

SOMERSET HERALD.

Somerset, Pa.,

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1845.

V. B. PALMER, Esq. of Philadelphia at his Real Estate and Coal Office, is our authorized Agent for obtaining Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "HERALD" and is clothed with full power to receipt for any monies paid to him on these objects. His agency includes the following cities, viz:—Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Boston, and his offices in these several places are located as follows:—Philadelphia—No. 59 Pine Street. New York—No. 16 Nassau. Baltimore—S. E. Corner of Balt. & Cal St. Boston—No. 15 State st.

MONEY TO BE SAVED!

Read! Read!! Read!!!

Persons indebted to us longer than six months, are requested to make payment before the 1st of January next. Those interested will save money by attending to this notice.

NEXT GOVERNOR.

A recent meeting in Huntingdon recommended Gen. James Irvine, of Centre, as the next Whig candidate for Governor, and a correspondent of the Pennsylvania Intelligencer advances the claims of the Hon. James Cooper, of Adams. Both these gentlemen stand deservedly high in the Whig party, and either of them would make a popular candidate, and, if elected, a good Governor. But there are reasons why the claims of neither should be pressed at this time. Gen. Markle made a hard run last year under very unfavorable circumstances, and his friends very justly claim for him another trial at the next gubernatorial election. "Old Mississinewa" is a "strong team"—and if he will consent to become a candidate again when the time for making a nomination arrives, he will in our judgment be able to run a larger vote upon his own individual merits than any other man in Pennsylvania.

A Persevering Tyler Man.

A Washington Correspondent of the Ohio Statesman gives the following, in regard to one of Tyler's office holders.—Shortly before retiring from office, Mr. Tyler appointed a certain Alonza Smith, as a sort of travelling agent to the South American Republics, agreeing that he should receive from the Government eight dollars per day, and have his travelling expenses paid, while engaged in the discharge of the duties appertaining to his office. The present Administration has been anxious to recall Mr. Smith, but cannot find out in what part of the world he is sojourning, and it is thought he will hold on to his office and his contract for a few years longer at least, and will then re-appear and demand his fees and perquisites!

Anti-Tariff Meeting.

After the recent demonstrations by a portion of the "Democracy" of Pittsburg, in favor of the present Tariff, it will no doubt excite some surprise with our readers to learn that another portion of the same party, in the same place, have still more recently held an ANTI-Tariff meeting, at which it was roundly asserted that "the protective policy was at war with the spirit of Democratic principles, and inimical to the rights of the laboring classes."

The meeting was held on the 22d ultimo; and the Pittsburg Age, in noticing its proceedings says:—"The Democratic party of this city and county, may now be considered as fairly embarked in the Anti-Tariff policy, or, at least, committed to follow the Administration in its course, be it friendly or otherwise to the protective principle."

The Mormons.

The latest accounts from Nauvoo state, that the Mormons are actively engaged in making preparations for removing to California. They have already organized twenty-five companies of one hundred families each. Each family will have a wagon drawn by oxen and supplied with every thing necessary for the journey, and a troop of horse is to act as an advance guard. The Mormon people, both from Europe and the United States, are called upon to congregate at the Bay of St. Francisco. Their whole number is estimated at two-hundred thousand!

Snow.—On Sunday morning it commenced snowing moderately, and has continued with but little intermission since—and at the time we are going to press, (Monday 12 o'clock) the ground is covered to the depth of at least 12 inches.

HOGS.—The Chillicothe Metropolis says:—"It is now generally conceded that the ruling price for hogs in this market, during the present season will be four dollars per hundred. At Alton and St. Louis, pork is worth \$3 to \$3.50 and beef \$2.50. The Quincy Whig says: We are inclined to think that the article this fall and winter will command prices satisfactory to the farmers."

The Flour Market.

