

PRICES OF STOCKS.

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Includes Six Per Cent., Three Per Cent., Bank United States, etc.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

Table with 2 columns: Location and Exchange Rate. Includes On Hamburg, London, Amsterdam, etc.

LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The following Report on the Wyoming Controversy is now before the House of Representatives of this State:

The committee, to whom was referred that part of the Governor's Address relative to the Wyoming controversy, report— That in their opinion the dignity of the State is combined with the interest of individuals, in accelerating the settlement of a controversy, which has existed for so long a time.

Upon recurring to the proceeding of former Legislatures, they have found that some of the impediments, which have prevented an earlier termination of this important dispute, have arisen from blending the case of those, who have settled upon the lands at Wyoming antecedent to the decree of Trenton (by which decree the right of jurisdiction was definitively decided to be in Pennsylvania) with the case of persons, who have intruded upon the territory of the State subsequent to the date of that decree.

The committee are of opinion, that in point of justice the cases are materially different, and ought to be distinctly considered.

They therefore recommend to the House in the first instance, to endeavour to effect an extinguishment of the title of the Pennsylvania Claimants to the lands within what are commonly called the seventeen townships and which were generally settled by the Connecticut Claimants antecedent to the decree aforesaid. When the State have acquired the title, it will then be in her power to dispose of the lands to the Connecticut settlers upon such terms, as may comport with right and justice.

With this view the committee submit the following resolutions to the consideration of the House, viz.

1st. Resolved, That compensation be offered to the Pennsylvania Claimants, for the lands claimed by them in the seventeen townships aforesaid.

2d. That disinterested commissioners be appointed, authorized and required, to ascertain the different qualities of the lands being within the seventeen townships and claimed as aforesaid, designating them by first, second and third qualities; that for lands of the first quality the sum of per acre, for lands of the second quality the sum of per acre, and for lands of the third quality the sum of per acre, be offered, as a compensation to such of the Pennsylvania claimants, as have paid the purchase money for the lands claimed by them in the townships aforesaid.

3d. That to such of the Pennsylvania claimants, as have not paid the purchase money as aforesaid, but who have only paid the price of location, there be offered the said price of location, with interest from the time such payment was made.

4th. That to such of the Pennsylvania claimants as may accede to the above proposals within a time to be limited by law, certificates be issued to the amount of the value of the lands, when ascertained as aforesaid, which certificates shall, in all payments to be made at the Land-Office, be receivable as specie; and the funds to be derived from the Land-Office shall be appropriated to reimburse the amount of certificates which may be issued in pursuance hereof.

MARRIED]—on Thursday Evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Rogers, Mr. THOMAS PERKINS of this City, to Miss SARAH ROBINSON of Naaman's Creek, State of Delaware.

DIED.]—at Bordentown, on the 10th inst. Capt. Lloyd Wharton, dearly respected by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

Bricks Wanted.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED, On or before the 15th day of the present month, FOR DELIVERING, To the Corporation of the City of Philadelphia or their agent—on any part of Chestnut-street, George-street, Broad-street, or Center-square, between the Schuylkill and Center Square, as shall be directed, the whole, or PART OF One Million of sound, hard burned BRICKS. No Samuel or piece Bricks will be received—One half of this quantity will be required to be delivered before the 1st of March next—the other before the 1st of May. It is desired that the proposals may mention the Yard from which the bricks are intended to be delivered, and that they be free in writing to B. Henry Latrobe, engineer. South Twelfth Street the first house from Market Street. Feb 3

CONGRESS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, Feb. 15.

Mr. Livingston, from the committee appointed to wait on the President with the resolution passed yesterday, reported that they had performed that duty, and the President replied, that he would cause the necessary enquiry to be made at the office of the Secretary of State for the information required.

In the course of the fitting, a message was received from the President of the U. States on this subject.

Mr. Livingston moved that this communication be printed.

Mr. Allen objected to the motion, as it would delay the consideration of the bill proposed to vet the President with the power of retaliation in certain cases; and it was clear from this communication, it ought to have no effect upon that bill.

Mr. Livingston said he was not possessed of that intuitive faculty which the gentleman from Connecticut seemed to have, as he seems prepared to act on the bill alluded to, without scarcely hearing this communication read; and perhaps without knowing the dates of the different decrees. The President has told the house, that though the obnoxious decree has been repealed, there is still left in force another decree. Does the gentleman from Connecticut recollect the words of that decree? Or has he had time to examine whether that decree is really in force, or not? If he had done this, Mr. L. said he had not done it. It would appear from what happened the other day, that the house ought not to move so rapidly in this business. The house was then told by the gentleman from S. Carolina, that it was impossible that this information could have been received by the President, because if it had been received, the President would undoubtedly have immediately sent it to the house.

