

PROPHECIES.

[Translated from a work entitled Almanach des Honnêtes Gens, published at Paris in the year 1793.]

Prophecies of Saint Césaire, Bishop of Arles, who died in the year 542, extracted from a Book entitled LIBER MIRABILIS. They are faithfully translated; and may be verified by an examination into the text at the Library, in the rue de Richelieu.

"The administrators of this Realm, shall be so blinded, that they shall be left without defenders."

"The hand of God shall be stretched out upon them and upon the rich."

"The nobles shall be despoiled of their dignities and of their goods."

"Schism shall spring up in the church of God; there shall be two spouses, the one true, the other adulterous; the legitimate spouse shall be put to flight."

"There shall be as great an effusion of blood as in the time of the Gentiles."

"The church universal, the whole world shall deplore the ruin and the lots of its most celebrated city. [Rome.]"

"The Capital is mistress of France, the altars and the temples shall be destroyed."

"The holy virgins shall be outraged; they shall see their monasteries."

"The pastors shall be chased from their seats."

"The Church shall be despoiled of its temporal goods."

"But there shall be seen to appear the Black Eagle and the Lion, arising from countries afar off."

"Miserable to thee, opulent city! thou shalt make merry amidst all; but the end will come. Miserable to thee, city of Philosophy! thou shalt see thyself in subjection."

"The king shall be humiliated even to confusion; but he shall receive the Crown of Lives, and shall destroy the children of Brutes."

IALOGUE OF THE DEAD.

[Translated from the Almanach des Honnêtes Gens.]

MIRABEAU. Ah, what! is it you, monsieur le ci-devant Duke?

LAROCHEFOUCAULD. Ah! do I see you there, Monsieur le ci-devant Count?

Mir. You arrive in good time, for you had not yet become decrepit.

Laroch. You have arrived here in still better season than myself.

Mir. Oh! my dear ci-devant Duke, they arrive here at all hours, at every age.

Laroch. Do not astonish yourself then, at seeing me here.

Mirab. Pardon me, I am astonished at it. As for me, I followed pleasure; a business: railing, disputing, scribbling one half the day, drunk the other half; a libertine to excess, such courses of life have advanced my journey many years. But you, you were a little Cato; you pursued a conduct which promised you a lengthened old age.

Laroch. And is that any reason for arriving late in this country? Cato of whom you speak, did not he arrive here before his time? and Seneca—

Mir. Ah! it is not then your natural death that brings you amongst us?

Laroch. My natural death? oh! a most villain-like death. I had my throat cut; I was assassinated, carved up by raggamuffins. And do you think that, truly, a natural death for a Duke, for a man of my name, for a gentleman decorated with the cordon rouge, for a legislator, for a president of department?

Mir. You frighten me, and although I am incapable of suffering, I feel re-kindled within me the boilings of cholera against him who has cut your throat, assassinated you, cut you in pieces by means of raggamuffins. Who is this lame monster?

Laroch. YOU.

Mir. Me! I who am here, have been above for the purpose of decollating you! Come, my dear ci-devant Duke, you have not got your head well sent back yet.

Laroch. Oh! I know that you are not credulous; but believe in your ears and your eyes. Do you see on the opposite borders of the Styx, that innumerable crowd which presses to pass to our side? Do you hear the answer which all those people make to the heart of flint, who is astonished at such a concourse?

Mir. I see..... ah! just heaven! it is the herself! I see a prince of Savoy..... oh! how is she disfigured! What a numerous and thronged crowd follows her! Messieurs of the Clergy of France, magistrates, men of letters, ministers, administrators, municipal officers, justices of the peace. Ah! day of God, this will never have an end! but tell me, then, my dear ci-devant Duke, that poor France is then d-populated!

Laroch. Listen, listen to the answer which they give to Charon who asks them: who is the monster who has murdered you all!

Mir. Ah! yes, I learn with wonder! they all answer: it is Mirabeau; but by the holy declaration of rights, I do not revivify the earth; those dead are all fools. I swear by all the infernal powers, that in my whole life I never killed any body, still less should I, being all the while a poor shade, return to occupy myself in the passion of killing those alive. I must, in order to that, revisit that villainous land which they inhabit, and I have not, I assure you, any penchant that way. Perhaps you, who are versed in history, are acquainted with that of Orpheus; you know that men never quit the regions which I inhabit.

Laroch. Yes, yes; but in coming to inhabit them, you left in those which you quitted, your poignards. It is those poignards which are plunged into the breasts of the living.

