

For Bourdeaux  
The Ship  
**ECHO,**  
Captain G. BOYS,  
AT Wharf and Francis' wharf;  
will sail in 15 days. For freight  
or passage, apply to  
**FRANCIS COPPINGER,**  
No. 221, South Front Street.  
July 18.

**NOW LANDING**  
At **HAMILTON'S WHARF,**  
AND FOR SALE BY  
**EDWARD DUNANT,**  
No. 149 South Front Street,  
The Cargo of the Snow Liberty, direct from Bour-  
deaux, viz.  
76 pipes of high proof, well flavored Brandy  
300 casks of superior Red Wine, fit for the East  
India market.  
He has on hand,  
A few casks of English Porter in bottles, Sper-  
maceti Candles in boxes, and a few packages of  
Calcutta Goods.  
For Sale, Freight, or Charter,  
THE SAID SNOW  
**Liberty**  
John Wallace, Commander;  
Burdien between 13 and  
1403 bbls. in complete order. Apply as above.  
July 17.

For Sale,  
The not-d fast sailing Schooner  
**William & Sarah,**  
BURDEN upwards of seven  
hundred barrels, just arrived  
from Jamaica, and lying at Chesnut-street wharf.  
This vessel is only nine months old, is well equip-  
ped in all respects, is burthened and well con-  
structed for a West India trade. Apply to  
**Joseph Anthony & Co.,**  
Who have for Sale, now landing from on board  
said Schooner,  
High proof well flavored Jamaica Spirits, Sugars  
of the best quality, a few bags Coffee and Pimento.  
July 17.

No. 183.  
District of Pennsylvania, to wit:  
BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the  
fifteenth day of June, in the twenty  
fifth year of the Independence of the United  
States of America, JAMES WOODHOUSE, of  
the said district, hath deposited in this office  
the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as  
author, in the words following, to wit:—  
"The Young Chemist's Pocket Companion,  
"being a Description of a Portable Laboratory,  
"containing a Philosophical apparatus, and a  
"great number of Chemical Agents, by which  
"any person may perform an endless variety of  
"amusing and instructing Experiments, desig-  
"ned for the use of ladies and gentlemen, and  
"intended to promote the cultivation of the  
"Science of Chemistry in the United States of  
"America. By JAMES WOODHOUSE, M. D.  
"Professor of Chemistry, in the University of  
"Pennsylvania, President of the Chemical So-  
"ciety of Philadelphia, &c.  
"At present every thing that is not denomi-  
"nated Chemistry, is but a small part of a syl-  
"tem of natural knowledge.  
"In conformity to the act of the Congress of the  
"United States, intitled, "An act for the encour-  
"agement of Learning, by securing the copies of  
"maps, charts, and books to the authors and pro-  
"priators of such copies, during the times there-  
"in mentioned."  
SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk of the  
District of Pennsylvania.  
July 16.

The History of Pennsylvania,  
By ROBERT PROUD,  
IS now in the press, and will be published,  
with all convenient expedition, by Z. CHA-  
RIAN POULSON, jun. No. 80, Chesnut-street,  
Philadelphia, where subscribers will continue to  
be received, and at the Philadelphia Library,  
according to the printed proposals, until the  
work is ready for the subscribers.  
July 18.

Stolen or Strayed,  
ON the 12th inst. out of the Commons of Phila-  
delphia, a brindled Cow, marked with  
the letters I. N. S. in different places, a white face  
which extends over one of her eyes, a little white  
on the back near the rump, her body and end of  
her tail white, a piece cut off the under part of her  
ear, and the lop cut off her near one. Any per-  
son returning the said Cow to JOHN SIMPSON,  
Catharine-street, will be handsomely rewarded.  
July 18.

Philadelphia Alms-House,  
11th July, 1797.  
THE Managers of this Institution, anxious to  
promote the necessary accommodations and relief  
of the sick and afflicted Poor therein, wish to ap-  
point five respectable, well recommended women,  
suitably qualified to act as Nurses, in the several  
wards or apartments, where such may be necessary.  
For which purpose, offers or proposals, accom-  
panied with suitable recommendations in writing,  
will be received here on or before Saturday, 5th  
August ensuing.  
By order of the board of Managers,  
JOHN CUMMINGS, Signer,  
July 17.