Mr. Rutledge said, he did not use the word impossible, but improbable.

Mr. L. admitted this might be the word. But it now appears, that the President has not only received the information then alluded to, but received it officially.

Mr. Allen interrupted Mr. L. by withdrawing the motion. The communication was ordered to be printed, and was committed to the same committee of the whole to whom was referred the bill vesting the power of retaliation in the President.

Mr. Champlin laid upon the table the following resolution.

Resolved, That the committee to whom was referred that part of the President's speech, which relates to the invigorating our system of defence, be intrusted to enquire whether any, and if any, what provisions ought to be made by law to defray the expense, that has been or shall be incurred for the subsistence and safe-keeping of all persons, who have been or hereafter shall be taken, by the public or private armed ships of the United States, and detained as prisoners in pursuance of the laws thereof; and that they have leave to report by the bill or otherwise." Agreed.

The following bills were read the third time and passed:

The bill fixing the pay of captains and commanders of the ships and vessels of war of the United States;

The act to amend an act to give effect to the laws of the United States within the state of Tennessee; and

The bill to establish the compensation of officers employed in the collection of duties on imports and tonnage, and for other purposes.

Mr. Kittera, from the committee to whom was referred the bill from the Senate, respecting the sale of land north west of the river Ohio, reported the bill with one amendment; and the bill and amendment were committed.

Mr. Harper moved that the committee of the whole to whom has been committed the bill, &c. may be discharged from the further consideration of that bill, with a view of postponing it to the next session.

After some objections to this motion, Mr. Rutledge with his colleague would withdraw it, to give way to one for a postponement till Monday, which was done. The motion was negative, being only 26 votes for it. Mr. Harper then renewed his motion, which was negatived 42 to 35.

The house then resolved itself into a committee of the whole on this bill, and went through it. The amendments were reported to the house, but not taken up. Adjourned.

Notice.

THOSE who have demands against the Estate of Mr. GEORGE KEPPEL, deceased, in his private or individual capacity, are requested to present their accounts to the subscriber for adjustment and liquidation; and those who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment to the Rev. JOSEPH TURNER, no. 362, South Second Street, or to

THOMAS RYERSON, no. 177, Market Street, Attorney in fact for Mrs. Ann Keppel.

N. B.—To be let, a good House, with convenient Stores, &c. in a most eligible situation for business in the Dry Dock line, or otherwise. In this house there were no inhabitants during the prevalence of the late malignant fever, and the whole has been well repaired very lately. For terms apply as above. Also to be disposed of on very moderate terms, part of the library of the late Mr. Keppel, consisting of from three to four hundred volumes of valuable Books written by the most respectable authors on their respective subjects—These are to be seen at the house of the said Mr. Turner, and to whom application for them must be made. Feb. 14

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of WILLIAM HRYSHAM, late of the city of Charleston, and formerly of this city, mariner, deceased, are requested to make payment, and those who have demands, against said Estate, will please exhibit them to ROBERT HEYSHAM, Admr. Philadelphia, Feb 6, 1799 codjw

CONGRESS.

The following Message was received in the House of Representatives yesterday:

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives In pursuance of the request in your resolve of yesterday I lay before you such information as I have received touching a suspension of the arrest of the French Republic communicated to your House by my message of the 28th of January last. But if the execution of that arrest be suspended, or even if it were repealed, it should be remembered that the arrest of the Executive Directory of the 2d of March, 1797, remains in force; the third article of which subjects explicitly and exclusively American seamen to be treated as pirates, if found on board ships of the enemies of France.

JOHN ADAMS. United States, Feb. 15, 1799.

Extract of a Letter from Rufus King, Esq. Minister Plenipotentiary, &c. London, to the Secretary of State, dated 28th November, 1798.

"Annexed I send you a copy of a note from Lord Grenville, respecting the French Arrete transmitted to you with my No. 9. A late French paper contains a second Arrete, which postpones the execution of the first."

LORD GRENVILLE TO MR. KING.

