#### RESTORATION.

Proclamation by the President Insurrection Declared at au End-The Peo-NO. Sc ple of the South Loyally Disposed-Their Willingness to Abide by the Results of the War-The Union One and Indivisible-No State has a Right to Secede-Equal Rights and Equal Footing for all the States-Encouragement for the South-the Military to Yield to Civil Power.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT, WASHINGTON, April 2. By the President of the United States of America,

A PROCLAMATION. Whereas, By proclamations of the 15th and 19th of April, 1861, the President of the United States, in virtue of the power vested in him by the Constitution and the laws, deciared that the laws of the United States were opposed, and the execution thereof obstructed, in the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judgial approximation by the ordinary course of judgial approximations. pressed by the ordinary course of judicial pro-ceedings, or by the powers vested in the marshals

And whereas, By another proclamation made on the 16th day of August, in the same year, in pursu ance of an net of Congress, approved July 13, 1861. the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Ala-bama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mesissoppi, and Florida, except the inhabitants of that part of the State of Virginia lying west of the Allegheny mountains, and such other parts of that State and the other States before named, as might maintain a loyal adhesion to the Union and the Constitution, or might be from time to time occupied and con-trolled by forces of the United States engaged in the suppression of the insurgents, were declared to be in a state of insurrection against the United

And whereas, By another proclamation of the first And whereas, By another proclamation of the first day of July, 1862, issued in pursuance of an act of Congress approved June 7, in the same year, the insurrection was declared to be still existing in the States aforesaid, with the exception of certain specified counties in the State of Virginia;

And whereas, By another proclamation, made on the second day of April, 1863, in pursuance of the act of Congress of July 18, 1861, the exceptions mamed in the proclamation of August 16, 1861, were revoked, and the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee, Ala-

voked, and the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Fiorida, and Virginia, except the forty-eight counties of Virginia designated as West Virginia, and the ports of New Orleans, Key West, Port Royal, and Beautert, South Carolina, were declared to be still in a state of insurrection against the United States;

And whereas, The House of Representatives on the 22d daylor July, 1861, adopted a resolution in the words tollowing namely:

And dayfor July, 1801, adopted a resolution in the words tollowing, namely:

Resolved. By the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, that the present declorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, how in revolts against the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital: that in this National emergency. Congress, bankshing all feelings of mere passion and resenument, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on our-part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of conference of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of these states, but to maintain and detend the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dismity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as those objects are accomplished the war ought to cease;

And whereas, The Senate of the United States on the 25th day of July, 1801, adopted a resolution in the words following, to wit:—

words following, to wit:—

Resolved, [That the present deplorable civil war has been torced upon the country by the distrainments of the Scuthern States, now in revoit against the Constitutional Government, and marins around the Capital; that in this National emergency. Congress, banishing an feelings of mere passion and resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not prosecuted on our part in any spurit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interering with the rights of established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and laws made in parsumace thereof, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired; as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease;

And whereas, These resolutions, though not joint words tollowing, to wit:-

And whereas, These resolutions, though not joint or concurrent in their form, are substantially identi-

or concurrent in their form, are substantially identical, and as such may be regarded as having expressed the sense or Congress upon the subject to which they relate;

And whereas, By my preclamation of the 18th day of June last, the insurrection in the State of Tennessee was declared to have been suppressed, the authority of the United States therein to be undisputed, and such United States officers, as had been duly commissioned, to be in the undisputed exercise of their official functions;

And whereas, There now exists no organized armed resistance of misguided cit zens or others to the

resistance of misguided citizens or others to the authority of the United States in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Teducisee, Alabamu, Louisana, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida, and the laws can be sustained and enforced therein by the proper civil authority, State or Federal, and the people of the said states are well and loyally disposed, and have conformed, or will conform, in their legislation to the condition of affairs growing out of the amendment to the Con-stitution of the United States prohibiting slavery within the limits and jurisdiction of the United

And whereas. In view of the before recited premises, it is the manifest determination of the American people that no State, of its own will, has the right or the power to go out of or separate itself from the American Union, and that, therefore, each State ought to remain and constitute an integral part of the United States;

And whereas, the people of the several before-mentioned States have in the manner alorsaid given satisfactory evidence that they acquiesce in this sovereign and important revolution of national

unity;
And whereas, It is believed to be a fundamental principle of Government that people who have revolted, and who have been overcome and subdued must either be dealt with so as to induce them volun tarily to become friends, or else they dust be held by absolute military power, or devasated so as to prevent them from ever again doing harm as ene-mies, which last-named policy is abhorient to hu-rounity and freedom:

manity and freedom;
And whereas, The Constitution of the United States provides for constitutional communities only States, and not as territories, dependencies, provinces or protectorates;
And whereas, buch constituent States must necessarily be, and by the Constitution and laws of the

