Just received and for Sale, By WM. Y. BIRCH, Stationer, No. 17, South Second Street,

D. HAMILTON's Genuine Essence and Extract of MUSTARD.

> A SAFE AND EFFECTUAL REMEDY For acute and chronic rheumatifm, gout palfy, lumbago, numbrefs, white swellings, chilblains sprains, bruises, pains in the sace and neck,

Re. &c. &c.

The experience of many ages and the testimony of the ablest medical practitioners, from an early period to the present time, agree in ascribing to mustard, every powerful and singular virtue—in every case where the necessity of stimulating remedies are indicated, while the nstammatory state of the system forbids the use of medicines of a heating quality, mustard is eminently useful, and vasily superior to any other days.

of medicines of a heating quality, mustard is eminently useful, and vasitly superior to any other drug.

The essence and extract of mustard contain the whole virtues of the plant concentrated in a small compass, entirely divested of that acrimony which renders its external application to inconvenient in a crude state, likewise rejecting those inert and useless paris which compose the chief of its bulk, and render the necessary dose so large as to be extremely nauseating to the stomach, by which means every inconvenience is obviated in these medicines.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a study state and is pills, and thus excellently adapted for external and internal use.

The pills operate mildly by urine and by infensible perspiration, expelling the superduous and morbid humours; they are highly cordial to the stomach, create appetite, assist digestion, removing slying pains, and cold or windy complaints in the stomach and bowels.

The essence is a wonderful assistant to the pills in rheumatism, gout, lumbago and pally, and by its peculiar penetrating and dispensing quality, removes the most violent sprains, brusses, numbness, stiffiness of the neck, joints, &c. swelled faces, head ache, indurated breasts, white swellings, frozen limbs, &c. and will infallibly prevent the ill essess under the name of damp in the seet.

Many persons have been much disappointed by apprehasing medicines under the name of

damp in the feet.

Many persons have been much disappointed by purchasing medicines under the name of Essence of Mustard, which have no analogy whatever to shis remedy; some of these purparations are perseally inert, others produce the most violent and dangerous effects, and are much to be guarded against.

CASES OF CURES,

Selected from a numerous lift. From Capt. Dowers, Arch-street, Philadel. DEAR SIR,

As you think it will be useful, you are at liberty to publish my testimony in favor of Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

I have been about four yours much afflicted with the rheumatism in my shoulders, and

thee from severe pain in some part or other.

I have been at much expence, and tried a good deal of medicine to no purpose; I purchased a bottle of drops, advertised under a title similar, to your medicine, but experienced the most excrutiating smart from its application, which obliged me to defist.

At length I was advised by Dr. Biggs to try Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, from which I found immediate relief and from which I found immediate relief, and by the use of three boxes and two bottles, I have recovered a flate of perfect health and firength.—I shall take a good supply to sea, and never be without so valuable a medicine in my poffession.

I am, &c.

I. R. DAWES.

No. 24. Centre Market-House, Baltimore. SIR,

About two months ago, your valuable medicine proved of fingular fervice to me, I was not able to move from my room for upwards of a fortnight, with a rhematifm or rheumatic gout, in my left foot and ancle; when Dr. Buchanan recommended the Effence of Mustard, as the only medicane to be depended on, and directed me where to procure it, and by using less than a quarter. of a bottle and a few of the Pills, I was able of a Farmer, and can drive a Carriage. to ride to market next day, and have been perfectly free from my complaint ever fince.

HENRY REESE. January 4, 1800.

Mrs. Mary M Crea, wife of Mr. George M Crea, grover, Bond-street, Fell's Point, was perfectly cured (by perfevering in the use of Hamilton's Essence and Extract of

of others. About two months ago I ftrain ed my right knee fo violently by a fall that I was unable to walk without a crutch. I tried British oil, Opodeldoe and other medicines, but grew considerably worse, and the part became inflamed and swelled to a confiderable degree, when I was recommended to the Effence of Mustard, and by using two bottles I was able to walk in lefs than a week, and am now as hearty as ever.

CHARLES WILLET.

