THIRD EDITION

MOSEBY'S MOVEMENTS.

EXCITEMENT AT HAGERSTOWN.

Another Accident on the Potomac.

Special to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—Parties arriving here from Hagerstown, Maryland, state that some alarm is felt there lest Moseby should make a dash across the river to burn Hagerstown, as he has threatened to do it, and prisoners who have fallen into our hands recently say that it is the intention of the Rebels to do so in retaliation for the destruction of the property in the Valley.

This fear has been increased by an attempt several nights ago to fire the Court House, which is situated in the very heart of the town. It was discovered in time, however, to prevent a serious conflagration. Arms have been furnished to citizens, and companies have been formed in the county for home protection.

It appears to be the determination of the Union citizens to defend themselves from guerilla depredations, and a number of them have volunteered as scouts. Scouting parties are out day and night.

The retreat of Early will doubtless cause Moseby to seek another field of operations.

On Wednesday night a collision occurred near Point Lookout, between the *Dragon* and the *Freeborn*, gunboats of the Potomac Flotilla, whereby the bow and apron of the latter were knocked off causing her to leak badly. By the use of pumps she was kept afloat until she arrived at Saint Inigoes, where she was beached.

FROM MOBILE BAY.

The Fleet Collected There.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The transport *California*, from Mobile Bay, on the 8th instant, has arrived. She left in Mobile Bay the United States steamers *Hartford*, *Richmond*, *Lackawanna*, *Monongahela*, *Kennebec*, and *Metacomet*; and the monitors *Chickasaw*, *Manhattan*, and *Winnebago*. Left at Key West United States steamers *Proteus*, *Lagamore*, *Conemaugh*, *Dale*, and *Magnolia*.

IMPORTANT FINANCIAL NEWS.

THE SECRETARY'S MESSAGE.

Special to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—It is now thought that Mr. Fessenden will give notice that he will not issue any more gold bonds, but will commit the sale of a new currency loan to some banking house. The message of the Secretary of the Treasury will contain some very important recommendations respecting the purchasing of cotton in the South.

FEDERAL REVERSE IN EAST TENNESSEE.

General Alvin C. Gillem's First Defeat.

BATTLE AT BULL'S GAP.

Enemy's Force Ten Thousand Men.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 19, 2·40 A. M.—Intelligence deemed reliable, but the accuracy of which cannot be determined to-night, says that very recently the Rebel General Breckinridge, with ten thousand men, attacked General Gillem near Bull's Gap, and, after a desperate fight, the latter was defeated, with a loss of four hundred prisoners. The number killed and wounded is not stated.

No fears of an invasion of Kentucky, as a consequence of this reverse, are apprehended, as the military authorities are fully prepared to meet any advance of such a force into the State.

REBEL REPORTS.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM EAST TENNESSEE.

Breckinridge is not only intellectually great, but he is as brave as the bravest, and seems to have learned the art of war by intuition. Like Forrest, he is ever able to accomplish what others deem impossible. In East Tennessee he has at a single blow swept away the prestige of what the Yankees claim as a great victory. The following despatch received at the War Department last night speaks for itself, and hardly needed the brief preface we give it:—

HEADQUARTERS ARMY NORTHERN VIRGINIA, November 15.—Hon. James A. Seddon, Secretary of War:—General Breckinridge reports that on the night of the 13th he turned Bull's Gap, when the enemy attempted to retreat. About one o'clock on the 14th, with Vaughn's and Duke's commands, he struck their columns and routed it. Several hundred prisoners, ten stands of colors, six pieces of artillery, with caissons and horses complete, fifty loaded wagons with teams, ambulances with medical supplies, &c., were captured.

R. E. LEE.

TO-DAY'S WASHINGTON NEWS.

Special Despatches to Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, November 19.

Sherman's Army Prepared for a Long March.

A private in Sherman's army, writing to a friend, says that every man had been supplied with two pairs of shoes, and that the general preparations were for a sixty days' campaign, but that none knew of the destination of the army.

Thanksgiving Dinners for Soldiers.

Extensive preparations are making by various parties to supply Grant's armies with Thanksgiving dinners. The Governor of New Hampshire has authorized the furnishing of the needful supplies to the soldiers from that State regardless of expense.

Destruction of a Rebel Fishery.

Rear-Admiral Stirling communicates to the Navy Department the particulars of the destruction of a valuable Rebel fishery on Marsh Island, north of the Ocklokonee river, Florida, by an expedition from the steamer *Stars and Stripes*, on the morning of October 19.

