[Continued from Second Page theirs it would be difficult to concerne. atters his treade against the Government. a voluble interminging of things in the heav above, on the earth teneath, and in the water under the earth; then the other with the new on solemnity will reply, and, evidently thinking he is rebutting his triend's arguments, talks upon an entirely diverse theme with endless pertinacity and confusion. A more ridiculous ca cature of a debate was never imagined. Mran away from the Asylum not long since, and entered the army, securing no inconsiderable bounty-money. The state of his mind was, however, soon discovered, and he was sent to his former abode, declaiming against "sycophancy

As we turn from him there enters the Asylum an active figure carrying a pail of whitewash with its proper brushes. His whole person, from his hat to his shoes, is ornamented with the chalky fluid. His features exhibit shrewdness which their owner does not possess. Cassidy is a billionaire in imagination. He lords the whole island. He lives but to amass money, and hence we always see him in a working-dress. He superintends and repairs the Institution, de-claring that if he relaxed his vigilance for a single day the whole place would go to ruin. He is really worth to the Commissioners seven or eight hundred dollars a year; being in masonry and other mechanical pursuits a valuable as-sistant. He is a miser with no real wealth; the interest accruing from his vast possessions being paid in notes of one hundred dollars on the "Bank of Love," One of the watchmen officiates as his man of business, and delights him weekly with an account of his accumulations. Cassidy will not, however, part with twenty-five cents in charity. His fancied treasures are with out doubt as much enjoyed by him as the real fortunes of many men of his cast of mind. What a striking satire is his history upon the lives of

A yell from the yard opposite us attracts our attention. It proceeds from the throat of that dismal being rapidly making the circuit of the inclosure. He seems to connder himself a vocat newspaper; his cries day by day being, as it were, the headings to sensation items.

'Arrival of the Great Eastern !-Queen Victo ria has a set to with the Prince of Wales!—A Priest-Ridden Community!—Cholera Morbus!— Grand smash up of the European Congress!— Horace Greeley swallowed by the Monster Misce-

genation," etc.
All of these disjointed sentences are jerked out at the top of his voice. Of vast importance, too, he deems them, repeating them with emphasis to every stranger he may happen to see.

"JOHN BROWN."

A conversation with "John Brown" in the same yard would give birth to the strangest ideas ever entertained by the fancy. He will inform his auditor that a large nest of snakes resides in his stomach which ought to be ex-

"Now, doctor, there is only one place from which they can be taken; under this rib. See. Insert a knife—magnetized, you know—then it won't hurt me at all. There is a boa constrictor among them. I know by his twisting."

He also says he would have been President

long ago, if it were not for, for-but his reasons

are more numerous than excellent.
"Dobler's" eccentricities are shown by action rather than speech; he seems unable to do any thing without reference to mathematical rules. If he sees a stone at some distance from him which he wishes, he is impelled to approach it by a series of zigzag movements. He first gazes , makes some abstruse calculations, and then with regular paces marches away to the west of Here, meditating a moment, he proceeds at a right angle. Having thereafter described with his steps a series of triangles, equilateral and isosceles, he is perhaps within a few feet of it This is an awful moment, and demands much thought. Finally, a rapid advance, a sudden putting out of his arm, and the stone is his.

Another individual not far off is either engaged in the cultivation of acrobatic powers or has inaugurated some new religious ceremony. Ever and anon he stoops and kisses with solemnity the ground between his feet.

A patient is dead. There passes us in the road yonder a rough pine coffin on a trestle, carried by two lunatics. The first of these is "John Dunn," an inmate of the Lodge. His appearance is that of a savage beast; a brutal, sensual mouth is ill concealed by his bristly beard, and two swinish eyes illumine his swarthy countenance. The conception formed of his character is not exceeded by the reality. Cruel as he may be, he is harmless unless provoked; and again, John's ferocity seems rather the work of idiocy than aught else. I should judge him absolutel ignorant of what would produce a feeling of pair in others. A playful blow from him, intended to testify to his good-humor, will as likely as not be administered to a part of the body that will

feel the injury for a month.

I hope to be pardoned for giving a striking illustration of his selfish instincts, his total want of humanity. A patient in the sick-room was given up by the doctors, and his demise being every minute expected, John was told to get a coffin ready. He wistook the order for an announcement that the man was dead, and soon appeared by the bedside with his "red box." To his disgust the patient was still breathing. He was summoned then for nothing, and his anger burst forth in an exclamation to the sufferer, intermingled with oaths, "M-m-m! Why don't you die?"

As we follow the coffin on its way to the Dead House we descry, standing in the centre of the island, with one hand upon a tree and anxiously surveying the water upon all sides of him, au example of heroic perseverance that deserves better success than he has met with. "Rafferty" (with some degree of education and born in the Middle Ages) would have rivalled all brother alchemists in perseverance in the chase after the philosopher's stone. For the past five or six years he has stood morning and afternoon in that same position awaiting the drying up of the East river. His bosom is depressed or elated by the rising or the falling of the tide; occasionally the water is very low and then Rafferty trembles with delighted anticipation. The spirits, how-ever, sadly interiere with his plans. Marine, mundane, and aerial, they are all opposed to him. He fights against hope, encouraged only visions in his dreams. Latterly he has come early into the office before setting forth on his protracted watch, and solicits a pass to the city from the attendants. He is usually told he must procure a beaver hat of the latest Parisian style and a standing collar before the document can be granted him

APPEARANCE OF THE ADMIRAL.

