

Udine, Bassano, and Zari, the capital of Venetian Dalmatia, are again in the possession of our troops.

July 5.
The Court Gazette of this day contains a Proclamation issued by the administration of Stirling, and addressed to the people of that country, who conceive, that since the departure of the French, they ought no longer to pay any taxes to their Lords, nor tythes to the Clergy, nor fulfil any of the feudal obligations. They pretend that Buonaparte had stipulated for this in one of the articles of the preliminaries. The administration declare, that they will enforce the payment of the taxes to the Lords, and the payment of the tythes to the clergy, and the feudal rights, without which no human society can exist without being involved in ruin. They add, that whoever shall make the least opposition, will be immediately arrested and delivered up to justice.

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, September 2.
Last night about 11 o'clock, a young man returning home, was accosted near Liffenard's grounds by a man who ordered him to deliver, at the same time presenting a pistol: he seized the robber by the shoulder, who immediately fired: fortunately the pistol glanced aside; but his coat, waistcoat and shirt, were much burnt by the powder. On seeing he did not fall, the robber whistled, as a signal for his companions, when the young man, apprehensive of other attacks, thought it prudent to make his escape.
From several late instances it is evident that a gang of thieves is lurking about this city, and acting in a manner that deserves something more than ordinary vigilance to detect and trace them to their source.

COMMUNICATION.

The valuable American East India ship, mentioned in a Hamburg article yesterday, was taken by a privateer belonging to the celebrated Felix Coffin of Nantes. He has agents in this city and other parts of the union, to collect intelligence and give information of the most plausible pretences for seizing American vessels.

September 4.
The following we believe to be the authentic particulars relative to the barbarous treatment received by the ship Fame, of Philadelphia, from a French privateer.

Yesterday arrived at the water-side, the ship Fame, belonging to Messrs. Odier, Boquet and brothers, Capt. Robert Wilson, who failed from the Capes of the Delaware on the 27th ult. bound for Havre de Grace, with several French ladies and gentlemen passengers. Capt. Wilson informs us that on the 29th, in lat. 38, 30, Sandy Hook being distant about 60 leagues, he saw two brigas, one of which gave him chase; at 11 A. M. finding he could not escape her, he shortened sail—at half past 11, the brig being within cannon shot, and having no colours hoisted, fired a shot which wounded Madame Fatan, a lady passenger, very severely, by carrying away half her breast, and broke her arm in two places: They then boarded the ship, and commenced to ransack her in every quarter; finding part of an English flag on board, they laid hold of two French negro boys, and threatened to hang them if they would not disclose some particulars respecting the ships papers—the elder boy gave them no satisfaction, but the younger being intimidated, said that the captain had hid his papers. They then commenced a second search and finding nothing to induce a further detention, after stealing from the captain a pair of gold knee buckles, they suffered him to proceed on his voyage at 7 o'clock P. M. Capt. Wilson through motives of humanity to save the life of his passenger, landed her, with her husband in this city on Friday, in the afternoon; and we are happy to understand, by surgical aid, there is a probability of saving her life.

When they first came on board Captain Wilson, they called the brig Eagle, and said she was commanded by capt. Marrew, but when capt. Wilson asked them for a certificate to show that he had been boarded by them, they said her name was the Camite, Capt. Marret. She mounts 14 guns and is full of men.
Capt. W. has noted a protest against the above proceeding, before Tunis Wortman, Esq. Notary public, of this city.

BOSTON, Aug 31.
Extract of a letter from a very respectable mercantile house in London, to a gentleman in this town, dated 5th July.

"We think it right to remark, for your information, that the late accounts from your side, of your coast being much infested by French privateers, and of several American vessels having been captured by them, that insurance has risen to 10 guineas per cent. and we fear it is not likely to be lower the present season, unless the negotiations, now going on at Liffe, should end in an immediate peace (which does not seem to be much expected) in which case insurance will soon fall to the old premium.—The critical situation of affairs, in this respect, and the general apprehensions entertained here, that a rupture between your country and France, is inevitable, will materially curtail the shipments generally to America the present season."

It was reported yesterday, that capt. M'Ferson, bound from this port for Halifax, has been taken by the French privateer, who lately watered at Marblehead.

NEWPORT, Aug. 20.
In the packet Aurora, capt. Cahoon, arrived here on Saturday last from New-York, came passenger his Excellency the Chevalier de YRUJO, minister plenipotentiary of his Catholic Majesty to the United States, on a tour to Boston.

LANSINGBURGH, August 29.
INDIAN TREATY.

