Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, December 17.

Letters from the Cape of Good Hope men-tion, that hofulities were likely to break out with the Caffres, infligated by the Dutch, who were inimical to the English. Measures however, were concerting between the commanders of his majesty's sea and land forces, to restore a good understanding. The troops were in good health, and the squadron which failed on the 4th of March to cruste off the upwards of fix months, confiffing of the Tremendous of 74 guns, Jupiter, 50, Adamant 50, L'Oi can 36, Star 18, and Hope feldom to be seen.

December 18.

The greatest part of our Journals, and particularly those of opposition, have argued on the supposed armistice which is faid to have been concluded on the Lower Rhine, as upon a certain sast, and bave predicted that a general suspense of the misequence of it. This, however, appears to us either salf altogether, or a violently strained conclusion. In the first place, whatever appearance of reality there is in the armistice in question, the news rests merely on private authority. The situation in which it is said to have taken place is besides very singular, for it is stated only to extend from Philippburgh to Oppenheim, a distance so such as a part of the theatre of war so little critical, that it is not easy to coxecive why it should have been chosen rather than another, and why the cessation of arms should not seem to be seen the should not seem to be seen the should not seem to be seen the should not seem to be seen to said the should not seem to see the should not seem to see the seem of the same taken place is besides very singular, for it is stated only to extend from Philippolary to Oppenheim, a distance so should not seem to see the seem to said the should not seem to see the seem to seem t fhoald have been chosen rather than another, and way the collation of arous should not have been made to reach from the Villes Forestiers to Mentz. This difficulty is but ill explained by faying, that generals Baraguay D'Hilliers and Starray being only subaltern commanders, could not contract a than a limited extent of country; for more than a limited extent of country; we may be affored that neither of thefe gemerals has concluded this armiffice, supposing it even to have taken place, withou) the concurrence of their superior offices. Nor is this suspension of arms are more an indication of prace, than that which took place for completely Muslem, and he proved him-in the conclusion of 1795 on the Lower felf for thoroughly matter of the Koran, that Rhine, and which lasted until the opening he was released with bleffings and aims as a

One of our cotemporaries appears to us to have drawn an inference on another fubject, not more correct than those to which we have above alluded. This journalist sees the triumvirs environing themselves with the friends and martyrs of the conflictation of 1791, and beholds the royalifts who adhered to the limitation of the absolute monarchy at that period, reflored not only to their property, but to influence and favor."

fupposed to entertain a defign of rallying round them all the different parties, excepting one, and of being defirous of drawing a line between those who have opposed it at all times, and under every shape. An intention, in short, of closing the revolution. There is nothing the loss of the Austrians bas been avery confidence in the loss of the Austrians bas been avery confidence in the loss of the Austrians bas been avery confidence in the loss of the Austrians are the austrians and the which they colour a defeat. has been alcribed to them. There is nothing which can lead us to suppose that this openion has been circulated with any other defign than that of placing the late revolution in an advantageous point of view. We cannot tell whether, when the conflitution will be launched, and shall be on its course, of which the Vienna Court Gazette has allowed to launched, and shall be on its course, ready brought us an account, and of which political teleration will enter into the fyshem of government, but hitherto it appears to a farther official detail is given in a letter have made but in a very small degree, a part from lord William Bentinek, inserted in the of it. The recall of the priess who have London Gazette of Saturday evening, and taken the republican oaths, and what is in our last. The most important intelli-

Captain Hardy left Palermo the 14th of November. The date of his leaving Leghorn we have not learned, but he mult have and general. The French do not difguise had a tedious voyage, or have passed a confiderable time at the latter place to enable him to bring any news relative to the fituation of Genoa, later than that which we have received by Paris journals.

Naples, notwithstanding all that has been

by the Turks, Ruffians, Calabrians, &c. it should feem, is not yet reduced into a state of regular government, and the king, it is faid, will not visit his capital until the onth of May.

The ex-marquis de Grignon, one of the principal leaders of the Chomans, was killed in an action near Chamberaud on the 19th of late mount. He had 200 louis d'ors in label, which were divided by the person his companies.

