INSURANCE COMPANIES.

transmission.

Amount of loans secured by bonds and mortgages, constituting the first lien on real estate, on which there's less than one year's
interest due and owing.

Amount of stocks owned by the Company:

Par value, Mkt val.

Coney Island
Haliroad ... 10,000 7,500-00 6,500-00
Honds ... 1,00 1,630-00 800-60
to states, at 550,
Brevoort insui-

2,000

1,000

1,509

4,000

1,560

1 250

1.000

1,000

750

100

50

4.000

1,000

1,000

500

Amount of premium unpaid.

Amount or interest on investments made by Company, due and unpaid.

Amount of onice furniture and fixtures......

Amount of cash premiums received \$104,490.54
Amount of interest money received
from the investments of the com-

Amount of losses paid during the

pany..... 23,422 79

INCOME.

Amount of Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission...

Amount of Loans secured by Bonds and Mortgages, constituting the first iten on Real Estate, on which there is less than one year's interest due and owing.

Amount of Loans on which interest has not been paid within one year.

Amount of Loans on which interest has not been paid within one year.

Amount of Loans on which interest has not been paid within one year.

Amount of Loans on which interest has not been paid within one year.

Yatus.

830.000 B. Coupons 81. \$89.000 83.500
840.00 B. S. T. N. 5-20... 40.000 40.900
840.00 U. S. T. N. 5-20... 40.000 40.900
8142.000 U. S. T. N. 7.39... 142.600 141.290
10 shares at \$100, Amer.
Nat. Ex. Bank. N. N. ... 7.000 7.784
50 shares at \$100. Phonix
Nat. Bank of N. Y. ... 5,000 5,000
80 shares at \$100. Phonix
Leather Bank of N. Y. ... 5,000 5,000
80 shares at \$100. Phonix
and Traders' Nat. Hank. 5,000 5,109
48 shares at \$124. Atlantic
Nat. Hank of N. Y. ... 5,000 5,000
85000 Wis. State Bonds... 5,000 5,000

8293.500

298,314\*76

6,974 59 \$429,090-29

12,554:44

3.962-00

........ 18,645 66

Amount of Cash in hands of Agents and in

ance Co.... 100 snares, at \$10.

Bonds.
40 shares, at \$100,
81ar Ins. Co...
10 shares, at \$100,
Putnam co Bk...
\$1606 U. S. 5-20
Bonds...
16 shares, at \$100,
Metropolitan Gas
Company....

8127,250 60 8120 675 00

1,600-00 1 500 60

4,300-00

800-00

3,000 2,820-00 1,800-00

2,000 2,100 00 2,000 00

1,500 00

1,500-00

1,250-00

1.000 00

1.030 00

738-75

105-00

3,600-00

1,030-00

515-00

1,600 1,800-00 1,400 00

848,750 846,005 75 837,950 00

47-00

1,000 00 > 5,000-00

4,000 00 3 050 00

1.000-00

1.100 00

750 00

950-00

880-00

400.00

.. 8104.918-71

16,991-42

837 950 0

3,000 3,000-00

1,000 1,000-00

417-07

2,600 12

8130,675 00

Remarkable Suicides.

Suicide is a subject which has long exercised the speculations of the moralist, the philosopher, and the physician. The frequency with which men of intellect, in all ages, have presumed to sever the link which bound them to this life, is in itself sufficiently remarkable-And the atmoshere of mystery which commonly surrounds such cases, the chosen and carefully prepared secresy of the deed, and the frequent absence of apparent motive, and the startling contradiction between the horror of the act and the lotty character of those who perpetrate it, lend a piquant though mournful curiosity to all such investigations. Clearly, the theory of mental aberration will not account for many of the more conspicuous suicides. Preston King, in the midst of a prosperous career, and successful beyond the ambition of most men, in a political and pecuniary sense, may have been impelled to suicide by imaginary terrors, resulting from a softening of the brain. But who believes that Cate of Utica, or Brutus, or Condorcet, or Roland, or Chatterton, or hundreds of others who have so calmly stricken themselves from

the roll of the living, were insane? Charles Nodier, the eminent French essayist, had conceived, among the numerous other schemes his fertile brain, the project of writing "a biography of illustrious suicides." The idea was never fulfilled, and modern literature has lost one of the most absorbing and instructive works which have been projected. Like the great "History of Human Error," of the atmable and learned Caxton, immortalized by Sir Bulwer Lytton, the work remains a great perhaps. But the literature of biography has not failed to commemorate the circumstances of every conspicuous suicide, while medical science has added

several monographs to the subject. \*
The mere statistics of suicide are more startling than any romance. In England, as far back as 1790, the number of deaths by suicide reached one thousand per year, and it is now considerably more than doubled. This was in-dependently of those whose bodies were never brought before the coroner at all, or which were sheltered from notoriety by a verdict of acci-dental death. In France, according to Zimmermann, the number of suicides in the last cen-tuary was three times greater than the number of murders and other homicides. The very accurate census reports of the French Empire show an average of four thousand suicides per year in that country alone, in the last decade.

