[Continued from the First Page.]

The total area of paddle surface in one wheel, taking the length of a pair of half paddles at 10 feet, was 320 square feet; and taking them at 9 feet in length, 288 square feet. The inner edge of all the paddles was at the same distance from the centre—namely, 10 feet 8 inches—which made the mean distance of their edges 12 feet ter over the paddles 24 feet 10 2-3 inches. With the vessel at the draught of 8 feet 5 inches for-ward and aft, the mean deepest immersion of the outer edge of the paddles was 4 feet 6 inches. THE BOILERS.

The boilers of the Winooski contain 200 square feet of grate surface and 5036 square feet of heating surface, and have no means of superheating the steam. The boilers of the Algonquin contain 144 square feet of grate surface and 2678 square feet of heating surface, together with 1132 square feet of steam superheating surface. face in the tubes. The boilers of both vessels have water tubes. In the Winooski they are vertical and are arranged above the furnace, according to Martin's patent; and in the Algon-quin they are inclined and arranged in combination with the superheating tubes, according to the patent of Mr. E. N. Dickerson, who designed the entire machinery of that vessel.

THE CYLINDERS.

Each vessel has one inclined and direct acting engine. The cylinder of the Winooski is 58 inches diameter, and its piston has a stroke of 8 feet 9 inches. The cylinder of the Algonquin is 48 inches diameter, and its piston has a stroke

SPACE OCCUPIED BY MACHINERY AND COAL BUNKERS.

The space occupied in the Winooski by the machinery and coal is 57 feet 11 inches, long by the entire breadth and depth of the vessel; and in this space there is a coal bunker capacity of 9424 cubic feet. The space occupied in the Algonquin by the machinery and coal is 75 feet i inches long, by the entire breadth and depth of the vessel; and in this space there is a coal bunker capacity of 6031 cubic feet. WEIGHT OF MACHINERY-FAULTY CONDITION OF

The weight of the machinery of the Winooski, exclusive of the water in the boilers, is 541,718 pounds, and inclusive of the water, 625,918 pounds. The weight of the machinery in the quin, exclusive of water in the boilers, is

629,144 pounds, and inclusive of the water,

THE "ALGONOUIN.

701.144 pounds. The distribution of the weight of the Algonquin's machinery was so faulty that when the vessel was fully stowed for sea, with her coal bunkers tilled, water in boilers, etc., she had a list of 22 inches to port, giving her port paddle-wheel an immersion of 7 feet 34 inches, and her starboard wheel an immersion of 3 feet 74 inches. To bring the vessel upright, there was required a weight of 73 tons to be stowed on her decks, in the extreme wing, after the hold had been stowed, in such a manner as to place all the weight possible on the starboard side.

SHE REQUIRES TO BE CONTINUALLY TRIMMED. This additional weight of 73 tons required to be continually trimmed as the coal was used from the bunkers. Or course it added just that number of useless tons to the vessel's displacement, and if it be added to the weight of the machinery, to which it is simply a counter-balance, it will swell that weight to 866,664

DIMENSIONS OF EACH VESSEL.

The following are the principal dimensions of each vessel, the greatest transverse section, and the displacement corresponding to their draught of water at the commencement of the trial:-Depth from lower edge of rabbet of keel to mean load water line, 8 feet 24 mehes; length on mean load water line from the torward side of the rabbet of stern to the after side of the rabbet of stern post, 240 feet; extreme breadth on mean load water line, 35 feet; displacement, 1280 78 tons; area of greatest immersed transverse section, 263.85 square feet.

HOW THE DATA WERE KEPT DURING THE TRIAL. On commencing the trial in Long Island Sound, the vessels started abreast Execution Rock Lighthouse, after having steamed from the Brooklyn Navy Yard to that point. The machinery of the Algonquin was operated by four engineers from the merchant service, employed by the contractor for that purpose. The naval engineers on board merely took the data of the performance, but in nowise interfered in the hinery.

During the time the machinery of both vessels was in operation a complete steam log was kept of their performance, in which was noted in proper columns, at the end of each hour, the num-ber on the counter, the number of revolutions made by the engines per emute during the hour, the steam pressure in the boilers and in the main steampipe near the engine, the vaceum in the condenser and the position of the throttle valve, the temperature of the atmosphere on deck, of the engine-room, of the fire-room, of the injection water, of the discharge water, and of not well or feed water; also the height of the barometer in the engine-room.