While we gaze upon him the doctor's small with officers, nears its landing. Erect in the prow, and brandshing a boat-hook, is the tamous "Admiral." He is adorned, as usual, by a battered old silk hat profusely ornamented with tags of string and colored cloths a clay pipe showing its bowl among them. His ragged blue coat displays an extravagant amount of buttons of various patterns. Slightly bent by his eighty years, the Admiral yet exhibits elasticity of muscle that is wonderful. His head in both its facial and cranial formation is a puzzle to the man of science. It would appear that once, when some what of the consistency of soft gutta-percha, it had been caught between two beavy rocks and thereby lost its pristing regularity. One eye is much lower than the other, and over it his forehead projects, a beet ling mass of bone. Remove his hat, look upon nim from every point, similar abnormal develop ments present themselves.

A curiosity in mind, manner, and person, his like dwells not on the globe. A story runs that he was once a pirate. No quest on exists that he has been a sailor, and he doubtless of ce served on a privateer. Much coasing will at times induce him to sing a nautical song in which a sea fight is represented as crowning with success the efforts of the narrator's party. He then appears as a veteran relating his experience, his excitement waxing intense as he approaches the climax, his arms and features, nay, his whole body illustrating every phase of the conflict. The Admiral is much tensed by his fellow-oarsmen, but though his imprecations are of a fear-ful nature, his bark is far worse than his bite. He seems to have an idea that he is a wit, and his attempts at is are of a most ludicrous char-

acter. His manner is abrupt and his sentences

hurried and broken,
Eut we have arrived at the Dead House, and "Mr. Quigley," opening the door, presents himself to receive the deceased. A saturnine smile er livens his cynical aspect, though he proceeds in a businese-like way to deposit the coffin in its proper place and discharge its bearers. Mr. Quigley is happy; he is of a social nature, and has now an addition to his company. A corpse s to him a gleam of sunshine permenting his bode. When one is beside him he is in his normal condition, two or three enable him to forget every trouble, but should five honor at the same time his humble habitation Quiglev is exalted to the tenth meaven of serene bliss. The occasional post-moriem examination made by the physicians are by him attended with pro-

feesional enthusiasm.

Visitors are usually carer to know the cause of this or that case of insanity, and pleasure undoubtedly would be conferred by the gratification of their curiosity. Romance upon romance lies in the past of the unfortunate patients (though occasionally they are demented through reasons too vile to mention), but it is impossible as a general rule to arrive at the facts. A large proportion of those confined here being foreign ers, poverty, with its attendant ills, the want of triends, despair have driven them mad. Culti-vation of one mental faculty to the exclusion of others is also a frequent promoter of hallucina-

CITY INTELLIGENCE

[For Additional City Intelligence see Fifth Page.]

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRADE. The Executive Committee of the Board of Trade met on Saturday evening. The committee to whom was referred the letter from the Hon. Thomas D. Eliot, dated Washington, January 12 866, report that the opinion of the Board o Trade is asked upon two points of inquiry, referred to the Hon. T. D. Eliot, by the Committee

on Commerce, House of Representatives:

First. As to the propriety of admitting American-built vessels which have been sold to for-eigners during the Rebellion, to be repurchased and papered as American vessels.

Second. As to permitting foreign-built vessels to be purchased by Americans, and, if owned wholly by citizens, to be registered as American. Your committee have no hesitation in replying affirmatively to the first inquiry, so far as it relates to vessels denationalized by a transfer of flags, and not by actual sales. The circum-stances under which most of these vessels were transferred are well known.

The United States being unable to protect the merchant ships against the assaults of the pirates, many owners were compelled to resort to a change of flag, or run the risk of seeing their helpless vessels destroyed by an insidious foe, who often allured them to destruction by working upon the humane feelings of their cap-

The second inquiry directly contravenes the well-defined policy of the Government it per-

Ships and machinery are American manufactures of vast proportions, and are among the largest industrial interests in the country on which the Government relies for its internal revenue, and the free entry of them would strike a blow at so many large, direct, and collateral interests that the revenue of the country would severely suffer, while many interests would be paralyzed. Although the mere wood-work of a vessel might be beyond competition from all countries except the British provinces, yet there is so much material entering into the structure of a full-rigged ship, open to foreign competition, that to piace our own ship-builders on an equal footing with the foreigner, extensive deductions must be made in the tariff, or our ship builders abandon their calling. In the iron ve-sel trade, of which material steamers are now to a great extent constructed in Europe, the Ameri can production would be entirely superseded, while in steam machinery an interest would be prostate of high importance to the country. Your Committee believe it to be the settled

conviction of a decided majority of Americans that the productions of our country must be protected to enable them to bear the burdens which fall to their share in payment of the national debt and expenses, and that the destruction of any interest, especially one so vast as that proposed, not only in itself, but in all its collateral ramifications, would be the first step leading to national repudiation.

For these reasons the Committee offer the following resolutions Resolved, That while the circumstances of the case point out the propriety of the readmission of vessels denationalized by transfer of flag and not by actual sale, during the Rebellion, the admission of foreign sailing or steam ships would

be a national calamity.

All which is respectfully admitted.
S. V. MERRICK, EDMUND A. SOUDER, Committee. JAMES C. HAND. Philadelphia, 20th January, 1866. The following preamble and resolutions were

offered:-Whereas, The commercial interests of Phila delphia will be necessarily promoted by the con struction of additional railway connections with the great West; and whereas, the Atlantic and Great Western, the Philadelphia and Reading and other roads, have entered into a contract to construct a new and grand line of communica-tion with the cities of the West; and whereas, I is right that the cruizens of Philadelphia should give expression to their approval of an enter-prise in which their interests are so deeply in-

volved; therefore Resolved, That the care which has been displayed in the preparation of the contract, with a view to secure permanently to the city of Phila-delphia the advantages to which her geographical position entitles her, meets our cordial ap-

Resolved, That, in our opinion, the construction of the proposed line must prove of vital im-portance to our industrial and commercial interest, and that we earnestly hope this new and great undertaking may be carried to an early completion.

