

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA.

FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

Table listing stock prices for Philadelphia, January 25, including items like Six Per Cent, Three Per Cent, and various bank and insurance shares.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

Table showing exchange rates for various locations: On Hamburg, London, Amsterdam, etc.

We translate the following from a French paper entitled Le Clairvoyant, of the first Vendemiaire, (Sept.)

It appears most probable that the precipitation of the United States will render useless the amicable dispositions of the French republic towards that country, and that because they will not understand us, or rather because they refuse to listen to us.

Answer to the following questions inserted in some of the newspapers.

Has France an Army which she can send to invade the United States? Or has she a Navy which she can send there?

The Americans, resolving upon war with the French republic, annul, in consequence, the treaty of 1778. They again become, with respect to France, what they were before that period, an English colony.

Suppose that England, from a power of the first order, should become, what she ought to be, a power of the second rank, will not the French republic, in maintaining the liberty of the sea, have the power to say to Americans, "Your vessels may be employed in conveying from one federal port to another; but the American flag cannot be permitted to fly on the European seas; you shall receive from European nations the merchandise of which you stand in need."

When a nation is guilty of ingratitude, it merits no consideration; and we ought the less to count on your repenting, since your fathers, born pirates, being originally English, have transferred to you their spirit of injustice.

I know not what the citizens of the United States hope, even if they have the greatest success; but this cannot be contested, that if the English, their infligators, are unable to succour them, the French republic will have it in her power to deprive them of the rights which her generosity, her blood, and her gold gave them, and which have served only to prove to what extent their ingratitude could be carried.

[Claypoole.]

From an English paper.

A verbose, ambiguous, and elaborately confused apology has been published by the French Minister, Talleyrand Perigord, which seems to fix the charge of corruption more strongly on himself and his masters, than even the testimony of the American Ministers. It was easy to conjecture, that the only subterfuge of which he could avail himself was a disavowal of his anonymous agents. Yet even this, he has not directly, plainly, and positively done.

AN ACT.

Limiting the time within which claims against the United States, for credits on the books of the Treasury, may be presented for allowance. BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That all credits on the books of the Treasury of the United States, for transactions during the late war, which, according to the course of the Treasury have hitherto been discharged by issuing certificates of registered debt, shall be forever barred and precluded from settlement or allowance, unless claimed by the proper creditors, or their legal representatives, on or before the first day of March, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

(Signed) JONATHAN DAYTON, Speaker of the House of Representatives. THEODORE SEDGWICK, President of the Senate. Pro. Tem. Approved July 9, 1798.

JOHN DAMS, President of the United States. December 13, 1798.

MY DEAR SIR,

IT is our duty to expose the place hunting Jacobins; indeed lists ought to be furnished with their names and exploits, and published throughout the United States. The enclosed letter, if you think proper to publish it, will give a specimen of the principles of those conspirators; it was written a short time previous (as you will perceive by the date) to our last general election, to Mr. Arndt, who attended a meeting of his federal friends, for the purpose of fixing a ticket of four persons to be run as Representatives in the State Legislature, for the county of Northampton. Mr. Coolbach ran in both tickets, consequently succeeded; his letter is the best expositor of his principles, since he has been in session; we perceive him and his infamous colleagues dissenting from an address to the President, and it is as true, that they left the city for fear of accompanying its presentation:—What hang-dogs these are to represent to opulent a State as Pennsylvania. The public will entertain no great opinion of the county, who send five members to represent them, when they are told that Mr. Coolbach is the best informed man of the five, his letter will demonstrate the depth of their erudition; when the type is set, let it be turned up side down, it is characteristic of the author; please to give it spelling and all, with such remarks as you may have time to bestow upon the caustic; I am laughing at the ideas he had of two or three words which he had inserted. Though they are well enough applied, he knew no more of their etymology than he does of honor or gratitude.—He mentions the word an lantick, I apprehend he conceived it to be an elderly lady in the neighborhood of Labrador in the employ of the Dutch, perhaps drying cod fish. The word sequel, he imagined fickle with which he purposed to reap laurels in the Legislature. I envy him his happiness when he inserted the word tanta mount; he viewed it analogous to getting a straddle of his ox.

Edison, Jan. 14.

JOHN COOLBACH, Esq. of the Paper I am Sure You will be glad to see.

I shall be glad to see you here at your meeting. I have a good deal to say to you. I am sure you will be glad to see me. I am sure you will be glad to see me. I am sure you will be glad to see me.