A Treaty with the Six Nations is about being held at Big-Tree, on the Genesee-river, in the county of Ontario.—Gen. Shepard, of Hampshire, Massachusetts, Col. Wadsworth, of Hartford Connecticut, and Mr Bayard of New-York, have been appointed by the Supreme Executive, Commissioners on the part of the United States

to hold this Treaty.—The principal object to be obtained, is a relinquishment of the Indian title to the lands in the Massachusetts pre-emption, owned by Robert Morris Esq. and others. The Commissioners met in Albany last week, from whence they have proceeded on to the place of holding the Treaty. 'Tis expected the Indians will be assembled by the time the Commissioners arrive at Big-Tree, messengers having been dispatched into their country for this purpose.

The citizens of Lansingburgh have it in contemplation to attempt removing the obstructions in the navigation between this village and Troy. Several patriotic gentlemen have offered to subscribe large sums towards an undertaking of this nature.

BALTIMORE, September 2.

All the various enormities of the old world during its late convulsions, have been more or less felt in the new. The revolutionizing phrenzy, the prostration of all law and order, and the total disregard of every thing human and divine, which had seized the one, have also infested the other. Robberies, murders and assassinations, are now becoming the order of the day, towards the close of a desolating war in Europe; and the greatest vigilance of our officers will be required to check the infernal mania in our own country. Pick-pocketing, counterfeiting, highway robbery and murdering are getting so frequent, that scarcely a mail arrives which does not relate some recent horrid instance. Let those whose business leads them to travel from home go well provided; and let the officers of justice exert themselves in apprehending and bringing to punishment those daring offenders. Nothing else have we to hope from, in the present state of society, to crush such dangerous practices.

A most daring ROBBERY!!!

A gentleman on his return home from Philadelphia, was yesterday stopped on the road between this city and Ellicott's Mills, in broad day, by a foot-pad, who seized his horse's bridle, and presenting a pistol to his breast, ordered him to deliver. The gentleman put his hand into his pocket, but finding the fellow off his guard, gave him such a blow with a loaded whip, as to stagger him very much: He then drew a pistol from his holsters, which he was fortunately provided with, and shot the villain through the arm—this brought him to the ground; but he was most unluckily prevented discharging him on the spot, as his horse, affrighted at the flash, and report of the pistol, ran off near half a mile before he could take him up. When he returned to the scene of action, which he did as soon as possible, he found one of the comrades of the robber dragging him out of the road with one hand, and holding the pistol in the other. Not knowing how numerous the gang might be, he thought it unsafe to hazard another rencontre, and proceeded on to the mills, where he related the affair. We are sorry no measures were taken to pursue those dangerous and daring disturbers of our highways: if there had been, we should probably now have the pleasure of announcing their committal to prison. The wound which one of them received, we hope will lead to a discovery. They were both dressed in gingham coats, and their appearance was tolerably genteel.

NORFOLK, August 28.

Capt. Canby, of the schooner Antonio Wallace, arrived on Saturday from Charleston. We learn, that the yellow fever rages in that city, and that they average 12 deaths daily.

[Charleston papers of Aug. 22d, contain nothing to this effect.]

EDENTON, August 24.

By a letter from Raleigh to a gentleman in Halifax, we are informed that governor Blount was lately in that place, and remained there about 2 days; that he had taken his departure privately, and it was not known which way he had bent his course.—We are told that he said the object of his intended plan was the conquest and plunder of the Florida—that Mr. Lillon nor the British government never countenanced the scheme—that as it was a matter of as much importance to them as it was to him, they would hereafter regret their backwardness—that fearful of meeting the wrath of our government, at the present moment of popular clamour and indignation, he had determined to leave the continent.

\$80 Dollars Reward.

LAST night the shop of the subscriber was opened, and several articles taken off, viz. a common black leather pocket book, containing two twenty dollar notes of the late emission of the Pennsylvania Bank, and a number of loose papers—one pinback watch with a carved case, and six silver ones—one of these a French watch, originally made to tell the day of the month, but this part of the works had been taken out—the figures on the dial plate were left—Another was made by Loveland, London, the number 3113; a third was marked on the dial plate as well as the inside. Amber, New-York. No further particulars are recollected. Whoever discovers the thief, or thieves, so that they may be prosecuted to conviction and the property recovered, shall have the above reward. Forty dollars will be paid for the property alone, or in proportion for any part of it.

THOMAS LINDSAY.

N. B. All watchmakers are requested to stop he above watches if offered for sale.
Frankfort, August 19.
Aug. 21. e08t.

All laying Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper.