Wanted in a Private Family,  
A Steady middle aged Woman, in the capacity  
of an House-keeper, and to render other rea-  
sonable services. Sobriety, integrity, and mildness  
of temper, are indispensable recommendations,  
without which none need apply.  
Also, for Sale,  
Eleven years of the time of an indentured  
Girl, who is good tempered, smart, active and use-  
ful. Apply at this office.  
July 17.

Erskine's View of the War,  
JUST PUBLISHED,  
By ROBERT CAMPBELL & Co.  
No. 40 South Second Street,  
[Price 3 Cents]  
A View of the Causes and Consequen-  
ces of the present War with France.  
By the Honorable THOMAS ERKINE.  
May 15

STATE TRIALS.  
Sold by W. YOUNG, Bookeller, No. 52, South Se-  
cond Street.  
The Pennsylvania State Trials,  
CONTAINING the impeachment, trial, and acquit-  
tal of Francis Hopkinson, Judge of the Court of  
Admiralty, and John Nicholson, Comptroller Gen-  
eral, in one large 8vo. vol. Price, in boards, 3  
dollars.  
W. YOUNG has for sale, a general assortment of  
Books, Stationery, retail and by the pack-  
age, well assorted, and entitled to the drawback if  
exported.  
July 7-23

Sale of Madeira Wine.  
WILL be sold at 1 o'clock on Thursday  
morning, the 20th instant, at No. 103  
South Water-street, for approved endorsed notes  
at 60 and 90 days,  
40 PIPES OF LONDON PARTICULAR  
MADEIRA WINE,  
Old and fit for immediate use.  
JOHN CONNELLY, Auctioneer.  
July 17

Nathaniel Lewis & Son,  
Have for sale at their store, No. 70, adjoining  
George Latimer & Son, Pine-street Wharf,  
A Quantity of  
Madeira Wines  
In pipes and half pipes  
Madeira Walnuts and Citron, lately imported  
in the Schooner Sincerity, Capt. Copia  
Also,  
25 Puncheons, second and third proof, Well-  
India Rum, and a few Pipes of Brandy  
They have constantly on hand and for sale,  
French Burr and Country Mill Staves of various  
sizes, and a general assortment of Building Cloths of  
the best quality, both American and Foreign man-  
ufacture. The former having proved, from sev-  
eral years experience of a number of millers in  
different parts of the United States at least equal,  
and in many instances superior to the European  
Cloths, we hope the manufacturer, Robert Daw-  
son, will meet with liberal encouragement in this  
important and useful undertaking. He has obtain-  
ed a patent and exclusive right of making and  
vending Building Cloths on his improved plan for a  
number of years, and they are sold only by him-  
self in Lancaster, State of Pennsylvania, and by  
the subscribers in Philadelphia.  
June 14

George Dobson,  
No. 25 South Third Street.  
HAS imported per ships William Penn, Star,  
and Diana, from London,  
5-4 Super London Chintz, elegant patterns,  
Ginghams, Mullinets and Dimities.  
Fashionable Water-stocking, newest patterns.  
Ribbands well assorted, in small trunks.  
4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 India and British Book-mul-  
lins.  
Fancy Cloths and Cassimers.  
The whole to be disposed of cheap for Cash  
or approved Notes of a short date.  
June 14, '97.

Rofs & Simson,  
Have for Sale,  
A QUANTITY OF PRIME  
St. Domingo Cotton,  
Superior Old Liffon Wine in Pipes  
Excellent India Market  
Teneriffe Wine,  
In Madeira Casks  
A few Quarter Chests best  
Fresh Hylon and } TEAS  
Hylon Skin }  
Muscovado Sugars in Hogheads, and  
Coffee in Tierces  
March 7.

Insurance Company of North A-  
merica.  
THE Dividend for the last half year, declared  
by the Directors this day, is one dollar on  
each share of the Stock of this Company: which  
will be paid to the Stockholders, or their repre-  
sentatives duly authorized to receive it, at any time  
after the 20th inst.  
EBEN HAZARD, Sec'y.  
July 10.