Several of our newspapers have reported, that La Fayette has received orders to quit Paris. This is certainly untrue, as he has not been there fince his return to France. He refides on his effate at some distance from the cepital. Madame La Fayette has seen Buomaparte; but the conful declined any politive interference, or even avowed knowledge of her husband's return. Sieyes the two confuls have manifested in him, in Mauritius had returned, after an absence of observed a similar conduct, when the same

peans whose travels have been communicated to the public. In the journey from Cairo to Fazzan he halted at Sown. He was followed from thence by a large party fent to feize him on fulpicion of being a French fpy. But his manners and behavior were he was releafed with bleffings and alms as a ood Musselmen, and fent forward on his

A very ingenious author who has lately written on the subject of Food, is of opinion that the fame quantity of meat and flour as would in the shape of boiled or roafted meat and bread afford a sufficient meal to two perfons, would in the shape of a meat pie afford fufficient for four perfons.

December 20.

We are ignorant what facts or what intelligence can have given rife to this opinion.

Far from feeing in the Paris papers any thing which can warrant it, we find there that La Fayette and Latour Manbourg had received orders to quit that capital; and we be sufficiently affairs, and we have no doubt, be found interesting. We yesterday received by express, Paris papers to the 13th inst. which, although they contain no mulitary fact that is at once authentic and of much importance, will, we have no doubt, be found interefling. know, through private channels, that their that theatre of the war which is farthest refavorable to them. The confuls have been fupposed to entertain a defign of rallying ut. in the Riviera de Ponenti, in which the Imperialists were the affailants, and in which

defeat them. Engagements took place on the 2d, 3d and 4th, which were both warm that they were entirely to their difadvantage; and this we may easily judge, by seeing, that on the 5th their head-quarters had retreated as far as Manheim, and that their army, which is now commanded by Baraguay D'Hilliers, had at the same period taken that the Neckar and the Rhine, which it had occupied after every one of its former three defeats. This information is conveyed to us in a letter from Strafburgh, of the 7th Before capt. Hardy left Sicily, Sir Thoinflant, and inferted in the Moniteur of the l
mas Trowbridge had proceeded to Malta to
12th. The fame letters add what, if true,
command the blockade of that ifland.

would be of very great importance in the Buonaparte and his colleagues were lately accorded of entertaining a plan to re-establish the flavery of the negroes, and place the Prench colonies on their ancient footing. The charge is now publicly denied by the agents of the confuls.

But it is with relation to France itself that these papers are most worthy of atten-tion. They contain the supposed plan e the suture constitution—a plan which rest tutional sketch, and in this view it is entitle to confideration. It would be in vain t feek a type of this new conflitution, or evany thing which it nearly refembles. It any thing which it nearly resembles. It is both with respect to the names, and forms, a medicy of the republican governments, accients and modern, of those of the United States, and of several cantons of Switzerland. It is, in a word, a composition of Aristocracy and of Democracy, in which the first predominates: We shall, before we say any more on the subject, wait till it has received the fanction of being made public. We shall not, to all appearance, have long to wait, if we may believe the Ami de Loix, for it assures us that the Legislative body would be convoked on the 13th, and that on the 18th the conflitution would be fent to all the departments. This circumstance leads us fill more to believe that the sketch which Roederer has given us of it, is in the main exact. All the other paper have besides argued on the same basis, as on certain

It is supposed that the approaching promulgation of the public establishment, as Roderer calls it, will render the legislative debates more interesting than they have lately been. They have been dedicated, as usual, to founding the bottomless abyse of the

Neither the political schemes of Siepes, nor the imperious decisions of Buonaparte, nor the concilatory propositions of general Hedouville and the commissary Lecointe Puyraveau, have had any, pacificatory influence on the Royalists of the west. The fluence on the Royalifts of the west. The suspension of arms appears to have been merely sominal and confined to the chiefs; it has probably deprived the Vendeans and the Chouans of a very small number of soldiers. We see that they extend and multiply in every direction; and hitherto no force capable of stopping them has been sent either into Normandy. Britanny, Marine, Anjou, or Proiton. The issue of this contest between Royalism and the republic will depend, we conceive, in a great measure on what the new civil and religious code may be.

