

ALARM.

THIS war has produced many prodigies of crime, not before recorded in the history of nations, and such dreadful examples of perfidy, corruption and treachery, as ought to make all governments to fear and tremble for their existence.

The King of Naples was a mild, beneficent and patriotic Prince; from a view to the happiness of his subjects, however mistaken, he had studied to preserve a good understanding even with the insolent upstart tyrants of France, until he discovered that nothing would turn them from their real design to revolutionize his country, and to make it the seat of war and rapine—but he seems not to have discovered their machinations early enough.

He took the field with a large and well appointed military force, under the command of a gallant and experienced officer; but notwithstanding a short gleam of success at first, he was forced, in a few weeks, to fly from domestic treachery to the British fleet, to avoid being massacred, or given up to the hands of his ferocious enemies.

What a lesson is this to all the governments, which by the protection of providence do yet exist!—Can any thing prove more strongly the necessity to scrutinize every department of Office, civil and military, but especially the latter?—to bring every man, as far as possible, to the ordeal, and where there is the smallest reason to suspect a collusion with the enemy, or a strong disposition to favor him, instantly to cashier the guilty person.

Hear then, ye guardians of the public welfare!—Ye watchmen on the walls of our Zion!—and thou, great and much respected Chief! hear the voice of wisdom, speaking from the tombs of martyred monarchies and republics:

"PURGE YOUR COUNTRY, but especially all its public offices, BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE, OF DOMESTIC TRAITORS."

COMMUNICATION.

MR. TENNO,

It must give the highest satisfaction to the citizens of Philadelphia and its connections, to learn that the quarantine is performed by the ships of war and other vessels off the Lazaretto with the utmost punctuality; and every regulation of the board of health, promptly and cheerfully attended unto, much to the honour of the masters and owners.

An article from Rastadt, dated March 25, says, the Prussian Minister insists on the French evacuating the Right Bank of the Rhine; that the troops of Wurtzbourg, Bamberg, and Hesse Darmstadt, in pay of the Emperor, had joined the Austrian army; and that, tho' the Austrian and other ministers were about to depart, those of France, Hanover and Saxony had intimated that they would continue.

BOARDING.

A few Young Men can be accommodated with Genteel Board on reasonable terms, at No. 8 Cherry Alley—the Situation is pleasant and healthy.

PHILANTHROPOS.

IN a Paris Journal of the 12th March, appears discolored in positive terms, the motive to peace with this country on the part of France. As the war is growing general and the aspect of their affairs becoming more and more serious, they begin to think that in a multitude of enemies there is danger, and to "feel the necessity" of shewing a "certain degree" of condescension towards neutral powers.

Extract of a letter from Surinam, 8th January, 1799. "The first eight that were landed at Sina-mary, are reduced to two, Murinais, Trou-gou, Bourdon, La Villeharnois, Roué, Brothier are dead; Pichégu and Barthele-mi, have escaped. Barbé Marbois and Lafond Ladebat have survived and resisted the dreadful contagion. Both have been very sick, and have anxiously solicited for a trial—Out of 308, who were last landed, more than half have died in less than five months, all the remainder are exceedingly indisposed, details of their situation, would shock the feelings of the most inhuman."

A letter from Cape Francois, dated May 11, received by a gentleman of this city, concludes with the following important and pleasing article: "Just as I was closing this letter a vessel has arrived from Hamburg, in a short passage, bringing accounts of the French Gen-eral Jourdan having been totally defeated by the army of the Arch Duke Charles.

From a London paper. A woman dressed in deep mourning waited yesterday afternoon at the Garden-gate, St. James's in the anxious expectation, when their Majesties stepped into their carriages, of presenting a petition; but being prevented by the officers on guard from approaching near enough, she retired to some distance from the place, and as the coach passed had the resolution to throw it into the window; it falling into the Princess Elizabeth's lap, her royal highness gave it to the Queen—the poor woman appeared quite overjoyed to think that she had been so successful, from the narrative she told, it appeared that she lost her husband, who had been a warrant officer on board the Queen, in the West-Indies; one of her sons, a lieutenant, was murdered by the crew of the Hermione; and another had fallen in action while serving on board the Leviathan—that she was entirely destitute, and had no other means of gaining relief than imploring the goodness of their majesties to alleviate her suffering, by deigning to notice the prayer of her petition.