HAMILTON's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

WHICH the inventor confidently recommends as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief, and permanent cure of various complaints which result from diffipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution

e immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication or any other definative intemperance—the unikil-ful or excellive ale of Mercury—the difeate, pecu-liar to females at a certain period of life, had lying

And is proved by long experience to be

In the cure of nervous diforders, confumptions, lownels of spirits, lots of appetite, impurity of the blood, hysterical affections, inward weaknesses, violent cramps in the stomach and back, indigession, melancholy, gout in the stomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, involuntary emissions, seminal weaknesses, obstinate gleets, shor albus, (or whites) impotency, barrenness, see. &c.

Sec. &c.

This medi ine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation from those hot and irritating drugs so frequently proposed for similar purposes, and which only recommend themselves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects, and which acting as a temporary but violent Rimulus on the nervous lystem, infallibly produce greater evils than those they are intended to remove.

duce greater evils than those they are intended to remove.

The principal operation of this remedy is in the stomach, restoring the directive powers, and sending from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without ensaming it, braces without stimulating too violently the nervous system; firengthens the lecetetory vessels and general habit; brings back the museular fibres to their natural and healthy tone, and mellores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into languar and debility.

The restorative is absolutely above all recommendation in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many semals are insided, the consequences of difficult and paintul labors, or of injudicious creatment therein.

The most obstinate seminal gleets, and the most distressing cases of shor albus in semales, fall particularly under the province of this restorative, speedily yield to its benign operation, and are radically cured, by correcting and purifying the acrimonious humours, restoring a proper degree of tenson to the relaxed sibres, strengthening the weakened organs.

In cases of extremity where the long prevallence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a walking of the flesh, which no nourithment or cordial could repair—a perfeverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most associate ould repair—a perfeverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most associate ould repair—a perfeverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most associate ould repair—a perfeverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most associate ould repair—a perfeverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most associate ould repair—a perfeverance in the of the special could repair—a perfeverance in the of the special could repair—a perfeverance in the of the special could repair—a perfeverance in

Perform withing to procure any of the above medicines genuine, food apply only as above—and likewife observe that the fignature of LEE & Co. (the general agents for the United States) is paked on the outlide of each, without which they cannot be genuine.

Hamilton's Effecte and Extract of Mustard.

I have been about four years much afflicted with the rheumatism in my shoulders, and sometimes so violently affected as to prevent me from moving my arms, and I was never free from severe pain in some part or other.

I have been at much expence, and tried a good deal of medicine to no purpose; I

January 25.

BANKRUPT OFFICE.

A SECOND Dividend of the Estate of George and Robert Gray, Bankrupts, will be paid to the creditors who have proved their debts under the commission, at any time when called for, at No. 109 Arch street.

JOHN JENNINGS, Clerk. January 20, 1800.

TO LET,

Several Valuable FARMS,

Situated in Benfalem township, Bucks county,

For terms apply to ELIZABETH ROBERTS,

Attleborough, Bucks county-or JOSEPH R. JENKS, No. 38, north Second Reet, Philadel'a.

N.B. None need apply who cannot produce fultable recommendation.

Also for sale,

The Time of a Negro Boy, depended on, and directed me where to Who is fifteen years of age, and has thirteen ocure it, and by using less than a quarter years to serve—He has been used to the business

> ELIZABETH ROBERTS, as above. t&f. 5t. January 23.

> > THE UNDERSIGNED,

H18 Swedish Majesty's Consul General, and authorized to transact the Consular Business, for his Majesty the King of Denmaak in the United States of America, residing at Philadelphia,

was perfectly cived (by permuse of Mustard) of a rheumatic complaint of eleven years standing. Yhe greatest part of last winter she was unable to dress or undress without assistance, she had the best medical advice both in Europe and America without effect.

That in obedience to recent instructions received from his government, it is the duty of all Masters of Swedish and Danish vessels, before their stilling from any port in the said states, to call upon him or the Vice Consul in order to be granted such Certificates for their Cargoes, which the exigency of the state of the Neutral Commerce and the several Decress of the Belligerent Powers, render indispensably necessary, and, that any Master of vessels belonging to the respective nations, or navigating under the protection of their stags, in omitting to take such certificates, will personally stand responsible for the consequences.

RICHARD SODERSTEOM.