A FEW copies of the above Act may be had at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, No. 119, Chestnut-street. July 19.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5.

A letter from New York to a gentleman of respectability in this city, mentions, that a brig had arrived there, bringing an account that the Spanish fleet had attacked admiral Jervis, and after fighting three days and three nights, had been totally defeated,—losing 7 fail of the line sunk, besides others taken. Many particulars are wanting in the above information; but it is thought a duty to lay it before the public; though it may prove a bubble, no circumstances at present exist to render a similar occurrence improbable.

The interments in the different burying grounds (including the city hospital) were 11 in the 24 hours ending last Saturday at noon, 6 of which were children; and 36 in the 48 hours ending yesterday at noon, 6 of which were children.

Marine Hospital, State Island.

Report for August.
In the hospital, August 1, 37
Admitted from 1st August to 1st September, 2
Died 13
Discharged, cured 10
Remaining in the hospital 16
By order of the Board,
JACOBS PERRY, Secretary.
Health-Office, Sept. 1, 1797.

There appears to be a difference between the reports of Dr. Currie and several other physicians, respecting the existence of a fever in Southwark. This difference may be easily accounted for. Messrs. Girard and Lownes have been accustomed to see the yellow fever, in the year 1793, at Bush-hill only, where, from the mode of treating it, the disease put on its most malignant and terrible appearance, such as obstinate vomiting, coldness and yellowness of the skin, languid pulse, purple spots and black vomiting.—By the mode of treating the disease, now used by Dr. Currie, and all the physicians in Southwark, viz. plentiful bleeding and purging, all those terrible and malignant symptoms are prevented, and the disease in a few days is made to put on the form of a common mild fall fever. The deception here is natural, and should be pardoned in men who are not acquainted with diseases, or the effects of certain medicines upon the human body.

When a man possesses an eager anxiety to establish any point, he will often times substitute his wishes for facts, and misled by the vagaries of his own heated brain, will pursue the ignis fatuus of his own creating, till it leads him into errors, contradictions and absurdities.

Thus has it been with citizen Bache: In his labours to shed an obloquy over the administration for concluding the treaty with Great Britain, the great advantages daily accruing from which grieve our foreign and domestic enemies to their inmost souls, this patriotic typographer has reversed the old law of nations, and brought forward several new codes, (as absurd as any fiction of his shallow brain must ever be) which he would impose on us as a substitute for the worm-eaten volumes of antiquity; he has brought forward treaties concluded under circumstances wholly opposite to ours, and totally irrelevant to our own case, as examples to show that our treaty was not so favourable as it might have been: but in a recent instance which he has referred to, he has made a miserable figure indeed.

After giving us an extract from the last treaty between England and Russia, which I will suppose to be just and true, he infers from a principle there laid down, that a shade is cast over the American character by her having ceded to Great Britain a right which Russia reserves—although that principle is identically the same with that on which Great Britain grounds her practice towards us. The article expressly cedes to her the rights for which she has uniformly contended, of availing herself of the services of her own subjects, wherever found. Yet this imaginary difference is made the ground of a reiterated denunciation of the whole government, by this insolent calumniator. In looking for "shades on the American character," I find none deeper than the disgraceful career of the editor of the Aurora.

But if there actually existed the difference which this factious misrepresenter insinuates, it would in truth be no stigma upon us that Russia had extorted what we failed in obtaining. The difference in the two cases is obvious. It is of little moment that Britain guarantees to us by no express stipulation, the security of our own citizens.—The very existence of such a fact would be a reproach to our national dignity. It is enough for us that she does not attempt to invade those rights. The faction may reiterate their clamours about three or four instances of impressment of natives, as long and as often as they please, still the assertion may be boldly proclaimed, that no nation can ever more systematically respect the rights and privileges of another, than Great Britain does those of America at this day.

But it is needless to offer to men of sense, any notices of the groundless calumnies with which the Jacobin prints abound. Their lies are not designed to meet the eyes of citizens of this class. No, they have their cue, and employ them where they strike with more force and certain effect. Whether those whose minds can be moved with a prospect of danger from the effect of the malignant slanders, scattered by the industry of the Jacobins, their authors, thro' all quarters of the country, will ever turn their attention to adequate antidotes, ere it be too late, seems at present doubtful. Cures are generally preferred to preventatives.