The following are the prices of Flour according to our latest accounts:—
BALTIMORE—Nov. 21.—\$5 87 a \$6; "INC" sales closed at \$5 75.
CINCINNATI—Nov. 22.—\$4 50; \$4 60, a \$4 65.
NEW YORK—Nov. 22.—\$7 25, \$7 a \$7 09.
PHILADELPHIA—Nov. 23.—\$6 50; \$6 62 a \$6 79.

The Foreign News.

The Foreign News, which we publish at length, is of a highly interesting character. The scarcity of, and consequent pressing demand for all kinds of bread-stuffs in England, will have a considerable bearing upon prices in this country, and be the means of draining it of much of its surplus supply.

Speculations in Bread-Stuffs.

The intelligence by the late arrivals from Europe has induced heavy operations in flour and wheat, and those who engaged in the business first, will no doubt realize handsome profits upon their investments of capital. But prices cannot keep up very long. The present year's crop of wheat in the United States amounts to 125,000,000 bushels, which is an excess over that of last year, of 22,000,000. Michigan alone produced 7,000,000 bushels; and the arrivals at Detroit by the Central Railroad, amounted recently to 10,000 bushels per day.

The majority in favor of a State Convention in New York, for the purpose of amending the Constitution of that State, in 27 counties, is 90,000. The majority in the whole State is estimated at 150,000.

Santa Anna.

It is the opinion of well-informed persons, who have been watching the progress of events in Mexico, that Santa Anna will ere long be again restored to power.

Congress met yesterday. We expect to receive the President's Message in time for our next paper.

New York Election.

It is now settled that the Senators elected this year stand THREE Whig to FIVE Loco-Foco.—Last year, ONE Whig, ONE Native, SIX Loco.—The new Senators are as follows:

- 1st. Dist. Edward Sanford, Loco, by 5,500 plurality, not maj.
- 2nd. Saxton Smith, Loco, by some 4 to 5,000 maj.
- 3d. Wm. H. Van Schoonhoven, W. & A. R. by over 5,000.
- 4th. Samuel Young, Loco, by about 1,000.
- 5th. Joshua A. Spencer, Whig, by about 1,000.
- 6th. Thomas J. Wheeler, Loco, by about 1,000.
- 6th. Richard H. Williams, Loco, by about 100.
- 8th. Gideon Hard, Whig, by some 5,500.

The Assembly will stand about 54 Whig to 74 Loco, or, more precisely, 51 Whigs, 71 Locos, 6 Anti-Rent. Greene has elected both Locos, one of whom is, like the Rensselaer Whig Members, favorable to the objects of the Anti-Rents, though not distinctively of their party. We think the Independent ticket is elected in Otsego County, (1 Whig; 2 sort of Locos,) though the regular Sheriff has succeeded. We presume both the Ulster Members are loco, though this is not absolutely certain. In Columbia we still hope that Pitts, Loco is beaten by Halstead, W. running on the Anti-Rent ticket. We cannot yet tell which party has 2 of the 3 Members from Dutchess, so close is the vote. In Cayuga, it is believed but not proved that one Loco is elected. Cattaraugus is believed to be Whig, but is very close and but partially heard from. It seems idle, therefore to give a table of Members elect until the Official Canvasses shall tell us who they are. St. Lawrence gives Col. Young over 1800 majority and elects him. John M. Holley is beaten by a shameful apathy among the Whigs of Ontario.—N. Y. Tribune.

Senator from Georgia.

The Legislature of Georgia has elected the Hon. J. M. BERRIEN, United States Senator for the unexpired term ending in 1847. It will be remembered that Mr. Berrien, a short time since, resigned his place in the Senate, but having consented again to serve, the Legislature has re-instated him for the balance of the term.

BENNING W. JENNESS has been appointed U. S. Senator by the Governor of New Hampshire, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the appointment of Hon. Levi Woodbury as a Judge of the Supreme Court.

The Hon. JOSEPH W. CHALMERS, of Marshall county, Mississippi, has been appointed by the Governor of that State, U. S. Senator in Congress, vice Hon. Jacob Thompson, who declined the appointment.