A number of curious and remarkable articles are to be found in our fublequent columns, among which is an idulatory letter addressed to Buonaparte by the Carmagnol Herald of his victories, Barrere. A book is advertised in the Moniteur, the title of which is "The Caule of the Proscribed," and its motto is the famous fentence of Sieyes, respecting the constituent affembly, when they suppressed the tithes, which con-flituted the greater part of the income, "They want to be free, and yet know not how to be just !".

We leave our readers to form their own judgment on the pacificatory speculations of the French Journalists, on the desire impu-ted to Buonaparte, of assuming for the basis of a new peace the treaty of Campio Formio —and on the results of the imperial court to accede to it as a balis.

Eighty Dollars Reward.

cf it. The recull of the priefls who have taken the republican oaths, and what is works, who have married, is certain but a very fmall flep, if indeed it be one, in the career of juffice.

December 19.

A bulletin was yellerday handed about in the ministerial circles flating that the Auftrians had taken pollession of Genoa. This intelligence it faid to be contained in letters from Leghoru, brought to this country by captain Hardy (Lord Nelson's captain) who arrived a lew days ago in the Fox cutter from Cuxhaven. The report cannot be reconciled with the accounts in the last journals received from the continent, but however erroneous it may be, the freezing of the Elberhay occasion a considerable time to elaphe before it can be absolutely contradicted, if the arrival of the French papers does not in the mean time, put us in the possibility of the Cutter form the continent, but however erroneous it may be, the freezing of the Elberhay occasion a considerable time to elaphe before it can be absolutely contradicted, if the arrival of the French papers does not in the mean time, put us in the possibility of the cevents which have lately occurred in the Ligurian territory, without waiting for the Hamburgh mails.

Captain Hardy left Palermo the 14th of D AN-AWAY from the Subscriber, at Newbled him to attack the Resublicans and to the was in a pregnant flate when the went away.

the was in a pregnant flate when the went away.

The noted Ferry man Charles, who calls himfelf Charles Rodney; he went off on the 18th of February laft, he is a dark mulairo, about five feet eight or nine inches high, about forty years old, ftoops in his thoulders when he walks, a fear on his head very perceivable—he took with him a small bay mare about 4 or 5 years years old, her mone trimmed and bob tail'd; his cloathing unknown, as he carried off a variety of cloaths; it is probable he has changed his name, as he is a very artful, fenfible fellow, he can read tolerably well; it is likely he may hire himfelf to drive a wrggon, being well acquainted with that business, driving for the army during the war; he also perhaps may have a pass.

The above reward will be given for the afore faid two negroes, viz. Nanny and Charles, it taken out of the flate, or twenty dollars for Nanny and child, if taken in this flate, & 2 do. Charles if taken in this flate and fecured in jail, fo as I may get them again. If brought home all reafonable charges shall be paid by me.

JOHN QUIMBY.

STONE.

PROPOSALS in writing will be received until the 17th day of April next, at the office of the Treasurer of the Schuylkill Permanent Bridge Company. No. 11 Church alley, for a supply of ten thousand perch of the best quality Free Stone, one half of which must be of large dimensions, viz 7 to 13 feet long, 2½ to 3 feet wide in the bed, 9 to 18 inches deep—the remainder to be of the size which is generally called large foundation stone, to be delivered at the West and of High street, in such a supplied to the required Price and time of payment to be quantities and at fach times as and Price and time of payment to be

JOHN DORSEY, Secretary pro tem. A quantity of TERR SS for morest will be

Just Arrived,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
THE CARGO OF THE SHIP PHILADELPHIA,

Theodore Blifs, Commander, from Bengal CONSISTING OF An affortment of Piece Goods. Sugars of the first quality, And 200 qr. chests of superior quality

Hyfon Teas. Willings & Francis, and Thomas & John Clifford. March 12

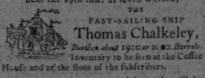
This Day Published, By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Che inut Street, (Price 25 Cents) THE Death of General Washington.