United States are, made equals and placed upon a like tooting as to political rights, immunities, dur-nity, and power with the several States with which

they are united;

And whereas, The observance of political equality as a principle of right and justice is well cilculated to encourage the people of the aforesaid lita es to be and become more and more constant and persevering in their renewed allegiance:

And whereas, Standing armies, military eccupation uniters have military tolurals and the sus-

And whereas, Standing armies, finitary eccupa-tion, mainry law, multiary hibumals and the sus-pension of the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus, are in time of peace dangerous to public libery, in-compatible with the individual rights of the duken, contrary to the remus and spirit of our free in tiu-tions, and exhausitive of the national resources and much not therefore to be sanctured or allowed. ought not, therefore, to be sanctioned or allowed ex-cept in cases of actual necessity for repelling invasion or suppressing insurrection or rebellon; And tollerens. The policy of the Government of

the United States, from the beginning of the instr-rection to its overthrow and final suppression, has been in conformity with the principles herein set

been in conformity with the principles herein set forth and councrated;
Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that the insurrection which heretofore existed in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tenhessee, Alabama, Louismina, Arkansas, Mississippi, and Fiorida, is at an end, and is henceforth to be so regasted.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and saty six, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninetieth.

ANDREW JOHNSON, By the President :-WILLIAM H. SEWAND, Secretary of State,

A SHIP OF THE "OLD SCHOOL."-Last week there sailed from Hull, amid the cheers of a great multitude, the barque Truefore, the only vessel despatched this year from Hull to the Davis Straits' whale fisheries. The Truclocc is under the command of Captain Wells, a name associated with the most -uccessful period of the whale fisheries. The Truelove is one of the oldest vessels afloat. She was built at Philadelphia, United States, in the year 1764, and is con-sequently 102 years old At that time the spot on which she was built was one of the planta tions from which much wood was taken for the build of British vessels. About half the long life of the Tructore has been spent in the whale fishery trade, but she was formerly in the Oporto wine trade.-London Times, March 13.

#### THREATENED TROUBLES IN EUROPE.

Austria and Prussia Preparing for War-What It Is All About.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

The City of Paris, it will be seen, brings intelligence of the highest importance, as to the relations of Anstria and Prussia—the sum and substance of which is, that as Prussia seems to have made up her mind to annex the Duchies, Austria has determined ining to annex the Duchies, Austria has determined to resist, and to that end is making active prepara-tions to send a powerful army to the irontier. Some reports say that army is one hundred thousand strong, and that before many days it will be on the strong, and that before many days it will be on the borders of Bohemia. There are rumors contradicting or modifying this, a little, but the latest telegrams say these are not to be recied upon, and that the crisis is sufficiently alarming to create the conviction that a conflict is inevitable.

Though the history of this new complication in European politics must be familiar to the read r who takes an interest in European polities, a brief resume of its origin and progress may not be unin-

resume of its origin and progress may not be unin-teresting. Fruesia now openly declares that the Duchies were taken from Denmark, not to be made an independent State, nor to maintain the made an independent State, nor to maintain the rights of Augustenburg, but to strongthen the Prussan monarchy. For a year past Count Bismarck has searcely thought it necessary to make any conceaiment of this purpose, and now he boldly arows it. Annexation is proposed by the minister and the press which supports him; and it is also apparently approved by the Prussian people. On the other side, Austria, with the more or less timid support of the minor states, demands that the will of the Contederation and the rights of legitimacy shall be respected. Passing over conferences conshall be respected. Passing over conferences conventions, missions, and despatches, this represents the real question now at issue. It is one upon which be obtained by seen exhausted, for where one party is determined to yield nothing, the other must take the alternative of submission or war. That is the position of Austria

position of Austria.

Count Bismarck has carried matters with so high a hand, that Austria is, as it were, driven to the wall. He has, spparently, made no more account of her than if she were one of the minor powers whese enthusiasm led to the spollation from which they were to gain so little. Austria, however, embarrassed as she is in her finances and in her relations with her great dependency, does not shrink from the contemplation of war. Hence, preparations for war are made on each side. In both capitals military coupells are held, generals nominated, plans of campaign discussed, and the question whether the territory of the neutral States of Germany shall be turned into a battle-field for these great territorial rivals to fight out their battle upon, is discussed as if the rights of those States and the interests of industry and civilization were of no position of Austria. interests of industry and civilization were of no

On the 13th the King of Prussia held a conneil of war, and in Vienna we learn that the Government has consulted its military commanders as to the readness of the army to take the field, the state of the Boheman fortresses, and the points in the king-dom of Saxony which could be occupied by the Im-perial forces. According to custom, a member of the reigning House is appointed to high command. Archduke Albrocht has been named as one of the leaders, if not the General-in-chief of the Austrian army. Field Marshal Benedek and Baron Hess, known for their services in former campaigns, have a so been consulted.

a so been consulted.