GEORGIA.—Ware, Whig has been elected to the House of Representatives from Madison Co. by 14 majority. There was a tie at the October election between the Whig and Loco Foco candidates.

TO ALL CONCERNED.

We would call the attention of some of our subscribers to the following reasonable and well settled rules of Law in relation to publishers, and the patrons of newspapers.

The Law of Newspapers.

1. Subscribers who do not give EXPRESS NOTICE to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrearages are paid.
3. If Subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their bill, and ordered their papers discontinued.
4. If Subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and their paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
5. The courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper or periodical from the office or removing and leaving it uncalled for, is "prima facie" evidence of INTENTIONAL FRAUD.

Thanksgiving day was pretty generally observed by our citizens.

The Government Paper and the Baltimore Democratic Convention.

The official paper again parades half a column of resolutions which it says were adopted by the Baltimore (Presidential) Convention, and which embody the Republican creed. For the "Republican," which has as many hues as the chameleon and more phases than the moon, we care nothing, but it is a POSITIVE UNTRUTH to say that the resolutions cited by the Union were adopted at the Baltimore Convention. It may appear so upon the record, but it is not so in fact.

The Convention met on the 27th of May, 1844, and adjourned on the 30th.

The whole business of making a President was finished on the afternoon of the 29th, Mr. Hubbard of New Hampshire, having introduced Mr. Polk's name on the morning of that day!

On the morning of the 30th, (the session being a short one,) Mr. Butler of N. York introduced a series of Resolutions, among which we find the following, now quoted by the Union to prove that the whole Democratic party is pledged to the whole of Oregon:

"Resolved, THAT OUR TITLE TO THE WHOLE OF THE TERRITORY OF OREGON IS CLEAR AND UNQUESTIONABLE; that no portion of the same ought to be ceded to England or any other power, and that the reoccupation of Oregon and the reannexation of Texas, at the earliest practicable period, are great American measures, which this Convention recommends to the cordial support of the Democracy of the Union."

In answer to this resolution, and the authority claimed for it, we assert that NOT ONE-FIFTH OF THE DELEGATES WERE PRESENT WHEN IT WAS ADOPTED, and therefore that it was not the act of the Convention, but at most the act of a committee. All was "confusion, worse confounded," when the Committee on Resolutions was authorized, and when the resolutions were adopted. Great bodies of the so-called Democratic party then, and ever since, have practically repudiated the doctrines of this resolution.

All this was after Mr. Van Buren had been kicked out of the Convention by the perseverance of bold and open foes, and the intrigue, treachery, and weakness of professed and real friends. The world, we believe, never gave exhibition to so much double-dealing, falsehood, and hypocrisy as was practised in this same Baltimore Convention of 1844, from which the Union now puts forth a new "Republican creed!" What now is to become of the creed of '98, which the memorable organ has harped upon for forty-one years past!—New York Express.

We understand that the Pottawatamie Indians had another interview with the President yesterday, when Half-day, the Indian orator, through the Interpreter, informed him that their grievances had not been relieved, as they were unable to come to any satisfactory adjustment of their business before the Commissioners appointed to treat with them. The President replied that he would direct the negotiation to be re-opened, perhaps on a new basis. It is understood that the Indians declined the country offered them as a new home in exchange for their lands northeast of the Missouri river, and another location will in all probability be tendered to them. Every philanthropist must hope that the remnants of all the Indian tribes on our border may be fairly and kindly dealt with.—Nat. Intelligencer.

Horrible Murder.