The fishery, which was a large and valuable one to the Confederacy, was entirely destroyed, and sixteen prisoners captured, without any loss on our side.

Captures by our Blockaders.

The following captures are reported to the Department:—

The English schooner *Lucy*, with an assorted cargo, by the United States schooner *Seabird*. The crew all escaped to the shore in small boats, except one man, who was too drunk to move or say anything.

She was from Bahia, and cleared for Matamoras. Acting Volunteer Lieutenant Schmidt, commanding the United States steamer *Nita*, reports the capture of an unknown schooner on October 24. The crew also escaped to the shore in small boats, and fired the schooner, but the flames were soon extinguished.

A small sloop, no name, was captured October 24th, by the sloop *Rosalie*. All the capturing vessels are attached to the East Gulf Blockading Squadron.

Shipment of Specie.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The steamers *City of Baltimore* and *Pennsylvania* sailed for Liverpool at noon to-day with $1,450,000 in specie.

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

There is considerable talk here about the coming policy of the Government. It is believed General Butler, whilst passing through Baltimore, strongly intimated to some personal friends that an offer would be made at the proper time, not far distant, which would give the Rebels the last chance of laying down their arms and coming back, but they could only do this by an unconditional surrender of their treasonable course.

The door will be widely opened to them to re-enter as brethren, and bury the hatchet. If they refuse, the war will be waged with tenfold more vigor upon our part than it ever has been, and no cessation until all traitors, leaders, and arch spirits of rebellion are literally subjugated, driven out, and the whole nation made one again under the Government Stars and Stripes.

Mrs. Hutchins is still in prison awaiting her sentence, which it is supposed will be severe.

GENERAL SHERIDAN'S ARMY.

The Late Activity in the Valley—Another Account of Early's Movements and Sheridan's Counter Movements—The Exultant Conduct of our Cavalry.

SHERIDAN ORDERED TO MOVE.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, November 15, 1864.—On the morning of the 13th General Early gave orders for a general forward movement of his army. On his right was Lomax's Division of Cavalry, moving on the Front Royal, to strike General Sheridan's flank as soon as the main Rebel attack was made in front, under the personal superintendence of General Early himself.

On the left of the Rebel line there was one whole division of cavalry, formerly Fitz Lee's, said to be yet commanded by Rosser, and were scattering mounted regiments that had lately come from the Department of Southwestern Virginia—General Breckinridge's command. The Rebel cavalry on the left moved on the graded road and the middle road. Early's infantry force kept right and left of the valley pike.

Lomax took the Winchester and Front Royal pike, as before stated. In this order the Rebels crossed Cedar creek—right, left, and centre. By night Lomax had got up to Nineveh, on the Front Royal pike; Early had got well on towards Newtown, and the Rebel cavalry on the Rebel left equally well advanced.

EARLY DETERMINED TO ATTACK, BUT CHANGES HIS MIND.

That evening General Early attacked us from his centre and left with his cavalry. No doubt this Rebel movement was intended as a reconnoissance to expedite operations on the following day. If it was intended as such, Early's men, after having run into our "dead mills," retreated to the rear in haste, having got important information," to wit:—That if the Yankees were not as numerous as before, they certainly fired as many bullets.

Evidently Early had attached much faith to the reports he had received of the Yankee army being weakened, for that very night he maintained his position, and brought over to this side of the creek all his artillery trains, and in fact the whole of his army. He even established his own headquarters close to Newtown, and a very short distance from General Sheridan's.

While this was going on General Sheridan had resolved on a move of a certain kind. As the morning of the 12th broke positive manifested itself in the camps of the cavalry divisions. They had orders to move.

General Powell's Division, which was on the left of the cavalry line, was to move forward on the Front Royal and Winchester pike road to the junction of the Newtown and White Post road. General Merritt was to move forward on the valley pike, while General Custer was to move forward in the country on the right of the pike. Thus there was to be a general cavalry reconnoissance and attack.

Powell's Division moved on as ordered, and in accordance with orders subsequently received, massed his command about a mile beyond the Opequon, right and left of the pike. He then waited there for further orders until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. At this time Colonel Tibbets' Brigade, by General Powell's order, moved forward and found the enemy near Nineveh. A brisk skirmish ensued, during which General Powell rode forward and selected a good field to charge over in rear of the position then being held by Colonel Tibbets.