THE undersigned, his Majesty's Secretary of State for foreign affairs, has the honor of communicating to Mr. King, Plenipotentiary for the United States of America, for the information of his government, that by a decree published officially at Paris, it appears to have been declared in the name of the French Directory, that every person being a native of or originally belonging to neutral countries, or to such as are in amity and alliance with the French Republic, who shall bear any commission under his Majesty; or who shall form a part of the crews of any British ships of war or other vessels, should, on the proof of that fact alone, be considered and treated as a pirate, and that it has been ordered that this resolution shall be notified to the neutral powers and to those in alliance with France.

Even this decree, contrary as it is to the usages of every civilized nation, cannot excite any surprize, as proceeding from those in whose name it has been published. To the different powers who are thus insulted, and whose innocent subjects are exposed to the most cruel treatment on the part of a government professing friendship or alliance with them, his majesty must leave it to adopt such measures as they will, without doubt, judge necessary, in the case of an outrage hitherto unexampled in the history of the world.

The king however feels, that protection is also due from him to those who sail under his flag, either in his majesty's ships of war or in other British vessels; his majesty has therefore not hesitated to direct it to be signified to the Commissary for French prisoners in Great Britain, that the first instance of the execution of this decree, shall be followed by the most rigorous retaliation against the French prisoners whom the fortune of war has already, or may hereafter place at the king's disposal.

It would certainly never be but with extreme reluctance that the king could yield to the painful necessity of exposing to many unfortunate individuals to the fatal but inevitable effects of this atrocious decree; but his majesty will have at least, the satisfaction of feeling that nothing has been omitted on his part to prevent his execution, and that the authors of it can alone be considered responsible for all its guilt and all its consequences.

GRENVILLE. Downing-street, } Nov. 27, 1798. }

COMMUNICATION.

MR. FENNO,

While the demon of pestilence is hovering round our devoted city, in search of the most accessible place to creep in and recommence his havoc, it is surely pleasant to behold the number, and the variety of centinels employed in preparing to keep him out—Lawyers, Physicians, Merchants, Corporations, Foreigners, and Natives, all prepare to resist his attacks. Among the list the "Gentleman in Baltimore," who appears in the American Daily Advertiser of yesterday, with the heart of a Sierne, and the head of a Solomon, derives from the citizens of Philadelphia, the highest reward which can be bestowed on the exertions of disinterested benevolence.—This watchful centinel, it seems, has taken a trip to Batavia, to discover the nature and origin of the Philadelphia Yellow Fever—and in fact, his observations appear to be quite as near the truth, as the source from whence he has derived them. His anxiety to prevent the return of our foe, has led him even beneath the surface of the earth; and unfortunately, his ideas seem to partake of the nature of the soil in which he has been wallowing—one of his weapons to be employed against our powerful enemy cannot fail of success; whether he stumbled upon it in Batavia, or under ground, he has not told us; and indeed, when a man discovers a secret, it would be ungenerous to insist upon knowing the place, or the means of his procuring it. He proposes to level every house in Water Street to the ground, and he infers, (and who possesses ingenuity sufficient to deny the inference) that our enemy will not find subsistence there, and of course, will go elsewhere. When a plan is presented to the world, it becomes their property, and every one has a right to alter, amend, extend or diminish it, as he thinks best. Under this impression, I would propose, with the greatest deference to his deep and extensive researches, to extend his plan—I would offer a remedy, couched in his own words, with the exception of the term "Water-

street," in place of which, I would insert, "the City." His remedy, thus altered, would read as follows:

"I have and last"—Let the present situation of "the City" be changed by levelling every house to the ground. If any one has the smallest doubt of this remedy, by fair and logical reasoning I will attempt to prove, that if it should be adopted, our enemy will find it necessary to go elsewhere—and in support of this opinion, I will not offer arguments derived either from Batavia, or from under ground.

The "Gentleman from Baltimore" seems to suppose, that the Yellow Fever is owing to the outside street of the city. I will beg leave to tell the "Gentleman" of a remedy proposed on a former occasion. Some few years ago, complaint was made to a certain legislative body, by a number of farmers, of the great havoc made by the squirrels on the outside rows of their corn-fields. Among the variety of remedies for this grievance, one was proposed, which, though it could not have failed of affording effectual relief against the squirrels, yet, if my memory serves me right, was not adopted.—A resolution was brought forward by a member, whose feelings on the occasion got the start of his judgment, "that there should be no outside rows to the corn-fields. Yours &c. TRIM.

