

Macpherson's Blues. BATTALION ORDERS.

June 14th, 1878. The Blues are to assemble, in full uniform tomorrow morning at five o'clock at the parade Centre square.

Attention! Artillery Blues.

The Gentlemen who have enrolled themselves in order to form the above Company, are desired to meet on Saturday evening, 16th June, at 7 o'clock, at George Hill's, No. 130, North Second-street, sign of the Buck, to elect Officers, determine upon uniform, and form bye-laws.

Volunteer Greens.

The Troop will parade in uniform, completely equipped on Saturday Bank, well end of Walnut Street, on Saturday 16th June instant, at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Volunteer Rifle Company.

The Citizens of Philadelphia and the Northern Liberties, who are disposed to join a rifle company, in support of the Liberty and Laws of their country, are informed that articles of association are left at the houses of John Haines, No. 134, High Street, John Coyle, No. 323, 5th Street, and at the counting house of Obadiah Stockton, corner of 9th and High Streets, where able bodied, active citizens are invited to enroll themselves.

FOR LONDON.

The copper bottomed SHIP SALLY, Captain Lockyer. A considerable part of her cargo is already engaged to sail with all convenient speed.

A House and Lot in Burlington.

A LARGE commodious two story brick House, and large well improved Garden, with a large Clovee Lot, a stable, Carriage House, and Spring House, &c. in the city of Burlington, New Jersey.

London Particular Madeira Wine.

A few pipes of a superior quality, fit for immediate use; and CLARET in casks.

This Day is Published.

AND FOR SALE BY J. PENNO, 110, CHESTNUT-STREET AN ADDRESS To the People of Maryland.

MILITARY ACADEMY.

The Public are most respectfully informed, that a Military Academy is opened in the Northern Liberties in the house formerly belonging to John Malsters, etc. between the German-Town and Frankfort roads, North Second-street continued.

FOR SALE.

The Cargo of the Ship Richmond, Captain Hathaway, from Bengal.

Madras Handkerchiefs.

Benezes SUGAR COFFON and GINGER.

To be Sold, in Burlington.

A Large new two story brick House, and Lot situate in front and one hundred deep.

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, June 13. Yesterday, at half past 12, a federal discharge of cannon from the battery, announced the re-election of JOHN JAY to the first office in this State.

COMMUNICATION.

We are informed that the Legislature of this State is to be immediately summoned for the purpose of co-operating with our sister States, and with Congress, in taking efficient measures of defence and offence if requisite.

BOS' ON, June 9.

LEGISLATURE OF MASSACHUSETTS. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SALEM, June 8.

The French are leaving us, Consul Mozard advertises his countrymen desirous of returning home, that he will accommodate them with vessels.

PORTLAND, June 4.

THE MEMORIAL. Could the excellent Memorial of the American Envoys be as generally read by the citizens of France, as the French appeals were by the people of this country, it would be a difficult matter to persuade deluded Frenchmen to draw the sword against their allies.

NOTICE.

The Owners or Consignees of vessels per- forming quarantine are to take notice that a cart arrives from the Hospital at the Health Office at 7 o'clock and leaves it by 9 every morning (Sundays excepted) such supplies as are to be forwarded to vessels are desired to be sent to the Health Office before the hour of nine.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 14.

THE PEOPLE.

At a meeting of a number of the Citizens of the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, above the age prescribed by law for the performance of militia duty, convened in consequence of previous advertisement, at Mr. Dunwoody's in Market-street, the last evening, to take in consideration the present critical situation of public affairs, and deliberate on the method by which they may best contribute to the public defence.

THE PEOPLE.

To protect our Country from insult, outrage and dishonour, to preserve her from a foreign yoke and to maintain our freedom and independence, the Congress and Executive of the United States are adopting the most vigorous and energetic measures, the governor of our State has issued his proclamation for enrolling, organizing and equipping the great body of the militia.

THE PEOPLE.

That we will as early as possible provide ourselves each with a good musket, bayonet, cartridge box, and twenty-four charges of powder and ball, and keep the same in good order at our respective houses, or such other place as may hereafter be agreed upon.

THE PEOPLE.

That when any company have associated together to a sufficient number, we will proceed to choose one suitable person as captain, one lieutenant and one second lieutenant by ballot or otherwise as shall be agreed upon, and such other officers as may be found expedient.

THE PEOPLE.

That such of us as are of health and constitution to undergo the fatigues of a camp, will voluntarily offer ourselves, for repelling, under the directions of the Executive, any invasion of this State and for the support of the civil authority.

THE PEOPLE.

That if the militia and volunteers of the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, be drafted or ordered to actual service at a distance from home, we will make diligent enquiry in our respective wards and townships, into the state of their families, and administer to their comfort and relief in the best manner in our power.

THE PEOPLE.

After the proposals had been read a second time, the Chairman inquired if any person had any objection to the proposals. Several persons expressing their approbation and no one disapproving, the chairman put the question, whether the citizens present approved the proposals, and it was thereupon voted unanimously in the affirmative.

THE PEOPLE.

It was next moved by Mr. Hollingsworth and seconded by Mr. Tilghman, that a committee be appointed in each ward of the City and Liberties, for the purpose of handing this association round to the citizens, and committees were nominated accordingly.

THE PEOPLE.

Printers are requested to re-publish the above.

THE PEOPLE.