Married, on Thursday the 23d inst. by the Right Reverend Bishop White, captain JOHN HENRY, of the second regiment of artillery and engineers, stationed at Fort Jay, to Miss SOPHIA DUCHÉ, daughter of the Reverend Jacob Duclé of this city.

on Thursday evening last, by the Right Rev. Bishop White, Mr. CHARLES L. OGDEN, merchant, New-York, to Miss ELIZABETH MEREDITH, daughter of Mr. Jonathan Meredith, of this city.

London, April 7. The renewal of hostilities on the Rhine appears to have given increased vigour to the insurrection in Belgium. Accordi g to letters from Antwerp, on the 23d ult. the whole of the Compine was again in arms and the revolt had assumed so formidable an aspect as to occasion the return of some corps of French troops which had left Brussels, Mechlin, &c. to join the army on the Rhine.

The American ship Washington, of Boston, Cunningham, master, was lately attacked by a French privateer, in the Straights of Gibraltar. After an action of 30 minutes, the Frenchman attempted to board, but failing in the attempt, was obliged to sheer off with considerable loss.

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HEALTH-OFFICE,

5th Mo. 28th 1799.

THE Board of Health taking into consideration, the danger which may arise from infractions of the Health Law of this City, through ignorance or inadvertance; think it their duty to publish the following parts of the Law, for general information, and at the same time, declare that any person violating the same shall be prosecuted with its utmost rigor.

The Board request the assistance of their fellow citizens, particularly those who keep Taverns, Stage-Offices, and Boarding Houses in detecting, and exposing a conduct which may involve the most important interest of the City.