An accurate account was kept of the coal thrown into the furnaces each hour, and of the refuse withdrawn from the furnaces and ashpits at the end of each watch of four hours. At the end of every half hour an indicator diagram was taken from each end of the cylinder, and the complete data marked on it at the time taken, and of the number of revolutions of the engine per minute, steam pressure, vacuum, etc naval engineer was always on watch in the fire room and engire-room of each vessel. In the table hereunto appended will be found the totals and means of all the above quantities and the calculated results therefrom.

THE CUT-OFF.

The point at which the steam valve of the Winooski closed and cut off the admission of steam to the cylinder, measured on the main crosshead guides, was 6 feet 4 inches from the commencement of the piston on the lower stroke, and 6 feet on the upper stroke. The mean point of cutting off, therefore, was at seven-tenths of the stroke of the piston from the commencement. As the cut-off of the Algonquin was not a positive one, the point of cutting off was obtained from the indicator diagrams, and is the mean given by them.

THE CONTRACT FOR THE MACHINERY OF THE "ALGONQUIN."

The following are the guarantees of the contract for the machinery of the Algonquin, and it was the object of the trial at the wharf and on Long Island Sound to ascertain if they were fil-filled, and, if not, to what extent they were

First-That the material, werkmanship, detail and finish shall be first class. Second-That the whole performance shall be of such a character as to demonstrate the satis-

factory strength, rehability, practical efficiency and durability of the machinery. Third. That the variations from specifications -those of the machinery of the Winoski, here-unto attached—to the contraction machinery of the Algonquin, and forming part of this contract, are to be in the dimensions and arrangements of the cylinder, and such parts as are thereby affected, in the design of the valve gear, and in the type and arrangement of the boilers, and also the surface condenser. These changes are not to increase the weight of the machinery nor the space occupied by it, nor to decrease the weight coal carried in bunkers, within the allowed for the engineer's department, with the machinery described in the attached spec tons-that is, the specifications for the Winoos

ke's machinery.

Fourth. That if, on completion of the machinery, and a careful trial thereof by such per-sons as may be directed by the Secretary of War, it shall be found by them that its performance, either in amount of power developed or in the cost, pro rata, of that power in coal, is less than that of the machinery described in the at tached specifications—the specifications for the Winooski's machinery—they, the said party of the first part (the contractor for the Ajgonquin's machinery), will remove it, and replace it at their own cost with the machinery described in

the attached specifications.

The contract for the Algonquin's machinery provides that the entire resprasibility of fulfilling the above guarantee is to rest with the said party

of the first part, who will make their own working drawings, and arrange and proportion the details of the said machinery in such manner as they shall deem best calculated to secure the most successful operation.

THE FIRST AND SECOND PART NOT FULFILLED. With regard to the first and second of the above guarantees, we have to say that, in our opinion, they have not been fulfilled.

THE MACHINERY OF THE "WINGOSEI" PERFECT. The machinery of the Winouski has worked in the most perfect manner throughout, and its performance in every particular leaves nothing to be desired for efficacy in a paddle-wheel steamer. Its durability and reliability could be workmanship, materiet, finish, accessories, and appointments are first-class throughout. The machinery of the Algonquin is wanting in these particulars and in proper adaptation for marine purposes. In style, finish, and convenience for manipulation, and in all its appointments, it is much interior to that of the Wincoski.

THE THIRD GUARANTEE OF THE "ALGONQUIN" CON-TRACT ALED A FAILURE.

With regard to the third guarantee, we find the machinery of the Afgonquin, including water in boilers, to be 77,426 pounds heavier than the machinery of the Wenooska. This excess of weight is one-eighth of the weight of the Wincoski's machinery. If to it be added the 73 tons of extra ballast required to keep the vessel upright, on account of defective distribution of her machinery, the excess of weight of the Algonquin's machinery will be 242,946 pounds, which is thirty-nine per cent. of the

weight of the Winostr's machinery.
This excess of weight requires about eight inches of draught of water to permit the necessary displacement for it, and of course greatly lessens the value and efficiency of the vessel. The space occupied in the length of the vessel by the machinery and coal of the Algonquin is seven feet and six inches greater than the corresponding length in the Winooski. This is equivalent to eleven per centum of the space occupied by the machinery and coal of the Winoski; yet in the large space thus occupied in the Agonpuin there is only 6934 cubic feet of boal capacity, while in the lesser space occupied in the Winoosk there is 9424 cubic jeet of coal bunker, the Winoski thus carrying thirty-six per centum more coal than the Almonguin. The contractor has, therefore, falled in fulfilling the third guarantee.

