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FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. JAMES M. POWER, OF MERCER COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS: ANDREW STEWART, OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

COUNTY MEETING.

A meeting of the Whigs and Antislavery Friends of Somerset county will be held at the Court House in Somerset, on Tuesday evening of Court week, (1st September), to give an expression of opinion on the leading questions which now agitate the country.

The Hon. Andrew Stewart, it is expected, will be present to address the meeting.

The friends of a protective Tariff and of domestic industry generally are invited to attend, it being probable that measures for the furtherance of these objects will be taken by the meeting. MANY.

An Apprentice Wanted. A Boy from the country will be taken as an apprentice at this office, if application be made soon.

Plain Questions.

Upon what grounds do the friends of Mr. Weyand place his election?

Is it pretended that he is better, or even as well qualified, to represent the people of this District in Congress as Mr. Stewart?

Would he have as much influence, if elected, as Mr. Stewart?

Would he bring forward or advocate measures better calculated to advance the interests of his constituents and of the nation than those which Mr. Stewart has brought forward or advocated?

Would he use his best efforts to have the Tariff of 1842 re-established, and if he did, would he be likely to accomplish as much as Mr. Stewart would?

Is it proposed to carry any new measures through Congress in regard to which Mr. Weyand's views differ from those of Mr. Stewart? If so, what are those measures?

What are Mr. Weyand's views of the American Tariff of 1842 and of the British Tariff of 1846 respectively? Is he in favor of the former or of the latter?

These are questions which the people of this District have a right to ask and expect to be answered. Let Mr. Weyand's friends attend to them; let them "define" their candidate's "position," unmask their batteries, and show the public where they and he are to be found.

The Meeting next Tuesday.

We expect to see a good turn-out to the meeting at the Court House next Tuesday evening. The course of policy which the Administration and its friends have adopted, demands from the people an expression of their sentiments, and especially that part of it which will soon press so heavily upon the industry of the country as to depress trade and prostrate labor.

All the other bad acts of the Administration might have been borne in silence, but the destruction of the protective Tariff is a measure which deserves to be condemned by every freeman in the nation.

Whatever others may think, or say, or do, we feel assured that the hard-listed yeomanry of Somerset county will speak out their sentiments as becomes freemen and republicans.

The British Tariff Act and the Subtreasury Act are twin measures. Under the operations of the one, the industry of the nation will be prostrated; and by the other, a large portion of the gold and silver now in general use will be withdrawn from circulation. The result will be that Banks, however solvent, will be compelled to curtail their discounts—and others, having but a small capital, will explode. A general crash among business men will follow—and then, in order to blindfold the people, the Administration and its friends will cry out against "the Banks!—the rascally Banks!" as being the cause of all the mischief. Mark our words!

APPROPRIATIONS.

The amount of money appropriated during the late session of Congress, we learn is sixty one millions of dollars, and it was stated in the Senate by Mr. Allen, a few days prior to the adjournment that it would become necessary to appropriate some thirty-five millions more the next session on account of the Mexican war. "Hurrah for Polk, Dallas and Texas!"—Where are those banners?

ANOTHER NEW STATE.—

Wisconsin has been admitted as a State of the Union.

The Congressional Election.

Though our opponents in this county are apparently passive in regard to the Congressional election, we understand that extraordinary efforts are being made, in a quiet way, in behalf of their candidate. It will be well enough for the Whigs to bear this fact in mind, lest they be found "napping" at a time when they ought to be up and doing.

STATE ELECTIONS.

INDIANA.—Whitcomb, Locofoco, is elected Governor by about 1000 votes; the Locos have a majority of 2 in the Senate, and the Whigs a majority of 8 or 10 in the House.

KENTUCKY has gone for the Whigs with a rush.

NORTH CAROLINA.—A Whig Governor, Whig Senate and Whig House of Representatives.

MISSOURI.—Gone for the Locos, as usual.

Bouquet's Battle Ground.

