

Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

August 1, 1799.
 THE Directors have this day declared a dividend of THIRTY DOLLARS on each Share of the Stock of this Company for the last half year, which will be paid to the Stock holders or their legal representatives after the 10th instant.

JAMES S. COX, President.

Last Yesterday,

A PAIR of women's black MOROCCO SHOES, with heels, fandal buckles and black binding. Whoever finds said shoes and delivers them to D. Brentnall, No. 25, South Second street, will be reasonably rewarded.

TO BE LET,
A Number of New Houses,

On Walnut street, between Sixth and Seventh Streets, facing the Public Square. The advantageous situation of these buildings is obvious, combining a vicinity to the trading parts of the city, with a pure air, and an open prospect interspersed with trees and herbage, resembling a Country Retreat. They need only to be viewed to recommend them as desirable dwellings for respectable families; to such the proprietor means to let them cheap.—For terms apply at the office, No. 96, Arch street, or on the premises.

JOHN CREAM, dt.

United States.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, by the honorable the Judges of the circuit court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday the 10th of August next, at 12 o'clock, at noon,

Twelve Tracts of Land,

lying on the west side of Conewago creek, in the county of Allegheny, held by warrants under act of Assembly of 3d April, 1792, issued in the following names, and containing nos. of acres annexed.

No.	acres.	perches.	bounded by the north by the York State line
1 John Scott	418	140	do do
2 William Scott	389	52	adjoining the above
3 James Scott	418	164	do do
4 Patrick Scott	422	114	do do
5 Adam Scott	429	105	do do
6 Robert Scott	406	60	do do
7 Abraham Scott	407	54	do do
8 Samuel Scott	396	113	do do
9 Edward Abbot	389	34	do do
10 Thomas Abbot	402	129	do do
11 John Abbot	408	63	do do
12 Daniel Abbot	907	—	do do

Nine Tracts of Land

On the Allegheny river, on the north and west side in Allegheny county, held by warrants under act of Assembly of 3d April, 1792, issued to the following persons, viz:

No.	acres.	perches.	bounded by the line between Nicholson's & Mc Dowell's districts and the Allegheny river
13 Jacob Weaver	402	30	do do
14 Daniel Weaver	402	30	adjoining the last
15 Abram Weaver	384	155	do do
16 Richard Adlum	422	149	do do
17 Thomas Adlum	400	68	do do
18 John Adlum	407	98	do do
19 Jos's Adlum, jr.	425	38	do do
20 Joseph Adlum	414	17	do do
21 Edward Adlum	415	48	do do

Sixty-four Tracts of Land

In McDowell's district north west of the river Ohio and Allegheny and Conewago creek, lying on the Allegheny river, surveyed on warrants issued to the following persons, viz:

No.	acres.	perches.	adjoining the above described warrants to Jacob Weaver
22 Philip Weaver	423	75	do do
23 John Ross	452	61	adjoining the above
24 Daniel Long	412	72	do do
25 John Long	406	124	do do
26 William Long	422	15	do do
27 Jacob Beilhong	406	93	do do
28 John Beilhong	402	78	do do
29 Jacob Keller	402	12	do do
30 Daniel Keller	434	133	do do
31 Leonard Keller	407	50	do do
32 John Keller	406	700	do do
33 John Spangler	409	112	do do
34 Jacob Spangler	435	90	do do
35 Rodo's Spangler	431	9	do do
36 John Kerzman	424	7	do do
37 Henry Kerzman	412	92	do do
38 Peter Kerzman	400	126	do do
39 Isaac Kerzman	402	47	do do
40 Jacob Kerzman	419	163	do do
41 Henry Bozer	402	90	do do
42 William Bozer	403	27	do do
43 Samuel Tolbert	413	230	do do
44 John Tolbert	427	25	do do
45 Patrick Tolbert	400	52	do do
46 William Tolbert	413	98	do do
47 Robert Tolbert	444	9	do do
48 Will'm Roberts	409	133	do do
49 Will'm Murray	436	11	do do
50 Samuel Murray	393	79	do do
51 James Murray	417	—	do do
52 Michael Forrest	417	44	do do
53 John Forrest	413	8	do do
54 Philip Forrest	410	109	do do
55 Adam Forrest	429	36	do do
56 George Guest	403	—	do do
57 William Est	400	—	do do
58 Adam Est	426	—	do do
59 Raymond Cuffis	417	—	do do
60 William Cuffis	406	—	do do
61 James Cuffis	413	—	do do
62 Richard Cuffis	401	—	do do
63 Jacob Lewis	391	—	do do
64 Peter Lewis	434	—	do do
65 Robert Lewis	407	—	do do
66 Paschal Lewis	424	—	do do
67 Samuel Ingram	431	—	do do
68 James Ingram	391	—	do do
69 William Ingram	412	39	do do
70 John Ingram	416	242	do do
71 John Shevely	432	25	do do
72 Peter Shevely	463	85	do do
73 George Gill	442	51	do do
74 William Gill	—	—	do do
75 James Gill	—	—	do do
76 John Gill	—	—	do do