A POEM. imitation of the manner of Offian. By Rev. JOHN B. LINN, A.M.

Mr. Chaudron's Oration will be published in Monday morning. March : 5.

Minister of the First Prespyterian Congregation

For Sale by Auction, At the Coffee House, on Wednesday evening next the 19th inft. at seven o'clock,



Approved notes at 2, 4, and 6 months will be coived in payment. BENSON & YORK, Audionecrs.

For Sale, The Cargo of the ship Molly, captain Swain, from Batarin,

CONSISTING OF
SUGAR in whole and half caunifters,
Cerabon Ceffee,
Black Pepper,
Sapan Dye Wood,
Ebony, and
Thirty two bales of Cotton Yarn.

ALSO, TAE SAID SHIP MOLLY,

BURTHEN four thousand three hundred barrels of Flour, mounts 18 nine pounders, with that and small arms compleat and is newly coppered to the bends with patent copper. Apply to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE,

Two very valuable Farms,

IN the township of Springfield, and county of Burlington, containing about two hun-dred acres each. The Woodland and Meadow, of which there is a fossicient inferior to any in the State.

To attract the notice of persons residing within the county of Purlington, desirous of purchasing good land, his only necessary to mention that these facuss are parts of that excellent tract of 1200 acres lately owned by

The terms of fale will be made convenient to the purchaser and may be known by applying to the satisfactoriers. Those who may with to view the land, will please to call on William or Iffael Shinn, the present occupants.

SAMUEL HOUGH, JOSEPH MOLLWAINE, Attornies in fast for John Bullus and Ruth Bullus Burlington, New Jerley, March 12, 1800.

On MONDAY the 24th inflant at 9 o'clock n the morning, at the dwelling house of George Meade, Efq. on the north fide of Market fireet between Eleventh and Twelfth fireets, being the house occupied as the Post Office during the last fickness, and immediately opposite to Mr. John Dunlap's.

WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH, A very extensive and general affortme ELEGANT FURNITURE,

Being of the first quality and in the highest pre-fervation, consisting of almost every article in the House keeping line; such as Mahogany Side Boards, Chairs, Dining, Pembrike, Card and other tables; Secretaries' Bureaus, Looking Classes, Beds, Bedseas, Plate and Plated ware, China Glass, Marbie Ornaments, Marbie Buss, &c. &c.

ALSO—a complete fet of mahogany chairs, fet-tees, curtains, &c. covered with blue damark fuf-ficient or a large dining room.

The goods may be viewed on the Friday and Saturday preceding the day of fale, from 9 o'clock in the afternoon; and should the day prove unfavorable, the fale will be postponed until the next fair day.

EDWARD POLE, & Co.

Schuylkill Permanent Bridge.

JACOB SPERRY, & Co. Offer for fale at reasonable prices, for a paper, or in batter for Coffee,

GOODS,

Entitled to Drawback: 20 Cafes Creas a la-Morlaix. 4 do. Do vlasses t case Ladies' Shocs 5 cases fine Elbersel . Linens 4 do. Rouans 4 do Platillas Roy-

4 do. Siamoifes
3 do. Silefia hankfs.
2 do. Damafk table
linen afforted with

to do Cafferillos or white rolls of 12 & half yards. napkins
3 do. Moreas
4 do Flanders Bed
Ticks, 6 4, 9-4 and 10:4 4 do Cotton Bed Ticks

1 do. Thread flock-ings, Gloves & pando. Kid Gloves do. Ribbons do. Garnets and

8 do Cherks and fittipes.
3 do. Fine Elberfeld Checks
4 do. Contils and Liftaclocs
I do. Check thirts.
16 do. Oil cloths.
10 do. Tapes of all numbers, plain, twill led, blue and white.
200. Travelling cafes of different fizes.
4 cafes cut fint Decanters, pint & quart 3 cafes gill tumblers I cafe wine glaffes
171 boxes of Window Glafs, 8 by 10 cafes Scaling Wan
With an extensive al Pearls
2 cafks afforted Iron-Saythes, 10 do. Coffee mills
Cables of 125 fathoms each, 9 & 10

With an extensive affortment of Looking Glass Plates of the following fizes, 16-12, 17-101, 17-13, 18-14, 20-12, 22-13, 24-14, 26-15, and 28-16, and a variety of other goods usually imported from Hamburg. March 11. dot-tawaw.