THE FOURTH GUARANTEE THE GREATEST PAILURE OF ALL.

With regard to the fourth guarantee we find that the machinery of the Atgonquin developed only 54.28 per centum of the power developed by the Winooski's machinery, and that the cost of the indicated horse power in pounds of anthracite consumed per nour with the machinery of the Aigonquin was 18.58 per centum more than with the machinery of the Winooski, taking that of the latter for units. If the comparison be made as it properly should be, for economy of fuel, by taking the combustible matter of the coal, instead of the coat itself, for the expression of the cest of the power, as the per centum of refuse in ashes and clinker is an accidental and variable proportion, then the cost of the indicated horse-power in pounds of combustible consumed per hour with the machinery of the Algouquin was 23.28 per centum more than the machinery of the Winnoski. In this most important guarantee for amount of power and conomy of fuel this failure of the contractor is the greatest of all, resulting in a loss of speed of nearly two seographical miles per hour, and a large increase of the cost of the steam power

THE MACHINERY OF THE "ALGONQUIN" A FAILURE IN EVERY POINT,

In every point guaranteed by the contractor for the A'gonquin's machinery he has failed, and we are of the opinion that it is totally untit for the naval service. The steam logs of the experiments and the indicator diagrams are here with forwarded. Respectfully submitted by your

Obedient servants, ROBERT DANEY, Chief Engineer, U. S. N EDWIN FITHIAN, Chief Engineer, U. S. N. MORTIMER KELLOGG, Chief Engineer, U. S. N. Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LAST OF THE GERMAN OPERA,-The pleasure with which the coming season of opera is looked forward to would be appreciated, were every one called on to imagine the countermanding of all operatic advertisements, and the statement that the season was indefinitely postpened. The announcement of a new season, however brief, was as pleasant na trose Indian-summer days of autumn, which take us by surprise, and are such beautiful souvenies of long vanished spring. But the Director has looked at the subject in a wholly practical light, both as regarus his pockets and the public's, and charges only ten dollars a sent for the eason. The sale of tickets at Trumpler's, Seventh and Chesnut streets, up to last evening, had exceeded any former sale. The season is destined to be a great success.

THE CRATORIO OF "ELIJAH."-The oratorio of Elijah, as we have previously announced, is to be repeated at the Academy to-morrow evening. The cast has been slightly aftered, and now stands as tollows:-Soprano, Miss H. M. Alexander; contralto, Miss Caroline McCaffrey; tonor, Mr. George Simpson; and baritone, Dr. Guilmette, of Boston. In the assence of Mr. Eudolphson, who fook the baritone part before, Mr. Jean Louis, the accompartone part before, air. Jean Louis, the accom-plished baritone of St. Augustine's choir, kindly consented to appear on this occasion, although at very short notice, having barely sufficient time to study up his role. In his anxiety to sustain it credit-ably, we regret to hear that Mr. Louis has over-exerted his voice at the rehearsals, and in conse-cuence is too house too sing. Dr. Guilmette, who quence is too hoarse too sing. Dr. Gui'mette, who takes the "E ijah" character in his stead is spoken of as a finished musician, and will no doubt give sat-

NEW CHESNUT STREET IMEATRE.-The houses are crowded, especially the galleries. The galleries delight especially in pieces in the style of The Ice Witch, with sparkling scenery, blue, green, and red fire, and a most indomitable champion who fights and conquers all sorts of mortals and immortals. As to plot, wit, interest, or story, we were unable to discover any. Neither had the company any opportunity of distinguishing itse f. There is not a good part in the piece, but a great deal of silv r tiseae, silver lace, etc., etc., representing toleles. Mr. Clarke really has a most arduous task, and leaces with immense eclat. The scenery was effect vs. We especially admired the ice-bound ship—the vision of the sun, with the loveliest of sun-gods, charming Katie Baker. But the most artistic of all was the transformation of the lock into the vessel that takes "Harold" away. The grouting, half real half painted, was a fine picture, To-day there will be an extra grand matinee, on

the occasion of Washington's birthday, at which The Ice Witch will be played.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE.-Mr. Clarke and comedy. A large house will be sure to greet him this evening, the great holiday of the country.

