

To the Electors of the City of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

Having attended at a meeting at Mr. Hoffman's school, Cherry-street, as well as at Mr. Little's school-house on Friday evening last, for the purpose of nominating suitable characters to be submitted to our fellow citizens for their suffrage at the ensuing election; it appears but reasonable and proper, that the business, so far as it hath been acted upon, should be laid before the citizens, generally, for their information, that they may thereby have time and an opportunity of considering the characters of the several proposed candidates, and therefrom select those men who are most esteemed for their wisdom, virtue, and political knowledge in government affairs; as well as the propriety of selecting Counsellors and Common Council men, for making ordinances and bye laws to regulate the police of this city.

At this last meeting (at Mr. Little's school) a printed ticket, or list of names, was offered to the gentlemen present, from which it was proposed (at a subsequent meeting to be called for the purpose) to select a ticket to be supported by all the gentlemen then present, at the ensuing election, for the following offices, viz.

- Governor.
A Member of Congress.
A Senator.
Six Members of Assembly.
Twelve select Counsellors.
Twenty Common Councilmen.

The propriety of the characters contained in this list, to fill some of the important stations intended for them, are so self-evident that they need no comment: it is only wished that a choice had been submitted to the meeting, as well in that of Governor and Member of Congress, as in the several stations of less importance; for though we have heard of no opposition to the Governor elect, as Governor, we have heard of other candidates for Congress; and could wish that JONATHAN B. SMITH be taken up for that important station, Mr. Smith is a native of this State—received his education (which was liberal) amongst us—was bred a merchant in the counting-house of his father in this city—served as an officer in the militia, with great reputation, during the trying seasons of our glorious revolution of '76, '77, and '78—Cannot be supposed under the influence of foreign nations, either from family connections, kingly patronage of his friends or family—or from receiving his education in Europe. These considerations should have their due weight with all independent American electors.

Subjoined you have a copy of the printed list circulated at Mr. Little's school room, nothing doubting but that from so respectable a collection of the names of our fellow-citizens, a safe ticket may be formed, with Mr. Jonathan B. Smith as your Representative in Congress.

This recommendation is submitted to mature consideration of the electors generally, as well as the gentlemen who composed the above recited meetings, by an

GOVERNOR.
Thomas Miffin,
CONGRESS.
John Swanwick.

SENATOR, 1.

- Benjamin Brannon Thomas Forrest
Benjamin Pearson George Logan.

ASSEMBLY, 6.

- Frederick Kuhl Charles Pettit
Jos. B. McKean Stephen Girard
Matthew Lollar Israel Israel
Andrew Guyer William Van Phull
Samuel Wetherel, sen. William Colliday
William Barton William Richards
Ferguson M'Elwaine John Barker
Benjamin Say Joseph Wetherill
Jacob L. Swyler Jacob Hiltzheimer.

SELECT COUNCIL, 12.

- Benjamin Rush John Purdon
John Connelly Jacob L. Swyler
James Sharfwood John Barker
John Dunlap Robert Patterfon
Ferguson M'Elwaine Abraham Shoemaker
Robert Evans Andrew Pettit
David Jackson John Barclay
William Adcock Robert Bethell
George Schlotter Henry Kammerer
Francis Bailey Matthew Carey.

COMMON COUNCIL, 20.

- Isaac Pennington Doctor C. Wistar
Gokfrey Gehler Stephen Girard
Robert Smith, merchant Benjamin Harbeson
Thomas Leiper Johah W. Gibbs
Jona. W. Condie Samuel M'Lean
Andrew Kennedy, soap-boiler Guy Bryan
John Miller
Benjamin F. Zache
Elisha Gordon
James Ker
Michael Bright
Joseph Warner
William Serjeant
William Stevenfon
Adam Foulke
Samuel Carver
William Warkin
Jacob Eduborn
Sallows Shewell
Andrew Philer.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

NORFOLK, Sept. 19.

Died, this morning, at the house of his Britannic Majesty's Consul, in this borough, Capt. CHARLES PLOWDEN SLANEY, of his Majesty's 21st regt. of Light Dragoons, and brother to Wm. Slaney, Esq. of Park Place, Shropshire, England.

BALTIMORE, September 24.

The following extract of a letter from a house in Nassau, New-Prvidence, dated August 22, to another in this town, has been put into our hands with a request that it should be published.

GENTLEMEN,

WE lately received a letter from Urgan, in

the island of Cuba, respecting the seizure of a vessel supposed to be an American, and the murder of the crew—a copy of which, as we received it, you have enclosed. We have also received the following information from a captain of a Spanish vessel now in this port, belonging to Urgan: That some time in April last, a schooner of the following description touched there in distress: A new vessel, about 40 tons, white bottom, black bends, yellow sides, carried a standing fore top-sail; after procuring her necessary supplies, she failed from thence either for the Cape or Aux-Cayes, with a cargo of dry goods, oil and flour, two barrels of dollars, and another of half joes. There were seven French gentleman passengers, a mulatto woman, an Indian man, and two negroes. A French schooner privateer was then lying in that port, and followed her out, and it was reported the crew of the privateer destroyed all hands on board, took out the specie and valuable goods, then sunk the vessel, and with their booty proceeded back to Urgan, where they disposed of it, and from thence went to the Havana.