Having done this, he ordered Colonel Carhart's Brigade forward to the edge of the ground he had selected for charging over, moving in columns of squadrons, and then deploying into line on the one side. This accomplished, the next way to order Colonel Tibbets to retire, which he did, and in such a manner as to allow the other brigade (Carhart's) to come up in line on his left, making the whole line stretch right and left of the pike or main road.

A major on General Early's staff and a captain of McCausland's staff are among the killed. Colonel Radford, of the 22d Virginia (Rebel) Cavalry, was also killed.

Among the prisoners are the following named officers:—Lieutenant-Colonel John A. Gibson, Major Benjamin F. Ankle, Captain William A. Locker, Captain W. S. Lardy, Captain Robert Gear, First Lieutenant O. T. Burns, and Lieutenants James A. Horner, John Bankersmith, William A. Glassock, J. R. Adams, John F. Hasden, L. R. Skinner, W. H. Walker, Jr., James W. Crawford, A. J. White, A. Kitterman, J. T. Groseclose, W. F. Allen, S. H. Weir, and E. G. Verligan.

One of the flags taken is the motto "God smash the patriots." A cavalryman looking at the flag reading this, added, "And helps the Yankees to take battle flags." The color belonged to the 11th Virginia Cavalry (Rebel).

The Rebel force engaged against us comprises the following regiments:—14th, 17th, 18th, 23d, 21st, 20th, 37th, Virginia Cavalry; 1st Maryland Cavalry; 14th and 62d Virginia Infantry, and Lurty's Horse Artillery.

A detachment of Powell's Division having followed the enemy to a point two miles beyond Front Royal, and failing to overtake them, the division returned to camp.

In consequence of the above movement, which was in a measure an unexpected one, and not particularly prepared for in the general cavalry movement, General Powell failed to co-operate with Merritt's Division, moving on the valley pike. For the reason just stated, Merritt could not move forward until towards evening.

At this time he did so, and encountered the enemy near Newtown, coming in plain sight of the enemy's camp fires. Quite a brisk skirmish was the result of General Merritt's movement. He made several attempts to flank the enemy, but always found the latter with a line deployed longer that his own. In this skirmish we lost about thirty killed and wounded. General Merritt got within three quarters of a mile of General Early's headquarters, and at one time found a portion of Kershaw's Division opposed to him. In accordance with orders from cavalry headquarters, General Merritt discontinued pressing the enemy and returned to camp.

CUSTER'S CAPTURE IN THE AFFAIR.

We will now turn to General Custer, who operated on two roads—the graded road, a part to the right of the pike, and the Middle road, another road to the right of the graded road, and over toward the North Mountain. At one o'clock in the morning General Custer's 2d Brigade moved forward on the Middle road; the 1st Brigade did the same on the graded road.

The 2d Brigade became engaged with the enemy first, in heavy skirmish. This lasted for over two hours, during which time General Custer, in person, with the 1st Brigade, moved up on the left on the graded road. The two brigades getting about equally advanced and on a line with each other, the 2d Brigade charged with its whole force, and drove the Rebels for over two miles. At this point the Rebels were reinforced by a brigade kept until then in reserve. This united force in turn charged our men, who were compelled to give way before the very superior force opposed to them.

On the left of the line, General Custer was decidedly successful, driving the enemy back to Cedar creek and four miles beyond it. In consequence of his having gone so far around the flank of the Rebel force that drove back his right, the Rebels were compelled to give way and fall back too. As they did so the opposing brigade followed up, and the whole movement was ended as soon as the two brigades got in line on the south side of the creek.

Having taken twenty-seven prisoners, and did all that could be done that day, Custer's Division, as did the other divisions, returned to camp. In the movement this division lost thirty-five wounded and a few killed.

Colonel Hull, of the 2d New York Cavalry, was among those killed. Major Wyman, of the 18th New Hampshire, was wounded. Captain McClellan, of the 22d New York, was wounded in the arm.

EARLY RETREATS.

This ended the general cavalry movement of the day. General Early meantime waited on this side of Cedar creek in quietness during the earlier part of the morning of the 12th. Receiving, during the morning in question, positive information that our army had not been weakened, he commenced to retreat about two o'clock that afternoon by first sending back his trains and artillery to Fisher's Hill. As the three respective cavalry attacks were made he believed a general engagement might follow during the night, and therefore gave orders for a quick movement—in other words, a retreat as rapidly as possible—and he abandoned the idea of attacking General Sheridan with success.

HE OCCUPIES FISHER'S HILL.