ARCH STREET THEATRE - Sam has made a great bit. Mrs. Crease being suddenly indisposed, her part was taken at a 'ev' moments' notice by Mrs. lienri, who filled it in a way to do great credit to her memory and her ability.

ANOTHER SHELL EXPLOSION. -The shells have proved much more des ructive of life to our citi zone since their permanent settlement in our lots and walls, than when they were being hurled into town from General Grant's guns. We are alled upon to record the fourth disaster which has occurred within a month, from careless handling of these daugerous playthings. Yes erday morning, a negro man, named Coleman, was hammering on one, which he thought un-loaded, and was rews ded for his carelessness by having one hand completely shattered, the other very basily cut, and his face much disfigured. His injuries, though severe, are not thought to be dangerous. In view of the frequent accidents from this dead-sea fruit, we would like to have it all collected and stored in the dungeons of the city jail, where an explosion could result in nothing but benefit, if the blew the whole build-ing to kingdom come.—Petersburg Index.

-The Chicago Times says-"Erratum-in the poem published yesterday, for 'dirty shirt,' read 'duty shirk!"

WASHINGTON

CELEBRATION OF THE DAY

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Memorial Services in Honor of Henry Winter Davis.

WASHINGTON, February 22, Before 11 o'clock the galleries were crowded, anticipation of the memorial exercises in honor of the memory of the late Hon. Henry Winter Davis. The flags above the Speaker's deak were draped in black, and other insignia of mourning were exhibited.

A fine portrait of the honored dead peered through the tolds of the National banner, above the Speaker's desk. The Marine Band, during the hour preceding the opening of the exercises, occupied the anteroom of the reporters' gallery,

and furnished appropriate music. At twelve o'clock the Senators and the Judges of the Supreme Court entered, preceded by Chief Justice Chase, and many officers of the army and others followed. The President is not present, but Secretary Stanton and Secretary McCulloch entered the hall before the opening exercises. Senor Romero, the Mexican Minister, Governor Fenton, of New York, and Judge Advocate-General Holt are among the dignitaries represented.

After a prayer by the Chaplain, the Declaration of Independence was read by Hon. Edward McPherson, Clerk of the House. After the reading of the Declaration, followed by the playing of a dirge by the band, Hon. Schuyler Coffax, speaker of the House of Representatives, rose

Ladies and Gentlemen-The duty has been devolved on me of introducing to you the friend and tellow-member nere of Henry Winter Davis; and I will detain you but a moment from his address, to which you will listen with saddened interest. The world always appreciates and honors courage—the courage of Christianity, which sustained martys in the amphitheatre, at the stake, and on the rock: the courage of patriotism which inspired mil-Hons in our own land to realize the history of Curtius, and to fill up with their own bodies, it need be, the yawning chasm which imperilled the Republic; the courage of humanity, which is witnessed in the pest-house and the hospital, at the deathbed of the homeless and the prison cell of the convict. But there is a courage of a statesman besides, and nobly was it illustrated by the statesman whose national services are commemorated to-day. Inflexibly hostile to oppression, whether of the slave on Ameri-can soil or of Republicans struggling in Mexico against monarchical invasion; faithful always to principles and to liberty, championing always the cause of the down-trodden; tearless as he was eloquent in his avewals, he was mourned throughout a continent, and from the Patapsco to the Gulf, the blessings of those who had been ready to perish, followed him to his tomb. It is fitting, therefore, though dying a private citizen, that the nation should render him such marked and unusual honors in this hall—the scene of so many of his intellectual triumpas; and I have great pleasure in introducing to you, as the orator of the day, Hon. J. A. J. Cresswell, his colleague in the Thirty-eighth Congress, and now Senator from

the State of Maryland. Mr. Cresswell commenced by appropriate reference to the memories of the day and the times and in whose honor it is observed, and to the recent memorial services of the second Father of his Country, and then proceeded to give a brief biography of the early life of Mr. Davis, his struggles for an education and a protession, with a record of the subsequent events of his remarkable career, his political opinions and his labors, and his triumph of freedom and patriotism.

Mass Meeting to Sustain the President's Policy-The National Monument-Speech of the President.

Washington, February 22 .- A large political meeting is in progress at Grover's Theatre, in favor of the President's policy.

The National Monument Society held their anniversary to-day. President Johnson presided, and made a few remarks, alluding to Washington's Farewell Address as containing principles by which he sought to be guided, and expressing the hope that all the States would continue their contributions to the structure to be completed as an enduring memorial to the restoration of all the States to their proper relations to the General Government.