Among the noted names of ancient times, we find several philosophers, orators, and states men who committed spicide. Demosthenes drank poison in the temple of Neptune, when that sanctuary was invaded by his enemies, to save himself from falling into the hands of the tyrant Antipater. Mithridates, the proud King of Pontus, his rebellious subjects having torn the crown from his head, and invested his son with it—the insignia or empire—withdrew him-self into his apartments, distributed poison to his wives and gaughters, and swallowed a pow-erful potion himself. This failing, he had recourse to his sword. His two sisters, Roxana and Statira, followed his example, as did also his two wives. Cato, "the noblest Roman of them all," closely besieged in Utica by Cæsar, gave a parting banquet to his friends and the magistrates of the city, then retired to his chamber, where he read Plato on the immortality of the soul till midnight, when he ordered a slave to bring him his sword. Closely examining the point, he laid it at the head of his bed, lay down and slept soundly till dawn. Then, according to Plu-tarch, "at the hour when the birds began to sing," Cato awoke, and seizing his sword stabbed himself in the breast, and died almost immediately. Portia, the wife of Brutus, killed herself by swallowing live coals. Brutus fell upon his sword soon after the disastrous day of Philippi. Antony, the victor of Philippi, afterwards, hard pressed by the victorious legions of Octavius, and in despair at the ru-mored death and treachery of Cleopatra, stabbed himself to the neart, and was carried dying to the couch of the Egyptian Queen, he died in Cleopatra's arms, asking for a draught of wine with his last breath. Soon after, the brilliant Queen herself having tailed to captivate Octavius with all her charms, submitted her bosom to the poison of an asp, threw herself on her couch of gold, and died,

the most pathetic story is the Roman annals. Seneca, the moralist, commends both Cato and Lucretia for dying, and so ending their miseries: and even Eusebius, the historian of the Christian Church, justifies the Roman lady's suicide to avoid the embraces of Tarquin. Hannibal, that greatest of the heroes of antiquity, when deleated by the greater forces of the Romans, covered with disaster, fleeing to the asylum of Eumenes, King of Pergamus, was not suffered to escape the vengeance of Rome, which sent an embassy to demand the head of the illustrious exile. Hannibal attempted to escape, but finding every door guarded, he took an active poison, which he always carried upon his persor, and expired, with the imperishable hatred of the Roman name burning in his dying breath.

The Emperor Nero, being driven from his palace by the Practorians, took refuge in a slave's hut, where he ran himself through with a sword, upon the approach of a troop of cavairy.

Themistocles, compelled to choose between sending his powerful aid to the King of Persia, and thus roin Greece, and refusing that aid to one who had loaded him with beneuts, for the sake of an ungrateful country, which had banished her noblest son, relieved himself from the paintul dilemma by a firm and deliberate act

The noble suicide of the virtuous Lucretia is

steeped in luxury to the last.

soon caused his death. Or the eminent persons of modern times who have sought death unbidden, we recall the names of Castlereagh, Romilly, Whitbread, Condorcet, Roland, Clive, Chatterton, and Haydon. Sir Samuel Romilly, that purest of philanthropists, who had attained the meridian or an honorable career of intellectual labor, and had lent himself to lessen the miseries of others, had not fortifude enough to bear his own. The loss of a beloved wife unbinged his mind, and in an hour of despondent melancholy he opened the jugu-lar vein with his razor, and was found by his servant weltering in his blood. The same mode of suicide was chosen by the eminent British Minister Lord Castlereagh, a man who was intrusted with the duty of preserving the balance of power among the nations of Europe, yet had not equanimity enough to preserve his spirit from the madness of suicide.

of suicide. He assembled all his friends, offered

a sacrifice to Jupiter, and drank a full goblet of bull's blood, which congulated in his veins, and

Becoming desperately unpopular in England from his open and bitter championship of the meanest despotisms, Castlereagh brought upon his head the indignation of all the Liberals of Europe, and Byron dipped his pen in gall to denounce him. The Minister was endowed with one of those cold and resolute tempers which brave unpopularity so long as they continue to brave unpopularity so long as they continue to be favored with the smile of kings. Nevertheless, he succumbed at last to the fierce onslaughts which were made upon him from all sides, and to the embarrassments which were accumulating around him. On the 12th of August, 1822, immediately after breakfast, Castlereagh entered his cabinet, and cut the carotid artery with a razor. Dr. Bankhead accidently entered the room at the same moment "Let me fall upon your arm; all is finished,"

said the Minister, and he expired.