Just as we were putting the paper to press this morning, we were startled with the news of an aggravated murder, which was committed yesterday about one o'clock at the house of Thomas Evans on the Mount Braddock farm, in Dunbar tp. It appears that Evans and his brother-in-law named Bliss, had some misunderstanding previous to the fatal affair, and that Bliss repaired to the house of Evans with a stone in his hand, in order to make an assault upon his person, when Evans inflicted a great many blows on Bliss' head with an instrument called a corn-cutter, cutting open and fracturing his skull in a most shocking manner. They were both men of families. Evans has fled, but pursuit is now being made by officers and citizens; and it is hoped, he will be captured, to answer before the tribunal of his country, for the awful deed he has perpetrated.—Uniontown Dem.

The Camanche Indians.

These Arabs of the American wilderness range over our continent from Arkansas to California, and from Oregon to Mexico, plundering frontier settlements, murdering the whites, and stealing children. They sell the white girls to neighboring Indian tribes, retaining the boys to train up as chiefs and warriors. The present great war chief is a red-haired Scotchman, who was stolen from his parents while quite young. They use the bow and arrow; and among their twenty-five thousand warriors, they have only twelve hundred rifles. The British Government is said to have had an interview with some of their chiefs early in the present year, near Monterey, in Upper California; and the presence of their warriors in Texas is always attributed to hostile motives; they having an old grudge against the Texans for the murder of a number of their chiefs, out of revenge, at San Antonio a few years ago, while in the Texan camp. They are a faithless race, and seldom or never make treaties. They live principally upon parched wheat, which they carry with them in small bags. They never eat animal food. Their villages are usually built among the mountains, where their wives, children, and old men are protected by natural fortifications. A Camanche always fights to the last; and seldom or never has one of them been taken prisoner. In athletic and equestrian feats they excel every other tribe; and to their honor be it recorded that a Camanche never offers an indignity to a female. In burning the frontier settlements in the United States and Mexico, they make it a principle to murder every adult, male and female, over fifteen or sixteen years of age; but on some occasions, when they rob the dwellings of the rich, they carry off the young women to obtain ransom money from the relatives or friends of the captured. In one instance, a few months ago, they took two daughters of a rich Mexican in Durango, and received five thousand dollars for their safe return.

FROM HAYTI.

By the Mary Clinton we have intelligence from Cape Haytien to the 30th ultimo.

On the 26th ultimo the Dominicans surprised the Haytien garrison at Lexavon, consisting of about three hundred men, and after killing, according to the official accounts, one hundred and twenty-eight men, including a colonel, took possession of the place. On receipt of this intelligence, the President, ordered all the troops at Cape Haytien to march for Lexavon; but information arriving the next day that the Dominicans had evacuated and burnt the town, the order for marching was countermanded. Lexavon is the principal frontier town on this side of the island, about eighteen leagues to the eastward of Cape Haytien, and just within the Spanish lines. The Haytiens took it from the Dominicans in July last. The President is still preparing his grand expedition for the reduction of the Spanish part of the island, which, it is said, will be ready to march in the course of a month.

The President had ordered all the ministers and members of the Council of State to reside at Cape Haytien, and several of the officials had already arrived from Port au Prince.—Boston Whig.

Another eruption of Mount Hecla, in Iceland, the first during 80 years, has burst forth and threatens to ravage the island. A Danish paper says:

In the night of the 1st of September a frightful subterranean groaning filled the inhabitants with terror. This continued till mid-day on the 2d, when the mountain burst in two places with a horrible crash, and vomited masses of fire. In former times these explosions came from the summit, where Hecla has no regularly formed crater; but this time torrents of lava flowed down two gorges on the flanks of the mountain. For the clouds of smoke and vapor the top of the volcano could not be seen. The sheep on the heaths were driven down to the plains, but till several of them were burnt. The waters of the neighboring rivers near the eruption became so hot that the fish were killed, and it was impossible for any one to ford them even on horseback.

The Basle Gazette publishes intelligence of the slipping of a mountain in the Grigons on the 7th ult. It occurred at Buschlaw, and carried away an entire forest of young trees. On the 14th, another catastrophe of the same nature occurred; immense masses of rock were rolled into the valley, inhabitants of which fled in the greatest consternation. The damage done is estimated at 400,000f.

