

On Monday his Majesty's ship Remorse, capt. Rollet, returned to Port Royal, from a cruise. On Saturday, the 9th of this month, she was struck by lightning, which killed four men and disabled eleven officers, lowered the main top-mast, and top-gallant mast to splinters and so much injured the main-mast that not one foot above the deck is sound.

During her cruise, she took a Spanish prize of 10 guns and 47 men.

Wednesday his Majesty's ship Albicore, capt. Foster, arrived from a cruise on the coast of Cuba, and brought with her the Spanish Xebecque San Francisco y Animas, from Old Spain bound to Vera Cruz, with a cargo of wine, brandy, cinnamon and pepper, captured off St. Jago de Cuba.

His Majesty's brig Pelican, on Monday last, fell in with a French privateer brig called Le Trompeur, near the Mole, which fought her for thirty minutes, when she blew up. The Pelican saved 60 of the crew.

It is mentioned, that a revolutionizing spirit has lately shewn itself at the Carracas, and that 18 principal inhabitants have been taken up, for being concerned in a plan to disseminate principles pernicious to the government.

HALIFAX, (N. S.) Oct. 31.

Extract of a letter from a Magistrate in the city of St. John, New Brunswick to his correspondent in this town, dated 12th instant.

"At 3 o'clock this morning I was called out of bed to commit a man for a murder, the most cruel that ever was perpetrated in the Province. It was committed by a fisherman on the body of a shoemaker. The murderer confessed his guilt on examination; but gives no reason why he committed the vile act—he wishes to pass as insane. From his confession, as well as from the appearance of the corpse. He pulled out the eyes, ripped the body, and left the knife plunged into his heart. I have no doubt but we shall be able to find out the cause, for I do not think him deprived of his reason any more than drunkards and murderers are always supposed to be."

[The name of the deceased was Thomas Kitchen, that of the murderer, Archibald McNeal.]

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.

Arrived in this city from Spain, Don John B. Barnabeu, his Catholic Majesty's consul for the state of Maryland.

MARRIED—On Thursday evening last, Mr. John Hough, merchant, of this city, to Miss Rebecca Thompson, of Philadelphia.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 1.

PRICE OF STOCKS.

Table with columns for Philadelphia, 25th Nov. 1797, and various stock prices including Bank of the United States, Pennsylvania, North America, and Insurance Co. of Philadelphia.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

Table showing exchange rates for London, Amsterdam, and other locations.

At an annual Meeting of the Scots Thistle Society, held on Thursday last the following persons were duly elected, viz.

- Thomas Coodie, President. Andrew M'Alpin Vice President, and President of the Council. Adam Davie, George Wilson, James Wilson, Alexander Trumbull, Robert Trumbull, William M'Phail, Alexander Knox, Treasurer. David Wallace Secretary.

While our learned Chief Justice commented with such asperity on those journalists, who in asserting the rights of their country, have reprobated the injuries and violences of the dreadful Republic, and thereby hazarded the wrath even of the reigning triumphers, a prominent and real grievance called loudly for notice: Need it be adverted to? It is the career of citizen Bache—who, while the Plenipotentiaries of the United States are seeking satisfaction of the wrongs of their Country, leaves no effort untried to weaken their hands and destroy the hopes from their mission, by rearing the bloody tri-color under the very nose of our government, and rallying round it all the profligate traitors who speak to France this language. "You have been trified with by the treachery of our administration. Think not of conciliation but Revenge. You will find us ready to receive you as brothers, friends and deliverers."

We do not remember a more severe satire on the memory of Old Franklin, than that of a learned law Chief, who on hearing the Philosopher quoted as an authority, silenced the Council by telling him "he might as well quote Tom Trumbull."

It will be remembered that Franklin has somewhere remarked, that co-existent with the Liberty of the Press, is the Liberty of the Club. The council for young Hampshires very aptly quoted this authority against the grandfon.