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William Blount, Esq. and to be sold by WILLIAM NICHOLS, Marshal.

Philadelphia, Aug. 1, '99 dt. 6A

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 2.

The Montezuma, capt. Mulloony, has brought out a large amount in specie, from Jamaica.

EXTRACTS

From Kingston (Jamaica) papers, received by the Montezuma, capt. Mulloony.

KINGSTON, (Jam.) June 26. Arrived, Schr. Nancy, Kennedy, Philadelphia, last from Turks-Island, 4 days. Industry, Monk, Charleston 17 Brig Betsey, Edward, Philadelphia, 21 Ship Portsmouth, Milward, Savannah 24 Two foreign schooners for St. Domingo and the Main, sailed yesterday.

July 1. An American sloop of war was in the offing all yesterday, and had up a signal for a pilot; the flood out to the southward in the evening.

There appears by the late American papers to have been 41 fail of vessels seized by the harbor master of the port of Charleston, for trading to the ports in St. Domingo, contrary to the law passed by Congress, forbidding all intercourse with any French ports.

July 2. Yesterday arrived at Port Royal the United States sloop of war Montezuma, of 24 guns from a cruise—on entering Port Royal, she saluted the fort and flag, which was immediately returned.

Captain Richard Bunce of the brig Polly, of New-York, informs us, that he parted 6 days ago off Cape Maize, with the American armed ship General Greene, Christopher Raymond Perry, Esq. commander, who requested him to take this public method to inform those concerned, that he with six other armed ships will cruise for some considerable time from Cape Antonio to the Havana for the protection of the American trade.

July 3. It was yesterday reported, that the treaty between gen. Matland and Touffaint, respecting the trade to St. Domingo, has been concluded and sent down here; we know of no arrival here that could have brought it—Rigaud in an address to his fellow citizens of the 2d June last, expresses his aversion to it in the strongest manner.

July 4. Late accounts from St. Domingo state, that Touffaint has actually commenced hostilities against Rigaud, and has made himself master of Jacmel.

July 5. We understand that the captain of the United States sloop of war Montezuma, gave an elegant dinner yesterday on board his ship, in honor of the day, July 4.

Yesterday a great number of American captains and others, dined together at Taton's hotel, it being the anniversary of the independence of America.

Wednesday arrived the schr. Sally, Scherer, from Philadelphia, in 26 days.

Treachery of United Irishmen.

Before capt. Naylor left Gibraltar, a most wicked and treacherous plot was fortunately discovered a few days before it was to be put into execution. It appears that a part of the United Irishmen, that surrendered at Vinegar hill with the French Gen. Humbert, was sent to Gibraltar to recruit the 18th regiment; those men have seduced a part of the troops stationed there, to join in their infamous designs, had agreed to rise upon the rest of the troops, to murder them and their officers, and to deliver that important garrison to the enemy. The ring leaders were brought to a court martial, ten of whom were sentenced to be shot, eight of these however, were reprieved on the ground, and two suffered death.

We understand that William Savage, esq. of this town, Merchant, is appointed agent to the United States of America.

Every article of intelligence from the north of Germany, says a Paris paper, confirms the report that Paul I. is determined to harass the king of Prussia, and the states of the empire, who have abandoned Austria, and are on the amicable terms with France.

[Private accounts, via Hamburg, assure us that the Prussian monarch is completely prepared for any event, having formed a coalition with the neutral princes of Germany, whereby they have in complete readiness an army of 200,000 men to act as occasion may require—what led to this event was the march of the Russian troops into Germany.]

[Salem Gaz.]

ELECTION.

