Evening Telegraph

A DAILY AFTERNOON NEWSPAPER.

OFFICE No. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

PRICE TWO CENTS PER COPY, OR TWELVE CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the City at SIX DOLLARS PER ANNUM; ONE DOLLAR FOR THREE MONTHS, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. A liberal arrangement made for extended insertions.

To Correspondents.

No notice can be taken of Anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee for his good faith. We cannot undertake to return rejected Communications.

To Advertisers.

Owing to the great increase in the Circulation of THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, compelling us to go to press at an early hour, we urgently request that advertisements may be handed in as soon as ten o'clock, if possible, to secure them an insertion in all of our editions.

THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1864.

THE WAR NEWS.

As we predicted, the Rebels, in small force, have done a great deal of mischief in Maryland. The infantry column, which moved up from Frederick to Washington, has recrossed the Potomac river, and is now *en route* to join LEE at Richmond with its spoils and ill-gotten gains of all kinds. This raid has been the best planned and executed of any the Rebels have ever devised yet, and it has failed at all points.

The damage done to our various railroads is very slight, and that done to the citizens was in many instances deserved. It is true we have been insulted in our capital, but the Rebels had to beat a rather hasty retreat without gaining any remarkable advantage.

They are gone, and may they be pursued with that vigor which was brought forward among the people for defense. If an army be sent after them under a good general, they will be destroyed, and GRANT will be assisted. If they are left to go free, they will turn and come up the Valley again, or go into Kentucky and make a raid.

They should be followed, and should not be allowed to join either LEE at Richmond, or MORGAN in the Valley of Virginia. As for Major HARRY GILMORE, we hope that if he is ever taken he may be handed over to General SHERMAN, who is the only man who knows how to deal with Rebels.

From General GRANT's Army we have the good news that all is progressing favorably. The Weldon Railroad, just repaired by the Rebels, has been again destroyed by our troops.

Reports from General SHERMAN are most cheering. He has probably taken Atalanta, and destroyed JOHNSTON's Rebel army. His campaign has been everywhere brilliant and successful.

General FOSTER has been worrying the Rebels about Charleston considerably of late. He has gained small successes on John's and James' Islands recently with very small losses.

There is a report on the street that the pirate *Florida* has been captured, but we cannot trace it to any respectable source.

THE "OTHER SEX."

Woman, if we regard her in a chivalric spirit, is the crowning beauty of our life. Her gentle influence, graceful accomplishments, and singular capability of diffusing happiness, help us amazingly over the rugged road we are all traveling. So, if we are gentlemen, we give up our seats in the railway car, or the pew to her, with earnest pleasure. We knock down her insulter.* We puff our offensive cigar-smoke in a contrary direction, unless she positively asserts that she delights in the aroma of the solacing weed.

We devote all our muscular energies and our superior knowledge of men and things to her delectation, glad enough to receive in exchange her smile and gratitude. This is as it should be. No matter how vehemently certain viragos contend that they are quite capable of taking care of themselves, without any dependence on the male species, they cannot bluster all true men out of the old faith in woman's weakness. We have an idea that if FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE should appear in one of those agitated assemblies of inflamed females who are determined to believe that they are wofully wronged, the trowsered and oratorical feminine would be afraid of her and shrink from her presence.

If you are a man with a true heart, you have often helped to celebrate "Dear Woman." You have such respect for her that you wish to see her so much better than your poor self that you can worship her. You want her to be good and useful, and very naturally; for you know that you will be made a better and a worthier man by her bright example. If a pure and sincere woman cannot illure a man into the right way, divines and moralizing philosophers may try in vain. But we are afraid that the young women of our great cities are not so loveable as earnest men would wish to see them.

We will not take that intensely utilitarian view of the sex which condemns them as utterly worthless, because they cannot bake bread or broil a steak. This is the overbearing insolence of the "lord of creation," and not the feeling of the true knight, who is always willing to work hard enough to exempt his lady from coarse labor. But, then, must not our fair friends themselves admit that they are hardly fitted for useful lives? Are they not drumming too much on the piano, and dancing too many cotillions and waltzes, and spending too much time with *modistes* and milliners?

Is there not a plausibility in the supposition that they redd too many lackadaisical romances, and pay too much attention to their complexions, and too little to their intellects? Coquetry is very charming just now, while their faces are unfurrowed and their movements zephyr-like. The delicious music discoursed from pianos, or gushing from their rosy mouths, will do very well this year, and next, and next. They may float through the waltz this summer and next winter, and not tire themselves nor the lookers-on for several successive seasons.