There is every reason to believe that the report concerning capt. Tingey, of the Gan- ges, is unfounded.

POST OFFICE, Philadelphia 15th Feb. 1799.

Letters for the British Packet Chelsterfield, for Falmouth, will be received at this Office, until Tuesday the 19th Inst. at 12 o'clock noon.

N. B. The inland postage to New-York, must be paid.

Copper Warehouse, Late ALEXANDER BISLAND, & Co. No. 201, MARKET-STREET.

ROBERT KID, HAVING purchased the Stock of the above firm, Solicits the patronage of the public and their friends; where they may depend on being served on the very best terms with the following goods:—viz.—A general assortment of Copper Bottoms and Sheets, for Copper Smiths and other purposes, Pig and Bar Lead, Block Tin and Crowley Steel, Tin in Boxes, and Brass Kettles in Nests, With a large and general assortment of Ironmongery. Feb. 16. atw wbst

At a Court of Common Pleas held at Union Town the 14th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1798, before the hon. Alexander Addison, esq, President, and his associates, Judges of the same Court.

ON the petition of Jeremiah Cook, an insolvent debtor, confined in the jail of Fayette county, praying the benefit of the laws for the relief of insolvent debtors, the Court appoint the first day of next Court to hear the petitioner and his creditors, and order that he give notice thereof for one week in Fenno's daily paper ending three weeks before the day of hearing, and also for three successive weeks in the Fayette Gazette, the last of which to be two weeks previous to the hearing. By the Court, EPHRAIM DOUGLASS, prothonotary. Feb. 16.

Pennsylvania Population Company.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Shareholders, that an allotment of Eight dollars is levied on each share, payable, one half immediately, and the remainder in 60 days from the 15th instant; which they are requested to pay to the Treasurer of the Company at the Company's Office, No. 53 North Fourth-street, agreeably to the times above mentioned. The proprietors will please to recollect the necessity of being punctual, otherwise the forfeiture of their shares will be incurred agreeably to the constitution. By order of the board, SOL. MARACHE, sec'y. Feb. 16. gawim

White Oak Logs—or White Oak Pipe—WANTED.

PROPOSALS, WILL BE RECEIVED, On or before the 10th day of March, For the Delivery, To the Corporation of the City of Philadelphia, or their agent, at any part within the said City of the WHOLE OF PART OF 104,000 feet, running measure, of WHITE OAK LOGS, In lengths of ten or twelve feet, Or of the same quantity, of LOGS, Bored into pipe, counterbored and tapped, as under: 44,000 feet to measure 13 inches at the thickest end, if bored, 4 1/2 inch pipe. 16,000 feet to measure 12 inches at the thickest end, if bored, 4 inch pipe. 64,000 feet to measure 11 inches at the thickest end, if bored, 3 inch pipe. The Logs must be straight and free from shakes and knots: no faulty logs will on any account be received. Those who deliver proposals for bored logs, are requested to mention the price at which they will deliver the logs unbored, in case it should be found proper to bore them in Philadelphia. Proposals in writing will be received by B. Henry Latrobe, engineer. South Twelfth-street, the first House from Market-street. Feb 8

Weekly Magazine.

THE PATRONS OF THE WEEKLY MAGAZINE, lately published by Mr. James Watters, and the public, are respectfully informed, that it is intended to recommence the publication of it in a short time. The present proprietor having obtained the assent of Mrs. Watters, (the late Editor's mother) and purchased from her all the numbers on hand, informs the former subscribers to that work, that those numbers published by Mr. Watters which remain to be delivered, shall shortly be sent to them with the Index and Appendix to the second volume, which is also nearly ready for delivery to those who take the work in volumes. The present proprietor assures the public that the work shall be conducted on the same principles, and upon the same terms that it was by the former editor; and that as no exertion shall be spared to render it worthy of the public regard, he confidently hopes the same liberality which heretofore countenanced, will still continue to support it. Subscriptions, upon the original terms will be received by the principal Book sellers. February 2.



INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform their commercial friends in particular, and the public in general, that an office for the INSURANCE OF SHIPPING, is now opened at No. 65 South Front-street, where a share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. N. & J. FRAZIER.