From the Journal of the Assembly of Virginia, Friday, January 4, 1799.

The House, according to the order of the day, resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, on the state of the Commonwealth, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the chair, and Mr. Breckenridge reported, that the committee of the whole house had according to order had the same under their consideration the state of the Commonwealth, and had come to several resolutions thereupon, which he read in his place, and then delivered in at the clerk's table, where the same were again read, and are as follows:

Resolved, That the General Assembly of Virginia, will co-operate with the authorities of the United States, in maintaining the independence, union, and constitution thereof, against the hostilities or intrigues of all foreign powers whatsoever; and that, although differences of opinion do exist, in relation to internal and domestic measures; yet a charge that there is a party in this Commonwealth, under the influence of any foreign power, is unfounded and calumnious.

Resolved, That our security from invasion, and the force of our militia, render a standing army unnecessary; that the policy of the United States, forbids a war of aggression; that our whole reliance ought to be on ourselves, and therefore, that while we will repel invasion at every hazard, we shall deplore and deprecate the evils of war for any other cause.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be sent to each of the Senators, and Representatives of this state in congress. The said resolution being read a second time, a motion was made, and the question being put to amend the same by striking out

Resolved, That the General Assembly do, and will always behold with indignation, deprecations on our commerce; insults on our citizens; impairments of our seamen; or any other injuries committed on the people or government of the United States, by foreign nations.

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MARRIED.—Last evening by the Rev. Mr. Ustick, Mr. WILLIAM S. FISHER, to Miss DEBORAH MASON, both of this city.

JOHN SHIELDS, earnestly solicits all his Creditors, prior to the 23d day of August, 1797, that have not furnished their accounts, to render them to him before the 20th instant, as after that day they will be excluded from this first dividend.

IN THE PRESS, And, (if the Pressmen can be brought back to their duty) WILL BE PUBLISHED, On the 6th December, next, No. 1, Rue des Poissardes, AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED IRISHMEN. By MATTHEW DITTO, Esquire, Plumb-Pudding Maker to Peter Porcupine, also Dealer as Retailer of Bombast, Collector of Scraps and Haberdasher of Small Non-sense, on his own account.

Take all the three Kingdoms, and put both together, "No Nation besides can produce you de Broderon's 'Ireland's de fader, Och! and Ireland's de Moader en'!"

Specimen of the Style.

Detested authors of the Gag Bill!—when ye dare to watch over and guard the country which gave you birth;—Whenever ye dare discharge a sacred trust according to the dictates of your consciences;—bless yourselves that Lucifer did not succeed in overthrowing the throne of Omnipotence;—prostrate yourselves before that throne which you foolishly adore, but which we despise, and give your thanks that the hopes of the Directory are blasted; that the Conqueror of Italy is a Mummy;—that the Magician Nelson has transformed Brueys into a Rocket; that Napper is perhaps Napperless;—that the windpipe of Tone is out of Tune;—that my foot is like Talleyrand's foot, unable to overtake you;—that have not three beads, like Cerberus and five more like the Directory, to enable me to swallow eight of you at a gulp, and that my hands, cannot, like the hands of Briareus wield an hundred Poinards at a time.—For I swear, by all my hopes of being twice an United Irishman, instead of, once only, had I those heads, with mouths and teeth, and those hands with Daggers in them.—Oh Hell!—What Pride! What a shame should I feel in eating the tender flesh of your children,—drinking the blood of your wives,—plunging my daggers in your hearts.—And then—had I the hundred eyes of Argus—Oh!—how they would all glisten with rapture to behold your dying agonies.—But alas!—my hand is too weak to draw a sword, my poor foot is like Talleyrand's, and it cannot overtake you—my eyes are dim with tears for the fate of Napper and of Tone—and I have, but one foul mouth,—but with that I can mutter curses at you.

N. B. once.—To prevent any suspicion that the work at large falls off from the sublimity of the specimen, the Editor thinks it necessary to state that an eminent doctor lately rendered conspicuous for his valor, another eminent doctor who is his friend and an United Irishman, not once only, but always, and another eminent doctor, lately returned from an expedition to cure Talleyrand's cloven chump, approve of the whole, and say it is sublime.

N. B. twice.—Sold Dog cheap; stitched up with the Age of Reason and Carey's Trifles in Prose.—Those who pay for a dozen shall have an hundred gratis.