Of Condorcet, the great philosopher and states man of the French Revolution, who swallowed potent in 1734; of Roland, the republican, and Girondist, who, seven days after his noble wife had perished on the scaffold, let out his own life by the sword; of Chat, erton,

"The marvellous boy, who perished in his pride;" and of Hayden, the gifted artist and man of genius, whose proud and sensitive nature could genius, whose proud and sensitive nature could not brook the terrors of debt, neglect, and penury, and who also managed to "shoot the gulf" by the double means of the razor and pistol ball, we have not left surselves room to speak. Should we resume the theme, it would be interesting to trace the laws which have been thought to govern the actions, as well as the palliations which are brought forward to extra palliations which are brought forward to soften the guilt of snicides.

A Locomotive Running Wild. A singular occurrence took place on Saturday morning at the junction of the Western Maryland with the Northern Central Bailway. The locomotive "Monocacy," of the Western Maryland Railroad, was on the track of that road, as uanal, ready to back down for the passenger train of said road, which goes from the city with the mail train, and cuts loose from said train below the junction. By some mistake on the part of the switch-tender at the junction the part of the switch-tender at the junction the switch was left open, and the mail train, running at her usual and fast speed, entered the track of the Western Maryland Railroad. The engineer and fireman of the Western Maryland Railroad locomotive, seeing the danger, male every effort to start the engine and get out of the way, but the distance and time being so short they could not get the engine started in time to prevent a collision, and therefore left her to her late. The concussion was so great that the bolt coupling the tender with the engine was thrown coupling the tender with the engine was thrown out and one safety chain broken, the tender being but slightly injured. The engine bounded off, with but one single chain connecting the tender with the engine, the engineer and fireman, with others, immediately following on foot. The locomotive was soon at a speed of forty miles per hour, and having a full furnace of wood, there was no telling where she would be brought up. She passed two very short curves on the road at a fearful rate of speed, much to the wonderment of all along the route, not knowing what the wild treak meant. One of the provisions of the charter of the Western Maryland Railroad Company is that the whistle is to be sounded or the bell rung at all road crossings, but it has not been ascertained that this locomotive complied strictly with this provision. It was fortunate that the pumps were on at the time, as the cold water pumped into the boiler had a beneficial effect in arresting her wild career. The cold water having arrested her, she was found seven miles up the road, and, strange to say, near the water station where she had been accustomed to get her supply. When found, a colored man was occupying the teat of the engineer, with his fiddle, and was entertaining himself and the lecomotive with the tune of "John Brown's Soul is Marching On." He bad not mechanical skill sufficient to shut off the valve, and the steam getting up again by the stoppage, she was about starting again on her wild course as the engineer approached, seeming to fear a re-primand from her master for thus unceremoniusly leaving him; but the colored man said sh should not move a peg, and had, as he said, "scotched" the wheels with wood from the tender. Had it not been for the pumps being on, she would have run into the freight train east, which was only four miles distant. The engine and cars of the Northern Central Railway were but slightly broken, and fortunately no passengers were injured.—Baltimore Sun.

Death of Henry John Denis.

An English paper says:- "Among those who went down with the ill-fated ship London there is one gentleman whose name deserves to be rescued from the common oblivion which, as far as the public is concerned, is likely too soon to overtake the majority of the sufferers. Narrowly escaping a few years ago a similar fate on board the Marco Polo, when she struck an iceberg in the middle of the night in the Southern Ocean, and displaying the utmost presence of mind on that terrible occasion, Mr. Henry John Denis had since been very active as a colonial explorer, and had for many months been engaged in a hazardous hunting expedition in the wild regions and among the savage tribes which lie at the back of Port Natal. Not on these accounts, however, would his name deserve to be brought into prominent public notice. The circumstances for which he is entitled to a place in our memories is, that he is understood to be the first, if not the only Englishman who has actually grown cotton in the Southern States of the American Union free negro labor. Starting for America whilst the civil war was still at its height, he took a plantation on the Mississippi, near Vicksburg, under the promise of adequate protection from the United States Government.