Feb 15 dnm Just received per ship James Watson's from Hamburg,

- Cream à la Moutarde, Dowels, whole pieces Do. half do. Brown Platillas. Also on hand, Russia Hoop Hair, curled and uncurled, Do. Dock nail rods, Brandy 4th proof, and Rice, For sale by ISAAC HAZLEHURST & SON. Feb. 15. daw

The subscribers, stockholders

in the Delaware Bridge Company at Easton, residing within the city of Philadelphia, are requested to meet at Barnabas M'Shane's tavern, signs of the Harp and Eagle, Third, north of Market street, on Monday evening the 18th instant, at 7 o'clock, when communications will be laid before them for their consideration, lately received from the Managers of that Corporation. LEVI HOLLIN SWORTH, FREDERICK BOLLER, Philadelphia, Feb. 17, 1799. dgr

Valuable Real Estate, For Sale.

By virtue of an order of the ORPHANS' COURT for the County of New-CAS- TLE, in the State of DELAWARE, WILL BESOLD, The Real Estate of SOLOMON MAXWELL, Esq. Late of the said county, deceased. No. 1

ALL the one undivided third part of Seventeen hundred and fifty acres of Land and Marsh: About three hundred and fifty acres, more or less being upland of a superior quality; the remaining fourteen hundred acres being marsh of the best quality in the state of Delaware, the greater part of which is in a high state of cultivation, and the remainder can be put in complete order at a very small expense. On the premises are erected, Three Dwellings, with a number of out-houses, &c. Also the same proportion of about one hundred cattle, and about one hundred and fifty head of sheep, the unexpired term of servitude of a number of stout, healthy Negro men, a large quantity of hay, a number of horses, and swine, farming utensils, household and kitchen furniture, with many other articles too tedious to enumerate. No. 2. A commodious Brick Messuage and Lot of Land, situate in the village of St. Georges now in the tenure of Mr. Samuel M'Glaughlin and occupied as a tavern, for many years, to advantage. No. 3. A Lot of Marsh, containing about thirty acres, more or less, situate near the said village of St. Georges. No. 4. Four Lots of Land, situate near Christiana Bridge, on the South side of Christiana Creek. No. 5. A Lot, Wharf, and Frame Store-House, on the South side of Christiana Creek at Christiana Bridge. No. 6. A Lot of Wood-Land, containing ten acres, more or less, situate about two miles from Christiana Bridge. No. 7. A Lot of Land, with a commodious Two story Brick Messuage thereon erected, 38 feet front and 28 feet deep, one large room of which has been occupied as a dry goods store for a number of years; with a cellar under the whole—Also a Brick Building of 25 feet by 23 which has been occupied as a granary and salt store, with a brick kitchen, smoke-house, and other out-houses, barn, stables, carriage-houses, &c.—This stand is considered superior for a Merchant to any in the village of Christiana Bridge. No. 8. The unexpired lease of a Still House for about eight years, within half a mile of Christiana Bridge, with three stills and a boiler, and every other convenience for carrying on the distilling business.—The house and situation have been viewed by gentlemen from Lancaster county, who carry on the said business, and are allowed to be equal to any in the United States. The property contained in No. 1, will be sold at public auction, at the dwelling house of Jonathan Foreman on the premises, beginning on Tuesday the 19th day of February next, at ten o'clock, and continue from day to day until all is sold. No. 2 & 3, at the house of Samuel M'Glaughlin in the village of St. Georges, on Tuesday the 21st of said month, beginning at ten o'clock on said day. No. 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, at the house of William Shannon at Christiana Bridge, on Tuesday the 26th day of said month, beginning at 10 o'clock on said day. As it is presumed that no person will purchase the above described property without viewing the same, it is thought unnecessary to give a further description thereof. That part, therefore, contained in No. 1, may be viewed by applying to Mr. Anthony Dufhane on the said premises. That part contained in No. 2 & 3, by applying to Mr. Samuel M'Glaughlin at St. Georges. And the part mentioned in No. 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8, by applying to the subscribers at Christiana bridge.—The terms will be made as easy as the nature of the business will admit of, and be made known at the times and places of sale, by

ELIZABETH MAXWELL, Adm'x JAMES COUPER, DAVID NIVIN, ROBERT EAKIN, } Admin'rs. February 6 31awt 19 F

* For the last time.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all persons indebted to the Estate of Solomon Maxwell, esq. deceased, who do not immediately settle their respective accounts, by coming forward and giving their obligations, or discharging the same by making payment, must expect to be dealt with as the law directs; and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in, legally attested, for settlement. ELIZABETH MAXWELL, adm'x. JAMES COUPER, DAVID NIVIN, ROBERT EAKIN, } administrators. February 6

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