

Foreign Intelligence.

Translations from Paris Papers.
[L'Indispensable and Le Redacteur complain grievously of having been quizzed by forged Telegraphic dispatches, importing pretended victories, the defeat of Suwarow, &c. &c. The former remarks thus, under date of October 14.]

It is now said, that the pretended telegraphic transmissions by which our credulity has been sported with these four days, are nothing but the English tricks of Baillet and of Poulter. Since the 4th inst. darkness and fogs have not permitted the telegraphs on the line of Strasburg to transmit any thing to Paris.

Suwarow will laugh in his sleeve, on reading, if he should read them, those French Journals, which have announced with so much precision his defeat and his capture. Indeed, who could have doubted of it, from the positive tone of those foolish malignants? We know that there have been bets laid on the occasion. Would it not be right that the lying authors of this news should pay the expenses it has cost?

Yesterday arrived a courier from Switzerland. No news, is good news.

The Russians cause themselves to be cut in pieces rather than surrender, says a Journal, which immediately after adds, that we have taken three thousand of them.

Lavater was assassinated in the streets of Zurich, by French hussars.

The road from Paris to Brest is blocked by the Chouans, who have taken Martigny, situated between Laval and Mayenne; which has given occasion to the rigorous and foolish to say, that Mayenne and Laval were in the power of the Chouans.

The Chouans attacked the city of Angiers, on the 9th, at five in the evening, in three different quarters, by the barrier of St. Lazare, by the fauxbourg of St. George, and by the bridge Brionneau. Every where they were repulsed. But they rise with renewed force from their disasters.

We complain of the wind! The English have more cause.

If Brest and Ancona have been freed from blockade, it is to the wind we owe it. If the wind would rout the Jacobins, we should owe it great gratitude.

Championnet is opposite to general Bellegarde, towards Pignerol; those two hostile generals are each at the head of twelve thousand men, and were prepared for combat.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

The citizen Garnier denounced to the Council, Southonax, Victor Hugues and Lebas, ex-agents of the former Directory in the colonies, and announced himself as one of their victims. This denunciation, which has been posted up to-day about the walls of Paris, was sent to the Council by the Directory.

The Directory transmitted to the Council a fourth report of the Minister of Finance upon the loan of 100 millions. They demand, for the service of the current year, a previous loan of thirty millions.

The famous count Cerutti, minister of the Interior at Turin in the time of the King, has been taken prisoner on board a Sardinian vessel from Leghorn to Cagliari, carried into Ajaccio, and retained as a hostage for the Sardinian patriots.

The last letters from Sardinia announce the death of the Duke of Monterrat, brother of the King, and Governor of Saffari. He was making the tour of the Northern province in order to appease some discontent. Not finding in the country that temper which he had counted upon, he was affected by his disappointment that his health underwent an evident change. His chagrin and the excess of his fatigue aggravated his malady and conducted him to the tomb.

LONDON, October 1.

Two French flags of truce from Dunkirk, have disembarked five hundred English prisoners.

The French taken prisoners at Seringapatam have arrived at Portsmouth on board the Triton.

COUNCIL OF ANCIENTS.

The President announced the order of the day, upon the resolution which declares a traitor to his country whoever shall insert in treaties of peace, conditions outraging the constitution of the 3d year, and the integrity of the French territory, as recognized by the constitutional act.

Lauffat suggested, that as the discourses which would be pronounced, whether pro or contra, would encroach upon the diplomacy, it would be expedient that the report and the discussion should be read in secret committee.

Philipp thought, on the contrary, that a secret discussion would alarm the united departments, and give room for misrepresentation to culminate the intentions of the Council. He demanded that the report be public.

The Council coincided in this opinion, and Cornet made report.

He demands its rejection, as involving more heavy inconveniences than it remedies, by seeking to compose the inhabitants of the united departments: in fact, says he, does it not give room to evil dispositions to say, that we wish to render the war interminable? We wish, without doubt, for peace, but we wish for it to be glorious, and victory will give us that. The resolution will add nothing then, to the guaranty of the united: and what greater guarantee could we give them than that the affairs which we are every day making to ward off from them vengeance?

In the second place, it would go to attain the attributes of the constituted authorities to suppose that others than the Directory could enter into negotiation for peace: It is unconstitutional inasmuch as it leads to alter many articles of the social pact: it is unjust, in that it punishes with death a simple proposition as a concluded thing.