A Literary Treat.  
Just published, handsomely printed on writing  
paper, price 1 dollar,  
A new edition of that popular and entertaining  
work, entitled  
THE FORESTERS, an American Tale; being  
a sequel to the history of John Bull, the Cle-  
ver—In a series of letters to a friend, with the ad-  
dition of two letters, alluding to recent political  
transactions in America.  
The following extracts from the Clavis Allegorica,  
shews the principal characters that are introduced:  
John Bull, the Kingdom of England  
His Mother, the Church of England  
His Wife, the Parliament  
His Sister Peg, the Church of Scotland  
His Brother Patrick, Ireland  
Lewis, the Kingdom of France  
His Mistress, the Old Constitution  
His new Wife, the National Representation  
Lord Strut, the Kingdom of Spain  
Nicholas Frog, the Dutch Republic  
The Franks, the French Republic  
The Forsters, the United States of America  
Robert Lumber, New-Hampshire  
John Codline, Massachusetts  
Humphrey Plowshare, Connecticut  
Roger Carrier, Rhode Island  
Peter Bull Frog, New-York  
Julius Caesar, New-Jersey  
William Broadbrim, Pennsylvania  
Cassimar, Delaware  
Walter Pipewood, Virginia  
His Grandson, George Washington  
Peter Pitch, North Carolina  
Charles Indigo, South Carolina  
George Truly, Georgia  
Ethan Greenwood, Vermont  
Hunter Longknife, Kentucky  
Black Cattle, Negro Slaves  
Rats, Speculators  
Mother Carey's Chickens, Jacobins  
This popular and entertaining satirical histo-  
ry of America is attributed to the Rev. Dr. BEL-  
KNAP. It has a great share of originality and ab-  
ounds with genuine humour. It is continued  
down to the present time, and characterizes those  
late political transactions which have caused so  
much uneasiness in America.  
Sold by H. and P. RICE, Bookeller, No. 16,  
South Second Street, and No. 50, Market Street.  
June 26.

Davis's Law Book Store,  
No. 319, High-Street.  
GEORGE DAVIS,  
BEING buffed for some time past in prepara-  
tions for removing into his present house, has  
been under the necessity of postponing until this day  
informing the gentlemen of the Bar generally thro'  
the United States, that his printing and prepara-  
tion of law books is now arranged and ready for sale,  
on terms that he trusts will entitle him to the like  
preference he has experienced for several years past.  
Catalogues, combining the most varied collec-  
tion ever imported into this country, are printed  
and will be delivered on application.  
June 27.

Millinery Room,  
No. 136 Market Street.  
MISS CHRISTAL  
TAKES an early opportunity of acquainting  
her Friends that she has received by the  
WILLIAM PENN, a variety of NEW MIL-  
LINERY, &c. which she hopes to be able to  
show them in a few days.  
May 18

The Gazette.  
PHILADELPHIA,  
WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 19.

The pilot of the sloop Mentor informs  
that the French privateer which captured  
the Afu, was seen cruising off Phoenix-Is-  
land, on Thursday last.

A gentleman who arrived in this city on  
Monday evening in the ship Fame from  
Malaga, and who had been put on board  
her from the London Packet, from Liver-  
pool, bound to Baltimore, on the 7th in-  
stant, informs, that the ship sailed from  
Liverpool the 19th of May—that at that  
time the mutiny in the fleet was said to have  
subsided, and that the situation of Ireland  
continues to be the same as our last accounts  
state.

Letter from capt. Farrady, of the ship Ca-  
tharine of this port, to his owner, dated  
Bay Mahaut, Guadaloupe, June 11, '97.  
"I am sorry to inform you I had the mis-  
fortune of being captured by the Sloop of  
War L'Egalite, Captain Rousseau, which  
was fitted in Newport about 5 months ago.  
I was taken on the 4th of June, in lat. 14,  
20, long. 56, West. They took Mr. Col-  
lins and three of the people on board of the  
sloop of war, and sent four soldiers, a prize  
master, a midshipman and five sailors, and  
run for this place, where we arrived on the  
10th inst.

After our arrival I was ordered not to  
leave the vessel without leave. The prize  
master went on shore, and returned in half  
an hour, and ordered me into the boat, and  
told me to go to the commissary, who ex-  
amined me very closely. He informed me  
I should lose my vessel and cargo, and that  
I might expect nothing else, and that I  
might be very happy if I did not go to pris-  
on. I then asked permission to go to Point  
Petre, and on my arrival there I met two  
captains from Cape Ann, near Boston; I  
made my case known to them, they im-  
mediately turned round and left me on the  
wharf. I was then in very great distress,  
having no money nor any place to get a din-  
ner. I flopped there for about ten minutes  
and saw a boat coming on shore, which I  
thought looked like Americans; they pro-  
ved to be Capt. Fitzpatrick of New-York,  
and capt. Lawson of Philadelphia, super-  
cargo of a Danish brig. Upon making my  
case known to them, capt. F. told me he  
was in the same situation with regard to  
capture, but that he had some money to  
assist himself, or he should have been in a poor  
situation; for he had been here a month,  
and had done nothing. He generously told  
me that I should not want as long as he  
could assist me. Mr. Constant (the only  
friend to America here) told me he was  
very sorry for me, and that he would assist  
me as much as lay in his power; but that I  
need not expect to save my vessel.  
P. S. They unrigged the ship the se-  
cond day after her arrival, and compelled  
the hands to assist them in doing it.