We are much gratified to observe by the Greensburgh papers, that a number of citizens of Westmoreland and Allegheny counties contemplate erecting a monument on the spot where in 1763 was fought Col. Bouquet's memorable Battle with the Indians, in which the latter were completely routed, and in consequence of which their incursions upon the frontier settlements ceased for a season. A three days' encampment of the volunteer companies of the above named counties is to be held on the Battle Ground, commencing on the 9th day of September, and in the course of which the monument is to be erected.

Spurious \$2 bills on the Northern Bank of Kentucky, Lexington, are said to be in circulation. Vignette, Railroad cars; cashier's name and filling up engraved.

It is rumored that the Bank of Lewistown has suspended payment. Not certain.

The Issue in October Next:

JAS. M. POWER | WM. B. FOSTER AND THE | AND THE Whig Tariff of '42. | British Tariff of '46.

People of Pennsylvania, says the Reading Journal, here is the issue fairly stated. The election of JAMES M. POWER will be regarded all over the Union as evidence not to be misunderstood, that PENNSYLVANIA is not to be PROSTRATED IN THE DUST, or her honest voters CHEATED and HUMBLED with impunity—while every vote polled FOR WILLIAM B. FOSTER will be deemed an expression in favor of FREE TRADE and the BRITISH TARIFF of 1846.

Elections.

State elections were held on Monday, August 3d in Alabama, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri; and also took place in North Carolina and Tennessee on Thursday, August 6th. The remaining elections this year will be held as stated below:

Table with 3 columns: State, Date, Day

Vermont	on Tuesday, Sept.	1st
Maine	Monday	14th
Georgia	"	5th
Arkansas	"	5th
Maryland	Wednesday	7th
S. Carolina	Monday	12th
Pennsylvania	Tuesday	13th
Ohio	"	13th
Mississippi	"	13th
Michigan	"	2d
New York	"	2d
New Jersey	"	2d
Massachusetts	Monday	9th
Delaware	Tuesday	10th

Whipping-In.

The Philadelphia Pennsylvanian, which is one of the organs of the Administration, holds this language: "But there is no middle ground to take in such a crisis as this. He that is not with the Democracy of the Union, whatever else may be said to the contrary, is against it. Let us be understood. Our meaning is clear, that while the State of Pennsylvania has its own notions in regard to protection, she is not the less a member of the great political church, nor does it follow that she should divide from her friends even in thought. Those who advise a different course—those who ask her to separate from the Democratic party of the Union, on this subject—are either her worst enemies, or their own."

This is plain enough. The Administration have determined to resort to the policy of "whipping-in." All who have the independence and moral nerve to advocate Protection to Home Industry, as opposed to the doctrines of the National Administration, are to be denounced as traitors to the party. Senator Cameron and his friends, will please take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.—Lan. Tribune.

FREE TRADE.

On the strength of Peel's bill, a cargo of Wheat went out of New York, purchased at \$1.00 per bushel and has sold in Liverpool at 70 cts.—Farmers, you have been told that the free trade bill of the Peel Ministry would improve the price of grain!

The United States Government has

purchased two propeller steamboats, to ply on the Rio Grande.

A STRANGER IN WALL STREET.

The following youngster from Washington made his appearance in Wall street yesterday and attracted a great deal of attention. The dear little thing is not christened yet—no body knows what to call it; but the lovers of mammon in that wicked street, after fondling it over for a while, turned it right into a bank note and it is passing as CURRENCY, just as if it was worth \$100!

WAR WARRANT No. —

\$100. Treasury of the U. States Washington, 27th June, 1846

At sight pay to T. J. Leslie, Paymaster, or order, ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, W. SELDEN, Treasurer of United States, No. — Reg't 27th June, 1846 \$100 Canal and Banking Company, New Orleans.

R. H. GILLET, Register of the Treasury.

Now, from the Treasury Department we expected Treasury NOTES, Treasury DRAFTS, Treasury REQUISITIONS, and all other sorts of paper money with new names; but we never expected to see the War Department go into the manufacture of paper money rags. This note, however, has been beautifully engraved for the War Department, and is issued from it just as a \$100 bank note is from any bank in Wall street.

It passes just as any other bank note does, and is rather better currency, because it is without discount in any other part of the Union. So we have at last, and already, under this HARD-MONEY Administration, the Government banking system established both in the War and Treasury Departments.—N. Y. Express.

