[For Additional City Intelligence see Fifth Page,]

CITY COUNCILS.-In Select Brauch yesterday, Mr. Page introduced a resolution calling upon the State Legislature to deteat a bill about to be presented to them, providing for the re-moval of the market wagous on the streets of Philadelphia. A resolution was introduced by Mr. Page that the Committee on Law be in-structed to inquire of the City Solictor as to the legality of the holding of a position in the Gas Works by a member of City Councils, Mr. King introduced a resolution requesting the Legislature to pass an act releasing the city from the payment of a judgment of \$439,228 obtained against it by the State. After a prolonged debate the resolution was agreed to.

In Common Branch the Street-cleaning bill, authorizing the contract to be given to Mr.

Henry Bickley for five years, at a sum not exceeding \$95,000 per annum, which was partly considered at the last session, was called up. The President announced that the motion under discussion at the hour of adjournment of Councils last week was "to postpone and print the bill." Mr. Willits moved an amendment, "that for the purpose of cleansing the streets, lanes, and alleys of the city, it shall be divided into two districts, viz.—all south of Market street, including Market street and West Philadelphia, called the Southern District; all north of Market street to be called the Northern District, and that the Mayor be authorized to enter into a con-tract with competent persons," etc.

The bill as amended then passed.

Mr. Harper offered the following:—

Resolved, That the Councils of the city of Philadelphia deem it incumbent on them, in view of the danger that now appears to be again threatening the danger that now appears to be again threatening the safety of the Government, in consequence of the neuropation of a man whose soic efforts appear to be directed to overruing the will of the people, as expressed by their Representatives in Congress assembled, and centralizing all power in his own person, to heartily incorse the policy of the Union members of Congress, and thus, while performing their sworm auty, to encourage them to persevere in their noble efforts to establish firmly the old Union upon a foundation indestructible by traitors or wicked particles.

usurpers.

Resolved, That Andrew Johnson, the accidental Resolved, That Andrew Johnson, the accidental President of the United States, while asserting by word of mouth his undying love for the Union, his intense hostility to traitors, and his abhorrence of treason, has uniformly shown by his acts that his sympathies are in accord with the crime and criminals he denounces, and control his policy to prevent a speedy restoration of the Union.

MARKET PRICES .- The statements pub-

lished in the newspapers of this and other places, as to the destructive lisease now raging among cattle and hogs, have very much de-creased the sales of beer and pork, and as consequence lowered the prices of those articles. The effect is more apparent with pork than beef. It is selling both wholesale and retail at almost any price. So that they ge' rid of it, the dealers are willing to sell, even at a sacrifice to them-selves. The quotations for to-day are as follows: | Meats=roast beef, ₹ ib. | 20@25 | corned beef, ₹ ib. | 14@18 | rump steaks, ₹ ib. | 20@25 | sirion steaks, ₹ ib. | 25@30

A RICH OIL CASE.—William C. Steven-son, Marcus A. Davis, Lambert R. Walker, William Farson and others, were arraigned yesterday afternoon, before Recorder Eneu, on their third hearing, upon a charge of conspiracy and obtaining money under false pretenses. The prose-cution allege that these parties, with others, bought a tract of land in West Virginia, containing about 1300 acres, at \$20 per acre, and that the detendants, with others, bought some 685 acres cut off from the 1300 acres tract for \$23,806, and started a company called the Monongalia Oil and Mining Company; that they represented this tract of 685 acres to be the property of a gentleman residing in West Virginia; that it was most valuable as oil territory; that other parties were very anxious to get it, and that no time was to be lost in securing the prize. The defendants said the land cost them \$60,000, and it should be put into sixty shares at \$1000 each, and that they all were to go in on the ground floor, and be equal in all respects. A further hearing takes place next Friday.

THE NEW ODD-FELLOWS' HALL .- At a recent meeting of the Committee appointed by the several Lodges of Odd Fellows of this city, for consultation as to the feasibility of erecting an Oad-Fellows' Hall, suitable for the meeting of all the Lodges, it was determined to proceed with the work at once. Permanent officers were elected as follows:—Henry Hopkins, of No. 36, President; D. S. Grissinger, of No. 15, Vice-President; E. B. Pratt, of No. 383, Secretary, and A. MacNutt, of No. 46, Treasurer. Sixty-three Lodges and Encampments were represented. The officers were authorized to apply to the Legislature for a charter, the title to be "The Odd-Fellows' Temple Association of the City of Philadelphia," with a capital of \$150,000, with the privilege of increasing it to \$250,000, the shares to be placed at \$5, par value, and only to be held by Lodges and Odd-Fellows, and the Lodges to have the full control of the work.