Resolved, That not only our city, but our whole State will receive a fresh development of our vast oil, mineral, and agricultural wealth from the large expenditure of foreign capital employed in the prosecution of this project.

Resolved, That the West will welcome this effort to afford improved access to our market

as cordially as ourselves. Resolve I, That we recommend to the people of our city and State to subscribe one-half the stock of a line of European steamships, as set forth in the contract, thereby promoting not only their foreign shipping and other interests, but by so making themselves, in our opinion, parties to the contract, secure forever the fulfil ment of its other provisions in their favor.

THE LARGEST CARGO OF OIL,-The ship Lancaster, Captain Decan, left on Saturday for Antwerp, in tow of the city ice boat, with 8703 barrels, containing 270,191 gallons fine and 96,118 gallons crude oil. This is the largest cargo of petroleum ever shipped from any port in the United States. The entire amount is valued at

ORDINATION OF ELDERS .- The ordination of Messrs, Samuel Mack and Joseph Beitler as elgers in the Presbyterian Church, South street, above Eleventh, took place yesterday afternoon. The sermon was preached by Rev. S. W. Critten-den, after which the usual questions were put by Rev. Richard A. Mallery, the pastor. This was collowed by prayer by Rev. J. Garland Hamner.

IN UTTER DARKNESS .- Last night the streets of this city were in total darkness for several hours, and it was unsafe for pedestrians and vehicles to venture along them. The patent burners being placed upon the lamps afford but a glimmer of light, and are little bette than the oil burners of firty years ago.

DIED OF HIS INSURIES .- The man named Codins, who was so seriously injured at Rodinhill & Wilson's store on Saturday, by boards falling on hum, died at the hospital yesterday.

FATAL ACCIDENT.-John McNeil, an engineer of the Pennsylvania Radrond, was run over and killed, yesterday, at the depot, in the

MASS MEETING OF THE FENIANS .- On | Saturday evening a mass meeting of the friends of Irish nationality was held at Sansom Street Hall. The room was crowded to excess. A large number of ladies were present. In the absence of Mr. Spellisy, Mr. Benjamin Baker was called to the ci air, and after a few remarks, that cen-tleman introduced Mr. J. J. Bogers, of New York, who was received with great applause, He said:—This meeting has been called for the purpose of expressing sympathy with the great movement for Irish independence. The circle has grown from the small number of twelve men to upwards of one hundred and fifty thousand in order to consummate the scheme, a conven tion was held in this city in October. of some of the members gave rise to the belief that they would endeavor to destroy the Fenian brotherhood, or divert us from our ultimate ob

They had hardly commenced to print the Conwhich they intended to overthrow the person whom the convention had placed at the head.

They managed to get the employment of some reporters of the New York press, and through them gave information which England would gloat over. They thought that by the exposures of indicates a section in the male was the section. of individual actions in the public prints, by the exposure of important measures, the members throughout the country would become dispirited and desert the standard. Is it not astonishing. after these exertions to destroy it, that the Fenian Brotherhood is a unit? And is it not astonishing that, notwithstanding these things, for the first time in seven hundred years, to Irish people are determined to be tree?

Mr. Jeremiah Cavin, of California, was next introduced. He said it is leaden hall that the trish people now want. If you wish the people of Ireland to be free you must give them the same kind of aid that was given during the Revo ution to Washington and his army. liberty for our country, and then if you want po-litical power appeal to the sovereignty of the

people, and, as it is in this country, you will receive it it worthy.

Mr. B. D. Killian, of Missouri, was then intro-duced. He said: "What is this Fenianism that we hear so much about? Is it an Irish joke? Is it a bull? I hold that the Fenian idea is the same as the American. There is merely a change of names. This Fenian organization pretends to offer to the American Republic a foreign policy. Let our members of Congress, instead of discussing upon negro suffrage, turn their eyes abroad to their commercial interests, and the reconstruction question will settle itself. That Ireland of curs is about to do something for herself. There are 300,000 enrolled men within her borders. We have there officers of every grade, supported by Feniau money from America. It is money now that is needed. The Convention in New York settled everything. The confidence which the American people had in us eight weeks ago was sufficient to place a navy upon the sea and an army upon the land. It was not the Americans that caused the loss of this confidence, but, I am sorry to say, this was through Irishmen. It now rests with you to regain this confidence."

After the speaker concluded his remarks cheers were given for O'Mahony, Stephens, and Killian, after which the meeting adjourned. FIRE MARSHAL'S REPORT.-The Fire

Marshal, in his annual report for 1865, says that the past year has been remarkable beyond precedent for fires, not only in the United States, but all over Europe. The losses in our own country have been trightful. The total number of fires in this city was ...

neariy a quarter of a million of dollars. This sad disaster led to the passage of the petroleum law, an act that was framed by the late Mayor. The operation of this law has already demonstrated that the control of the law has already demonstrated the l strated the wisdom of its enactment. While it has insured public safety, it has not worked the detriment to trade that was predicted. On the contrary, the commerce in petroleum in Phila-delphia—the natural outlet for the article—was never so large and so flourishing as at the pre-

THE SABBATH QUESTION -In most of the churches throughout the city yesterday sermons were preached on the sanctity of the Sabbath. Rev. Dr. Adams, of North Broad Street Presbyterian Church, preached from the text found in the 20th chapter of Exodus, from the 8th to the 11th verse inclusive. "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy; six days shart thou labor and do all thy work," etc. The speaker com menced his remarks by saying that this precept torbids labor on the Sabbath day, but command labor on all the other days. He then argued that the Sabbath was made for man in the highest sense. But some claim that the Fourth Commandment has fulfilled its purpose, and is now obsolete. The speaker theu proved from the fact that it is found in the Decalogue, with other moral precepts, that it is binding. None but the moral precepts were given in stone, showing that they were intended to be permanent. None o the ceremonial precepts were engraven in stone It has been a great blessing to the Church, and its results have been of a character to warrant its perpetuity.

