

who always protects his cause, for which each of you ought to fight, unless he means to deny his faith, &c.

The fortrefs of Ehrenbreitstein, of which the French have taken possession, is one of those which nature seems to have peculiarly formed for self-defence. It is situated on a rock nearly circular, very high, and the foot of which is washed by the Rhine. The only point on which it can be regularly attacked, is along the bank of the river on the side of Neuwied—but besides that this approach is very narrow, the works of art, the levelling of the ground in 1794, have rendered this point of attack more difficult and dangerous than it was before. The relative position of this place adds much to the importance of its strength, because it commands at once the city of Coblenz, the roads on the two sides of the Rhine, the navigation of that river, and that of the Moselle which empties itself opposite the batteries of the fortrefs. These local advantages have rendered the possession of this place most important during all the wars between the empire and France, and particularly before Mayerco and the fort of Cassel had acquired the extent and strength which the French, the Prussians, and the Austrians have successively given to them since the commencement of the present war.

Ever since two days after the French army under the orders of gen. Hoche opened the campaign in 1797, by passing the Rhine at Neuwied (April 18th) Ehrenbreitstein had been invested by it in a manner more or less close.

It was expected that this blockade would cease after the treaties of Leoben and Campo Formio, and more particularly after the reiterated representations on this subject made at Rastadt, and the acceptance of the ultimatum of the French deputies by those of the empire; but the directory, who wished to acquire the only important point of which they were not masters from Manheim to the West, and to have certain possession of all the pledges of war in case they chose to recommence it, were deaf to the demands of the deputies of the empire, as they have ever been, and always will be, to those of justice and good faith.

The perseverance with which the garrison of this place, composed of troops of the empire, have supported the fatigue of this long blockade, and the privation of every kind which they have suffered during this rigorous winter, deserves the highest praise, and forms an accusation against those who have left them no resource but patience.

Colonel Faber who commanded it, has proved himself worthy of the trust confided to him, and is one of the small number of officers of the empire, who are in fact desirous and capable of supporting the honour of Germany. This officer, who in his youth had served in France, afterwards entered the service of his Sovereign the elector of Treves, and in 1793 commanded a corps of Chasseurs, who served with distinction in the advanced posts of the army of the king of Prussia, who rewarded col. Faber by giving him the order of merit. We have every reason to believe that this officer, born at Thal-Ehrenbreitstein, did every thing for the defence of this fortrefs which the double interests of duty and patriotism could dictate.

The following Certificates of Scrip of the Eight per cent Loan have been

LOST OR STOLEN,

To wit:

No. 2974 Charles James,	1000	Dollrs.
3658 ditto	400	
2791 Andrew James,	1000	
3611 ditto	400	
2792 Martha Mullen	1000	
3656 ditto	400	
3672 Ann Williams,	400	

In case the same should be offered for sale it is requested that they may be stopped and notice given to the printer hereof.

April 23. dtf

To Printers or Publishers.

ONE of the most lucrative establishments in the above lines of business in the United States, is now offered for sale on liberal terms. The establishment consists of the publication of a very extensive circulating, commercial Newspaper, in a capital city; and an office furnished with letter sufficient for the execution of other work.

Further particulars may be known on application to A. B. No. 47, north Third-street; but none, other than principals, or persons fully enabled to make a purchase of some considerable magnitude will be treated with.

April 23. dtf

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber this day, at noon, two mulatto boys servants, viz Ned, but commonly called Edward among his companions, well known as the subscriber's coachman, and waiting man for several years in this city; and in New-York—he is tall fair, and of middle size, has a low forehead, with small eyes, a full dark look, and is much inclined to be abrupt and insolent, one of his legs something smaller than the other from a fracture in his youth; he generally wears a brown cloth coat with red cuffs and cape and red edging, or full suit with red and white livery lace, but as I do not know what other clothes he had on, may change his dress.

Nelly, calling herself Wife to the before named Ned, is much above the middle stature, fair made with falling shoulders, has a remarkable ferocious countenance and is very passionate, quarrelsome, and noisy, she is rather a fair mulatto—has left one or two of her front teeth, which the supplies with wax, and has a large scar between her shoulders occasioned by a blister; she is about forty five years of age, has a very masculine air in her walk, she carried away with her several gowns of different colored cotton; and securing them in the subscriber's; or fifty dollars for securing either of them.—All persons are cautioned against harboring, entertaining, or concealing the above servants of either of them; and all masters of vessels and others are warned against carrying them from the United States.

