty, and very wea thy, and, withal, of good family, though not titled, had no idea of being deposed without a trial by court-martial, to which he is unquestionably entitued. He demanded this right, which being re-tused, he has commenced suits against both Lord Rokeley and the Duke of Cambridge, laying his damages in each suit at some twenty thousand pounds. The Euglish papers have been considerably exercised at the poyel sight of one of the royal family oing hauled over the coals by a spunky commoner out, in fairness, they seem to think that he has the right of it, and will prevail.

### THE PRESBYTERIANS.

The Proposed Plan for Reunion-Com mittee of Conference to be Raised, Etc. ST. LOUIS, May 25 .- The subject of the reunion of the Old and New School Churches was reported upon in the Old School Assembly to-day. The plan suggested is for the appointment of a commission, consisting of nine ministers and six e ders, to meet a similar committee of the New School Assembly who, after consideration, if they deem reunion de sirable or practicable, are to report the measure for its accomplishment to the next Assembly,

A motion of Dr. Vandyke that the Confederate A sembly be invited to join in the Union was tabled, The report of the Committee was adopted by a large majority.

The remainder of the day was mainly occupied by Dr. Thomas and Dr. William Breckinridge in speeches relative to the Louisville Presbytery case. the latter taking the ground that the Assembly has no right to ignore the existence of the Synod, and act directly with the Presbytery.

A series of patriotic resolutions on the state of the country was passed by the New School As

The Old School Assembly will make an excursion to Pilot Knob and Iron Mountain to-morrow.

Burning of the Old Harrisburg Bridge. HARRISBURG, May 25 .- The eastern end of the old Harrisburg bridge was destroyed by fire this morning. The flames were discovered about twelve

o'clock, and before one o'clock the entire pertion of the structure reaching from Harrisburg to Foster's Island was burned and fell into the channel, threat, ening the Cumberland Valley Ratiroad bridge, situated a few hundred yards below it, and which was only saved after much exertion. The old Harrisburg bridge was projected under the patronage of the Commonwealth in 1811, and in 1816 the first toll was taken. The original cost of the bridge was \$192,000-In March, 1846, the first section of the bridge, be. tween the then borough and Foster's Island, was carried away by an immense flood. It was rebuilt in 1847. As the railroad bridge is not intended for the passage of tootmen and ordinary vehicles, the destruction of the Harrisburg bridge is quite a serious interruption to the ordinary communication between the city and Cumberland county. The Bridge Company, however, will take immediate steps towards the establishment of a ferry from this shore to the left the pay of Tarento and taken up a position in | Island for the accommodation of the public.

Special Despatches to The Evening Telegraph, WASHINGTON, May 26,

The Southern Investigation. Genera's Steedman and Fullerton are engaged a Augusta, Ga., in investigating the affairs of the medical branch of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Smallpox Among Freedmen. The Freedmen's Bureau in North Carolina reports 200 cases of smallpox for the current month-a decrease of 180 from last month.

Richmond Courts It is in contemplation to adjourn the United States District Court at Richmond until October,

when it is supposed that Uhief Justice Chase may be induced to preside. The Tax Bill.

The House expects to finish the Tax bill in Committee of the whole to-day. It necessary, the House will have a session to-night to complete it, so it can go to the printers, and come before the House for final action on Monday. A Virginia Decision.

One of the reconstructed Virginia judges at Alexandria, yesterday, pronounced the Civil Rights bill unconstitutional, and announced that he would not obey it or respect it. The question came up on the admissibility of testimony of a colored witness. Freedmen Kidnapped.

The Government is in possession of evidence going to show tost a number of freedmen have been kidnapped from Georgia and smuggled off to Turk's island, to do forced work in the sait mines, or transferred to agents engaged in the Cubau slave trade. Senta Anna

hassent a delegation of his friends here to try and work up his case. They called upon Senor Romero, who resuses to countenance their schemes, as he deems Santa Anna an ambitious and dangerous man, in the interest of Maximilian. Secretary Seward as yet gives them no material encouragement.