P. S. The captain of the Spanish vessel says, that he understood the schooner belonged to Baltimore.

The subjoined is the letter above alluded to.

SIR,

I WISH to let you know, that a French privateer has brought into this port (Urgan) a copper bottomed schooner, bound to Jamaica, with a cargo valued at twenty-five thousand dollars, besides one barrel of dollars and another of half-joes—the people were murdered on board, and the cargo sold for nine thousand dollars and divided among the smugglers. There were trunks on board the schooner with the following advertisement pasted in them: "William Craun makes and sells trunks and portmanteaux of all kinds, after the English and French modes, No. 71, Chestnut street, Philadelphia." The cards on the trunks may lead to the owner of the cargo, the whole of which is now in Urgan, and might be recovered, if immediately demanded.

Urgan, August 6.

The letters from which the above public information is taken, are in the hands of the printers of the Federal Gazette, and may be seen by those concerned.

Other Editors of papers by re-publishing the above, may render an essential service to some of their readers.

Married, last evening, Mr. S. Moale to Miss Ann Howard, daughter of S. H. Howard, Esq. of Annapolis.

It is with satisfaction we are informed of the arrival of the books for the library company of Baltimore, and that the quantity is by no means small—also that they will soon be in readiness for the use of subscribers. It is sincerely wished our citizens will apply for shares, and "endeavor to promote as an object of primary importance, institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge."

NEW-YORK, September 24.

By captain Johnson, in the ship Nancy, 42 days from Lisbon, we have advice of the arrival of the Brazil fleet there, with property to an immense value.

We have been favoured with the following extract of a letter, from an American in Lisbon, to his brother in this city, dated

Lisbon, August 11, 1796.

"Ever since I have been here, there has been the greatest appearance of a rupture between Spain and England. It hes at length taken place: Spain has shut its ports against England, and it was reported yesterday, and currently believed, that a part of the Spanish fleet had failed in conjunction with the French—their destination unknown.

"The French have been uniformly successful in Italy; and the present appearance is, that the Pope will be dethroned, or will be forced to make peace with the French upon their own terms. Indeed, they have already levied heavy contributions upon several of his provinces, and made a demand upon them of 20,000,000 florins. On the Rhine, they are equally successful. If this campaign ends as successfully as it has begun, the French will have no enemy in Europe that will be able to contend with them.

"The Portuguese are in expectation of a visit from them through the territories of Spain. In consequence, the greatest exertions are making to raise an army of 50,000 men, to march to their frontiers, by the first of October."

Extract of a letter from a mercantile house in Lisbon, to his friend in this city, dated the 11th of August.

"The political situation of Portugal becomes very critical, since it is no longer to be doubted, that WAR will immediately take place between England and Spain. A Spanish squadron failed on the 4th instant from Cadiz, in company with the French vessels of war which have been so long there, under the command of admiral Richery. It is said also, that the French have demanded a passage through Spain, for 50,000 troops, nominally destined against Gibraltar."

MR. M'LEAN,

Be pleased to insert the following in your Gazette, and oblige a

PLEBEIAN.

A Searcher after Truth, in this age of Phari-sical delusion, enjoys with great delight, even the breathings of philanthropy; but viewing as he does the very marrow thereof in the resignation and address of our beloved PRESIDENT, he is anxious that it may be retained: and to this end he thinks it worthy the patronage, yea, to be the patron of the human race: and that they may ever have it in their eye, it would be well (next to the Bible) a copy thereof was framed and placed over the mantle-piece of every family, as not only a true but useful picture, and by way of embellishment, the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution of the United States, ought to be its supporters. May abler champions come forward with their eulogies. The motive of the present writer is two fold; first, to bear grateful testimony to the instrument, in God's hand, that hath directed the public affairs of America to a happy issue in the most trying times, such as she may never again have to

encounter; therefore the approbation of his constituents must add balm to the residue of his life, notwithstanding I have not a doubt he is perfectly happy in the possession of an approving conscience: but, secondly, that his successor may be stimulated to emulation, in order to obtain a like reward.

NORWICH, September 22.

We are informed that two persons have been apprehended upon suspicion of having committed the murder and robbery in Newfield, as mentioned in the last packet. They live adjacent to the place where it was committed, and were apprehended as they were pursuing their route to New-York. It is said that as soon as their pursuers had entered the room in which they were, and made known to them what they were after, they immediately discharged each their pistols, wounded one man, and endeavored to effect their escape; they are secured in Fairfield jail.