But what, after awhile, when they begin to encounter some of the roughness of life's journey; when their little figures grow portly and shapeless; when their fingers refuse to glide over the keys with their old sprightliness, and dancing becomes laborious and painful? When the brief day of careless pleasure has fled, will they have anything to fall back upon which will make life not a burden? Do our young ladies know that there actually exists quite a community of young men afraid to get married? They are panting for matrimony. They know it will be the very thing for them. But they get only moderate salaries, and want good plain girls, who will be sufficiently attractive to keep them away from the club. And they can't find them. They dare not risk a proposal to the young women they meet at the parties, adorned with finery they could not pay for, should they devote their revenue for one whole year to that exclusive purpose. Their case is a sad one. We should like to see an improvement in the young ladies, if only for the sake of these unpleasantly-situated young gentlemen. Shall we ever meet a FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE at the opera, or be introduced to her at a select party?

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT.

LIST OF GRADUATES.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

This morning at 10 o'clock, the semi-annual commencement of the Boys' Central High School, 62d term, took place at the Academy of Music. As usual upon all such occasions, a large audience, principally composed of ladies, was in attendance. The graduates, members of the Faculty, Board of School Controllers, City Councils, and invited guests occupied seats upon the platform. The Germania Orchestra was in attendance, and enlivened the proceedings by some choice selections.

After prayer, by the Rev. Daniel C. Eddy, the following exercises took place:—

MUSIC.
Introductory Address.....Benjamin H. Hafner, Esq.
MUSIC.
Second Honor, French Salutatory.....Charles F. Kroch.
MUSIC.
Third Honor, Historical Address.....Lewis Wain Smith.
MUSIC.
Poetical Address.....Charles K. Mills.
MUSIC.
Patriotism.....Lewis Ashmead.
MUSIC.
English and American Literature.....Ralph M. Townsend.
MUSIC.
Republican Form of Government.....James A. Connor.
MUSIC.
Honorary Address.....J. Mason Cuid.

The speakers acquitted themselves with honor, and the essays were up to the usual mark. The second honor—French Salutatory, by Charles F. Kroch, was excellent, and claimed considerable attention on account of being written and spoken in the French language. Judging from the speaker's delivery he is no doubt a good French scholar. The Introductory by Benj. H. Hafner, Esq., was as well delivered as it was ably written. The speakers were all received with enthusiastic applause, and many of them were presented with handsome bouquets.

The following distinctions and award of merit were conferred:—

MASTER OF ARTS.

List of those admitted to the Degree of Master of Arts, being graduates of the Four Years' Course, of not less than three years' standing.

Thomas D. Coulston, Frank M. Coxe, William P. Curtis, Thomas M. Drown, William A. Johns, Daniel S. Lamb, William Harrison Lanphere, William A. Malone, Oswald J. Martin, Charles V. McManus, George W. Mindil, Horace W. Murphy, Mayer Sulzberger, John Tyndale, Charles D. Waterman, I. Gilbert Young, William C. Simon—Total, 17.

BACHELOR OF ARTS.

List of those admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Arts, having completed the Four Years' Course, with their ranks and their Graduating Averages.

No. 1. Mason Child Graduating Average, 97·23; 2. Chas. F. Kroch, 95·98; 3. Walter E. Fox, 95·05; 4. Lewis Wain Smith, 92·65; 5. Charles K. Mills, 91·31; 6. Henry Clay Brown, 88·55; 7. Walter North, 88·08; 8. Louis Ashmead, 87·98; 9. Wesley Bliss, 87·66; 10. Ralph Burnett Townsend, 87·50; 11. Wm. C. Carrick, 86·70; 12. Jas. A. Connor, 86·83; 13. Harvey K. Hinesman, 84·83; 14. H. T. Butler, 83·75; 15. Joseph B. Robinson, 81·10; 16. W. R. Sartwell, 79·75; 17. Wilson H. Lloyd, 78·18; 18. David Bently, Jr., 76·18; 19. Wm. K. Bentley, 75·50. Total, 19.

PARTIAL COURSES.

List of those receiving Certificates of having completed Partial Courses, with their Averages.

THREE YEARS.—David Hazel, average 89·6.

TWO YEARS.—Joseph Thorp, 96·6; Calvin F. Camp, 90·6; William F. Outheimer, 89·1; Frederick D. Lang enheim, 89·0; Lewis Zerbey, 86·7; Samuel R. Bolton, 85·1; William Armstrong, 84·9; Albert B. McKinley, 82·4; Horace J. Sobers, 81·8; Asbury E. Irwin, 81·2; Frank Woodhurst, 79·7; Thomas J. Price, 79·5; William B. Lyle, 79·5; John J. Hilliner, 79·3; Robert M. Garvin, 78·5; Henry W. Green, 69·4; John H. Rosan, 64·3; Henry K. Vandegrift, 64·9.—Total Certificates, 19.

