

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, February 3.

The most positive advices have been received at Vienna and Ratisbon, that 30,000 Russians, as an auxiliary corps, two thirds infantry and one third cavalry, are now marching in three columns towards Bohemia.

The Vienna Court Gazette of the 24th inst contains an official relation of the occurrences in Italy, down to the 23d Dec. by which it appears that the French, instead of having gained some advantages, were forced to fly with the utmost precipitation to the walls of Genoa, many of their troops, with a chief of brigade, being taken prisoners.

The Imperial army in Italy is to be completed to 150,000 men, and that of the Archduke is supposed, will not be less than 200,000 men, which, together with 70,000 Russians to act on the Rhine, and at least 100,000 armed peasants, who will give full employment to Buonaparte abroad, whilst the Chouans, Vendéens, and a fresh Continental expedition of Anglo-Russians may equally claim his attention.

The immo preparations making by the allies for the commencement of the ensuing campaign, may well strike terror even into the daring heart of the bold Buonaparte, who to the augmented forces of the allies, has little more to oppose than the same reduced and dispirited armies, who in the last campaign were beaten both in Italy and Germany. It is no wonder therefore that he should be desirous to obtain a temporary peace, when his military and pecuniary resources are in such a state as must soon produce the ruin of his reputation, and with it of his power.

West India News.

KINGSTON, February 15.

Thursday evening the following message from his honor the Lieutenant Governor, was communicated to the honourable House of Assembly by his Secretary:

Mr. Speaker,

I am commanded by his honor the Lieutenant Governor, to acquaint you that the declaration of Martial Law, recommended by their message of the 21st December last, and subsequent Council of War, induced him to take some strong measures, attaching infinite responsibility to himself, but which he did not hesitate to assume, on the conviction that he was acting in accordance with the general wish of the island.

That the Commander in Chief thought it advisable to form into a corps, all those able bodied French male negro slaves, who are competent to serve his Majesty in a military capacity, out of this island; and his honour ventured to name to it, as officers, those respectable gentlemen, who had so bravely and honourably signalized themselves in his Majesty's military service in St. Domingo; but who, by the evacuation of the British posts, had been reduced to unmerited and unspeakable distress:

Table with 2 columns: Description of items and their respective counts/prices. Includes 'Negroes, who accompanied them but are unfit for military service amount to 400', 'Sent, during the period of the Martial Law to Cuba and the United States 120', etc.

That no male French negroes, or male French people of colour, exceeding twelve years of age can be found in this island, unless in direct contradiction to the General Orders issued during Martial Law.

That all white persons, who have failed in procuring the fullest testimonials of their good conduct, have left the island.

That the Magistrates of Kingston have sanctioned the residences of 177 persons in that town, who have been there employed in industrious and laudible pursuits.

That the commander in chief has also in his possession a report, very ably drawn up, and under the most respectable authorities, of all Frenchmen now resident here of high condition and good conduct; or, persons of good conduct, but of a lower condition in life: In this report, the situation, the connections and the professions, of all those who have been permitted to remain in the island, are fully described, and can be referred to on any occasion:

That the numbers in this list amount to 222; which, with the 177, as above, makes the total 399.

To this list ought to be added those planters, and overseers who are settled in the mountains and interior, having police tickets in due form, and since counter signed by two magistrates in their neighbourhood.

In consequence of the above question, the following address from the honourable house of assembly was, the next day, presented to his honor the Lieutenant Governor:

May it please your honor,

We, his majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the assembly of Jamaica, beg leave to express to your honor, the high sense we entertain of the meritorious exertions which were employed by your honor, during the

late martial law, to protect this island against the dangerous conspiracy, which persons speculatively sent by the agents of the French directory attempted to form; and to return your honor our sincere and grateful thanks, for the unexampled alacrity and attention which you have paid to this valuable colony: we assure your honor, that if any circumstance have obliged you to give orders, or make regulations, which can in any manner be deemed contrary to the existing laws of the island, we are fully convinced that such conduct has originated from an anxious desire, on the part of your honor, to provide for the security; and we are ready to give our sanction to all such measures.