From the Baltimore Patriot. THE BRITISH TARIFF.

The following article is from the pen of an old Democrat, who aided in the election of Gen. Jackson, and who supported the election of Mr. Polk; but his democracy does not make him the enemy of the laborers of his country and the advocate of the laborers of foreign countries as it does a large portion of "the party."

Mr. Editor.—The "Argus" of Tuesday last has copied an article from the "New Haven Register," giving a list of several articles of the new British Tariff, compared with the law of 1842, which are erroneous in many particulars.

The article says that HATS, FUR, pay under the new law, 50 per cent., and under the present law 35. The fact, is, under the present law fur hats are at 50 per cent, and the new at 30 per cent.—Also, the article says, that Boots and Bottees, under the new law, pay 30 per cent, and under the present law 31. The fact is, Boots and Bottees, under the present law, pay a specific duty of 125 cents per pair; and Shoes and Pumps a duty of 30 cents per pair.

The friends of the new British Tariff Law are making many erroneous statements to deceive the people.

Silk hats, under the present law, pay 100 cents each specific duty, and under the new British law 25 per cent, ad valorem, which is not 25 cents each.

Wool hats, under the present law, pay 18 cts. each specific duty, and under the new British law pay 30 per cent ad valorem, which is not ten cts. each.

The tailors, boot and shoe makers, weavers, tobacconists, cigar makers, and many others, haven't one half of the protection under the new British law that is given them under the present law.

Under the law of 1842, fur hats pay 50 per cent, ad valorem; boots and bottees 125 cents per pair; shoes and pumps 30 cents per pair; wool hats 18 cents each; silk hats 100 cents each.

Backing Out.

The loco loco papers of this State which had the boldness to denounce M'Kay's British Tariff Bill before they knew what their leaders would finally permit them to do, are almost unanimously clawing off and making humble apologies for their sins, or more humble ones for those who foisted the infamous measure upon the country. This we expected and predicted. Men who are not their own masters have no right to speak until they are told what to say by those who control their thoughts and actions, and those who have done so on the Tariff business have discovered to their sorrow what perfect slaves they are.

Even the Spirit of the Times, of Philadelphia, which was for a time quite rabid, is now as tame as a kitten. Not a word has it uttered for a week on the treason of Dallas, and not a word will it utter hereafter. And what is more, its editor and all connected with it would vote again tomorrow for Polk and Dallas, if they were the candidates of the party. And so with every other loco loco editor in the State. They can howl for a day when destruction comes upon the country, but the next day all is forgot.—Lancaster Union.

Whooping Cough.—We are indebted to Mr. J. N. Brown, of our city, says the Baton Rouge Gazette, for the following receipt, which has been very successfully used in his family as a remedy for the whooping Cough:

"Equal portions of linseed oil, honey and New England rum mixed together; give one table spoonful every time the patient coughs—effects a cure in a few days."

STRAWBERRY LEAVES.—Three or four, eaten green, are an immediate remedy for dysentery, summer complaint, &c. Papers, by publishing the above, will confer a favor on the community, and save an immense amount of suffering and many valuable lives.

Poor House Directors.

We have been requested to suggest the names of the following gentlemen for Poor House Directors.

Absalom Casebeer, George Chorpennig, Sr. Jonas Keim.

CORONER.

ISAAC FRIEDLINE, of Lavansville, is recommended as a candidate for the office of Coroner, by many voters of

PAINT TOWNSHIP.

AUDITOR.

SAMUEL J. LIGHTY, of Somerset township, is recommended for county Auditor by

STONycREEK.

AUDITOR.

RR. ROW.—GEORGE WELLS, Esq., of Brothersvalley Township, is recommended as a suitable person for county Auditor. Many citizens of Milford

JAYNE'S MEDICINE.

Jayne's Expectorant.—This is undoubtedly the most valuable, (as it is decidedly the most popular) medicine of its kind, ever introduced in this State. The demand for it has been constant and increasing, from the time it was first offered for sale here to the present time; numerous testimonials of its real worth and usefulness, from very many of our citizens, might be produced, but a trial will satisfy all, that it is a speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Asthma, Hoarseness, Spitting of blood, and all kinds of Pulmonary Affections.—Bangor (Me.) Daily Whig.