Mir. Of what poignards do you tell me? in the name of the Gods, give me the explanation of this enigma! Hold, my dear ci-devant Duke, if you tell me that it is the aristocrats who have dispatched all those

new-comers, I should understand that the aristocrats have had the upper-hand, and that they have taken their revenge; but as I see amongst these dead, still more of aristocrats than of constitutionalists, I can comprehend nothing but nothing at all, as to what I see, or as to what I hear.

Laroch. You will understand by and by; all those dead there, are about to develop to you, very clearly, how, with your foolishness, your atrocities, your declaration of rights, your pestiferous theories, your impure doctrine concerning the government of nations, you have left men of substance without force, and have subjected them to the direction of villains. I have not time to unveil to you all of this; I am hastening to betake myself to that quarter of the Elysian fields where dwell Bayle, Epicurus, Diderot, Diderot, Voltaire, J. J. Rousseau; it would retard me from going to forget in the pleasure of their society, all the disgraces of my other life. Where are they? show me their dwelling.

Mir. Where are they? You must not think to find them here, my dear ci-devant Duke, they are aux petites-maisons.

Laroch. Aux petites-maisons!

Mir. Yes, indeed! They have them in this world as well as in the other. If they had been left with the other shadows, they would have made pretty business for us here. Pluto knew it long since, and it is not for nothing that he holds a sceptre of iron. He puts in probation all men of that description who come amongst us; if they prove incorrigible, he dispatches them aux petites-maisons; he swore to me the other day, that without this precaution, his empire would infallibly have been overturned.

Laroch. But why are not you then in those petites-maisons?

Mir. I also wished, an arriving here, to regale the dead with my common place topics of independence, equality, &c: one day, in the midst of one of my harangues, the busts of Proserpine came to seize me: I was put in the place of Ixion, and condemned to roll the rock of Sisyphus; when I relaxed in my toil, Cerberus gave me a bite with his teeth. You may conceive that I found this exercise most unpleasant. At the end of three days, I asked pardon, and obtained it; and since, have never been seized with a phantasy to recommence my harangues.

Laroch. Behold, here, the first prodigy which strikes my eyes on arriving amongst the dead: I here find Mirabeau with—

Mir. A truce to jesting, Monsieur le President de département; we do not look that here between men who have the firm wrongs to reproach each other with. And now in my turn, I will put a question to you. In what state have you left the king of the French, his spouse, whom I have so much calumniated, her interesting sister, her amiable daughter, and the little prince-royal of such flattering hopes.....?

Laroch. Ah! in mercy, proceed no farther; lead me to the river of Lethe, that I may quickly drink of it a large cup, to enable me to forget that unfortunate family; if I were to think of them, I should find as hell even in the Elysian fields.

Mir. And my glory! Do they still throng continually to the Pantheon, to strew coronets upon my tomb?

Laroch. Your glory passes with no greater currency amongst the living than that of Cartouche and of Ravallac: at this hour that I am speaking to you, your ashes are unburned, and cast to the winds, as those of a vile thief.

Mir. What is it you tell me? Those aristocrats, then, have quickly regained the ground they lost by my means!

Laroch. Ah! no; aristocracy had nothing to do with all that; but see those Messieurs who are advancing, you will be able to gather from them all that you wish to know. Tell me, before we part, who are then the sages of this new world, and where must I go to find them?

Mir. Take to the right, traverse those meads enamelled with flowers, and which you perceive to be sprinkled with little silver rivulets; at the end of these you will find an enchanted country, which combines all the delights of the empire of the gods. It is there are the dwellings of Fenelon, of Bossuet, of Turenne, of the great Condé, of Louis XI, of Louis XIV, of Racine, of Boileau, of Bourdaloue, of Pompadour, of Greflet, and of all those who resemble them. I counsel you to sojourn there; you will find it well to do so. Adieu.

Laroch. How were we in error above! and wherefore have I, like Mirabeau, waited till dead to be wise?

\* Not being adept in the French language, I am at a loss for a meaning to this term. If it is meant, that each of those theatrical aristocrats of Paris, inhabits a separate templum Cloacina; it must be confessed that they are apportioned disposed of. A few philosophers of the same stock might be spared from America. It is said of the righteous, that they rest from their labors, and their works follow them: What, then, more natural, than that the fate of the profane should be, to rest from their labors, and follow their works?

PRICES OF STOCKS.

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Includes Philadelphia, November 12, Six per Cent, Three per Cent, Deferred 6 per Cent, 8 per Cent Stock, Do. Scrip with four last payments, 1 per advance, BANK United States, Pennsylvania, North America, Insurance comp. N. A. shares, East-India Company of N. A., Land Warrants.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

Table with 2 columns: Location and Exchange Rate. Includes On London, Amsterdam, Hamburg.