"He succeeded in raising a crop, and only retired when he found that in the then existing state of things it was utterly impossible to grow that crop without great pecuniary loss as well as personal risk. As some atonement, however, the United States Government gave him a special honorary certificate, a copy of which we subjoin for the satisfaction of our readers. For the bene fit of the uninitiated, we may state that the army worms' therein referred to are a species of destructive insect which preys upon the cotton plant:—Office of Assistant Special Agent of the Treasury Department for Leasing Abandoned Plantations, Vicksburg, Miss., Nov. 5, 1864.—To whom it may concern:—This is to certify that Henry John Denis, late of No. 11 Grove, Clap-ham road, London, son of John Denis, Esq., of the Leys, Cambridge, and Great Shelford, is the first Englishman that has grown cotton, by free colored labor, in this district of the slave States of the Mississippi, United States. The said cotton grown on the 'Adams' plantation, sixteen miles south of Vicksburg, in the year of adversity, 'Army' Worms, and Guerilias, 1864. C. W. Wintropp, Assistant Special Agent of United States Treasury Department for Leasing Abandoned Plantations,"

Disturbances in Tennessee.

From the Nashville Union, 15th. One evening last week, a party of unknown armed men entered Clifton, in Wayne county, and rode up to the house of Mr. Hughes, late an officer in the Rebel army, and sent a messenger in, and demanded that either he should appear at the door, or send out his coat which he had worn in the Rebel service. Believing that the latter would be safest, he sent out his coat, when the men hung it up, and fired a volley at it; after which they sent it in, telling him if he behaved himself henceforth all would be right; but if not,

he would get the next volley through the heart.

Alter leaving the house they went to the residence of Dr. Fuller, who had been in the Rebel army, and who had on one occasion solicited and obtained the office of executioner to short a Union man, and called him out. On his appearance they "mounted" him with bowle-knives and literally cut him to pieces. The party then left. Both Hughes and Fuller had been connected with the Rebel Conscript Bureau. It is believed that the party were the relatives and friends of the Union man who was killed by Fuller, who was so anxious to play the execu-

The French Post Office. The annual report of the Post Office Depart ment of France shows that during the past year 311,000,000 letters were written and despatched within the limits of France. Of these 287,090,000 were franked; 275,000,000 newspapers passed through the post office during the past twelvements. The value of goods forwarded through the post office during that period amounted to above 33,000,000f., to which, if one adds the money paid for the postage of newspapers, the formidable sum of fitty odd millions is attained; that is, above £2,000,000 sterling. Correspondence has increased since the year 1851 at the rate of between 3,000,600f. and 4,000,000f. per annum. In bond, railway scrip, and banknotes no less than 775,824,000f, passed through the post office, which brought in a return of 793,338f, to the treasury. To avoid paying the tax on lettres charges, money is constantly forwarded by the post without the sender declaring the contents of his letter. It discovered, this breach of the laws which regulate post office transactions is punished by a heavy time.

EFFECTS OF TOBACCO .- From 1812 to 1832, the tobacco tax in Frence produced 28,000,000 francs, and the lunatic asylums contained 8000 patients. The tobacco revenue has now reached 180,000,000 francs, while there are 44,000 paralytic and lonatic patients in the hospitals, showing that the increase of lungcy has kept pace with the increase of the revenue of tobacco. These statistics, presented by M. Jolly to the Academy of Science, in connection with the closing words of his speech, contain a frightful warning to those forming the pernicious habit of smoking, now incress ng so rapidly:—"The immoderate use of tobacco, and more especially of the pipe, produces a weakness of the brain and in the spinal marrow, which causes madness." FINANCIAL.

JAY COOKE & CO. No. 114 S. THIRD STREET, BANKERS.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

U. S. 6s OF 1881. 5.20s, OLD AND NEW, 10-40e: CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, 7.30 NOTES, 1st, 2d, and 3d Series,

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES WANTED. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Collections made; Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission. Special business accommodations reserved for

PHILADELPHIA, February, 1866. S. SECURITIES.

A SPECIALTY. SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.,

BANKERS & BROKERS, 16 S. THIRD ST. 3 NASSAU ST.

PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK. STOCKS AND GOLD

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS. 21 DAVIES BROTHERS,

No. 225 DOCK STREET, BANKERS AND BROKERS,

BUY AND SELL UNITED STATES BONDS, 1881s, 5-20s, 19 40s UNITED STATES 73-10s, ALL ISSUES. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS Mercantlie Paper and Loans on Co laterals pegotiated. Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission. 131 ly

HARPER, DURNEY & CO. BANKERS,

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, No. 55 S. THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA. Stocks and Loans bought and sold on Commission

Uncurrent Bank Notes, Coin, Etc., bought and sold. Special attention paid to the purchase and sale of Oil Stocks. Deposits received, and interest allowed, as per agreement. THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

HAS REMOVED

During the crection of the new Bank bailding, 1 17 4p

No. 305 CHESNUT STREET WORK, McCOUCH & CO., STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,

No. 86 S. THIRD STREET GOVERNMENT SECURITIES Bought and Sold. STOCKS Bought and Sold on Commission.

5 20S. 7'30s,

INTEREST allowed on Deposits.

WANTED. DE HAVEN & BROTHER No. 40 S. THIED STREET.

HATS AND CAPS.

PL OF

FASHION.

Small Profits. Quick Sales.

HATS AND CAPS. NEWEST STYLES.

LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

BOURNE, No. 40 N. SIXTH STREET. 12Stuthe3m\*



JOB Q ROOMS Amount of Cash Premiums received from the investments of the Company 25,340-08

Amount of Income of the Company from aby

other sources.....

TALIAN MACCARONI, VERMICELLI.

PARMASAN CHEESE, FRESH IMPORTED.

For sale by JAMES R. WEBB, WALNUT AND EIGHTH STREETS. 2 15 lm REVENUE STAMPS, REVENUE STAMPS,

REVENUE STAMPS, Of all descriptions, Always on hand,
AT FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO.'S OFFICE,
AT FLORENCE SEWING MY CHINE CO.'S OFFICE,
No. 630 CHESNUT Street,
No. 630 CHESNUT Street,
One door below Seventh street,
One door below Seventh street.
The most liberal discount allowed.

The most liberal discount allowed.

Z &

EAFNESS. BLINDWECC.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, AND CATARRH.

J. ISAACS, M. D., Processor or the Eye and Ear tream all diseases appertaining to the above members with the numest success. Testimonials from the most reflable rounces in the city can be seen at his office, No. 419 FINE street. The Medical Faculty are invited accompany their patients a be has no escrets in his practice. THE STAMP AGENCY, NO. 304 CHESNUT STREET, ABOVE THIRD, WILL BE CONTINUE! STAMPS OF EVE. Y DESCRIPTION CONSTANTED ON HAND, AS ANY AMOU. 11 15

> KORRITOR WILLIAM Bo. Ort Chasent Birest,

Acor 44 01a

REFERENCES IN PHILADELPHIA.

ANDIEW C. CRAIG. No. 138 S. Front street.

J. B. MEYERS & Co., Nos 232 and 234 Market street.

EDMUND YARD & Co., No. 617 Chesnut street.

WORK MCCOUCH & Co., No. 56 S. Third street.

BAILEY & Co., No. 519 c heanut street.

WOLGANINH & RAILEIGH. No. 9 Bark street.

JOHN VOGT & Co., No. 59 S. Fourth street.

W. W. KNIGHT & SON, Nos. 598 and 511 Commerce treet. O BARDENWERPER Agent 2 17 stuthae No. 422 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia THE STAMP AGENCY, NO. 364 CHESNUT STREET, ASOVE THIRD, WILL BE CONTINUED AS HERETOFORE BTAMPS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION CONSTANTLY OF HAND AND IN ANY AMOUNT.

INSURANCE COMPANIES. CTATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NEW AMSTERDAM FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, of NEW TORK, January 1, 1808.

12.000 shares at \$25 cach, all paid in cash, .... \$300,000-00 ASSETS.

Amount of cash deposited in banks—Nassan Bank .... \$18.008.85 

Ameunt of stock held by the Company as col-lateral security for loans, with the amount loaned on each kind of stock, its par and market value:—

U. S. 5-10 Bonds..... 22,000 52,080-00 82,000-00 for shares Fulion

Itsurance Co...... 1,566 1,728-00 1,250-00 50 shares Hamilton

Insurance Co...... 750 606-60 130,083-10 690-00 } 1,850-00 Insurance Co.....
30 shaves Lenox Insurance Co.....
29 shares Stuyvesant Insurance Co.....
30 shares Equitable 750 750 500 725-00 325-00 Insurance Co..... 1,050
10 shares Merchants'
Insurance Co...... 600
5 shares Halance
Dock Ins. Co.... 700
U.S. Treas, Notes. 150 1,050 1,312:50 1,000:00 875 007 135 00 1.325-00 7,350-00 Amount of interest on investments due and Amount of interest on investments accrued but not dae. Amount of premiums due and unpaid........... Office Furniture and Bevenue Stamps on hand.