ANNIVERSARIES .- The forty-sixth anni versary of the Sabbath Schools attached to the Union M. E. Church, Foarth street, below Arch, was held in the church yesterday afternoon. The Pastor, Rev. D. G. Carrow, made a fervent and impressive prayer. Addresses appropriate to the occasion were delivered by Thomas Perrins, Esq., and Rev. I. H. Torrence.

The monthly meeting of the Sabbath School connected with the Eleventh Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Eleventh street, above Wash ington avenue, took place yesterday afternoon. A report of the school for the past quarter was read by the Superintendent, Mr. F. A. Fidler. The number of teachers and scholars at present is upward of tour hundred, which is a large increase over the preceding quarter.

PERIODICAL LITERATURE.-Mr. A. Winch No. 505 Chesnut street, has forwarded us the usual budget of London Magazines for January. embracing London Society, the best in Europe: St. James' Magazine, Temple Bar, Cornhii, Punch, Once a-Week, All the Year Kound, Casself's Paper, Harper's Magazine, Beadle's Monthly, for February, and many other publica-

ions, for which our thanks are due. Mr. John J. Kromer, No. 403 Chesnut street, also places upon our table London Society for January, Harper's Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, Peterson's Magazine, The Lady's Friend, Atlantic Monthly, for February; and the Round Table, for next week, etc.

FIRES YESTERDAY. - At 6 o'clock last evening a fire occurred at the building No. 664 South Second street, occupied as a residence and dry goods store by Thomas Moore, The entire contents of the store were destroyed, the loss being estimated at \$5000, upon which there is an insurance of \$3500 in the Royal Insurance Com-

pany.
The liquor store of Timothy Hurly, at No. 411 Girard avenue, was slightly damaged by fire last

JOURNEYMEN CARPET WEAVERS .- On Saturday evening a special meeting of the Jour-neymen Ingrain Carpet Weavers' Association was held at Temperance Hall, Frankford road and York street, the President, Mr. Modet, in the Chair. It was expected that the scale of prices proposed at the last stated meeting would be brought up for consideration; but it was decided to lay the matter over until the next stated meeting.

THE WEATHER. - As has been customary the past two or three weeks with the Sabharh day came another cold snap. It is useless to predict as to how long it will continue, regard to skating-park proprietors the longer the better. At 6 o'clock vesterday morning the thermometer stood at sixteen degrees above zero, and twenty-five degrees at 3 in the afternoon.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT .- Ellen Gordon, aged 47 years, had her lett elbow dislocated on Satur-day by shapping and falling upon the pavement. Her residence is in Haveriore place.

THE JEWISH HOSPITAL FAIR-The following was the result of the voting for the silver teaset at Jewish Hospital Fair, on Saturday evening last: Rev. J. Frankel, 4877; Rev. Mr. Einhorn, 175; scattering, 28. For the Presiden-tial chair—Reeser A-sociation, 311; Irving Association, 240; scattering, 57.

AMUSEMENTS.

RISLEY'S CONTINENTAL NEWS
EXCHANGE.
Choice Seats to all places of Amusement may be had
no 'o Ch o'c cok any evening.

HUICE SEATS AND ADMISSIONS.—
Tichets can be had a fix
FROM RAMME OFFICE,
Ke 431 CHESNUT Street, opposite the Pos 10 mee,
for the Chesnut, arch. Walnut, and Academy of Masic
on 'o 6 o'clock, every evening. NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE, CHESNUT Street, above I've fib.

the Mahakers.

THIS EVENING.

GRAND REVIVAL

of the great Irigh spectacular Drama, in 3 acts, by Dion
Boncleault and J. R. House, styled.

AREAH-DA-FOGUE;

Bonciesuit and J. R. House, styled
OR THE
OR THE
WICK LOW WI DDING.
My. T. F. GLENNY, his first appearance in this city as
SHAUN THE FO-T.

The wo originals of these characters in America.)
his tribing and highly interesting picture of Irish
Life will be bresented with
ALL ITS ORIGINAL SPLENDOR.
New and beautiful scenery, by RI: HLEED SMITH and
his bro her WILLIAM.
NEW AND INGENIOUS MICHANICAL EFFECTS,
by Joseph strahan and Thomas Blackwood.
NEW AND APPROPRIAL EWARDROBE,
Manu actured from designs
furnished by Dien Bencicault, from Loudon.
All the original music
Rendered by Birgfeld and the grand Orchestra.
NEW PROPERTIES, PPOIN MENTS by
John Dae er and assistants, and a
CAST OF (HARACTERS,
which even surpasses the great cast enjoyed by this
drama last summer.

ARRAH-NA-POGUE
will constitute the entire evening's performance.
WEDNESDAY AF ERNOON
will be the only matinee representation of

WEDNESDAY AF ERNOON
will be the only mathice representation of
ARRAH NA-POGUE.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, January 27.
EIGHTY-FIFTH GRAND FAMILY MATINEE,
when the RED BOVER will be performed.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET

Engagement of the gitted young artist,
MISS JEAN HUS MER

THIS (Monday) EVENING, January 22,
CAMILLE;
OR. THE FATE OF A COQUETTE,
OB, THE FATE OF A COQUETTE,
AMISS JEAN HOSMER

Prucence.