OFFICIAL. IN PRIVY COUNCIL.

Saturday, 5th October, 1799.

His honor the lieutenant-governor laid before the Board a Circular Letter from his Grace the Duke of Portland, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, stating, that in consequence of opening the Ports in his Majesty's West-India islands, to foreign vessels, for the importation of provisions, Muscovado Sugar had been permitted in several of the Islands, to be exported in American bottoms, in return for the provisions brought in those vessels which is not only contrary to the laws of Navigation but very detrimental to the commerce, navigation and revenue of Great-Britain, especially as sugar now pays no duty on such exportation; and submitted to the board, the propriety of amending their resolution of 28th August, 1798, in regard to such return cargoes:

The Board having taken the same into their most serious consideration:

Resolved, That his honor the lieutenant-governor be advised, to recommend to the several offices of his Majesty's customs, at the several ports of this island, to permit the free importation of sheep, hogs, poultry, small live stock of all kind, and all sorts of fruit, salted and all other provisions and lumber of every description, as well in British as in all other vessels belonging to neutral and other states in amity with Great-Britain, from the day of the date hereof until the first day of March next, and until six months notice should be given to the contrary; upon the like terms, charges and conditions, and subject to the same rules, regulations, visitations and searches, as are observed with respect to vessels importing provisions to this island.

Resolved, That from and after the first day of January next, all neutral vessels importing the foregoing articles, under the authority of the above resolution, be permitted to export, from any port or ports, place or places, of this island, such articles (sugar, cocoa-nuts, coffee, ginger and pimento excepted) as may be exported to foreign parts; upon the like terms, stipulations, charges and conditions, as are observed with respect to British vessels, in the like cases.

M. ATKINSON, Cl. Con.

Yesterday morning Peter Peterson, alias Peter Cross, Joseph Bureau or Bruca, and Joseph Baker, alia Berouffe, the three pirates brought in by captain Tingey, were examined before the honorable Richard Peters, judge of the district court. They severally confessed the horrid facts with which they were charged, and acknowledged that one of them, who calls himself Joseph Berouffe, began by killing the mate on the deck, having an ill-willed quarrel about hauling one of the tops. The supercargo was next killed as he was coming up the cabin stairs; being first struck by Peterson; and when he afterwards recovered, and was again making his way on deck, Berouffe, the youngest of the confederates, gave him a mortal blow with the handspike. The fore-mast man was afterwards killed by Berouffe, after a short conflict. Terms were made with the captain, who retained possession of his vessel by a great exertion of courage and address, keeping one of the pirates secured on deck, and the other two fastened below during 13 days, till he carried the vessel into St. Bartholomews.

They all professed to be Frenchmen; and it appeared from the account given by Berouffe, the ringleader, that captain Wheeland had generously given him a passage on board the schooner.

They will receive their trials the next stated session, to be held the 11th April one thousand eight-hundred.

From the New York Gazette.

SIR, "Greenleaf's New Daily Advertiser" of this morning contains a publication entitled, "Extract of a letter from Philadelphia, dated September 20th" which charges me with being at the "bottom" of an "Effort" recently made to suppress the Aurora (a newspaper of that city) by pecuniary means.

It is well known, that I have long been the object of the most malignant calumnies of the faction opposed to our government through the medium of the papers devoted to their views—Hitherto I have borne to report to the laws for the punishment of the authors or abettors; and were I to consult personal considerations alone, I should continue in this course, repaying hatred with contempt. But public motives now compel me to a different conduct. The designs of that faction to overturn our government, and with it the great Pillars of social security and happiness, in this country, become every day more manifest, and have of late acquired a degree of system, which render them formidable. One principal Engine for effecting the scheme, is by audacious falsehoods to destroy the confidence of the people in all those, who are in any degree conspicuous among the supporters of the government;—An Engine which has been employed in time past with too much success, and which, unless counteracted, in future, is likely to be attended with very fatal consequences.—To counteract it is therefore a duty to the community.

Among the specimens of this contrivance, that which is the subject of the present Letter, demands peculiar attention. A bolder calumny; one more absolutely destitute of foundation was never propagated. And its dangerous tendency needs no comment; being calculated to inspire the belief, that the Independence and Liberty of the Press are endangered by the intrigues of ambitious Citizens, aided by Foreign Gold. In so flagrant a case, the force of the laws must be tried. I therefore request that you

will take immediate measures towards the prosecution of the persons who conduct the enclosed paper.