The Maine Legislature.

Augusta, Maine, February 22 .- The Legislature of the State has passed a bill relating to hawkers and peddlers, which permits citizens of other States to sell goods by sample, by taking out a license, putting them on the same footing with citizens of Maine.

Rosenberg's "New York Bay."

This picture has been, for some weeks, on exhibition at the Derby Gallery, and has at-tracted a great deal of attention. The artist, Mr. C. G. Rosenberg, is quite extensively known as a poet, art, dramatic, and musical critic, and litterateur generally, in all of which specialties he is a ore than clever. He now brings forward still another claim to the honor of an "Admirable Crichton," and takes at once an enviable place among our American artists. His painting represents a view of New York Bay, from South Brooklyn, near Hamilton Ferry. It has points of striking excellence. The drawing is bold and full of character; the balance of light and shade is effective; the composition is admirable in arrangement and invention; and the general effect is spirited, and bating a certain unsatisfac toriness in the tone of the colors, is eminently

We understand that the work is to be engraved and reproduced in the form of a chrome lithograph. The picture, it strikes us, is capitally adapted for this purpose. The scene is not only attractive for its natural beauties, but its associations and its relation to the great em-portum of the Western hemisphere give it much

additional interest in the eyes of our citizens.
"The Bay of New York" is numbered amon the paintings of the Philadelphia Sketch Club because the artist is now a resident of that city; yet he has fived until recently in New York, where he earned a reputation in his profession, and made hosts of friends. But Mr. Rosenberg will hereafter be known by his brush altogeth He will make painting his forte, and in this he is right, for he can thus succeed. He has now on his easel a portrait of a prominent citizen of Philadelphia, which promises to attract marked and tayorable attention from critics and connots-seurs, and bis pencil is "engaged" for some time in the future. We shall watch Mr. Rosenberg's artistic career with care, and duly report his

The picture now belongs to the collection of the Philadelphia Sketch Club, and as this exhibition closes very soon, all who wish to see its many attractions must do so forthwith.—New

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

The Celebration - General Grant-Endersing the President - Commercial Matters, Stocks, Business, Etc.-American lustitute-Becline in Coal, Etc. Special Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, February 22. Washington's birthday is to be celebrated here in splendid style. Drums and wind instruments are already lading the air with martial tones, initiative of grand parades. The public buildings, and meny private business places are closed, and redolent with bunting in honor of the natal day of Washington.

Lieutenant-General Grant, accompanied by his wife and his personal staff, arrived in this city at an early hour yesterday morning, and is now stopping at the Metropolitan Hotel. During the day, as upon the occasion of his previous visit, he was besieged with visitors. In the evening, accompanied by his staff, he partook of a private banquet at the Union Club. To day he is the guest of the Union League. To day he is the guest of the Union League.

The further hearing of the case of James F Oram, accused of the murder of Joseph Van Doren, in Beaver street, on the 29th of July last, was resumed in the Court of Oyer and Terminer vesterday, before Judge Barnard, Mr. Chaunce Shaffer opened on the part of the defendant, to whose character several witnesses bore favorable testimony. The trial is still on, and will be con-

The jury in the case of John B. Sickles, who sued William R. Siney, proprietor of the Bowery and East Houston street line of stages, for injuries received in being run over by one of de-fendant's vehicles in Broadway, near Futton street, on the 11th of December, 1863, yesterday brought in a verdict for plaintiff, allowing him eleyen hundred and fifteen dollars.

The trial of John Cahill, inducted for the mur der of Officer Duryen, was continued yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, A number of witnesses were examined by the prisoner counsel, and the case will be finished to-day.

Commissioner Osborn was occupied some time esterday taking evidence on a charge against Felix Caprett, accused of having had in his possession about one thousand dollars in coun terfeit fifty ceut notes. The examination was At a meeting of the American Institute, Tues

day evening, the newly-elected President, Hon Horace Greeley, having been introduced by Mr. Dudley S. Gregory, Vice-President of the Insti-tute, addressed the members at some length, and advised among other things that the Insti-tute take measures for the erection of a suitable edifice wherein to hold a perpetual fair. About a hundred persons were made members of the Institute.

President Greeley appointed Mr. John W. Chambers Clerk, and Mr. David M. Jacobus Messenger for the ensuing year; and the salary of the Corresponding Secretary was fixed at \$2000. The report of the Committee on By-Laws was laid over to the next meeting, the Trustees were empowered to negotiate for the sale of the Institute's property at No. 531 Broadway, and after desultory discussion a recess was taken until Tuesday evening a fortnight hence.