I publish the above advertisement out of charity, but I really fear Porcupine will have to discharge the author from being his pudding maker; for as he is too weak to flit to he may perhaps poison him. However, in such a case, if he is accustomed to give servants certificates, he might recommend him to Citizen Geneva, Citizen Guillotine, or Citizen Halter: He is fit to dress a Pudding for the former, or to furnish a Calf's head to either of the latter.

EXTRACT From the JOURNAL of the ASSEMBLY of VIRGINIA.

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from the word "Resolved," in the first line, and inserting in lieu thereof the following words: Resolved, That the President of the United States, in sending to the French republic three envoys extraordinary, vested with the most ample powers, and instructed to use every effort for conciliation, consistent with national honor and independence, manifested a sincere disposition to preserve to our country the blessings of peace.

That the humiliating treatment and final rejection of these envoys, by the French republic, was a gross infraction of the laws and usages of nations, and a marked indignity to the government and people of these states.

That the requisition of a loan of money, as the preliminary to negotiation, was a peculiar aggravation of insult, and decisive proof of hostility of sentiment, and that a compliance with such a requisition would have been a pusillanimous surrender of our national independence.

That the decree of the French councils, subjecting to capture and condemnation, neutral vessels, laden in whole or in part with the productions or manufactures of Great-Britain, is an infringement of the rights of neutral nations, and tends in a particular manner to wound the interest and happiness of these states.

That whatever our sentiments may be, as to the propriety of particular acts of our own government, our character is mistaken by those nations who suppose that we will not be united in resenting the infamous machinations, and repelling the open hostilities of any foreign government.

That we will at the hazard of our fortunes and lives, remain what we are, a free, united, and independent people: That we shall at all times, vindicate our national honor and rights against any country which may invade them; and that we will cheerfully co-operate in such constitutional measures of defence, as may be deemed necessary by the councils of the Union.

It passed in the negative, ayes 68, noes 97. On a motion made by Mr. George K. Taylor, seconded by Mr. Breckenridge—Ordered, That the names of the ayes and noes on the foregoing question be inserted in the journal.

And then the question being put, that the House do agree with the committee of the whole House in the resolutions as reported. It passed in the affirmative, ayes 103, noes 58. On a motion made by Mr. Bolling, seconded by Mr. Nicolas—Ordered, I hat the names of the ayes and noes on the foregoing question be inserted in the journal.

The act for the punishment of certain crimes therein specified, this day, passed in the Senate, yeas 18—noes 2.—The yeas were Messrs. Bloodworth and Langdon.

\*\* The MAILS, due this day, had not arrived when this paper went to press.

Gazette Marine List.

Norfolk, Jan. 15. Arrived at this port.

Brig Eliza Wright, Etheridge, Martinique, Schr. Regulator, Forsyth, Antigua

The ship Rebecca, captain Corran, arrived in Hampton Roads on Saturday from Liverpool, after a passage of 84 days.

On Sunday arrived in Hampton Roads, the ship Leo, capt. Dale, from Batavia bound to Baltimore, passage 101 days.

Same day arrived the ship Stafford, 102 days from St. Ubes, under the command of Mr. Wall, the mate, the captain, as we are told, abandoned her at sea, and got on board a Danish bark from this place bound to Oporto.

Mr. W. says, that he spoke a ship from the Isle of France bound for Baltimore, the capt. of which informed him that the island had declared itself independent, and that all the French troops were sent out of the Island.

Capt. Dale confirms this account. The sloop Tiller, capt. Webb, from Alexandria to Charleston, sunk in nine fathom water off Cape Henry on Thursday inst. The crew were saved by getting into the boat just as she was going down.



INSURANCE OFFICE. THE Subscribers of this office, inform their commercial friends, in particular, and the public in general, that an office for the Insurance of shipping will be opened on Monday next, 28th inst. at No. 95, So. 5th Street—where a share of 10. public patronage is solicited.

N. & J. FRAZIER. dtw 3aw1m

FILTERING STONES. Of an excellent quality for Ships or Families FOR SALE BY Thomas & Joshua Fisher. No. 5, Dock Street. dtw

TO THE PUBLIC. AS divers reports have been circulated prejudicial to my character, particularly relative to my medical abilities, I beg leave to inform those who dispute my capacity in the art of medicine, that I am willing at any time in the presence of respectable persons to produce my credentials, from good authority in support of my medical capacity; certifying when a third party is regular examination before a board of the king's physicians and surgeons—signed by his Britannic Majesty's gen. sur. at the Castle of Saint Lewis, in Quebec, J. ENLAIN.