The Boundful West.

A run westward upon the Railroads, and along the line of the Canals, enabled us to see, and to some extent realize the abundant and abounding Agricultural resources of the West. The quantity of Flour coming forward is beyond all precedent. The canal is taxed to its utmost capacity, with Boats. An intelligent Forwarder, who has constantly upon the Tow Path for the last fifteen years, and who knows pretty accurately the extent of the means for removing property, and with whom we travelled on Monday, gave it as his opinion that there was then at least TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND Barrels of Flour afloat between Buffalo and Albany. He counted, within the distance of ten miles, east of Uica, seventy-five Boats, SEVENTY-THREE of which were loaded wholly, or in part, with Flour. Every thing in the shape, form or semblance of a Canal Boat, has been set in motion. An enterprising Miller at Rochester, foreseeing the exigency that occurred, purchased an acre of old Scows that lay sunk in the Basin, and now has a dozen of them employed in the Transportation of Flour.

The weather continues mild and there

is reason to suppose that the Canal will continue navigable for a week or two longer.—Albany Jour.

ACCIDENT TO THE STEAMER HIBERNIA.—The steamship Hibernia, which left Boston on the 1st instant for Liverpool, struck on the point of Cape Race, Newfoundland, in a dense fog, on the night of the 5th, three days out from Halifax. In consequence of leaking considerably she put into St. Johns, Newfoundland, for repairs, where she arrived on the subsequent evening. A letter from Mr. Cunard, at Halifax, gives the particulars of occurrence, from which we learn that the steamer received but slight damage, and it was expected that she would proceed on her voyage in a couple of days.—National Intelligencer.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday morning last, by the Rev. H. R. Kern, Mr. L. BEACON, of Connelville, to Miss MELVINA REISENER, of Somerset bor.

Accompanying the above notice we received a handsome slice of delicious wedding cake, for which the young couple have our thanks and best wishes for their happiness and prosperity.

DIED.

On Monday the 24th ult., infant child of Mr. Geo. Knepper, aged about 2 years.

On Thursday morning last, after a protracted illness, Mrs. SUSAN consort of Daniel Berkeley, in the 66th year of her age.

In Somerset township on Saturday morning last, JOHN son of Isaac Young, in the 3d year of his age.

Somerset Lyceum.

Will meet in the Lyceum room on Friday Evening next.

Question for discussion.

Is offensive war justifiable under any circumstances?

Essayist, Runnells.

Those interested will please attend.

A. S. RUNNELLS, Sec.

DIVIDEND.

THE stockholders of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, residing in Somerset county, are hereby informed, that a dividend of one per cent will be paid to them by Mr. Samuel Kimmel near Stoystown.

PETER SCHELL, Treas.
dec 2 '45

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my wife Lydia has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, I hereby caution all persons against trusting or harboring her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting from and after this date, 24th day of October, 1845. SAMUEL REAM.

Turkey foot, Oct 24 '45—dec 23 '45

PAY UP!!!

ACCORDING to a late Law, unless the State tax due from the several counties be paid into the State Treasury by the 1st of January 1845, five per cent interest is to be added to the amount.—The collectors of Somerset county must therefore pay up immediately or costs will be made. F. WEIMER, JNO. R. KING, PETER BERKEY, Commissioners.
dec 2 '45

5000 ACRES OF MINERAL LANDS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, at the house of George Parker in Jennerville, on Saturday the 27th day of December, 1845, the premises and site of Jackson Furnace, together with about 5000 ACRES OF LAND RICH IN

IRON ORE.

Bituminous Coal & Limestone well supplied with water power and timber for several furnaces, &c., situate in Jenner township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining a good settlement of farmers, connected by a good turnpike road with the Pennsylvania Canal at Johnstown, and the Stoystown and Greensburg turnpike passing through these lands, being part of the estate of the late Charles Ogle, deceased.

