THE PARTY PARTY OF THE RELIGIES OF THE ADDRESS AND ASSESSED.

Evening Telegraph

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MONDAY, MARCH 12, 1866.

French Atrocities in Mexico.

IT will be remembered that before MAXIMI-LIAN went to Mexico to assume supreme authority there, he and his allies tried to make the world believe that he was going to relieve the Mexican people from a state of intolerable anarchy, and at their invitation. In order to anticipate any possible question of the solidity of this pretension, especially by the United States, a Mexican delegation waited upon him in Europe, and assured him in addresses, afterwards published, that they were commissioned by a competent number of their countrymen to express their desire to change the constitution of their Government from that of a republic to a menarchy, and to tender to him the position of imperial head of the administration. In all this there was a wells udied bit of diplomatic cupaing. The right of a people to freely alter their political institutions, and substitute others deemed more suitable to their condition, and likely to promote their social happiness, is very generally recognized by all civilized nations, and is expressly avowed in our own Declaration of Independence. If, therefore, it could be established that the present Government in Mexico, or what is claimed to be the Government, is the result of the voluntary choice of a majority of the Mexican people, munifested in some regular and authoritative manner, no foreign power would be justified in interfering in the matter.

It has, however, long been sufficiently apparent that MAXIMILIAN'S rule is a flagrant usurpation, which has been steadily resisted by the Liberalists in that unhappy country up to this time; and that France and Austria are employing their military power to destroy a sister republic immediately adjoining the United States, and whose people have continually appealed to us to ald them in their efforts to defend and preserve their civil liberties and national independence. There can be no doubt that this Government, under the actual circumstances of the case, has a clear right, on every principle of law, policy, and humanity, to intervene in these Mexican troubles; and it is more than probable that the European powers are somewhat amazed to find that we are permitting that to be done, right on our own borders, which we long ago declared, in the enunciation of what is known as the "Monroe doctrine," should not be done with our consent anywhere on this continent. While, however, the Washington Administration was engaged in putting down a formidable Rebellion at home, it was not altogether convenient to interfere in behalf of Mexico, nor are our internal affairs even yet so completely and permanently settled as to make it expedient for us to rush with unnecessary impatience into a foreign war.

Nevertheless, if we mean to help Mexico in her struggle at all, the execution of that purpose cannot safely be much longer delayed. We want no stronger evidence not only that the Austro-French alliance are waging in Mexico a war of subjugation, but are waging it also with a barbarity that is violative of all the rules of Christian warfare, is needed than the news now reaching this country from the scene of the conflict. A private letter just received from an American citizen of high intelligence and respectability, now in Mexico, and from which we are allowed to make the following extract, says:-"This country is getting rapidly into a most horrible state. The French have taught this people how to be savage, and to disregard human life entirely. The daily sight of scores of Liberals led out to be shot; the torture to which they are subjected before execution; and the absolute disregard to all considerations of justice or humanity, are circumstances that are rapidly producing their legitimate effect on all classes, destroying in them those amiable and humane qualities which ever distinguished the Mexican race, and which even made their civil contests comparatively bloodless. Times are sadly changed within two years. The Mexican of to-day scarcely at all resembles the Mexican I knew three years ago. Guerrilias formerly summoned to surrender before firing. Now they have adopted the French plan of butchering first, and inquiring afterwards. You have read the account of the taking of Bagdad. Compared with what passes here, that was civilized warfare. I am excessively anxious and impatient to be off."

The above is fully confirmed by a correspondent of a New York contemporary, who in a late letter says:-

"If the country is to be given up peaceably, how happened it that the French military com-mander permitted liberal Mexicans to be driven like beasts, bound with pieces of rope, through the streets of Vera Cruz but a few days past, and at the same time that they were guarded by soldiers in the French service, carrying arms with fixed bayonets and loaded? The Mexicans were bound with cords, not particularly to pre vent them from escaping, but as a mark of dis-grace. The object in binding them and driving them through the streets was to hold the natives of Liberal propensities under the terror of ceing eventually reduced to the same situation. Immediately afterwards these men were sentenced to be abot, their crime being that two of the party were taken while trying to capture a rail-road train, being soldiers in the Liberal army, and that the rest were members of a Liberal armed force of the regular republican army. Civilized nations hurry off missionaries to the Feelee Islands to try and convert the savares there, but they had better first send their miss cnaries to this part, and to the court of Maxi-MILIAN, to convert the savages in Mexico."