Mrs. Thayer

Armand Duval McKee Rankin
Gaston.
Stuart hobson

Gaston Stuart Robson
Mens. Duva Mr. Walls
To conclude with the glorious farce of
THE TWO GREGORIES.
Fanche te. Mrs. C. Henri
Gregory Stuart Robson
Friday, Benefit of Miss HOSMER.
Seats secured six days in advance.

W ALNUT STREET THEATRE.—N. E. corner NINTH and WALNUT Streets Begins 7% REIGN OF MERRIMENT; CARNIVAL OF FUN. JOHN S. CLARKE, JOHN S. CLARKE, MONDAY. January 22 and every night, in his CAPITAL IMPERSONATIONS, Comprising COM: DY, DRAMA, FARUE, BURLESQUE.

MONDAY, Buckstone's great Comedy, in 3 acts, of MARRIED LIPE, CLABER AS HENRY DOVE,

NEW AMERICAN THEATRE above Eighth, WONDERFUL BEDOUIN ARABS. WONDERFUL BEDOUIN ARABS.

Re-engaged for one week mote. Also,
MAD'LLE ZANFRET IA,
the greatest Tight-Rope Artist in the world.
LEVERY EVENING THIS WEEK,
AND ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.
THE FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD.
50 Horses and 100 Performers.
WM.F.WALLETT WILL APPEABON MONDAY NEXT

M ENNERCHOR | MENNERCHOR

GRAND MASQUERADE ACADEWY OF MUSIC, On TUESDAY EVENING, January 23, 1866, TICKETS, 85.

To be had, by subscription only, of members of the e following managers Mesers, Fred, Steeb J. H. Camp. A. Birgield, Conrad Leibrich, Pet. Baliz, L. Herbert, Col. W. A. Mann, A. B. Reichenbach, A. Lafore, L. Ladner, Adam J. Glass, A. Kempert, Leon Benkert, Prof. Roese, E. Schemmer, H. Von Essen, D. Rosenheim, P. Sieg ried, Dr. W Jausen, Peter Schemm. G. B. Schwartz, E. Farren, A. Paquet, Prof. C. Wolfsohn, Aug. Frohman. Phil. Schaf. B. Ca'm, Casp. Benkert, J. P. Wiltberger, J. Lee, C. Vetterlein J. Hein, E. Herwigh, A. Klein, A. Driesback, M. R. Muckle, R. Stein, Edw. Hutchinson, H. C. Cross, F Gott ieb, H. Dunlap, Edw. Wolten, Oscar De Dobbeler, J. H. Ehrlicher, J. Frank, Jos. S. Fox, Robt. Giendenning, Jr , S. Levy Jos. Dryfoos, Phil. Helmback, Chas. Knecht, Louis Meyer, Charles D. Partridge, J C. File, J. Rattinger, J. B. Flues, H. Vo mer, A Wenderoth, and members of the Society.

Spectator Tickets, at 50 cents each . admitting to Family circle and Amphisheatre, to be had at Pugh's Book Store, Sixth and Chesnut streets; Trumpler's Music Store, seventh and Chesnut streets; A. B. Reichenach's No. 1230 Chesnut street; L. Meyer's Music Store, Juniper and Chesnnt streets, and at the Locust street door on the evening of the Bal . The TWO PRIVATE BOXES on each side of the house are for sale at Trumpler's Music Store, Seventh and Chesnut

CONCERT HALL.

POSITIVELY
THE LAST WEEK OF
ROBERT HELLER,
AND HIS PHENOMENAL,
MARVELLOUS
TACON PREHENSIBLE,
ANTIQUE,
TERRIBLE,
STUPENDOUS, AND
ENJOYE EGYPTI.

UPENDOUS, AND UNIQUE EGYPTIAN WONDER, THE н н

WITH AN ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAMME. WITH AN ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAMME.
The riano used upon this occasion will be themegniticent S-einway Grand Piano Forte, sent expressly
for this purpose.
Admission Secents. Reserved Seats, 75 cents.
Seats may be secured, three days in advance, at Ches.
W. A. Trumpler's Music Store.
Last Grand Matinee, S. TURDAY, January 27.

SSEMBLY BUILDING-LARGE SALOON

SSEMBLY BUILDING—LARGE SALOON,
Corner of TENTH and CHISNUT Streets,
COM & ENCING TUESDAY, JANUARY 22,
and continue every evening unit mather notice,
THE ORIGINAL
PEAK FAMILY
SWISS
BULL RINGERS,
VOCALISTS, BARPIT VIGILISIST, AND
PIANIT.
240 SILVER BELLS.
A BEAUTIFUL CHIME OF SILVER STAFF
BELLS,
the only one in the world.
The Peak Family will be assisted by
MR. J. F. SPALDING (Solo Violinist.)
MR. A. J. WHITCOME (Solo Harpist)
MISS MINNIE CHASE (Planist).
PARTICULARS HIREAFTER
The Plano (George Steck & Co's make) is turnished by
Mr. Gould, Seventh and Chesnut streets
Senss may be secured three days in advance at the
Music Store of Charles W. A. Trump er. Ticket Office
open from 8 till 4.
Admission 25 cents. Secured Sea's 50 cents. Children,
25 cents. No ball order to secured seats.
Doors open at 18 6's cock. To commence at 1%.
Mathree admittance, 35 cents. Chi dren 15 cents,
Mathree—Doors open at 2 o'clock. Commence at 1
19 3t C. C. CH. SE. Business Agent.

2 MANIA ORCHESTRA.—PUBLIC RE-Theoreals every SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT AUDICAL FUND HAIL. 3% o'clock. Engagements necessys addressing GEORGE BASTERT, Agent No. 1231 UONTEREY sirest between Race and Vinc. 1 16 3m A CADEMY OF FINE ARTS, CHESNUT A CADEMY OF STREET OF STRE

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW PHILADELPHIA MUSEUM, No. 833

New Philadelphia Museum, No. 833

Post ively fire Last week of the
Brilliant accession of Cubiosities, from
Bahnum's Museum, New York.