ALL those of the inhabitants of the County of Bucks, by law, qualified to vote for Members of Assembly, and who are desirous that JAMES ROSS, Esq. of Pittsburg, should succeed the present supreme Magistrate, as Governor for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, are requested to meet at the house of Charles Stuart, in Doylestown, on Saturday the 17th of August next, for the purpose of consulting what further measures may be necessary for promoting the election of Mr. Ross.

HENRY WYNKOOP, Chairman of the Bucks County Corresponding Committee.

July 8, 1799.

NEW-BEDFORD, July 24.

Extract of a letter from captain Knowles Adams of this town, late commander of the ship Mary-Ann, of 14 guns, and 25 men, belonging to New-York, to his friend in this town, dated Cadiz, May 22, 1799.

"I am sorry to be under the necessity of writing to you upon so different a subject from my last. On the 2d instant, sailed from Guernsey, bound to Malaga and Barcelona, with nothing to render our passage unhappy, until the 11th, arrived off Cadiz, thinking to have found the English blockading this port, but to my great surprize, found no English ships here—immediately began to apprehend danger, which at 12 on meridian was but too well founded; we desisted from mail head seven French privateers, the wind dying away fast at the same time, 5 of them with the help of their oars, soon came up with us; on which an action commenced, which continued without ceasing one hour and forty-seven minutes; having in the course of this time one of my men killed, and seven wounded, which you must think had weakened my small number considerably, it being dead calm, and overpowered by numbers, I thought resistance no longer useful nor prudent, and struck my colors, with hopes of mercy, but to my sorrow, found little—true, my life was spared me, for which I am very thankful, and for which I am (under God) indebted to a Frenchman, who was far more humane than the rest—several attempts were made to dispatch me, which certainly would have been done had not this Frenchman interfered. So savage were they, beat our wounded in a most shocking manner; they knocked me down and beat me, while others were attempting to stab me—not a man escaped their barbarity. They took from us every thing except what we stood in, even our hats from our heads.

"Our ship is a most shocking sight to behold, cut all to pieces; my poor countrymen are more or less flaring the same fate every day; a ship from Baltimore, bound to Leghorn, was brought into Algeziras the same day after me, mounting 20 six pounders, and 25 men, the captain dangerously wounded; he fought them an hour and a half.

"They would not allow us to go on shore for forty eight hours after getting into port, nor permit any one to speak us from the shore, nor even our consul, nor allow us to bury our dead; keeping Mr. Mumford (my merchant) and myself in close confinement, no cloaths to wear, nor any thing to lie on but the ballast in the hold.

"The privateers are now much larger than when I was out in the Commerce; those that captured me, three out of the five, mounted six twelve and two eighteens, 90 men each—none less than 50—made up of all nations, I am sorry to say many Americans.

"We were captured on the 11th, carried into port the 12th, the 5 passed our declaration; our papers sealed up and sent to Cadiz. On the 19th, Mr. Mumford and myself arrived safe at Cadiz, each in perfect health; where we now are waiting our condemnation, which we expect will take place soon.

"My conduct through the whole of this disagreeable business seems to have met the approbation of every American, together with that of our consuls, who flatter me with its meeting the approbation of all whom it may concern. I have given the French consuls consuls here, a true representation of their barbarity, together with a list of every thing they robbed me of, and have their promise that my wearing apparel shall be restored. I have not much hopes of recovering any of my property, for they are much enraged against me for contending with them so long. Many on their side were killed, as appears by their own account, and they always make their loss as favorable as possible. My return home is uncertain." Adieu.

ALEXANDRIA, July 27.

The schooner Cornelia, Capt. James Crowdhill, of this port, was unfortunately captured on the 17th of June, about 65 miles to the Eastward of Surinam River by a French privateer sloop, called, the La Imposture, commanded by citizen Baptiste Malvin, belonging to Cayenne. The citizens of the United States must have lost by his captures, on the lowest calculation, the sum of 80,000 dollars. The privateer is American built, and has not the smallest appearance of being armed. She however, carries six 6 pounders and one long French 18 pounder, which carries an English 24lb shot and runs on a slide. It can be used on either side, or as a stern or bow chace. Her bottom is white, sides yellow, and upper works black and yellow. But does not appear to have been painted for the last 12 months; barriades does very low and weak, to that any armed vessel laying her close aboard would be almost sure of conquest. She frequently lays at anchor on the coast with a number of prizes round her, so that the American vessels may mistake her for a Dutch or Dane. It is hoped that this description may be of service to commanders of vessels in that trade.