Testimony of this kind is enough to preyoke the earnest protest of every just and humane people in the world; and this nation

will be eternally disgraced it it much longer sits still, and sanctions by its inaction, an attempt to fasten the yoke of despotism on the necks of a free people by such an exercise of military force as is positively shocking to the sensibilities of this enlightened age. And these atrocities are practised, too, under the direct auspices and by the troops of two foreign monarchies whose ministers are resident at Washington, in order to maintain and establish in Mexico a revolutionary authority which the United States have thus far refused

to acknowledge. Surely it is nearly time that Congress and the Executive were taking some decided steps to interpose in defense of popular gov ernment in Mexico, and rescue its abused and oppressed people from outrages that are unknown to legitimate warfare. The "Monroe doctrine," again reaffirmed by the late Republican Convention at Harrisburg, certainly commands the approbation of the whole American; people and if ever there was a case clearly and urgently calling for its vigorous and complete vindication by the United States, that case is indisputably presented in the existing condition of the Mexican Re-

The Reception of Mr. Bancroft's Oration Abrond.

By the last steamer from Europe we have the utterances of the London Times on the culogistic oration of Hon. GEORGE BANCROFT. At the tone adopted by the leading organ of British sentiment we cannot express the least indignation or surprise. Our own opinion of the address we freely stated on the day of its delivery. It was anything but a eulogy on the life and character of Mr. LINCOLN. The speaker exposed himself to the just criticism of foreign and home journals by the desultory character of his harangue and the over comprehensiveness of his plan of action. We cannot be either astonished or offended when the Times pertinently asks, "What had the tenure of land in Great Britain, or the occupation by this country of the Asiatic forts, to do with the birthday of Mr. Lincoln?" If it suited Mr. BANCROFT to expose so sallent a point for attack, it does not behoove us to be angry when an enemy selects that as the point of assault,

Again, in regard to the tone adopted by the speaker in his criticisms on England, that great organ of English nationality only speaks with justice. It sneers at the "taste which could invite a British minister and his suite in order to inflict on them a coarse invective:" and says with frankness, "We can well understand that there are many among the Americans themselves who were shocked by such indecency." While we do not take the least offense or express the least surprise at the editorial of the Times, for no other course was with honor open to it, yet at the same time we would call attention to a grave wrong it has done our people in asserting that the British Minister was invited only to be insulted. The manner in which such invitation was issued precluded such a supposition. A committee of the two Houses of Congress had the matter in charge. They knew nothing of the contents of the address to be delivered, nor were they aware of any intended attack on foreign powers. In fact, the character of the address naturally led them to think that only a biographical eulogy of the late President was intended. They therefore requested the attendance of all the foreign legations. Even had they known of the forthcoming attack on Great Britain, they could not have acted otherwise than they did. What an insult it would have been esteemed for the ministers of the various European powers to be invited, and the representative of Great Britain omitted! We think, therefore, had the Times taken this into consideration, it would not have asserted that Sir F. BRUCE was invited in order to be grossly insulted. We cannot, however, see any cause for indignation at the Times' article. It is but the offended utterance of an insulted nation, and however just the eastigation inflicted might be, it would have been dishonorable had it received it other than it dld.

MALLORY RELEASED .- On Friday afternoon, in accordance with orders from Washington, S. R. MALLORY, ex-Secretary of the Confederate Navy, was released from Fort Lafayette. He has been in failing health for some time, and it is understood that he was released in consequence of representations by physicians that a prolonged confinement would prove fatal. He will join his family, which has been residing for some time in Con-

Mr. MALLORY's public carreer has been a comparatively short, and by no means particularly brilliant one. Entering the United States Senate in 1851, he held for ten years the seat of Senator from Florida, and at the outbreak of the Rebellion identified himself with the Rebel cause, and become its Secretary of the Navy. We do not know how much is due to him of the millions of dollars wasted and hundreds of vessels destroyed by privateers; but, as the privateers generally sailed with some instructions, it is not unlikely that his agency in the matter was confined to signing letters of marque and endeavoring to protect from the gallows those whom it could legally claim as its own. We hope that he has learned wisdom in solitude, and will come out of his prison a loyal and wiser man. Mr. MALLORY is the last of all the State captives confined within the walls

of Fort Lalayette. Only a few State prisoners now remain confined, and these will probably be soon disposed of, either by trial or pardon. Of all the mighty host so recently engaged in the most gigantic and causeless Rebellion in history, nene but JEFFERSON DAVIS, CLEMENT C. CLAY, and a few of better note, personally suffer for their crimes. If our Government is not the strongest, it is certainly the most merclful in the world.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