A meeting 'tis said has been called in Virginia, for the purpose of recommending amendments to the State Constitution.—[Should salutary alterations take place, it may be hoped they will have some influence in restoring to political founders of mind a majority of the Congressional Members from Virginia, and operate to disband that phalanx of faction which has so long disgraced the ancient dominion—a phalanx, one of whose file-leaders (Giles,) has declared that he has no confidence in the Government—while at the same time himself and followers have been pursuing a conduct that has rendered them unworthy the confidence and trust of all who do not wish to see their country subjected to a "fraternal hug," which may place their rights and privileges under foreign control.]

Extract of a letter from the Havannah, dated the 14th ult.

"The ship Asia has been re-captured a few days ago in the old freights, by a Providence privateer, who sent her for that port, where no doubt she must be safe arrived.—The privateer who took her only arrived 2 days before the prize master of the ship, who was put on board an American schooner by the English; the French are almost distracted on account of the loss of the ship.—The privateers that were here (except one) are gone to cruise on your coast for the fall ships from England—a few days ago seven American vessels from Jamaica were sent in here by one privateer: they are immediately sold under security of their condemnation being procured from the Cape, which is a thing of course."

Post Office, September 5th, 1797.
The Post Office will be removed to-morrow at 3 o'clock, P. M. to Mr. Dunlap's Coach house, 12th street, between Market and Chestnut street, where merchants and others will please to send for their letters, as the letter carriers during the continuance of the present prevailing sickness will not be sent out.

PRICES OF STOCKS,

Philadelphia, 11th Aug. 1797.
6 per Cent. 16/8
3 per Cent. 10/4
Deferred 6 per Cent. 13/4
BANK United States, 17 per cent. advance.
— Pennsylvania, 20 do.
— North America, 46 do.
Insurance Co. N. A. shares 40 do.
— Pennsylvania, par
COURSE OF EXCHANGE.
On London, at 30 days par
— at 60 days 65
— at 90 days 62
Amsterdam, per guildier 40
— 90 days 42

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT of PHILADELPHIA.

The ship Two Sisters, Henry, from Port au Prince home, and schooner Yeatman, Crane, hence to the Mole, are taken and sent into Port de Paix.
Arrived at the Fort, ship Jane, M'Pherson, St. Kitts.

New York, September 4th.

ARRIVED. Days
Ship Hero, Jackson, Bengal 8 months.
John & Phœbe, —, Liverpool 71
Flora, Allen, Charleston 9
Brig Iris, Lee, Philadelphia 9
Schr. Americana, Bell, Wilmington 5
Favourite, Walker, Richmond 10
Packet Concord, Cahoon, Newport 3
Sloop Rising Sun, Betts, St. Bartholomew 10

New London, August 25.

Arrived, sloop Prosperity, Williams, Martinique. August 20, spoke the ship Hope, Pierce, from Teneriffe to N. York, supplied him with bread, beef, and water, and 18 of his passengers—and on the 23d. bound to Philadelphia, and put the remainder of the passengers on board.

August 26.

Arrived schooner Phantom, Smith, in 15 days from New Providence. Two days before he failed the American Indian lately taken off the Capes of the Delaware arrived there, having been retaken by an English privateer within 24 hours fall of Havanna.
Privateering goes on briskly at Providence tho' some of them overtook themselves. Capt. Shackelford of the Snow Harmony, of Portsmouth (the vessel carried into New-York by captain Conklin) was there, and had recovered damages for the capture of his vessel, to the amount of near 100,000 dollars.

Baltimore, Sept. 2.

Capt. Barnes, of the schooner Sally, who came passenger in the schooner Treaty, Captain Bysher, arrived at New-Castle, 20 days from Genoa, has obligingly favoured us with the following list of vessels at that port August 9.

Brig Courier, capt. Burr, Philadelphia, brought in a prize; sloop Maria, Cobb, do. schooners Katy, Dillingham, do. Freeport, Codman, Boston; Thetis, Kilburn, Baltimore, brought in as a prize, and it is tho' will be cleared; Nancy, Putnam, Jeremie, brought in and will be condemned; Lovely Lads, Parsons, to sail for Philadelphia in 8 days; Liberty, Harris, Port-de-Paix, bro't in and cleared; sloop Sally, M'Dowell, Cape Francois.

Capt. Busher wishes publicly to return his thanks to capt. Codman of the schooner Freeport, for the friendly and humane treatment himself and a number of Americans experienced from him.

The ship John, Tylon, from this port, has arrived at Hamburg—passage 30 days.

Wanted,

A Person to attend an Office, and act as a Messenger. He must be well acquainted with the city, and bring unexceptionable recommendations. Inquire of the Printer. Sept. 5. dtw

PHILADELPHIA,
TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5.