If there remained a doubt with respect to the arbitrary intentions of the French triumvirate, after the overthrow of the constitution, the following passage in the speech of Lepaux to the French people on their new year's day, must have been conclusive. "May the Executive Directory display an

active and unremitting vigour in the CONDUCT OF GOVERNMENT, and may all civil and military authorities concur."

On Wednesday evening, the Petit Jury of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, after hearing the respective witnesses, and the pleadings of learned and able Counsel, in the case of O'Hara, charged with murder of Aitkin, in June last, retired to their room, and in about half an hour returned with a verdict of WILFUL MURDER, OF THE HIGHEST DEGREE. The prisoner is to receive sentence of death on Saturday morning next.

In consequence of the indisposition of the Speaker of the house of representatives of the United States, the house adjourned this day at 12 o'clock without doing any business.

Against the Editor of "Porcupine's Gazette" has been returned ignorance by the grand jury.

For the GAZETTE of the UNITED STATES.

MR. FENNO. In looking over your paper of last evening, I read with avidity the beginning of the extracts of Judge M'Keen's charge to the grand jury on the subject of libels—I flattered myself that the chief justice, after having patiently remained for six long years, a silent spectator of the most unparalleled abuses poured from a particular press in this city, against our own government, and the most eminent characters in the United States, was now going to step forth the champion for government, and correct that abuse.

His doctrine with respect to libels as well as the liberty of the press, I thought generally pretty correct—Yet I must confess, I did not perfectly understand his nice reasoning, where he says, "every freeman has an undoubted right to lay what sentiments he pleases before the public;—declaring immediately afterwards that, if upon a fair trial such sentiments shall be adjudged of pernicious tendency, the person publishing them ought to be punished." This reasoning was at first a little too subtle for my understanding—I had from more gross reasoning been led to believe that a person had no right to publish any sentiments, the pernicious tendency of which were so manifest as to subject him to punishment.

However, my difficulties in understanding this were entirely removed, when on reading a little further I found to my great surprize that in applying his principles he totally forgot the abuse offered our own government, and all its most important officers.—Mr. Bache seems to have been entirely out of his mind.—The French, Spaniard, and Porcupine engrossed his whole attention.—Oh! how patriotic it is to think wholly of Frenchmen, and forget what is due to ourselves!

The latter part of the charge unravels what was at first mysterious. The same sentiments now published with respect to the French, while we are trying to negotiate, and which are in the opinion of the chief justice, of mischievous tendency, and therefore deserve punishment, were on a former occasion, when held with respect to the British, while we were treating with them, by many thought praise-worthy. I do not say that this last was the opinion of the chief justice; for although I might have a right (from his silence at the time and since) to publish such a sentiment; yet I find I might be punished for it.

This one thing, however, I will venture to assert; that the public will be much gratified if the chief justice will satisfy them how he can with impartiality come out with so much zeal against Porcupine, since he has for so long a time passed over in silence the defamatory publications of Bache.

Is it because the defamation of the latter is against our own government, and the British? whereas that of the former is against democrats and the French—I will not believe it possible for a person under such solemn obligations to distribute justice impartially, to be influenced by such base motives, however irresistible the evidence may be to others.

I will close my observations by remarking (if it will throw any light on the subject) that I have formerly heard many a good democrat when publications in Bache's paper were reprobated, say "that it was necessary in free governments to tolerate many abusive things," who have, since the publication of Porcupine's paper, said that "what Bache and Porcupine both frequently published was intolerable, and they should be glad to see them both strung up together." A FRIEND TO FAIR PLAY.

MR. FENNO

In congratulating the friends of the Drama on the approaching prospect of enjoyment from the excellent company said to be engaged at the New Theatre for this season, I cannot but hope the Managers will reduce the prices to their old rate. They have been entertaining the Citizens of New York on those terms, and to discriminate between the two Cities, is not only impolitic but unjust. Their house here was well attended when the former prices were received, but many of their best friends declined going at the increased rates.

A friend to the old Prices.

A stated meeting of the American Philosophical Society will be held at their Hall, at 6 o'clock this evening.

DIED.

At Kingston, Jamaica, the Rev. Joshua His De Cordova, of the Hebrew nation, at the advanced age of 78 years.—The community by his death is deprived of a useful member.