Yesterday, at 12 o'clock 64,000 Dollars were subscribed for building the ships of war to be loaned to government.

THE PEOPLE.

The following gentlemen are appointed a committee to superintend the building of the ships:

THE PEOPLE.

Th. Fitzsimons, Jas. Crawford, Jos. Sims, Danl. Smith, Thos. M. Willing, Capt. W. Jones, Jas. Yard.

THE PEOPLE.

The subscription is still open; and upwards of 70,000 dollars subscribed.

FROM THE MINERVA.

Printed at Dedham, Massachusetts. Congress has been busy of late in providing for the defence of our country by land and sea. The propriety of allowing merchant vessels to arm and of fitting out public armed ships is scarcely to be contested by any one at this day.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE GAZETTE.

HAVING observed a paragraph in your Gazette of the 21st May, stating that Gen. Rochefort had been dismissed by a Court Martial, please to inform the public that the mode of his dismissal was not by a Court Martial but by a revocation of his commission, by the President of the United States.

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As if we look safety in any other way but by the exertion of our own strength and resources. It has cost us a good deal to cure us of our foolish and almost fatal fondness for the French. We shall not love nor blindly trust the English court. Let us build ships, fortify our ports, and provide troops and arms sufficient to keep off invaders and suppress insurrections.

Congress has accordingly a need to raise 10,000 men in case of war or invasion, or imminent danger of either. This restriction may be justly censured as imprudent. An invader would not wait till our troops could be got ready, and it is well known that preparations against danger is the way to prevent the attack. European nations calculate chiefly on the ships, and resources of a country, and France would be more discouraged by 3000 men raised, than by 20,000 to be raised.

The fear of actual invasion is treated by some as a bugbear, by others as a thing to be expected. A few frigates, and a few thousand soldiers, chiefly negroes, may possibly come from Guadeloupe to hoist the standard of liberty, and to raise the Blacks in Carolina to assist the invaders. To prevent this mode of attack, regular forces in considerable numbers seem to be called for by prudence; otherwise very extensive mischief might be done before the militia of a thinly settled country could be collected to repel them.

The few desperadoes of the French party, which has been very troublesome and clamorous in the Southern States, might be also gathered under the banner of the French invader. Thirty thousand Frenchmen are said to be scattered among us, and there are as many foreign malcontents in the States whose citizens are imported yearly. It is evident therefore that our government being forewarned should be forearmed and raise men in season. For every one member that enlisting soldiers after they are wanted for actual service is very slow and expensive. With our late continental army.

But the danger of a French party in the New-England States is very little. After all the pains taken to turn the heads and corrupt the hearts of the Yankees, there is not one in a thousand who would join the French. They would rally to the standard of America, and support Adams, our virtuous and chief magistrate, to the last drop of their blood. Very few, since the late dispatches were published, remain unconvinced. The people see the sincere endeavors of our government to preserve peace, and they are forced to see the perfidy and profligacy of the French. While Venice, Switzerland and Holland, and most of the old republics of Europe are crumbling into dust before France, because they were weak and had not the spirit to rouse in time the little strength they had; let those who are appointed to be our political watchmen, provide for our safety by calling forth some part of the force that we actually have, and let them be persuaded that we are neither Swits nor Dutchmen in the spirit to us.

THE PEOPLE.

ARRIVED. Schr. Lark, Crandom New York 8 days. Ship Active, Baker do 6.

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

FROM THE PORT. Ship Nathaniel Bayley, Campbell Jamaica. Thomas Chalkley, Clark Surinam.

ARRIVED.

Brig Dianna, Nichols, Aux-Cayes. Schr. Neutrality, St. Jago de Cuba. William Burr, C. N. Mole.

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Positively for Two Nights only.

AT O'ELLERS ROOM. MR. CHALMERS.

READINGS AND RECITATIONS.

Particularly a POETIC ADDRESS to the Patriotic Young Men of Philadelphia. The First Evening to be FRIDAY, June 15th.

READINGS AND RECITATIONS.

Mr. Williamson will sing several new SONGS. And in the course of the Evening. The much admired popular Patriotic songs, 'The Boston Patriotic Song,' 'ADAMS AND LIBERTY,' 'The New-York Federal Song,' 'WASHINGTON AND THE CONSTITUTION.'

READINGS AND RECITATIONS.

Several pieces of Music on the Grand Piano Forte, by the celebrated Mr. LINLEY, being his first appearance in public in this Country.

A CARD.

Messrs. CHALMERS and WILLIAMSON most respectfully request the public, that the PRESIDENT intend to honor the entertainments of Friday evening with his presence.

A CARD.

All Persons having any claim or demand against the estate of Asst. Surg. Humphreys late of this City, etc. are requested to render the same immediately; and all those who are indebted to the late firm of Asst. Surg. and James Humphreys, are requested to pay their respective accounts to

James Humphreys, jun.

TO THE PUBLIC. GEORGE KIESSEBACH, Physician, Surgeon, and Oculist, lately from Europe.

WETHER.

Whether we consider the Eye, with respect to its exquisite structure, its use in the animal economy, or the pleasure and advantages of vision, we cannot but look upon it as one of the most admirable and important organs of the human frame.

WETHER.

Should any patient present themselves with Cataracts on their Eyes, who cannot be cured by the operation (which he performs in a much lighter and more improved manner than heretofore practiced) they shall be at liberty to bring any Doctor with them, in whose preference he will perform his operations.

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