CITY HOSPITAL REPORT.

From 4th to 5th September, in the Morning
Admitted, since last report,
James Mechlin, Mrs. Toy's, Third, corner of Germau-street
Ben (a Negro) Peter Brown's, Esquire, Kennington
Muna (ditto) Mr. Thompson's, No. 18c, South Front-street
John Chapman, Stone-yard, corner of Front and South-streets
John Lellis, Mr. Herret's, Water, below Almond-street.
Ann Jane Fottril, Mrs. Larcom's, Front, 3 doors from Almond street.
John Brown, George's, between Plumb and Shippen streets.

DISCHARGED.

Joseph Connell, admitted 22d ult. DIED.
Wm. Henderfon, admitted 3d inf.
Jacob Shoemaker, 2d ditto.
Robert M'Gowan, 1 ditto.
Remaining in Hospital last Report. 23
Admitted, 7

DISCHARGED

Dead 3
Remain in Hospital, 26
Convalescents 6
Sick 20
Three of which are doubtful cases.

Burials in city burial ground since the returns made by Mr. Andrew Brown yesterday to this morning:—
From the city and suburbs 3
From the city hospital 3
6

STEPHEN GIRARD,
CALEB LOWNES,
JOHN CONNELLY.
(Signed)

GENERAL ORDERS.

Philadelphia, August 29, 1797.

IN conformity to the Act of Congress of June 24th, 1797, containing a requisition for organizing, arming and equipping, 10,696 of the militia of this state (officers included) and in obedience to the commands of the Governor relative thereto, you are hereby ordered to hold in readiness to march at a moment's warning, eight hundred and seven-teen militia, from your brigade and to make me returns of your progress therein as speedily as possible.

By order of the Commander in Chief,
JOS. HARMAR, Adj. Gen.
To LEWIS NICHOLS, Esq. }
Brigade Inspector for the City of Philadelphia. }

WASHINGTON LOTTERY, No. 11.

LIST OF PRIZES AND BLANKS.

118th day's Drawing—Aug. 19.

No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.		
134	11368	2097	36165				
401	10	641	10	272	10		
416	10	725	10	374	10		
516	10	1220	10	43609	364		
604	375	851	38161				
736	10	616	24310	182			
913	10	793	384	266	10		
1368	15502	520	39212	10			
295	10	621	362	622			
2091	672	758	40196				
546	14388	25947	383				
745	693	10	554	10	650	10	
783	10	905	385	10	887	10	
875	15083	26348	4111	10			
3071	10	211	10	27212	10	588	
218	358	489	10	681			
861	10	371	10	626	28	4208	10
961	435	771	10	486	10		
4243	628	28	28369	924			
5437	701	10	397	10	44410		
876	16297	29337	439				
6443	17079	10	994	305			
7096	750	30516	25	397			
202	787	10	900	954	10		
310	854	3131	45763				
376	10	28355	311	10	776		
379	10	479	529	831			
993	974	605	846				
8255	10	19104	609	10	46673	10	
372	517	10	34086	20	47564	10	
822	10	20431	601	637			
9906	528	650	975				
10230	605	10	703	48178			
540	625	35463	824				
954	21001	633	963				
998	616	686	49072				
11242	10	268	10	941			
261	503	957					

119th day's drawing, Aug. 21.

889	13069	28846	10	38365		
1350	10	279	924	574		
533	10	621	10	976	385	
630	10	14183	29657	39436		
879	10	355	433	451		
2114	575	50	385	621		
218	797	10	986	25	40222	
3354	15225	10	30569	10	447	20
607	17448	580	50	640		
968	10	817	741	42538		
4064	18327	31034	10	836		
726	19474	10	422	10	963	
5460	21034	32677	42064	10		
897	820	10	33134	10	44180	
6235	33433	618	310	10		
550	20	764	720	332	10	
660	805	34351	10	45844		
7729	10	25914	825	10	859	
10117	26189	10	876	10	46699	
222	908	35206	10	47195		
11099	27183	328	10	48136	10	
191	758	767	20	762		
12037	988	57397	49110	10		
684	28021	38085	325			
855	10	461	328	10	675	

Error in the 117th day—Instead of 48193 10 dols.—read 48163 10 dols.

Red Port Wine.

Just arrived, by the brig Iris, capt. Rhodes, from Oporto.
Red Port Wine in pipes, hhd's, and quarts, at 60 cwt. Cork, for sale by
Phillis, Cramond, & Co.
July 21. 5