The Roya Scotia Giantess!

The talest lady living aged nineteen years, eight feet
one inch high, weighing 447 ponnos.

Alles Lizzle Reed.

The Smallest Woman in the world, twesty-two years
old thirty two inches high, weighs 35 pounds.

ZURULY PANNUM, from a remote province of "Circastia" having been ransomed at a great expense while
on her way to a furkish market; together with

10;000 Na UBAL CURIOSI IES, forming altogether
one of the most attractive exhibitions ever presented to
the public. the puble.
Admission to view the whole, 25 cents. Children, 20c. Upen daily from 9 A. M. till 10 P. M. 122 6t.

H. P. INGALLS, Proprieter.

GOVERNMENT SALES.

L XTENSIVE SALES OF GOVERNMENT ROLLING STOCK MILITARY DIVISION OF THE TENNESSEE.

MILITARY DIVISION OF THE TENNESSEE,

CHIEF QUARTERMASTIR'S OFFICE,
U. S. MILITARY RAHLROAD,

NASHVILLE, Tennessee Jamuary 8, 1866.)

Will be sold at Fublic Auction, at Memphis, fennessee, WEDNESDAK, February 7, 1866 the following described Rolling Stock, viz:—

Four (4) Locorrolive Engines, five feet gauge—
three old and cirmanued, one repairable.

Sixteen (16) Box and mine (9) Flat Cars (more or or less), five feet gauge—

Sixteen (16) look and mine (5) First Cars (more or or leas), five feet sauge.

Same time and place—
One (1) Lecomorive Engine, five feet gauge, lying in the dich on the line of the Mississ ppi Central Railroad, twelve infier north of Grand Junethon.

AT NASH VILLE, TENN., WEDNESDAY, FEB-RUARY 14 1806, with he said the following described. Rolling steck, all of five feet gauge, and in good running order, viz.:--On: (1) Locomotive Engine, Laman & Souther, budgers,
Eishteen (18) Locomotive Engines, R. Norris &
Sons, budgers.
One (1) Locomotive Engine, Rodgers' L. and M.
Works, budgers.
One (1) Locomotive Engine, Swinbourn & Smith,
budgers.

One (1) Locomotive Tender Iwo Huncred (200) Flat and Box Cars, more or Same time and place :-

Five (5) Locomotive Engines, unserviceable Boilers at d Running Gears for Two (2) Dummy E-n gines, unserviceable. Five (5) Spans (150 feet each) McCallum's Truss

Five (5) Spans (150 feet each) McCallum's Truss Bridge.
Two (2) Spans Bridge (50 feet each).
One Hundred and I hirty-three (153) perch of first and second-class Cut Stone, comprising foundation of Bound House.
Will also be sold on above-mentioned dates at MEMPHIS and NASHVILLE, the balance of MILLICARY RAILEOAD PROPERTY remaining undisposed of at that time.

tARY RAILROAD PROPERTY remaining undisposed of at that time.
Sales will commence at each place at 10 o'clock A M., and continue untal all the property is disposed of. TERMS OF SALE—Cash, in Government funds; or when purchased by railroad companies, on credit if desired) of not exceeding two years, payable in monthly instalments with interest at the rate of 7-80 per cent, per annum, secured by bond satisfactory to the Government for double the amount of the property purchased.

Full descriptions of the Engines can be obtained on application to Captain S. R. HAMILL, A. Q. M. Nashville, Teunessee.

F. J. CRILLY,

1 15 25t Brevet Major and A. Q. M., U. S. A. WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, AT

W the New YORK Ordnance Agency, No 45 WORIH Street, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the 25th of January, 1866, the following lots of DRUGS and MEDICINE, property of the United States, viz: 25 ga lons Alcohol, 534 pounds Aloes, Bonaris, and Barbadoes, 791 pounds Alexa.

794 pounds Alum, 30 pour de Ammonia, 339 potiles Ammonia, 59 gallons Arrica, 59 railons Artica, 127 pounds Assa ortida. 3361 pounds Blue Vitriol, 423 bott es British Ocl, 167 I 16 pounds Calomel, 287 pounds Cantharides, 1440] pounds Castile Scap, 200 pounds Castile Soap, 200 pounds Simple Cerate, 78 pounds Sulphate Copper, 114 pounds Copperas, 200 counds Bosom Sate, 66 pounds Bosom Sate, 185 pounds Ground Faxseed, 296 quarts Spirits Turpentine, 1284 pounds Ground Ginger, 18184 pounds Ground Ginger, 1818; pounds Glavber Salts, 26 bottles Tinc: ure Iodine, 829? pounds Lard. 77 gailons Laudanum, 404 pounds Acetate Lead, 247 pounds Mercurial Ointment, 1553 Lottles Mustang Limment. 151) quarts Spirits Nitre, 106 quarts Castor Oil, uar's Sweet Oil, 1828 bott es Opodeldoc, 60 pounds Ch'orate Potash,

697 pounds Rosin, 7:81 pounds Sulphur,
39 pounds Tonacco—Plug,
762 pounds Su phate Zine,
Aniseca, Antimony, Aquatortis, Arnica flowers,
Arnow root Ba sam of Copaida, Fir Bayleon and
itosin Ointments, Bicarb. Soda, Borax. Buckthorn
Simp, Chloroform, Condition Powders, Corresive
Sublinate, Cream lartar, Gycerine, Giman's and
lowel's Limments, Caustic, Mustard, Nutralls,
Croton Oil, Farriers' and Garoing Oils, Oils of
loves, Juniper Origanum, Rosemary, Sassafras and 7:8 pounds Sulphur, oves, Juniper Origanum, Rosemary, Sassairas and Spike, Peppermint, Tariar Emetic, Cayenne Pepper, Wormwood and Yellow Root.