RICHARD SODERSTROM.
Philadelphia, 18th December, 1799.

United States, Peunfylvania Dlfrid, ff.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT a Special Diffrie Court of the United States will be holden at the City Hall, in the city of Philadelphia, in and for the Pennsylvania diffriet, on Friday the 31st day of January instant, at ten o'clock AM, for the trial of an information filed by William Rawle, Efg. attorney of the United States in and for the failed district, against 1 Cask, and

3 Hogsheads Spirits, diffilled at a diffillery within the city of Philadel-phia, and removed from the fame without being first branded or marked according to law—where-fore the same have been seized as forseited-

By order of court, D. CALDWELL, Clerk Dift. Court. January 18, 1800.

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that the Subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Coxcil county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Zebulon Oldham, late of the county aforesaid, deceased.—All persons having chims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the Subscriber, on or before the uneteenth day of Ostober next, tney may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

RICHARD OLDHAM, Administrator. January 30.

NOTICE. THE CREDITORS OF

WILLIAM LAPSLEY late of Hanever town-William LaPsilar late of Hanaver toward find Dauphin county, Store-keeper, are defired to take notice that he has applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Fleas of Dauphin County, for the benefit of the acts of Affembly of this state, made for the relief of Inspirent Debrors, and that the Court have appointed the second Monday of March next, to hear his creditors and him at the Court House in Harrifturgh.

January 23-31.

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,

TO WIT. DE IT REMEMBERED. That on the 31st day of January, in the 24th year of the Independence of the United Stass of America, John Rowlett of the faid diffrict hich deposited in this Office the Title of a Book, the right whereof he claims as Proprietor, in the words following, to wit.

ROWLETT's

T'ABLES OF DISCOUNT, OR INTEREST, ON EVERY DOLLAR,

PROM one to two thousand; on every ten dol-lars, from two thousand to two thousand five undered; on every fifty, from two thousand five numbed to three thousand, and on every five hubred, from three thousand to five thousand—fro

WITH NOTES

Preceding the work, sheving how, by means of the Tables to afcertain the Diferent, AT SEVEN and at EIGHT PER CENT, reckning either 360 or 365 days to the year—explained by examples.

ALSO,

Another Nots, under the first page of the Work, facwing the mode of cabulation on CENTS. LIKEWISE,

The ready way to use the Tables for any number of Days exceeding Exty-sour.

To all which is added, the principles of computation of the vazious exchanges between each state respectively, and between all these and Lopson and Peris, at different rates of Ekchange.

By JOHN ROWLETT,

Accomptant, Bank of North-America.

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, initialed "An Act for the encouragement of Learning, by fecuring the copies of Maps, Charts and Books to the Authors and Proprietors of fuch copies during the time therein mentioned."

(Signed) D. CAUDWELL.
Clerk of the Diffrid of Pennfylvania.

VALUABLE LOTS FOR SALE,

No. 1. A CERTAIN LOT or PIECE of

eligibly strusted for SUMMER RITREATS.

No. 1. A CERTAIN LOT or PIECE of LAND, struste on the east side of Germantown road, about two miles and a half from the city of Philadelphia, bounded on the north by land of Mr. Thomas Greeves, whereen he is row erecting a house and making improvements for his femmer residence, on the east by land of Joseph Norris, and west by the said road, containing by computation 14 acres and a half.

No. 2. A certain lot or piece of land, part of a track commonly called the Vineyard, situate on the west side of the Wisshiekon or Ridge road, nearly opposite to Turner's lane, in the neighbourhood of the Country Stats of Jeremiah Parker, John Nixon, James Crawfor and Jasper Moylan, Elges, being marked and numbered in a plan or map of the taid large tract called the Vineyard, No. 27, containing seven acres and ten perches.

No. 3. Ore other lot or piece of land adjoining the last described lot to the northward, containing it acres and one hundred and three perches.

The very valuable property now offered for sale must be too well known to require a further description. It is well worth the attention of those who wish to fecure to themselves pleasant and healthy situations in the vicinity of the city. The ternas of sale are, one third part of the purchase money to be paid in ten days after the sale; one third in ninety days, and the remaining third in fix months; for the two last payments (including interest) approved indo-sed notes to be given. The title is unexceptionable. Sold by order of Messes should be reduced to the creditors of Blair McClenacham.