CHARGE OF BURGLARY .- A negro man named James Howard was arraigned yes-terday afternoon, charged with breaking into the house of Samuel Mendelssohn, on South street, above Eighth, for the purpose of robbery. Mr. Mendelsoan testified that shortly after 1 o'clock, on Tuesday morning, he was aroused by hearing a noise down stairs. He made an ex-amination, and ascertained that the door had been broken open. A penknife aud razor, used in forcing an entrance into the house, were found on the floor. The accused was discovered in the alley-way. The prisoner was committed

SHOCKING DEATH.-James Boyd, aged fifty-five years, a driver of freight cars on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, was instantly killed about 6 o'clock last night, by being run over by a train he had in charge, at Second and Cadwalader streets. The wheels passed over his head and both legs, completely severing them

from the body. DROWNING CASE,-The body of a man, apparently sixty years of age, was found floating in the river, at Coates street wharf, yesterday afternoon. He was recognized as Patrick Conway, a hatter, residing on Front street.

SUICIDE.—A man named James Hall committed suicide at a late hour last evening by cutting his throat. The affair took place in one of the cells of the Nineteenth Ward Station House, on Trenton avenue, below Dauphin

-A London letter says that there is a great deal of grumbling among the dowagers and pretty women who cannot get tickets to see the approaching ceremony of spening Parliament by the Queen in person. Peeresses cannot by any intercession obtain permission for their immediate relatives to be present; and but a very limited number of tickets have been allotted to the ladies of commoners and the diplomatic Even the arrangements for the corridors are still unknown, and the heart of Court haber-dashery is sick with hope deterred.

-Among the items in the Post-office Approprintion bill, reported to Congress, are \$150,000 for steamship service to Brazil; for such service between San Francisco, Japan, and China, \$250,000; for overland transportation between Atchison and Fulsom, and marine transportation to California, \$300,000. The bill also authorizes the Postmaster-General to employ will be a post of the control salling vessels for mail transportation to any foreign ports, compensation not exceeding the sea postage accruing on the mails so con

CITY INTELLIGENCE | Remarkable Display of Aurora Borealis | on February 21st-An Official Report from the Dudley Observatory.

During a portion of last night and this morning, a peculiar aurora appeared in the northern heavens. At 12 P. M. of the 20th an auroral cloud was visible near the northern horizon, and occasional streamers were given off from the cloud, being mostly conduct to the east and west limits. But it was not until 5 A. M. on the 21st that we noticed anything unusual in this phenomenon. At that time a black auroral cloud lay piled up in the north, extending along the horizon about 120 degrees. This cloud increased in darkness as we approached the horizon, and we have reason to believe it was an auroral cloud, since the sky was perfectly clear, and not a single vapor cloud was visible in any portion of the heavens. This cloud had an altitude of about 30 degrees on the meridian, and the upper margin was fringed with the auroral light, forming at times

complete arch.
The streamers or flakes of light were thrown off from the northeast and northwest ends of the cloud with astonishing rapidity. We estimated the motion from the horizon to the zenith at less than the one-tenth of a second of time.

At 5h, 10m, the streamers seemed to jet in one

constant stream from the northwest and north-east portion of the cloud, while all along the north the zuroval arch threw off waves of light every two or three seconds.

At this time it was truly a grand and magnifi

cent phenomenon. These detached flakes formed in such a rapid stream from the cloud as almost to bewilder one in trying to follow them.

At 5n, 20m, the flakes and streamers continued to appear and disappear in remarkably quick succession. And occasionally an itamense wave of light was xolled from the whole northern

horizon and disappeared in the zenith.
At 5h. 30m. the aurora continued, but with not such striking characteristics. In the early evening until nearly 8 o'clock the sky was clear and the moon shone with unusual brilliancy. About this time a snow squal suddenly came up, which contained for half an flour or longer. This squall was accompanied with a violent gust of wind from the northwest. Immediately preceding this squall the register-

The barometer continued to rise until noon o the 21st, when its height was 30°37 inches. That the aurera is an electrical phenomenon is pretty generally admitted; but whether it has any connection with the atmospheric pressure and the fluctuations of the baremeter has not yet been fully determined.

ing and printing barometer showed a sudder rise of 0.06 mches in less than three minutes

DUDLEY OBSERVATORY, February 21, 1866. An Adroit Robbery—An Express Messen-ger Robbed of \$40,000.