JACOB READ.

By this Day's Mail.

NEW-BEDFORD, April 2.

Arrived, ship Juno, W. Clark, from a South Sea whale voyage of 27 months, has obtained 1200 blbls. sper. and 50 whale oil. Nov. 29, on the coast of Brazil, capt. Clark had one of his boats stove by a whale, and the mate, Benjamin Gardner, being thrown into the air, fell on an ear, and had one of his thighs broken; it was set, and he is in a fair way of recovery.—After having attempted to put into St. Salvador for refreshments, capt. Clark was under the necessity of bearing away for Rio Janeiro, where he arrived 24th Jan. and was treated very politely by the Portuguese; failed again 4th Feb. A fleet of 50 sail, had just arrived from Lisbon; another, of 14 sail, were about sailing for India; 6 Portuguese 44's were repairing, in order to return home. About 25 days before capt. Clark's arrival, the French privateer brig Buonaparte, of 18 guns, had chased a very richly laden Portuguese brig, to just without the reach of one of the forts, when it falling calm, she came to anchor, and was cut out by the French without any attempt being made to rescue her, although besides the above mentioned ships of war 2 frigates and 2 cutter brigs were laying in the harbor; the brig was sent to the river La Plata. An English gentleman from that river informed captain Clark, that 2 American ships bound on a skinning voyage, had been sent in there by the same privateer, which in co. with another privateer, continued cruising from the lat. of 30 to 11. S. and had taken a vast number of Portuguese vessels, about 70 of which were lying in the river La Plata, when capt. Clark's information left there. On the 20 Nov. spoke ship Greewich, capt. Pool, from London, bound to California, whaling. On 7th inst. spoke a sch. from Hispaniola bound to New-York.

NEW-LONDON, April 10.

So long and severe a winter as the one hardly now past, has not been known in the memory of the oldest man living. Its injurious effects have been felt in a particular manner by the inhabitants of some of our neighboring towns. Pinched by the severity of fodder and the uncommon coldness of the weather, the cattle have died in abundance. Some farmers lost twenty head in a very short time. In Lyme it is supposed one fourth of the stock perished. Stonington has suffered in an equal degree, and Montville and Colchester considerably, with the prospect of a still further loss.

NEW-YORK, April 22

A fire broke out yesterday noon in Green-wich street, which baffled the vigorous exertions of our citizens to get under, until it had consumed nearly the whole of a large block of elegant buildings, amongst which was the house lately occupied by the family of the late Sir John Temple. The wind was westerly, and blew fresh, which assisted the destroying element. The houses on the other side the street are of wood, and apprehensions were entertained that the fire would reach them, and extend to a great part of the city: the wise measure of keeping these houses continually wet, prevented the extension of the calamity. The steeple of St. Paul's church (although at a very considerable distance) caught fire from the falling of the sparks, but was happily extinguished before any material damage was done. The exertions of two persons, who risked their lives for its preservation deserve great credit. The fire in Greenwich street raged with restless fury for nearly three hours, and consumed about 20 dwellings, several of them of considerable value. Its origin is variously related; some attributing it to a blacksmith's, others to a carpenter's shop, a stable, &c. We have not been able to come at the truth.

During the general alarm which this dreadful calamity occasioned, several persons (whose feelings were callous as adamant, and more relentless than the flames) were detected in the act of stealing those moveables which the industry and vigilance of our citizens had preserved for the unfortunate sufferers. They were severely handled by the populace, and afterwards committed to prison.

Two men were much hurt by a fall from a ladder, whilst assisting to extinguish the fire.

Two of the houses consumed were the property of I. Rodgers, Esq. of this city.

On the authority of the evening paper, we, on Friday last, announced the Death of Col. Wm. DUER, who is still living.

[N. York Gaz.]

THE AMBUCADE FRIGATE.

Copy of a letter from a gentleman on board the Phaeton, dated January 12.