The main part of General Early's army got back to Fisher's Hill about 10 o'clock the same night.

OUR CAVALRY OPERATIONS OF THE 13TH INST.

On the morning of the 13th inst. the three cavalry divisions were again moved forward, and found that the enemy had entirely retreated to Fisher's Hill. Powell's Division went to Front Royal without meeting with opposition; General Merritt went to Strasburg with a like result, and General Custer moved on the middle road to about the same way.

In the Field, November 16.—The enemy was last heard of with the main portion of his army at or near Woodstock.

In the absence of General Merritt, who has received a short leave and gone North, General Devin commands the First Cavalry Division.

Colonel Knight has been permanently assigned to the command of the brigade in General Merritt's Division, recently commanded by General Custer.

A STEAMER BURNED FOR THE REBEL CAVALRY EXPEDITION.

The following is a list of property captured and destroyed by the 2d Cavalry Division, since August 1, 1864:—

Thirteen cannon captured.
Ten caissons captured.
One battery forge captured.
Twenty-five wagons captured.
Five ambulances captured.
7000 head of cattle captured.
2000 head of beef cattle captured.
1000 sets of horse equipments captured.
Ninety-two sets of artillery harness captured.
Seventy-five sets of wagon harness captured.
Ten sets of ambulance harness captured.
Three caissons destroyed.
Two wagons destroyed.
Five ambulances destroyed.
500,000 rounds of ammunition destroyed.
2000 stand of small arms destroyed.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, November 19.—Flour has advanced 10@15c per bbl; sales of 11,000 bbls at $8·25@8·40 for State, $8·40@8·70 for Ohio, and $8·75@9·25 for extra brands. Wheat has advanced 1@2c per bushel; sales of 16,000 bushels at $1·81 for Red, $1·85 for Amber, and $1·87@1·90 for White. Corn has advanced 1@2c per bushel; sales of 16,000 bushels at $1·01 for New Mixed. Pork unchanged. Lard firm. Whisky dull.

NEW YORK, November 18.—Stocks are better; Chicago and Rock Island, 103½; Cumberland preferred, 47; Illinois Central, 121½; Michigan Southern, 79½; New York Central, 112; Pennsylvania Coal, 190½; Readings, 100½; Hudson River, 109; Canton Co., 35; Missouri 6s, 61; Erie 95; One-year Certificates, 96½; Treasury 7 3-10s, 103·16 @ 103·56; 5-20s, Coupons, 105½; Gold 215¼; since the Ocean 210.

BALTIMORE, November 19.—Flour dull and heavy; sales of 700 bbls at $11 for Howard, superfine. Wheat advanced 2@3c. Corn firm; sales of 3000 bushels of new white and yellow at $1·02@1·03. Whisky steady at $1·90.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

(For additional City Intelligence see third page.)

STATE OF THERMOMETER TO-DAY.—Six A. M., 44. Noon, 47. 1 P. M. 46. Wind, N. by E.

THE IRON INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.—It will be remembered that on the 19th of October an important meeting of the railroad iron manufacturers of the United States was held in this city, at which valuable statistics were presented, showing, among other things, that the estimated capacity of railroad iron mills of this country for 1864 equals the estimated annual consumption of such iron. The meeting also considered the plan of uniting the iron interests of the country, and adjourned to meet on the 16th of this month, in the meantime inviting all iron producers to co-operate in an effort to enlighten the Government upon the legislation needed to protect at all times the great iron interests of the United States.

The meeting convened at the appointed time at the Board of Trade Rooms. There was a large attendance of the iron men of the country, particularly those of Western Pennsylvania.

After the reading of several reports from committees, one of which embodied a memorial to Congress, the meeting proceeded to revise the old American Iron Association, which, though not entirely dead in organization, has yet been wholly inactive for six or eight years. It was resolved to reorganize under the name of "The American Iron and Steel Association." This Association, now brought into a live condition, and composed of the most active and influential concerns in the iron interest, bids fair to bring about a more satisfactory conclusion in reference to the settlement of our home policy than ever, and we shall look with interest for the result of their efforts.

GOODS STORED IN YARDS.—The following late interesting decisions have been made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue:—

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of the 13th instant is at hand in reply to mine of the 12th.

From your letter, and the printed instructions inclosed, I understand that "warehouse receipts" for goods in yards are subject to stamp duty of 25 cents each.

Please inform if I am correct in my understanding of your letter.