They take vessels bound here within a  
mile of the harbour, steering right in for  
the place: So I think we are in a fine state  
at present! It makes no difference where  
you are bound; for if you are found in the  
latitude of any of those Islands which are  
mentioned in the Proclamation, that is en-  
ough to condemn you."

Translated from the Bourdeaux "Journal  
des Journeaux."  
May 10.  
Journal "Des Meres de Famille."  
This interesting Journal, useful not only  
to fathers and mothers, but still more so to  
all those who have children to raise, is con-  
tinued with success. The fourth number  
has appeared; it contains numerous essays on  
physical and moral education.

In the Council of Ancients, sitting of  
Germinal 14, and Presidency of Delmas,  
the Council received and approved a resolu-  
tion of the Council of Five Hundred, which  
declares that the judges and public ac-  
cusers (attorneys general) shall not be per-  
mitted to quit their functions until after clo-  
sing the proceedings which they shall have  
commenced.  
Germinal 16, Council of Five Hundred  
decreed, that consignments made in due  
form and in conformity to laws existing at  
the epoch at which the consignments are  
made, are at the risque and peril of the  
creditors.

Communicated for publication by the con-  
sul-general of the French republic, near  
the United States. (Aurora.)  
Form of passports and sea-letters which are  
to be given to vessels and barques con-  
formably to the twenty-fifth article of  
the treaty between the United States and  
France.  
To all to whom these presents shall come  
greeting: Be it known, that leave and per-  
mission has been granted to \_\_\_\_\_  
master or commander of the ship called the \_\_\_\_\_  
of the town of \_\_\_\_\_ of  
the burthen of \_\_\_\_\_ tons, or therea-  
abouts, now lying in the port or harbour of  
\_\_\_\_\_ and destined for \_\_\_\_\_  
laden with \_\_\_\_\_  
That after this ship was surveyed and before  
her departure, he made oath before the offi-  
cers of marine, that the said ship belonged  
to one or more of the subjects of \_\_\_\_\_  
which act shall be annexed to these presents;  
at the same time he shall observe himself,  
and cause to be observed by his crew, the  
marine ordinances and regulations; and shall  
deliver a list signed and attested by witnesses  
containing the names & surnames, the places  
of birth and residence of the persons com-  
posing the crew of his ship, and of all those  
who shall have embarked in her, of whom  
he shall not receive any on board, without  
the knowledge and permission of the officers  
of marine: And in every port or harbour

where he shall enter with his ship, he shall  
show the present permission to the officers  
of marine, and make a faithful report to  
them of every thing which passed during his  
voyage, and he shall carry the colors, arms  
and insignia of France or of the United  
States during his said voyage. In wit-  
ness whereof, we have signed these presents,  
have caused them to be countersigned by  
\_\_\_\_\_ and have caused to be affixed  
to them the seal of our arms. Done at  
\_\_\_\_\_ the day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year, &c.

For the GAZETTE of the UNITED STATES:  
To the Cavalier YRUJO, Minister of Spain:  
UNDER an expectation that you would  
have lost no time in disavowing the doctrine  
of your partisan "YERUS," as published  
in the Gazette of the U. S. on the 17th  
instant, I have delayed to address you.—  
But, as your silence supposes your assent to  
the very extraordinary opinion uttered by  
that writer, a short answer to that opinion  
becomes necessary, and, considering that you  
are a volunteer in newspaper polemics, you  
cannot object to the frankness with which  
I shall express myself.

By the reasoning which you have adopted  
on this occasion, and upon which indeed  
you have practised, it is contended that  
"whenever the President of the United  
States shall submit any representation, which  
he may have received from the head of a  
department, to the legislature of the United  
States, and Congress shall see proper to di-  
rect a publication of such document for the  
information of their constituents, it shall be  
allowed for any foreign minister, resident  
with the United States, who may consider  
such representation as affecting the interests  
of his court, to address himself, through the  
medium of a newspaper, to the people of  
the United States, and to animadvert, in  
all the asperity of indecent language, on the  
proceedings of the American government."