List of those who have the highest Grade Averages of the whole number of students.

1. Thomas W. Ayres....	Div. C	....99·7
2. Wm. F. Shoemaker....	" A	....99·6
3. J. Mason Cuid....	" A	....99·5
4. S. E. Morris....	" E	....99·5
5. Chas. F. Kroch....	" A	....99·4
6. Jas. E. McCarthy....	" A	....97·2
7. Reid T. Stewart....	" G	....97·2
8. Benj. F. Hinesman,	" D	....96·1
9. Charles A. Harris,	" D	....96·1
10. Newton A. Taylor	" D	....96·0
11. W. Scott Stites....	" A	....95·9
12. Walter E. Fox....	" A	....95·7
13. E. A. Farrington,	" D	....95·7
14. Wm. H. Harding....	" C	....95·6
15. Robt. P. Ferguson,	" H	....95·4
16. Herman H. Mone,	" H	....95·3
17. J. H. Graham, Jr.,	" E	....95·2
18. R. L. Wainwright,	" F	....95·0
19. Edw. C. Roper....	" F	....95·0
20. John R. Stauffer....	" D	....92·9
21. Harry S. Hopper,	" H	....92·7
22. John W. Milnes....	" G	....92·4
23. Calvin F. Camp....	" E	....92·4
24. Joseph Thorp....	" F	....92·4
25. Asbury E. Irwin....	" E	....92·1
26. Walter North....	" G	....92·0
27. Jas. C. Pancoast....	" G	....92·0
28. Lewis Wain Smith,	" A	....96·9
29. Frederick A. Rex,	" B	....95·9
30. Arthur Williams,	" H	....94·9
31. Charles K. Mills....	" A	....96·8
32. Harry Clay Brown,	" A	....95·8
33. Theodore Cantield,	" D	....96·8
34. Jacob Meier....	" G	....95·8
35. H. F. Hortsman,	" B	....96·2
36. R. M. Townsend,	" A	....96·1
37. James A. Conner,	" A	....96·0
38. Wm. A. Dunham,	" F	....91·0

DISTINGUISHED.

List of those Distinguished, they having attained Term Averages for Scholarship over 95.

Division A.—J. Mason Child, Term Average, 98·9; Chas. F. Kroch, 98·4; W. Scott Stites, 97·8; Walter E. Fox, 97·4; Louis Ashmead, 97·1; Ralph Milt urne Townsend, 96·0; Charles K. Mills, 95·9; Harry Clay Brown, 95·9; William C. Carrick 95·6.

Division B.—Robert H. Ferguson, 98·9; Nathan A. Taylor, 98·6; Wesley Bliss, 98·1; Benjamin L. Wilds, Jr., 96·6.

Division C.—Thomas W. Ayres, 99·8; William H. Harding, 97·1.

Division D.—Benjamin F. Hinesman, 99·4; Charles A. Harris, 99·2; Ernest Farrington, 97·4; John R. Stauffer, 95·8.

Division E.—Sylvester E. Morgan, 98·9; Calvin Camp, 98; John B. Colahan, Jr., 96·8; Owen N. Arrott, 96·7; George Richard Irwin, 96·4; Asbury E. Irwin, 96·1; Albert B. McKinley, 95; Alfred M. H. Herkness, 94; John W. Milnes, 93.

Division F.—John K. McCarthy, 98·1; John L. Howard, 96·8; Kennard C. Hopper, 95·9.

Division G.—Clayton French Shoemaker, 99·2; Reid T. Stewart, 98·5.

Division H.—Herman H. Mond, 99·2; Harry S. Hopper, 95·9.

Total Distinguished, 34.

MERITORIOUS.

List of those declared Meritorious, they having attained Term Averages for Scholarship, between 80 and 85.

Division A.—Walter North, Term average, 94·1; Lewis Wain Smith, 93·3; Louis Ashmead, 91·2; Wilson H. Kber, 88·7; Henry T. Butler, 86·6; Harvey S. Hinesman, 86·6; Joseph B. Robinson, 88·5; Will E. Barnwell, 86·2; William K. Bentley, 87·5; David Bentley, Jr., 85·0.