EDWARD GARRIGUES, Pres't. PASCHALL HOLLINGSWORTH, Sec'y.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all ships and vessels, as well vessels of war as merchant vessels, arriving at the said Lazaretto from any port or place in the Mediterranean, or the seas or waters connected with the same, to the eastward of the Straits of Gibraltar, or from the coast of Africa without the Straits of Gibraltar, and the territory of the same, and the ports of Africa other than the Cape of Good Hope, in the Indian Ocean, and from the main land of North or South America, or the West India Islands between the latitude of the River St. Mary, in Georgia, and the beginning of the latitude of thirty degrees south of the Equator, and from Batavia in the Island of Java, from the fifteenth day of May to the first day of October, shall there be detained at anchor, and discharge the whole of their cargoes and ballast, which together with the vessels, bedding, cloathing, and every other article on board, which may be supposed capable of retaining infection, shall be perfectly cleaned and purified, under the direction of the Resident Physician an Quarantine Matter.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all ships or vessels, as well vessels of war as merchant vessels, coming from any port or place within the United States, and bound to the port of Philadelphia, from the fifteenth day of May to the first day of October, and having on board any goods or merchandize, the growth or produce of any port or place mentioned in the fifth section of this act, or any person or persons, bedding or cloathing, from any of the said ports or places, shall come to anchor opposite to the said Lazaretto; and if the captain or master of such ship or vessel shall produce to the resident physician and quarantine master such satisfactory proof as the Board of Health shall, in that case, direct to be required, that the said goods or merchandize have been landed in the United States, and are free from damage, and that the said vessel, bedding, cloathing and persons are free from the infection of any dangerous contagious disease whatever, then, and in that case, the said resident physician and quarantine master shall give to the captain or master of such ship or vessel, a certificate of the facts permitting such ship or vessel to proceed to the city, which certificate the said captain or master shall present at the Health-Office in Philadelphia within twenty-four hours after his arrival and safely mooring there; and, if he shall neglect so to do, being thereof convicted upon indictment under this act, by verdict, confession or standing mute in any court of criminal jurisdiction within this commonwealth, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of two hundred dollars to be recovered and appropriated as is herein after provided and directed; and if the said captain or master shall fail to produce such satisfactory proof as aforesaid of the wholesome state of the said vessel, goods, merchandize, bedding, cloathing and persons the said vessel, goods, merchandize, bedding, cloathing and persons shall be detained at the Lazaretto and shall be proceeded with in the same manner and subject to the same orders and regulations as is herein before provided and directed in the case of vessels coming direct from the aforesaid foreign ports and places; mentioned in the fifth section of this act; and, if the captain or master of any ship or vessel coming from any port or place within the United States and bound to the port of Philadelphia, having on board any goods or merchandize, bedding, cloathing or persons as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to come to anchor opposite the Lazaretto and shall pass the same with intent to proceed to the city, without examination and certificate obtained from the resident physician and quarantine master as aforesaid, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars for each and every offence, to be recovered and appropriated as is herein after provided and directed; and, moreover, shall be sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for any term not less than one nor more than five years, and the said vessel, goods, merchandize, bedding, cloathing and persons shall be sent back to the Lazaretto, there to be proceeded with in such manner as the Board of Health, agreeably to this act, shall, in that case, devise and direct.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons, and all goods, merchandize, bedding and cloathing arriving at any port or place within the United States, from any port or place mentioned in the fifth section of this act, are hereby prohibited from entering within the city or county of Philadelphia from the fifteenth day of May to the first day of October, either by land or water, unless the said person or persons, goods, merchandize, bedding or cloathing shall have been landed in such port or place within the United States in a wholesome state, at least thirty days previous thereto, under the penalty of five hundred dollars for each and every offence, together with the forfeiture of such goods, merchandize, bedding, or cloathing, one half to the benefit of the informer and the other half to be appropriated as is herein after directed.

Sec. 14. And, if any master or captain, shall, knowingly, receive or employ on board of his ship or vessel; or, if any house-keeper

or other inhabitant of this commonwealth, shall, knowingly, receive, harbor or in any wife entertain any person so eloping or absenting from the Lazaretto, without having previously obtained and producing a discharge as aforesaid, each and every master and captain, and each and every house-keeper or inhabitant, so respectively offending, shall, on being thereof legally convicted, forfeit and pay a sum of one hundred dollars; and, moreover, be sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor, for any term not less than one nor more than five.

If any person other than those detained at the Lazaretto as aforesaid shall go on board or along side of any ship or vessel whilst under quarantine as aforesaid; or, if any person not authorized by the proper officer, shall go within the limits of the Lazaretto, such person or persons shall perform such quarantine as the Board of Health may direct; and, being thereof convicted upon indictment under this act, by verdict, confession or standing mute in any court having criminal jurisdiction within this Commonwealth, shall, moreover, be sentenced to, and suffer confinement at hard labor in the jail of the county of Philadelphia for any space not less than one or more than three years.

The Editors of Newspapers are requested to publish the foregoing, for information of the Public.

TRIAL OF FRIES.

William W. Woodward takes the liberty of informing the citizens of the United States and those of this state, that he has been requested by the Council to suspend the publication of the first trial of John Fries, until that of the second takes place. The importance of this prosecution is indeed sufficient apology as life or death is in consideration.

W. W. Woodward has engaged Mr. Carpenter, who took the first trial in short hand, to stand prepared for taking the second; when they will both be published in one pamphlet, and on the most reasonable term.

N. B. W. W. Woodward, will thank the publishers of the different papers to give one insertion of this paragraph.

UNITED STATES, Pennsylvania District, } ss.