WHITESTOWN, September 14.

A Correspondent says,

Much has been said of the barbarity of the inhumanity, and of the want of confidence in Indian or savage tribes. Let us look into it—a few days since an Indian was taken for having committed murder, and bro't before a civilized tribunal, accompanied by mere than 20 chiefs of his nation; his examination was candid, and circumstances appeared sufficient to order a commitment. No objection was offered on the part of the Indians, except that the criminal should be neither bound nor tied; and they would be his sponsors. This was complied with, and the Indian remained all night, rambling the streets, without any one to guard him. In the morning, however he was at his post, and went to jail singing merrily.—Trust me, if you can find an instance of the kind in the civilized world.

Another Correspondent adds,

View them in the distribution of their annuities, they receive each one, from the suckling to the sage, an equal share, and they go away contented with their proportion. All above 14 penda his money as he pleases—that of those below, goes to the parents. No civilized nation practices these indubitable rights.

QUEBEC, September 8.

On Tuesday last, about four o'clock in the afternoon, a dreadful fire broke out in a stable belonging to the Honorable Thomas Dunn, in Saint Louis street, which seemed for some time to threaten destruction to the greater part of the town. The wind blowing fresh from the west, instantly communicated the flames to the house of the hon. Chief Justice Monk, and to that adjoining on the east side. While these were burning with great violence, and it was feared would communicate the flames to the adjacent houses on both sides of the street; the fire was observed to have caught in the convent of the Recollets, at the lower end of the street, at least two hundred yards from where it began. In a few minutes the roof and spire of the Church fell down, and the whole convent was in a blaze. At that moment it seemed very doubtful whether the Castle, or even the lower town could be saved; but the wind shifting a little to the northward, carried the flames up Carrier street, facing the Chateau garden, where the fire continued to rage, burning down all before it, until it reached the corner of the back-street, which leads up towards Mount Carmel, where at last it stopped. The house of H. W. Ryland Esq. opposite side of said street, escaped unhurt. Thirteen or fourteen houses in all, are entirely burned down—among which are, two belonging to Chief Justice Monk, three to Berthelot Dartigny Esq. and two to Mrs. Cugnet.

During the conflagration, the roofs of many others houses also caught fire, which were saved by timely assistance, particularly that of Thomas Ainslie Esq. facing the Parade; the house of Assembly, and several houses in the lower town.

It is impossible at present, to form an estimate of the damage sustained, on this distressing occasion, in houses and other property; nor have we been able to learn, with certainty, how the fire originated; though it appears probable that it was caused by some boys at play, who in amusing themselves with gun-powder, had set fire to the hay in the stable, of which there was unfortunately a very large quantity.

GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, September 27.

CHARLESTON, September 13.

Yesterday arrived the schooner Sally, Andrews, Leogane, 23 days; brig Thetis, Cameron, King-ton, Jamaica, 26 days.

Yesterday John Edwards, Esq. was re-elected Intendant of the City of Charleston for the ensuing year.

BALTIMORE, September 24.

Arrived at the Port yesterday.

Ship Aurora, capt. Isaac Johnson, nine weeks from Bremen. The ship Hampton of Baltimore failed 3 weeks before the Aurora, for Hull. Left at Bremen the ship Phoenix of Baltimore, Aug. 13, spoke 2 English 74's; also ship Columbia from New-York bound to Amsterdam, out 20 days, lat. 46, 46, long. 39. Aug. 16, spoke brig Jane, from Portland bound to Liverpool, out 14 days, lat. 45, 19, long. 47. Aug. 20, spoke ship Federal George, Dethon, from St. Ubes bound to Boston.

Schr. Hornet, Crilen, 26 days from Kingston. Left there, ship Golden Age, Philadelphia; schr. Fairplay, to sail for Norfolk next day. Came thro' the Gulph with a large ship bound to Baltimore.

Brig Two Brothers, Lang, 14 days from St. Christophers.

Left there schr. Felicity of Baltimore, to sail next day.

Brig Eliza Johnson, Crozier, from Cherant—44 days—Brandy.

Sloop Friendship, Barnes, 11 days from St. Vincent—rum, sugar and cotton—Left there sloop—Hughes, New-York;

Sloop Eliza, Jackson, 11 days from New-York. Brig Mermaid, 11 days from Charleston.

Arrivals at this Port.

Brig Eliza Johnson, Crozier, Rochfort
Schr. Hannah, Phillips, Leogane
Sloop Eliza, Jackson, New-York
Schr. Peggy, Watts, New-Prvidence

CLEARED,

Schr. Two Brothers, Spencer, St. Thomas's
Catharine, Lee, West Indies
Elizabeth, Blackwild, do.