FOR SALE,

Several fonts of Types—half worn. including Long Primer, about 400 weight, in good condition, and would answer the purpose of a country printer as well as new. Enquiry of the Printer nov. 30.

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

CLEARED. Brig Sally, Logan, Bourdeaux; Schr. Angelica, Foster, St. Thomas; Catharine, Smith, New-York; Sloop Patience, Willis, do.

Arrived, ship Birmingham Packet, capt. Kelly, 62 days from Havre-de-Grace, which he left September 22d.—About 15 days since spoke the brig Peggy, capt. Atkinson, bound to New-York, in a very leaky condition.—The 24th inst. in lat. 37° 30' long. 73. 30, spoke the brig Grace, capt. Wills, 42 days from Amsterdam for Philadelphia, all well.—Also, spoke the barque Mars, Fowler, from St. Ubes, on her way coming up the Delaware—all well.

The Argo, Byrns, is cleared out at Baltimore for the Isle of France. The Elizabeth, Fullerton, sailed from the Mole, Nov. 4th, in company with the British frigate Ambuscade, and an armed Packet for England; and the following vessels for the United States:

- Brig James Gemmeny, for Philadelphia; Eliza, O'Conner, do; Almy, Cutler, New-York; David & George, White, do; Fanny & Jane, Baltimore; Ruth, Towson, Rhode-Island; Schr. Swallow, Doane, Philadelphia; President, Hughes, New-York; Amphitrite, Baltimore; Intrepid, Wilkinfon, Norfolk; And several others, names unknown.

Left at the Mole, the Ship Ardent, Reasonable of Baltimore; Polly & Nancy, M'Night, Alexandria; Brig Fanny, Smith, Salem; Maria, Mariner, Philadelphia for trial; Dispatch, Noble, New-York; Polaski, Parsons, do; Industry, Bayley, Port-au-Prince; Katy, Cutts, Jamaica; Hiram, Bowen, do; Clio, Brady, for trial; Sloop Harry, Bally, off Gloucester, for North Carolina, and several other American vessels detained for salvage.

New-York, Nov. 29. Extracts from the log book of the brig Peggy, capt. Atkinson, arrived here yesterday from Amsterdam.

Sailed from the Texel Sept. 1st, in company with the ship Jane, of Mathias, capt. Inglu bound home to touch at Madeira, and ship Aurora, of Charleston, Broxon, for Bourdeaux and ship Harmony, Earl, of and for Charleston Sept. 26, off Plymouth, was boarded by his Majesty's cutter Constitution, capt Wm. Wister of 12 guns—used pilotely and dismissed. 22d, off Ushant was boarded by his Majesty's ship Pompey of 74 guns, in company with the Leviathan, of the same rate, on a cruise—used as before and dismissed. 23d, spoke a French brig of war, prize to the English.

26th, was boarded by the frigate Ann, of Liverpool, a letter of marque, to Martinique, Captain Guite, out 18 days, she had 16 guns; used as above and dismissed.

28th, was boarded by the ship Mohawk, privateer of Bristol, 28 guns, capt. Beech bound home off a cruise, had taken two Spaniards. Nov. 5, spoke the ship Cleopatra, capt. Connor, of and from Baltimore, to Bremen, out 11 days, lat. 39, 10, long. 57, 54, all well.

8th, spoke a brig from Boston to Surinam, out 5 days, lat. 38, 9, long. 61, 20. 10th lat. 37, 39, long. 62, 35, spoke the ship Birmingham Packet, of Philadelphia, capt. Kilby, from Havre de Grace bound home out 49 days. Informed me that capt. Johnson, in the ship Cigni of New-York, and captains Tuly and Cisten, were at Havre de Grace.

11th spoke sloop Liberty, from Rhode Island to Africa out 4 days, at 10 A. M. do, spoke the ship Harriot, capt. Neil, for Amsterdam, lat. 38, 5, long. 63, 30.

Boston, November 24. Arrived, ship Eliza, Hutchins, Batavia, 137 days.