What idea will your constituents have of you, if, after having sworn at the festival of the Republic, to defend the Constitution, you give to them as a guarantee on your part the menace of capital punishment?

In fine, added the reporter, the committee has found the resolution useless, anterior laws having provided for it: it finds it marvellous, dangerous; it might have a fatal influence upon our exterior relations, in breaking overtures which may have the most happy results.

The Council ordered printing and adjournment.

BRUSSELS, October 7.

The news from Holland signify that it is not the Duke of York who has caused the Polder of Wardyk to be inundated, by cutting through the dykes, but general Bruce, who wished, by that means, to prevent the left wing of his army from being turned, and to streighten all his positions, and by consequence his line of defence. The right wing of the Gallo Batavian army, commanded by general Daendels, has made a retrograde movement: the head-quarters have been transferred to Broecchi. The English have again occupied the towns of Entkhuysen and Hoozen, and the advanced posts of their left wing have advanced considerably.

The enemy is preparing for a general attack which to every appearance must be terrible; his actual force is estimated at 27,000 English and 15,000 Russians. The Hereditary Prince of Orange is constantly at the Texel, where he continues the organization of the failors and the Dutch delicters; the arms found in the magazines of the Helder, will serve for the equipment of his soldiers, to whom has been given the name of the army of avengers. Little affairs of posts occur daily, with equal success on both sides.

We have received advice that a great number of enemy vessels of war were advancing upon Amsterdam: which causes a presumption that at the moment of attack by the Austro-Russian army, there will be also an attack from the coast of the Zuyder Sea.

Other advices from Holland import, that our generals are entrenching themselves to the very teeth. The enemy receives daily reinforcements, and waits only the arrival of the third expedition to push forward his operations.

A signal is flying at the Pampus, for an enemy's fleet composed of 60 vessels of war, of which the heaviest are large frigates. We are in constant dread that these forces are destined for some enterprise against Amsterdam.

While the French obtained a victory before Zurich, they experienced some reverses in the valley of Urseren. The enemy are also at Glaris. The 1st of October, they flung themselves in the Muttathal. A column had passed the mountain of Uri, and had taken a company which was posted there. The 7th, the French who were at Schweitz retired. This morning, the Austrians entered Schweitz and Brumen. They say this moment, the division of Soult is coming to the succour of Lebourbe.

HELVETIA.

The general Lecourbe is constantly before Seedorf. General Loison is at Engelberg, and general Gaudin occupies the heights of Grimsel. The column of the enemy which was said to have advanced to Schweitz was nothing but eight or nine Russian horse who were patrolling in that city and came from the Muttathal, where the enemy is about 2000 strong.

LUCERNE, Oct. 2.

Yesterday evening, the first regiment of French dragoons entered Schweitz. Today, they expect 7 or 8000 men in that town.

KUSSNACHT, September 28.

The Russians and Austrians to the number of 20,000 have fallen upon the canton of Waldstaeden: they are commanded probably by general Kray; other reports announce that it is Suwarow himself who commands that column.

The following is the information I have obtained of this invasion.

The same night that Lecourbe marched to attack the Grisons, a corps of the enemy, detached from the army of Italy, arrived by forced marches, suddenly made its appearance. While one part attacked the heights of Gothard, the other advanced in force upon the valleys of Zupletten and of Marauen, and probably, also upon that of Schacchen, on the side of Glaris. Lecourbe was already before Walsen, when he encountered the Austro-Russian. Another column of the enemy presented itself behind him at Steig. At the head of the grenadiers, he opened a passage through the enemy's regiments and returned to Leedorf. It was not till after a combat the most obstinate that he could succeed in resuming his former positions, that is to say, to port himself from Solisbury to Grimsel.

On the 18 Oct. the Muttathal was occupied by several thousand Austro-Russian. The post of Schweitz at this moment was but about an hundred men strong, who retired with two pieces of cannon behind that town. The day after, at nine in the morning, the Russian patrols advanced even to Mersbach. This day, an entire division of French have posted themselves towards Latel and Schweitz whither Lecourbe will send himself in the course of his route.

In Underwald there are garrisons of citizens who are now doubled. It is thus that the inhabitants of that country partake of the service along with the French, and partake fraternally of their dangers.

