

John Anthony de Braganza; her Majesty decorated him with the order of Christ, and his interpreter, Lewis G. dell'Ascensione, with the order of St. Jago. Friday following the Negro Prince, after having taken leave of their Royal Highnesses, went on board a vessel which is to carry him to the bay.

#### HAMBURG, June 7.

The war on the side of the Rhine promises to be extremely bloody, if we may judge from the Proclamation of the French Directory, as well as that of the arch-duke Charles, which is deserving of attention. Enclosed is an extract of a private letter from Switzerland, dated May 26: "The good understanding between France and Switzerland begins to be re-established, and we learn that no camp of Swiss troops will be formed near Basle. The cantons of Fribourg and Soleure have ordered all the French emigrants to withdraw from their territories, and have acknowledged Barthelemi as ambassador of the French Republic."

#### LONDON, June 6-7.

Yesterday an account was received at the Admiralty from Cadiz, containing advice that Admiral Mann, having taken on board four months provisions and water at Gibraltar, had refused his station before the Spanish port, that Admiral Rishery, with his squadron, was ready to put to sea; and a Spanish Squadron was likewise ready to sail, at the same time. Admiral Mann, apprized of this circumstance, had sent a message to the Spanish Admiral, that it was his intention, at all events, to attack the French ships, the moment they should get clear of the neutral port; and that if they were at all assisted by the Spaniards, they must answer for the consequences.

A letter from Leghorn, of the 6th ult. states, that Sir Gilbert Elliot had caused the Corsican insurgents, to the number of 4000, to be attacked with great vigour; and that a considerable body of them having been taken by surprise, in the vicinity of Ajaccio, a desperate action ensued, in which the rebels were defeated with great loss, and a number of prisoners made, who are to be immediately tried as traitors.

Saturday two of the rioters at the Huttings, Covent Garden, who had been for several days noticed amongst the most forward in menacing Admiral Gardner with clenched fists and opprobrious language, were taken before a Magistrate, and after a full examination, not being able to give a good account of themselves, and no creditable person appearing in their behalf, were ordered on board a King's ship; and it was recommended by the Magistrate to send them on board Admiral Gardner's flag ship.

That Mr. Horne Tooke in his daily addresses to the multitude surrounding the Huttings at Westminster, should attempt to poison the minds of the people, and by the most inflammatory speeches, excite them to acts of riot and disorder disgraceful to Englishmen, surprises no-body; but, that Mr. Fox can defend to follow so contemptible an example, is matter of astonishment to all, and to the respectable part of his friends, a subject of deep regret and mortification.

#### June 21.

A few nights since the Bristol and Birmingham mail coach arrived at the Hop-pole, in Tewkesbury, about twelve o'clock, with four inside passengers, consisting of three gentlemen and a lady, when one of the gentlemen and the lady getting out, left an old gouty gentleman and another passenger behind in the coach. Fresh horses being put to, the guard and coachman went into the house to take a little refreshment, when the horses set off full speed, and passing through the turnpike gate, which was open, went on for Gloucester, and passed along the various turnings with as great regularity as if the coachman had been on the box. After going almost eight miles, to the no small terror of the passengers, they met the other mail coach, the guard of which, observing that no coachman was on the box, he went on with the coach towards Bristol. One of the passengers, just before they met the other mail coach, was so much frightened that he jumped out, and was much hurt. The old gouty gentleman, being unable to follow him was obliged to stay behind, and was several times heard on the road, by different persons, crying out murder.

#### FOR SALE.

#### The Brig PUNCH,

An entire new vessel, built, finished and fitted in the best manner. One hundred and thirty-six tons burthen, and will sail remarkably fast. For terms apply to Mr. Sage, at the George tavern, or to JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co. August 26, 1796. \$10.

#### District of Pennsylvania: to wit:

BE it remembered, that on the 5th day of August, in the twentieth year of the independence of the United States of America, WILLIAM CORBETT, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following: to wit.

"The life and adventures of Peter Porcupine; with a full and fair account of all his authoring transactions; being a sure and infallible guide for all enterprising young men who wish to make a fortune by writing pamphlets, by Peter Porcupine himself."

"Now, you lying varlets, you shall see how a plain tale will put you down." SHAKESPEARE. in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "an act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books to the authors and proprietors, during the times therein mentioned." SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk of the District of Pennsylvania.

AUG. 8

#### WILLIAM HASSELLTON.

WAS committed to the goal of Dauphin county, on the 27th July last, a lad who calls himself WILLIAM HASSELLTON, aged about 13 years, and has red hair—says he was an indentured apprentice to one JAMES DEMETER, Weaver, now in Philadelphia, and has lived some time with Peter Egart, near New-Holland, Lancaster county; and further says, that his mother lives in Brandywine-hundred, near Newport. The master or owner of the said boy, is hereby notified to come and pay the charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged by the court of law. JOHN M'CHESNEY, Harrisburgh, August 22, 1796. 31 Jailor.