From the Rev. A. R. Hinckley, Franklin, Ia, March 19, 1841.

Dr. Jayne—Your medicines have been in nearly every case successful, especially the Expectorant, I have received much benefit from the use of it myself, and one of my nearest neighbors, who had been afflicted from childhood with the Asthma so severely as nearly to suffocate her during the paroxysm which returned about once a week, has been, to all appearance permanently cured.

A. R. HINCKLEY, Owego, N. Y., July 27, 1841.

Dear Sir—We want some more of your medicines particularly the Expectorant, which gives universal satisfaction.

Respectfully yours, SLOSSON & WILLIAMS. Dr. D. JAYNE.

Binghamton, N. Y., May 31, 1841

Dr. Jayne.—Dear Sir,—Your Expectorant is in great demand and sells well, and is very popular; your Vermifuge is much used, as also your Sanguine Pills, Yours, &c., BENJAMIN GREENE, Sold by J. J. & H. F. Schell, Somerset Pa.

Also by Edward Bevin, Stonycreek Pa.

ASSEMBLY.

To the Voters of Somerset County. FELLOW CITIZENS:—I offer myself as a candidate for a seat in the State Legislature, at the ensuing general election, and if elected, will serve you faithfully to the best of my ability.

JONATHAN KNEPPER, Southampton tp, Aug. 25.

ASSEMBLY.

IN accordance with the wish of numerous friends, I submit myself to the voters of Somerset county as a candidate for the ASSEMBLY at the ensuing election, and respectfully solicit their support.

GEO. MOWRY, Somerset, Aug. 25.

COMMISSIONER.

TO THE FREE AND INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF SOMERSET COUNTY. FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the solicitation of numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself to your consideration as a Candidate for

COMMISSIONER, at the ensuing General Election, and respectfully solicit your suffrages. If elected, I will discharge the duties of the office with impartiality.

SAMUEL GAUMER, Southampton tp, } Aug. 25, '46 }

NOTICE.

Estate of John Wigle, dec'd. LETTERS of administration on the estate of John Wigle, late of Stonycreek township, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, he requests all persons indebted to said estate to attend at his residence, on Thursday the 1st of October next, prepared to settle, and those having claims against said estate, to present them at the same time and place, properly authenticated.

ABNER YODER, Aug. 25, '46-6*

Sheriffalty.

To the voters of Somerset County. FELLOW CITIZENS: I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of

SHERIFF, at the ensuing general election, and respectfully solicit your votes for the same. If elected, I will perform the duties of the office with fidelity.

SOLOMON KNEE, may 26 1846,

Sheriffalty.

TO THE FREE AND INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF SOMERSET COUNTY. FELLOW CITIZENS:—I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of

SHERIFF, at the ensuing election, and respectfully solicit your suffrages for the same. If elected, I will perform the duties of the office with fidelity.

JAMES PARSON, Somerset tp, May 19, 1846.

Sheriffalty.

To the electors of Somerset County: FELLOW CITIZENS:—Thankful for the very liberal support received on a former occasion, I again offer myself as a candidate for

SHERIFF, and respectfully solicit your votes for the same. If elected, I will perform the duties of the office correctly.

SAMUEL GRIFFITH, Jenner tp, July 14, 1846.

Sheriffalty.

To the voters of Somerset County. FELLOW CITIZENS:—Thankful for the vote I received on a previous occasion, I again offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of

SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JACOB C. SPEICHER, June 16, '46.

SHERIFFALTY

TO THE VOTERS OF SOMERSET COUNTY. AT the suggestion of many friends, I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for

SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should I be elected, I pledge my utmost abilities for the faithful discharge of all the duties of the office.

JOHN O. KIMMEL, may 19, 1846.

Sheriffalty.

To the Voters of Somerset County. FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the suggestion of numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for

SHERIFF, at the ensuing general election, and respectfully solicit your votes for the same. If elected I will perform the duties of the office with fidelity.

JACOB CUSTER, Rockingham Furnace, } June 23, '46. }

Commissioner.