Continental Europe is thus again on the threshold for great events, the issue of which, or the new complications to which it may give rise, it is impossible just now to foresee. It is only extrain that the news we are to receive from that quarter, for some time to come, will be of extraordinary and exciting interest.—N. Y. Express.

# CITY INTELLIGENCE

[For Additional City Intelligence see Eighth Page.]

THE LATE WILLIAM S. PIERIE.-A large meeting of the members of the Press Club of Philadelphia took place yesterday afternoon to ake action in relation to the death of the late William S. Pierie, Commercial Editor of the North American and United States Gazette. After an expression of feelings of regret of the

entlemen present at the death of Mr. Pierie, a committee was appointed consisting of Messra Stepnen N. Winslow, William V. McKean, J. Davis Watsen, Thompson Westcott, and L. Waln Smith, to draft a report in reference to the de-

Mr. Winslow, from the said committee, reported the following:he Press Club of Philadelphia having received in-

telligence of the death of Mr. William S. Pierie, one of its members, places upon its record this testimo-nial of esteem for the deceased, and of regret at his Mr. Pierle has been connected with the newspaper press of I hiladelphia for twenty-one years, and during that period he has shown himself to be a most faithful man in the discharge of the peculiarly deli-cate duties of a commercial editor. He was a man of strict integrity, nothing having ever occurred in his long career to blemish his pure reputation in the slightest degree. In his intercourse with his asso-ciates he was invariably kind and courteous. He was

i journalist of untiring industry, always at the place fouty, and in the foregoing respects was a mode thich his juniors may well regard in a spirit of emu-In all the relations of life Mr. Pierie was a

lation. In all the relations of life Mr. Pierie was a thorough Christian gentleman, and well entitled to every friente of respect.

Resoured, That the foregoing testimonial be placed upon the minutes of the association, and that a copy of the same be presented to the family.

Resolved, That in respect to the memory of the deceased, the members of the Press Club will attend his funeral as a body.

Resolved, That a member be appointed to prepare a boographical memory of the deceased, to be read at

a biographical memoir of the deceased, to be read at some future meeting of the Club. Messrs. Winslow, Watson, and J. Bell deli-vered appropriate addresses in respect to the memory of the deceased. The last-named gentleman, alluding to a recent visit to Mr. Pierie a short time before his death took place, said hat he found the patient sufferer calmly await ing the final moment. As death approached there was no terror. The dying man, in a long and eventful life, had been faithful to his trust. He was an honorable and bonest citizen, a true Christian; and now, when the last moment was at hand, when he was to pass from time to eternity, death had no sting for him, nor could the

grave claim a victory.

A balo of glory seemed to encircle the brow of the dying man, and with the brightest hop of immortal bliss, Mr. Pierie breathed his life out caimly there, and passed to that realm where sorrow is unknown. There is sub-limity in the death of the Christian, for Jesus can make the dying bed feel soft as downy pil-

Mr. Stephen N. Winslow was appointed to prepare a biographical memoir of the de ceased, to be entered upon the records of

HOTEL THIEF.—Yesterday afternoon a Baltimorean named T. H. S. Boyd was before Alderman Beitler. The charges against him were forgery and larceny, and the carrying of concealed weapons. He was arrested by one of the city detectives, relieved of a huge bowle knife, and taken to the Central Station, where circumstances of the case were offered in evidence. The prosecutor was a Government agent named William A. Lloyd, a boarder at the American Hotel, His location at the hotel was on the 25th of last February. Two weeks atter he came there his trunk was broken open. It had been lett in room No. 43, in charge of Boyd. Colonel Lloyd went away, leaving Mr. Boyd to occupy his room. He alleges that during his absence his trunk was broken open, and that valuable papers and two hundred dollars in money were taken from it. Mr. Boyd was arrested, and yesterday afternoon had a hearing before Alderman Beitler. Detective Henderson produced certain papers which he found in the trunk of Mr. Boyd, that were identified by Colonel Lloyd as stolen from him. The Alderman committed Mr. Boyd in default of two thousand dollars bail to appear at the present term of court to answer these charges. One paper found in Mr. Poyd's trunk, purport-ing to beat the signature of Colonel Lloyd, was

pronounced to be a forgery. AEM FRACTURED.-William Bartley, aged twenty-six years, residing at No. 305 N. Twenty-first street, was admitted into the Pennsylvania Hospital yesterday afternoon, with a fractured arm, caused by a heavy chest falling on him, at Walnut street wharf.