BY virtue of a pluries writ of venditioni exponas to me directed by the honorable Richard Peters, esquire, Judge of the District Court of the United States in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale at the Merchants' Coffee House, in the city of Philadelphia, on Monday the 10th day of June inst. at 7 o'clock in the evening, all that certain two story brick messuage with the lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the fourth side of Chestnut street, between 6th and 7th streets from the river of Delaware, the lot containing in breadth on Chestnut street one hundred and one feet, and in depth two hundred and thirty five feet to George street, now in the tenure of James O'Ellers—Also one three story brick messuage nearly finished, and the lot thereunto belonging, situate on the east side of 6th street between Walnut and Spruce streets; Also one, containing in breadth on Sixth street twenty two feet, and in depth one hundred and seventy seven feet.

The terms of sale of the property in Chestnut street, are to be one third of the purchase money to be paid in ten days, one third in six and the remaining third in twelve months, with interest from the day of sale. If default in payment, the premises to be put up to sale again at the risk of the purchaser.

No title to be made unless other satisfactory security is offered and accepted till payment of the last installment.

The house and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate in Sixth street, will be sold for cash, to be paid on the delivery of the deed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Swanwick, Esq. deceased, and to be sold by

WILLIAM NICHOLS, Marshal. Marshal's Office, at } Phila. 1st June, 1799 } dt. June

To Distillers & Owners of Stills.

WHEREAS by an act of Congress, passed the 8th day of May 1793, intitled "An act concerning the duties on spirits distilled within the United States," it is required of all persons having or keeping a still or stills to make entry thereof, between the last day of May and the first day of July, in each year, under the penalty of two hundred and fifty dollars:

NO TICE is therefore hereby given to all distillers or owners of stills, within the county of Montgomery, to make entry of them at the Office of Inspection, at the house of the subscriber, in Norriton township in the county aforesaid.

Daniel St. Clair, Collector 3d Dist. 1st Sur. Pennsylvania. June 1. 22w/1y1.

To Distillers & Owners of Stills.

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NO TICE is therefore hereby given to all distillers or owners of stills, within the city and county of Philadelphia, to make entry of them at the Office of Inspection, at No. 49, North Third street, in the city of Philadelphia, within the above mentioned periods.

James Ash, Collector, Of the Revenue of the first Division of the First Survey of the District of Pennsylvania. Philadelphia, June 1. 1799. 22w/1y1.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS my Husband, Joseph Lea, has accused me of in decent conduct, and of having deserted his marriage bed, I think it my duty to assert, as with great truth I can, that his charges are totally false and groundless, and do warn all persons from harboring or having any connections with him, till our separation shall be terminated in a court of law, by

FANNY LEA. June 1. 31y

The Letter Bag of the ship Connecticut, for Hamburg, will be taken from the Coffee House on Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock.

N. B. She will take in freight these for this port. June 1. 1799.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25, 1799.

JAMES HUMPHREYS

Respectfully presents his acknowledgments to those Gentlemen who have been pleased to subscribe to his prospectus for a Paper, CURRENT in this City: It having now been suggested to him, that a DAILY EVENING ADVERTISER with the MARINE NEWS, a PRICE-CURRENT, &c. on the following Plan, will be more likely to meet general Encouragement—

HE PROPOSES. And trusts it will meet with their approbation, To publish an MANDAR the 17th of June, And to continue it to such as are pleased to encourage it.

THE PHILADELPHIA Daily Evening Advertiser AND MARINE REGISTER.

On the following conditions: IT will be printed on four pages, large quarto; it will once a week at least, every Monday, and oftener as occasion may require contain the Prices Current of this city, with the Dates on each article; the Prices Current of the different States, with those of Europe, and the West-Indies, as far as they can be obtained accurate; also the Prices of Stocks, Course of Exchange, &c. &c. with a regular account of Port Entries, inward and outward, and the Marine Intelligence, foreign and domestic.