"You have of course heard the fate of our consort, the Ambucade. After carrying in a prize, she had come out to join us again, when she fell in with the La Bayonnaise, of 36 guns and 300 troops, bound to the West-Indies. The Ambucade had been cruising to fall in with her, and had chased and come up with her; the action was much in favor of the Ambucade, till an opportunity presented for the enemy boarding, which was their last resource. They made a desperate attempt with the soldiers and were repulsed. Unfortunately all the officers on board the Ambucade were either killed or wounded by musquetry, except the third lieutenant; the second lieutenant and 5 men were away in a prize; 32 men sick, and 25 short of her complement, which ought to have been 225. At this time the Ambucade's foremast fell on board the Frenchman, and they walked on board almost without resistance, as there was not an officer left to oppose them. We were cruising in the very place that day, and had chased a vessel about 15 leagues."

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 23.

PRICES OF STOCKS

PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 13.	
Six Per Cent.	16 1/4
Three Per Cent.	9 3/8
Deferred Six Per Cent.	14 1/4
BANK United States,	2 1/2 percent.
— Pennsylvania,	21 cetero.
— North America,	46 ditto.
Insurance comp. N. A. shares,	31 to 32
— Pennsylvania, shares,	38 to 39
8 per cent Scrip	5

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On Hamburgh 33 1-2 cents per Mark Banco.	
— London, at 30 days	56 1-2
— at 60 days	54
— at 90 days	52 1-2
Amsterdam, 60 days, pr. guild.	36 to 37 1-2 cents

The Grand Jury of the Circuit Court of the United States, now sitting in this city, have found Bills against three of the Northampton Infurgents for High Treason, of this number, Fries is one. The other presentments are delayed for evidence.

Lucian, in his Dialogues, has poured forth his richest flood of ridicule upon certain wretches who were wont to inflame themselves into the rages of "ancient gentlemen," in their Grand Climacterick, and by ministering to their vices, to derive the inheritance of their estates. Degrading and detestable as these wretches were, they are yet surpassed in our enlightened day, by a class of miscreants, who by similar means aim at more pernicious and abominable ends. A fellow who is base enough to adhere to an aspiring old demagogue, and to lend his aid in thrusting him into power, from the sole motive of promised patronage in return, is a far more despicable wretch than any of the fortune-hunting tribe of Lucian.

It is said, that Henry Penn Wharton, who was, some time since, advertised in this paper, by Warner Miffin and others, has lately married a woman at Egg-harbour, in the county of Gloucester New-Jersey; and that she now resides there.

[This is one of the most pleasant scoundrels that ever my observation met withal. He has not, indeed, that we know of, robbed a Bank or a Church, nor picked a pocket, nor pilfered the certificates of a dying friend, nor fraudulently conveyed away his estate from his creditors, as other demagogues, whose names I could mention, have done; nor has he been elected for his notable deeds, to congress, or a seat on the bench of justice; but herein hath he displayed an honesty more exquisite than that of his competitors, in as much as we never heard from his lips, declamations on the importance of public virtue and of public justice, on the heavenly inspiration of liberty, equality and the imprescriptible rights of man. In one other regard, also, hath he displayed a commendable cleverness—viz. in quartering upon the enemy; though for the matter of that, "insinuated" was sufficient to lead him where prey was to be found; and the also told him that his own tribe were as barren of chattels, as their hearts are of honesty and truth.]

The trial of the Infurgents of Northampton and Bucks counties, (confined in the jail of this city) will come on at the circuit court of the United States, now sitting in Philadelphia. The following bills of indictment have been presented to the Grand Jury:

Bills sent on Saturday,

1. John Fries,	Treason.
2. Conrad Marks,	do.
3. Anthony Stahler,	do.
4. Jacob Shafer,	do.
5. Jacob Kline,	do.
6. Philip Dik,	do.
7. Valentine Kuder,	do.
8. Morris Lewellyn,	Seditious
9. James Jackson,	combinations.
10. George Britton,	do.
11. Samuel Young,	do.
12. Archibald Mengis,	do.

Yesterday afternoon several troops of the cavalry of this city, arrived here from Reading, and we learn that the remainder will be in town in the course of this day.

The ship Old Tom, Capt. Wood, from Lisbon, is below, supposed to have failed about the 1st of March.

Substance of the late European intelligence received by the A. B. C. from Guernsey.