Charles White, aged 45, jumped from a third story window of his residence, No. 47 Aurty street, into the yard beneath, while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity. He sustained a compound fracture of one leg, and other serious injuries about the body. It is thought he cannot recover.

An inquest was held yesterday on the body of

John Oxburgh, late a brakeman on the Hudson River Railroad, who was run over on Saturday last by a freight train, at One hundred-andtwenty-fifth street. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

The Board of Aldermen yesterday unanimously

adopted resolutions indorsing the action of Prosident Johnson in vetoing the Freedmen's At a meeting of the Academy of Medicine last evening, the subject of cholera was discussed. Papers were read by Drs. Nutting and Griscom.

At the sale of Pittston coal yesterday, prices declined from \$1 to \$2.25 per ton. Nearly onehalf of the coal offered was withdrawn.

Most kinds of produce and merchandise were

Most kinds of produce and merchandise were lightly dealt in vesterday. The main inquiry was for cotton and whisky, which were firmer, and breadstuffs and provisions, which were heavy and irregular. Freights were quiet.

Gold, 1373. Business flat. Government stocks steady and firm. There is little or nothing doing to-day. FULTON.

FUN FOR THE BOYS, BUT POOR SPORT FOR THE PASSENGERS,—Henry Gilmore, John Williams, John Morrison, James Oakley, George Randolph, Charles Smith, and George Kooa, all between sixteen and twenty years of age, amused themselves yesterday afternoon by throwing missiles at a train of cars on the Phila-delphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, near Chester. Windows were smashed and several passengers made narrow escape from injury. Officer William Taggart was telegraphed for and, proceeding to Chester, succeeded in getting the entire party on a train, and brought them to Philadelphia, when they were taken before Alderman Lutz, who held them each in \$800 bail.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT CITIZEN,-Robert Steen, for many years a prominent grocer of this city, died this morning at his residence in West Philadelphia, in his soth year. Mr. Steen was a mative of Ireland, but had been in this country for fifty years. He was a man of sterling integrity and patriotism, and was a contemporary and friend of the late William R. Thomp He was a Director in the Mechanics' Bank and Reliance Insurance Company, and his loss will be generally regretted.

STEALING SUGAR. - James McCready, Charles Minor, and James Brogan were arrested by Officer Neff, about 1 o'clock this morning, charged with stealing sugar from a vessel at Almond street whart. Several bags of the sugar were recovered at Brogan's house, in Swanson street, below South. Alderman Tittermary committed them for a hearing before the United States Commissioner.

TESTIMONIAL TO SAMUEL S. SANFORD. -Samuel S. Santord, the veteran Ethiopian comedian, and originator of minstrelsy in Philadelphia, is now in this city. We are pleased to learn that his friends intend shortly compli-menting him with a mammoth testimonial, of which the particulars will hereafter be an-

DEATH OF COLONEL BANCKER.-Colonel James N. Bancker, well known in amusement circles, and formerly attached to the old Continental Theatre, died this morning at 1 o'clock. The deceased was widely known and estremed, and only yesterday was lendered a complimentary tenefit at the American Theatre.

STEALING MEAT.-A woman was arrested yesterday afternoon in the Farmers' Market, with stealing meat. She was

GENERAL GRANT AND THE RICHMOND "EXA-HINER.—The tollowing is the text of General Grant's order, permitting the resumption of the Richmond Examiner:—
"Headquarters Armies of the United

STATES, WASHINGTON, February 19, 1866.—Major-General A. H. Terry, commanding Department of Virginia.—General:—Your order of date the 13th instant, taking military possession of the Richmond Examiner, a newspaper published in Richmond, Virginia, and prohibiting its publica-tion, made in pursuance of the direction of the Lieutenant General commanding, is hereby tem-porarily suspended, and the Richmond Examiner will be permitted to resume its publication upon the express condition that in future it will not pursue a course inimical to the Government, or to the growth or expression in acts or words of Union scattments among the people of the States lately in Rebellion, or to the cultivation of friendly relations between the people of these friendly relations between the people of these States, or any of them, and other States of the Union; and that it will not in anywise fail in its editorials, correspondence, or transfer of articles from other newspapers, to give support, countenance, and triendahip to acts and expressions of loyalty to the Union and its supporters.