To which his honor was pleased to return the following answer.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

I receive, with the most sensible satisfaction and gratitude, the compliment which you have been pleased to pay me in your address.

In discharging the various duties entrusted to my vigilance and care, my attention has ever been directed to the promoting the honor, the happiness and the security of this valuable island.

After five years arduous duty in your service such a distinguished mark of your favor and approbation has filled the measure of my ambition, and placed me in a situation almost beyond my hopes to attain.

In compliance with an unanimous resolution of the house immediately after the address to his honor had been presented, Mr. Speaker gave the thanks of the house to Lieutenant General Taylor, in the following manner.

Lieutenant General Taylor,

I have at all times infinite pleasure in the discharge of my duty, by an obedience to the orders of this house; but, upon no occasion can the execution of such orders give me greater satisfaction than at present, when I inform you, that your conduct during the late martial law has received the unanimous approbation of your country: I am ordered by the house to give you their thanks for your zealous and indefatigable services during that period; and I do give you the thanks of the house accordingly.

To which Lieutenant General Taylor returned the following answer:

Mr. Speaker,

The honor which the house have been pleased to confer upon me, by their unanimous vote of thanks, impresses on my mind the most lively sentiments of gratitude, and will ever be remembered by me with pride and satisfaction; my exertions in the service of the country, during the late martial law, were directed by a sense of duty. To you sir, I beg to offer the tribute of acknowledgement, for the very flattering manner in which you have been pleased to communicate the resolution of the house.

CHINA GOODS.

Imported in the ship Jean, Daniel M'Pherson commander, from Canton, AND FOR SALE, By JAMES LAYLMER, jr.

Table listing various goods like NANKENS, white and yellow, Black and colored Lutefrings, Mazarine Blue, etc., with prices.

CHINA GOODS.

Imported in the ship New Jersey, from Canton, and for sale by Archibald McCull, No. 187 South Second Street,

Table listing goods like White and Yellow Nankens, Imperial, Lyon, Young Hyson, etc., with prices.

ALSO ON HAND,

A small assortment of China ware, and a few Hlds Prime Jamaica Sugars.

April 4.

Just arrived, AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, THE CARGO

OF THE SHIP PHILADELPHIA, Theodore BHE, Commander, from Bengal, CONSISTING OF

An assortment of Piece Goods, Sugars of the first quality, And 200 qrs. chests of superior quality Hyson Teas.

Willings & Francis, and Thomas & John Clifford.

March 17

PRIZE-MONEY!

SHIP GANGES.

DIVIDENDS for the Letter of Marque Schooner Rebooteuc, and L'Eugenie, the former captured the 5th of August last off St. Bartholomew's the latter the 20th of June month off St. Croix, will be paid at the house of Lewis Althorpe in Front Street, below the Drawbridge, on TUESDAY the 15th inst.

April 3

ELECTION.

THE Contributors to the Pennsylvania Hospital are desired to take notice, that the Election will be held at the said Hospital on the 5th day of the 5th month, 1800, (being the second day of the week,) to be opened at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the choice of twelve Managers and a Treasurer for the ensuing year.

By order of a Board of Managers, SAMUEL COATS, Secy. 8th, 3 mo. 1800

QUESTIONS

To Merchants, Store keepers, and Traders, men in general, &c.

1st. PRAY Gentlemen, is a perfect standard of discount, or interest, calculated on every dollar (without exception) from 1 to 2000, from one day to sixty-four days inclusive, of any value, whether used as a standard, or as a check upon the engravers' own calculations?

2d. Is it of any importance to know the best methods of computing the exchange, between this country and the principal maritime trading place in Russia, Sweden, Denmark, Norway, Prussia, Poland, Germany, Holland, Flanders, Spain, Portugal, Italy, in several of the Windward and Leeward West India Islands, and many ports in the East Indies?

3d. Is a table of all the coins and monies of account in the places aforesaid, of any use?