MEETING IN THE TWENTY-THIND WARD.

—A large meeting of the citizens of the Twentythird Ward, was held on Thursday evening last,
in Frankford, to hear the report of the Treasurer,
Mr. Benjamin Rowland, Jr., who has been identified with the Ward Enlistment Association.

Mr. William Axe was selected as Chairman,
and Mr. William Welsh acted as Secretary.

From the report of the Treasurer, it appears
that during the war the sum of \$50,175-14 was
collected in the ward, of which \$46,988-01 was
paid to eix hundred volunteers for ward bounty.

paid to six hundred volunteers for ward bounty, and \$2272'39 paid out for expenses, leaving a

balance of \$914.74 unexpended.
On motion of Watson Comly, it was resolved to pay one hundred dollars to the Colonel E. D. Baker Association, to aid them in the erection of a monument over the remains of the deceased commander of the California Regiment, interred at Cedar Hill Cemetery, Frankford.

On motion of William H. Rhawn, it was resolved to increase the balance in the Treasurer's hands to one thousand dollars by immediate cash subscriptions, and to pay five hundred dollars to the Soldiers' Home of Philadelphia,

the Lincoln Institution for Soldiers' and Salfors Orphan Boys.

Provision having been made for the publication and distribution of the report, and the Enlistment Association having completed their

and the balance of the fund then remaining to

labors, it adjourned sine die.

The members of the Colonel E. D. Baker Asso ation above referred to are the survivors of one of the companies of the celebrated regiment raised by the lamented Baker. They have purchased and inclosed a lot of ground in the Cedar Hill Cemetery, and are endeavoring to raise a fund for the purpose of creeting a handsome monument over the last resting place of the dead heroes who were recruited into the regiment from the vicinity of Frankford. In further ance of their landable object the ladies of Frankford intend holding a fair for the benefit Association at an early day, and for which they are now preparing.

THE LATE FIRE IN SOUTH STREET,-Acting Detective Levy yesterday afternoon ar-rested Herman B. Platie on the charge of arson. The defendant occupied premises No. 310 South street, recently destroyed by fire. His arrest was the result of strong suspicion that he set fire to his own premises. He was arrested at the sult of the Kensington Insurance Company, from which office he had obtained a policy of insurance largely in excess of the stock upon the premises at the time of the fire. The de-lendant was taken before Alderman Beitler. He a native of Saxony. He has not been long in

Philadelphia.

He stated to Detective Levy that he had lived for eight and athalf years in New York, most of which time he spent with his brother, a cork cutter, at No. 134 W. Twenty-third street. He came here, and for the sum of \$175 bought the good will and fixtures from a man named David Senjamin, of the store that was burned. De tective Levy reported that he found upon the defendant, when searched, a number of bills and papers, though he had solemnly declared on the day after the fire that all his business papers were consumed. Inquiry among the wholesale tobacco firms from where the accused made his purchases, it was deposed by Mr. Levy, led him to the conviction that Mr. Platte's statements were untrue. The defendant, failing to enter \$2000 bail, was committed.

MEETING OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISrtan Association.—Last evening a large meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association was held at the rooms in Chesnut street, near Thirteenth, Peter B. Simmons, Esq., President of the Association, presiding. After the usual religious exercises, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. William Anderson, Esq., was then introduced, who read a deeply interesting, suggestive, and instructive essay on "Modes of Getting Along in the World," which received the thanks of the meeting by a rising vote. The question for debate, "Should the elective franchise be extended to those who cannot read and write?" was then taken up and bly discussed.

Interesting correspondence was read, showing the good work this Association is engaged in. Thirty-three persons were proposed and elected

The exercises were delightfully interspersed with fine selections of music by the choir of the Association. The large audience, composed chiefly of young en, were dismissed evidently delighted with he exercises of the evening.

THE CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION. - This worthy association has recently appointed a Committee of Conference, among whose names are Bishop Simpson, Drs. Wylie, Bomberger, A. H. Vinton, J. Wheaton Smith, and Bishop Vail, of Kansas, names familiar to many of our citizens. Very many of our Philadelphia cler-gymen, of every denomination, are co-operating

in its work in this city.