Left at Batavia, July 6, Gov. Bowdoin, Doliver; Minerva, Loring; Polly, Delano, ready for sea, capt. sick; John Jay, Halwell, (seen to pass Prince's-Island, July 10;) snow Panther, Wimpenny, of Boston; Sisters, Ray, Hodges; Lambert of Salem. At St. Helena, Sept. 19, Joanna, Coffin, of Nantucket.

At Havana, Jay of Boston. Wrecked, Two Sisters, Delano, from Liverpool for Boston. The wreck of an high decked small schooner was lately seen in the Gulf Stream. Her masts gone and stern principally floated away. No person on board.

Sailed from Batavia, July 6, Star, Burchmore for Salem; Sarah, Pollard, for Boston. Two small pilot boats sitting out at Charleston, S. C. suspected to be intended for privateers, were lately seized.

Translations from Paris papers.

The following Political View is translated from No. 4, of the Narrateur Impartial, a new paper lately established at Paris, and conducted by several literary characters.

POLITICAL VIEW.

Of the Situation of the French Republic. If we believe the violent of both parties, it would seem that we are in a very critical situation; the 18th of Fructidor, though it somewhat changed the face of things, destroyed neither the hopes of the one, nor the fears of the other.

One party blames all the appointments of the directory, declares if it goes on thus, its reign will be short. They eternally cry out, it is impossible for it to exist, unless it unites itself to, and makes a common cause with the republicans; and that in order to be completely victorious in this revolution, it should join with their party. The government, faithful to its plan, wishes to steer clear of both parties, and put an end to every thing that may tend to excite dissensions.

According to the other party—the government is nearly at an end; it cannot be maintained; its want of finances alone, must destroy it, independent of interior and exterior enemies. It is tyrannical, it is surrounded only by villains, that are executed by all good men; it keeps the councils under its rod, and makes them do as it thinks proper. Its financial measures are condemned, and will never meet with success in France, if we believe this party, it is impossible for us to exist as a republic.

The above are the opinions of the different parties, as expressed both in private conversation and the public prints. In the midst of these parties are some peaceable men, who honestly wish for the public good, but are not possessed of sufficient courage to undertake any thing for its attainment. Such is the state of parties, both in the capital and the departments. In such a situation of affairs, it is impossible to determine what will be the result, particularly as it is prudent not to tell the whole truth.

However, in examining with impartiality the proceedings of the two councils, and the government, and the position of our armies, both the violent and factious would wish to make it appear. The councils again act according to the constitution, and every thing announces that calmness and cool reason preside in their deliberations. The directory appears sensible of its power. Its public and private acts display firmness and energy. It makes many enemies; it knows also who those enemies are, and seems to brave them. It appears willing to profit by its victory, but not with to divide its triumph with a certain party. Nevertheless, it wishes to put all those out of the way, who are not attached to the constitution of the 3d year, and its orders to the ministers to purge their offices of all such, already proves it; its decrees relative to the emigrants, its message to the councils on the law of the 19th Fructidor, announce a firm intention to rid itself of every thing which it believes opposed to the constitution. All this, however, has no effect upon its obdurate enemies, whom experience of numerous defeats, ought to have convinced that they will yet have a long time to struggle, without any solid hopes of success.

The directory have frustrated part of their plans, yet, others are likely to be laid at the expense of suffering humanity. Already the germs of a New Vendee appear in the west; Midi is a scene of tumult, and our present calm is but the preface of a storm. Wherefore all these manoeuvres? What advantages do they expect to derive from these plans of devastation! Massacre and death! Human blood will flow at the gates of Vienna, and the shores of the Loire will again be strewn with mutilated carcases. O sad and plaintive humanity! When shall thy accents be heard? Unfortunate country! When shall thy children cease to destroy each other?

May our wishes be realized, may humanity have no more cause to sigh, and may the men of every party be convinced, that it is time the French people should become a nation of brothers.