Division B.—Henry J. Horstmann, 92·9; Brendon L. Keys, 91·7; Samuel Schrader, 91·5; Harry Conrad Bradford, 90·7; John Gilbert Piper, 90·8; Andrew Bray, 90·4; Conrad Vinton, 89·4; Benjamin H. Lane, 89·4; William H. Smith, 88·2; Louis Ashmead, 86·9; Robert Tyson, 86·9; Forrest S. Heston, 86·9; John A. Goodelow, 87·1; Clement M. Brown, 87·7; Frank Hassell, 87·7; John Burgess Smith, 85·7.

Division C.—Bartwell Serr, 91·4; Oliver C. Betts, 91·2; Richard M. Newbaum, 92·1; John A. Cox, Jr., 90·1; Joseph W. White, 90·6; William C. Butler, 89·6; Hugh D. McMullen, 89·4; Frederick W. Taylor, 86·0; David Hazel, 86·0; Joseph C. Birch, 85·4.

Division D.—Dennis J. Lynch, 92·4; Robert Williams, 92·1; Frederick B. Wallace, 91·4; Willis L. Nece, 90·7; Joseph F. Sebon, 90·7; Samuel O. Clark, Jr., 90·4; Alexander M. Thackara, 89·3; Walter Cochran, 87·1; Clement Powell, 86·9; James P. Murray, 86·2.

Division E.—Joseph Thorp, 94·3; William J. Oelbener, 94·1; Charles G. Harrah, 92·0; Hiram J. Sibera, 91·1; Frederick D. Langenheim, 92·1; James Henry Torr, 91·3; Walter H. Hagy, 91·6; William C. Witters, 91·5; William H. Lyle, 91·4; Samuel L. Herrar, 91·2; Charles P. Ring, 90·7; Samuel N. Levi, 89·6; Ely Dorsey, 89·2; Edw. W. Gram 89·1; W. Henry Clay Smith, 89·0; John A. Hillner, 88·8; Thomas J. Dyer, 88·5; William Eastwick, 88·4; Samuel E. Bullock, 88·2; A. Wilson Kidgway, 87·4; Worthington B. Thomas, 86·9; Charles C. Taylor, 86·7; Lewis Pendrig, 86·6; Frank Woodhurst, 86·5; Addison B. Rush, 85·0.

Division F.—Abel F. Price, 93·1; William A. Dunham, 92·6; Harry H. Lounsher, 89·4; Charles Parker, 89·0; George M. Cornelius, 87·6; Edward Chalfant, 87·4; Fabius S. Hughes, 86·9; Alfred B. Martin, 86·8; William F. Mc Ilvain, 86·4; P. Frederick Rothermel, 86·1; Isador Levin, 86·0; John C. Forker, 86·0; John B. McClung, 85·0.

Division G.—Frederick A. Rex, 94·1; James C. Pancoast, 94·2; Charles E. Colahan, 93·6; Jacob Meier, 93·5; Alfred C. Rex, 93·2; Ezra S. Bartlett, 91·8; Charles S. Johnes, 90·8; Simon Rainbinger, 90·3; James C. Harrison, 89·5; Charles Harrop, 89·1; George E. Oechsluer, 89·1; George W. Hunt, 87·6; Owen Carr, 85·0.

Division H.—Arthur Williams, 94·4; Theodore Cantield, 91·1; Charles D'Invilliers, 92·9; James W. White, 90·1; Edgar Z. Steever, Jr., 90·0; Alexander Fox, 89·2; Wm. H. Rogers, 89·1; John M. Sharp, 88·7; William K. Eckstein, 88·6; Frank Metcher, 88·1; Angelo T. Freedley, 88·1; William Kent, 86·8; Elwood S. Weaver, 86·1; Chas. E. Peskins, 84·8; John W. Tripler, 84·6; Augustus C. Jones, 84·6.

Total Meritorious, 113.

The exercises concluded by the delivery of the valedictory address by W. Scott Stites. The subject was well handled by the speaker, and his parting words to the students and professors were imparted with that feeling and force which one only can feel when such pleasant relations and associations as bound the pupils and professors, were about to be severed—perhaps for ever.

AN UNNATURAL FATHER.—Yesterday afternoon a man named J. Lichten was held in $600 bail on the charge of brutally whipping his little step-son, a boy about twelve years of age. The defendant resides on McIlvaine street, near Sixth, and frequent complaints have been made by the neighbors because of the general harsh treatment of the little fellow by his father. The boy's back was scarred in a number of places from wounds inflicted by Lichten. On the occasion referred to, the lad, who works in Morris, Tasker & Morris' foundry, came home from his labor and took off his working shirt to put on a clean one. In doing so he dropped the cast-off garment on the floor, whereupon the step-father said he should not throw his clothes about that way. The boy made a remark, whereupon he was whipped most unmercifully on the bare back.