An adroitly planned and boldiy executed rob bery occurred at St. Louis, on Saturday morning, the victim being a messenger of the United States Express Company named George Miller and the amount of money carried off about fort thousand dollars. There had arrived at the Express Office a package addressed to H. C. Davis, No, 131 N. Third street. The messenger proceeded to deliver the package, and ascending the stars at the number indicated, found at the door of a room at the extreme end of the build-ing a small sign board, bearing the name of H. C. Davis. He opened the door and entered the room, and saw three men walking or standing near a table at the stove, with their faces turned from him. He had taken but two or three steps in the room, when some one seized his arms from behind, effectually preventing him from drawing a revolver or otherwise defending himself, and pressed a knee to the small of his back, bending him backwards at the same in-stant. The three men in the room sprang to the assistance of their confederate, one of whom threw a handkerchief over his eyes to blisdfold him, and all lending their assistance to hold him down, he was so effectually gagged and blind-folded, and his feet and hands securely bound. The garroters then took possession of his bag containing the packages intrusted to his care, and proceeded to divide the contents among themselves. This operation was evidently per formed under some excitement and in great haste, as one package, containing ten thou-sand dollars, was let in the bottom of the bag, being partially concealed by the book of the messenger. Several of small amount, among them the one addressed to Davis, were dropped on the floor, and one of \$3000 in Miller's pocket was left undisturbed; in all, about \$16,000 was left behind. Having taken all they found, and made their division, the robbers cautiously took their departure one by one, their victim being bound and helpless on the floor. After the robbers had left the room, Mr. Miller got the gag out of his mouth and shouted for assistance, when others having rooms in the building came to his relief, and quickly unbound him. The messenger and others immediately ran down stairs, but their eager questions failed to elicit any information as to any persons having passed out of the building, and, as Miller was blindfolded to quickly as to prevent his getting more than a glimpse of any of the party, there is but little hope of the arrest of the robbers. The packages left on the floor were gathered by the messages of the Expression The packages left on the floor were gathered up and carried, by the messenger, to the Express Office, the officers of which estimate the amount carried off at \$40,000, one package alone containing \$12,000. That the robbery was a deliberately planned affair was established beyond a doubt by the opening, at the Express office, of the package addressed to Davis, which had been dropped by the robbers. It was sent from Alton, and was marked \$75, but was found to contain and was marked \$75, but was found to contain only counterfeit bills. This view is also corroborated by the fact that on Thursday a package was received from Mexico, Missouri, addressed to Charles Ploffman, at the same number. The messenger who took that delivery went to the room, where he found a pasteboard sign bearing the name of Ploffman, but, as no one was in the room, the package was returned to the Express office to be called for. This package was also opened, and found to contain only counterfeit

About Advertising.

It was the remark of a very eminent Bostonian that he regarded an advertisement in a paper as a personal invitation extended to him to call, and added; "While I sometimes hesitate about entering a store the proprietors which have not thus sent their cards to my residence, I always feel certain of a cordial welcome from the members of an advertising firm." There is in this remark an assurance of one of the many results of advertising. The trader and his calling become identified, and the name of a man is inseparably connected in the mind of the public with his merchandise. It may not be the very day an advertisement appears that it bears its fruit; weeks or months may elapse, and then when the want arises, the article to be obtained immediately suggests the advertiser. This is the effect of general advertising when persistently followed. A special class of advertising, where some novelty is announced, is more immediate.

A shrewd business man once advertised a trifling article in a manner which could scarcely prove remunerative. His neighbors expressed their regret at his folly, but he appeared contented. Though his gross sale of the article did not cover the cost of his advertising, he attracted a new class of people to his store, and his shrewdness paid him in a short time, for new eyes saw what he had to offer in addition to the specialty adver-tised, and new purses came under contribution

The object which all aim to accomplish in advertising is an increase of business. The nimble shilling is what we require in this age. It costs very little more in the way of expease to carry on a business of two hundred thousand dollars than it requires to do half that amount. The cost of rent, personal living, and many inci-dental expenses, do not increase in the ratio of business, while time is saved; for there is greater business, while time is saved; for there is greater profit resulting from a trade of two hundred thousand in one year than from the same amount, and even more, extended over twice the space of time. These simple facts are well known by energetic business men, who adopt advertising as the most powerful method of saving time, by increasing business, and thus making capital doubly active. Indeed, it is often made a substitute for actual capital.—

Boston Journal. Boston Journal.