That letters from Constantinople of Dec. 15, received at Berlin, via. Belgrade state, that the Pacha of Syria had come to a close action with Buonaparte, which had been bloody, but not decisive; the French were hemmed in; the Porte expected success when the troops from Syria had reached their destination.—The Russian troops are in full march to Moravia. An aid de camp from general Mack had arrived at Vienna, disguised as a courier; he was the bearer of dispatches which he delivered to the Emperor in person. General Koehler arrived at Berlin the 14th December. The fortrefs of Ehrenbreitstein has surrendered to the French: The blockade of that fortrefs lasted from April 1797, to January 1799.—Every thing which was apprehended on the side of Naples, is unfortunately verified. It appears certain that prince Frederick of Orange is dead of a malignant fever, which he caught in visiting the military hospitals. The unfortunate king of Sardinia has been permitted to set out for Tuscany; the French commissioner carried his severity so far, as not to allow his majesty to see the pope, but in his presence. The republic of Luca, supported for some time by the influence of the late king of Prussia's favorite, Luccebsini has been overthrown. Such is the general terror of af-

fairs on the continent of Europe, that the destruction of a state is now considered as an event scarcely worth recording. The whole continent of Africa from Morocco to Egypt has been taken up against the French as the influence of the grand Seigneur. The states of Barbary and emperor of Morocco not only fit out corsairs, but have sent large bodies of troops to attack Buonaparte in Egypt.—The 15th January, Puffawan Oglou has opened the campaign against the Turks. The projected Union between Great Britain and Ireland, meets with great opposition in several counties in the latter kingdom, particularly in Carryn and Kildare. James N. Tandy and Blackwell are still in confinement at Hamburgh, notwithstanding several accounts to the contrary. Thomas Muir the Scotch advocate, transported to Botany Bay for sedition, but escaped from thence, died at Paris on the 3d February.

[N. Y. D. A.]

From a London PRICE CURRENT of the 26th of February.

Amer: pot ashes per, bll,	2 3 0 to 2 19 0
pearl do.	2 1 0 to 2 16 0
Brazil wood, per ton	90 0 0 to 95 0 6
Braziletto, do.	51 0 0 to 53 0 0
Cochineal, garbled, p. lb.	1 16 0 to 2 2 0
do. East India do.	0 12 6 to 0 13 6
Cotton, Surinam, do.	0 2 10 1/2 to 0 3 2
Berbec, do.	0 2 10 1/2 to 0 3 1 1/2
St. Domingo do.	0 3 8 1/2 to 0 2 10
Demerara do.	0 2 7 1/2 to 0 3 0 1/2
Jamaica do.	0 2 7 1/2 to 0 2 9 1/2
Georgia do.	0 2 5 1/2 to 0 2 4 0
Publick Jamaica, p. ton	37 0 0 to 38 15 0
Indigo, New-Orleans	0 3 6 1/2 to 0 7 0
Carolina	0 2 6 1/2 to 0 4 1 1/2
Leg. Cambray, p. ton	44 0 0 to 46 0 0
Honduras, ship, do.	0 0 0 to 41 0 0
unshipt, do.	33 10 0 to 34 0 0
Jamaica, shipt, do.	37 0 0 to 39 0 0
unshipt, new.	
Nicaragua wood, p. ton	31 0 0 to 36 0 0
Rice, Carolina, p. cwt.	1 1 0 to 1 2 6

BOSTON, April 18.

The keel of the Subscription Frigate, at Salem, was laid at the yard near the fort, in that town, on Saturday last, she is to carry 32 guns.

Several persons from West Indies concur in the information, that a Dutch Squadron has arrived at Surinam, with a "Particular Agent" of the Batavian Directory, to supersede the old Governor of that Colony, who was suspected of being friendly to the Stadtholder. In consequence of this arrival the British Admiral, HARVEY, had called in all the English Privateers cruising near that part of the Maine; and had ordered large ships out that station.

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia,

ARRIVED.

Schr. Maria, White, Virginia	5
Nancy, Flock, Norfolk	7

CLEARED.

Schr. Superb, Jenkins	Falmouth
Favourite, Lock, Norfolk,	Peterburgh,
and Richmond.	
Powderpoint, Barber, Portsmouth,	and Bolton
Julia Ann, Thomas	Newbern
Ruby, Macey	Nantucket
Sloop Runkin, Vann,	Walthington

Boston, April 13.