Cotton in Mississippi and North Caro-General Thomas, late Bureau Commissioner for the State of Mississippi, and now on General Howard's staff, reports that before the war that State used to ruse 1 000 000 bales of cotton, or nearly one quarter the entire yield of the United States, He thinks this year's crop will reach 600 000 bales. He says the best lands along the banks of the Mississippl river are being cultivated by Northern menwith adequate capital, who taus enjoy special facilities for securing labor and supp ies over the old planters, who occupy the lands of the interior.

The flooding of the river banks, he thinks, will not injure the cotton crop; but if it should, replanting may be continued up to the middle of June with assurance of a good crop. Colonel Byron Laffin, of New York, who has a cotton plantation in North Carolina, gives a very flattering account of the pros-pective yield of that Stale.

## EXPORT OF SPECIE.

\$6,000,000 Gone to Enrope This Morning.

NEW YORK, May 26 .- The steamers City of New York, Bavaria, and Virginia sailed at noon to-day for Europe, taking out \$6 000,000 in gold.

### FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

Removal of the Postmaster-Bradley, the Colored Lawyer, gives up his Cases. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, May 26 .- Mr. Purnell, our the Johnson Union wing, and opposes the State registry law. It is believed that one of Governor Swann's special friends wi'l get the appointment. Bradley, the colored Boston lawyer, has withdrawn his cases from our Courts and retired in disgust. He commenced laying injunctions without authority of certain negroes alleged to be ag-

Sailing of the "Virginia."

NEW YORK, May 26.-The iron screwsteamship Virginia, Captain Power, sailed to-day for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown (Cork harbor), with a full complement of cabin and a number of steerage passengers. Among them I find several from your city, forwarded here by W. A. Bamill, the Philadelphia agent of this line. The fine new steamship Denmark will be the succeeding vessel, and will leave on Saturday next, June 2.

The Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans 'Hom? Washington, May 26. - Active preparations are making for the National Fair for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home. A spacious I uniding is now in course of erection at the intersetion of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street. Gen. Augur has detailed a number of soldiers, who, cting as carpenters, this morning commenced the

BOSTON, May 26 .- The trial of John Moran for thooting Mary Ellen Kearney, rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree, and Chief Justice Bigelow sentenced the prisoner to be hanged at such time as the Executive may designate. Previous to being sentenced, Moran addressed the Court, detailing his intimacy with his victim, and indicating wanton behavior on her part and Jealousy on his, as the cause of the murder.

The Steamer "Propontis" at Boston. BOSTON, May 26.-The steamer Propostis, from Liverpool on the 11th, for Philadelphia, arrived at this port this morning.

### LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Supreme Court of Pounsylvania—Chief Justice Woodward, and Justices Thompson Strong, Read, and Agnew.—The Court sitting at Harrisburg has entered the following judzments:—

Ferre vs Thompson. Error to District Court of Philadelphia. Judgment reversed and a venire de novo awarded. Opinion by Thompson, Justice. Auspach vs. Bast. Error to District Court of Phi-ladelphia. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by S rong.

Ensworth et al. vs. The Commonwealth. Error to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Lycoming county. The judgment of the Court of Quarter Sessions is reversed, and judgment is now en ered for the detendants; but the jury having found that the defendants pay the costs of prosecution, the record is remitted, with instructions that they be sentenced accordingly, as directed by the act of Assembly. Opinion by Strong, Justice.

Pistrict Court No. 1—Judge Hare.—Martin A. Kellogg vs. Exta K. Conkin. An action to recover an amount claimed as commission on the sale

cover an amount claimed as commission on the sale of a lot of whisky for defendant. Before reported.

of a lot of whisky for defendant. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiff for \$354.25.

O.tWilson Davis to the use of Lewis Audenried vs. The Phonix Insurance Company. An action on a policy of insurance for \$5000 on the steamer Meteor, which was destroyed by fire. Jury out.

District Court in Banc.—President Judge Sharswood and Judge Stroud.—The Court was engaged with the current and deterred motion last. It being the regular month y judgment day, a number of judgments were entered for want of affidavits of defense.

Court of Common Pleas—Judge Ludlow.

The current and deferred motion lists were before
the Court. Judgments were entered in a number of
cases which had been here; cfore argued,

Latest Modes for Dresses - The Changes in Styles for Bonnets and Chapeaux-The New Materials in Vogue, Etc. Etc. Etc.