The Career of a "Man About Town," The death of General Charretie in London, in his eighty-third year, has furnished plenty of table-talk in St. James street and Pall Mall. Reared in a loose school, that of thirty years ago, the General shared in all the sports and pastimes of the watering places. In all manly pursuits he excelled, being a dead shot, a bold rider, a still bolder better, a clever poet, and a skilful musician. As a companion none could be more amusing, and his sangicoid was amazing. Once when shooting in Heritordahire, where he had hired a manor, he trespassed on the estate of a deceased nobleman. The keeper remonstrated with him in vain, and at last one morning, while out with his master, he heard the General blazing away at the pheasants in an adjoining cover, and directed his lordship's attention to him. The latter, naturally irritated beyond measure at the occurrence, desired his keeper to go and turn him off, and shoot one of his dogs, and added, as he was hurrying away to obey him:—"Here, you had better take my pony, and then you will get back quicker." And he handed to him, at the same time, a very favorite shooting pony, for which he would not have taken any money. The keeper, cantering away on him, soon came up with the General, and told him to cease fiving, for if he did not he should have to kill one of his dogs by his lordship's orders. "Very well," replied the General, "one of my dogs is an old one, and the other a young one; you had better shoot the oldest; but mind, if you do, I shoot your pony; and, as I am not sure where my manor finishes,

I don't see why I should go away."

The keeper, rendered more trate than ever by this cool speech, shot the dog instantaneously; but, before he could turn round, the treasure of a pony was only fit for the next kennel. Then addressing the terrified keeper he said, "If you shoot again, the next barrel is for yourself." the servant would stop to listen to nothing else, and took to his heels to tell his master, who could not understand his not riding back on the pony and was horrified at his fate. Before, however, he could resolve in his own mind what course he should adopt towards the General, he was still more surprised at receiving a challenge from the General for the insult that had been offered him by the shooting of his setter. Of course "the notile lord" did not accept it, for the fame of his antagonist had reached him; but, to prevent further annoyance, concessions were made, and the affair in time blew over.

Among other natural advantages the General Among other natural advantages the General was gifted with an extraordinary memory, and a few years back, for a large bet, he related the whole contents of the Morning Post, from the date to the publisher's name, without making a single error. He was a great lover of Shakespeare, and far beyond the average stamp of smateurs who interpreted him. The turf, billiards, or a pigeon sweepstakes he loved. He showed no mercy to a Berby (syntite which he showed no mercy to a Derby favorite which he did not like, and he had in his time some miraculous escapes. "Gorhambury" was the only race-horse he ever owned, and with him, who started at one thousand to fifteen, he ran second to "Contherstone," beating "Gaper," "British Yeoman," and a number of good horses; and had se won, he remarked, "there would have been corn in Egypt."

A Letter from F rederika Bremer. The following letter of the Swedish authoress

s received It does honor to her memory:-"ABSTA, December 10, 1865.—Mr. Campbell, United States Minister—My Dear Sir:—"
I hope that you have enjoyed yourself, and the scenery in the picturesque country of Norway. I hope also that you and dear Mrs Campbell have, in Stockholm, this autumn, assisted in this very dramatic period of Swedish social and political life, whose first part ended happily and beautifully the 7th of December in the house of the nobility. As true republicans, lovers of civil equality, in social and political rights, you will have enjoyed it. The reference made in the King's opening speech to the Diet, to the work of public education as the thing to do, in order to give a sure foundation to the freedom and welfare of the nation, supported as this opinion is by his Ministers, and especially by the noble-minded statesman Louis de Geer—the author of the now accepted reforms of our representationshows a high consciousness of both the aim and the means of social development.

"What do the leading minds of your great country give as a programme for their aims and efforts, at the opening of this new great period of tile in the New World? I do hope and expect that their programme will not take a less high-minded view of a people's lite and true grandour than the Government of this little realm. And oh, how much more difficult is the work of civilization in your land, encum-bered as it is with millions of souls who are still to be redeemed from the bondage of ignorance and inexperience in the rights and duties of social man. What a power of good will and active work is needed there! I should teel happy if you could tell me what is going on, what is done and doing in this line in the United States in behalf of the slave population and the poor people of the Southern

"Is it not wonderful and providential that South Corolina, which was the first to raise the standard of revolt for secession and slavery, should be forced to fix the last seal to the law which makes union and freedom the laws of each and all in your great realm?

"I congratulate you with heart and soul that it is done. 'Praise unto God, peace on earth, and good will unto human kind.' The victory won in America for the principles of human rights and Christianity is one of the greatest, it not the greatest known in history. You will not, I expect, nor will Mfs. Campbell, quarrel with me about this. Yours taithfully.

"Frederika Bremer."