At its first meeting here, nearly a year ago,
Rev. Dr. Howe and others made addresses. Its first Conference this season was held in the Church of the Epiphany two weeks ago: One of its Conferences will be held in the Second Presbyterian Church (Dr. Beadle's), Seventh street, below Arch, this evening at 7% o'clock. A large meeting is anticipated, and many lead-ing clergymen of this city will participate.

DEATH CAUSED BY A FALL - John Smith, aged fitty years, residing at No. 1602 Lawrence street, lell down stairs yesterday afternoon, and received such injuries as to caus his death in two hours after the occurrence. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

### MATTERS OVER THE RIVER

GONE TO TRENTON .- A large number of the leading politicians of Camden cuty and county went up to Trenton last evening and this morning, in order to be present when the Legis-lature meets, and to witness the proceedings in the matter of United States Senator. It is thought that an election will be had this even-ing, but that depends entirely on the action of the Senate. The Republicans are greatly disap-pointed at the course the question took last week, and have not hesitated to express their disapprobation in the most decided manner. This may have an effect to change the course of Mr. Scovel in the opposition he made to a joint meeting.

AGRICULTURAL.-The larmers are now busy throughout Camden county in preparing their fields for early crops, some of which have already been planted. It is thought that the various kinds of fruit trees will yield a good crop this season, particularly as the buds appear to be rather backward, and the liability of being nipped by frost being thus greatly lessened.

SCARCITY OF Houses .- The scarcity of welling houses in Camden has been a grea annoyance for a year past, the applications ex ceeding the supply as three to one. Should an increase of double the number of dwellings now in Camden be made within the coming year, they would all be taken as soon as completed.

STABBING FRACAS.-Yesterday afternoon a iracas occurred near the car depot on Bridge avenue, between two individuals named Mat thews and Armington, in which the former was stabbed in three places. No arrests have yet

AN ACTUAL FACT .- A day or two since the contractors for cleaning the paved streets were seen scraping up the dirt and odal that have been accumulating for some time past.

· BAPTIZED.—Several persons were baptized on Sunday, in the Delaware river, at Cooper's

M-Mrs. S. A. Young, a clairvoyant and for une-teller at Hartford, Connecticut, died a few days ago. Her son was in fail for pounding his mother, and the city buried her and sold her effects to pay the expenses. -The Commercial Bulletin has the following

from the rural districts:—"Country hote's ar-shingling their her coops and refilling their bed-ticks with fresh corn-cobs, in anticipation of the rush of extra bourders the coming season from the city."

AMUSEMENTS. RISLEY'S CONTINENTAL NEWS
EXCHANGE.
Choice's eats to all places of Amusement may be had up to the o'clock any evening.

CHOICE SEATS AND ADMISSIONS.—
Tickets can be had a t.%
"PROGRAMME OFFICE,
No. 421 CHESNUT Street, opposite the Fos toffice,
for the Chesnut, Arch, Wainui, and Academy of Music,
an to 6 o'clock, every evening. NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE,—
CHESNUT Street, above Tweinh,
LEONARD GROVER & WILLIAM E. SINN, Lessees

EAST/R HOLIDAYS.

THIS EVENING.

a Drama, in four acrs. rom Charles Reads's great work,

NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND.

which, having had a prosperous ran of OVER 260 NIGHIS IN LONDON.

is still in the full tide of its successful career.

In order to lebd additional attraction to the Holldays, the Management take pleasure to announce the engagethe Management take pleasure to announce the engagement for six nights only of BURGESS, PRENDERGAST, HUGHES AND LA RUE'S MINSTREL TROUPE, who will cone ade the entertainment each evening. NEVIE TOO LATE TO MEND. With Mr. Mordaunt, Mr. Lennox, Mr. Young Mr. F. Foster, Mr. J. T. Ward, Miss Josle Orton, and nearly every member of the Company in the cast. To conclude with a FULL ETHIOPIAN ENTERTAINMENT,

BURGESS, PRENDERGAST, HUGHES, AND LA RUE'S MINSTREL TROUPE, WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 4, ONLY MINSTREL MATINEE, FRIDAY EVENING, April 4, BENEFIT OF MR. J. C. FONTER (Stage Manager), 10th GRAND FAMILY MATINEE, First day performance of

Performance of NEVER 700 LATE TO MEND. NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.

at this establish tabilshment
WEDNESDAY AFFERNOON, April 4.
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, April 4.
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, April 4.
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, April 4. On which occasion a FULL MINSTREL ENTERTAINMENT

will be presented composed of
THE GEMS OF ETHIOPIAN MELODY.
This will be the
ONLY MINSTREL MATINEE
given by 'hem
Admissi'n to all parts of the house, 30 cents; Children,
25 cents. Doors open at 1/15; Curtain rises at 2/15.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE,-N. E THIS (lucsday) EVENING, April 3, Second night of the Celebrated Artiste, MRS. D. P. BOWERS, whose exquisite impersonations have won for her. from

the press and public of AMERICA AND EUROPE, 

MRS, JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET Begins at 7% o'clock.