REPLY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, September 23, 1864.—SIR:—I reply to your letter of the 19th instant, that your understanding of my letter of the 15th instant is correct, viz., that warehouse receipts for goods stored in yards are subject to a stamp duty of 25 cents. Very respectfully,

(Signed) E. A. ROLLINS, Dep. Com.

THANKSGIVING DINNER FOR SHERIDAN'S ARMY.—The plan inaugurated by the Union League of furnishing the gallant army of General Sheridan with a suitable thanksgiving dinner is in an active state, and rapidly approaching towards completion. On account of the impossibility of some of our citizens going to the markets and procuring turkeys, &c., the League will receive donations in money of such of any of our citizens who desire to contribute to the object. Money will be received by Mr. C. R. Whipple, at the League House, or Mr. George T. Lowe, at the Soldiers' Home, in Twelfth street. We call attention to the advertisement in another column.

ILLEGAL VOTING.—James Loftis, who was arrested upon the charge of illegal voting in the Twenty-fourth Ward, not being a resident thereof, has a further hearing before Alderman Miller and was committed for trial.

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION AND Its influence on the Country.—PROFESSOR GOODRICH, Editor of New York, the well known philanthropist and merchant prince, will deliver an address at the last, great, annual Reception of Bryant & Stratton's National Commercial College, Assembly Buildings, S. W. corner of TENTH and CHESTNUT Streets, on TUESDAY Evening, the 22d inst., at 8 o'clock. Subject—"Commercial education and its influence on the country." Admission free. Students and the public are invited to call at the College Rooms, and obtain a catalogue of all who may wish to attend. 11-19-2t

[COMMUNICATED.]

THE DUNKARD CREEK OIL COMPANY.

The above named Company, incorporated in 1861, with a capital of

ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS,

Divided into

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND SHARES,

PAR VALUE TEN DOLLARS,

Have an Oil Real Estate of territory of

EIGHT HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE ACRES,

situated on Dunkard creek, midway between Mt. Morris and point of confluence with the Monongahela river, in Greene county, Pennsylvania.

SAMUEL TOWNSEND is the President of the Company; T. S. MORRIS PEROT, Treasurer, and BENJAMIN RILEY, Secretary.

The whole stock was disposed of several weeks ago, the capital paid in, and the work of developing the property is being vigorously prosecuted.

As many persons have confounded the

DUNKARD OIL COMPANY

With the

DUNKARD CREEK OIL COMPANY,

IT IS DUE TO THE PUBLIC

to state that the above named Corporations are two totally different and distinct concerns, as respects capital, property, and distinction. 11

FOURTH EDITION

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

Arrival of a Distinguished Refugee.

FROM THE SOUTH.

Seventy Bounty-Jumpers Sent to the Front.

OFFICIAL ARMY CHANGE.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Special to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—Mrs. Annie Butler, wife of the absconding Confederate States Treasurer, who succeeded in making his way to Norfolk, passed through here yesterday on her way to join her husband. Mrs. Butler made two attempts to escape from Richmond, the first time she was captured and taken back, but she finally succeeded in making her way to Point Lookout, and was brought up to this city yesterday in the mailboat *Dictator*.

The seventy bounty-jumpers who deserted and went over to the enemy, but who were recaptured in Kentucky by our forces, and who arrived here several days ago, were to-day sent in irons to General Patrick, at City Point, to await trial by court-martial. They were under charge of Lieutenant George W. Tipton and a detachment of men of the 10th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps.

Major Robert M. Littler, Assistant Provost Marshal of the Military District of Washington, with headquarters at Georgetown, has been relieved by Captain Judson M. Cross, of the Veteran Reserve Corps, and ordered to Augusta, Me., there to assume the duties of Assistant Provost Marshal-General, Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer, and Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service for the State of Maine.

FROM PETERSBURG.

Rebels Refuse to Exchange Papers.

SIGNIFICANT OF SHERMAN'S SUCCESS.

Special to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—Advices from the Army of the Potomac state that the Rebels yesterday refused to exchange papers. This is considered positive proof that Sherman is successfully accomplishing his movement southward. The Rebels never have suppressed news unfavorable to us.

REV. DR. KIRK, OF BOSTON, WILL preach in United Street Presbyterian Church, TENTH Street, below Spruce, To-morrow at 10 o'clock, A. M.

FREE EXHIBITION OF PICTURES.

IMPERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS!!!

SIZE 21x27.

OVER 200 DIFFERENT SUBJECTS.

MEDIUM PHOTOGRAPHS!!!

SIZE 10x14.