With great consideration, I am, Sir, Your obedient Servant, A. HAMILTON. JOSIAH O. HOFFMAN, Esq. Atty. Gen. In his absence, C. COLDEN, Esq. A. A. General.

STATEMENT OF FACTS. To the Editor.

SIR, An incorrect representation having been made in the Commercial Advertiser of last evening, you are requested to give the following statement of facts:

In consequence of a misunderstanding having taken place between Mr. Cadwallader R Colden, and Mr. John S. Provost, they had a meeting on Tuesday afternoon at Powles Hook. After having exchanged two shots, Mr. Colden received a small contusion on the head, the seconds then endeavoured to bring about a reconciliation, but finding the same ineffectual, a third shot was exchanged, when the seconds interposed, and obliged the parties to separate.

JOHN C. ANTELL, second to Mr. Colden. JOHN E. FISHER, second to Mr. Provost.

NORFOLK, November 9.

Arrived last evening, the brig Pegassus, captain Masters, 21 days from Martinique; called at St. Kitts, from whence he sailed with a fleet of near 40 sail, under convoy of the Baltimore sloop of war, who was bound to St. Croix and St. Thomas to take all there ready, under her convoy.

The schooner M'Pherion, and Freemason (Brit.) sailed from this port 2 days before the Pegassus. Off Cape Hatteras, on the 5th instant, fell in with the American brig Friendship, Watts, of and bound to Philadelphia, from St. Sebastians (Spain) out 72 days, in want of provisions which captain Masters supplied him with. He had on board the maver of a Philadelphia ship captured in the channel by a French privateer.

Captain Masters also informs, that general Desfourneaux had been sent home to France by the inhabitants of Guadalupe. A sloop from the Havana, and a schooner from Fortola arrived at the Port last evening.

The schooner Heby, captain Quarles, (formerly the Lucretia of this port) has been upset on the 16th of September last, in a white squall, on her passage from St. Thomas to Port au Prince; the crew were picked up by the Acacia British frigate, and put on board a Spanish prize destined to St. Thomas, but which was recaptured on the 28th by a Spanish privateer, and the whole crew sent into St. Domingo, from whence the mate arrived here on Thursday, in the schooner Johanna Magdalena, after a passage of 20 days.

Just Published, A COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

Of Practical Surveying and dividing of Land, &c. &c. &c. under the following heads, viz.

TWENTY-THREE Geometrical Definitions; eleven Geometrical Positions, exhibiting to view the properties and dependancies of triangles; followed by problems and examples preparatory to Trigonometry, heights and distances. Then sixteen problems and examples necessarily previous to calculating a Survey succeeded by seven surveys; the area of the four first is found geometrically, and of the whole number by difference of latitude and departure, showing how to take an inaccessible boundary, find the bearing and distance of the closing line without running it; also the distances to an inaccessible corner from the two adjacent corners, followed by examples of offsets on to winding streams of water, showing how to ascertain the area without the trouble of measuring the windings with chains and instruments—a crooked water course fenced, and a quantity of land on each side found by these officers.

Ten examples of dividing land, with many subdivisions, leading into the most critical circumstances that can occur in practice; an example of Intersections, and an example showing how the bearings of a field may be truly taken where the needle is attracted, altho' the attraction may vary in quantity and denomination at every station; examples showing the method of measuring by the chain only. All the rules are clear and explicit. This work contains the tables of difference of latitude and departure and of logarithms.

Orders sent to Joseph and James Cruckshank, Booksellers, No. 87, High-street, Philadelphia, Bonfill and Niles, 173, Market Street, Baltimore, or the Subscriber in Wilmington (Del.) will be duly attended to.

Those who have the care of subscription papers for this work, are requested to send their respective numbers as soon as possible, to whom the quota's will be sent agreeably to the proposals.

ZACHARIAH JESS. Wilmington, 9th 11 mo.—16. 3aw2m.

FOR WILMINGTON, (N. C.): THE BRIG LITTLE MARIA, JOHN THOMPSON, Master. SHE will sail the 22 inst.—For freight or passage apply at No. 109, South Water Street, to MOORE WHARTON. WHO HAS FOR SALE, COFFEE, In hogheads and bags, and a few tons of LOGWOOD, November 16 46t

ARTILLERY BLUES.

A MEETING of the Company is requested at Olden's Tavern (Chebuct street) evening at 7 o'clock—punctuality is required. JOHN M. JONES, Secretary. November 16.