Stuart Robson

FRIDAY-Benefit of MR. J. E. MURDOCH. SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE. NEW AMERICAN THEATRE—
WALNUT Street, above Eighth
EVERY EVENING.
AND ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS,
Grand Trick, Fairy, Comic Pantomime.
THE MAGIC TRUMPET.
THE BRILLIANT FOWLER SISTERS.
MISS ELIA WESNER AND MISS MARY WESNERTHE WONDERFUL LAZEGLE BROTHERS.

G. W. SMITH AND BALLET TROUPE. GERMANIA ORCHESTRA.-PUBLIC RE hearsals every Saturday Afternoon at MUSICAL FUND HALL 3% o'clock. Engagements maneby addressing GEOHGE BASTERT, Agent, No. 1231 MONTEREY street. between Race and Vins. 116 3m

A CADEMY OF FINE ARTS, CHESNUT
Street, above Tenth.
Open from 9 A. M. till 6 P. M.
Benjamin West's great Picture of
OHRIST REJECTED
still on exhibition

11

### CITY ORDINANCES.

R ESOLUTION
To Open Columbia avenue, Montgomery avenue, and Diamond street.
Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia, That the Chief Commissioner of Highways be and he is hereby authorized and directed to notify the owners of property over and through which Columbia avenue, from Fifth to Sixth streets, Montgomery avenue, from German-town avenue to Sixth, and Diamond street, from Sixth to Seventh streets, will pass, that at the ex-piration of three months from the date of said notice those streets will be required for public u.e. WILLIAM S. STOKLEY,

President or Common Council. ABBAHAM STEWART,
Assistant Clerk of Common Council,
JAMES LYND,
Subset Council. Attest-JAMES LYND,
President or Select Council.
Approved this thirtieth day of March, Anno
Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six
(A. D. 1866).

MORTON McMICHAEL. 411t Mayor of Philade phia.

R ESOLUTION
To authorize the Paving of Spruce street, from ortieth to Forty-sixth Streets, in the Twenty-fourth

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelpina. That the Chief Commissioner of Highways he and he is hereby authorized and directed to enter into a contract with a comostent paver or pavers, who shall be selected by a min jority of the owners of property fronting on Springs street, from Fortieth to the east side of Forty-sixth street, in the I wenty-fourth Ward, for the pavin thereof. The conditions of the contract shall be that the contractor stall collect the cost of the pay-ing from the property owners, and shall also enter into an colligation to the city to keep the street; good order for three years after the paying WILLIAM S. STOKLEY,

President of Common Council. Attest-A-sistant Clerk of Common Council,

JAMES LYND.

President of Select Council.

Approved this thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (A, D, 1866). ABRAHAM STEWART.

MORTON MCMICHAEL.

R E S O L U T I O N
To Name a Certain street running Eastward from Ninth street, south of Market street, in the Ninth Ward, Billington street.

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia, That a certain street six teen feet wide, running eastward from Ninth street, south of Market street, the depth of one hundred and sixteen teet; thence extending southward one and sixteen neet; thence extending southward on-bundred and forty-five feet to Jayne street, in the Ninth Ward, be called and named Billington street. and that the Chief Commissioner of Highways be authorized and is hereby directed to index the sam

according.y. WILLIAM S. STOKLEY, President of Common Council.

JOHN ECKSTEIN Approved this thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (A, D, 1866). Clerk of Common Council. MORTON MCMICHAEL,

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

CARSON

# GOLD MINING COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK ... \$500,000

NUMBER OF SHARES, 50,000.

Par Value and Subscription Price, \$10 WORKING CAPITAL, \$50,000.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT. COLONEL WILLIAM B. THOMAS.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER, pro tem, J. HOPKINS TARR.

> SOLICITOR, WILLIAM L. HIRST, ESO.

DIRECTORS. COLONEL WILLIAM B. THOMAS. CHARLES S. OGDEN. EDWIN MIDDLETON, ALEXANDER J. HARPER, WILLIAM BERGER.

The Land of this Company consists of about 120 Acres, in Necklenburg county. North Carolina, about 35 miles from the town of Charlotte.