"P. S.—My address here is Osterhaninge, Arsta, but Stockholm will do likewise. Arsta is a fine old country place, three Swedish miles from Stockholm (21 English), with a house built during the Thirty Years' war, and with the character of middle age architecture. It was the home o my childhood and young years; it is now, thank God, the calm port where I hope to spend the autumn of my life, and where I should feel happy to be allowed, some summer's day, to offer you the hospitality of a Swedish farm and country house."

Former Judge Turned Newspaper Carrier. "We noticed our old friend Judge P., this morning, with his face bundled up in a muffler, about starting for his customary morning tour of dis-tributing papers among the Carondeletonians. The Judge, in his person, illustrates the 'ups and downs' of life in a remarkable degree. In better times he practised at the bar 10 New Orleans thirteen years, was at one time a District Judge, and did business on his own hook to the amount of hundreds of thousands of ...

"During the financial crisis of 1837 he broke eventually drifted around to Leavenworth, Kan-sas, and came to this city about eight months ago. On reaching this city, not means to open an office, he accepted, like a man fol sense, the first "opening" that offered, which was that of the honorable guild of newspaper

The Judge is, in some respects, a remarkable "The Judge is, in some respects, a remarkable man. He is probably better posted up in political figures than any dozes men in America. He can give, without the least effort, the precise vote cast by each State for all the candidates for President since the days of Old Hickor; and John Quincy Adams. His memory of figures is remarkably retentive.

"Yesterday the Judge had the pleasure of meoting in this city with Mr. Pindell, a nephew and former Secretary of Henry Clay. Mr. Pin-

and former Secretary of Henry Clay, Mr. Pin dell is from Kentucky, and stops at the Planters'. Many pleasant reminiscences of old times were called up by the two riends. Mr. Pindell is said to resemble Mr. Clay very much—so much so that if the fermer was known to be alive they would be finistaken for each other,"
We clip the above from the News of yesterday

evening. The gentleman referred to as Judge P. cavies the Daily Press. We cordially indorse the incis stated, and bespeak for the "Judge" the courtesies of those whom he serves with the morning's budget of news.—St. Louis Press.

-A Paris correspondent writes us that Patti has at length accepted an engagement at St. Petersburg, at £400 (£2000) a night!

A Change in Hungary.

Governor Kossuth has probably read, with Governor Kossuth has probably read, with singular emotion, the accounts of the enthusiastic reception given to Francis Joseph and his wife by the magnates of Hungary. The imperial condescension displayed in a personal visit to Peth was acknowledged with evidences of profound gratitude by the Primate and the leading nebles, the former having officiated as spokesman for his brethren. The Emperor's speech was greated with loud cries of "Eijen! Eljen!"

—the same salutation which once stirred the the same salutation which once stirred the heart of Kossuth when he inveighed against Francis Joseph and incited Hungary to rebeibon. The Empress having been personally ad-dressed by the Primate, replied:— "A heartleft wish of mine has been fulfilled

by my being able to accompany my illustrious consort to the capital of Hungary. I have a sincere liking for the inhabitants of this noble country. As I warmly sympathize with them, and like to be in the midst of them, the hearty congratulations of the magnates and deputies of the people afford me great pleasure."

Eighteen years have gone by since Hungary made its grand defiance of the House of Haps burg, and flew to arms in defense of its nationality, and during this time the Emperor seems to have learned wisdom. His recent grants of privileges to the Hungarians and his new declarations of respect for constitutional rights, coupled with some expressions of personal in-terest and his journeys into Hungary, allay dis-affection and produce these loyal manifestations. He is forced to this course by the necessity of concil ation and economy in administration, so that his tribute to the popular will is probably given grudgingly against all the traditions of his house; but the result appears so satisfactory to the Hungarians themselves, that they show no inclination to question the means by which it was produced. Meanwhile, Kossuth remains in exile, and, if report be true, in poverty.

To the Workmen the Reward.

that General John W. Geary will be the Union candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. General Geary's record during the war has one that entitles him to the reputation he seems to enjoy in this State, and he has had, besides, an extensive experience in the discharge of responsible civil trusts.

Already a respectable proportion of the Guber-natorial chairs of the loyal States are filled by returned heroes of the war. Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, and Ohio have chosen Governors from among their favorite representatives in the army. Connecticut will soon follow suit, white General Burnside is talked of as the Union candidate in Rhode Island. It would seem that republics are not quite so ungrateful as they have been repre-

-A duel recently took place in Paris between an actress and a manager of one of the minor

—Rev. Mr. Senseman, formerly pastor of the Moravian Church, at Lancaster, Pa., died sud-denly at Hope, Indiana, on the 12th inst. -The Florida Legislature has granted a pen sion of six hundred dollars to Martha M. Reid, for life, for services in Rebel hospitals during

-The Parisian public is soon to be astonished by a wonderful temale, who will sing a song in the case which contains Batty's, the (liontamer's) wild beasts.