#### Philadelphia,

FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 26.

The President of the United States yesterday received the *Chevalier Martinez De Yrujo*, as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from his Catholic Majesty to the United States of America.

Extra<sup>d</sup> of a letter from a Respectable Merchant in London, to a House in this city.

"I do not regret the treatment of Mr. Jay's Treaty. It was not what it ought to have been, and might have been, as is generally believed here. The spirit of the Representatives will be a lesson to future treaty makers. One thing I cannot but express a degree of astonishment at, and that is the dread your papers were full of—a war in consequence of the rejection of the treaty. This country has more than enough of war already, and America will ever derive more justice from firmness, than by any expressions of fear."

#### REMARKS.

Nothing can be more absurd than to suppose that the heroes of the American Revolution were afraid of Great Britain. No, this was not the question with the statesmen, the patriots of our country.—War or negotiation were the alternative.—Not that Great Britain would declare war against the United States, but, that, unless she would consent to do us justice, we should unavoidably be compelled to declare war against Great Britain.

The "treatment of Mr. Jay's treaty" has been the means of increasing the public expenses of the United States enormously—and now—its opposers are trying to persuade the people, that they never intended to let it slide! Let the people beware of such *volunteers*, who are thus arraying themselves in sheep's skins.

With respect to the above letter, its authenticity may well be doubted when the composition is taken into view. It is however singular that certain persons who feel that their opposition to the treaty has rendered them odious to the independent and free citizens of the United States should seek for apologists among the *English*, whom they have been in the habit of abusing for two or three years past.

#### Extract from a New-Hampshire Paper.

France has been filled the "torrid zone of liberty"—in such a climate the growth of weeds must be luxuriant—and though our Jacobin naturalists are continually endeavouring to describe them as innocuous, we have abundant proof, that they are impregnated with the most deleterious qualities, and like the poison tree of Java, would, if not checked, spread death and desolation over the fairest country.

#### From Paris papers.—Translated for the AURORA.

#### PARIS, June 7.

**LIBERTY, EQUALITY, FRATERNITY.** Extra<sup>d</sup> from the Oration delivered by the President of the Popular Society of Milan, in the square of the Cathedral, the 17th May, 4th year of the French Republic, and first day of Lombardian Liberty.

#### TO THE PEOPLE.

#### Citizens,

THE French have broken the fetters which for so many centuries have weighed heavy on us; they have put to flight the cowardly satellites of the Austrian tyrant, and by the valour of a free people we also become free.

The emblems of liberty already wave in the air. This tree which we have just raised in the midst of plaudits and of the transports of joy of an immense concourse of people, announces to all our future regeneration.

#### Citizens,

By this festival, by these emblems, we declare that we are free; but shall we will to be free with sufficient energy? Shall we determine to imitate the generous people that has driven away our tyrants; and shall we be animated by the sacred fire of Liberty; shall we prefer death to submission to a new yoke? Yes, Lombards! Let us swear to live free or die.

Let us hasten, Lombards, to accomplish this great work; let us declare unanimously, that we will be free; let us shew ourselves worthy of being free, and we shall be so in reality. Let Religion and Liberty go hand in hand. Yes! Let Tyrants tremble at the sacred name of LIBERTY; and far from submitting to new chains, let the voracious Eagle return affrighted to his enslaved country.

(Signed)

CATTACEO, President.

D. MONTGAPPA, JOSEPH BARRELLI, Secretaries.

Liberty, Equality, Safety to Persons and Property.

"CITIZENS LOMBARDS,

Lombardy, *ci-devant* Austrian Lombardy, after having experienced during so many centuries the oppressive yoke of a number of usurpers, who have mauled it even to destroying the name of its ancient origin, has at last reverted into the hands of its original founders; this country has ceased to be the patrimony of crime and tyranny.

People of Lombardy! Let us rise; let us turn with joy and admiration our view towards those brave Frenchmen, the scourge of tyrants, and let us acknowledge in them our fathers and deliverers. They have not invaded with projects of avarice and ambition. They neither wish to subvert our religion, invade our property, nor endanger our safety; their efforts are solely against our natural enemy, whom we were obliged to call our sovereign, he who had so far debased us as to make us kiss the chain he imposed.

Let us awake, Citizens Lombards, the tyrant is here no more, he has fled. Let us not delay a moment the naming of a national representation to take out of the hands of the municipalities partisans of oligarchy, the deposit of the Austrian sceptre. Let us establish a government founded on the rights of man, which shall unite all classes into one family; a government founded upon the principles of liberty and equality; which shall be the hope and solace of the poor hitherto oppressed and debased; let us cause to be heard at last, throughout the

globe, that the Lombards have resolutely determined to make themselves a Country.