The price to subscribers within the city and liberties, to whom it will be delivered at their houses, will be Three Dollars the Year, one and an half dollar to be paid at the expiration of three months, and the remainder at the end of the year: To subscribers at a greater distance, to whom it will be sent agents to their directions, the price will be Four Dollars the Year, two to be paid at the time of subscribing, and two at the end of the year. The utility of a paper to this city on the foregoing plan, properly conducted, must appear obvious to every one; and it is surely unnecessary to say any thing of the great advantage it must have in the Advertising Line, being particularly calculated to serve the interests of trade and business, and of course from the nature of it, as well as from its low terms, must command general circulation. Subscriptions and Advertisements are received by said Humphreys, at his office in 3d Street, opposite the Bank of the United States. June 1. Sat. 31.

THE Volunteer Company of Grenadiers are requested to meet at the house of Wm. Ogden in Chestnut-street on Tuesday next the 4th of June, at 8 o'clock in the evening.

By command, Thomas B. Zanwinger, Serg't June 1. dt.

It is expected the Members will be punctual in their attendance on that evening.

Just Published, And to be sold by the Proprietor, JEREMIAH PAUL, No. 35, South Fourth Street;

By Isaac Pearson, No. 129, Market-street; Benjamin Davies, No. 68, Market-street; John Ormrod, No. 41, Chestnut-street; William Jones, No. 30 North Fourth-street; and by Joseph Moore, No. 1, White-Horse Alley, — 715.

CHILD'S ASSISTANT;

Containing the first principles of Arithmetic, adapted to the capacities of Youth. A. S. O.

A COLLECTION OF COPIES For the use of Schools.

Alphabetically arranged, with directions prefixed for holding the Pen. To which is added, approved forms of Receipts, Bills, Orders, Bills of Exchange Bonds and Conditions, Awards, &c. Also, the common Tables used in Arithmetic.

The Bibles may be had separately for the use of children of all ages. A good profit will be allowed to Retailers. 6th Mo. 1st, 1799. dt. Sat. 6.

IS OFFERED FOR SALE, (if speedily applied for)

A VALUABLE parcel of Land in Annapolis del county, not far from the city of Annapolis and about 30 miles from the city of Washington. One acre of these tracts is a most elegant two story brick Dwelling House, 4 rooms on a floor, beautifully situated in an excellent and healthy neighborhood—This body of Land will be sold in lots or in a large body. There are several remnants on said Tract which rent for something considerable per ann. A further description is deemed unnecessary. Apply to the printer. June 1. 1796w.

A beautiful Country Seat for Sale.

SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware, adjoining lands of Mathias Siple and Mrs John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Bristol.

The buildings consist of a new two story Frame House and Kitchen, 20 rooms — 3 rooms on a floor; a Piazza the whole floor of the House; a Pump of excellent water, an 2000 gallon cistern and orchard — to acres of land will be found with the premises, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly pass near the river the water flows for 8 or 10 miles every day in the summer season, and the land is good for New-York within half a mile; any person inclining to purchase may know the terms of sale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-street, of No. 151, South Second-street. June 1. tuth&tt.

NOTICE

JAMES KITCHEN, at the Merchant's Coffee House, respectfully informs the public, that he has provided strong boxes under lock and key, for the reception of letters for every vessel sailing in future from this port to Europe—such letter to pay one cent. If any letter is wanted to be taken out for alteration or otherwise, it must be opened and the signature shewn to him; to prevent the blame of miscarriage on perdition. The bags will be made up at the latest hour, and the seal of the Coffee House affixed thereto. June 1.

The Letter Bag of the ship Fame, capt. Ricard, for Hamburg, will be taken away this afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

SHIP DELAWARE, capt. Robert Clay, for London, on Wednesday at noon.

JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE BY THOMAS CONDIE, NO. 20—AND RICHARD FOLWELL, No. 33, Carter's Alley, [PRICE SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS.] HISTORY

Of the Pestilence commonly called YELLOW FEVER, Which almost desolated Philadelphia, in the months of August, September, and October, 1798.

BY THOMAS CONDIE & RICHARD FOLWELL. may 23. 31