-The New Orleans Tribune, an ably conducted Republican newspaper, has now a daily and eekly edition, in both of which the editors are defending the rights, freedom, and liberties of

-The salaries of negro min-trels are rising, because the supply of such singers does not equal the demand. A man who sings neatly a pretty ballad, and is willing to cork his face, can make now more money than the vast ma jority of mechanics, clerks, or literary men.

-Watts Phillips will have his name at the head of a number of the bills of the London theatres the approaching summer season. The long-promised Lost in London may be looked for at the Adelphi: The Huguenot Captain has been written for Mr. Vining, at the Princess'; a four-act drama, in which Miss Avonia Jenes will sustain the principal character, has been accepted at the Surrey, and certain phases in the life of the Duke of Marlborough will furnish material for a play at the Haymarket, in which Mr. Sothern will perform. 品間 記憶

AMUSEMENTS.

RISLEY'S CONTINENTAL NEWS EXCHANGE.
Choice Seats to all places of Amusement may be had up to 6% o'clock any evening.

CHOICE SEATS AND A DMISSIONS.—
Tickets can be had a tt's
PROGRAMME OFFICE.
No. 431 CHESNUT Sirect, opposite the Pos 10 mce.
for the Chesnet, Arch, William, and Academy of Music,
ap to 60 clock, every evening.

NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE,—
CHESNUT Street, above Tweifth.
LEONARD GROVER & WILLIAM E. SINN, Lossess and Managers.
THIS EVENING,
FIFTH NIGHT

THE GREAT HIT OF THE SEASON,
pronounced by all who have seen it to be
THE MOST GORGEOUS SPECTACLE.
ever presented in this city.
THE ICE WITCH;
THE ICE WITCH; THE SEA KING'S BRIDE, THE SEA KING'S BRIDE, THE SEA KING'S BRIDE,

THE SEA KING'S BRIDE,

PRODUCED SITES.

FOUR MONTHS' PREPARATION,

Act 1—Scene 1—The Ice-bound Coast.

Scene 2—Ocean Mists—Cavern of the Ice Witch.

Scene 3—The Frezen Sea.

Scene 4—Transformation to the Mends of Valhalla.

Act 2—Scene 1—Castic of Gruthioff.

Beene 2—weene's Castic—The Abduction,

Scene 3—Fall in Sweno's Castic.

Scene 4—Palace of the Ice Witch.

MAGICAL CHANGE,

FROM THE ABOBE OF DRUDA TO THE

NORWEGIAN COAST.

Act 3—Exterior of Gruthioff's Castic.

GRAND TROCESSION.

7rial by Battle—Treachery—The Charm.

Act 4—Mag mus Sweno and the Packet.

Scene 2—Tempe of Odm. the War God.

FROZEN SEA AND THE WRECK.

AND THE AERIAL BEALMS OF THE SUN GOD.

W ALNUT STREET THEATRE.—N. E. corner NINTH and WALNUT Streets.

ARLUDAY—GALA NIGHT.

MR. J. S. CLARKE

EVERY NIGHT.

Second might of the new American Play, entitled

The Mamber From Pike.

THE Member From Pike.

Demosthenes Torrent, from Pike.,...Mr. J. S. CLARKE

Scene—Washington City. Period—The Present.

Act 1—A magnificent and accurate view of Pannsylvania Avenue

Act 2—Consultation of Members.

Act 3—The Speech of the Congressman from Pike.

Act 4—The Passage of the Bin.

To conclude with Buckstone's thrilling Drama of The WRECK ASHORE.

To commence with the hughable Comedicts of THE YOUNG SCAMP.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET
HEATRE, Begins at 7% o'clock.
HOUSES FACKED TO SEE "SAM."
FIRST WEEK OF MR. CHANFR US "RAM,"
Alded by OLIVE LOGAN, C. T. PARSLOE, and
the author, DE WALDES.
TO-SIGHT (Saturday), February 34,
DF WALDEN'S EVE AUT COMEDY OF
"SAM."
"SAM." Miss Euphemis Ros yn. Mrs. Tha or Emily Cronicy. Miss. T. A. Crseso TO NIGHT—CHANFRAU'S "SAM."

NEW AMERICAN THEATRE-AND ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON STAR EQUESTRIAN TROUPE.
BEILLIANT STUD OF HORSES, PONIES,
MULES, ETC. AMUSEMENTS.