855,114'87 Amount of taxes paid, State and National... Amount of all other expenses and expenditures of the Company.... 6.945-95

REFERENCES IN PHILADELPHIA.

Messrs. 'H H VETTERLEIS & Co., No. 111 Arch street,
Messrs. G. W. BERRADOU & BEO., No. 504 S. Delaware avenue Messis. Fearons & Smith, Nos. 19 and 21 S. Water Messrs. J. E. CALDWELL & Co., No. 822 Chesnut HENRY M. PHILLIPS, Esq., No. 126 S. Sixth street.
O BARDENWERPER, Agent,
2 17 stuth8t No. 422 WALNUT Street, Philadeiphia

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK on the 1st day o' January, 1866:—
Capital Stock, 2000 shares, at \$50 each, all 

397,000 (

Amount of cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission.

Amount of loans secured by bonds and mortgages, constituting the first lien on real estate, on which there is less than one year's interest due and owing. 8127.883 33 uni or stock o gred by the Company :-

Amount or taxes paid by the Com-pany ...... 9,677-15 | REFERENCES IN PHILADELPHIA.

Messrs. Charles Vezin & co.,
Messrs. Gars, Leberman & Co.,
Messrs. Moss & co.,
M. Morris Marple,
C. A. Thudium.
W. W. Noucross successor to J. Garrison & Co.
Sowie, Barnes & Potts
O. Bardenwerper, Agent,
217 stuth3t
No. 422 Walnut Street, Phila.

81.586,136.99 INCOME. 8401,113 32 125.354-92 8526 468 24

Amount of losse paid during the year.....
paid for Reinsurance Premiums....
or Return Premiums....
or of Dividends paid during the year...
of Expenses, including Commissions and Fees paid to the agents and Officers of the Comof Taxes paid by the Company..... 8244,636 91

The amount of profits since the establishment of the Company, apportioned to the Policy-bolders in present cash value, was \$450,090, and, in addition thereto, company interest at the raise of six per cent. per annum, up to the 4th of March, 1865, when the last dividend was reade. up to the 4th of march, loss, when any is chartered promade.

The law under which this Company is chartered provides, That it the Capital should, from any cause become impatied to the extent of Twenty-lave Thousand
Dollars, or more, the Stockholders shall be Called
UPON TO MAKE GOOD SUCH DEFICIENCY. This is the only
cash Company in America which affords this safeguard
to Policy-holders.

REFFRENCES IN PHILADELPHIA.

JOSEPH PATIERSON, Esq., President of the Western
Bank.

JOSEPH PATTERSON, ESQ., Fresheld of the United Bank.
Hon. Archibald McInter. Treasurer of the United States Mint.
Messrs. Jat Cooke & Co.
Messrs. Richards, Westcott & Co.
Messrs. Stuart & Brother.
O. Bardenwerper,
General Agent for Pennsylvania,
12 17stuth3t No. 422 Walnut Street, Phila.

GIRARD FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY. OFFICE, NO. 415 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. CAPITAL PAID IN, IN CASH, #200,000. This company continues to write on Fire Risks only Its capital, with a good surplus, is saiely invested. 701

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000 Disbursed on this account within the past few years. For the present the office of this company will remain at

No 415 WALNUT STREET. But within a few months will remove to its OWN BUILDING N. E. CORNER SEVENTH AND CHESNUT STREETS. Then as now, we shall be happy to insure our patrons at such rates as are consistent with safety.

THOMAS CRAVEN, FURMAN SHEPFARD, TLOS. MACKELIAR, JOHN SUPPLIE. JOHN SUPPLIE. JOHN SUPPLIE. JOSEPH KLAPP, M. D. JOHN W. CLEGHORN,
BILAS YERKES, JE., THOMAS CRAYEN, President
ALFRED S. GILLETT V. President and Treasurer.
JAMES B. ALVORD, Secretary.
119 ly

F I K E I N S U B A N C E,
THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA,
Nor 156 S. FOURTH Street.
Char er Perpetual. Authorized Capital, \$500 000
Paid-up Capital, \$166,009.
Insures against tors or demance by FIRE on buildings either permanent yor for a LIMITED period. Also or Mr. RC HANDISE generally and Household Furniture city or county.

City or country.