To describe the gradual change of the fashions from week to week is a matter requiring more care and observation than would at first sight, appear to the readers of the fashion column, and so slight are the changes that take place in the course of seven days, that it is almost impossible to say anything new on the subject from one week to another. The new on the subject irom one week to another. The foreign journals for the present week, however, teem with interesting news on this surject. Our French triends have, apparently, vied with each other in doing honor to our fair songstress, Adelina Patti; and, as it is their custom to show by their manner of dressing their admiration for anything or anybody, they have anorded us abundant opportunity to describe recent brilliant toitets. The following are a few of the most brilliant toitets. The following are a few of the most brilliant costumes lately worn in fars, and our fair friends will find it to their advantage to bear in mind these descriptions in getting roady their wardrobes for the coming watering-place senson: A white tuile dress bouiltionnee round the lower half of the skirt; a low coat bodier, made of straw-colored sik—the coat was vandyked, and the vandykes sashed together again with straw satin pipings; a deep flounce of point d'Angleterre was sewn all round the coa; a marrow bouiltionnee of white tuile replaced the berthe round the shoulders. The head dress was composed of flat gold braid, with cameo on it—an effective style of bande et.

A second toilet, worn by a well-known belle, constituted to the store of the constitution of the

cames on it—an effective style of bance et.

A second toilet, worn by a well-known belle, consisted of a white Chambery rause dress, with wide ping satin stripes on it; under this a ping glace slip, shot with white. The gause dress was in the Princesse form, and was cut out round the edge in wide vandykes. These vandykes were bordered with a noticed out ping silk ruche, edged with nairow white bloude. The low bodice was plain, and had no other ornament save a smail revers of ping silk with a crystal iringe round it. A pink moire waist band—not very wide—encircled the waist, and still nairower ends fell low at the side of the skirt.

A youthful brune, whose beauty created quite a sensation made a very novel toilet. The dress was white, and of the material called crepon de Chine, which is almost as light as Chamberry gauze, but coarser, and not so britant in effect. The dress was cut a l'Empire, and terminated with an immensely

cout a l'Empire, and terminated with an immensely long train. Round the edge of the train there was a thick rune e of white tulle, headed with a garland of olive leaves in green velvet, the fruit being represented in gold. A peplum of white crepon de Chine was fastened at the waist, and the upper part was thickly covered with crivatal beage, and the border thickly covered with crystal beaus, and the border richly embroidered to represent clive leaves. The peplum was quite of anique form, with long points at the sides and rold cassess at the four colors. The waistband was gold, and it isstened with a small jewelled clasp. The headdress was a la Josephine, and consisted of small ringlets on the iorenead and of a gar and of clive leaves, which formed a Benoiton on the throat; the comb at the back was jewelled For evening, white bodices, made entirely of lace

are very much admired, and many ladies prefer them rather than the conventional low-necked and short-sleeved evening dress. To a great many a vision of a white neck, and fair round arms just pleaming through lace, is far more attractive than the ordinary sight of bare shoulders and arms. A very costly and beautiful style of white bodice is made of shipure lace worked expressly for the made of guipure lace, worked expressly for the purpose; others less expensive, and quite as pretty, are made of alternate rows or lace insertion and

puffings of tulle or wash blonde.

this inshion of lace bodices, which will increase here as soon as the weather grows warmer, will introduce a novelty which has already been received with great favor abroad—that of out-door coverings in the same style. Short loose paletot, in shape the same as the sack that has so long been fashionable with us, will be made of alternate rows of Chantilly insertion and guipure lace, separated by rows of narrow velvet ribbon. These paletots will be trimmed ail round with ruches of lace, set on with passementerie or bugle gimp, and it is certain that few street garments will be more beautiful.

In Paris the new fa-hions are generally to be seen

ni on the race course, which is much frequented by ladies of the highest rank; and the newest and most elegant todets are to be seen there long before they have made their appearance anywhere else.

"It was curious," Writes a well-known farts correspondent, "to observe at the last races to wnat exmade for a daylight bue. The inshionable shade is called the Empress blue; it is not the same shade as that introduced some nine lears ago—which was somewhat of the corn-flower blue—but far brighter. It is neither light nor dark, but rather an in case turquose; altogether one of the most beauti-tul tones of color I have ever seen, especially in

"Many of these dresses were worn with casaque: to match, bordered with cross-cut bands or while silk. The casaques fitted the figure, and were cut out in square basques, which, in addition to the white sik bands, were surther ornamented with crystal beads and white biond.