This property will be well worth the attention of those who may wish to secure mineral lands.

A draft of these lands can be seen at the house of Mr. George Parker, in Jennerville.

Further information can be had by addressing a letter to the subscriber, residing in Somerset, Somerset county, Pa. EMILY OGLE, Acting Executrix of C. Ogle, dec 2 '45

Valuable REAL ESTATE in Somerset, for sale on reasonable terms.

THE subscriber will sell the house and lot which he now occupies, situate on Main street in the Borough of Somerset, on accommodating terms.

ALSO, an out-lot, adjoining the borough, containing one entire square being in meadow and under good fence. Persons wishing to purchase cheap property will do well to call and examine.

sept 14 '45 Wm P SCHELL

Stray Cattle.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber in Turkeyfoot township, about the first of August last, two red brindle HEIFERS, with speckled faces, supposed to be 3 years old; also one red heifer, same age each has a slit in the right ear.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take them away, or they will be disposed of as the law directs.

nov 18 '45. SIMON PHILIPPI

NOTICE.

THE following accounts have been filed in my office and will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas, at the Adjourned Court, 8th December next, for confirmation and allowance, of which all persons interested are required to take notice, viz:

The Account of Henry J. Holbrook, assignee of John Younkin, (of F.)
The Account of Charles Hefley, assignee of Jacob Flickinger.
SAMUEL W. PEARSON, Prot.
Prot'y office, Somerset, nov 11.

Notice to Creditors.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, an attachment hath been granted by the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county of Somerset, at the instance of a certain Elias Diel, of Greenville township, in the county of Somerset, yeoman, against a certain Daniel Flexer of the township and county aforesaid, yeoman, whereon certain goods, chattels, and other effects of the said Daniel Flexer have been attached, and are now in the custody of George Klingaman, Jr., and Jacob Lint of the same township until they shall be disposed of according to law.

This is, therefore, to give notice to the creditors of the said Daniel Flexer to appear on Saturday the 6th day of December next, at the office of George W. Haller, Esq., in the township aforesaid, then and there to discover and make proof of their demands, agreeable to the directions of the said act.

GEO. W. HALLER, J. P.
October 25, 1845—nov 25

Administrators' Sale of REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry on the premises, on Friday the 19. December next, the following real estate, late the property of Valentine Flamm, deceased, viz:—One

Plantation or tract

of land, situate in Somerset township, containing ONE HUNDRED AND NINE acres and allowance, adjoining lands of Nicholas Bowman, Jacob Mosholder, Samuel Pile, (of A.) and others, on which are erected a TWO story house, log barn and other improve-

ments, about SIXTY acres clear, FIFTEEN thereof in meadow.

Terms.—One third in hand, and the remainder in four equal annual payments without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds.

Attendance will be given by Jacob Mosholder and Nicholas Flamm, administrators, of the estate of said deceased. By the Court, JOHN O KIMMEL, Clk.

Real Estate.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry on the premises, on Wednesday the 10th day of December next, the following valuable real estate, late the property of Peter Wingart, deceased, viz:

ONE PLANTATION or tract of land situate in Greenville township, Somerset county, containing 500 ACRES,

and allowance, more or less, about 80 acres whereof are cleared, about 7 acres of which are in meadow—the remainder is well timbered and abounds in white pine, adjoining land of John S. Weimer, and Christian Meese, commonly known as the "Gibler tract." The buildings are a two story LOG HOUSE and cabin stable. The Cumberland and Somerset turnpike passes through the property.

Terms.—One third to remain a lien on the premises, the interest thereof to be paid to the widow annually during her lifetime, and at her death to be equally divided amongst the heirs and legal representatives, of said deceased. One third in hand, and the balance in four equal annual payments, without interest, to be secured on the premises by judgment bonds.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. Attendance will be given by Benjamin Hay, administrator.

By the Court, JOHN O KIMMEL, Clerk
nov 25 '45