JOHN CONNELLY, Audioneer.

JOHN CONNELLY, Audioneer. 3tawt28F.dtsM.

SALES OF ELEGANT FURNITURE.

Next Thursday, the 6th inft. at 10 o'clock, At the country seat of the late General Tho-mas Mifflin, near the Falls of Schuylkill. WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH,

A VARIETY of elegant houshold Ferniture, confissing of Mahogany Chairs and Tables, Side-board and Sola's, Beds and Bedding. Several large Loking glasses, and a variety of elegant prints. A number of large and elegant carpets, and oil cloths.

A quantity of excellent Play.

A Cow and Calf.

A Sleigh and Garden Engine, and a LIBRARY of choice and valuable Books.

By order of the Executors, SHANNON & POALK, Auctioneers

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA. TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 4.

Justum et tenacem propositi virum, Non civium ardor prava jubentium, Non vultus instantis tyranni, Mente quatit folida.

Extract of a letter firm London, dated 17th November, 1799.

"We had, as we supposed, a momentary lance at peace on the late revolution in France, but the new Cenfulate feem to concentrate the remaining energy of the country, and appear determined to exert it in one great effort, to over run the yet uncon. quered countries around them .- The utmost fecrecy is now preferred, not even the fkeleton of their councils are open to the population discharge Robert Sturgeon from his impri-lace, as heretofore; in thert, they have at last forment," was read a third time and passed. ton of their councils are open to the popufound that there is more mystery in the fcience of government than their chimerical loctrine of universal rights and suffrages, &c. once allowed the confequence is, that the body of people cease to have a voice and are placed as they ought to be in a fituation to have nothing to do with the laws but to be governed by them."

Committee to a committee of the whole house to morrow, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Macon, from the committee of claims made report on the petitions of Henry. Turner, Einathan Taylor, Jacob Deal and George Willis—which reports were read a first and fecond time—and thereupon.

The fragments and odd ends given us by of their fellow-citizen conflictation mongers, are about as ferviceable in enabling us to form a judgment of the whole gallimaufry, as would be a brick-bat broken from an house and exhibited as a specimen of the building.

One, thing is clear, from the use of the term Tribunate, that the French Confus have effected a recognition of a primary Decree of Nature, and established an order of Patricians.

The soverign people, in his eye, when he wrote this line:—

Mr. Hartley presented a petition of David Wheyley and others, praving an exemption for one year, of the duties on stills, and a revision of the excise law. Referred to the committee of ways and means.

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The poet must, assuredly, have had the fovereign people in his eye, when he wrote this line:

Monstrum horrescum, informe, ingens, cui-

" Ridicule," fays my lord of Shaftesbury, (and very truly too) "is the test of truth." How false a set of slaves are then our jacobins and peace-mongers, for they dread it as they would the touch of the Spear of Ithuriel.

Even whilst old Priestly, the prutient praise-god-bare-bones, of the age, was figh-ing after his rump parliament; even whist he argued from its existence and success in Hell go-land, the propriety of transplanting the project hither, lo! the house fell; article of the treaty of amity, commerce and great was the ruin thereof. Tho' we and navigation between the United States have not yet tried all things; let us learn hence to hold fuft that which is good.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On Wednesday the fifth day of March next, at fix o'clock in the evening at the Merchant's Cos-

of the committee of claims on the petition of Ludwick Kuhn, was re committed to the fame committee.

A message was received from the Senate,

The bill and amendments were read, and on motion of Mr. Sewall, referred to the ommittee of commerce and manufactures.

Mr. Grifwold, from the committee of country, his consexions, and his friends, and funished business, reported the following confidence of the following confid

the following refolution, which was adopted by the house, viz.

Resolved. That the committee of revisal and unfinished business, prepare and report a bill to renew and continue in sorce an act intituled "an act respecting the mint."

The committee in their report stated, that

the bill intituled "an act to repeal part of an act intituled an act to provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities accruing in certain cases therein mentioned"-was, on motion of are requelled to meet on Wednefday next, Mr. Grifwold, taken into confideration, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at Dunwoody's and agreed to by the house.