FOR SALE, By JOHN MILLER, JUN. & Co. No. 8, Chestnut-street, One hundred and eighty bales BENGAL GOODS, Amongst which are, Currahs, Mamoodies, Baitas, Sannas, Guzzehs, Tanda Coffees, Cuzzenis, Emeretics, Blue Cloths, Calicoes, Palampoor, Romal Handkerchiefs. Amongst them are a great proportion of the manufactory of Patna. December 1. To be Sold, A Bill on Richmond, Payable at sight. Inquire at this office. Dec. 1. 21

A Compting House to let. A most convenient Compting House is now for hire on Roff's wharf, directly over the arch. For terms, apply to Samuel Breck, jun. No. 39, fourth Third street. Where may be had, A few bales of Raven Duck, and about 200 pieces of float Canvas; a small quantity of Mace, and some high proof Brandy; Sherry-Wine, Chocolate in boxes, Window Glass of various sizes and dimensions. Dec. 1.—1801

English Grammar, The second edition, with improvements, ADAPTED to the different classes of learners; with an appendix, containing rules and observations for assisting the more advanced students to write with perspicuity and accuracy. By LINDLEY MURRAY. "This is a publication of much merit, and fully answers the professions in the Title. The appendix contains some of the best rules for writing elegantly, and with propriety, that we recollect to have seen." Monthly Review, July 1796. "This Grammar is, on many accounts entitled to commendatory notice, its materials have been carefully and judiciously selected; its arrangement is distinct and well adapted to the purpose of instruction and its expression is simple, perspicuous and accurate, &c." See the character at large in the Analytical Review, July 1796. English Exercises, Adapted to the Grammar lately published by Lindley Murray, consisting of exemplification of the parts of speech, instances of false orthography, violations of the rules of syntax, defects in punctuation, and violations of the rules respecting perspicuity and accuracy, designed for the benefit of private learners, as well as for the use of schools. "We have been much pleased with the perusal of these Exercises. They occupy with distinguished excellence a most important place in the science of the English language; and as such, we can warmly recommend them to the Teachers of Schools, as well as to all those who are desirous of attaining correctness and precision in their native tongue." Monthly Review, July 1797. The above Books are for sale at JOSEPH & JAMES CURRIE'S book store, No. 87, Market street. December 1. 3taw2w.

The Subscriber intends to make application for the renewal of a Certificate of a Share in the Bank of the United States, standing in the name of A. B. No. 5004, dated July 11, 1797, the same having been lost. JOAN GRAHAM. Richmond, Dec. 1. 56w

To be sold, AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT, containing 6 acres and 40 perches, with a neat two story brick House and Kitchen thereon, an apple Orchard, &c. situate on the Irish tract lane, in the township of Moyanessing, about one mile from the city of Philadelphia. Further particulars will be made known upon application at the office of the Philadelphia Gazette. The improvements upon this place, for taste and elegance, stand unrivalled. December 1. 4t

To be sold, THE partnership between JOHN INSTONE and JAMES BACON, under the firm of Instone and Bacon, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All persons who stand indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment of their respective accounts, to JOHN SKRIVIN, on London-burger's wharf, who is duly authorized to receive the same; and all persons having any demands against the said firm, are desired to bring in their accounts immediately to him for settlement. John Instone, James Bacon. November 20. 40ct

Positively the Last Night, At O'Eller's Room, On SATURDAY EVENING, December 1, MESSRS. CHALMERS & WILLIAMSON, Will present the citizens with a new species of entertainment, called The Tablet, Or, JUST IN TIME. Readings, Recitations, and Songs, in 3 parts. PART I. Overture—Grand Piano Forte, Mr. Carr. Address—Mr. Chalmers. Song—Bachelors Hall, Mr. Williamson. Collins's Ode to Music, Mr. Chalmers. Song—Paddy O'Blarney, Mr. Williamson. PART II. Sonata—Piano Forte, Mr. Carr. Spirit of Contradiction, a Comic Tale, Mr. Chalmers. Song—Ellen; or the Richmond Primrose Girl, Mr. Williamson. Spouting Club, and Dialogues between Garrick and a London Taylor, Mr. Chalmers. Song—The Cottage in the Grove, Mr. Williamson. PART III. Pot Pourri—Piano Forte, Mr. Carr. The Chase of the Hare, and Advice to the Ladies, from Somerville and Thompson, Mr. Chalmers. Song—The Hare Hunt, or Virtue and Merit Mr. Williamson. A paraphrase on Shakspeare's Seven Ages, recitation, Mr. Chalmers. Song—Nancy; or, The Sailor's Journal, Mr. Williamson. Tom King, or Monsieur Tonton, a Comic Tale, Mr. Chalmers. Song—The Hobbies, Mr. Williamson.