4th. Are the coins and monies of account in the aforesaid places, when reduced to dollars and cents, of any service?

5th. Is a table of compound interest of any utility?

6th. Is the table by which the banks determine the value of gold, desirable?

7th. Is the amount of interest, accurately calculated for each month from one to twelve months, and on every dollar (without exception) from 1 to 2000, of any value?

8th. Is a table of all the post towns in the United States, and rates of postage therewith, of any use?

9th. Will not all these together make a book, as generally useful and convenient as ever entered a counting house or store?

10th. Will not the whole, when comprised in a quarto volume of from 200 to 225 pages, be worth two dollars?

And lastly, Is the person, who at the expense of FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS undertakes to perform upwards of one hundred and forty thousand calculations of Interest, and of giving all the preceding information to the public in the most complete manner, deserving of your Encouragement and Support?

If the answer is in the affirmative, you are individually and respectfully invited to subscribe in one of the specimen books, exhibited at the City Tavern, Hardy's Hotel, Francis's Hotel, the Indian Queen, Dunwoody's Tavern, the Franklin Head, and at the George.

It is proper to state, that the work will not be executed unless fifteen hundred subscribers are obtained for four thousand dollars is too much to hazard.

NOTHING IS TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE: neither will it be expected of subscribers to take the work when published, if it is not delivered rigorously conformable to my agreements with the public, expressed in the conditions annexed to the specimen books, each of which consists of six detached pages of the work.

I am, with respect, Gentlemen, Your humble servant, JOHN ROWLETT, Accountant, Bank of North America.

POSTSCRIPT. The work is dedicated, by permission, to the President and Directors of the Bank of North America, and has already received the patronage of JOHN ADAMS, President of the United States; of THOMAS JEFFERSON, Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate; of a large number of Senators and Members of the House of Representatives of the United States; and of the Presidents and Directors of the different Banks upon this side of the Atlantic.

The specimen Book in the Bank of North America, is filling very fast, with subscriptions, some for a copy, some for 5 copies, and some for 50 copies, and I take this opportunity of gratefully acknowledging all favours.

1. Gentlemen having business at either of the Banks may subscribe there, as well as at the Taverns, &c. already mentioned.

Copy rights secured according to act of Congress, March 10. d: 1797

FOR SALE,

70 bbls. Halifax Herring, Halifax Shad, in barrels, 150 bbls. Mackerel—Salmon in barrels, 70 bbls. Bay of Fundy Shad, A few quarts of Cod Fish, Sp. rmaceti and common Oil, 20 bbls. (Burlington) Pork, Spanish Indigo,

Also, Very good Vinegar by the pipe, barrel or gallon—A cask of Venison Ham—1 bale of Cotton Candle Wick, and 12 kegs of Hogs Lard.

Apply to PHILIP S. BUNTING, No. 96, Race, the corner of Third Street. 4th mo. 8th April d6c

IMPORTED, In the ship Jean, Daniel M'Pherson master, from Canton, an assortment of

CHINA SILKS,

Consisting of Black and coloured Lutefrings, Black Sattins, Black Senchaws, Black and coloured Sewing Silks, Nankens, Fans, &c.

Also on hand, INDIA MUSLINS, viz.

Guizeenas, Gurrals, Collas, Batials, &c. and India Bandannas.

FOR SALE BY ROBERT SMITH & Co. No. 58, South Front Street. d3w April 7.

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the late house of Irwin & Bryson, of Lexington, Kentucky, are hereby informed, that a dividend of such amount as that firm, as have a claim received by the subscriber, will be made on the twentieth day of April next, among those creditors who shall have before that time furnished their accounts properly attested to

WILSON HUNT, Acting assignee. d300 March 15.

PROPOSALS

By WILLIAM COBBETT,

For importing the following periodical publications:

- 1. The British Critick; 2. The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine; 3. The Gentleman's Magazine; 4. Le Mercure Britanique, or The British Mercury.

THE British Critick is a regular Review of all the works published in Great Britain; it is conducted with great impartiality and ability, and of the numerous publications of the kind which do now appear, and which have appeared in Great Britain; it is universally allowed to be the best.

