

bring it to the Senate for the signature of the Vice-President.—And he withdrew.

The Vice-President signed the last mentioned enrolled resolution, and it was delivered to the committee on enrolled bills to be laid before the President of the United States for his approbation.

The Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Thursday, March 20th, 1794.

The bill to authorize the President of the United States in certain cases, to alter the place for holding a session of Congress, was read the second time.

Ordered, That this bill be referred to Mr. Livermore, Mr. Gunn and Mr. Ellsworth to consider and report thereon to the Senate.

The bill for the remission of the duties on certain distilled spirits destroyed by fire, was read the second time.

Ordered, That the rule be dispensed with, and that this bill be now read the third time.

Resolved, That this bill pass, that it be engrossed, and that the title thereof be, "an act for the remission of the duties on certain distilled spirits destroyed by fire."

Ordered, That the Secretary desire the concurrence of the House of Representatives in this bill.

Mr. Cabot from the committee to whom was referred the bill, entitled "an act limiting the time for presenting claims for destroyed certificates of certain descriptions," reported amendments.

Ordered, That they be printed for the use of the Senate.

Mr. Vining reported from the committee on enrolled bills, that they did yesterday, lay the enrolled "Resolution authorizing the President of the United States to employ as dispatch boats, such of the revenue cutters as the public exigencies may require," before the President of the United States for his approbation.—Also, that they had examined the following enrolled bills to wit: The bill entitled "an act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety four"—The bill entitled "an act to prohibit the carrying on the slave trade from the United States, to any foreign place or country," and the bill entitled, "an act to provide a naval armament," and that they were duly enrolled.

A message from the House of Representatives by Mr. Beckley their Clerk:

"Mr. President—The President of the United States hath notified the House of Representatives, that he this day approved and signed, the following acts—to wit; "An act making further provision for the expences attending the intercourse of the United States with foreign nations; and further to continue in force the act, entitled, "An act providing the means of intercourse between the United States and foreign nations"—"An act authorizing a loan of one million of dollars"—"An act to provide for the defence of certain ports and harbours in the United States" and "The Resolution authorizing the President of the United States to employ as dispatch boats, such of the revenue cutters as the public exigencies may require."

"The Speaker of the House of Representatives having signed three enrolled bills, I am directed to bring them to the Senate for the signature of the Vice President." And he withdrew.

"The Vice-President signed the enrolled bill, entitled "an act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety four"—The enrolled bill entitled "an act to prohibit the carrying on the slave trade from the United States, to any foreign place or country"—And the enrolled bill, entitled, "an act to provide a naval armament" and they were delivered to the committee, to be laid before the President of the United States for his approbation.

Mr. Gunn from the committee to whom was referred the bill entitled "an act to provide for erecting and repairing of arsenals and magazines, and for other purposes," reported amendments, which were adopted.

Ordered, That this bill pass to the third reading.

The Senate adjourned to 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Eastern mail is not arrived.

A M E R I C A.

CHRISTIANSTED, (in St. Croix,) March 8.

A gentleman who left Dominique on Wednesday forenoon last, and arrived here on Thursday evening, informs us that the English had not opened their batteries on Fort Bourbon, until the 4th instant, during which time, there was a very constant and brisk cannonade, which he could distinctly hear at Roseau.

The loss of a sloop, loaded with warlike stores, from Dominique, was the cause of this delay. The greatest part of the stores was saved.

This gentleman also informs us that 68 American vessels have been lately condemned in that Island by a Court of Admiralty.

UNITED STATES.

CHARLESTON, March 19.

MONDAY night a riot took place at the Theatre, which had nearly produced some very serious consequences. Two or three Frenchmen, belonging to the privateers of their nation now in the harbor, having treated some ladies in the boxes with much rudeness and indecency, were very properly and deservedly turned out of the house. In consequence of this measure, they went down to the bay, where they reported that one of their countrymen had been murdered. They shortly after returned with a considerable number of sailors, headed by the Captain of the Lafcarzas, and accompanied by a well known resident of this city. They were all armed with cutlasses and other offensive weapons. The evening's entertainment being just over at this time, they indiscriminately attacked the persons who were coming out of the Theatre, several of whom were wounded. Not content with these heroic feats, they proceeded to demolish some carriages, cutting the traces, and wounding the horses. The alarm bell being rung, a great many of the inhabitants, who had retired to rest, left their beds, and repaired to the scene of action. Parties from the several military corps were sent out, and with some difficulty the riot was quelled. Fourteen of the ringleaders were secured, and lodged in the guard-house, some of them being much hurt before they submitted, and three others were paroled.