LOCAL BENEFITS.—All the public schools of this district were closed yesterday. Interesting exercises were had at some of them.... By her will Margaret Beckman Livingston bequeaths all her property, real and personal, for the purpose of educating young men for the Gospel ministry, and for sending the Gospel to the heathen.... George Crooks, twenty-three years of age, fell through a bridge on the Norristown railroad yesterday, while attempting to get upon the cars, and was seriously injured about the head and back.... Hereafter all vessels from Key West will go into quarantine at the Lazaretto; the yellow fever prevailing at that place.... A boy, named James D. Hains, aged six years, was run over by an omnibus in Sixth street below Catherine, last evening, and instantly killed.... Major-General Couch's headquarters has been temporarily located at No. 905 Walnut street.... The brewers of this city have raised the price of draught ale to $11 a barrel, and bottling ale to $10. Ale used to command from $5·50 to $6 per barrel.

A NEW PRINTING PRESS.—The following is from the last issue of the *American Bank Note Reporter*:—

PERSONAL.—Since our last issue, the new cylinder press which we had ordered to be made by Messrs. R. Hoe & Co., of New York, has been received and setup, and the present edition of the *American Bank Note Reporter* has been printed thereon.

The large expansion of our work required this addition on our part, in order to supply the demand. We have also added to our establishment Piercing Machine, on which, by which the entire work, viz:—Composition, press-work, and blotting are all performed in the same room and under immediate supervision, and with a rapidity unapproachable by any contemporary.

Following the Bank Note Lists of New York city which are issued weekly, we commence with the publication of the Weekly edition of the *American Bank Note Reporter*. Our patrons will soon see that it is the only Bank Note Reporter issued weekly in Philadelphia, and the only one in Baltimore.

The American Bank Note Reporter will be hereafter issued on the 1st of each, 15th and 23d of each month. Semi-monthly or monthly subscribers can receive the weekly edition by paying the difference of price.]

Married.

KINSEY—HILEY.—June 15, 1864, at No. 1410 Hanover street, Kensington, by John G. Wilson, V. D. M., ROBERT KINSEY and Mrs. MARTHA HILEY, both of this city.

MANSING—SNATCHER.—On the 12th inst., by Alderman White, P. MANSING, of Philadelphia, to Miss SARAH SNATCHER, of Camden, New Jersey.

MERSHON—GUDNECHT.—On the 14th of June, 1864, by the Rev. T. A. Hendley, M. FRANCIS L. MERSHON to Miss ELLEN H. GUDNECHT, all of this city.

Died.

GARDNER.—On the 12th inst., after a long and painful illness, PRICE GARDNER, son of Samuel J. and S. E. Harper, in the 1st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from his late residence, No. 1129 Spring Garden street, on Friday morning, the 15th inst., at 10 o'clock. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

GOLDEY.—Killed, July 6, in the rifle pits before Petersburg, Va., JAMES H. GOLDEY, of Co. 24 Pennsylvania Artillery, son of James and Mary Ann Goldey, aged 19 years.

HOSKINS.—On Tuesday morning, 12th inst., ALEXANDER E. HORN.

His relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, John Horn, No. 14 S. Broad street, on Friday, 15th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

MERRY.—On the morning of the 13th inst., at one o'clock, MARY VAN LELLY, eldest of the late Melmac Merry.

The friends of the deceased are invited to attend her funeral without further notice, from her residence, No. 315 S. Sixth street, on Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Service in St. Mary's Church. Interment at St. Michael's.

MUCH.—On the 12th inst., MARTHA MUCH, daughter of George W. and Eliza Much, aged 6 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, S. E. corner of Fourth and Dickerson streets, on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

PLESSER.—On the 12th inst., VALENTINE PLESSER, of Ottweiler, Rheinprussen, aged 61 years.

His friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 527 N. second street, on Sunday afternoon, the 17th inst., at 4 o'clock, without further notice.

RIT MEYER.—July 12, 1864, Mrs. CAROLINE RITMEYER, wife of Charles Ritmeyer and daughter of John and Catharine Urban, in her 28th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Buttonwood street, between seventeenth and Eighteenth streets. Funeral to take place on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, without further notice. To proceed to Glenwood Cemetery.

TILLEY.—On the 12th inst., Mrs. ELIZABETH C. TILLEY, in the 66th year of her age.