Terms—Cash, Uni'ed States currency. The stores will be bid in if the incrests of the Government should render it necessary. Catalogues can be had on application S. CRISPIN, Brevet Colonel U. S. A.,

CALE OF, GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS CUYLER HOSPITAL GERMANTOWN, PHILA OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
PHILADELPHIA DEPOT,
TWELFTH and GIRARD Streets

January 20, 1866 Will be so'd at Public Auction, on account or the United Sines. at CUYLER HOSPITAL, Germantown, Philadelphia, on SAIURDAY, January 27, 1869 at 11 o'clock A. M., all the build not belonging the foreground from the foreground fr to the Government, known as Cuyler Hospital, as 17 Frame Buildings containing about 16,709 feet of

17 Frame Buildings containing about 16,709 feet of blooring Beards, 189,840 feet of Fonward Boards, 41,290 feet of Rough Boards, 4144 feet of Shelving Boards, 189,740 feet or Hem ock Scantling.

Also, Wooden Wash Troughs, Upright Boilers, The Boilers, Iron Range, Brick Oven, Flag Staff, Iron Housting Machine Iron Wash Stands, Wooden Wash Stands, Office Desk, Seniry Boxes, Iron Soil Containers, Iron Hoppers, Iron Sinks, 7500 Br cc., 10 Doors, 6 Sash, 2 cedar Tanks, one ho ding 1000 galions, the other 2500 galions. A lot of Gas ripe and Fixtures (asserted sizes) Galvanized Iron Water Pipe, Lead Pipe, Brass Bibb, Hose, and Stop Cocks (asserted sizes).

(as orted sizes).

Plans and specifications of the property can be seen upon application at this office The property must be removed within twenty 2)) days from day of sale.

Terms - Cash in Government Funds.

By order of Coionel Wilham W. Mckim. Chief Quartermaster, Philadelphia Depot. HENRY W. JANES. Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, Brevet Major 1 20 6t

ARGE SALE OF CONDEMNED CLOTHING CAMP AND GARRISON EQUIPAGE.

CHIFF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE DEPOT OF WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON. D. C., January 18, 1863 Will be sold at public auction, under the direction of Captain D. G. Thomas, M. S. K., at the Government Warehouse, corner of Seventeenth and H. streets, Washinston, D. C., on MONDAY, January 29, 1866, at 10 o'c ock A. M., a large lot of condemned Clotning, etc., consisting of Kettles,

Knap-acks, Haver-acks, Books. Hospital Tents, Wall Tents, Siblev Tents, Blar kets. Bedsacks. Legeligs, Havelocks Common Tents, Fings, Coats, Cap Covers. Rubber Banke's. Rubber Ponchos. Caps. Vests, Trowners, Axes, Pickexes, He chets, Shirts. Spades,

Shovels, Etc. Etc.
The sale will be continued from day to day until the stores are sold.

The stores must be removed within five days from

lerms-Cash, in Government junds. D. H. RUCKER,
Brevet Major-Ceneral and Chief Quartermaster,
16 12t Depot of Washington. GOVERNMENT SALES.

ARGESALE OF CONDEMNED ORDNANCE
AND ORDNANCE STORES.
Will be sold at lubic Audien at Fort Monroe
Arsenal, Old Point Comfort, va. on THURSDAY,
tre 8th day of February, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M., a arge quantity of stores, consisting in part of the following articles, viz :400 Field, Stege, and Sea Coast Cannon; wrought

and cast-ron, Smooth-bore and Rifled of calibres varying from three to ceven inches, including 22 Cast Iron Guns unfinished 36 Mortars—Cast Iron—12 pounder, 24-pounder, 8 inch, and 10-inch.
28 326 Shot, Shell. Spherica! Case, Grape and Caniser for 'mooth-bore and Rifle Guns, of Calibres varying from 10-pounder to 10-inch.
432 Breech-londing tarbines, "Burnside's," "Mertin's," "Maynard's," and "North's '—new and re-

paired . S40 Muskets and Rules, United States manuacture, new and repaired 604 Foreign Riffes, "Austrian." Calibre 54, new and repaired 17 Smooth-hore Plato's—Calibre 54, new.

17 Smooth-bore Pisto's—Calibre 54, new.
182 Breech loading Carbines "Burnside's," "Mor182 Breech loading Carbines "Burnside's," "Mor187 Sifles—"Henry's" and Spencer's."
182 Muskets and Rifles—United States, and
Foreign manufacture of various carbres.
182 Revolvers—"Coit's," Remington's," and

625 Revolvers—"Coit's," 'Remington's," and "Letauchen's." Calibres 44 and 86, 1672 Subres and Swords 6,444,600 Rounds on Bail Cartridges for Carbines, Muske's Rifles, and Pisto's, A large lot of Artillery Implements and Equipments. A large lot of Injustry and Cavalry Accourrements and Horse Equipment.

A lot of Rope, Paulins, Buckets, Rings, etc., together with a large quantity of Smites' and Carrentees, Toole penters' Tools.
Samp es of Small Arms can be seen at Fort
Monroe Arrenal and at the United States Ordnance Agency,

No. 45 WORTH Street. Thirty days will be allowed for the emoval of heavy Ordnance; and all other stores will be required to be removed within ten days from date of selections. 1 crms of sale-Cash.

T. G. BAYLOR. Capt. of Ordnance and Byt. Colones, U.S. A., 117:27 Commanding.

CTOVERNMENT SALE.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF DRY GOODS, BEDDING, EIC., IN ORIGINAL PACKAGES.