The ship Smallwood, of Alexandria, Capt. John-ston, sailed from Bourdeaux for Altoha, in July.

Sloop Friendship, James Barnes in 11 days from St. Vincents.

Capt. B. was brought to under St. Vincent's by a French privateer, who treated him very ill, several times threatened to put him in irons. The same privateer who mounted only 6 carriage guns, had the day before engaged two British privateers, one of 12, and the other of 6 guns, and beat them off two different times. The Frenchman's name was Stevens and the schooner belonged to Victor Hughes.

Left a sloop from New-York, captain Hughes. The above privateer had been from Guadaloupe only three days and had taken six prizes.

New-York, September 24.

ARRIVED.

Days.
Ship William & Henry, Cairnes, Londonderry 16
Nancy, Johnson, Lisbon 47
Brig Jenny, Daubigny, Senigal 55
Bellona, Crocker, Savannah 8
Schr. Hazard, Hubbard, Jamaica
Ship Nancy, capt. Johnson, 41 days from Lisbon, Sept. 12, spoke the brig Suckey, capt. Thornton, out 12 days from Providence, lat. 32, 49, long. 66. Sept. 9, spoke the schooner Dolphin, from New-York, out 11 days, lat. 30, 43, long. 63, 15, all well. Brig Bellona, capt. Crocker, 8 days from Savannah. Spoke the brig Summerfest, of New-York, from Africa two days since, who had lost her mainmast about 15 leagues from the Hook. Yesterday failed from this port, with a pleasant westerly breeze, the ships America and Rajah, for India—and the ships Belvidier, and North-Carolina for London.

WALPOLE, (New-Hampshire.)

September 20.

Doctor Bollman, who so courageously attempted the delivery of the unfortunate La Fayette, from his prison, is now making the tour of this country, not as a casual observer, but as a philosopher, examining minutely into its beauties, curiosities, and natural advantages.

MR. FENNO,

Please to publish the following selected Ticket, for the consideration of the Electors, at the ensuing Election; they being gentlemen of tried and known attachment to the Independence of America. A CITIZEN.

Governor,
Thomas Miffin,
Congress,
Jonathan B. Smith,
Assembly,
Jacob Hiltzheimer,
Matthew Lawler,
Andrew Guyer,
Ferguson M'Elwaine,
Israel Israel,
Wm. Barton.

STOCKS.

Six per Cent. - - - - - 117 3/4
Three per Cent. - - - - - 105 1/2 int.
4 1/2 per Cent. - - - - - 114 1/2 off.
5 1/2 per Cent. - - - - - 119 3/4
Deferred Six per Cent. - - - - - 113 3/8
BANK United States, - - - - - 119 to 120 per ct.
Pennsylvania, - - - - - 26 to 27
North America, - - - - - 45 to 46
Insurance Comp. North-America, 37 1/2 per cent. adv.
Pennsylvania, par to 2 per cent. adv.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

On London, at 30 days, per £, 100 sterl. par.
at 60 days, par to 162 1-2
at 90 days, 161 to 162 1-2
Amsterdam, 60 days, per gulder, 42
90 days, 40

For Sale,

A Complete Font of BREVIER,

Entirely new, and yet unopened. The weight of this font is about 312 lb. It is from the Foundry of Wilson & Sons, Glasgow, and will be sold at cost & charges. Also for sale, a pair of Super Royal Casts.

Enquire at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, 119 Chestnut-street. September 27. dtf

Now Publishing by the Printer,

At No. 3, Letitia Court, delivering to Subscribers, and to be had at the different Book-Stores in this City,

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CHEAP AND ELEGANT EDITION OF

The HOLY BIBLE.

Containing the Old and New

Testaments and the Apocrypha, with marginal notes and references. An Index; or an account of the most remarkable passages in the old and new Testament, pointing to the places wherein they happened, and to the places of scripture wherein they are recorded.—A Table of Time.—Tables of scripture measures, weights and coins: with an appendix, containing the method of calculating its MEASURES OF SURFACES hitherto wanting in Treatises on this subject. A Table of Offices and Conditions of men.

CONDITIONS

1. The size of this Edition will be a LARGE FOLIO, printed on a beautiful new type, and good paper, made particularly for it. It will be published in Numbers, not to exceed 30, one of which will be delivered weekly to subscribers, at a quarter of a dollar. Those subscribers who prefer receiving the work complete, will be attended to by signifying the same on any of the subscription papers in the Bookstores in this City.

2. There will be an advance in the price, on subscribing after the first of August next.

3. In the course of the Work will be given an elegant Frontispiece—From an Engraving of the celebrated artist, CRIGNON.

BERRIMAN & Co. gratefully acknowledge the very liberal encouragement they have met with, and have reason to believe that the execution of their edition will answer every expectation, and speak its own praise.

May 26

RAYSON.