Her friends and relations are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, F. N. Whitecar, No. 202 S. Eighth street, Camden, N. J., on Friday afternoon, the 15th inst., at 4 o'clock.

OWN YOUR COLLIERIES AND GET YOUR COAL AT COST.

THIS EFFECTUAL PLAN OF CHEAPENING COAL

To about half the market price, offered by the

BROAD MOUNTAIN MAMMOTH VEIN COAL COMPANY,

No. 121 S. THIRD STREET,

is successfully progressing to its full, speedy, and triumphant consummation.

The great works of the Company, near Tremont, Schuylkill county, are NEARLY COMPLETED, and will supply all SHAREHOLDERS from October next, with the best kinds of COAL AT THE PRIME COST, viz:—

Two Heavy Tons on Each Share Every Year for Twenty-five Years.

The price of each share in the present series is $1250, payable half on subscription and half on August 2d next, (and in the next two series it will be $15 and $20).

The MARKET PRICE of a heavy ton (2240 lbs.) of Coal is now..... $12 25

The PRIME COST PRICE of the same at present rates (July) is:—

For mining, preparing, royalty, and general expenses.....	$1 25
Transportation over branch railroad.....	35
Transportation over main railroad to Philadelphia.....	3 10
Transportation from depot to yard.....	10
Yard expenses.....	25
Carting from yard to Shareholder's house..	50
Total cost of gross ton delivered at the house in Philadelphia.....	6 55
Difference between market price and cost price,	$5 70

This makes a saving on two tons for each share of $11·40.

Should the market price be higher, the saving will be still greater, and should the market price be lower, then the cost price will be proportionately lower.

But this is not all. The Company having very large works, and INEXHAUSTIBLE COAL BEDS, FIVE MILES IN LENGTH, will mine much more coal than is annually required for the Stockholders. All the surplus coal will be sold at the ruling market rates, and ALL THE PROFITS will be distributed every six months as CASH DIVIDENDS, among the Shareholders; from which it is confidently expected they will realize every year from 40 to 60 per cent. on their investments, after the first year, in addition to the savings on their coal.

The Company possesses EXCLUSIVE MINING AND TIMBER RIGHTS for a quarter of a century (25 years) in one of the best and richest coal tracts in Schuylkill county, comprising the Mammoth Vein, the Black Heath, Primrose, Diehl, and other Veins. The coal of the Mammoth Vein is White Ash; that of the other Veins partly White Ash, partly Red Ash.

DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM SCHMOLE, President.
ROBERT P. KING,
HENRY SCHMOLE,
ALBERT B JARDEN,
WILLIAM FORD, Secretary.

For further information, and for shares (at $12·50, payable half on subscribing and half on August 2, next), apply at the

OFFICE, NO 121 S. THIRD STREET,

OPPOSITE THE GIRARD BANK.

For READING and vicinity, the Hon. JOSEPH S. HOYER, Mayor of Reading, has accepted the Agency of the Company, after having personally visited and examined the mines and affairs of the Company. The citizens of Reading and vicinity will apply for information and shares at the MAYOR'S OFFICE, at Reading.

The cost price of a gross ton of Coal at Reading, delivered at the house of a shareholder, is at present rates not over $4·20, while the market price amounts to more than double that sum.

HENRY SCHMOLE,
jy14-13t TREASURER.

I. E. WALRAVEN,

SUCCESSOR TO W. H. CARRYL,

MASONIC HALL,

No. 719 CHESNUT Street.

WINDOW SHADES, CURTAINS, AND MOSQUITO NETTINGS.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

French Blacking—
In small fancy barrels,
For sale by
DAVIS & RICHARDS,
Ninth and Tenth Streets.

LILLIE'S CHILLED IRON SAFE, VS. DAVID EVANS, OF THE FIRM OF EVANS & WATSON'S SHEET IRON SAFE.

The "Irrepressible Conflict" Still Progressing

To the Citizens of Philadelphia:—

Agreeably to previous notice, I shall now review the personalities and other outside matter as contained in the article headed "Philadelphia Against the World," and signed by David Evans.

As the chief, when hard pushed, is the first to cry "stop thief," so is the man who has *stolen, forged*, and *uttered* a bogus bond his neighbor, the first to cry *libeler*, and to claim the protection of the law.

The first prominent point in this article is the writer's very morose pretensions.

He assumes to be Philadelphia *merely*, and to stand against the world unsupported, solely. This point (having been replied to by Messrs. Lillie & Son) I pass over by simply saying that it is easy to show that Lillie & Son are which the larger portion of their capital lies, but are thoroughly American in their sympathies, as they are in spirit, more material than any other—the product of this State.