From the Popular Society of Milan.

#### FOR THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

#### MR. ENNO,

THE instances of individual heroism in the French armies are worthy of being recorded, and they do honor to the French Nation. There were however as striking and extraordinary traits of heroism and firmness discovered by the officers and soldiers of the American army during our revolutionary-war, as were ever exhibited on the theatre of the Globe. An Officer of Artillery told me, that in one action with the enemy, every one of his matrosses were either killed or wounded—and of those who survived, several were wounded in three and four different parts of the body early in the action, and yet continued at their post till it was ended. In another action a sergeant of Artillery continued at his gun, after receiving seven musket wounds from the shot of the enemy. Yours CHRONUS.

#### GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

#### PHILADELPHIA, August 26.

#### Arrivals at Boston—August 19.

Schooner Two Friends, Capt. Cole, 25 days from Guadaloupe. Left there, Capt. Smith and Capt. Higgins of this port, Capt. Lunt in a schooner from Newburyport, and Capt. Horn in a brig from do.

#### Vessels at St. Pierre (Mart.) July 22.

Brig Kimbley, Newhaven; Eliza, do. Kibby, Peggy, Philadelphia; Aurora, Plymouth; schooners, Trial, Ropes, Salem; Sukey and Betsey, Ingersoll, do. Hope, Barker, Ipswich; brig Three Friends, Gloucester; schooners, Sukey, Newburyport; Union, Goodhue, do. brig Ruby, do. schooners, Charlotte, Freeman, Portland; Henry, Green, Bolton; Betsey and Nancy, Cunningham, do.

Vessels at St. Croix, July 28th, in addition to the above-mentioned vessels.

Brig Hammet, Sally, Baltimore; schooners, Bolton; Washington, Cooke, do. and a number of others, names unknown.

#### Vessels at St. Thomas, July 31.

Brig Betsey, Twonbley, Portsmouth; schooner Speedwell, do. sloop Lavinia, New-London, with a number of southern vessels.

June 29, was spoke brig Joseph, Capt. Babcock, from Charleston, bound to the coast of Guinea, 20 days out, lat. 38, 0, long. 39, 0.

#### August 20.

Arrived schooner Rainbow, Capt. Freeman, 15 days from St. Croix. Spoke, August 17, ship Dispatch, from this port, bound to the N. W. coast, out 5 days.

Sloop Defence, Capt. Carver, 17 days from Marygalante. Left there Capt. Rich, of Bolton.

#### August 21.

Arrived brig Active, Capt. Snow, 57 days from Bourdeaux, failed in company with the brig Mary, Capt. Chear, of Charlestown. Left there ship Polly, Colwell, to sail in 5 or 6 days. Spoke brig, from Kennebunk, bound to Liverpool, 11 days out.

#### New-York, August 25.

Captain Barnes, of the schooner Ruby, left at Grenada, 31st July, the following vessels—Ship Lydia, of Bolton, William Chipman, master, belonging to Benjamin Gray, and brig Sea Nymph, of Philadelphia, George Hally, master—both captured by the Thomas, of Dominico, William Bosworth, master.

Brig Morning Star, Perkins, master, for Kennebunk; to sail in three days.

Brig Sally, Apton, of Salem; to sail soon. Brig Nancy, of Norwich; vessel and cargo condemned and sold, for carrying on a trade in time of war, in a manner not allowed in time of peace.

Brig Gayolo, Capt. J. Prince, of Philadelphia, from Cayenne, Surinam and Demarara, bound to Trinidad, for a market, with his outward bound cargo on board, was taken by a British ship of war, and carried into Grenada.

On the 8th of August spoke the brig Two Sisters, of Baltimore, at the entrance of the harbor of St. Thomas, from Berbice, having put in there in distress, on account of his crew being sick.

#### TRIBUTE OF GRATITUDE.

ON the 31st January, 1796, at half past 7 o'clock in the evening, the American brig Friendship, Capt. Alcoug, in a violent gale, stranded on entering the port of Lisbon. The vessel soon filled with water—in this situation we remained until 2 o'clock the next day. The officer commanding the round Castle, so called, had the goodness to exhibit torch lights the whole night. In the morning at sun-rise he alarmed the Bellum Castle and the city by firing signal guns. The Sea at this time was so boisterous that no one could be prevailed on to attempt relieving us. Boats at length were manned and sent out by public authority, with orders not to return without effecting our relief, under pain of death—notwithstanding this, the boats after having proceeded, were observed to turn and row towards shore, on which several cannon loaded with ball were fired at them. They then redoubled their exertions, and at length reached the brig and took us out—we had then been up to our armpits in water for many hours. We were carried to Lisbon, deliverte of every thing but the cloaths on our backs, thoroughly drenched. As soon as we landed we were most humanely received by Mr. Jacob Dohrman, merchant of that city, who placed us in comfortable lodgings, and the day following furnished us with cloathing. The benevolent, humane and polite conduct of the Portuguese officers, and the friendly attention of Mr. Dohrman experienced by us on this trying and critical occasion could not be exceeded, and demand a more grateful acknowledgement than we are able to express.