To the Voters of Somerset County. FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the solicitation of a number of friends, I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for

COMMISSIONER, at the ensuing general election, and respectfully solicit your suffrages. If elected, I will discharge the duties of the office with impartiality.

WM. F. DIVELY, Berlin, June 23, 1846.

COMMISSIONER.

TO THE INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF SOMERSET COUNTY. I OFFER myself to your consideration as a Candidate for the office of

COMMISSIONER, Should I be so fortunate as to receive a majority of your suffrages I pledge myself to the performance of the duties of the office, with impartiality and fidelity.

JACOB LAMBERT (of J.) Stonycreek tp, May, 26, '46.

Commissioner.

To the Voters of Somerset County. FELLOW-CITIZENS.—I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for

County Commissioner at the ensuing election; and should I receive a majority of your suffrages, shall perform the duties of said office to the best of my judgment and ability.

JOHN MONG, Stonycreek tp, } June 2, 1846. }

Commissioner.

FELLOW CITIZENS: Through the solicitations of numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself to your consideration for re-election.

Should I receive a majority of your votes you may expect the duties of the office to be faithfully and efficiently performed.

FREDERICK WEIMER, Somerset, May 26, 1846.

COMMISSIONER.

TO THE VOTERS OF SOMERSET COUNTY. FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the suggestion of many friends, I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for

County Commissioner, at the ensuing election, and should I receive a majority of your suffrages, I shall perform the duties of said office to the best of my judgment and ability.

JOHN P. H. WALKER, Addison tp, July 28, 1846.

SPRAY MARE.

CAME trespassing on the premises of the subscriber in Elklick township, Somerset county, on the 28th of June, 1846. One sorrel mare with ball face about four years old last spring, the owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of as the law directs. VALENTINE TISE, July 28, '46

"Pro Bono Publico."

SHERIFF'S SALES.

THE Sheriff of Somerset County will offer for sale by public outcry, in the Borough of Somerset on Friday the 28th day of August 1846, the following real estate—

A tract of land, situate in Turkeyfoot township, containing 200 acres, more or less, as the property of Michael Firestone.

A tract of land, situate in Addison tp., containing 150 acres, more or less, as the property of John Bell.

A tract of land, situate in Addison township, containing 100 acres, more or less, as the property of Henry Rook.

A tract of land, situate in Conemaugh township, containing 200 acres, more or less, as the property of Thomas Rifle.

A house and lot in the Borough of Somerset, as the property of Samuel Lint.

A tract of land in Addison township containing 270 acres, more or less; and one other tract, containing 260 acres, more or less, as the property of Thomas Bird.

A tract of land, situate in Somerset township, containing 152 acres, more or less, as the property of Jacob Shallis.

A tract of land in Stonycreek township containing 150 acres, more or less, as the property of Henry Keller.

A house and lot in Stonycreek township, as the property of Lobingier Kimmel.

LIST OF CAUSES.

PUT down for trial at August term 1846, commencing on Monday the 31st day.

Table listing legal cases with names of parties.

Godard	vs Hartzell
Millers assignee	vs Clarke
Neff	vs Ankeny
Flick	vs Hanna
Garman	vs Neff & Rankin
Summy & wife	vs Tisue & wife
Sommy et al	vs Tisue
Knopsdyer	vs Inhoff
Kimmel	vs Kimmel
Scott	vs Swank
Hunter	vs Brant
Garretson	vs Countryman et al
Robinson & Frisbe	vs Flick
Rankin's use	vs Neff et al
Young	vs Meese bail &c
Wable	vs Wable
Samo	vs Augustine
Foust	vs Custer
Griffith	vs Richards
Hoover	vs Philippi
Long's use	vs Saylor
Barns use	vs Same
Kimmel	vs Kimmel
Robinson & Frisbie vs Meese	vs Shockey
Koontz	vs Koontz
Moyer	vs Moyer et al
Chorpennig	vs Putman
Schell's use	vs Cummins
Chorpennig's use vs Stoner	vs Lenhart

A. J. OGLE, Prothonotary Aug. 4 1846.

Orphans' Court Sale OF REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, there will be exposed to sale by public outcry on the premises, on Tuesday