METHODIST PROSPERITY IN NEW JERSHY. The Methodist Churches in New Jersey are paying off their debts at such rates as these:-Keyport, \$2200; Centreville, \$1450; Squan Vil-lage, \$690, etc. The Willow Grove and Vineland charge has just spent \$35,000 in church building are improvements. The missionary collection at Bordentown is \$1000. Members are added to the churches—over sixty in Clinton Charco, over hundred in Vineland, one hundred at Water

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

At the last meeting of the managers of the At the last meeting of the managers of the Bible Society, an earnest discussion took place on the application of the English Bible Society for a set of plates for the Arabic Bible now being electrotyped by the Bible House. Some alterations were proposed in deference to English ideas, but it was resolved that the plates should not be altered. The question whether the English Society should pay for the plates, and if so, how much, the bare additional cost of the plates, or an equal share of the preparatory expense, was settled in a generous and pational way has was settled in a generous and national way, by a hearty vote to make the plates a fraternal gift to

MISSION AMONG THE INDIANS OF HUDSON'S BAY. Rev. James Horden, of the Church Missionary Society, has returned home to England after laboring fourteen years among the Indians on the shores of James Bay. When he first went among them they were a poor debased people, not one being able to read; now there is scarcely a lamily of Indians connected with his station at loose Fort, of whom some one or more are not now able to read. In some families the whole are able to read fluently and write neatly. There are about one hundred and twenty altogether who can speak English. Mr. Horden relates the circumstances of several recent happy deaths smong them, and their dying testimony to the good done by the gospel.

EFFECT OF THE LAW OF CIVIL MARRIAGE IN ITALY. An interesting case has occurred at Naples, in connection with the new law of civil marriage. A priest recently presented himself at the office of the Civil Registrar, provided with all the papers necessary for marriage, and wishing to be united to a Nearolitan lady. The case was referred to a higher court, and it was decided that as the civil code neither explicitly ner implicitly made any restriction as regarded persons bound by ecclesiastical vows, the priest had a right to marry like any other citizen. Accordingly Pasquale de Francesco was married on the 29th of January last.

HEBBEW BIBLE SOCIETY. Mr. Bliss, the commissioner of the American Bible Society for the Turkish empire, in a recent letter from Constantinopie, relates the following

instructive incident:—
"A Jewish rabol of Nicodemia seeing, some time since, that the young men of his flock were inclined to spend their Sabbath (Saturday) wandering about the town, idling away their time, and in canger from such dissipation, proposed to them to come to his house and study the Old Testament. His proposal was acceded to, and they now meet every Saturday for this purpose, using the present edition of the Hebrow Spanish Old Testament. He proposed that each young man bring two cents a week, and deposit them in a box, to be used in the purchase of the Bible for the pror. This was also acceded to. Hence arises a Jewish Bible Association in Nicomedia."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HON. W. D. KELLEY Will deliver the NINTH LECTURE of the Course accial, Civil, and Statistical Association,

THUESDAY EVENING, March 15, AT CONCERT HALL. SUBJECT: "The Dangers and Duty of the Hour." The Black Swan will sing be ore and after the Lecture Tickets 35 cents, to be had of T. B. Pugh, Sixth and

NORTH AMERICAN

Doors open at 7. Begin at 8.

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This Company owns in fee simple several valuable Silver Mines in Nevada.

50,000 Shares for Working Capital. 25,000 to be Sold in 25 Lots at 85000 Each. Subscriptions received at the office until March 14. BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTORS.

221 18tj T. S. EMERY, Treasurer. AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

RECONSTRUCTION.

Bev. HENRY WARD BEECHER will deliver his great Lecture on the above interesting subject on THUESDAY EVENING, March 22, under the auspices of the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

A C A D E M Y O F M U S I C.—
YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
LECTURES.
March 22—Bev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
Subject—BECONSTRUCTION.
March 20—JOHN B. GOUGH, Esq.
Subject—HABIT.
March 29—JOHN B. GOUGH. Esq.
Subject—TEMPERANCE.
310 10t

OFFICE OF THE ROYAL PETROLEUM COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA. March 5, 1866.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Boyal
Petroleum Company will be held at the office of the
Company. No. 23; S. THIRD Street, Philadeiphia, Pa.
on MONDAY, the 2d day of April, 1866, at 12 o'clock
noon, to act upon a proposition to reduce the Capital
Stock to two bundred thousand dollars.