The next point to be noticed is the writer's call on his Philadelphia friends to read an extract from Tax Exemption Testimony of April 16, 1864, which shows some of the different ways the common safe is opened. Now, if the reader will refer to the article in The Evening Telegraph of the 16th, he will find it there stated particularly that those ways were of common occurrence, and that they were known to burglars, and I now say the different ways pointed out were at the time well known to burglars, and had been previously published in the world.

But it seems to suit the writer's case to leave out those facts in his defense. He adopts the principle that "*perjury or falsehood* must be resorted to, when it is necessary to leave out "Hamlet" Desperate ends require desperate means, and it is evident the thief's honor does not like to stand alone. I can, however, offer him this consolation, that notwithstanding the dishonest practice, he has shown to every way to aid the thief, he has no wish but I succeed.

I do not believe he can find a burglar in the country that would even thank him for all his efforts; for every professional burglar knows that if he can get a bar or lever into a Safe, ock he is all right, and unless the writer can learn the burglar how to drill chilled iron, which I very much doubt, his occupation is gone.

The next point which Mr. Evans is the very grave question put by the writer, whether it is not easier to drill one small hole through Lillie's Chilled Iron Door than twenty holes through the common Sheet Iron Door?

The reader will see by any disinterested from worker whether he can not drill even twenty small holes through one-sixteenth to one-eighth inch sheet iron much easier than to drill one hole through one-and-a half to two inches solid chilled iron, and let him answer the question.

The next point which the writer alleges as the cause of the controversy is—

That Lillie's agent, among others, called at the Consolation Bank, on Mr. W. H. Rinner, banker, Allentown, and on the Treasurer of the West Chester Railroad, saying to the latter he could break into his bank and burglar proof safe in twenty minutes; and that the former, that he could peck their locks, made by Evans & Watson, in five minutes.

Now I am the sole responsible agent of this city for Lillie's Safe, and I pronounce the above statements absolutely false, so far as it applies to myself, as I am not aware that I have had any conversation with either of the two other parties on the subject of safes at all, and I have never made any such statements, as are alleged, to the former or any other person. But I take the full responsibility as to all that is published in "THE TRIBUNE of April 16, 1864, which can be explained or promised from that date. I will say that, if any thing, as the article was taken from that, and I am unaware, to sustain every position there made to the satisfaction of any disinterested person.

This is, I believe, the prominent points in this article, and the writer's reasons for his unreasonable attack upon Lillie's Safe are found to be mere pretense, and with out the slightest foundation, but are made to cover up the most barefaced attempt of the kind ever in Philadelphia. It is a fact well understood, that the writer has realized a fortune in the last few years by making Safes of the lightest material, with a reference to cheapness, and selling them in the cheapest manner, and filled mainly with red clay (which costs nothing), to give them the appearance of weight and solidity, and that he has sold these Safes at very high prices, making an extravagant profit.

It is a fact also well understood, that within the last three years Lillie's Chilled Iron Safe has been largely introduced in this city and state for in the simple fact that intelligent men have come to the conclusion that it would be better to chest the chests of so-called iron, being a dry-proof, with a fire-proof, burglar-proof lock, to a safe that had one sixteenth to one-twelfth of an inch thickness of sheet iron, with the cheapest common lock, and be burglar-proof in all, especially when the former cost only about the same price as the latter.

How does the writer attempt to remedy this difficulty? Not by improving his own safe, but by an attempt to discredit Lillie's. How does he do this? He first publicly announces that Lillie's Safe is neither fire nor burglar-proof, and republishes an array of false statements, first published in other safe makers, which he knew at the time had been publicly proven to be false. So mad, he succeeded to induce a house who had one of Lillie's Safes by similar false representations, to exchange a Lillie's Safe for Evans & Watson's, by giving them a Safe he rated near $400 for, in exchange for Lillie's, which cost $175; and since about the 1st of January last, I am told he has spent much of his time in the attempt to discover the Safe in every way, first by sounding, then by grinding holes through it (having discovered that it had not the usual hardness). As to the Lock, he first claimed it was an infringement upon Evans & Watson's Alphabetical Lock, but as that has been proved to be an old and leaky, to discredit the Lock he shows that the one function of the Lock can be picked up from the outside if a hole can be pounded through the door in the right place, a sample of discovery which has been fully exploded. Now, why resort to all this contemptible meanness? Why not come out fairly and squarely and have Evans & Watson's Safe placed alongside of Lillie's, and have them fairly tested, both as to their fire and their burglar proof qualities, as he has been challenged to do often? The reason is plain. The writer knows that it will not do to place 1-16 to 1-12th of an inch thickness of sheet iron against 1½ to 2 inch thickness of hard chilled iron to stand either fire or the burglar, and "that's what's the matter."