The ad at noon, the general in chief, Massena, passed to Lucerne; he embarked upon the Lake for Seedorf. In a conversation which the prefect had with him, he gave the most honorable testimonies to the Helvetic legion in the affairs of the 28th and 29th ult.

ARAU, October 2.

Yesterday, there was an affair at Dendelungen, in which the French have again made 4000 prisoners. We are ignorant of the details.

BERNE, October 5.

The general Thurrau has been obliged to make his retreat; he has returned into the Valais, and has established his head-quarters at Boiguc. It appears that he had carried Gravelona, but that a superior force had compelled him to quit a country which was only tenable by the success of the army of the Alps.

It is most sure that Suwarow is in the canton of Waldstetten; he was, on the 11th, at Altdorf; he embraced the sub-prefect of that quarter, not knowing that he was a public functionary. On the 3d general Lecourbe entered Altdorf.

PARIS, October 13.

The telegraphic news of the defeat of 10,000 Russians by Massena, is not confirmed. It was brought up in the Spy, edited by Baillet.

We wait with most lively impatience the result and the details of the affair between Suwarow and Massena. Prince Charles, in spite of all his diligence, will hardly have been able to arrive before the decision; and every thing makes us presume that the Russians have been beaten, as the telegraphic dispatch yesterday announced.

It is said that Paul I. has ordained a levy of 85,000 men in that part of Poland which fell to Catherine his mother. Every proprietor is held to furnish a certain number of men, in proportion to the extent of his domains.

ACADEMY FOR DANCING.

Mr. FRANCIS, OF THE NEW THEATRE, BEGS leave to inform his scholars and the public in general, that his Academy will open for the season, on THURSDAY the 14th, at Mr. O'NEILL'S, No. 11, in the Broadway.

Five Dollars per Month, 10 Dollars per Quarter, 30 Dollars per Year. For further Particulars apply to Mr. F. at No. 11, north Eighth Street, December 3.

MUSIC.

BEGS leave to inform the Ladies of Philadelphia, and the public in general, that he will continue teaching the Piano Forte, Singing, Guitar, &c. as usual. Application to be made to him, No. 66, north Sixth Street, between Arch & Race Streets.

INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE STOCKHOLDERS are hereby notified, that an Election will be held at the Company's Office, on Monday the 13th January next, at eleven o'clock, for Thirty Directors for the ensuing year.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

WITH, or without the use of the kitchen, cellar, &c. in two adjoining boules, only four years old; fit for the accommodation of a few gentlemen—situate convenient to Congress Hall, in a healthy part of the city, never having been infected with the fever—Apply at the Office of the United States Gazette.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

ON Thursday, 23d October, deserted from the encampment, near Bristol, Pennsylvania, HENRY WEST, an enlisted Musician, belonging to the company of Captain Matthew Henry of the tenth regiment of United States Infantry. He was 26 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, grey eyes, fair complexion, born in the county of Tyrone, Ireland, he is a little stoop shouldered, and speaks in a low tone of voice.

Deserted from the company of captain Hugh Brady, on Saturday, 16th October, four privates, JOHN DENNIS, aged 34, 5 feet 8 inches high, born in New York, grey eyes, brown hair, brown complexion, was much addicted to liquor, and when intoxicated very talkative. SOLOMON SMITH, aged 37, 5 feet 7 inches high, born in New York, grey eyes, brown hair, fair complexion, a notorious offender, this being his third desertion. SIMON DUN, aged 21 years, and 6 months, 5 feet 5 inches high, born in New Jersey, grey eyes, fair hair, brown complexion.

CHARLES Mc. LEY, aged 26, 5 feet 6 inches high, born in Ireland, grey eyes, black hair, dark complexion—he is supposed to be in Norfolk, or its neighbourhood—it is not known what clothing they had when they deserted; but the probability is that they have changed their military habits.

Whoever shall take up the above deserters and lodge them in any jail so that their officers may get them again, or shall deliver them to the subscriber at his quarters in Elbert, between Ninth and Tenth Streets, shall receive the above reward and for either of them a proportionate reward of ten dollars and all reasonable expenses.

BENJAMIN GIBBS, jun. Captain, 1016th U. States Regiment Infantry, November 11.

LANDING.