"A very elegant toilet consisted of blue grot grain; the skirt was trimmed at the edge with a narrow platting of white silk, headed with a cross-cut band of blue corded with white. The skirt was frimmed so as to simulate a tunic with five wide sash ends of blue silk corded with white; the longest end fall-ing naturally in the centre of the back breadth. A small parefol-sal to ma ch, trimmed with a cross-cut band of blue and a white ruche, a Lumbae e bonnet with a wreath of blue convolvula, completed the

Several ladies of the fashionable world, who names are well known in society, wore blu-toilets M'me la Comtesse de Pierres appeared in a rich blue si k dress, with moniants of Ciuny gaipure on every breadth of the skirt. M'me la Princess de la Tre-moille, in a similar costume; M'me de Bilhem, in blue striped with white, a blue Pameialbounet stud ded with daisies; and a host of others too tedious to catalogue of this particular bright dye. In fact, blue was every where, wherever the eye rested it was cer-tain to be on one or these pretty fresh totlets, in which the new blue predominated. It might have bren an Oxford and Cambridge boat race, instead

a Paris race-course. 'The Princess Metternich drove on to the course in her well-known yellow barouche, drawn by four horses, driven by two postlions in yellow velves jackets and black facings. The servants in yellow liveries and with powdered heads. The occupant of this showy turnout was very simply dressed in plack si k, with a wide pink sash, and a black silk casquet, with a pink bow and ends at the back, and another on the sleeve. A small black tulle Pamela bonnet, with a rowe at one side, and fastened with pink strings. M'me de Gallifet wore a similar toilotte, with the exception of white trimmings being sub-stiluted for the pink ones, less uncommon, but cer

tainly not so original.
"One origine prettiest tollettes I saw was an aprico silk dress shot with waite. The skirt was trimmed with three rows or black velvet fringed with crystal. The front breadth was ornamented at each side with bows of black velvet formed of loops and long crys tal arguitettes. The casaque was a peplum with pointed basques, and over it there was a black velvet waistband emb-oldered and fringed with crestal. A large Henry IV how fastened the band at the side, and a similar bow decorated the left shoulder and tell with two long ends on the skirt. A black tude bounct covered thickly with a shower of crystal ends, with no other o nament save a large tea rose t the side, completed this very stylish tollette " The various trimmings which the present season brings us are extremely pretty. For fastance, a black velvet ribbon, embroidered in stars of white silk, alternating with tiny stars of mother-of-pearl This trimming is a great favorite for trimming sacks and mourning dresses; and some extravagant ladies go so far as to loop up their dresses with it. For very rich dresses the guipure laces, headed with jet are esteemed beautiful; as also are the guipures embroidered with straw. The latter have a very fine effect on such silks as corn color, cherry, or bright

In bouncts the variety becomes more bewildering every day. The following are some of the most beautiful we have seen during the week:beautiful we have seen during the week:

First. A gipsy bonnet of fine white tulle, sarrounded with violets, clustered with dewdrops. The
strings are of ribbons to match the flowers, with
violets placed down the ribbons for about two inches
on each side. This was one of the prettiest and most
elegant bonnets we have seen. Second Another
was of while chip, trimmed with small pink flowers
brought down cless in iront, so as to rest against
the forchead; strings of pink ribbon. Third. A
small gipsy of pale blue crope was made in small
puts, and trimmed inside with a white rose, set in
ruching or crope; strings of crope, cut very wide,
and trimmed down each side with a small ruching
of the same.

N. Y. News.

-A pull of 250 pounds is the maximum effort which a good horse can exert for a mile.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, !

Saturday, May 26, 1866. There was rather more disposition to operate in stocks this morning, and prices were firmer, owing to the late news from Europe, which is more favorable. In Government bonds there is very little doing. 5-20s sold at 1014. 108 was bid for 6s of 1881; 1014 for 7 80s; and 941 for 10-40s. City loans are in demand and higher; the new issue sold at 972@98, the latter rate an advance of 14.