The Subscribers Have for sale at their Store, No 56, Cornhill street, the following articles, viz.

Russia Hemp and Duck, First quality, Boston do. no 1 and 2, A small invoice of well-sorted cordage, First and fourth proof Brandy, in pipes, Madira Wine in pipes and half pipes, Claret in casks, New England Rum in hhd's, Winter strained, Spermaceti Oil and Candles, and a few quarter chests of

Hylon Tea, of a superior quality, late importation. JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co. November 16 3aw1m

To be Sold, Agreeably to the last Will and Testament of Joseph Knight, deceased, AT PUBLIC VENDUE, On the Premises, the seventh day of December next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, or tract of Land, containing about 750 acres, pleasantly situated in the township of Middletown, county of Bucks, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Samuel Watson and others; about 6 miles from Newton, 5 from the borough of Bristol, and 23 from Philadelphia.

There are on the premises a two story dwelling house, with three rooms on the lower and four on the second floor, a kitchen adjoining, milk house at a small distance, and a pump of good water, a good stone barn, hay house, wagon house and some other out buildings; a good bearing apple orchard, containing about 230 trees; about 70 acres of good timber land, and about 50 acres of good meadow. Two never-falling streams of water run through the farm. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale, when attendance will be given by WILLIAM HULME, } Executors. SAMUEL HULME, }

N. B. Any person inclining to view the premises will be shown them by applying to either of the subscribers at Millford's mills. nov. 16 46t; D

MADEIRA WINE.

THE Subscriber, has just received a quantity of HILL'S First Quality London Particular Wine, In Pipes, Hhd's. and Quarter Casks. GIDEON HILL WELLS. Philadelphia, Nov. 12 3aw2m

FOR SALE, SEVERAL VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

Near the corner of Arch and Ninth Streets—Also, To be Sold or Let, A number of excellent Pasture Lots, On the Withalickon road, about half a mile from the city. Enquire at No. 39 North Sixth Street. November 12. 46t; drawf

SIXTY DOLLARS REWARD.

ON Thursday, 22d October, departed from the encampment, near Bristol, Pennsylvania, HENRY WEST, an enlisted Musician, belonging to the company of Captain Matthew Henry of the tenth regiment of United States Infantry. He was 26 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, grey eyes, fair complexion, born in the county of Tyrone, Ireland, he is a little stoop shouldered and speaks in a low tone of voice.

ALSO, Deferted from the company of captain Hugh Brady, on Saturday, 26th October, four privates, JOHN DENNIS, aged 34, 5 feet 3 inches high, brown New York, grey eyes, brown hair, brown complexion, was much addicted to liquor, and when intoxicated very rascally. SOLOMON SMITH, aged 37, 5 feet 7 inches high, born in New-York, grey eyes, brown hair, fair complexion, a notorious offender, who being in the detention. SIMON DUN, aged 25, 5 feet 6 inches high, 6 months; 5 feet 5 inches high, brown hair, grey eyes, fair hair, brown complexion. CHARLES McLELY, aged 26, 5 feet 6 inches high, born in Ireland, grey eyes, black hair, dark complexion—he is supposed to be in Narragansett, or its neighbourhood—it is not known what clothing they had when they deserted; but the probability is that they have changed their military habits.—All

Deferted from the encampment near Bristol, on Tuesday the 8th October, PETER ANDREWS, by trade a shoemaker, belonging to the company of the Subscriber, born in Philadelphia, aged 33, 5 feet 8 inches high, fallow complexion, light eyes, brown hair, with a mixture of grey, much subject to intoxication and extremely paffionate. Whoever shall take up the above deserters and lodge them in any jail so that their officers may get them again, or shall deliver them to the subscriber at his quarters in Ribbert, between Ninth and Tenth Streets, shall receive the above reward and either of them a proportionate reward of ten dollars and all reasonable expenses BENJAMIN GIBBS, jun. Captain, 10th U. States Regiment Infantry. November 11. 46t

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the Estate of JOHN WHARTON, late of the City of Philadelphia, Merchant, deceased, are requested to pay the same, and those having demands against his Estate, to produce their accounts legally attested to KEARNY WHARTON, Acting Executor, No. 111, Spruce street. November 11. dtf

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE owners of Unseated Lands in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, are hereby notified, that unless the Taxes due on said Lands for the Years 1795, 1796, 1797, and 1798 are paid into the hands of JOHN WILKINS, Esquire, County Treasurer, on or before the 30th day of February next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs. Ebenezer Denny, } Commissioners. William Dunning, } James Robinson, } Pittsburgh, November 3, 1799. 3m