A. B. LINDERMAN
ISAAC BAETON,
WILLIAM SMITH,
C. C. KNIGHT,
W. H. ELY,

JOHN GALLAGHER, JR., Secretary.

37 with lit

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE PRESIdent and Managers of The PHILADELPHIA.
GFRMANIOWN. AND NORBISIOWN RAILROAD
(OMPANY have this day ceclared a Dividend or FOUR
PER CENT on the Canital Stock psyable, clear of taxes,
on and after the 2d of April bext.
The ransfur books will be closed on the 20th inst., and
remain closed until the 2d of April.
March 8. 4866
A. E. DOUGHERTY.
3 9 mw 18t
Treasurer.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Ashburton Coal Company, for the election of Five Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of general business, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 32 FINE Street Room No. 16, on the 16th day of March, at 12 noon, and at the Continental Hotel, corner of MINTH and CHESNUT Streets, Philadelphia, en the 13th day of March inst, at 7 P. M.

1t CHARLES A. BERRIAN, Secretary,

POST-OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, PA., On and after MONDAY next, 12th last. mals for offices on PHILADELPHIA AND ERIC EALLROAD, SUNBURY, WILLIAMSPORT, SOCKHAVEN, JERSEY SHORE, WARKEN and ERIE, will be closed at this office at 7:30 o'clock P. M., in place of 5 P. M., as at MORNING MAIL to BRIE will be discontinued on and after same date. C. A. WALBORN.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE:—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 130
fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy of the Human
Organs in a State of Healtz and Disease, with a Treatise
on Early Errors, its Deplorable Consequences upon the
Mind and Rody, with the Author's Fian of Treatment—
the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown
by the teyert of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the
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The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases
upon which his book treats either personally or by mail,
and meedicines sent to any part of the world.

118 6m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PROFESSOR MARK BAILEY,
OF TALE COLLEGE,
The accomplished Flocutionist, has consented, by request of special irlends, to give one
READING.
AT CONCERT HALL,
On TUESDAY EVENING. March 13.
Tickets 50 cents. For sale at T. B. Pugh's Bookstore
S. W. corper Sixth and Cheenut streets.

3764

A MEETING OF THE CITIZENS OF
BOXBOROUGH AND VICINITY will be held
at LYCEUM HALL. BOXBOFOUGH, Twenty-flust
Ward, on THUESDAY EVENING, 15th instant, to devise means for immediately commensing the "Wissableken. Boxborough, and Pymouth Railroad."
By order of the Board of Commissoners. 3 19 3

CITY COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE—
PHILADRIPHIA February 24, 1885.
To Hofel-keepers, Res aurants, and others desirous of se. ling liquors by less measure than one quart. Applicants will apply at this office, as provided by act of Assembly approved April 29, 1888, commencing on TriURS-DAY, March 1 1869.

PHILIP HAMILTON, THOMAS DICKSON, City Commissioners, JOHN GIVEN, 236

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSU-BANCE COVPANY. March 5, 1808.

The Directors have this day dec ared a Dividend of SEVIN DOLLARS AND WIFTY CENTS per share on the Stock of the Commany for the last six months, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, after the 15th instant.

36 10t WILLIAM G. CROWELL, Secretary.

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To be had free, for four stamps, by addressing Secretary
New York Museum of Anatomy,
7171v No. 818 BHOADWAY, New York.

DINING-ROOM.—F. LAKEMEYER,
CARTER'S Alley, would respectfully inform the
Public senerally that he has left nothing undone to make
this place comfortable in every respect for the secommodation of guests. He has opened a large and commodation of juests. He has opened a large and commodation bining-Room in the second story. His SIDEBOARD is inruished with ERANDIES, WINES,
WHISKY, Etc., Etc., of SUPERIOR BRANDS. 11

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leries of the Pennsylvania Academy

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> B. SCOTT, Jr., AUCTIONFER.

NOTICE.

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Special attrultion is called to the fact that in no case can the silshtest ceviation from our established terms and rules be made. A right adherence to our impartial system of conducting this novel saie is necessary, that all may share equally the advantages resulting from our liberal meshed of doing business. By this method no money can be Jost. No money is hazarded. For you do not pay, neither are you under any obligations to pay, for any arricle, until you know what you are to receive.

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J. C. MUMPORD.

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