Malvin had determined to fit out the brig George as a privateer, to mount 14 guns; and if the Cornelia failed to his liking she was also to be fitted out. He is a man of considerable property, and so well acquainted with the coasts, & that he is enabled to do considerable injury to our commerce. The French keep 2 corvettes of 20 guns each, with a considerable number of men; but capt. Crowdhill is of opinion, that a very small American force would keep the coast clear of privateers. No dependence is to be placed on the Dutch; as almost all their vessels of war have been sent home.

The day after capt. Crowdhill was captured, Malvin made him and Mr. Nicolls, who was supercargo of the brig George a present of the schooner John, including, al-

to her officers and seamen; but previous to this she had been plundered of every thing that was valuable. Capt. Crowdhill being short of water, carried the schooner into Surinam, where she was claimed by the captain and supercargo, and accordingly given up. In return for his carrying the vessel into that place, he was given two barrels of beef and one of flour, with some gallees to use on his passage home.

Capt. Crowdhill feels himself bound in duty to return his thanks to capt. Sandford and Mr. John Moore, for their humanity and friendly attention on his arrival at Surinam. Capt. Henderlon of the London Packet, of Baltimore, with true American philanthropy, offered capt. Crowdhill any assistance he might stand in need of, supposing that he had been plundered; but Malvin had taken nothing but his papers, and amongst them his certificate of naturalization.

Mr. Richard Nicolls, who was taken in the brig George, intended to sail in the brig Favorite for Baltimore, unless prevented by the watchfulness of the corvette which lay at Surinam and the commander of whom had determined to capture all American vessels he could fall in with.

RICHMOND, July 20.

Clayborne [of this state] and Clopton, (both belonging to the band) had occasion, during the last session of Congress, to address their constituents by letter. The abilities of either singly, being inadequate (as it would seem) to the task, they club'd talents, and produced one, which answered the purpose. Clayborne sent his to the people of Brunswick and other counties in that district; and Clopton forwarded his to those of New-Kent, Henrico, &c. while each flattered himself, no doubt, that the distance would prevent a discovery. A citizen of this place, was reading one of them some time afterwards to a few acquaintances, as a letter from Mr. Clopton, which he premised he had procured accidentally, and intended to preserve as a curiosity. A gentleman of Mecklenburg happened to be present, and after hearing the letter read, observed that it came from Mr. Clayborne,—not from Mr. Clopton; for that the former was his Representative, and had transmitted him one of the same kind. Hereupon he was shewn the signature of Clopton, but having good grounds for his assertion, he put his hand into his pocket, and drew out Clayborne.

The two letters were then compared, and proved in every respect verbatim, except the signature. Yet did many of our fellow citizens; honest and respectable citizens too, with a knowledge of this circumstance, give their suffrages at the last election, in favour of these co-partners in composition, in preference to General Marshall and Mr. Goode, whose talents and integrity are acknowledged throughout the state.

FOR SALE, BY PUBLIC AUCTION, On Saturday, the 3d inst.

At three o'clock in the Afternoon, IN FRANKFORD, TWO good new, strong Two Story Stone HOUSES, each with a pleasant yard in front, paved in, and a garden back, they are handsomely situated on Adam's Road, a small distance from the Main Street: are very cool and airy houses, and out of the way of dust, there are but two rooms on a floor to each, besides chambers and garrets, all well finished, and will suit very well to be sold separate, for the accommodation of small families or together and turned into one large house. Any person inclining to treat for the whole together, may know the terms by applying to Mr. Alexander Martin, in Frankford.

For Port Republicain, THE SHIP ORONO,

Richard Stites, master, Mounting 12 six and nine pound cannon, men answerable, burthen about 360 tons, will sail forth in—Freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, at Vine street wharf, or to Thomas & John Kelland.

NOTICE,

To the Creditors of Joseph Thomas. THE meeting of Creditors which was intended to be held to-morrow is postponed until further notice.

The Assignees not having been able to get the information they expected from one of the Western Counties is the cause of postponement.

SAMUEL W. FISHER, } Assignees. AND WM. BUCKLEY, }

N. B.—Those indebted are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, otherwise their accounts will be put in suit.