Price of admission One Dollar.—Tickets to be had at the bar of the hotel, at Carr's Musical Repository, and at Carey's Book-store, Market street. To begin at half past six o'clock precisely. Particular attention will be paid to keep the room warm. December 1.

NEW THEATRE. THE public are respectfully informed, that the Entertainments will commence for the season, on MONDAY Evening next, 4th December. Particulars will be expressed in future advertisements. WIGNELL & REINAGLE. December 1. BUSH-HILL, December 1, 1797. THE partnership between us, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. William Bates, William Darley.

DANCING. Mr. BYRNE, OF the New Theatre, returns his sincere thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen that honored him last season—His Academy will open 2d December, at O'Eller's, Tuesday and Saturday mornings from eleven to two for young Ladies, attended by Mrs. BYRNE; on the same days in the afternoon from three till six for young Gentlemen; and in the evenings of Thursdays and Saturdays, from six till nine for Gentlemen. Please to apply at the Academy, at the hours of tuition. Mr. BYRNE's first Ball will be on Tuesday, 12th December, and continue once a fortnight throughout the season. December 1.—1801

For Londonderry, The American Ship, BOSTON PACKET, COPPERTHWAIT, Master, NOW lying at Millin's Wharf, near Vine-street.—Has elegant accommodations for passengers—will sail, weather permitting, on or about the 10th inst. having all their cargo engaged ready to go on board. For passage only, apply to the captain. Smith & Ridgway, No. 4, North Water street, or to Isaac Harvey, Jun. No. 5, South Water street. \$100 December 1

Salisbury Estate. THE Subscriber, proposing to contract his business, offers this Estate for sale, on moderate terms. On it are one Blat and three Air Furnaces, a complete Boring Machine, and a very good grist Mill, with two pair of stones; also a good Forge, all in perfect repair, as are all the Water Works connected with these various branches. The Air Furnaces were lately built for the purpose of casting Cannon for this State.—There are about two thousand acres of Land, one half of which is under wood, the other very fine arable Land, producing the best Hay and Pasture. The Cannon lately manufactured there, fully proves the excellency of the metal, which is superior to any in this country, and probably equal to any in the world; for not one of sixty-nine guns lately made, although some of the 24 were bored into 32 pounders have failed on proving. The situation is very eligible, particularly for this branch of manufacture, and a piece of arms lying in the state of Connecticut, and only 50 miles from several landings that can result from a plenty of water lifting from a large river, and very near the Furnace, and which may be converted into a variety of other useful purposes. The purchaser can be accommodated with all the stock and utensils, and have possession on or before the first of June next, and preparation may be made in the meantime for going into Blast immediately thereafter. For every part will be delivered in good order, with some coal, Ore, &c. &c. For terms, apply to Mr. Joseph Anthony, in Philadelphia; David Brooks, Esq. one of the Representatives in Congress for this State; Mr. David Waterman, on the premises, or to the proprietor in New-York. WILLIAM NEILSON. 3wtf

TO BE SOLD, Or Exchanged for Property in the Country, That three story Brick House, No. 157, north Third street. Apply at the office of this Gazette. nov. 29—w844w

A person well acquainted with the theory of book-keeping, who has been many years engaged in business for himself and others, would be glad to be employed, either as an agent or factor; or in posting books; stating unsorted accounts; or in executing any other kind of writing, in French or English. A note addressed to J. A. and left at this office, will be immediately attended to. November 30. 3wtf