OVER 600 VARIOUS SUBJECTS.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS!!!

PLAIN AND COLORED,

LARGEST STOCK IN THE WORLD.

IMMENSE STOCK, ALL SIZES AND STYLES,

OF

Rustic Frames,
Walnut Frames,
Rosewood Frames,
Gilt Frames,
Passe Partouts.

All Books Sold Less than Retail Price!

ALBUMS!! ALBUMS!!

Over 50 styles of Photograph Albums, many of them EXCLUSIVELY NEW in this market, holding from

13 TO 400 PICTURES,

ALL SOLD AT A LARGE DISCOUNT FROM MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

PITCHER'S CHEAP STORE,

11 17 3t No. 808 CHESNUT STREET.

GROVER & BAKER'S HIGHEST PREMIUM

LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES,

4-22 No. 730 CHESNUT Street.

"SPEEDY AND NOISELESS."

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE!

FOR FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES

OFFICE, No. 720 CHESNUT ST.,

(Opposite the Masonic Hall).

This Machine is the triumph of perfection in Sewing Machines, combining many points of valuable improvements not possessed by any other Machine.

Having neither CAM or COG WHEEL, it is compact only a noiseless machine.

THREE SIZES ARE MANUFACTURED.

FAMILY MACHINE, SMALL MANUFACTURING, AND LARGE MANUFACTURING.

The public are invited to examine this machine at their Agency, No. 720 CHESNUT Street.

Soldiers' Wives and Widows furnished with Machines on accommodating terms. 10-29-stuthlm

STOVES! STOVES!

SELLING OFF.
SELLING OFF.
SELLING OFF.
Entire Stock of Stoves.

SILVER'S GAS CONSUMING STOVES.

These superior Stoves are well known; we are selling them off very low, at manufacturers' prices. Also SHEET IRON OVEN STOVES, 20 per cent. lower than regular prices, at

McKNIGHT'S,

11-15-1m FIFTEENTH AND MARKET STREETS.

HELMBOLD'S REMEDIES.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, *Diseases of the Prostrate Glands, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, or Brick-Dust Deposit*, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Urethral Passages.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

For Weaknesses arising from Excessive Indulgence. The constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU,

In affections peculiar to "FEMALES," is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Irregularities; Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations; Ulcerated, or Schirrous State of the Uterus; Leucorrhœa, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudencies, or in the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from Habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiba and Mercury, in all those diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in "Male" or "Female," from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor. "Immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of *Barker Iron*.

Those suffering from *Broken Down* or *Delicate Constitutions*, procure the *Remedy* at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers, Happiness, and his Posterity*.

PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE.

WE MAKE NO SECRET OF INGREDIENTS.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is composed of *Buchu, Cubebs, and Juniper Berries*, selected with great care and prepared in vacuo by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist of sixteen years' experience in the city of Philadelphia, and now prescribed by the most eminent of the faculty, and have been admitted to use in the United States Army, and are also in very general use in State Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land. Medicines delivered to any address, accompanied by explicit directions. Direct letters to

HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
No. 594 Broadway, New York,
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No. 104 S. Tenth street, Philadelphia.

Beware of counterfeits. Ask for HELMBOLD'S, and take no other.

Office open from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 P. M.

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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

LEONARD GROVER.....Director

GALA EXTRA FAREWELL DAY OF OPERA.
THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, Nov. 19th, 1864,
GRAND FAREWELL MATINEE,
Gounod's Grand Opera, in five acts.
FAUST AND MARGUERITE.
Doors open at 1, to commence at 2 o'clock.
Admission to all parts of the house One Dollar.

THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, Nov. 19th,
GALA FAREWELL OPERA NIGHT.
Souvenir Programme in White Satin and Crimson.
A profusion of splendidly mounted costumes.
For the first time in any Opera House in America.
The first and second acts of Gounod's new Opera
MIREILLE.
With the
GRAND FINALE and the GRAND MUNNIKHUYSE.
Mireille.....Mlle. ISIDORE LEHMAN
Vincent.....Mad. JOHANNA RITCHIE
Ambrois.....Mad. ADELAIDE GRAY
Vincent.....Signor GIUSEPPE TAMAGNO
Taven.....Mad. MARGARET ZIMMERMAN
Ourrias.....Mr. HEINRICH SCHNEIDER
Clemence.....Mad. LAMBERTI
Tzigonie, Peasants, &c.
In addition the three last Grand Acts of
ROBERT LE DIABLE, by Meyerbeer.
ROBERT.....Mr. FRANZ ROMER
BERTRAM.....Signor KARL FORMES
ALICE.....Mad. JOHANNA RITCHIE
PRINCESS.....Mad. BERTHA JOHANNSEN
ISABEL.....Mlle. THERESA WOOD
One hour and a half intervening between the Acts.
Seats can be secured at the regular rates at Gould's Music Store, and at the Academy.
In announcing the last day of Grand German Opera the director expresses his very high appreciation of the very liberal patronage which has greeted his season in Philadelphia.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