August 1. dt.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Messrs FOOTMAN & CO. have assigned all their property both real and personal, to the subscribers, in trust for the benefit of their creditors; Therefore all persons who are indebted to said firm, or to Richard Footman, or Richard S. Footman, prior to the 23d March, 1799, are requested forthwith to make payment or they will be immediately put in suit, and those who have claims against them are desired to exhibit them properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

SAMUEL PRICE, } Assignees appointed SAMUEL YORKE, } by the Court. Philadelphia, July 31, 1799. dtm

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT I have applied by petition to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Northumberland for the benefit of the insolvent act, and they have appointed the 4th Monday in August to hear me and my creditors at the court in Sunbury, at which time and place they may attend if they think proper.

JACOB BESSER, July 2, 1799, dt. raw 3w

CONTINUATION OF Late Foreign Articles

VIA NEW-YORK & BOSTON.

FRANCE.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY. 6 Prairial, May 25. General Scherer to the Executive Directory.

CITIZENS DIRECTORS, The minister of war has made known to me the choice which you have made in my person of inspector general of the French troops stationed in Holland. I thank you, Citizens Directors, for this new mark of confidence with which you have been pleased to honor me; but I pray your permission to decline its acceptance. I am outrageously calumniated both as a minister and a general. I owe to my country, to your choice, to my honor and reputation, thus attacked, a complete justification against the heavy charges accumulated on my head. In a few days, a public account of my administration, during the five first months of the 7th year, shall be laid before you. It shall be corroborated by all justificatory documents necessary to authenticate and confirm its veracity.

Health and fraternity. (Signed) SCHERER.

PARIS, 27 Floreal, May 16.

Eymar, the Ex-civil Commissioner at Turin, has written from Chambery on the 8th instant, to the following effect:—We were obliged to re-pass Mount Cenis, with the French constituted authorities, the Legislative Body and Directory of the Cisalpine Republic. One of the Cisalpine Directors, and several of the Deputies, dined with me on cheese and eggs, upon the summit of the Alps; and I treated them in the name of the Executive Directory of the French Republic. We drank to the invincible courage and the sure triumph of the friends of liberty.

The Ambassador Rivaud arrived here yesterday with two Cisalpine Directors; two more of them are expected, and the fifth has gone over to the enemy.

A numerous convey from Bourdeaux has entered the river Loire. It fortunately escaped the pursuit of a large frigate and four privateers belonging to the English. They write from Nantes, that another convey bound for Bourdeaux has not been so fortunate; and they mention the loss of five or six of their vessels taken by the English privateers.

28 Floreal, May 17.

All the persons of whom the Cisalpine Directory, as well as several other constituted authorities of that republic were composed, arrived at Grenoble on the 8th. A guard of honor was appointed to attend them during their residence there.

The fitting of the Council of War appointed to try General Championnet, has, in consequence of the demand of his official defender, Citizen Blaque, been fixed at Briancon.

On the 12th instant, Citizen Lezean, Chief Agent of the Helvetic Republic, shot himself with a pistol charged with two balls. The balls have been extracted from his head and he has been carried to the hospital de l'Unité.

The Baron de Stael, the Swedish minister here, has obtained liberty from his court to return to Sweden.

The Prussian minister at Hamburgh left that city on the 1st inst. in consequence of the hostile dispositions of Paul I.

The second Russian army entered the Hungarian territory on the 25th April.

The mail from Lyons to Paris which arrived yesterday, was attacked near Tartare, and the dispatches carried off by a band of 25 robbers.

TURIN, May 4.

For these five days a vast number of citizens are crowding into this Commune from Milan and other parts of Italy, while great numbers are leaving this place for France. The head-quarters have been here since the 2d, and on their arrival Citizen Mullet terminated his official business, and shut up his offices. Every article and effect of the most valuable kind here, as well as at Milan, has been sent to France. The mails, carriages, and waggons employed on the occasion have been innumerable. It was reported the night before the last, that the French were about to evacuate this city, and that the banditti intended to plunder us. All the inhabitants put lights in their balconies and in their windows, and during the night and the next day strong patrols kept order in the streets. Yesterday and to-day the shops were shut up. Several corps are on their march to Pignerol, which is the general rendezvous, and where the Cisalpines and a body of our troops are stationed. Yesterday morning about 40 individuals, mostly Ex-Nobles, were arrested, in order to be sent out of the country, and the citizen Prince de Carignan was this day sent to France. Some Members of our Municipality have fled, and are already re-placed.

May 6.

General Moreau, after having caused the administrations that were unfit for the active service of the war, and the different depots, to be removed back towards France, collected all the troops that were in Piedmont united them to the army which he commands, and is marching to meet the army of Naples.