NATIONAL HALL, MARKET STREET, MONDAY EVENING. Pebruary 26 and EVERY EVENING DUBLING THE WEEK.
GRAND MUSICAL JUBILLES FOR THE MILLION.
The largest and most popular concert company, the most claborate, unique, pleasing and instructive entertainments ever offered the American people.
First appearance since returning from England of the original.

PATHER KEMP'S
FATHER KEMP'S
FATHER KEMP'S
OLD FOLKS' CONCERT COMPANY,
OLD FOLKS' CONCERT COMPANY,
OLD FOLKS' CONCERT COMPANY,
consisting of twenty-two ladles and gentlemen,
fine Orthestra and splendid
BRASS BAND,
BRASS BAND,
assisted by

EMMA J. NICHOLS, the Jenny Lind of America.

All of whom will appear in costumes of one hundred years sig.

division to all parts of the hall, 36 cents. Family tiekets, four for \$1. Children, 15 cents.

Doors open, at 7; commence at 8.

FATHER KEMP, Manager.

2 22 4t

R. N. TEMPLE, Agent.

A SSEMBLY BUILDINGS, S. W. CORNER of TENTH and CHESNUT Streets. MOST POSITIVELY THE LAST TWO EVENINGS

PEAK FAMILY
SWISS BELL RIN4FRS.
FEIDAY and SATURDAY, Jebruary 23 and 24.
NATURDAY—I.-ST GE ND WAINEE.
Cards of admission 35 cents. Reserved Seats, 55 cents.
Children 25 cents. No half price to secured seats.
Tickets for sale at Charles W. A. Trumpler's Music Store, and at the Hall.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. To commence at 8.
Afternoon—Admits 35 cents. Children 15 cents. 2 23 2t

COSTUMES! COSTUMES! A splendid assortment of

COSTUMES AND PROPERTIES, FOR MASQUERADES,

this gay and festive season, at the COSTUMERY. Of twenty-five years' establishment,

Are offered to the attention of the bail-going public at

No. 917 RACE STREET, North Side. Every effort will be made to please the taste of those who attend the Carnival Balls of the Season. W. C. DESMOND,

2 20 Im No. 917 RACE Street A CADEMY OF FINE ARTS, CHESNUT Street, above Tenth.
Open from 9 v. M. till 6 P. M.
Benjamin West's great Picture of CHRIST REJECTED
still on exhibition

6. RMANIA ORCHESTRA.—PUBLIC RE-hearsals every SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT MUSICAL FUND HALL. 3M o'clock. Engagements macety addressing GEO BGE RASTERT, Agent 50, 1231 MONTEREY street, between Race and Vine. 116 3m

CARPETINGS, &c

CARPETINGS. A LARGE STOCK OF

PHILADELPHIA MANUFAC URE, In store and constantly receiving,

AT VERY LOW PRICES. GEORGE W. HILL. 2 1 thstw8m No. 126 North THIRD street.

PAPIER MACHE GOODS. PAPIER MACHE GOODS. TARTAN GOODS,

SCOTCH PLAID GOODS.

A fine assortment of Papier Mache Work Tables, Writing Desks, Inkstands, and Scotch Plate Goods. just received per the steamer "St. George," too late for Christmas sales, sunable for Bridal Gitts, etc., will be sold low.

ISAAC TOWNSEND, House Furnishing Store of the late JOHN A

No. 922 CHESNUT STREET. Below Tenth street. 1 24

GOFFERING MACHINES.

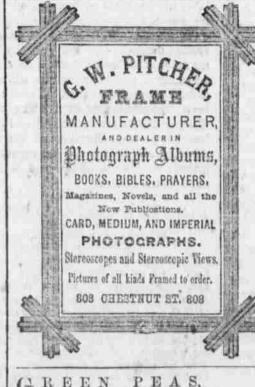
GOFFERING MACHINES

A large assortment of Goffering Machines just received per steamer "St. George." FOR SALE BY

ISAAC TOWNSEND.

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124 Below Tento Street.



GREEN PEAS, GRIEN CORN, FRESH PLACHES,

FRESH TOMATORS, PLUMS Ere ALBERT C. ROBERTS. DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES 922 4p COR. ELEVENTH AND VINE SIS.

LEVENUE STAMPS, REVENUE STAMPS, Of all descriptions.

A. Ways on hand,
AT FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO.'S OFFICE,
AT FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO.'S OFFICE,
AT FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO.'S OFFICE,
No. 530 CHESNUT Street.
One door below Seventh street.
Che door below Seventh street.
The most liberal discount allowed.