James Brown,
Charles A. Duy,
W. M. D. I ewis.
William B. Bullock,
W. M. N. Needles,
John D Taylor,
JAMES BROWN, President,
CHAS. A DUY. Vice President.
Thomas Kimber, Jr.,
Lemuel Ceffin,
John V codaide.
Wm. C. Lengstreth,
J. N. Hutchincon,
CHAS. A DUY. Vice President.
Thomas Kimber, Jr.,
Lemuel Ceffin,
John V codaide.
Wm. C. Lengstreth,
J. N. Hutchincon,
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SILBERMAN & CO., IMPORTERS O

S. FANCY GOODS. FOURTH Street. No. 13 N. FOURTH Street,
FHILADELPHIA
Portemennales, Pocket Books Purses, Travelling Sass,
Satchers Dressing Cases Ladies Companions, Writing
Deaks, Portfolios, Work Boxes, Jewel Boxes, Phoograph Alnums, Opera Giasnes, Field Glasses Spectacles,
Card Cases China and Glit Ornaments, Pocket Cutlery,
Razors, Combs, Brusbes, Perfumery, Soaps, Fans, Rair,
Keis, Barr Ornaments, Steel Jewelry, Jet Goods, Corgellan Goods, Braceleus, Neck acos, Beit Clasps, Stude
Sleeve Buttons, Searf Pins, Scarf Rings, Silk Watch
Guards, Leather Guards, Steel and Platted Chains, Watch
Guards, Leather Guards, Steel and Platted Chains, Watch
Guards, Leather Guards, Steel and Platted Chains, Watch
Dolls, Rubber Bails, Dominoss, Pites, Chessmes, Chess
Boards, Esskgammon Boards, Flaying Cards, Pocket
Flasks, Drinking Caps, Tobacco, Flase, Tobacco, Boxes,
Tubes, Cigar Cases.

INSURANCE COMPANIES. DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, COMPANY, INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE PENNSYLVANIA, 1835.

OFFICE 8 E. CORNER THIBD AND WALNUT MARINE INSURANCE ON VESSELS.

CARGO, FREIGHT TO SEPARATE OF THE CARGO, FREIGHT CARGO.

FREIGHT

On Goods by Hiver. Canal. Lake. and Land Carriage to all parts of the Union.

FIRE INSURANCES

On Merchandise generally.

On Stores, Dweling Houses, etc. ASSETS OF THE COMPANY
November 1, 1685.

\$100 900 United States 5 per cent. loan, 71....\$95,000-06
120 000
120 000
120 000
13-10 per cent. loan, 71....\$95,000-06
120 000
120 000
13-10 per cent. loan, 104 915-00
100 000 State of remaylvania Five Per Cent.
Loan, 90,555
125,000 City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent.
Loan, 125,000 City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent.
125,000 Pennsylvania Railroad First Morting Six Per Cent.
125,000 Pennsylvania Railroad Fecond Morting Six Per Cent. Bends. 20,000-00
25,000 Pennsylvania Railroad Fecond Morting Six Per Cent. Bonds. 23,780-06
15,000 100 Shares Stock Germaniown Gas
Company principal and interest
gubranteed by the City of Philadelphia. 13,837-30
7,150 143 Shares Stock Pennsylvania Railroad ompany. 5,000 100 Shares Stock Pennsylvania 88,590-9
5,000 100 Shares Stock North Pennsylvania 7,150 143 Shares Stock Pennsylvania Railroad company.
5,600 160 Shares Stock North Pennsylvania
Railroad Company.
46,200 Deposit with United States Government, subject to ten days' cail.
30,000 State of Tennessee Five Per Cont.
Loan.
170 760 Loans on Bonds and Mortgage first
liens on City Property. 40,000-00 18,900-00 119-35 8287.373 09

pany.
Scrip and Stock of sundry Insurance and other Companies. \$ 133. Estimated value.
Cash in Banks. \$55,956 85
Cash in Drawer... 673-48. 56,635-37 \$1.263,EAT-19 Thomas C. H (2) Samuel E. Stokes, J. F. Penistan, Heary Sleam, Theophilus Paulcing, John R. Penrose, James Traquair, Heary Sleam, William G. Boulton, Edward Darilington, H. Jones Brooks, James C. Hand William C. Ludwig, Joseph H. Seal, George C. Leiper, Hugh Craig.

Boker Burton.
John D Taylor, THOMA N. C. HAND, President, JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice-President Henry Lylburn, Secretary. Thomas C. H ( 26 John C. Davis, Edmund A. Souder, Theophlus Paulding, John R. Penrose, James Traquar, Henry C. Dallett, Jr., James C. Hand William C. Ludwig, Joseph H. Seal, George C. Leiber, Hugh Craig, Rokert Burton, John D Taylor,

2,010 00

1829-CHARTER PERPETUAL

FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

PHILADELPHIA. Assets on January 1, 1866. \$2,506,851'96.

