

Philadelphia, March, 1794.
JUST PUBLISHED,
 BY **MATHEW CAREY,**
 No. 118, Market Street,
THE FIRST VOLUME OF A NEW
SYSTEM OF
Modern Geography:
 OR, A
Geographical, Historical, and
Commercial Grammar;
 And present state of the several
NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

- CONTAINING,
1. The figures, motions, and distances of the planets, according to the Newtonian system and the latest observations.
 2. A general view of the earth, considered as a planet; with several useful geographical definitions and problems.
 3. The grand divisions of the globe into land and water, continents and islands.
 4. The situation and extent of empires, kingdoms, states, provinces and colonies.
 5. Their climates, air, soil, vegetables, productions, metals, minerals, natural curiosities, seas, rivers, bays, capes, promontories, and lakes.
 6. The birds and beasts peculiar to each country.
 7. Observations on the changes that have been any where observed upon the face of nature since the most early periods of history.
 8. The history and origin of nations; their forms of government, religion, laws, revenues, taxes, naval and military strength.
 9. The genius, manners, customs, and habits of the people.
 10. Their language, learning, arts, sciences, manufactures, and commerce.
 11. The chief cities, structures, ruins, and artificial curiosities.
 12. The longitude, latitude, bearings, and distances of principal places from Philadelphia.

To which are added,
 1. A **GEOGRAPHICAL INDEX**, with the names and places alphabetically arranged.
 2. A **TABLE OF THE COINS** of all nations, and their value in dollars and cents.
 3. A **CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE** of remarkable events, from the creation to the present time.

By **WILLIAM GUTHRIE, Esq.**
 The Astronomical Part corrected by
DR. RITTENHOUSE.
 To which have been added,
 The late **DISCOVERIES OF DR. HERSCHELL,**
 and other eminent **ASTRONOMERS.**

THE FIRST AMERICAN EDITION,
 Corrected, improved, and greatly enlarged.
 The first volume contains twenty-one Maps and Charts, besides two Astronomical Plates.

1. Map of the world.
2. Chart of the world
3. Europe.
4. Asia.
5. Africa.
6. South America.
7. Cook's discoveries.
8. Countries round the north Pole.
9. Sweden, Denmark, and Norway.
10. Seven United Provinces.
11. Austrian, French and Dutch Netherlands.
12. Germany.
13. Seat of war in France.
14. France divided into departments.
15. Switzerland.
16. Italy, Sicily, and Sardinia.
17. Spain and Portugal.
18. Turkey in Europe and Hungary.
19. Ireland.
20. West-Indies.
21. Vermont.
22. Armillary sphere.
23. Copernican system.

- With the second volume, which is now in the press, will be given the following Maps:
1. Russia in Europe and Asia.
 2. Scotland.
 3. England and Wales.
 4. Poland.
 5. China.
 6. Hindostan.
 7. United States.
 8. British America.
 9. State of New-Hampshire.
 10. State of Massachusetts.
 11. State of Connecticut.
 12. State of Rhode Island.
 13. State of New-York.
 14. State of New-Jersey.
 15. State of Pennsylvania.
 16. State of Delaware.
 17. State of Maryland.
 18. State of Virginia.
 19. State of Kentucky.
 20. State of North-Carolina.
 21. Tennessee Government.
 22. State of South-Carolina.
 23. State of Georgia.

TERMS.
 1. This work will be comprised in two volumes.
 2. Subscribers pay for the present volume on delivery, six dollars, and the price of binding, (50 cents for boards.)
 3. They may receive the succeeding volume in twenty-four weekly numbers, at a quarter dollar each, or else, when finished, at the same price as the first.
 4. The subscription will be raised on the first day of June 1794, to fourteen dollars, exclusive of binding.
 5. Should any copies remain for sale after the completion of the work, they will be sold at sixteen dollars, and the price of binding.
 6. The names of the subscribers will be published as patrons of American literature, arts, and sciences.

