FOR SALE, THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 21, Penn-freet, The Cargo of the Ship Ganges, John Green, commander, from Bengal,

Baftas, of various qualities & prices Punjum Cloths Charconna Dorea Tanjihs Mulmule hintz and Calicoes Patsa Hhkfs. Mulmul do. Bandannoss Choppa Romals Perfians of various colours

Mock Pulicats 90,000 lb. PEPPER Willings & Francis.

The the course of a few days, the PIECE GOODS, composing the cargo of the ship Ganges, will be exposed for sale at that large commodious Store, the northwest corner of Market and Fourth freets, where a bale of every species of Goods will be once.

LANDING, From on board the ship Cleopatra, Samuel Newell, commander, from London,

60 tons of the best clean Russia so casks of bottled BROWN STOUT.

For tale by the subscribers, No. 21, Penn-street. Willings & Francis.

Just arrived, From Port-au-Prince, and for Sale by the subscribers, No. 21, Penn-street,

32 tierces, 523 barrels 646 bags

Prime Coffee Willings & Francis.

Clocks and Watches, Of every description, opening for Sale, by EPHRAIM CLARK,

MARKET and FRONT STREETS. An exter five and general affortment of Tools, Files, and Materials.

ere &c. Spring and landing Clocks.

Insurance Company of the State of

Pennfylvania.
THE Office is again opened at the corner of Wanut and Second fireets, where applications are received as usual.

Now Landing, At Sims' Wharf, from on board the thip Commer coppain Chamberlain, from Port au Prince, 35 hogsheads of SUGAR do. M
tierces
FOR SALE, BY MOLASSES

Philips, Cramond, & Co.

James & Richard Smith, TAKE the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they have removed their flore to No. 54, South Front firest next door to Edward Fox's Audien Room, where they have at this time for fale, a large and general affortment of

European & East India Goods, William Penn, &c. &c. Oct. 27.

ROSS & SIMSON, HAVE FOR SALE, A few bales Baftas, Cossas, and quantity of Bengal COTTON, Bengal SUGAR, in Lags and boxes RUM. and Bengal Oct. 2*

Samuel & Miers Fisher,

At their Warehouse, No. 27, Dock Street, a fresh affortment of Woolen and other goods, suitable to the season, received by the late arrivals from Eng-They bave also for Sale,

Lisbon
Tenerisse
Sherry, and
Port Wines,
Afforted queen's ware in crates, &c,
10th mo. 23d.

Lisbon
In pipes, hhds. and quarter casks. TO BE LET-At a moderate Rent,

The principal part of a HOUSE, WITHIN a fhort distance of the Cossee-house, which has been occupied for the last four months, consisting of a good dining room and parlour, two bed rooms and a dressing room, two garrets, kitchen, wood vault and cellar, all in excellent order, fit for the immediate reception of a small family. None need apply but those who are respectable and regular. Inquire at the office of this Gazette.

Oct. 24. Oct. 24.

Red Port Wine. Just arrived, by the brig Iris, capt. Rhodes, from Oporto,

Red Port Wine in pipes, hhds. and quarter caks to cwt. Cork, for fale by Philips, Cramond, & Co.

Philadelphia, OB. 24th, 1797.

A LL perfons desirous to contract to furnish Rations and Quarter Master's Stores, during the year 1798, for the troops in Philadelphia, Fort Missin, on Mud Island, Carlisse and Reading, or any of them, are desired to deliver their proposals, under a sealed cover, OB or before the 20th No. vember next to TENCH FRANCIS, Purveyor.

The Rations to confil of

I pound Flour or Bread

I pound Beef, or 3:4 of a pound of Pork

gill Rum, Brandy or Whiskey

I bb. Candles

On the Soan

To every hundred rations &if:18thN

The Medical Lectures In the University of Pennsylvania, are post-poned until the last Monday in November next. ORober 14.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 1.

Estract of a letter from Baltimore, Oct. 29.

it I am happy to observe that the fever is on the decline in Philadelphia, as it is ikewise here. From our present prospects, it will foon be over-and I hope (without disputations) every possible means will be used to prevent its return. Business here was much retarded, but never entirely stopped; the stores &c. were all kept open, and with pleasure I add, that it has now refumed its usual course."