Will be sold at Auction, at the Medical Purve. or's
Warebouse, No. 17 MARKET Street, Nashville, on
1UESDAY, February 6, 1866. 1 UESDAY, February 6, 1866. BEDDING.

2 000 Hair Mattreeses, jointed. 15,000 Hair Piliows, 47,000 Bed licks. 22,000 Coun erpanes, Linen and Marseilles, 20,000 Mosquito Bars, 51,000 Piliow Cases, 45,000 Piliow Ticks.

80,000 Sheets, Linen and Cotton. 42 000 Shirts. 40 (00 Drawers. 40 (90 Drawers, 25 (90 Dressing Gowns, 19,000 Socks, 10,000 Slippers, 10 000 Night-caps, SUNDRIES, 34 000 Towels, full size, buckaback, 17,000 Relige, towels, grash, 17,000 Relige, towel

17,100 Rolfer-towels, crash. 1,000 Napkins. 2,000 yards Red Flanne!. 2,400 yards Gutta Fercha Cloth. 4,000 tutts Fercha Blankets 1,000 India Rubber Cuscions and Pillows.

1 000 Canvas Hammocks. 1,000 Canvas Blanker Cases. 10,000 pounds Oakum and Iow. Cotton Bats, Cotton Wadding, Tape, etc. A small portion of the foregoing articles are second hand, and will be sold se arately. The greater part are new and in original packages. Catalogues may be had on application.

ROBER: FLETCHER,
Surgeon and Evt. Colonel U. S. Vols.,
115 18t Medical Purvevor U. S. A.

ARGE SALE OF CONDEMNED QUARTER-MASIEM STORES, CLOTHING, CAMP AND GARRISON EQUIPAGE, AT ALEXAN-DRIA, VIRGINIA.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., J. BURY 5, 1866.
Will be sold at Public Auction, at Alexandria, Victinia, under the direction of Brevet Lieutenant-Celonel J. G. C. Lee, A. Q. M., on THURSDAY,
January 25, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., a large lot of condemned Quartermaster's Stores, Ciothing, etc.,
as iollows:—
Shiris.

Jackets. Hammers, Chisels, Vices, Coais, Caps, Tents, Flags. Saws, Axes, shovels, Paulins, Wagons, Caris. Ambulances, Spring Wagons, Iron Axles, Hose, Grain Separator, Cauldrons, Argand Burners, Chains, Army Range, Wheelbarrows, Manula Rope, Curled Hair, Drugs, Sheepskins, Desks, Chairs, Letter Presses, Deer Hides, Cast, Wrought, and Scrap Iron, Cast and Spring Steel, Halters, Hames, Together with a large lot

Flooring, Scanting. Scanting.
Ship Knees.
The stores must be removed within five days from The sale will be continued from day to day until the whole of the property is sold. Terms—Cash, in Government funds.

D. H. RUCKER,

Byt. Maj. Gen. and Chief Quartermaster,

1 6 16t

Depot of Washington.

4-4 Common Culls,

consisung of

SALE OF SURPLUS GOVERNMENT MULES, ALL GOOD AND SERVICEABLE, OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, WILMINGTON, Del., January 2, 1866. } Will be sold at public suction, at Wilmington,

Delaware, on Friday, the 5th of January. Friday, the 12th of January. Friday, the 19th of January. Friday, the 19th of January.
Friday, the 26th of January.
Four hundred good and serviceable mules.
One hundred on each day of sale
The particular attention of nurchasers is called to
the exce lent quality of these mules, being of good
size, in good condition, kind and gentle, and well
broke to harness, being the surplus team mules of

Washington Dei &.

Animals sold singly.

Sale to commence at 10 A. M.

Terms—Cash, in Unite States currency.

By order of Brevet Brigadier-General James A.

Ekip, in charge First Division Q. M. G. O.

C. H. GALLAGHER,

Captain and A. Q. M.

GOVERNMENT SALES. SALE OF RESERVED HORSES.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.
WASHINGTON, D. C. December 12, 1865.
The Quartermaster General of the army directs
that all Government Horses now at Glesboro, D. C.,
Le sold to the highest bidders.

Le sold to the highest bidders.
Sa'es will, therefore, take place at GIESBORO,
D. C., beginning on
THURSDAY NEXT, DECEMBER 14, 1865,
and continuing on each TUESDAY and IHURSDAY thereafter, until all are disposed of.
A Boat will leave the Sixth street wharf every
hour on the days of sale.
These Horses have been carefully selected, and are
suremor to any herefore offered for sale.
Address will be fold singly.
Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
Terms—Cash in United States currency.

Terms - Cash in United States currency.

JAMES A EKIN,

Brevet Brigadier-General in charge
1 4 681

First Division Q. M. G. O.

SALE OF SERVICEABLE QUALTERMASTER STORES. CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEFOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D.C., JANUARY I, 1868.

Will be sold at Fublic Auction, under the direction of Brevet Colonel C. H. Tompkins, Quartermaster at Lincoln Defor washington, D.C., on IUEs-DAY, January 22 1868 at 10 o'clock A. M., a large lot of QUARTERMA-TER S. ORES, consisting of Iron Boi ers. Sweat Collars, Horse Covers, liose 4 strings, Hammers Haw E. Lvon, Fire Hose, Neck Straps and Chrins, Fravel ng-forgs, Limbers, Branding froms, Irons, Iron Pickot Posts, etc.

The Stores must be removed within five days from

Ties tores must be removed within five days from cate or sale.

Terms—Cash, in Government fines.

Byt. Maj.-Gen. and Crief Quartermatur. Depet of Washington.