AMOS WINDSHIP, for himself, Capt. ASCOUGH, and people on board. Philadelphia, August 25.

Arrived at this port.	days.
Brig Fair American, Richards,	Jeremie 18
Pragers, Watton,	St. Croix 14
Active, Bennet,	St. Bartholomews 13
Sloop Mary, Aletta, Masters,	do. 17
Lark, Burrows,	St. Bartholomews 13
Lawra, Bunker,	New-York 4
Schr. Liberty, Connor,	Baltimore 8
Rambler, White,	North-Carolina 5

A letter dated Grenada, July 30, informs that 12 fail of American vessels, chiefly from Surinam were taken by the Zebra sloop of war and carried in there.

Ship Thomas, capt. Holland from this port is arrived at Cork.

The schooner Boston, Clark from Cape Francois is arrived at the Fort.

Ship Star, Vanneman, from New castle (on Tyne) is below.

Next week will be submitted to public inspection,

#### The PROSPECTUS

Of a New Periodical Work entitled *The United States Magazine*, And Repository of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge;

Which will be conducted on a new, liberal, and interesting plan—each number containing besides the usual quantity of letter press, two neat engravings, and a favourite song set to music.—Price only one fourth of a dollar; the publication to commence on the 1st of February 1797, and continued monthly.

August 26.

Prime St. Croix Sugar & Rum, Landing at Cliffords Wharf, from on board the brig Pragers, Capt. Thomas Watton—And For Sale by

Pragers & Co.

August 26. doct.

#### 70,000 Pieces Nankeens,

Of the best quality and reasonable terms,

FOR SALE BY

Philip Nicklin & Co.

August 26. dtf

#### No. 139.

#### District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth Day of July in the twenty first Year of the Independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said District hath deposited in this Office the Title of a Book the Right whereof he claims as Proprietor in the words following to wit

"Selectæ e veteri Testamento Historiæ or select Passages from the old Testament. To which is added an alphabetical Vocabulary or Dictionary of the words contained in this Book wherein the Primitives of compound and derivative words are minutely traced and the Irregularities of anomalous Nouns and Verbs are particularly mentioned.—For the use of those who are entering on the Study of the Greek and Latin Languages.

"Quo citius, quo facilius, eo melius

"By James Hardie A. M. Teacher of the Greek and Latin Languages"

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning by securing the Copies of Maps Charts and Books to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

#### No. 140.

#### District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the 19th day of July in the twenty-first year of the Independence of the United States of America, Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

"Unitarianism explained and defended in a discourse delivered in the church of the Universalists at Philadelphia 1796. By Joseph Priestley, L. L. D. F. R. S. &c.

"That they might know thee the only true God and Jesus Christ whom thou hast sent. John XVII. 3.

"To us there is but one God the Father of whom are all things. 1 Cor. VIII. 6.

"By evil report and good report, as deceivers and yet true. 2 Cor. VI. 8.

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

#### No. 141.

#### District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the 19th day of July in the twenty-first year of the independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

"Discourses relating to the evidences of revealed religion delivered in the church of the Universalists at Philadelphia 1796 and published at the request of many of the hearers. By Joseph Priestley L. L. D. F. R. S. &c. &c.

"Be ready always to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you.

"1 Pet III. 15."

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

#### No. 142.

#### District of Pennsylvania to wit

BE it remembered that on the nineteenth day of July in the twenty-first year of the Independence of the United States of America Thomas Dobson of the said district hath deposited in this office the title of a Book the right whereof he claims as proprietor in the words following to wit

"Considerations on the doctrine of Phlogiston and the decomposition of Water.—By Joseph Priestley, L. L. D. F. R. S. &c. &c.

"Qualem commendes etiam atque etiam aspicere."

"Horace."

in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States intitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of Maps Charts and Books to the authors and proprietors of such Copies during the times therein mentioned"

Samuel Caldwell, Clk. Dist. Pennsylv.

#### For Charter

#### TO THE WEST-INDIES,

#### The SNOW HOPE,

Capt. Rindge, now ready for a cargo, will carry 2000 barrels. If not engaged in five days, will take freight for Boston and Portland.

For terms apply to

Samuel Breck, jun.

Ross's Wharf.

Where may be had, A quantity of Boston Duck, Nos. 1 & 2. Aug. 26. dtf