It is wholly unnecessary to expatiate on the advantage, to American readers, that this edition possesses, over every imported edition of any system of Geography extant. The addition of maps of the several states, procured at a very great expense, and from the best materials that are attainable, speaks such full conviction on this subject, that it would be disrespectful to the reader's understanding to suppose it requisite to enter into a detail of arguments to prove its superiority. In no similar work have such maps been ever introduced.

The emendations and additions which are made in this work, are innumerable, and occur in every page. The public are referred to the preface for a slight sketch of a few of them.

The publisher takes the present opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to those respectable characters who have favored him with documents for improving the maps of several of the states. He requests a continuance of their kindness; and hopes that such public spirited citizens, as are possessed of similar documents, will favor him with their assistance in perfecting his undertaking.

The extraordinary encouragement with which he has been favored, has excited in his breast the warmest sentiments of gratitude—sentiments which time will not efface. He pledges himself to the citizens of the United States, to spare neither pains nor expense to render the present edition of Guthrie's Geography improved, deserving of their patronage.

Just Published,
 In one handsome volume, 12mo. Price 5s
 AND FOR SALE BY
JOHN ORMROD,
 At Franklin's Head, No. 41, Chestnut Street.

AN ESSAY ON THE
Natural Equality of Men,
 On the Rights that result from it, and on the Duties which it imposes.

To which a **MEDAL** was adjudged, by the Teylerian Society at Haarlem.
 Corrected and Enlarged.
 By **WILLIAM LAWRENCE BROWN,**
 D. D.

Professor of Moral Philosophy, and the Law of Nature, and of Ecclesiastical History; and Minister of the English Church at Utrecht.
 Aliquid semper ad communem utilitatem asserendum. **CICERO.**

The First American Edition.
 THE grand principle of Equality, if rightly understood, is the only basis on which universal justice, sacred order, and perfect freedom, can be firmly built, and permanently secured. The view of it exhibited in this essay, at the same time that it represses the insolence of office, the tyranny of pride, and the outrages of oppression; confirms, in the most forcible manner, the necessity of subordination, and the just demands of lawful authority. So far indeed, from loosening the bands of society, that it maintains inviolate every natural and every civil distinction, draws more closely every social tie, unites in one harmonious and justly proportioned system, and brings men together on the even ground of the inherent rights of human nature, of reciprocal obligation, and of a common relation to the community.

March 18. tutf

ESSENCE
For the Tooth-Ache,
 Prepared and sold by **DR. LEE, Golden-Square, London.**
 THE public is offered one of the most efficacious and safe medicines, that ever appeared, for that most excruciating pain, the Tooth-Ache—the numerous instances of its happy effects, in relieving the afflicted, have now brought it into universal estimation; it not only relieves the tooth-ache, but is of the utmost service in curing the SCURVY in the Gums, in preventing the disagreeable smell that is produced from unsound teeth, & will occasion a sweet breath; it likewise prevents the teeth from decaying, and will be found a general preserver of the TEETH and GUMS Sold in Philadelphia only at
Poyntell's Stationary Store,
 No. 21, Second Street.
 April 24. tutf&sgw

JUST PUBLISHED,
 AND TO BE SOLD BY
THOMAS DOBSON,
 No. 41, South Second Street,
 Extract of a letter from a gentleman in America to a friend in England, on the Subject of Emigration—price 1-8th of a dollar.

Ecclesiastical Establishments detrimental to a State.
 Price 1-8 of a Dollar.
 April 22. mw&fgw

The Ground Plan
 OF THE
City and Suburbs
 OF
PHILADELPHIA.
 TAKEN FROM ACTUAL SURVEY.

IT is with pleasure that the publisher has to inform his subscribers and the public in general, that the plate is now under the hands of the engraver, and in greater forwardness than was at first contemplated. At the same time he begs leave to remind them, that subscription papers are still open at most of the noted book-shops in the city; and that he hopes from the whole of them to be enabled to form such a respectable catalogue of names, as will do a credit to the work, as well as afford a reasonable encouragement to the undertaker. Those who are desirous of further information are requested to call on
Benjamin Davies,
 No. 68, Market Street.
 April 14. m&tht

The Public are cautioned to
 beware of counterfeit Five Dollar Bills of the Bank of the United States, and Twenty Dollar Bills of the Bank of North America, several of which have appeared in circulation within a few days past; they are a good general imitation of the genuine Bills, but may be distinguished by the following

M A R K S.
 Five Dollar Bills of the Bank of the United States.

ALL that have appeared have the letter F. for their Alphabetical Mark.
 The Texture of the Paper is thicker and whiter and it takes the ink more freely than the genuine paper.

The O. in the word Company is smaller than the M. and other letters of that word, so that a line extended from the top of the O, to touch the top of the M would extend considerably above the range of the whole word.

In the word United the letters are narrower and closer together than the rest of the bill. The i and f in the word promise are not parallel, the f inclining much more forward than the i.

The engraving is badly executed, the strokes of all the letters are stronger and the device in the margin particularly is much coarser and appears darker than in the true bills. Some of the counterfeits bear date in 1791—Whereas the Bank was not in operation till December, and no five dollar bills were issued in that year.

Twenty Dollar Bills of the Bank of North America.
 ALL that have appeared have the letter B. for their alphabetical mark.

They are printed on a paper nearly similar to that of the counterfeit Five Dollar Notes above described; the engraving is better executed, and they approach nearer to the appearance of the genuine bills.

The fine ruled lines through the word Twenty, in the body of the bill, are in number thirteen in the genuine bills, and but twelve in the counterfeits.

The word Company is much like the same word in the Five Dollar Bills as described above, the o being less than the m, and others following.

There is no stroke to the t in the word North whereas in the genuine bills the stroke is well defined.

The letters ent in the word Twenty, to the left hand at the bottom, do not come down to the line, but are so cut as to give an irregular appearance to the word, the Tw and the y going below them.

The signature J. Nixon, has the appearance of being written with lamb-black and oil, and differs from other inks used in printing the bills and the cashier's signature.

It is supposed these forgeries were committed in some of the Southern States, as all the counterfeits that have appeared, have come from thence, and two persons have been apprehended in Virginia, on suspicion of being the author of them.

The reward of **ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS** will be paid to any Person or Persons who shall discover and prosecute to conviction the several offenders of the following descriptions or any of them, viz.

The person or persons, who manufactured the paper on which the Bills are printed.
 The person or persons, who engraved the plates.
 The printer or printers, of the bills.

Every person who has acted as a principal in any other way, in the counterfeiting and uttering the said bills.
 Philadelphia, March 28, 1794.
 April 22, 1794.

Other counterfeit bills
 of the Bank of the United States have appeared in circulation.

The denomination is of **TWENTY DOLLARS**, and the alphabetical mark is the letter B.

They may be distinguished from the genuine by the following **MARKS:**
 The paper of the counterfeits is of a more tender texture and glossier surface than the genuine, and there is no water mark in them.

The letter C. in the word Cashier, in the true bills is strongly marked, whereas in the counterfeits, the whole letter is a fine hair stroke, evidently in an unfinished state. The letter a in the word demand, is badly formed and the whole word ill done, and there is no comma at the end of it, as there is in the genuine bills.

The marginal device, is much darker in the false, than in the genuine bills owing to the shade strokes being coarser, much nearer together, and consequently much more numerous. This difference strikes the eye at first view.

The same reward of **ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS**, will be paid for apprehending, & prosecuting to conviction the several above described offenders in respect to this, as to the last described bills.

THOMAS WILLING, President of the Bank United States.
JOHN NIXON, President of the Bank of North America.
 By order of the Committees of the Respective Boards.

TO BE SOLD,
A large elegant House,
 and Lot of Ground,

In an eligible situation, also a Country Seat within 6 miles of the City, with 9 acres of land, or 42 acres of land and meadow, the out is not exceeded by many in the vicinity of the city, in size, or convenience.

For particulars apply to the printer.
 m&tht

Just Imported,
 In the Ship *Abigail*, Captain Horton, from St Peterburgh in Russia, and now landing at Russell's wharfs,
 HEMP,
 BAR IRON,
 RUSSIA SHEETINGS,
 RAVENS DUCK,
 RUSSIA DUCK,
 And for sale at the stores of the subscriber in Walnut street, No. 22.
John Donaldson.
 April 4. jdw&wt

Treasury Department,
 Revenue Office, April 19, 1794.

NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be received at the office of the Commissioner of the Revenue until the first of May next inclusively, for the supply of all Rations, which may be required during the current year, at the city of Philadelphia, for the recruiting service.

The rations to be furnished are to consist of the following articles, viz

- One pound of bread or flour,
 - One pound of beef, or 3/4 of a pound pork
 - Half a gill of rum, brandy or whisky
 - One quart of salt,
 - Two quarts vinegar
 - Two pounds soap
 - One pound candles
- Per 100 rations
 April 21. mw&sgw

Stock Brokers Office,
 No. 16, Wall-Street, New-York

THE Subscriber intending to confine himself entirely to the PURCHASE & SALE OF STOCKS ON COMMISSION, begs leave to offer his services to his friends and others, in the line of a Stock Broker. Those who may please to favor him with their business, may depend upon having it transacted with the utmost fidelity and dispatch.

Orders from Philadelphia, Boston, or any other part of the United States, will be strictly attended to.
LEONARD BLEECKER.
 m&tht

Just Published,
 AND TO BE SOLD BY
THOMAS DOBSON,
 At the Stone house, No. 41, South Second Street,

Historical Collections:
 CONSISTING OF
STATE PAPERS,

And other authentic Documents, intended as materials for an History of the United States of America.

By **EBENEZER HAZARD, A. M.**
 In two large quarto volumes, price ten dollars in boards.

Subscribers will be furnished with the 2d volume on paying three dollars and a quarter—having paid five dollars and a quarter on receiving the first.

This second volume comprehends, among other interesting particulars, a complete copy of the Records of the United Colonies of N. England, in which the conduct of the commissioners respecting the general concerns of the colonies—the neighbouring Indians—and the Dutch at *Manhattans* (now New York) is particularly detailed.

* * * Materials are collected sufficient to form a **THIRD VOLUME**. The time of publishing will depend on the encouragement to be derived from subscriptions which will be received by Thomas Dobson, Philadelphia; Jere. Libbey, Portsmouth, New Hampshire; Thomas & Andrews, & Dav. West, Boston; Isaac Thomas, Worcester; Isaac Beers, New-Haven; Timothy Green, New London; Jacob Richardson, Newport; John Carter, Providence; Hugh Gaite, Thomas Allen, and Samuel Campbell, New York; Fredrick Craig, Wilmington, Delaware; James Rice, Baltimore; Mr. Lindsey, Norfolk; David Henderson, Fredericksburg; John Grammar Petersburg; Augustine Davis, Richmond; F. X. Martin, Newbern, N. C. John Bradley, Wilmington; and William Price Young, Charleston.

April 4. mw&fgw

Treasury Department,
 Revenue Office, April 16th, 1794.

Communications by post or otherwise, will be received by way of information at the Office of the Commissioner of the Revenue from persons willing to supply Cannon, Cannon Ball, and Shells, for the fortifications and Ships of War. The fitness of the metal for cannon, and the capacity of the founders in smelting, in preparing and mixing the metal, and in casting and boring the cannon (which are to be cast solidly) will require to be particularly stated.

Similar communications will also be received from any persons willing to supply live oak and red cedar timber for the construction of the ships of war. Different plans of procuring and supplying the same may be proposed. The convenience of the situation in regard to navigation, and the state of the timber whether already fallen or hereafter to be cut, will require to be noticed.

All the necessary particulars in regard to the several articles which are wanted, will be specified in contracts intended to be grounded in part on the information, which is hereby sought.

April 17. tutf&sgw

PHILADELPHIA:
 PRINTED BY **JOHN FENNO,** No 3
 South Fourth-Street.