They remained under a strong guard. Among the prisoners is the lieutenant of the Lafcarzas, who is said to be wounded. The captain was paroled, and a guard appointed to escort him to his lodging to prevent any injury being offered to his person.

The police will now give the inhabitants an opportunity of judging whether they are to expect protection to their persons or whether they are to be insulted, abused, and their lives endangered with impunity.

It may be some consolation to reflect, that the violent outrage above related, did not originate with any of our fellow-citizens. At the same time, however, it is a mortifying consideration, that a want of energy in the execution of our laws, or an unjustifiable partiality to any particular description of people, should subject the peaceable inhabitants of this city to the insults of ruffians, who are permitted to parade the streets at pleasure, armed and ready for mischief.

Yesterday a Special Court of Wardens was held in the City-Hall, for the trial of the Rioters. There were fifteen in all—After examining a number of witnesses, the court sentenced ten of them to a fine of twenty shillings each, for being on the shore at an improper time; three are to remain in custody till they can give bail for their appearance at the next Court of General Sessions, to take their trial for a Riot, and two were acquitted.

The Captain and Lieutenant of the Lafcarzas, together with one Therie, said to be a resident in Charleston, gave bail, and are to be tried next general sessions as leaders in the riot.

PHILADELPHIA,

APRIL 2.

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, 3d February.

"All the American vessels, now here, will soon be sailing under the protection of a convoy, which is to be granted by government. Our Squadron, it is believed, will again take their station in the Straights, as the truce will not be ratified."

The writer of this letter speaks favorably with regard to the success of the French armies in every quarter.

Extract of a letter dated St. Eustacia, March 11th, 1794.

"We expect shortly to be on a certainty here with respect to the trade carried on by neutral vessels, as late instructions to ships of

war and privateers, are much in favor of neutral property."

AT a meeting of the Trustees appointed to superintend the collection, management and distribution of the Fund contemplated to relieve and redeem those unfortunate citizens who, sailing on board of vessels belonging to the Port of Philadelphia, have been captured and enslaved by the Algerine or any other Piratical State; held at the City-Hall the 29th inst. The following Letter from David Rittenhouse, in answer to a letter advising him of his appointment as treasurer of the fund, was laid before the Board; it was ordered that the thanks of the Board be presented to David Rittenhouse, Esq. and that his letter be published.

"To Mr. Robert M'Kean, Secretary to the Board of Trustees.

SIR,
"Please to return my thanks to the Trustees for the honor they have done me, in appointing me Treasurer of the Fund for relieving our fellow-citizens who are prisoners at Algiers. I should not think my self justifiable in declining to accept that Trust, was it not for the very bad state of my health. But on that account I must beg the Trustees to appoint some other person in my stead, and likewise to accept of one hundred dollars, which I will cause to be paid to that Charitable Fund, whenever called upon.

I am Sir, most respectfully,
Your humble servant,
DAVID RITTENHOUSE."

On motion to appoint a Treasurer of the Fund, David Rittenhouse, Esq. thus declining to serve,

JOHN BARCLAY, Esq. was unanimously appointed—Whereupon,

Ordered, That the several Committees for Collection be respectfully requested to pay into his hands the several collections and donations they may receive, as early as convenient after their reception of them.

By order of the board,
ROBERT M'KEAN, Sec'y.

EXPORTS of PENNSYLVANIA.

	Dollars.
For one year, ending on the 30th Sept. 1792,	3,820,646
For one year, ending on the 30th Sept. 1793,	6,958,796
For one quarter of a year, from the 1st of Oct. 1793, to the 31st Dec. 1793, inclusively	1,740,689

By the foregoing statement it is established, that during and since the term of the malignant fever which was imported into Philadelphia in the last year, that port and the state of Pennsylvania enjoyed an unprecedented commercial and agricultural prosperity.

CONGRESS.

House of Representatives.

Tuesday, April 1.

A number of private petitions were read and committed.

Two petitions against the excise law were read—one from sundry persons in the Western part of Pennsylvania—the other from persons in the state of Maryland.

A bill was received from the Senate for concurrence, entitled an "Act granting relief to the widow and orphan children of Robert Forsyth," late Marshal of the District of Georgia.

The House then took into consideration the resolutions with the amendments of the committee of the whole, for placing the force of the United States in a more efficient state—and agreed to the same after striking out the proviso in the last, viz. "Provided, That no such measures be taken by the executive until war shall be actually commenced between the United States and some foreign European power."