This day arrived brig Almy, capt. Crosby from Martinique via St. Kitts, 23 days. Sailed under convey of the George Washington frigate, and the Pickering brig, in company with a fleet of about 50 sail among whom were the following vessels; ships—John, M'Neil, of Philadelphia; John and Phoebe, Dyer, Cattine; Dianna, Pender, New York; Dauphin, Wallis, of Boston, bound to Charleston, (S. C.) Rambler, of Charleston, bound to Hayanna; Commerce, Chapman, of East-Haddam; brigs—Liberty of Philadelphia, Alexander, Millbury, Newburyport; George and Harriot, Walker, Bolton; Polly, Jones, do. Atlantic, Lord, Kennebunk; Success, Gardner, Beverly; Payton Randolph, Rhode Island; schooners—Active, Blackly, of Salem; Dion, Dyer, Freeport; Freedom Perkins, Penobscot; Nancy, Boardman, Newbury; Charles, Paul, Portsmouth; Tabitha, Gould Salem; Hannah, Eldridge, Barnstable; Wright, of Newburyport; Friendship, Williams, —; Ranger, Fletcher, Salem; sloop Dion, —, East-Haddam; and snow Pallas, Gould, Kennebunk.

April 11. spoke a pilot boat built schooner, from Philadelphia, 3 days out, bound to St. Thomas's, lat. 22, 46 long 69, 30 2d, spoke schr. Ranger, of Salem, failed in co. with the Almy, 3d, spoke the brig Alexander, of Newburyport, who failed in co. 6th, spoke schr. Hazard, from Antigua, of and bound to Norfolk, out 55 days in want of Provisions and water, we supplied him with beef, bread and water 8th, spoke ship Mary, Hilton, of Portsmouth, 3 days out, bound to Norfolk, 12th spoke brig Abigail, of Portsmouth, bound to New-York, in South Channel.

Capt. Crosby left at St. Pieres, schr. Sally, Ripley, of Bolton, and a number of vessels from Connecticut, loaded with stock, to sail next convey.

April 14.

This day arrived, brig George and Harriot, capt. Walker, from Martinique, via St. Kitts, 24 days, failed with convey Spoke a schr. bound to Portland, 4 days since, who informed that 5 of St Kitts fleet was taken soon after leaving convey, in lat. 31, by a French privateer.

Same day, schr. Defiance, Freeman, 10 days from Liverpool, N. S.

Same day, ship Montezuma, capt. Peterson, from Nevia, 24 days, failed with convey. Spoke schr. Sincerity, Markwith, from Philadelphia, bound to La Guaira, out 11 days, capt. Pick, in consequence of which were going back, in lat. 27.

The brig Atlas, Thomas Kibb, failed in at this port, arrived late at St. Croix, 25th March.

Letter from the brig Hope, capt. J. H. Prince, dated at St Domingo, Feb. 7, 1804 that he was taken by a French brig, bound to France, and sent into St. Domingo, where it was probable he would be condemned in a few days; the vessel which took the Hope, shewed 10 guns but two of which were real; she was laden with Mahogany, from St. Domingo bound to France.

April 17.

This day arrived, ship Sultan, Clements, from Alicante, 60 days, via New-York. Sailed in co. from the former place, with ship Austria, of 18 guns, capt. Prince, who aided in the capacity of commodore of the fleet; brig Nancy, Williams, both of Salem; and sch. Dolphin, of Newburyport. Left these ship Portland, Peale, of Boston, bound up; brig Phoenix, Smith, of Salem; sch. Samuel, Taylor, of Bolton; was to fail in four days. At Altier, ship India Packet, of Bolton.

New Theatre.

Mrs. Francis's Benefit.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 24.

WILL BE PRESENTED,

(Not acted these fourteen years)

A TRAGEDY, called

Edward and Eleonora.

[Written by the celebrated James Toomson, author of the Seasons.]

After the Tragedy, (for that night only) will be given a Musical Interlude, called

THE CATCH CLUB;

Or, The Sons of Anacron.

With characteristic Scenery, and Decorations. The Songs, Catches, and Glee, accompanied on the Grand Piano Forte by Mr. Reinagle.

To which will be added, (not acted these sixteen years) the much admired FARCE, called

THE OLD MAID.

End of the first act of the Farce,

A DOUBLE HORNET,

by Mr. Francis, and Miss Hardinge, (his pupil)

Tickets to be had of Mrs. Francis, No. 70, North 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212nd, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311st, 312nd, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411st, 412nd, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd