

foret, method to preserve our independence as a nation, is to resist openly, and with just indignation, all attempts of a foreign power, to intermeddle in our domestic government, under whatever pretext they are made. Their patriotism will lead them to oppose, with firmness worthy the American character, every unwarrantable effort of the kind: and this diplomatic bull will be regarded in its true light, as the last desperate effort, aided by a faction not less desperate, to make the United States a dependency on France, by accepting for President a man of their choice, though not our own. Such a President, so chosen, ought not, nay, would not, be considered as our President—but the agent or commissary of the French republic.

Americans, beware of foreign influence: look to yourselves alone for safety. Rely only on your own good sense and virtue: for on the exertion of these depends, at this crisis, your future welfare and felicity. Decide between the address of the President and the Minister; and if you mean to follow the paternal counsels of Washington, reject and detest the plans of Adet, or rather of the French Directory, whose aim is, to draw you from a state of peace and neutrality, and fever the western from the Atlantic States. Louisiana being their's by treaty with Spain, Frenchmen will not be at ease, till the east side of the Mississippi is brought under the same authority. And if they succeed in nominating and appointing your chief magistrate, the rest of their work will require but little skill—they will divide, and carve, and manage us they fancy, and at their pleasure. AMERICANUS.

FOR THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Mr. FENNO.

How is it that the Editor of the Gazette of the United States, does not seem to show the same attention to the federal, as some other papers do to a contrary interest? It is very rare that any of the latter description of editors, suffer any thing to be introduced into their papers reflecting upon the character of their friends, but either from inadvertence or want of information, we sometimes see in your and other papers, the friends of federalism, especially if they live at a distance, held up as enemies of the government. These observations have occurred from the editor of the Federal Gazette having suffered to creep into his paper, insinuations against the character of Mr. Gilpin of the state of Maryland, one of the Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States. Without anticipating for whom, Mr. Gilpin will vote, you are authorized to pronounce, by a person well acquainted with him, and his respectable family, that they hold in abhorrence the *disorganizing system*; that his father supported the establishment of the constitution under which we live; that the son entertains the sentiments of the father; and that it is not to be presumed that he will vote for men who would counteract the happy order of things which has produced such unexampled prosperity, and which nothing but the collusion of internal enemies with external false friends would interrupt or bring into jeopardy, A lover of Good Faith.

Cecil county, Nov. 22.

LONDON, September 24.

Defusion of the Amphion Frigate.

A dreadful event happened on Thursday evening to the Amphion of 32 guns, capt. I. Fellow, in Plymouth harbour. By some accident not yet known the ship blew up, and the greater part of the crew perished.

Saturday morning thirty of the unfortunate sufferers on board the Amphion frigate were buried in the Royal Hospital burial-ground at Plymouth, in one large grave from East to West; it was a piteous and melancholy sight! The bodies that were owned were buried by their friends.

The Amphion arrived at Plymouth from the North Sea on Monday last night, and the day following went up Hamoaze to refit. Wednesday she went along-side the sheer-hulk, and got out a defective bowsprit; and on Thursday morning a new one was fixed in its stead; in this, together with overhauling the rigging, &c. the officers and crew had been employed great part of the day, and such were the exertions used to get the ship ready for sea, that it does not appear that more than 18 of the sailors were ashore on liberty. The captain, his first lieutenant, and capt. Swaffield, of the Overhill, of 64 guns, now in this harbour, had dined together on board the Amphion; and whilst at table, at about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the captain was alarmed by a sudden shock, which his apprehension led him to fear was occasioned by gun powder, and that moment communicating his fears to those at the table, requested them with much earnestness instantly to follow him, and he forced himself through the Amphion's quarter gallery to get into the water, or reach the hulk, the lieutenant following close at his heels; but before they were clear of the ship, the fore magazine blew up, and they presently found themselves on the deck of the hulk, but how they got there, seems yet to be accounted for. Captain Swaffield and the others were not so fortunate; they have never been heard of since! It is generally supposed that they were drowned, and are now in the cabin, as it is expected that the after part of the ship may be entire, from the fire not having reached the after magazine, before the ship sank. The explosion was dreadful indeed; and the melancholy effects that succeeded, are such as to beggar all description. Every part of the ship forward, together with masts, yards, sails, &c. &c. were blown to pieces, and hurled to a great height in one instant; and one large portion that was on the fore-part of the deck. All the persons that were taken up in the water, and parts of the wreck, alive were drawn from the after part of the ship, and were upon deck at the time of the explosion; these may amount to between 20 and 30, men and women. But all that were below the deck, went down in the ship, besides the crew, a great number of people belonging to Dock, such as wives of the sailors, women of the town, bumboat people, and visitors, were on board; among the latter description, was a very respectable tradesman, a Mr. Spry, upholsterer, and his son, who had been dining with his brother the

carpenter of the ship, and were all below when the hulk

The exact number of lives lost on this melancholy occasion cannot yet be ascertained, but it is supposed to be from 200 to 250 people. The bodies of those that were picked up dead, presented a spectacle too shocking for description; they were immediately sewn up in hammocks, and conveyed to a burying ground. Many were found on board the sheer hulk in a very mangled state; and so great was the force of the explosion, that 4 of the twelve pounder guns were blown from the Amphion, and fell on the hulk's deck. The captain and lieutenant are slightly wounded. It never can be known by what means the accident happened, as the person who was the cause of it, together with all those that were near him, were in one instant blown to atoms. The remains of the ship are entirely under water, the only thing visible is the hump of her mizen-mast. The sheer hulk is hauled off from her, and the necessary preparation is making to weigh the wreck, as it lies quite in the Channel way, abreast of the Dock-yard. It is a singularity, remarkable, that the sheer-hulk to which the Amphion was lashed, has not received the smallest injury, nor any person that was on board her notwithstanding the guns shot, splinters, &c. fell so thick on board and about her.

PHILADELPHIA,

FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 25, 1796.

MARRIED, On the 29th ult. at Williamsburg, Virginia, SAMUEL CATLOFF, Esq. of this city, to Miss GRIFFIN, only daughter of Samuel Griffin, Esq. of Williamsburg, late Representative in Congress for that district.

—, on Wednesday evening, by the Rev. Dr. Andrews, Mr. SAMUEL BENNETT, merchant, of this city, to Miss RUTH DOBBS, of Bristol.

—, in "The Federalist," No. VIII, published yesterday, second paragraph, 23d line, for convinced read concerned.

Extract of a letter dated Cadiz, Sept. 26, to a merchant in this city.

"Yesterday the Spanish fleet, composed of 18 ships of the line, 8 frigates, and 2 corvettes, left this port. It is believed they are bound to Carthagena, with an intention of forming a junction with the Toulon fleet, in their way thither."

Extract of a letter dated New York, Nov. 22, to a gentleman here.

"A gentleman of New York writes to his house here, from Malaga, dated 12th October, that war had been declared against England, and that the Spanish fleet of 17 ships, had chased admiral Mann into Gibraltar, and had taken two merchant vessels that were in his convoy, one loaded with sulphur, and the other with sick troops; from every appearance I believe it true."

Says a Correspondent,

It is not uncommon for a chief to be the first to set up the flag of "non-resistance" and to account for the trumped up story of the Aurora of this morning. — It is very probable that the *Washington* and *Lafayette* returns were kept back till it could be ascertained what number was wanted to turn the majority—when a governor and his secretary are decided friends of a party, and a chief justice is one of the candidates—the other side could expect no other conclusion of this scandalous business than that which has taken place.

EXTRACT

From a late Prefecture of the Grand Jury of Jefferson county, Georgia.

"Viewing the situation of nations and kingdoms, and contrasting with it our own, our bosoms can never cease to glow with gratitude and thankfulness to the great Creator and Governor of worlds for the blessings which he has so bountifully poured around us.

When we review the pages of history, tracing the progress of governments, we truly feel the ineffable blessing we enjoy in our own; and under that blessing, a ready obedience to the laws, and a strict adherence to justice, will mark our steps.

We trust government will prove to the universe that there is such a generous patriotism interwoven in the mind of man, that liberty may be enjoyed in its fullest extent without a fear of licentiousness; and it shall be our constant prayer that liberty's bright sun in this our western hemisphere may never set."

EXTRACT

From the address of his excellency the Governor of Maryland to the Legislature.

Annapolis, Nov. 16th, 1796.

"Gentlemen, IT is with peculiar satisfaction, that I avail myself of the opportunity of addressing you at a period when our country seems distinguished from all others by the blessings it enjoys. The constitution of our general government, established by the free consent of the people, framed with a sagacious attention to the excellencies and defects of all the considerable governments, ancient and modern, and calculated to secure equal rights, and provide for the safety of all, hath become more valued by the ramp of experience. At peace with all the world—our agriculture, commerce, wealth and population, increasing beyond any former calculation—the productions of our soil are abundant, and the large portion thereof destined for exportation, may even command an exorbitant price; and when all ranks of citizens may obtain profitable and useful employment, and enjoy the fruits of their industry in perfect security.

I have reason, gentlemen, most sincerely to congratulate you on this fortunate situation of our affairs; but in contemplating this pleasing picture, which I have the honour to present to you, the mind naturally turns with gratitude to that great patriot to whom we are principally indebted for this singular state of prosperity. Almost the only subject of regret in our political situation is, that in a little time, our great and good President is to retire from that station, in which he has so long acted with the applause of the world—a crisis which all good men will lament; but we may console ourselves with the pleasing hope, that the instructions which he has given us, and that line of conduct which he has marked with so much labour, wisdom and virtue, for the advantage and prosperity of the United States, cannot be mistaken, but will be fully understood, revered and pursued by his successor."

By AUTHORITY.

PENNSYLVANIA, &c. In the name and by the authority of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

By THOMAS MIFFLIN, Governor of the said commonwealth.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it is provided, in and by an act of the general assembly, entitled, "An act directing the manner, time and places for holding elections for the electors of a President and Vice President of the United States," passed the fourth day of April last, that the governor having received the returns of the elections from the respective prothonotaries of the several counties of this commonwealth, shall enumerate and ascertain the number of votes for each and every person voted for, as the Electors of a President and Vice-President of the United States, and thereupon declare by proclamation the names of the persons so duly elected and chosen; and also that he shall notify the same to the Electors respectively on or before the last Wednesday in November instant.

And whereas it appears by the returns which I have at this time actually received, (being all the returns of the state, except the return for the county of Greene,) that Thomas McKean, Jacob Morgan, James Boyd, Peter Muhlenberg, Joseph Heister, William McClay, James Hanna, John Whitehill, William Irvine, Abraham Smith, John Piper, John Smilie, William Brown, Robert Coleman and Samuel Miles, are the fifteen persons for whom (according to the returns received as aforesaid) the greatest number of votes was given at the big election held on Friday the fourth day of November instant. NOW THEREFORE I have issued this proclamation, hereby publishing and declaring, that the said Thomas McKean, Jacob Morgan, James Boyd, Peter Muhlenberg, Joseph Heister, William McClay, James Hanna, John Whitehill, William Irvine, Abraham Smith, John Piper, John Smilie, William Brown, Robert Coleman and Samuel Miles, appear, according to the returns received as aforesaid, to be elected and chosen Electors of a President and Vice-President of the United States, to serve at the election, in that behalf to be held, at the borough of Harrisburgh, in the county of Dauphin, on the first Wednesday in December next, agreeably to the said act of the general assembly of this commonwealth, and the act of congress in such case made and provided.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state, at Philadelphia, the twenty-fourth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety six, and of the commonwealth the twenty-fifth.

THOMAS MIFFLIN.

By the governor,

A. J. DALLAS,

Secretary of the commonwealth.

GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, November 25.

Captain Hughes, of the brig Experiment, left at Jacquemel, Oct. 26, the following vessels:

Brig Bangs, Hopkins, Baltimore
Mascot, Shewell, ditto
Schr. Angelica, Steward, Philadelphia
Eagle, Bamberg, Baltimore
Thomas, Lawther, ditto
Peggy, Goffert, ditto
Nimrod, Pharis, ditto
Sloop Polly, Delhony, ditto

Lat. 35. 4. long. 74. 19. spoke the snow Diana, Cook, of Boston, from St. Thomas. Mr. E. Steward, merchant of New-York, who had taken passage, died two days after they left the land.

The letter bag of the ship Ceres, captain Wicks, for London, will be taken from the Post-Office, to-morrow evening, the 26th instant.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

BOSTON, November 17.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Yesterday the legislature of this commonwealth met at the State-house in this town. A quorum of both houses being formed, a joint committee was appointed to wait on his excellency the governor, and inform him that the legislature was ready to receive any communication he might think proper to make.

His excellency appointed this day, at 12 o'clock, to meet both houses in convention.

The MEMBERS Of St. Andrews Society,

Are requested to attend their anniversary meeting at Oellers's Hotel, on Wednesday next the 30th inst. Dinner to be on the table at 2 o'clock. The members will please apply for tickets of admission to either of the following gentlemen, viz. Messrs. Thomas Leipers, Gaven Hamilton, jun. Dr. Andrew Spence, Robert Henderson, James Henderson, William H. Tod, or John Shields. The officers of the Society will please give their attendance at one o'clock.

By order of the Society,

RICHARD LAKE, Sec'y.

November 24, 1796.

Just Arrived,

In the brigs Twins and Gambier, a quantity of Choice St. Croix SUGAR and RUM, and about

150,000 Weight of Fine Green COFFEE.

For Sale by

James Tard.

November 24.

For Sale by JOHN J. PARRY,

No. 38, S. second near Chestnut-street, A few excellent GOLD WATCHES,

From Forty to One Hundred Dollars, And SILVER WATCHES,

Of various prices—all warranted.

An assortment of Chains, Seals, Keys, and Trinkets, Eight Day Clocks supplied, and Clocks & Watches repaired with dispatch and great care. Best Watch Glasses by the piece.

November 25.

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IMPORTED

Per the ship Pennsylvania, captain York, from Bordeaux,

28 Pipes Cognac Brandy
60 Hogheads Claret
252 Cales ditto
20 Ditto Sauterne White Wine
230 Ditto Sauterne
198 Ditto Russia Candles
88 Ditto Sweet Oil
Also, per the brig Bride from St. Thomas's,
43 Hogheads Sugar
9 Puncheons Rum
8 Bales Cotton
And per the schooner Mellona from ditto,
40 Puncheons Rum
1 Hoghead Sugar

For Sale by

F. Coppinger,

No. 225, S. Front-street.

Who has

An invoice of Irish Linens,

Imported per ship Glasgow.

November 25.

For Sale,

A Handsome Saddle-Horse.

Wanted to Hire, in a Private Family, A Servant Man,

Who understands either Cookery or Waiting at Table. Enquire at No. 182, Mulberry-street, or of the Printer. November 24.

For New-York, Newport and Providence,

The remarkably fast sailing

NEW SLOOP, EAGLE,

John Earl, jun. master.

Will take freight low, and has elegant accommodations for passengers. Apply on board at Chestnut-street wharf, or to

Joseph Anthony and Co.

Nov. 25.

THE CARGO

Of the Polacre Independent,

Captain Cathcart, from Alicante and Lisbon, landing at the subscribers' wharf—

28 Pipes of Brandy
18 Bales of Spanish wool
3 do. of Anniseed

For sale by

WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

Sept. 13.

Washington Lottery.

The 40th and 41st days' drawing of the Washington Lottery, No. 2, are received at the office No. 234, Market-street, where tickets may be examined.

N. B. Information given where tickets in all the other lotteries may be procured.

November 17, 1796.

This Day Published,

By J. O. R. M. R. O. D. No. 41, Chestnut-street

(Price 20 cents)

AUTHENTIC

OFFICIAL NOTES

From the Minister of the French Republic to the Secretary of State of the United States,

With a Replication to the first Note.

By the Secretary of State.

November 25.

PROPOSALS,

By WILLIAM COBBETT, opposite Christ Church, Philadelphia, for publishing by subscription,

ADAMS'S

Defence of the American Constitutions.

CONDITIONS:

- The work shall be printed on English wove paper, page for page, from the best London Edition; of course it will be comprised in three large octavo volumes.
- For the three volumes, bound in boards, the price to subscribers is to be only four dollars, and to non-subscribers, five dollars and a half.
- The subscription shall remain open for ten days, and if an encouraging number of subscribers are obtained in that time, the publisher engages to have the work ready for delivery in six weeks from the present date. 25th November, 1796.
- N. B. Subscriptions are taken by the principal bookellers of Philadelphia and New York.
- The subscribers to the History of Jacobinism are respectfully informed, that it will be ready for delivery early next week.

Nov. 16.

By Authority.

Schuylkill Bridge Lottery.

Sold by WILLIAM BLACKBURN, No. 64, South Second-street.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

For raising Sixty Thousand Dollars, agreeably to an Act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, passed during the last session, for building a Stone Bridge over the River Schuylkill, at the Borough of Reading, in the County of Berks.

	Dollars.	
1 Prize of 20,000 Dollars	20,000	
1 do. of 10,000 do.	10,000	
3 do. of 5,000 do.	15,000	
4 do. of 3,000 do.	12,000	
20 do. of 1,000 do.	20,000	
29 do. of 500 do.	14,500	
80 do. of 200 do.	16,000	
100 do. of 100 do.	10,000	
300 do. of 50 do.	15,000	
1 do. of 500 do. to be paid the possessor for of the first drawn no.	500	
5 do. of 3,000 do. to be paid possessor for of the five last drawn no.	15,000	
9,400 do. of 15 do.	141,000	
10,000 Prizes	300,000	
10,000 Blanks	300,000	

30,000 Tickets at Ten Dollars 300,000
All Prizes shall be paid fifteen days after the drawing is finished, upon the demand of a possessor of a fortunate ticket, subject to a deduction of twenty per cent. The Drawing will commence as soon as the Tickets are disposed of, or perhaps sooner, of which public notice will be given.

Philip Miller, Peter Kerphner, William Witman, Joseph Hoyer, James Diemer, Thomas Dundas, James May, John Otto, John Kaim, Daniel Grassy, Sebastian Miller, COMMISSIONERS.

Reading, May the 9th, 1796.

Tickets in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, to be had at the above office, where the earliest information of the drawing of the Washington No. 2, and Patterton Lottery's, are received, and check books for examination and registering are kept.

October 7.

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