How sweet are the labors of charity! To wipe the trickling tear from the cheek of sorrow to diffipate the anxious forebodings of poverty-to that the door against the entrance of want and hunger, nakedness and cold—to raise the desponding, and to pour oil and wine into the wounds which adverse vents have furrowed in the heart-thesethefe O charity, are thy divine employments.

It is an intimation of facred writ-The boor ye have always with you. Seventeen hundred years have not impaired the truth of the affertion. Though the times should be prosperous and plenty crown the exertions of the husbandman, though the products of the field should be abundant, and peace and health prevail in our borders, still the avenues of misfortune are open and we find the poor even then with us.

But, when pestilence stalks through the land, and the hands of industry are unnerved-when fear drives the citizen from his wonted abode, and the fugitives from the ci-ty multiply in the villages—it is then that the poor abound with us.—It is then that the objects of charity and beneficence increase-It is then that the humane and berevolent to whom heaven, with wealth, has riven the feeling heart, know "how bleffed tis to give."

The late diffreshing scene which we have witnessed, has unfolded the brightest traits n the human character.

View the lift of inbscribers to the relief of the distressed, and let the pions heart expand with gratitude that heaven has fo exensively impressed its image on the bosoms of our citizens.

Let them not however be weary in well doing—there is yet room for the liberal mind to device liberal things.

A frowning winter is impending—the hands of many will be barely fufficient for them—Many have lost their chief dependence in in the death of fathers, mothers, prothers and other near connections. The ifual channels of support have been interupted, or closed forever. But to the relecting mind more will occur than can be fuggested—Such will not only chearfully contribute to the relief of every object that presents itself, but they will seek out the re-treats of poverty and wretchedness, and to the utmost of their ability lessen the calamities of the pessilence, and alleviate the ri-gours of the season. E.

New-Coffle County, State of Delaware.

MR. FENNO, AS you have favoured the public with a final flate of the polls at Suffex and Kent counties elections, with the Jacobin lamenation annexed, in your Gazette, No. 1590, you will oblige a Federalist by publish the following state of the poll at New-Castle, with the friend to governments' lamen-

DEMOCRATS. FEDERALISTS. Edward Roach 1030 Isaac Granthen 739 Citizen Ray 995 Thomas Kean 703

Representatives. James Stroud 1151 Wm. Johnson 885 Rob. Armstrong 1079 S. Hollingsworth 700 A. Rodney 1074 Joseph Israel 688 Richard C. Dale 1041 Wm. Frazer 668 Nehemiah Tilton 1031 Amos Grubb Joel Lewis 1021 Jacob Broom 655 Elias Naudain 844 Nich. Vandyke 471 Wm. Stidham 135

What was the reason that the Democrats out-polled the Federalists in New-Castle county, where a confiderable number of the Electors, who make great professions of heir friendship to government refide ? Is their friending to government render is the Federal interest degenerating? no. But it is possible that the piddling genius has some influence (he having played Quaker some time past) over the elders of that society that are well disposed to government, and kept them at home on the day of election, while he pushed forward their hickory fons, mostly Robesperians in politics. Another reason is assigned. Aliens were suffered to vote and the number on a scrutiny will be found confiderable.

Again the election was held open four nours in the night in violation of the election law, which expressly fixes the hour for closing to six o'clock in the evening.

Yet a while and a day of retribution is at

and. Certainly the representativives of Kent and Suffex will enquire how this adulterated, self-created, French crew, came to out-poll the Federalists.

OLD '76.

From the (Moff.) MERGURY.

Mess. Young & Minns,
The following is a genuine copy of a letter, written by the celebrated Dr. Byles. to the famous English poet, Pore. It was penned when the author was about 22 years f age, was received with kindness and poitely answered by the person to whom it is addressed—the answer being accompanied Essayist, on Human Nature. It is a document honorable to our country, and there, fore I wish it preserved in the pages of the Mercury.—It has never yet appeared in print,

Yr's

most of its inhabitants, and producing not only distress and grief among the poor and those who have lost their dearest friends, but a general and far felt calamity by the interruption which it has given to almost every kind of business and employment.

TO MR. ALEXANDER POPE.

YOU are doubtless wondering at the no-

unworthiness and obseurity. Prompted by defire, flushed with hope, or appalled with concern, I add to the incorrectness which I would now most of all wish to escape. In thort, fir, when I approach you, it is with a real awe and reverence like that which you have so humourously described in the Guardian upon dedications.