"By command of Lieutenant-General Grant, "T. b. Bownes, Assistant Adjutant-General." DRY GOODS.

TARGE LINEN SALE AT MILLIBEN'S.

No. 828 ARCH STREET,

Just opened, direct from Europe, the following

BARGAINS IN TABLE LINENS.

Heavy Table Linen, unbleached, at 750, per yard. Extra heavy Power-loom do., yarn bleached, \$1 per Extra qualities and widths do. do., \$1-125@1-25. New styles bleached Damasks, from 81 25 up to 83. Extra qualities and widths, for large extension tables Real Barnsley Double Damasks, very scarce. Beavy Scotch Damasks, in great variety. Fine Irish Damasks, in great variety.

TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPICING Every size, from 1% yards up to 7 yards long. Some beautiful Table cloths, just opened. Napkins and Doylies, in great variety, from the lowest p to the finest productions of the Damask loom TOWELS, NEW STYLES.

Rath Towels, from 25c, up. Red Bordered Chamber Towels, from 25c, up. Heavy Huck Towels, wide red cuds, at 37%c. Bloom Damass Towe s, bandsome, 68 Fine Damask Towels, 87%c., 81, 81 25, Turkish Towels, several sizes. RED, WHITE, AND BLUE.

A very handsome Huck Towel, with the National colors ntroduced in stripes in the border, not to be found in any other store in the city, 875c., 81, and 81 25. LINEN SHIRT BOSOMS. The best Linens only are used, and as no mperfect stitching is passed into our stock, our customers may rely on getting the best Shirt Bosoms possible or the

drices. Also, Wristbands and Collars. LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS. Ladies', Gents', and Children's Linen Hok's, in every

NURSERY AND BIRD-EYE DIAPERS. A full assortment of all the widths in Nursery Diapers. These Diapers will be found heavier and better than sual or the prices.

Bird-eyes, all qualities; Linen Cambrics and Lawns. A beautiful sort Linen Cambric for Infants' Underclothing, trom (alie, up.

MILLIKEN'S LINEN STORE, No. 828 ARCH Street. 1 18thstw2m

THOMAS SIMPSONS SONS, NOS. 922 AND 924 PINE STREET.

Are now offering at reduced prices the following:—
BLANKE'S—BLANKETS
BLANKETS CHEAP.

SPLENDID BLANKETS—From \$5 per pair up.
10-4 Blankets, all wool, \$5 50 worth \$8.
11-4 do. do. \$7, worth \$10.
12-4 do. do. \$10 worth \$14.
Asso, a full assortment of Crib and Cradle Blankets, at low prices.

LINEN GOODS.

Aso, a full assortment of Crib and Cradle Blankets, at low prices.

LINEN GOODS.

8-4 Barnsley Table Damask, all qualities.
White and Unbeached Table Linens, all widths and patterns at reduced prices.
Also a large assortment of Towels, both white and anbicached, from 18c. a piece up.
Napkins and Doylles in great variety cheap.
We can offer a great bargain in Linen heelings and Shirtines. The best makes of Linen Shirtings 10 4 wide, for \$150 per yard; cheaper than musin Bussa Diapers, all wadths, from \$2.50 a piece up.
We have an excellent assortment of Linen Lawns, Cambrics, from the coarsest to the finest number, at a very small advance.
Shirt Bosoms, rom 25c up.
Neat Styles Heavy Marsel les, for Ladies' and Children's wear, 56 cents per yard—worth \$1.25. These goods are just in from New York auction.
Timch Medicated All Linen Huck Towelling, 35 cents per yard—worth 50 cents.

27 inch Medicated Art Emel.
per yard—worth 50 cents
Cambrio Edgings and Insertings. A new and beautifu
assortment just opened
WHITE GOODS.
WHITE GOODS.

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We have just received a large assortment of White Goods, at a 'ery great reduction.

Bri. lands all qualities and styles, from 40c. up. Camblies, dressed and andressed.

By land welling 20 per cent less than normerly.

Di SS GOODS

Just received, a full and well-selected assortment of l'oplins, Merinoes, White Glace Mohair, for evening dresses.

Alpacas and Delaines, good quality and colors, cheap, Black and white striped Mohair Skirting.

Bamoral - kirting, 75c. a yara up.

Also, a full arsortment of Skirts.

Pain Black Alpaca 3lc up.

Caicoes, 16c. up. Ginghams cheap.

English and French Chintzes and Percals beautiful patterns at a very small advance.