In our Gazette of yesterday evening we inserted a letter from the Secretary of State to the President of the United States, correcting two errors, which had crept into the report of the former, of the 18th instant. We introduced this letter by remarking that it was yesterday communicated to Congress by the President. In this, we have since learnt, we were mistaken; as the letter, although drafted, was never sent to the President, nor by him communicated. We were led into the mistake by the draft of the letter being left with us as a memorandum, whereby to correct the copy of the report, which was then in our press; but we supposed it had been left to be published in our Gazette as an official document.

The Governor, this morning, communicated to the Senate of this State, a copy of the Resolutions of the Legislature of the state of Kentucky, which were read, and on the question, "Shall these resolutions lie on the table?" it was determined in the NEGATIVE—Yeas 14—Yeas 8.

Auction of Books & Maps.

TO-MORROW, The 26th instant, Precisely at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, At the Auction Store of the Subscribers, No. 34, Dock Street.

WILL BESOLD, A valuable Collection, of BOOKS & MAPS.

CONSISTING partly of a Confignment, and partly of a private Library; comprising Law, Divinity, Physic, History, Travels, Voyages and Miscellanies. The books, except a few, are entirely new, and well worthy the attention of the literati and the public.

When dark, the Auction Room will be lighted up, and the sale continued until the whole are disposed of. EDWARD POLE, & Co. Jan 25 1798

IN pursuance of a resolve of the President and Managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company,

The Stockholders are hereby notified and required to pay ten dollars on each of their respective shares of stock, on or before the first day of March next, to the Treasurer of the Company at their office near the Bank of Pennsylvania.

Extract from the minutes. GEORGE WORRALL, Secy. WILLIAM GOVETT, Treasurer. Jan. 25. 1798.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that application will be made to the Directors of the Bank of Pennsylvania for the renewal of a Certificate for a share in the said Bank, No. 1222, dated July 24th 1797, in favour of the name of JOSEPH REED, the same having been accidentally lost or destroyed, Philad. Jan. 25. d6w

ALL PERSONS, INDEBTED to the Estate of ABRAHAM DICKS, Esq. late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those who have demands against said Estate to authenticate and present them for settlement. Also, all those who have deposited writings with said deceased to apply for them to WILLIAM PENNOCK, Adm'r. Springfield, Delaware county, } 1st mo. 8th, 1799. Jan. 8. rawf.

NOTICE. THE co partnership of JOHN GREEN & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said Firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any demands to present them for settlement to any one of the Subscribers—each being duly authorized to adjust the same.

JOHN GREEN. EDMUND DARCH. SAMUEL DARCH. N. B.—They have the remainder of their stock of Goods—consisting of Ironmongery, Hardware, &c. At No. 16, North Second Street, which they are selling on very low terms to close the business. Jan. 18. raw3w

NOTICE. ALL persons indebted to JAMES EMLIN, late of Middle-own, in the county of Delaware, deceased, are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, whom they shall find it most convenient to call on: and all persons having demands, will be pleased in like manner, to furnish them, that they may be paid.

All rents, which fell due on or before the fourth day of the 10th month last are payable to the subscribers and those which accrued after that day will be payable to the guardians of his children, who will duly notify the tenants where to pay the same.

MERS FISHER, of Philadelphia, } Exec- ABM. PENNELL, of Middletown. } utors. dec 18. 2aw6w

JAMAICA RUM. THE CARGO, Of the ship CHARLES, Captain Salter, From the North side of JAMAICA, Near 200 hhd's. of fine high proof JAMAICA RUM, Now Landing at South Street Wharf. PETER BLIGHT.

THE SHIP CHARLES, Captain SALTER, Coppered, mount twelve 6 pounders and thirty-five men—returns immediately to JAMAICA, for Passage apply as above. dec 17. dtm

EPHRAIM CLARK, CLOCK & WATCH MAKER, Corner of Front and Market Streets, Philadelphia HAS JUST RECEIVED, BY the different arrivals, a large supply of Clock and Watch makers and Silver Smiths Tools, files and materials,

CONSISTING OF Rowling Mills, large and small Bench and Hand Vices, Turnbuckles, Pliers, Sliding Tongs, Brushes and Bits, Grooving tools, Saws, Scratch Brasses, Blow pipes, Screw and Draw plates, large and small Hammers, Clock dials, cast brass Bells, forged work and pinions, Emery, Rotten stone, Pumice stone, Boax, Spelter Solder, Brass, Steel and

Clocks and Watches carefully repaired