In what confusion or imbecility of diplo-  
matic construction, such an idea originated,  
I pretend not to say—but I will assert with  
confidence that, unless Mr. Yrujo is charged  
with infractions of a most nefarious nature,  
his business is with the government, and not  
with the people of the UNITED STATES.  
AMERICANUS.

COMMUNICATIONS.  
The faction, in their cups, say they do  
not acknowledge JOHN ADAMS as President  
of the United States. This has been known  
for some time; but it was not supposed that  
they had temerity enough to do it publicly,  
even at a drinking Bout. The late "feast  
of reason" however so far deprived them of  
reason, that one of the toasts plainly implies  
the sentiment, "The United States and  
their President"—Whether the Chevalier  
Yarico is in the secret or not, I will not  
pretend to say; but his philippic against the  
government, is as outre a performance as  
if no such officer as President existed.—  
Some people do not scruple to say, that the  
faction have taken the Chevalier under their  
guardianship and direction; and, as Mr.  
Adams ought to have lost *seus* votes where  
he had only *one*—he is not, what the people  
call him, President of the United States.

When the Chevalier Yarico therefore pub-  
lishes a second edition of his letter, the error  
of alluding to such a personage will be ex-  
posed. How charmingly the French or-  
der these things in Spain now-a-days!

One of those truly respectable personages  
who have found refuge in this country from  
the perils they were in for attempting to  
counterfeit a constitution and palm it on  
the people, has been graciously pleased to  
offer a model of his own clumsily cast in  
lieu of the constitution of the United States.  
The people of France having adopted a  
form of government with five heads, this  
fabricator of forms proposes that the United  
States should have five PRESIDENTS. The  
consistency of these state tinkers is truly  
laughable.—They are continually railing a-  
gainst the expense of supporting the govern-  
ment of the United States; and here, in  
one essential article, they propose increasing  
it five-fold. Perhaps, however, as the busi-  
ness of pamphlet making affords but a lar-  
ging pittance, they would propose dividing  
the present salary into five parts, and for one  
fifth even of a fifth there might be found  
among this worthy fraternity men who  
would cheerfully undertake the task of go-  
verning the United States. A creature of  
this stamp offered to serve as governor of a  
state for 200 dollars—and declared it was  
more money than he ever saw at once in his  
life.

The faction say in their vehicle, the Au-  
rora of Saturday last—"Deplorable indeed  
would be our situation if John Adams could  
give effect to his assertion, for we should not  
only be the slavish tools of a British ministry,  
but we should be fleeced of the effects of  
our hard earnings to satisfy the rapacity of  
the anglo American harpies, and to realize  
the mad and wicked projects of the admini-  
stration."—Which may be thus parodied:  
"Deplorable indeed would be our situation,  
if the faction could give effect to their asser-  
tion [That the people are opposed to the  
government]—for we should not only be the  
slaves of a foreign power, but we should be  
fleeced of our hard earnings to satisfy the  
rapacity, not only of foreign mercenaries,  
but of the CALLO AMERICAN Harpies,  
who are now waiting and longing, panting  
and gasping for the property of every man  
of industry in the United States. To real-  
ize the mad and wicked projects of this fac-  
tion, the public debt of the United States  
has been augmented millions, and they have  
brought the country to the verge of a foreign  
war. The southern states are threatened  
with the scenes of St. Domingo, and the  
eastern with the horrors of bankruptcy from  
the loss of their commerce.

Some fly fellow (a wicked concealed a-  
ristocrat, no doubt) has put a trick upon  
poor Backe, by prevailing on him to insert  
the following keen ironical satire on his own  
absurd and ridiculous doctrines.

"Mr. Washington would probably have  
been re-elected if he had stood a candidate;  
but it is without a doubt that his election  
would not have been unanimous, and this most  
probably was the cause of his resignation.—  
His British treaty has capped the climax  
of the British measures of his administration,  
and opened the eyes of many of his former  
admirers.  
"The assertion that there is no discord-  
ance between the political views and wishes  
of the Government and those of the people,  
is completely groundless. The event of the  
election for President proved it. John Ad-  
ams had 71 votes, Thomas Jefferson, 68.  
If the election in this state had been fairly  
conducted, John Adams would have had  
two" less, and Thomas Jefferson, one more,  
and had it not been for a mere accident in  
Maryland, one vote which was given for  
Adams would have been thrown in Jeff-  
erson's scale, and the latter would have been  
chosen. When it is further remarked, that  
all the prejudiced influence of Washington's  
name, and all the efforts of his creatures o-  
perated in favor of Adams, who can doubt  
but that the pure voice of the people was un-  
equivocally in favor of this republican rival,  
and consequently against those measures of  
the present administration which have indul-  
ged such a partiality for Britain, as is likely  
to involve us in all the horrors of a war with  
France."