At Wilcock's wharf from the schr. Lively, capt. Godfrey, from Halifax,

325 Barrels } fine pickled Salmon
80 half Barrels }
20 Barrels, do. Shad
11 do. do. Mackrael

FOR SALE BY
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

N. B. There are some Goods on Freight on board the above schooner, the names of the consignees of which are not mentioned, they are requested to make immediate entry of the same, otherwise they will be sent to the custom house as the vessel must be discharged without loss of time.
Dec. 16. dtf

FOR SALE.

By SIMON WALKER,
No. 78 Walnut Street,

ENGLISH PORTER and Brown Stout, in casks of 6 dozen each,
Tin Plates,
Sheet, bar and pig Lead,
Cannon with carriages complete, 4, 6, 9 and 12 pounders,
Shot, round, double headed and canister,
Iron Crow Bars,
Cutlass, boarding Pikes, Muskets and Pistols,
Rough Brimstone,
Cream of Tartar,
Porter, Wine and Claret Bottles,
Six Invoices of Earthen Ware, each about thirty crates, assorted
White and red Lead, yellow and black Paint, and Spanish Brown,
Russian Briddles,
Hardware and Sadlery, assorted in casks,
An Invoice of German Platillas and Britannias.
December 3. c6w

MADEIRA WINE.

THE Subscriber, has just received a quantity of HILL'S First Quality

London Particular Wine,

In Pipes, Hhds, and Quarter Casks,
GIBSON HILL WELLS,
Philadelphia, Nov. 12. 31awm

FOR SALE.

THE GARGO

Of the ship Rebecca, John M'Keever, master, from BAFAVIA,

Consisting of—
150,000 wt. of COFFEE &c }
20,000 wt. of SUGAR } } best qualities

Apply to
JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 155, south Water Street,
Nov. 27. dtot

WILLIAM HUDSON,

No. 8 Chestnut Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has received by the late arrival from Europe, in addition to his former Stock,

A complete Assortment of Goods,
which are now opening, suitable for the approaching season.

Amongst which are—
Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres,
Double milled Drab Cloths,
Superfine Nap Cloths, assorted colors,
Blue and Drap Linens,
Swandowns and Swankins,
Drapery, Baises, assorted colors,
Blue, green, white and spotted Bookings,
Blue and grey Coatings,
Scarlet, white, red and yellow Flannels,
Velvets, Thickets, Corduroys, and fancy Cords,
Striped elastic Cloths and Coatings,
Fancy Marcellines Waistcoatings,
Mens' and Womens' fine worsted Hose,
Do. do. worsted Gloves and Mitts,
Mens' Socks,
Calimancoes, Durants & Joans Spinnings,
6 bales of Rob Blankets, completely assorted, by the bale, &c. &c.

BY Virtue of an Order of the Court of Common Pleas of Delaware County, appointing us auditors in a Domestic attachment on the property of William Marshall, will be sold at public sale on Seventh day the 21st of next Month at the Potthouse of Edward Fell in Springfield Township,

A large quantity of Earthenware,

CONSISTING OF
Pots, Pans, Plates, Jugs, Mugs, Bowles, &c. also a quantity of unburnt ware, Pottery's implements, fundry articles of household furniture and a Ten Plate Stove.

The sale to begin at 10 o'clock, when attendance will be given and conditions made known by

JOSEPH RHOADS, }
W. PENNOCK, } Auditors.
DAVID PRATT, }

11th Month 19th 1799.

All persons having any demands against said Marshall, are desired to authenticate and produce them, on or before the 21st of next Month, that they may be liquidated and all those who are indebted, to make immediate payment to said Auditors.

November 20 17awt2D

Public Notice.

IS Hereby Given, that I have applied by petition to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, for the benefit of the act of Assembly made for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed the fourth day of April, 1798, and the said Court have appointed the first Monday of January next at the Court House in the borough of Carlisle for a hearing of me and my creditors, at which time and place they may attend if they think proper.

ANDREW CULBERTSON.
December 6. 21w7J.

A POINTER

WAS carried away on Sunday the 10th inst. from No. 265 Vine Street—He is about 9 months old, spotted nose, lion coloured ears, with a spot of the same color in his forehead, long tail having never been cut—He is called Gift. A reward of two dollars, with reasonable expenses, will be paid to any person who will return him to No. 163 Vine Street; and ten dollars more, if taken for such information respecting the thief as may produce legal punishment.