The most liberal discount allowed.

2 5

THE STAMP AGENCY, NO. 304 CHESNET INTO ABOVE THIRD WILL BE CONTINUED AS HERETOFORE.

STAMPS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AND IN ANY AMOUNT

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

CARSON

GOLD MINING COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK ... \$500,000

NUMBER OF SHARES, 50,000.

Par Value and Subscription Price, \$10.

WORKING CAPITAL, \$59,000.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT, COLONEL WILLIAM B. THOMAS,

SECRETARY AND TREASURES, pro tem, J. HOPKINS TARR. V

> SOLICITOR. WILLIAM L. HIRST, Esq.

DIRECTORS.

COLONEL WILLIAM B. THOMAS, CHARLES S. OGDEN, EDWIN MIDDLETON, ALEXANDER J. HARPER, WILLIAM BERGER.

The Land of this Company consists of about 120 Acres, in Accelerating county, North Carolina, about 35 miles from the fown of Charlotte.

On this property fif een shants or pits have been opened and sunk to various depths, from it to is feet, demonstrating the existence of three parallel veins of ore of about 2 teet in which snd about 15 eet apart, converging to a come on centre as the depth of about 150 eet, forming one immense mass or vein of ore, extending in length through the property more than haif a mile. There are also on this property more than haif a mile. There are also on this property of nor veins of ore unexplored. All these ores are known as the Brown Gres, and see very nich, yielding an average of about \$200 per ties in gold, the above results having been demonstrated by the index working of the mines for several years past, the risk of investment in undershoped preperty is not incurred, and by the application of modern mining and refluence and integer return for their money.

Faving an ore that readily yie ds \$200 per ton, some estimate can be made of the value of his property. With the present imperient a stem of mining, tentons of his creech be taken out and reduced daily from every shart opposed, at an expense not exceeding \$25 per ton leaving a net daily profit of \$1750 for each shaft worked by the Company

The lerge working capital reserved will enable the Company at once to procure and erect the best modern machinery ter manipulating the ores, by means or which the yield will be in gely increased.

These mines whilst they produce ores richer than those of Colorado or Nevada, have many advantages over them, particularly in an abundance fiul and cheap labor, and the faculty with which they can be worked during the entire year; whilst trose of Colorado and Nevada can only be worked during the warm weather.

weather.

A test assay of an average specimen of the ore from the Carson Mines was made as late as the 27th of January of the present year as will appear from the following certificate of Procesors Booth and Garrett, the Assayers of the Philadeiphia Mint:—

PHILADELPHIA, January 27, 1866. Dear Sir:—We have carefully assayed the sample of ore from "Carson Mine." North Carolina, and find it to yield ten ounces nine nennyweights of pure gold to the ton of ore. The coin value is therefore \$21692 per ten of ore. Yours, respectfully BOOTH & GABRETT.

Dr. M. B. TAYLOR, No. 404 Walnut street, Philad.

Subscriptions to the Capital Stock will be received at the Office of the Company, No. 407 WALNUT Street, where samples of the ore may be seen, and full information given.

COAL.

COAL! COAL!!

BEST QUALITIES OF COAL AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

ALTER'S

COAL YARD.

NINTH STREET,

BELOW CIRARD AVENUE. BRANCH OFFICE CORNER OF SIXTH AND

SPRING GARDEN STREETS. JAMES O'BRIEN.

DEALER IN LEHIGH AND SCHUYLKILL COAL,

BY THE CARGO OR SINGLE TON.

Yard, Broad Street, below Fitzwater. Has constantly on hand a competent supply of the above superior Con, suitable for family use, to which he calls the attention of his friends and the public generally
Olders left at Mc. 205 S. Figh street, No 82 S.
Seventeenth street, or through Despatch or Post Office, promptly attended to
A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF BLACKSMITHS
COAL. 784

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S. W. CORNER BROAD AND CALLOWHILL STREETS, PHILADELPHIA. None but the best WEST LEBIGH, all sizes, from the Greenwood Colliery, on hand, and for sale for CASH

Also, ENGINE HEATER, AND FURNACE COAL

FLAGS, FIREWORKS, &c. T. J. McG U I G A N.

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, ETC. FIREWORKS, FLAGS, Etc MATCHES AND BLACKING,

NO. 2 STRAWHERRY STREET,
First Street above Second between Market and Chesnut,
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PHILADRIPHIA. REVENUE STAMPS, REVENUE STAMPS, of all descriptions, of all descriptions,