This humorous writer who has so happily  
bit off the Jacobin tails, is here mistaken:—  
Mr. Adams had but one vote in Pennsylvan-  
ia; although the people of the State had decid-  
ed by a very considerable majority to give  
fifteen votes for him as President; but those  
two honest men, T. Mifflin and A. J. D.  
decided otherwise.

ECONOMICKS.  
HINTS ON THE MANUFACTURE OF  
CYDER.

APPLES should be gathered when full  
ripe, and will quit the tree by gentle shak-  
ing; if gathered before ripe, the cyder will  
be rough and hard, and seldom pleasant or  
good flavoured. Lay them on the ground  
in a fruit yard, better if upon a gravel walk,  
as the wet will run from them, and they  
will lie dry in the bottom; should not lie  
thicker than ten or twelve inches, and are  
better kept without than within doors.  
Care should be taken to place fruits of equal  
ripeness and good qualities by themselves;  
for if of different ripeness the cyder will be  
apt to ferment too much, will cause it to  
grow hard, and never be rich, full, and fine  
flavoured.

When the fruit is thoroughly mellow, it  
must be committed to the mill for the  
purpose of cyder making, made with a stone  
chast and roller, something similar to a bark  
or a sugar mill. The roller drawn round  
the chafe by a horse. Here it should be  
ground to a pulp, that no bit of apple may  
be seen, and until you cannot hold it in your  
hand, if you take a handful and squeeze it,  
the kernels and rind will be well broken, and  
will give the liquor a fine flavour. Let it be  
put into tubs or hogheads with one head  
out, and remain there two days; then press  
it through haircloths. I use fourteen, or  
fifteen, putting about two pails full in each,  
turning up the sides and corners; then put  
another on until the whole are filled, then  
press it with a screw; put the juice into  
hogheads; after it has been there a few  
days it will work and throw up a thick  
substance at the bung hole, somewhat like barn,  
but of a darker colour; when this appears  
it generally is dropt fine, and should be im-  
mediately racked into a clean cask; for, if  
the substance be suffered to fall, the grounds  
from the bottom will rise, and the whole will  
be in a ferment and very foul, and perhaps  
must be racked three or four times before it  
can again be separated and got fine; and  
will run a risque of making the cyder harsh.  
So long as it remains fine and free from fer-  
menting, it may remain in the cask; but if  
it ferment much it should be racked, and the  
grounds or lees taking from it; it often re-  
quires four or five rackings. Cyder made  
with different sorts of apples keep best by  
breaking and mixing together; but this  
should not be done until it is fine, when the  
proprietor may blend it to his palate. Af-  
ter the whole is done, a bung may be placed  
over the bung hole, but should not be clos-  
ed until February or March, when it  
be fit for sale or use.

If cyder do not fine, some people  
glafs. For one hoghead of a hund-  
red, beat about one ounce and a  
pull it to pieces; add to it about two  
of liquor, and whisk it; repeat this  
be dissolved, and beaten fine. Re-  
soul liquor, throw in the dissolved  
sift it together with a tick. A  
drops fine, rack it off into a clean  
Cyder should not be bottled  
or eighteen months after it is  
would endanger the breaking of

IMPROVEMENTS  
BALTIMORE, July  
It cannot be grateful to  
wishes to Baltimore, to view  
ments at this time going on in  
of our flourishing city. But w  
of prosperity must it not give  
cast his eyes along the exten-  
elegant buildings erected on  
lately completed by Mr. Du  
Elderry, From Water Street,  
ing was made about two y  
out) to the end of the wharf,  
completed and progressing  
stores and dwellings, which e  
enterprize and improvement  
time by no City, perhaps  
and certainly equalled by no  
What adds much to the be  
street is, that the houses are  
high, and on the same conf  
This ground is mostly  
vent; it is no adulation to  
tors evince no less liberal  
where an individual leas  
the ability to erect a build  
rect, they immediately fo