A committee was then appointed to bring in a bill or bills, pursuant to the resolutions, for which, see Gazette of Saturday last.

In committee of the whole on the Post-Office bill—sundry amendments were agreed to—which were reported to the House, and laid on the table till to-morrow.

Adjourned.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.

Ship Aurora, Strong, Charleston
Sloop Sally, Hefs, Bermuda
Extract of a letter, from Captain Norrins, of the schooner Andrew, of Philadelphia, to his owner in this City, dated at Cape-Nichola-Mole, 12th March.
I have been captured by the British frigate, the Alligator, and sent in here—they have taken from me, 5962 dollars, and 186 Crowns. I had not sixpence worth of French property when I was captured.—I am ordered to Jamaica, in company with 4 other American Schooners.

gate, the Alligator, and sent in here—they have taken from me, 5962 dollars, and 186 Crowns. I had not sixpence worth of French property when I was captured.—I am ordered to Jamaica, in company with 4 other American Schooners.

The vessels mentioned in yesterday's Gazette, as arrivals, should have been noted as Clearances.—

The post office bill passed the House this day to be engrossed for a third reading.

The Gentlemen who have been appointed to procure Subscriptions for the Algerine Fund, are requested to meet at M'Shane's Tavern, at 7 o'clock to-morrow evening.
April 2.

PROPOSALS

For Printing by Subscription.

An Original Novel,
In Four Volumes, duodecimo,
Dedicated, by Permission, to Mrs. Bingham,
ENTITLED,
Trials of the Human Heart.

By Mrs. ROWSON,
Of the New Theatre, Philadelphia, Author of Victoria, Inquisitor, Charlotte, Fille de Chambre, &c. &c.

"If there's a pew'n above us,
(And that there is, all Nature cries aloud
Thro' all her works) he must delight in
"virtue,
"And that which he delights in, must be
"happy."

"The soul, secur'd in her existence, smiles
"At the drawn dagger, & defies its point"

CONDITIONS.

- I. The work to be printed with a neat type on good paper.
 - II. Price to subscribers four dollars bound, one half to be paid at the time of subscription.
 - III. The subscribers' names will be prefixed as patrons of the undertaking.
- Subscriptions are received by the Author, the corner of Seventh and Chestnut Streets, Messrs. Carey, Rice, and Dobson, Philadelphia—Mr. Green, Annapolis—Messrs. Allen, Berry, and S. Campbell, New York—Messrs. West, Thomas and Andrews, Blake, and Larkin, Boston—Mr. Hawell, Vermont—Messrs. Rice, and Edwards, Baltimore—Mr. W. P. Young, Charleston.
April 2. mw&t3w

The Profits arising from the following publication are for the benefit of the Poor.

Just published, printed by R. Aitken and Son, and sold by J. Cruikshank, W. Young T. Dobson, and the other Bookellers,

MINUTES

OF THE

Proceedings of the Committee,
Appointed on the 14th September 1793, by the Citizens of Philadelphia, the Northern Liberties, and the District of Southwark, to attend to and alleviate the sufferings of the afflicted with the Malignant Fever, prevalent, in the City and its vicinity.

WITH AN APPENDIX,

CONTAINING

A list of persons admitted into the Hospital at Bush-hill, shewing the times of their admission, death and discharge.

Number of Houses, Deaths, &c. in the respective streets, alleys, and courts in the city of Philadelphia, Northern Liberties, and District of Southwark.

A list of the Intements in the Burial grounds in the city of Philadelphia, Northern Liberties, and District of Southwark, with a meteorological account of the weather.

A summary of donations in cash and provisions, received from sundry persons and places, for the use of the poor and afflicted.
April 2. d3w

NEW THEATRE.

THIS EVENING,

April 2.

Will be performed,

A TRAGEDY, called the

Grecian Daughter.

With new Scenes designed and executed by Mr. Milbourne.

To which will be added,

A COMIC OPERA, in two acts, never performed here, called the

Son in Law.

- Written by the author of the Poor Soldier.
- | | |
|---|------------------|
| Cranky, | Mr. Finch |
| Bowkitt, | Mr. Francis |
| Bouquet, | Mr. Moreton |
| Vinegar, | Mr. Bates |
| Idle, | Mr. Harwood |
| Orator Munn, | Mr. Bliffett |
| Landlord, | Mr. Warrell |
| John, | Mr. Darley, jun. |
| Signior Arionelli, (the Italian Opera Singer) | [Mr. Marshall |
| Cecilia, | Mrs. Warrell |
| Dolce, | Miss Willems |