On this property fif'een shafts or pits have been opened On this property fifteen shafts or pits have been opened and sunk to various depths, from 10 to 85 feet, demonstrating the existence of three pransite vemts of ore of about 2 feet in width and about 15 feet apart, converging to a common centre at the depth of about 150 feet, forming one immense mass or vein of ore, extending in length through the property more than haif a mile. There are also on this property other veins of ore unexplored. All these ores are known as the Brown Ores, and are very rich, yielding an average of about \$250 per ton in gold, the above results having been demonstrated by the rude working of the mines for several years past, the risk of investment in undeveloped property is not incurred, and by the application of modern mining and resucing machinery the Company anticipate an immediate and large return for their money.

Having an ore that readily yields \$200 per ton, some estimate can be made of the value of his property. With the present importect system of mining, ten tons of his one can be taken out and reduced daily from every shart opened, at an expense not exceeding \$25 per ton, don-ing a not daily profit of \$1750 for each shaft worked by

The large working capital reserved will enable the Company at once to procure and erect the best modern machinery for manipulating the ores, by means of which the yield will be largely increased. These mines whist they produce ores richer than those of Colorado or Sevada, have many advantages over them, particularly in an abundance of inel and cheap labor, and the facility with which they can be worked during the entire year; whilst those of Colorado and Nevada can only be worked during the warm weather.

weather.

A test assay or an average ispecimen of the ore from the Carson Mines was made as late as the 27th or January of the present year, as will appear from the following certificate of Professors Booth and Garrett, the Assayers of the Philadelphia Mint:

PHILADELPHIA, January 27, 1866

Dear Sir:—We have carefully assayed the sample of ore from "Carson Mine," North Carolina, and find it to yield ten ounces nine pennyweights of pure gold to the ten of ore. The coin value is therefore £216 22 per ton of ore.

Yours, respectfully.

Dr. M. B. TAYLOR, No. 404 Walnut street, Philad.

Subscriptions to the Capital Stock will be received at the Office of the Company, No. 407 WALNUT Street, where samples of the ore may be seen, and full informa-tion given.

INTERNAL - REVENUE.

NITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS.

UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS.

· PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

No. 804 CHESNUT STREET. CENTRAL DEPOT,

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One door below Chesnut.)

ESTABLISHED 1862.

REVENUE STAMPS of every description constantly on hand, and in any amount.

Orders by Mail or Express promptly attended to. United States Notes, Drafts on Philadelphia or New York, or Current Funds received in pay ment. game

Particular attention paid to small orders. The decisions of the Commission can be consulted. and any information regarding the law orderfully

The following rates of discount are allowed :-On all orders of \$25, two per cent. discount. On all orders of \$100, three per cent. discount. On all orders of \$300, four per cent. discount,

All orders should be sent to

HARDING'S STAMP AGENCY. No. 304 Chesnut Street.

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THE "EXCELSIOR" HAMS (Selected from the best Corn-Fed Hogs.)

ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD. J. H. MICHENER & CO., GENERAL PROVISION DEALERS, And Curers of the Celebrated

"EXCELSIOR" SUGAR CURED HAMS Tongues and Beef, Nos. 142 and 144 North FRONT Street.

None genuine unless branded "J. H. M. & CO., EXCELSIOR."

The justly celebrated "EXCELSIOR." HAMS are cured by J. H. M. & Co fin a style peculiar to them selves) expressly for FAMILY USE; are of delicious flavor: tree from the unbleasant taste of sait, and are pronounced by epicures superior to any now offered for saie.

27 tuthesm

THE STAMP AGENCY, NO. 504 CHESNUT STREET, ABOVE, THIRD, WILL BE CONTINUED AS SHEETOFORE.

STAMPS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND IN ANY AMOUNT.

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THOMAS BIRCH & SON.

AUCTIONEERS.

No. 1110 CHESNUT STREET.

A ONE-HORSE POWER

AMATEUR ENGINE.

This engine will be disposed of by private or public sale, by the above parties, at their Auction Store.

B. SCOTT, JR., AUCTIONEER, PHILADEL-SIXTH ANNUAL SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS, from the American Art Gallery, New York.

On Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday Evenings, 4th, 5th, and 6th last, at 7% o'clock, at Scott's Art Gallery, No 1600 Chesnut street.

Now open for examination.

424t

SHEEIFF'S SALE OF LAW BOOKS AND OFFICE FURNITURE.
On Wednesday Morning,
The 4th inst. at 10 o clock, at the auction store. No. 1020 Chesnut street, a lot of Law Books Office Farniture, etc., to be sold by order of the Sheriff.

HATS AND CAPS.

 $\mathbf{E}$ MPL

OF

FASHION.