Lessee and Manager.....JOHN E. FORD.
(Also of Holliday Street Theatre, Baltimore, Ford's New Theatre, Washington, and the Alexandria Opera Theatre.)
Mr. Ford ends a season in announcing the names of the distinguished artists who
FOR SIX WEEKS,
For the express purpose of performing
MR. EDWIN FORREST,
In his magnificent personation of
CORIOLANUS,
In Shakspeare's tragedy of that title.
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN PHILADELPHIA.
The most care has been taken to produce the dramatic production of this
MASTERPIECE OF SHAKESPEARE
complete and perfect in all its dramatic and mechanical details.
MUCH OF THE SCENERY IS ENTIRELY NEW,
and bears the pencil of the eminent scenic artist,
CHARLES S. GETZ, ESQ.
THE COSTUMES,
APPOINTMENTS,
WAR CHARIOTS,
WEAPONS, AND
PARAPHERNALIA,
were expressly manufactured for the play from original historical designs, and it is thought will prove in their ensemble effect
"SURPASSINGLY BEAUTIFUL."
It is an attempt to illustrate the power and beauty of Shakespeare's art, with every accessory which the most liberal enterprise can command from the highest theatrical skill, and the manager confidently hopes that the effort may be deemed worthy the liberal and continued patronage and the honest remembrance of every lover of "The Bard of All Time."
THE CAST OF THE PLAY
is totally full and brilliant.
The tragedy concludes with
THE MURDER OF CORIOLANUS,
and a magnificent representation of his honorable
FUNERAL PYRE.
(☞ According to Plutarch, the Volscians after the killing of Coriolanus, dressed him in his gorgeous robes and laid his corpse on a magnificent bier, which was corded by such young citizens as were most distinguished for their martial exploits. Before him were borne the spoils he had taken from the enemy, the chiefs he had defeated, and the plans of the cities he had taken. To this order his body was laid on the pile, and on the pile was constructed. They gathered up his ashes, with the honors decreed on the spot, and erected a magnificent monument there.)
The Box Sheet, for the sale of secured places, now open between the hours of 9 and 4½ o'clock.
Admission 50 and 75 cents.
Second Seats 50 cents additional.
11-19-2t PHILIP WARNER, Treasurer.

NEW CHESTNUT STREET THEATRE.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, November 19,
LAST NIGHT OF MR. JOHN E. ROBERTS,
Who will appear upon this occasion in her great character of
THE QUEEN OF THE CAMELIAS,
In Dumas' beautiful play, in five acts, of
CAMILLE;
Or, The Fate of a Coquette.
To conclude with the farce style of
A KISS IN THE DARK.
Monday Evening, November 21, first night of sensational drama, produced at a cost of two thousand dollars, called
PAUVRETTE; OR, UNDER THE SNOW.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH ST. THEATRE.
EIGHTEENTH NIGHT EIGHTEENTH NIGHT
Of the brilliant engagement of
MR AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
THREE GLORIOUS PIECES,
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, November 19,
FIRST TIME
FRISKY MAGGIE,
LAW FOR LADIES,
AND
FAT'S BLUNDERS,
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS
In Eight Characters.
MONDAY
THE LAKES OF KILLARNEY.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, November 19,
A splendid bill offered, in which
MISS LUCILLE WESTERN
will appear in a Male character,
This Evening,
DON CESAR DE BAZAN,
Don Cæsar.....Miss LUCILLE WESTERN
To conclude with the favorite screech drama of
WALLACE, THE HERO OF SCOTLAND.
On Monday will positively be produced the great Moral Drama, by C. W. Lovejoy, Esq., entitled
LAST LYNNE; OR, THE ELOPEMENT.
Miss WESTERN as Lady Isabel and Madame Vine.
Box office open from 9 till 2. Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock.

ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS,
S. W. CORNER TENTH AND CHESNUT STREETS.
WEDNESDAY, November 23, 1864,
At half-past three o'clock,
SECOND CLASSICAL MATINEE
BY THE
PHILADELPHIA CLASSICAL QUINTETTE CLUB
Messrs GARTNER, JARVIS, CROSS, PEASE MANN, and SCHMITZ.
PROGRAMME.
Grand Trio in D Minor, Op. 49.....Mendelssohn
Quartette, No. 1, in G.....Mozart
Violin Solo Concerto in E Minor.....Rode
Quartette, Op. 44, in E Flat.....Mendelssohn
Subscription list for the Season of Twenty-five Matinees is at the Music Store of Mr. J. E. Gould, seventh and Chestnut streets, where engagements for single or private parties, in or out of town, can be made for the services of the Club. Proprietors of Schools can make special subscription terms. 11-15-4t
Single Tickets, to be had only at the door, Fifty Cents.

ARMY BALLOON ASCENSIONS,
THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
AND DURING ALL CALM WEATHER THIS WEEK.
At Cor. of FIFTEENTH and COATES Sts.
The weather being fine, those wishing an ascension should be on hand early. The day lighted by gas presents a most sublime spectacle.
Admission, 25 cents. Children, 15 cents.
Ascensions from $2 to $5, according to altitude and time occupied. 11-19

FIRST LECTURE OF THE SEASON.
MR. DE CORDOVA
Will give his great Lecture on
Courtship and Marriage,
THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 24,
(THANKSGIVING NIGHT),
AT
CONCERT HALL,
TICKETS 50 CENTS, or THREE FOR $1·00,
For sale at Gould's, Seventh and Chestnut streets. Ashton & Evans', 1124 Chestnut; and, three days in advance, at the office. 11-19

CHRIST REJECTED.
This admirable Picture, the greatest production of the painter WEST, is now exhibited on at the
ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS,
No. 1076 CHESNUT Street,
Together with the entire collection of the Institution.
Admittance, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. 11-12-2w*

SANFORD'S NEW OPERA HOUSE,
RACE STREET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD.
SIX NIGHTS UNPRECEDENTED!
The Company Crowded with the Elite of the City!
HUNDREDS OF LADIES UNABLE TO GET SEATS!
THE COMPANY
Has met the approval of the audience.
THE VERDICT
Has been proclaimed!
A guarantee of permanence, the entertainment the best, and this to be the Temple of Mirthfulness.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence quarter before 8.
CARDS OF ADMISSION,
25 CENTS.
Orchestra.....50 cents
Private Boxes, Dress Circle.....$5
Private Boxes, Family Circle.....$4 and $3
The Box Office will be open from 9 to 2 o'clock, for the sale of Reserved Seats, and the Disposal of Private Boxes.

NATIONAL CIRCUS,
WALNUT STREET, ABOVE EIGHTH.
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF CHARLES WARNER (formerly Mrs. DAN RICE).
Mr. F. H. FOSTON.....Equestrian Director.
SECOND WEEK OF THE SEASON.
IMMENSE AUDIENCES AND GREAT EXCITEMENT.
IRREPRESSIBLE BURSTS OF LAUGHTER.
During the week the celebrated EATON STONE, the SHERWOOD FAMILY, Mrs WARNER (Mistress of the School of Horses), the DENNIS BROTHERS, the great Bareback Leaper, Mr. BACHELOR, the renowned TOM KING (the Master of the Classics), the inimitable Jester, S. STICKNEY, Jr., will appear in a variety of pleasing Gymnastic, Acrobatic, and Equestrian scenes, in which they have no rivals.
Admission.—First Tier, 50 cents; Second Tier, 25 cents. Performances commence every evening at 7½ o'clock.
MATINEES on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, commencing at 2½ o'clock.
This week's programme rich and attractive.

FORREST, OPERA, &c.

A STOCKHOLDER'S SEASON TICKET,
Carrying with it the privilege of admission to the
AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
up to the 30 day of July, 1865,
will be sold at a LOW PRICE.
Apply at
No. 12 N. DELAWARE Avenue,
11-18 2t* Up stairs.

LIGHT! LIGHT! LIGHT! LIGHT IS A great thing in these dark days. PULLINGER'S PATENT DIFFUSIVE REFLECTORS, for both day and gas-light. Gas Reflectors for windows with two burners give more light than six burners with the kind now in use.
Gas-fitters furnished at low rates. Daylight Reflectors, for lighting dark rooms, and basement offices, &c., without the use of gas. Office,
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