Nov. 30. 21w7

POST OFFICE.

November 30, 1799.

THE Post Office will be Removed this day at Sun set, to No. 27 South third Street. dtf.

CANAL OFFICE.

November 28, 1799.

Notice is hereby given,

TO the Stockholders of the Delaware and Schuylkill, and Schuylkill and Schuylkill Canal companies, that their annual Election will be held at the Companies Office, on Monday the 6th of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of Electing One President, Twelve Managers and One Treasurer to each Company, for the ensuing year.

GEORGE WORRALL, Secretary,
November 29 21w6hj

LOGWOOD

FOR SALE.

On board the brigantine Five Sisters.

Enquire of JOSEPH DONALDSON,
November 27. dtot

WILLIAM COBBETT,

HAVING in order to avoid the injustice of living under the Government of (Kean) removed from Philadelphia to the City of New York, requests any one in Pennsylvania, who may have a demand against him, to deliver an account thereof to Mr. JOHN MORGAN, No. 5, south Front Street, Philadelphia; or to forward it by post to New York.

To be Sold at Auction,
AT PORCUPINE'S HOUSE,
On Thursday next at 9 o'clock,
A QUANTITY OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CONSISTING OF
Chairs, Mahogany Tables, Bureau, Stoves and Stove-pipe, an excellent Roasting Jack, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO A COMPLETE
PRINTING PRESS,
With a variety of Books, &c. &c. &c. The sale will begin at 9 o'clock precisely, and will continue till all is sold off.

December 14 17awt&w.

FOR SALE,

Or to be exchanged for a good Vessel,
AN ELEGANT
New Two Story Frame House,

Twenty-seven feet front by thirty-four in depth, with a commodious piazza and kitchen, together with a coach house and stable, situate in the flourishing village of Frankford. The house, which may be entered the 1st of June next, will be finished in the most delicate style with every convenience, and will be well adapted to a large family, who may wish to reside in the country during the summer season. In exchange, it will be valued low, if a vessel offer that may be suitable.

Further particulars will be made known by application to

MOORE WHARTON,
Dec. 14. dtot

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE time being fixed on, when the MILITARY LAND (commonly called Knox's) WARRANTS, granted to the United States Army, are to be registered and located—the subscribers have explored that tract of land on which those warrants are to be laid; with a view, and for the purpose of offering their services as locaters.

We take the liberty of suggesting, that we wear at least as well acquainted with the situation, quality of the soil, &c. of the different townships in the aforesaid tract, as any other person; this will, perhaps, appear more clearly, by observing, that WILLIAM C. SCHENK assisted in running the Indian boundary line; at which time he considerably travelled that tract; he also assisted in surveying and laying it off into townships, and at other times ranged over it, to gain information. But to obtain a more complete and accurate knowledge, we have lately spent between two and three months, with several assistants, in particularly examining the different townships and quarter townships; by which means we have acquired an accurate knowledge of the whole district.—We now offer our services to the public, as Locaters, with assurances that we will locate every persons warrants entrusted to us to the best advantage, agreeably to their rights of location, which is to be determined according to law. For our services we demand the one equal tenth part, either in lands or warrants, when we locate a full tract, of four thousand acres or more, for one person or firm; the land to be taken in a square, at a corner of the tract; which corner is to be equitably determined before the time of location.—The one equal sixth part, in cash or warrants, when we connect and locate any amount less than four thousand acres. We will be in Philadelphia from December next, until after the time of location, to transact this business. Any person wishing to satisfy himself further, will please to call on us, by letter, (postage paid) or otherwise; when due attention will be paid, and such vouchers may be seen as we have to offer, which we hope will be satisfactory.

MARTIN BAUM,
WILLIAM C. SCHENK,
Philadelphia, Oct. 9, 1799. c6w.

DESERTED.

ON the 11th inst from the Marine Barracks, O HUGH DUFFIELD, a private in the Marine Corps, a native of Ireland, aged 35, five feet five inches high, dark hair, light complexion. He has resided for some time past in this city, where his family now are.

Whoever apprehends said Defterer and delivers him at the Marine Barracks, or lodges him in goal, will be paid a reward of ten dollars, and reasonable charges.

JAMES M'KNIGHT,
Capt. commanding Marine Barracks
December 5. dtw.