Removal of Madeines.

THOMAS CLAYTON

RSPs CTFOLLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed the whole Stock in trade of the late firm of I. J. MAL.-COM & co. druggit's to fign of Fothergills Goldan Head, No. 97 South Second Street, directly opphotic to the City Tavern, where the business in all its branches will be conducted as heretofore in conjunction with WH.LIAM LEHMAN, under the firm of WILLIAM LEHMAN & Co.

A MISTAKE.

AS Mr. Thomas Clayton, in his advertifement above, has indirectly afferted that I have declined buliness, I feel it my duty to inform my friends and the public, that I continue the Drug and Apothecary Business, as usual, at the old stand, tign of Fothergill's golden head, No. 26, fouth Sectond freet, a little below opposite Black Horse Alley, where may be had, constantly, every article in the line. JOHN J. MALCOM.

MEDICINE CHESTS, For thipping, with plain approved directions, put up at an hour's notice.

March 7.

WATER-OFFICE.

Centre Square, Febeuary 5, 1800. N compliance with the infructions of the Committee for watering the city, and with my own inclinations, every possible admit-tance and information has been given to those citizens who have visited the Works during their progrefs. The Engines are now arrived, and are immediately to be put up, and it is hoped that it will be thought reafonable and just, both to the Public, and to the Contractor for the Engines, that the workmen should not be interrupted. As a very few months will fully gratify the cu-rious of the citizens, by thewing them the Engines in full operation, a temporary ex-clusion of all visitors from the Engine houses

B. H. LATROBE, Engineer. February 13.

WILL BE EXPOSED TO SALE, (At Public Vendue) On Second Day, the 24th of this Instant,

SEVERAL LOTS OF LAND, PLEASANTLY fituated on the main road leading from Philadelphia to New York, in knower Dublin township, in the county of Philadelphia, between the 10 and 11 mile stones, containing from one to sive acres each; one other Lot, containing about thirty acres, lying on the road leading from said road to Bussleton; there are on said lot a good stone dwelling house, a good apple orchard, about fix acres of well timbered land, the remainder cleared and in a good state of cultivation.

For further particulars, enquire of the owner,

3d mouth, 13th.

FOR SALE, A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND,

I AND,

I YING on the Potomac River, county of Normal thumberland, faste of Virginia; centaining about 14.00 acres—its figuration is equal to any other in the Northern Neck, temarkable for every kind of wild fowl, oylers, fifth and crab, and none better for health. It is about the fame diffuser from Baltimore, Alexandria and Norfolk, and not more than one days fail from either. There are three improved plantations with dwelling houses, the one known by the name of Exeter Lodge, formerly the residence of col. John Gordon, is an elegant two story brick house, with four rooms on a floor, and a passage fixteen feet wide.

The other two are commodious and convenient—

and a passage sixteen seet wide.

The other two are commodious and conveniently sitted, with good and fuitable out houses, at one of which John Marphy, Esq. (now of Westmoreland county) lived several years; on this sarm there is a good griff mill, with water sufficient to turn any number of sones; as see convenient store houses and granarics on a public road, well situated for a country store. On each of those places there are sine apple and peach or chards. The greater proportion of the land is of the sirt quality, and near the half of the whole heavily timbered. The terms may be known by applying to Wm. P. Tebbs Baltimare, Fonshee G. Tebbs, esq. of Richmond county. Virginia, or to Thomas Murgatroyd and Sona, Philadelphia.