[Price 50 Cents.]

The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine is as its title seems to indicate, rather more confined, as to the nature of its subjects, but it certainly is not less calculated for extensive utility. This work is divided into four departments: 1. Original Criticisms—2. A Review of the other Reviews: 3. Occasional Essays, in prose and verse—and 4th. A Monthly Summary of History and Politics. Every six months it has a Supplement, containing a review of foreign works, not forgetting those of America. The Anti-Jacobin dwells less on subjects which are merely literary and scientific, than on those which have a more immediate influence on society. With a bold and manly hand, it corrects the blunders of error, traces the intricate windings of misrepresentation, and strips off the mask of hypocrisy. The avowed champion of the church and the state, it spurs the enemies of neither, whether open or secret; and, forming the pillar of the defensive, upon which the friends of truth have too long stood, it carries on a continual and vigorous offensive warfare against anarchy, immorality, and irreligion, and thus testifies by its uniform conduct, its right to the title it has assumed.

[Price 50 Cents.]

The Gentleman's Magazine, a work stamped with the approbation of three four years, can fill chiefly, of communications from antiquaries and cultivators, and of original essays, in verse and prose, written by the most learned and ingenious men in the kingdom, and embracing by turns, almost every subject interesting to man. The trifling news part of the work is followed by a selection of authentic foreign and domestic intelligence, including official reports, state papers, and an abstract of the proceedings in parliament; next comes a variety of curious history, being not merely a list of deaths, but a valuable series of biography; to which is added, a Meteorological Diary and Tables, a Bill of Mortality for London and its environs, a table of the average prices of corn, and of the flocks, &c. every day in the month; so that this work must ever be an entertaining and useful companion, not only to those who are of the learned professions, commonly so called, but to the merchant, the farmer, and in short, to every man, whatever may be the subject of his study, or the object of his pursuits.

[Price 40 Cents.]

Le Mercure Britanique, or British Review, by Monsieur Mallet Du Pan—this work, of which one number is published every four days, in French and in English, commenced in August 1798, and is continued with increasing spirit and celebrity. It is both historical and critical; it contains a summary, and is the repository, of all the important events, established facts and public instruments, which relate to the present era; it investigates points of law, of politics, and national rights; it extends its view over all the nations of Europe, examines the conduct and discloses the motives of their respective courts; it is in short a brief and comprehensive history of the times, equally useful to the elegance of its style, the profundity of its remarks, and the soundness of its principles.

[Price 50 Cents.]

These four works comprise every thing useful in the periodical way. Gentlemen may subscribe for all, or for either, or them. The first order is intended to be sent off on the 1st of May next; the successive numbers will be received at New York in two months upon an average; their publication in London, so that those which are published for one or two before the 1st of May, will be received in September; after which they will with very little irregularity, come to hand once a month, the importer having made such arrangements as cannot fail of securing punctuality on the part of his correspondents.

Subscriptions will be received from any part of America, by J. W. FENNO, Philadelphia. No advance is required. The prices are but four cents a number higher than in London.

April 3.

AUTHENTIC LIFE OF SUWOROW.

JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE, AT THIS OFFICE,

A SKETCH OF THE

Life and Character

OF PRINCE ALEXANDER SUWOROW RYMNICKSKI.

Field-Marshal General in the service of His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of all the Russias, WITH

The History of his Campaigns.

Translated from the German of Frederick Amberg.

To which is added, A concise and comprehensive History of His Italian Campaign.

By William Cobbett.

With an elegant Print-Portrait of that renowned Warrior.

[Price 2 1/2 Dollars.]

Portrait of Marshal Suworow.

Gentlemen desirous of possessing a capital likeness executed in the first style, of this illustrious Christian hero, may be furnished with particular proof impressions, at this office, price one Dollar.

February 15.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 10.

Julium et ceterum prosperi virum, Non civium ardor prava jubentium, Non vultus instanti tyranni, Mente quatit folda.