M. C. SADLER, Agent,
No. 21 South SEVENTH Street.

P. S.—The public test of Safes that was expected to come off last week is unavoidably postponed for a week or two. The article in the *Sunday Dispatch* of the 10th of July will be answered in my next. M. C. S., Agent.

Steck & Co.'s Pianos.—

STECK & CO.'S MASON & HAMLIN'S PIANOS

CABINET ORGANS. PIANOS.

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Manufacturers of New and Delicious Confections, Almond Paste, Chocolate, Caramels, Cream Lozenges, Paris, exquisitely flavored.
Roasted Jordan Almonds, &c., &c.
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HARPER FOR AUGUST!!!
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LILLIE,

IN HIS

BOMBASTIC PUFF

IN

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

Of the 12th instant,

RELATIVE TO THE

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY

OF

ONE OF HIS SAFES,

LAST SUNDAY MORNING,

states that the burglars did not drill a hole more than half an inch though, which statement he knows to be false, as the burglars did drill a hole three-quarters of an inch deep, which was half way through the door. There is no doubt, had they not been disturbed, they would have drilled it all the way through the door, and then rifled the Safe.

Although Lillie states that the further you go into the Safe the harder the iron, I will undertake to drill the balance through, and if I don't succeed in one half hour's time, I will forfeit one hundred dollars; or I will drill as many holes as will enable him to from one-half to two hours' time in any part of the Safe, or any other Safe he has in use in Philadelphia. If I don't succeed I will forfeit one hundred dollars.

I succeeded yesterday in drilling three holes in the Safe at our store in twenty minutes each with one drill, which is ready to drill three more.

DAVID EVANS.

TO THE UNDERSIGNED BREWERS OF THE City of Philadelphia, in consequence of the continued advance in the cost of hops, malt, fuel, &c., and the increased expense in the manufacture and delivery of Ale & Porter, are compelled to AGAIN ADVANCE THE PRICE OF THE PORTER AND ALE to the following, rates, to take effect on and after this date:—

PORTER, per barrel.....	$11 00
DRAUGHT PORTER, per barrel.....	11 00
ORTLING'S ALE, per barrel.....	10 00
BOTTLING PORTER, per barrel.....	10 00

Respectfully,
WILLIAM GAUL, ABBOTT & CO.,
MASSEY WILLIAMS & CO. PHILIP RUCKER,
FREDERICK LAUER, CHRISTIAN SCHMIDT,
LEWIS & GRAY, VITHMAR & CO.,
BENAIZ BUCHLER, W. D. MCINTOSH & CO.,
J. SPES STOBER, GEORGE W. GRAY.
Philadelphia, July 14, 1864. jy14-3t

MILITARY NOTICES.

TO THE

Patriotic Citizens of Philadelphia.

THE

MERCHANTS' REGIMENT

IS NOW CALLING

FOR RECRUITS

FOR IMMEDIATE

SERVICE IN THE FIELD.

The Officers are all Men of Experience, and have proved their Courage on the Field of Battle.

COME FORWARD,

EVERY MOMENT IS PRECIOUS!!!

The Enemy Threatens our Capital,

AND MEN! BRAVE, PATRIOTIC MEN, ARE NEEDED AT ONCE!!!

COME, THEREFORE,
FROM YOUR WORKSHOPS!
FROM YOUR STORES!
FROM YOUR FACTORIES!

And prove to these Traitors that they shall not Desecrate our Soil with Impunity.

The emergency is pressing, and the march to the front of a few brave, devoted patriots, to co operate with the gallant Army of the Potomac, will put an end forever to the hopes of the Rebel hordes.

Come forward, then, and obey the pressing call of your country, and sustain the pride and glory of our good old Commonwealth.

HEADQUARTERS,

No. 434 CHESNUT Street,

City Bounty Fifty Dollars.

The Military Committee MEET DAILY, and the Merchants of Philadelphia are earnestly solicited to unite with them for the purpose of sending this Regiment to the field at once.

MONEY IS NEEDED at once, and the Merchants of Philadelphia are earnestly requested to send their contributions to the undersigned without delay.

JAMES S. MARTIN, Treasurer,
Of Garrett & Martin, No. 520 Market street,
JOHN WOODSIDE,
Of J. Woodside & Co., No. 107