 
 Capital.
 \$400 000 ao

 Acciued Surplus.
 944 543 15

 Fremiums.
 1,163,306 81
 UNSETTLED CLAIMS, INCOME FOR 1866, \$11.467.53. LOSSES PAID SINCE 1829 OVER \$5,000,000.

Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. Charles N. Bencker, Foward C. Dale,
Tobias Wagner, George Fales,
Alfred Fitler,
George W. Richards, Francis W. Lewis, M. D.
Francis W. Lewis, M. D.
CHARLES N. BANCKER, President,
JAS. W. MCALLISTER, Secretary protem. 2 11231 Charles N. Bencker, Tobias Wagner, Samuel Grant, George W. Richards, Isaac Lea,

NORTH AMERICAN TRANSIT INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 133 S. FOURTH Street

PHILADELPHIA. Annual Policies issued against General Accidents of all descriptions at exceedingly low rates, Insurance effected for one year, in any sum from \$160 to 210 000; at a premium of only one-half per cent. secu ring the full amount insured in case of death, and a compensation each week equal to the whole premium paid. Short time Tickets for 1, 2, 8, 5, 7, or 10 days, or 1, 3, or 6 menths, at 10 cents a day, insuring in the sum of \$3000 or giving \$15 per week it disabled, to be had at the General Office, No. 133 S. FOURTH Street. Philadelphia, or at the various Railroad Ticket offices. Be sure to purchase the tickets of the North American Transit Insurance For circulars and further information apply at th

General Office, or of any of the authorized Agents of the General Office, or of any of the authorized Agents of the Company.

LEWIS L. HOUPT, President.

JAMES M. CONRAD. Treasurer.

HENRY C. BROWN, Secretary.

JOHN C. BULLITT, Solicitor,

DINECTORS.

L. L. Houpt, late of Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

M. Baird, of M. W. Baidwin & Co. 2s.

Samuel C. Paimer, Cashier of Commercial Bank.

Richard Wood, No. 309 Morket street.

James M. Conrad, No. 623 Market street.

J. E. Kingely, Continental Hotel.

H. G. Leisenring, Nos. 327 and 239 Dock street.

Samuel Work, of Work, McCouch & Co.

George Martin No. 322 Chesnut street.

THE PROVIDENT Life and Trust Co.,

OF PHILADELPHIA. Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania Third Mont 22d 1865, INSURES LIVES, ALLOWS INTEREST OF DEPOSITS, AND GRANTS ARRUITIES. CAPITAL, \$150,000.

Samuel R. Shipley, Richard Cadbury, Henry Halnes, Joshus H. Morris, William C. Longstreth, Richard Wood, William C. Longstreth, Charles F. Godin.
SAMUEL R BHIPLEY, President.
ROWLAND PAREY, Actuary. No. 111 S. FOURTH Street.

PHEFUX INSURANCE COMPANY OF FELLADELPHIA.

INCOMPORATED 1884—CHARTER PERPETUAL, No. 224 WALNUT Street opposite the exchange. In addition to MARINE and INLAND INSURANCE this Company incures room loss or damage by FIRE, on liberal terms on buildings, werehandles, furniture, etc., for impited periods, and permanently on buildings, by deposit of bremium.

The Company has been in active operation for more than SIXIY YE., RS, during which all losses have been The Company has been in active operation for more than SIX17 YE, RS, during which all lesses have been promptly adjusted and paid.

John L. Hedge,
M. B. Mahonsy,
John T. Lewis,
William S. Grant,
Robert W. Leaming,
Thomas H. Powers,
A. R. McHenry,
Edmend Castlion,
Louis C. Norris,
Willed Wilcox, Se retary,

BAMUEL WILCOX, Se retary,

John L. Lewis,
Benjamin Etting,
Benjamin

PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
-In corporated 1826—Charter Perpetual—No. 510 WALNUT Street, opposite independence Square.
This Company, aworably known to the community for over forty years, continue to insure against loss or damage by fire on Public or Private Buildings, either permanently or for a limited time. Also on Furniture, Stocks of Goods and Merchandise generally, on liberal terms. Their Capital, togother with a large Surpius Fund, is invested in the most careful manner, which enables them to effer to the insured an anisousted security the case of loss.

DEROTORS.