How often have I been foothed and charmed with the ever blooming landfcapes of your Windfor Forest? And how does my very foult melt away, at the fost complaint of the languishing Eloisa? How frequently has the Rape of the Lock commanded the varions passions of my mind: Provoked laugh ter; breathed a tranquility; or inspired a transport! And how often have I beer raifed, and borne away by the irrefitless fire of the Iliad, as it glows in your immortal

Permit, me, fir, to conclude my letter with asking the favor of a few lines from the hand which has bleft the world with fuch divine productions. If you thus honor me affure yourfelf the joys you will produce in me, will be inferior to none but the poetic rapture of your own breaft. Perhaps you will be disposed to smile, when I confess, that I have a more superstitious ardour to fee a word written by your pen, then ever Tom Folio in the Tatler to fee a fimile of Virgil with that advantage.

1 am, fir, your great admirer, and most obedient MATHER BYLES.

LANCASTER, October 28. On Wednesday last the Synod of Phila-delphia met in this borough—The following address is published at the request of the reverend gentlemen :

THE Synod confidering the state of religion in our land in general, and the circumstances of the church to which we beong in particular, and viewing, in connection with these, the aspect of the political affairs of our country, and the afflictive dispensations of divine Providence toward a confiderable portion of its inhabitants, have been deeply affected.

It is a notorious and lamentable truth, that infidelity abounds, and is by many professed without difguise or shame: that profaneness in all its forms increases both in malignity and degree; that the providence of God is denied, and his perfections difregarded; and that the precious inflitutions of the gospel of Christ are openly reviled by many, and neglected by a still more coniderable proportion of the people :- That these impieties, as their certain and necesfary confequence, have given rife to immoralities of every description, highly injurious, not only to the life of religion, but to the peace and happiness of society: In our own church in particular, we have to lament with the deepest grief that vital piety is declining; that in many places the external observance of gospel institutions, and even the inclination to possess and sup-port them, is relaxed; that the number of those who seek the gospel ministry is small, while the number of vacant congregations is great, and increasing without the profpect of fupply.

While fuch is our moral and religious

state, we have just reason to expect the frowns of that Providence which ruleth rupted, the fruits of the earth are diminished, our manufactures are beginning to languish, and even the peace of our country is put in jeopardy: Infectious and deadly diseases have visited even a large proportion of our most populous and opulent cities and towns, and have fallen with peculiar violence on the metropolis of this state and of the union, destroying many, and dispersing the most of its inhabitants, and producing not

acknowledge that we are called to be hum-ble and to mourn?—to be deeply humble before our God, and to mourn with unfeigued penitence for those sins which are velty- of an epiftle from the remote shores the moral cause of all the afflictions which where this dates its origin; as well as from the feel and fear? To deny the obligations fo obscure a hand as that which subscribes of this duty, and our peculiar call to it on it.—But what corner of the earth so feeret, the present occasion, would be but an example and the fame of Mr. Pope? ample and a proof of the depravity which

The Synod, therefore, have judged it to be their duty to recommend, and they do earneftly recommend accordingly, that Thursday the 30th day of November next, be observed by all the congregations under their care, as a day of humiliation, fasting and prayer: That the people belonging to our congregations do, on that day, lay assigned the renown in which your name will flourish many ages to come, and anticipate a thousand years of futurity.

To let you see a little of the renown which you hear. afide, as much as may be practicable, their worldly business and pursuits, and employ their time in seeking with union and with carnestness, through the merits and intercession of the adorable Redeemer, the merity of God in the forgiveness of our sins both as individuals and as a nation; that which you bear in these unknown climates, cy of God in the forgiveness of our lins which you bear in these unknown climates, and the improvements we are making, under your auspicious influences, in the polite studies of the muses, I transmit to you the inclosed paems: Assuring myself, the not day to the duty of repentance and reformation of the approbation of your judgment, yet of the excuse and lenity of that candor which is forever inseparable from a great genius.

But notwithstanding all these representations of the most of the politic standard as a nation; that the ministers of the gospel do specially disposed to the muses of the most profound respectant attention to the governor; and from the favorable disposition manifested by his highness, our correspondent is decidedly of opinion that any arrangements for the public good, will meet with a ready concurrence on the part of his higness.