HOSLERY AND MERINO GOODS.

We have a large stock of Hoslery and are anxious to sell it off. We there ore, have reduced the prices to a very low flaure. Ladies' white Hosse. from 13c. a pair up. Gents' White and Unbleached Hose rood quality, at sizes, Children's White and Unbleached Hose, cheap.

A good assortic ent of Woollen hose.

Merino Shirts and Drawers, in great variety, at low prices.

We have all makes, widths, and qualities of Muslin.

we have all makes, widths, and qualities of Muslin, both white and brown.
Sheetings and Fillow Muslins, at reasonable prices.
A reduction made for Dorcas or other Benevo ent. Societies, at THOMAS SIMPSON'S SONS, Nos. 922 and 924 PINE Street 129mws

HYDE'S PATENT AROMA SAVING AND CONDENSING

COFFEE BROWNER,

FOR HOTELS, GROCERS, HOSPITALS, Military Barracks, and all other establishments using quantities of Coffee

By this Machine the Coffee is SWEATED brown instead of being HURNED brown, thereby saving from 40 to 50 per cent more AROMA than when done in the usual way.

A PATENT TESTER is attached, which enables the operator to see when the Coffee is done Brown. CAN BE CHANGED IN A MOMENT INTO A FRANKLIN OR AIR-TIGHT

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First-class Hotels, and Grocers Now having them in use. Also, HYDE'S PATENT

AROMA SAVING AND CONDENSING FAMILY COFFEE BROWNER,

On the same principle, being in the form of a STOVE COVER. Will suit any STOVE or RANGE,
The Coffee is browned PERFECTLY UNI-FORM I A FEW MINUTES TIME. ONE POUND BROWNED in this Machine has about the SAME STRENGTH as two roasted in the

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HARDWARE, HOUSE-FURNISHING, AND STOVE STORES GENERALLY.

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One door below seventh street.
The mest liberal discount allowed.

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Have just opened 500 doz. Linen Towels,

Huckaback Towels, wide red horder, 28 cents, up Handsome Damask Towels. Bath Towels, 31, 40, 50, and 65 cents. A large assortment Linen Napkins and Doylies. Scotch Disper by the piece or yard. Linen Huckaback by the yard. Best makes Shirting Linens, Table Linens by the yard, very cheap.

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Beat Russia Crash in the city, 1or 18, 20, 25 conts.

8-4 and 10-4 Table Cloths, very cheap.

Cambric, Jaconet, and Swiss Muslins. Natusocks and Victoria Lawns. Striped and Plaid Muslins, Fine quality large size Plaid Muslins, Shirred Muslins, very cheap. Fine quality striped and plaid Swiss Muslins, White Brilliances, 28, 31; 87;, 44, 50, and 62; cts. White Marseilles, 75 cents per yard. Honeycomb and Marseilles Quilts.

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N. B .- Best make bleached and unbleached Muslins; pillow-case and sheeting Muslins; best quality American Prints and Ginghams. P. S. Will remove to the N. W. corner Eighth and Firbert stree's about the last of April.

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A good opportunity to scenre a Fine Shawl at a

FINE PAISLEY SHAWLS. FINE BLANKET SHAWLS.

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The entire stock will be sold without regard to the

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FINE AMERICAN BLANKETS.

All our fine and medium grader, very much reduced in prices.

MARSEILLES QUILTS. OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION.

A great variety of new patterns in all sizes, A. larger stock to select from than in any other establishment in this city.

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PLAIN AND FIGURED PERCALES. 2 CASES 5-4 PLAIN ALL-WOOL DELAINE. All the new colors, beautiful quality, only \$1. Also, a large line of

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purchasers is solicited, as they are offers; at
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166 pieces SHIRRED MU3L NS for Bodies.
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307 Paris GOFFERED KIKTS, newest styles,
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BAND-MADE WOOLLEN GOODS, LAIDES FANCY GOODS WHI'L GOODS, LACES, FMBROIDERIES, VELL-HAIR NETS And a full line of

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LADIES' AND CHILDREN B KID, SILK, AND FANCY GLOVES. CROCHET LACES.

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Manufactory No. 528 ARCH Street,
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Our assortment embraces all the new and desirable styles and slace of every length and size waist for Ladics. Misses and 'hildren.

Those of "OUR OWN MAKE" are superior in faish and durability to any other Skirts made, and warranted to arve astimaction.

Skirts made to order, altered, and repaired.

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