Small Profits. Quick Sales,

HATS AND CAPS. NEWEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

BOURNE. 128in:be8m\* No. 40 N. SIXTH STREET,

LEGAL NOTICES.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM PHILLIPS, DE-Estate of ANNA PHILLIPS, deceased,
The Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court
for the City and County of Philadelphia, to
audit settle and adjust the two several first and mail
accounts or JOHN'S PHILLIPS, WM. S. PHILLIPS,
LIEMENT'S PHILLIPS; and CLIFFORD'S PHILLIPS,
LIEMENT'S PHILLIPS; and CLIFFORD'S PHILLIPS,
LIPS, Executors and reustess under the wills of WilLIAM PHILLIPS, deceased, and of ANNA PHILLIPS,
deceased in account with the real estate of said decedents, as well as the two several accounts as to income
of the parties mained as Trustees under the wills of WILLIAM PHILLIPS, deceased, and ANNA PHILLIPS,
deceased, in account with ELIZABE, H PHILLIPS, and
to report distribution of the respective balances in the deceased, in account with ELIZABE H PHILLIPS, and proport distribution of the respective balances in the sted, for the purposes of his appointment AY, April 10, 1866, at 4 o'clean pointment. hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment, on TUES, DAY April 10, 1866, at 4 o'clock F. M., at his office, No. 717 WALNUT Street, in the city of Philadelphia.

3 29 thatust

Auditor.

LIQUORS.

CHESNUT GROVE WHISKY.

No. 225 North THIRD Street. If snything was wanted to prove the absolute purity of this Whisky, the following certificates should do it. There is no alcoholic stimulant known commanding such ecommendation from such high sources :-

We have carefully tested the sample of CHESNUT GEOVE WHISKY which you send us, and find that it centalis kone of the rolsonous substance known as It six oil, which is the characteristic and injurious ingredient of the whiskies in general use.

BOOTH, GARBETT & CAMAC, Analytical Chemiata

NEW YORK, September 3, 1858.

I have analyzed a sample of CHESNUT G-OVE WHISKY received from Er Charles Wharton, Jr., of Fhilagelphia: and having carefully tested it, I am pleased to state that it is entirely free from Poisonous on Dalletenous substances. It is an unusually pure and fine-dayored quality of whisky. or Deleterations substances. A. and fine-flavored quality of whisky.

JAMES R. HILTON, M. D.,

Analytical Chemis

Analytical Chemist.

Boston, March 7, 1859.

I have made a chemical analysis of commercial samples of CHESNUT GROVE WHISKY, which proves to be free from the heavy Fusil Oils, and perfectly pure and unadulterated. The fine flavor of this whisky is derived from the grain used in manufacturing it

Respectively.

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,

State Assayer, No. is Boyiston street.

For sale by barrel, demilionn, or bottle, at No. 226 North THIED Street Philadelphia. 3 3

W. HAMMAR,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in Foreign BRANDIES, WINES, AND

FINE OLD WHISKIES. No. 620 MARKET STREET PHILADELPHIA.

M. NATHANS & SONS. IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, ETC. No. 19 N. FRONT STREET, PHILADELPE LA. HORES NATHANS, HORACE A. NATHANS, OLLANDO D. NATHANS,

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THE INFALLIBLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.

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THIS IS NO HAIR DYE.

The F IMMFNSF SUCCESS with which this preparation has met during the short time it has been before
the public, has induced the thousands and tensor thousands who have used and attested its virtues to pronounce at the ONLY and TRUE Hair Restorative. The
Foreks has been in reduced into all the principal cities
noth hast and West, and having satisfully performed all
that is cialized for it, has super-seeded all other Hair Preparasitons. The Fureks restores Grey Hair to its original
colors prevents the hair from failing out by causing a
besithy condition of the scalp, imparting to the hair a
softness, and goes, and youthful appearance that no
other Bair Preparation can produce. The Eureka is free
from all impurities or poisenous drugs and can be used
without's litus scalp or hands.

Manusactured an sold Wholesale and retail by

ROBERT FISHER, Sole Agent, No. 25 N. FIFTH Street. St. Louis, Mo. Agen's for Pennsylvania, DYOTT & CO., No 232 N SECOND Street, Philadelphia 120smw3m

HARNESS.

A LARGE LOT OF NEW U. S. WAGON HAR. NESS, 2, 4, and 6 horse. Also, parts of LAR. NESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, HALTERS, otc., bought at the recent Government sales-to be sold at a great sacrifice Wholesale or Retail. Towether with our usual assortment of

SADDLERY AND SADDLERY HARDWARE WILLIAM S. HANSELL & SONS, No. 114 MARKET Street.