Mr. Gordon said, he believed that part

of the law relative to the military establishment, which provided that perfors enlifting in the fervice of the United States, the old not be arrested or imprisoned for debt, had been construed in a manner different than was expected or intended, and even gone fo far as to rescue a person held under an execution-he therefore laid a resolution on the table, directing the appointment of a

that they report by bill or otherwise.

On m tion of Mr. Otis, the house went into a committee of the whole on the bill to discharge Robert Sturgeon from his impri-sonment-Mr. Morris in the chair.

Mr. Otis then stated the facts to the committee, and concluded with faying there were several other cases of a fimilar nature

before the committee who reported this bill but as the committee themselves were dubious whether it would not be letting a bad precedent to liberate persons who had de-frauded the public treasury—they were anxious this case, which was the most ma-terial one, should be decided by the house, before they went into an examination of the merits of the others.

The committee then rose, and reported the bill without amendment—and it was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time on Monday next.

Mr. Van Cortland presented three several petitions of messers. Hosnie Smith; Duncan Campbell; and Jacob Loomis—which were read and referred to the committee of

Mr. Sewall prefeuted a petition of Wm. White, of Boston, which was referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.—Adjourned.

Monday, February 3.

An engroffed bill intituled " an act to

Mr. Smith, from the committee of com-merce and manufactures, reported a bill intituled " an act for the relief of James Yard," which was read a first and second time, and committed to a committee of the whole

Resolved, That the prayer of the petitioners ought not to be granted.

Mr. Hartley presented a petition of Da-

Mr. Grifwold, from the committee of Revifal and unfinished Bufinels, reported a bill intituled "An act providing the means of intercourse between the United States and foreign nations"—which was read and committed to a committee of the whole

Mr. Dennis asked and obtained leave of

Mr. Macon asked and obtained leave of absence of Mr. Nicholson for ten days. Mr Livingston laid the following refolu-

tions on the table. Resolved, That provisions ought to be

and the king of great Britain.

Resolved, That the president of the UsStates be requested to lay before this house States be requested to lay before this house copies of the requisition for, and other papers relative to the apprehension and delivering of Jonathan Robbins, under the 27th article of the the treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, between the United States and the king of ceat Britain, together with copies of the communications (if any) between either of the executive departments and the index of the diffrish court of S. Caand the judge of the diffriet court of S. Cacolina, on the fubject.

Mr. Livingston faid, at the time the law by Mr. Otis, their Secretary, informing the House, that the Senate had passed the Bill intituled "An act providing for falvage, in case of re-capture" with certain amendments therewith delivered.

The bill and amendments are active the senate had passed for carrying it fully into execution—the 27th article, however, of that treaty, had been found unjust, impolitic and cruel—He then read the article; by a recent confirme-tion of which, Mr. L. faid, a citizen of the lenting military tribunal.

The feco d refolution, Mr. L. faid, was

connected with the first, although addressed to the chief magistrate of the Union. It had been faid, and repeated in every paper throughout the Cuited States. that a letter had been written by an executive officer, this act relates folely to copper coin; had been suffered to expire with the last session of Congress—and was effentially necessary to be renewed.

The cxecutive should be pursued—He did not know this to be the fact—and would be The report of the committee of reviful happy to find it was not. Nor did he and unfinished business, to whom were referred the amendments from the Senate to the subject—and concluded with laying the

THE holders of Unfeated Lands in the County of Lycoming, in this flate, Inn, in Market Street, on bufineis of importance to them.

February 3.

PRISON.
To alleviate the miferies of Prifors, doth in no wife leffen, but premote the neceffary defign of fuch places. Cleathing, effectally at this feafon, is extremely needed by many of the unhappy subjects of confinement. The merciful and considerate inhabitance.

committee to enquire whether any and what amendments are necessary in the act, and minded of this. There are articles of cloathing, chiefly old, which, in feveral families, can be spared. Any of these, and particularly linen, which contributes effentially to cleanliness and health, will be thankfully in the most suitable manner, by these who have affurned it as their cuty, for the time being, to be the organs of fuch charity.