To-morrow being GOOD FRIDAY, the Publication of this Gazette will be suspended until Saturday.

From the Shop of Messrs. COLAN & SPONDER, AN AUTHOR'S EVENINGS.

ELOISA.

This romance, like the incoherence of Hamlet, has "method in madness." It is a jumble of philosophy and love, and though the author himself is against me, may be read by susceptible fifteen without danger. Girls will comprehend but few of his pernicious ideas, except the first kiss of love in the grove (scene); and kisses and graves are abundantly familiar; no information on this subject can be given by Rousseau.

KINDNESS TO ANIMALS.

I wish I had known the author of the book of Tobit; I should have shaken hands with him most cordially, and called him a honest fellow. He tells not only a tender story of an amiable youth, but mentions his dog. He did not distinguish with the dry precision of a naturalist whether the animal was a mastiff or a spaniel; he has a circumstance from which one may infer that the dog was a faithful dog. (Certe, kind hearted author, the mention of the household animal did not fully the gravity of my page. If this be heterodoxy I am a sinner; but I will retain my belief, if my lords, the bishops, should arise, and throw their bench at me.

YOUNG LITTLETON.

In genius and vice a paragon. A heathen might fancy that his airy spirit, volatile as surrounding ether, sometimes danced the flames among the fine and tender forms in the planet Venus; and sometimes insinuated among the orators, or did penance among the physicians, in Mercury!

AN OLD BOOK.

Resembles an old chest; it may have a dirty and worn cover, but the inside is of a tidbit. How much more wretched would my small wars be than at present, gentle reader, if my preceptor had not commended me into the perusal of old books. I keep them now; and they are certainly better than even the newest pamphlet of Mrs. Thomas Paine. I even prefer the travels of Sir John Mandeville. They are full of lies, it is true, but they are told pleasantly. The novelties of Mr. Thomas Paine resemble the above travels in only one particular.

WARRIORS.

This witty and voluptuous writer, flourishing in liberal times, was doomed to write obscurely. He was a jolly curate, jelling in his arm chair, and thought it safe to flounder in the mud, knowing that should the wings of his wit fear to the church and flap the clergy, he must dance before the fire of the inquisition. He appears to understand thoroughly the veiled vices of the friar and the nun, and writes like an experienced eccluse, who had tried other things in his dormitory, beside a rosary and a crucifix!

UTILITY OF OCCASIONAL SECLUSION.

I have read through Zimmerman on solitude, and am well acquainted with that Dame, although I go but little into company. Few pass more lonely hours than myself; and, notwithstanding all the fine things said about society, I often find my own thoughts, few as they are, very pleasant associates. A recluse has meat to eat, which the world knows not of. Seated in my wicker chair, I prefer a tranquil cigar to a noisy revolver, and with a few books and papers on my table, pass as rational evenings as though I had the honor to trade with Coquytilla, or drudge through all the meadows of a city ball.

Of late men have grown as gregarious, as sheep, and it is a sort of universal axiom that there is no enjoyment, except in a crowd. But the fact is, we are too social, at times, and consume amid the jostling of wine, or the necessity of modish compliments, those hours, which might be profitably spent in solitude. Old King David advises to commune with our own hearts on our beds, and to be still. This advice is as good in Philadelphia, as in Jerusalem.

PHYSIOGNOMY.

I never read twenty pages in LAVATER, even in the abridged edition of his book, but I have my whims, when I peruse the human face. Shakespeare talks some where of a "forehead, thinness low, and I always feel suspicious, even of sparkling eyes, if a very puny and snub nose finally appear underneath. The best physiognomy is where there is most interest and expression. The latent diamond may be found among meaner pebbles; the glitter of genius is often seen amid the murkiest features. Many countenances, when at rest, are like a good landscape obscured by the shadows of twilight. Such faces, when lighted up by the glow of sentiment, or the torch of fancy, are like the glory, in some of the pictures of the Italian school, or like the bright visage of the first Christian Martyr, whose "face was, as it were, as the face of an angel."