Ra'lroad shares are firmly held.] Pennsylvania sold at 54%, no change; Catawissa preferred at 284, an advance of |; Lehlen Valley at 61], an advance of 1; and Reading at 56.44, no change; 129 was bid for Camden and Amboy; 371 for Little Schuylkfil; 54 for Noiristown; 564 for Minehill; 38 for North Pennsylvania; 324 for Philadelphia and Erie; and 44 for Northern Central. City Passenger Railroad shares are unchanged

Hestonville sold at 20, and Thirteenth and Fifteenth at 221@23. 56; was bid for lenth and Eleventh; 38 for Spruce and Pine; 56 for Chesnut and Walnut; 72 for West Philadelphia; 30 for Green and Coates; 26 for Girard College; 12 for Ridge Avenue; and 35] for Union. Bank shares are in demand at full prices. Penn

Township sold at 51; 140 was bid for First National: 140 for Phi adelphia; 1214 for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 58 for Commercial; 29] for Mechanics'; 30 for Manufacturers' and Mechanics'; 62} for City; 40 for Conso idation; and 68 for Union. Canal shares were in fair demand. Schuylkill Navigation common sold at 27 j@27 , the latter rate

advance; and Lehigh Mavigation at 54;, no change, 15 was bid for Susquehanna Canal; 53; for Delaware Division; and 66 for Wyoming Valley Canal. Oil shares continue dull and neglected. Ocean sold at 61/261, no change.

an advance of 1; preferred do. at 841@345, a slight

Gold was less active this morning, and rather lower, opening at 139;, fell off and sold at 139 at 11 o'clock, 138; at 12 M., and 139 at 1 P. M.

o'clock, 138; at 12 M., and 139 at 1 P. M.

—The New York Times this morning says:—

"The export of gold by the steamers to-day will amount to six millions of dolars; making for the week, including the sum sent overland to Boston for shipment by the China last Wednesday, \$11,000,000. Since the beginning of stay the aggregate export is twenty-two millions, which, assuming that the whole has been supplied out of the Treasury of the United States, to be deducted from the balances held on the last of May, would still leave the large sum of fifty four millions available for export through the summer menths it required. Of this sum, about twenty two milions belong to the ho'ders of Gold Notes or Certificales of Leoposit, and inityof Gold Notes or Certificates of Deposit, and injety-two millions to the Treasury of the United States. The following figures, we have reason to say, may be relied upon as closely reflecting the Treasury Gold movement since the 1st of May, including all 

Balance in Treasury May 26. . . . . 854,470,000

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street FIRST BOARD. -Messrs, DeHaven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day at 1 P. M. :-

Buying, Selling July 1864 11 August 1864 10 October 1864 9 Dec. 1864 8 May 1865 6 August 1865 4

Amount of coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during the week ending Thursday, May 24, 1866:— Total anthracite coal for week... itumineus coal from Harrisburg and Dauphin for week...... 6.911-03 Total of all kinds for week.....

Previously this year...... 1 893,987-16

To same time last year...... 1 178 282 16 Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, May 26,-The foreign news made public this morning has had little or no effect on the prices of general merchandise, but in financial circles it ha caused a more cheerful feeling. No. I Queroitron Bark is scarce, and in good demand

There is but little Cloverseed here, but it is not much wanted, and prices are nominal. No hing doing in Timothy. Flaxseed is selling at \$2.99@3 % bush.

There is no spirit in the Flour Market, and no inquiry except for the supply of the home consumers. Sales of \$3.0 bb/s. at \$10.00 cm for the home consumers. Sales of \$3.0 bb/s. at \$10.00 cm for five home consumers. Sales of \$3.0 bb/s. at \$10.00 cm for for for five home consumers. Sales of \$3.0 bb/s. at \$10.00 cm for five home consumers. Sales of the consumers is \$1.00 cm for five home consumers. Sales of \$3.0 cm for five home Timothy. Flaxseed is selling at \$2.90@3 28 bush.

Whisky is quiet. Pennsylvania soils at \$2.24@1.26, and Ohio at \$2.27. Oregon, by a new census, has 65,600 ir habitants, of whom 18,000 are voters, and 27,500



NEW STORE. No. 704 ARCH STREET.

The undersigned (late of the famous Rogers Bros' anutacturing Company) respectivity announce that new have opened a new and beautiful store for the main SILVER and PLATED WARE, at No. 704 AROS BOWMAN & LEONARD,