Our letters from Lucknow also mention that any arrangements for the public good, will meet with a ready concurrence on the part of his higness. tions of your goodness, which my imagination is able to form, I find it very difficult to suppress the struggle of passions which ing the favour and blessing of heaven, as swells my heart, while I am writing a letter to so great a man. I am at once urged by a generous architics to be different constructions to be transported on hackeries to the banks of the Ganges, for the purpose of accompanying the home terms to so great a man. I am at once urged by a generous architics to be different constructions to be transported on hackeries to the banks of the Ganges, for the purpose of accompanying the home that the Nawaub Vizier had directed boats of different constructions to be transported on hackeries to the banks of the Ganges, for the purpose of accompanying the home transported on his return to the by a generous ambition to be known to you; ercises of the day, both in public and in and forbid by a trembling consciousness of private, the most servent supplications be unworthiness and observity. Prompted by Holy Spirit may be poured out for the re-vival of pure and undefiled religion in all the earth, and that a time of refreshing may come to this land in particular from the pre-fence of the Lord; that it would please the Great Head of the church to raife up, qualify and fend forth into the gospel mi-nistry, many who shall be his able, faithful and fuccessful ambassadors; that he would make all our citizens sensible that righteoufness exalteth a nation, and that fin is a reproach to any people; that he would blefs all that are in authority over us, give them the fpirit of their flation, make them a terror to evil doers, and a praife to them that do well: that he would preferve the peace, the honour, and the prosperity of the United States; that he would prosper our agriculture, arts and commerce; that he would preferve the health of the inhabi tants of our land and fave them from pestitants of our land and fave them from pestilential and deadly contagion; that he would
graciously fantify the strokes of his holy
hand to thost who have lately and peculiarly suffered under it; that he would comfort those that mourn, provide for the poor
and necessitous, and be the portion of the
widow and orphan; in a word, that he
would confer his choicest blessings on us by
turning us from our fins, disposing us to
righteousness, piety and benevolence, and
making us a holy and a happy people.

And we do also recommend, that while
we are thus humbling ourselves in the divine
presence, and imploring the compassion and
blessing of heaven, a special attention be

bleffing of heaven, a special attention be likewise given to the duty of thanksgiving for the many favours which are still continued to us, and for the special instances of kindness and deliverance which any particular place or people may have experience from the merciful hand of God; and this under the pattoral care of the Synod of ders the reception and continuance of these favours an instance of more peculiar grace, and enhances our obligations to gratic le

Trusting, brethren, that you will give a cheerful attention to the important duty which we have now recommended, the Synod conclude with most devoutly praying, that the Author of every good and perfect gift may confer his richest blessing, on you, and with commending you to his holy keep-

Signed, by order of the Synod, JOHN KING, Moderator.

EAST INDIA NEWS.

CALCUTTA, March 18. On Tuesday afternoon arrived and anchored off Calcutta, his majesty's ship Heroine, capt. Gardener. Lieutenant general Clarke, commander in chief, came in this veffel. On her paffing Fort William, the was faluted with feventeen guns and on the general's landing at Chandpaul Ghaut, the fame number were fired.

On Tuefday lieutenant general Clarke, after having taken the accullomary oaths of office, took his feat in the supreme council.

On Monday advices were received in town from Vizagapatnam, conveying the agreea-ble intelligence of the capture of the Molefte privateer off that port, on the 6th curt.

by his majesty's frigate the Fox, Malcolm.

The privateer come in from the eastward; and, fortunately militaking the Fox, which ay anchor in the roads, for a merchantman, he ran in without apprehension; but on coming sufficiently near, to discover his mistake, he endeavoured to escape. The Fox over all. We accordingly fee that the tide of temporal prosperity, which we not long since enjoyed, and which we have most ungratefully abused, is in some measure checked and turned:—Our commerce is inter-capt. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each. The row over all take, see adda worked to each out, and after a chace of upwards of seven hours got within gun shot, when the privateer struck her colours. It proved to be La Modelle, ed and turned in the row of the row

The Modelte left the Mauritius fome months fince. During her cruize she ha captured nine prizes; viz. two South fer whalers, captured in the gulf of Madagaicar, the fnow Emily's Gift, belonging to Calcutta, a ketch from Prince of Wales Isl and, commanded by capt. Story; the Rat-tlefnake cutter, and the Blenheim, and two other fmall veffels, names unknown. When the Modelle failed from the Mauri-

tius the had on board nearly 200 men; but at the time of her capture, this complement from the hands fent on board her different In these eircumstances who can refuse to been sent to Madras for condemnation.

On Tuesday arrived in the river the Fox frigate, with her prize, the Modelle. These vessels remain at Kedgeree, where stock and provision of every kind, with water, have been fent down by government for their

fupply.

Several very fine English horses are bro't by the Abercromby.

The above horses were landed on Thurs-

day morning and appear to be in excellent order, confidering the length of time they have been on board.

By letters from Madras, we learn that Admiral Rainier had ordered the Arrogant to join him at that port. The accounts further state, that the admiral had sent for the two navy transports, Echo and Latons.

By letters from Lucknow, of the 4th

for the purpose of accompanying the hon. the governor general on his return to the presidency; the waters of Goomty not being sufficient to admit of the boats proceeding by that channel.

BOMBAY, February 25. On the morning of Monday last, the Shah Ardaseer, captain Dawson, anchored in the harbour from China, after touching at Madras, and upon the Malabar coast. This ship is the last of our China steet; and if the precarious character of the Canton market would allow to fee the Canton market would be supposed to the canton market wo ket would allow us to speculate upon the tenor of her accounts, we should argue fa-vorably of the ensuing season, for since our last advices the price of cotton had risen; but it is a question of much doubt whether circumftances will concur to uphold the

The Ardeleer left Canton on the 3d of December, at which time the retail p cotton was fo high as 16 tales the pecul. Such however is the ignorance we are constrained to profess with regard to every thing that relates to China history, that in treating of the cause of this unexpected improve-ment of the market, we must express our-selves with the utmost diffidence.

It is faid, that an infurrection of a ferious nature has lately been fomented in several of the provinces of China, particularly in that of Howquang, which was principally devoted to the produce of cotton, hence the cultivation of this article had been neglect-

The cause of these disturbances is ascribed to the emperor Kien Long having abdicated his throne in February last, when at the age of 87 years, in savor of Ka Hing, his 15th son: instead however of retiring like Charles Vth into solitude, and renouncing altogether the cares of government, the aged emperor had still manifested an inclination to have a voice in the affairs of the state; in this he was feconded by Co Lau, a Mandarin, who had long prefided in administration, but who at first had shared the resolution of his master. o retire from the fatigues of public life: caloufies had thus arisen between the old diffeminated themselves through the provin-es, the mandarius of the first rank, siding s interest or attachment led them, with the nding parties at court, Meffrs. Drummond and Sparkes, had re-

figned the management of the company's house of agency at Canton, in which they had been fucceeded by Mess. Parry and Williams, gentlemen lately arrived from Great-Britain: this change of appointment has been nottified by the supercargoes to our government, and by the board to the merhants of the port.

Just before the failing of the Ardafeer

accounts had been received of the arrival of an Indiaman at Macoa from Great Britain; the first direct ship of the season—the Ontario, captain Olmsted, an American ship, from New-York, had also arrived. Mr. Duneau, the furgeon of the British factory, had taken his passage in this ship to go circuit-ously to Europe—he would be succeeded by Mr. Crichton,

Mr. Beale, the Prussian conful, and agene

at Canton, also proposed to return with his family by one of the ships of the scalon.

The Panther, captain Speak, we understand, is under sailing orders to convoy a packet to Suez; which it is said will be committed to the charge of lieut, col. Dun-lop, of his majefly's 77th regt, and aid-du-camp to the hon, the governor.

The political arrangements at Poona are fill the subject of tedious and dilatory ne-

still the subject of tedious and dilatory negociations; it would appear that each party
were defirous of fatiguing the other into accommodation, while, in the mean time, each
is the object of jealoufy, sufficion and diftrust. It is become a matter of interesting
speculation to consider whether the motion
of Zemann Shah will not call Scindea inte
Hindostan, and if he is compelled to quit
Poona, whether Nasa will be left without
controll to carry into execution the confirm controul to carry into execution the meafures which he has agitated.

Letters within this last week from Poons report in feeling terms of an inhuman mur-der that was committed on Monday fe'ne night in Nana's camp, upon Mr. Gossan, an officer in his service.

Mr. Goffan had arrived in this country as the furgeon of the Berrington, Botany Bay ship; upon the capture of which by the Malwans, he had taken service as a partisan with the Guiqua. At the period of Nana's minority he listened to the overtures of some of his adherents, and repaired to his standard in the Coukan: the fortune of Nama had